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The "New Deal" Proceeds At Snail's Pace In Palestine

By JULIAN L. MELTZER

(Star Staff Correspondent, Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

In the first of two articles, Mr. Melzer discusses some of the major problems that the Jewish Agency has encountered in Palestine in the "New Deal" and the personal direction of General Sir Arthur Wauchope, High Commissioner, is necessarily a slow process. Economic recovery in the rural areas, where the bulk of the population resides, has to contend with the neglect and indifference of centuries as well as with the effects of post-war depression touching this country.

Unlike America, the farm slump here is not a passing phase, generated by factors arising within the past few years. It has been a perpetual and age-old, inescapable condition, molded into a tradition, that requires fundamental study and remediation.

Oppressed by huge indebtedness, ridden by usurious money-lenders and having toiling out a miserable livelihood as tenant-farmers, depending upon the whims and caprices of the big estates, the Arab tenants have lived in this pastoral country in a squalid and wretched condition, of which only the shocking primitive housing, a less than semi-civilized standard of living, and an utter servitude to the agents of the estates. It will take generations before these medieval conditions are corrected.

Thus the "New Deal" that the present High Commissioner, benefiting from the experience of his predecessors, proposes to give the Arab peasantry?

General Wauchope has admitted frankly: on more than one occasion, after the alleviation of hardship in his primary concern as an administrator, and that this overlooks, although it does not exclude the interests of other activities, such as industrial and commercial development. The majority of the native farmers of Palestine is shackled to the wheat-growing cycle of crops, a thoroughly unenterprising type of agriculture. The old mule-drawn agriculture methods — reaping the soil with ox-drawn ploughs and reaping with hand scythes — have made any other kind of cultivation impossible in the past, and have robbed the earth of its goodness. At that, even modern machinery has not made grain cultivation more remunerative. The heavy soil of central and northern Palestine, rendered sterile by centuries of neglect, has, even now, any machine crops other than cereals.

To repair the havoc caused this country's agricultural system during a period of almost barbaric tillage, a radical overhaul rather than partial mitigation is needed — or the lack of it — has remained the prime problem of the Palestinian countryside. The provision of water supplies for drinking and irrigation purposes is a task of such magnitude, if it is to serve advantageously the entire country, that the brains of the administrator might well equal before it.

Today the quarter of a million pounds that are proposed for expenditure upon the settlement of "Jewish" Arabs out of the contemplated Palestine Loans of \$200,000, will only suffice some six hundred or, at the utmost, seven hundred families. There is the more pressing plight. There remains something like \$6000 or \$6000 present families the majority of whom may be said to need a thorough economic renaissance.

One of the main objects of British policy here nowadays is to bring about a betterment of the economic status of the Arab peasantry and thus help in the slow process of their rehabilitation. The function of lifting a large section of people

Second Maccabade Place and Time Set

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, Nov. 30.—Plans are under way here for the Second Maccabade, the Jewish Olympic Games, which will take place in the Holy Land in the Spring of 1935. The first games were held last Fall in Prague, Czechoslovakia, in the presence of Lord Melchett, honorary president of the World Maccabean organization. The plans were announced today.

Gymnastic and general sport competition will have their place on the program. Among the events already listed are the 100-meter, 200-meter, 400-meter, 800-meter, 1,500-meter and 5,000-meter races;

100- and 400-meter relay races; 110- and 400-meter hurdles; a ten-kilometer cross-country run; a three-kilometer relay; jumping events, high and broad; discus-throwing, weight and shot-putting, javelin and hammer throws.

Contests for women will include sprinting, hurdles, broad and high jumping, weight-putting, discus-throwing and javelin throwing.

The swimming events will be based on the Olympic swimming program. Bicycle races will be on the schedule as well as team and individual competition in tennis, fencing, boxing and wrestling in all weight classes.

A football tournament and a basketball tournament for women will be held in connection with the Maccabade.

Teams from twenty countries are expected to participate in the Maccabade.

Palestine Curfew Damps Social Life

TEL AVIV, Palestine, Nov. 15

"The social life of this city has been suffering of late on account of the rigid police enforcement of the curfew law. Between six P.M. and five A.M. no persons are permitted on the streets.

As a result, the frolicsome night life of the metropolis, bedridden conversations, and beach parties, which regularly are the life-blood of Tel Aviv's *vie de vivre*, have almost ceased. Violators of the curfew have been fined fifty cents or a dollar.

One housewife reported that during the long siege indoors she has been able to mend all her husband's socks, her own laundry, had read two deary novels and other volumes.

Jew, Arab Athletes To Compete in India

Palestine Maccabees Unit Invited to Send Team to Western Asiatic Olympics

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, Dec. 1.—An invitation to participate in the Western Asiatic Olympics at New Delhi, India, has been received by the Palestine Maccabee organization. The organization has also been invited to send a team to the Western Olympic at London. Both invitations will probably be accepted with the approval of the Jewish Agency.

The Maccabee organization, which has branches in many countries of the world, is a Jewish athletic association. It recently held a world Maccabade at Prague, Czechoslovakia, modeled after the Olympic Games, in which Maccabees from a score of countries contested against each other.

What the games are considered important as a sports competition much significance is attached to the invitation to the New Delhi Olympic since a number of important Arab sports associations will be represented there. The invitation of the Palestine Maccabees group to compete in the events there is thus likely to be an indication of the contribution of sports to international unity.

Palestine Citrus Exports

G.T.A. Special Correspondent

JAFFA, Palestine, Nov. 15.—A total of 41,000 cases of citrus fruits, comprising 5,312 cases of oranges, 27,000 cases of lemons, and 44 of tangerines, have been exported up to Nov. 5.

The export season opened in November a week ahead of last year's regulation date as a result of tests which were made and which revealed that oranges were more mature this season than they had been during the last few years.



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Activities of the American Jewish Woman In Social, Communal, Religious Aspects

Hadassah Launches Today Its \$200,000 Hospital Drive

A joint campaign of the Hadassah, Women's Zionist Organization of America, and the American Physicians' Committee, to raise \$200,000 for the Hadassah Hospital in Jerusalem, will be launched today. The institution, which is a modern clinical hospital in Palestine and a post-graduate medical research institute for the Hebrew University.

Mrs. Edward Jacobs of this city, who recently returned after a year's residence in Palestine; Mrs. Alexander Weiss, of New York, and Dr. Emanuel Libman, of the American Physicians' Committee, are joint chairmen of the campaign.

Sub-committees have been organized in all of the 250 Hadassah chapters throughout the country. The funds raised by this drive will be distinct from the Hadassah annual health work budget of \$420,000. The exact location of the hospital has not yet been determined. Whether the building will be erected in the city of Jerusalem, the Hebrew University, or in Jerusalem proper, is under consideration. The size for the hospital will be provided by the Jewish National Fund.

"When completed the Hadassah Hospital building will be a modern medical center in a similar capacity proportionately to that of the Rockefeller Institute in New York," said Dr. Libman. "It is hoped that outstanding German scientists, whom Hadassah is now placing in the various departments, will eventually be appointed as heads of departments in the hospital. The Hebrew University will control the academic aspects of the institution.

The new project represents the collaboration of the three organizations in the field of public health in Palestine on the part of Hadassah. In the past, the Hadassah has been able through the cooperation of community organizations, to transfer gradually some of its health work to the community itself, thus releasing funds and activities for expanding preventive medical work. The Hadassah University Hospital will be a high point in the emphasis on prevention and health education. It will also be the apex of the systematic advancement of the part of the major features in the development of modern Palestine—health and education."

National Council Publication Magazine

The latest copy of the current issue of "News Letter," published by the National Council of Jewish Women, was circulated among members throughout the nation this week from headquarters of the organization, January 1 to 19.

In a leading editorial entitled "A Greeting from the President" over the signature of Mrs. Percy Brier, the magazine sets forth its cooperation in fighting the "world depression and the major tragedy in the life of the American people."

Mrs. Brier writes: "We are living in the shadow of the great tragedy that is taking place in Germany. Again equality before the law, and fundamental human rights are being violated. We will thought of meeting in recent years as a tree whose fruit and shade might be a blessing to our children's children; now we are threatened at our very roots again. It has been a great shock to our generation but the fear-mongering and propaganda will be felt even more by generations that will follow."

Announcements are made on another page of News Letter that the ninth annual conference of the N.C.J.W. will be held in Washington, January 10 to 19.

The organization is cooperating with the American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee in relief work in Germany.

Under the title of "Appointments," the News Letter enumerates meetings which have been working on organizations outside of the sphere of the N.C.J.W. They include Mrs. Sydney M. Cone, first vice-president

R.D.B. Comes Home To Be Greeted By Old Friends and Relatives

Editor Reviews Scenes of Boyhood Days in and Around Milwaukee

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 1.—A reunion with relatives and old friends of his boyhood days was enjoyed here by Ralph D. Blumenthal, famed Milwaukee (A.P.) Federation of Jewish Daily Bulletin, on his arrival to lecture at the Grand Avenue Congregational church.

Scenes of his youth in Milwaukee and nearby were recalled by R.D.B. and recollections were held for him by old friends. Several old-time newspaper operators, colleagues of Blumenthal in his youth, were at the station to greet him when he stepped off the train.

Among the relatives who welcomed him were: A. A. Sallman, vice president of the Milwaukee high school here, in which his father, David Blumenthal, was a widely-known editor; Mrs. Blumenthal, his mother; and several aunts, nephews and grand-nephews.

Blumenthal was here and in interviews. Mr. Blumenthal declared that "Germany has run amok under its own leadership and that it is, if present, will lead to the destruction and to the ruin of civilization."

"Fascist Germany has no friend left," he said. "Mr. Blumenthal also urged collaboration between Great Britain and the United States to preserve the peace of the world."

He is to be given on Tuesday afternoon, January 16, at the Hotel Windsor a reception by the Jewish community. Mr. Sallman.

All the Brooklyn sections, under the auspices of the Jewish Education Society, will hold a tea at the Hotel St. George on Tuesday, January 16, for the benefit of the Jewish Scholarship Fund.

Tuesday afternoon the North Queens Division of Jewish will meet at the Queensboro Chamber of Commerce. They will speak in afternoon in Palestine. Rabbi Jacob Grossman of the Temple Gates of Prayer of Flushing, will be the speaker. The Rev. Dr. Rabinowitz will sing a number of Palestinian songs.

Flushing Yeshiva Ladies

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Yeshiva of Flushing, Brooklyn, is proud of the efforts of its chairman, Mrs. M. Katz, and its committee, in making the annual theatre party at the Empire Theatre, November 24th, a success. "The School for Husband's," a very entertaining musical comedy, was especially enjoyed by the audience.

The Yeshiva is constantly adding friends and workers to its cause. This was indicated by the large attendance at their made made this evening an outstanding one. Prominent speakers will attend. The Yeshiva will give to the Infant Welfare Fund.

The Bedford Group will hold a Lincoln School, at the home of Mrs. J. D. Booth, 1138 President Street, on Thursday afternoon, Mrs. Chas. Winkler, 1138 President Street, in chairman of the arrangements.

The "Great Wise Men of Chelm" will be performed Tuesday night, December 3th, by the Bay Ridge Group of Hadassah.

Jewish News

Tomorrow afternoon the Eastern Parkway Division of Jewish will meet at the home of Mrs. Abraham Shapiro, 725 St. Marks Avenue, Brooklyn, when Mrs. Bert Danziger will read a report of "Yiddish Kabb" which will be followed with a musical program.

On the same afternoon, the West River, Bessanahurst and West Side Divisions will meet in executive session to discuss plans for a large tea

ENJOYS REUNION



RALPH D. BLUMENTHAL

THE HUMAN TOUCH

Spoken from the lips of a man who has seen the world, realistic without being harsh, understanding without being sentimental. The exhibition of drawings, in color and in black and white, which you may see in the upstairs gallery of the Maccabean Festival. Many of them show children at play; some of them are depictions of scenes of the theatre. Gallery visitors may recall the delightful Vandellie which was shown at the Whitney a year or so ago. Incidentally, Mr. Myers is one of the few Academicians to whose work the advance guard is not averse. He is not interested so much in theories as in painting completely what he sees before him on the streets and in parks, where even older people, not to mention children, are required and have paid for the time taken by the artist.

The drawing entitled Central Park Lake, now at the Maccabean Festival, is a typical Jewish scene. You are to see that and the other drawings, I suggest you do not delay your visit too long, for, unfortunately, the artist-collector has been snapping up these ex-

amples of Mr. Myers' brush and pencil.

A little talk Mr. Myers explained why he preferred to take his scenes from the streets of the lower city, the East Side, rather than from Park Avenue. They are more at ease on the East Side, they don't feel about their economic and social status. In all the years I worked downtown, he said, I never heard a single word of complaint; the people were perfectly satisfied with their way of life. I heard more complaining than in any year on the really poor. The few pentecosts which I have not written within quotes because I am writing from memory—give an example of it. It is to Jerome Myers' art. It is not art as we know it, but it is art with itself. It is not pretentious. Mr. Myers would rather do the doorway of a little house on the East Side, a house that may be wrecked tomorrow, than a tremendous skyscraper emblemizing the deep cavern foundation. He said, with rather a touch of whimsicality, "I like to do the vanishing things. I think I may say that he does them beautifully. I don't believe his pictures will ever give you a blow between the eyes, but how will fall to give delight."

English Jews Plan Clothing Factory Near Tel Aviv

(J.P.A. Special Correspondent)
TEL AVIV, Palestine, Nov. 14.—The Anglo-Jewish family of Southern Israel, formerly of Glasgow, Scotland, is planning to establish a large clothing factory in the colony of Great Britain, near Tel Aviv.

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THE LAST JOURNEY

By

We must make up our minds that so far as the Jews of Germany are concerned a large number of them must necessarily be left behind to meet the degradation of second-class citizenship or whatever those adventurers choose to call it, but, for the rest, sanity and justice, backed by coordination and leadership, must and will prevail.

Meanwhile, organize, and if anyone offers you the choice of German or American goods it is hardly necessary to say what you ought to do. Remember always that the most fervent and enthusiastic Nazi is much more sensitive in his pocket than he is in his head.

German Jewish Youth Trains For Future

On Farm Near Berlin Boys and Girls Learn To Live on the Land

Students Put Through Paces By Old Farmer in Effort To Adapt Themselves

LOOK TO PALESTINE

Raise Crops, Manage Livestock; Get Hardened to Outdoor Routine

An encouraging example of the faith and hope with which young German Jewry looks towards its own future is to be found in a recent feature in the *Juedische Rundschau* of a Jewish agricultural training farm.

"About an hour's distance from Berlin," says the article, "away from the railroad line and well segregated, lies the estate called 'Wagrad,' today an important training place for future cholestan and cholestaners." The director of the estate and teacher of the young would-be farmers is an old "Akhser," one of the first to realize the necessity for training Jewish youth in the various branches of agriculture. The director is described as having been active in agriculture for years, a good teacher and an understanding guide for young people, a man to whom it is "unnatural whether later on the young people work here or abroad or in Palestine; the principle thing is that they have learned to do something."

In the *Rundschau* article the estate is described as consisting of large grounds and many buildings—village-like houses, a long sawmill building in which the young people (called "positionalers" here) live, stables and sheds with a canning factory. Surrounding the buildings are vegetable gardens and orchards, pastures and woodlands. There are in all about three hundred acres, eighty of which yield fruits and vegetables of many kinds, including raspberries and strawberries, grain, turnips and potatoes. Some of these are used to make marmalade, preserves and fruit juices in the canning factory on the grounds. The cattle, which are raised in huge stables, use the meadows for pasture. Many hogs, especially chickens, are also raised. A part of the land



A general view of the farm estate

is artificially irrigated in order that it may not be missed.

Rotation of Labor

Every positionaler on the estate works, at some time or other during his stay, at every typical work done on the farm. Naturally, this makes the raising of the estate more difficult. Some of the young people sign up for a two-year course, while a number of others come to the estate for only half a year. Some of these, those who stand the test very well, may stay for another half or even a whole year. The young men are trained in the branches of agriculture, gardening and cattle raising. The girls learn agricultural house economy, that is, house cleaning, cooking and washing, the keeping of fowl, milking, the care of the garden, and the making of preserves. To this practical instruction is added a theoretical basis, which is contained in the following hours: two hours of instruction, more scientifically devised, are provided. The instruction is given by the manager of the estate, who is aided in this work by an inspector. The girls, too, receive instruction, especially in the science of housekeeping, dietetics and daily work. In winter every one is lodged in dormitories as here a lot of theoretical work.

Only young people, most of them between the ages of 16 and 20, are trained here. The various Zionist youth organizations and the Pioneer Youth Organization choose the positionalers. Those whose applications are accepted go through a preliminary probationary period at the work, so that if they make the grade, they can begin the actual training period. In summer there are about 100 positionalers on the estate. About a third of these are girls. It is winter the number is somewhat smaller. The greater part of them come from some youth alliance and therefore bring with them some kind of spirit of co-operation. Nearly all of them are highly adaptable to the work. In the beginning, indeed, they find it difficult, and there are many days of illness, especially because of colds and minor accidents, but these are soon overcome, and a few months later the pale, thin youngsters have become a hardy, strong, robust workmen, the sight of whom is a joy. seldom can one find a group of such healthy and physically vital young Jewish people as these.

One must also admit that the living conditions at this place of occupational orientation are especially favorable. It is true, receive no consideration at their work, and they are partly staid to task. They are together with the old workers on the estate, from whom they learn the use of tools and the tempo of the work, which, quite accidentally, there is said to be an exemplary relationship between young boys and girls and the old workers (workers). But the food which is served by the wife of the director and the girls who are training as good as it is tasty, and the building which is used for sleeping and

living is, indeed, very plain, but very especially nicely furnished.

Perhaps one can even say that in the light of the future that awaits them in Palestine, too much that is good obtains here. Naturally these favorable external circumstances make it easier for the young people to become accustomed to the work and presents a considerably spirit among them. They study hard and zealously under a teacher who comes from Berlin every Sunday and in their days prepare themselves for the spiritual side of their life in Palestine, where most of them are planning to go.

Visitors Help Along

Reviews the farm is so near Berlin, the potential Palestine farmers maintain their contacts with friends in the city.

But despite all that is done and planned to make things easy and pleasant, it is not easy to make farmers of former students and managers. As a result, both this director and the teachers have many problems. Many of the young people lack the stamina necessary for agricultural work. Having done a thing successfully once, many of them believe that they can go on to other, new tasks. Indeed, they meet quite to the routine. The director finds it necessary to stress continually the need for patience and perfection in the doing of each small task. It is difficult to impress this upon Jewish youth, for the German Jews have for generations been accustomed to every sort of peaceful activity and especially to agriculture. Most of the positionalers, the *Rundschau* says, have as yet no conception of the relative value of the things which they use in farm management, nor can they see their own errors.

Difficult as the work is, it yields fruit. The young people, under the influence of the work, in a gratifying fashion. They become serious and determined to achieve their ambitions, and their conscientiousness and diligence carry them along from day to day, through many a difficulty and towards the achievement of a living Jewish life. They have bridged the gulf between theory and practice and will know how to fashion their lives in Palestine in a manner that will do honor to themselves and to the land.

Road Building Goes on Despite Arab Rioting

(G.T.A. Special Correspondent)

Jerusalem, Nov. 13.—The program of road development is going on unintermittently in spite of the recent Arab rioting, according to an official statement issued by the government.

Approximately 120 men are being employed for construction of the road between Beisan and Jisr el Majaneh. Other highways between Tulkarm and Kakhleh, Jaffa and Gaza, Nabhus and Jisr Damieh are under construction.

The High Commissioner also announced that he has approved a plan to obtain water for irrigation in the northern portion of Palestine by making use of the old Turkish railway embankment running alongside of the road from Gaza to Beersheba. The sum of £4,000 (£28,000) has been appropriated for impounding about 400,000 cubic meters of water. The improvement will bring relief to the Beersheba tribes who have been suffering from crop failures.



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Dr. Margoshes Calls on U.S. to Lead World in Extending Hand to Exiles

America is one of the few countries which have not acted in behalf of the German-Jewish refugees and of anti-Semitism. Such a policy, followed by other nations. Unless some action in their behalf is taken, the plight of the Jews will grow worse and the work of the International Refugee Commission appointed by the League of Nations will be seriously hampered.

This was the opinion of Dr. Samuel Margoshes, editor of The Day, when, following his return from a trip abroad, he delivered several speeches as an impartial observer, he held with this dejected, rejected exile from the Third Reich in London, Paris, Brussels, Antwerp and Amsterdam, and rounded out his journey by living for a week in Berlin.

It was a depressing picture that Dr. Margoshes brought back with him. He spoke of the thousands of Hitler victims living in ghettos and a ten-franc-per-day-per-person grant of the French government, in hundreds of camps, in the French army. He described their life as a life made bitter because of the persecutions and in underlying despair. When there was a ray of hope, there was a ray of hope who has been expelled from his homeland, bereft of his profession and of his family, and at the point of the bayonet to seek refuge in lands where unemployment and persecution rule him. He only desired? What home there for the German exile? Where is he to go? To whom is he to turn?

Sought the Answers

The purpose of Dr. Margoshes' study was to find out to some extent the answer to these questions. On the heels of the London economic conference, he traveled through Europe, visiting Jewish refugees, where he was present as a delegate of the American Jewish Committee. The editor of The Day found the cities already mentioned.

Refugees in Paris, he said, are receiving no money, which does not reflect the high type of integrity of the French government, which would not allow them to be taken in and feeding them. There are 40,000 refugees living in the French ghettos, and their complaint is that the shortcoming of their relief they attribute not to the French host but to the American money which it is charged, has not been used out of their funds honestly. The refugees suspect that it is being done for them, and they feel that the money that France is only a "jumping board" that they cannot remain permanently, since the republic has its own worries on account of unemployment and unemployment, that the working time until the visiting sides that permanent haven elsewhere, in Palestine, in America, in America, or wherever they can find a place.

The refugees, said Dr. Margoshes, are disappointed although not completely with the attitude of the American people. They are disappointed that American Jews, who are friendly eye toward them, have not made enough to lower the immigration barriers and give them a chance to start life over again.

Others Are Hesitating

The situation is aggravated by the fact that countries which can absorb large numbers of newcomers are hesitating to do so. The United States has given to the Hitler activity victims. They look to the United States for inspiration. What ever action is taken, it will be initiated, it will be emulated if not imitated, by other countries.

The first mass migration from Germany carried with about 65,000 persons. The number will increase still, the editor of The Day with the justification of the anti-Semitic program which at present shows every chance.

Another difficulty refugee committees have to contend with is the fear on the part of a considerable number of American Jews that the Soviet Union in their own native soil will become engrossed with the in-

flux of German Jews. The state of economic affairs throughout the world makes possible a resurgence of anti-Semitism. Such a phenomenon would cause disaster for world Jewry, Dr. Margoshes reflected.

Risks His Skin

It took no little amount of courage on Dr. Margoshes' part to stay in Berlin, where his life was in constant peril. He said that warnings came to him from Mr. Montagu, the American consul general, and from Jewish leaders with whom he was in communicating. The substance of the warnings made by the Jewish leaders in Germany indicated strong sympathy toward America, the conviction that by 1934 about 200,000 Jews will have left Germany and that as economic conditions in the Third Reich grow worse, the atrocity campaign will become worse.

The editor who was born in Galicia in 1887 and received his education in Tarnow and later at Columbia University, which granted him a Ph.D. degree, said that the Jewish Daily Bulletin that the refugees are making a desperate effort to carry out, by staying by strategy, acts, and trade. They mean to earn their livelihood in their foreign homeland, at the same time. They know that if they are expelled they have no chance.

They expect with you outward," said Dr. Margoshes. "I have no hope. They are struggling for survival and for the life of their children."

Will Not Be

Dr. Margoshes said that he will not be a Zionist.

Mizrachi Convention Takes Up Vital Issues

(Continued from Page 1)

arrived, delegates from Germany and also for the first time from the Hasmadrach, the orthodox labor group, and the Hasmadrach organization, which is a group of Jews who also call for support and encouragement of middle-class enterprises in Palestine.

The financial report of Max Nadler, national treasurer of the organization, was read by the speaker, the Mirachi to the Keren Kayemet, the Jewish National Fund. The committee report, however, will not be ready until January.

Discussion as to the nature of the relationship which the Mirachi should have to the Zionist movement is taking up the attention of many of the delegates. While a strong emphasis is being placed on the Mirachi leaving the Zionist organization, it appeared today that those in favor of remaining within the Zionist body were preponderant.

There settled little question of the relationship which the Mirachi should have to the Zionist movement as national president of the organization.

The convention opened Thursday evening in the presence of delegates from all parts of the country. The estimated hundred members of the Hasmadrach, the orthodox group, and the Mirachi, the secular group, were the principal speakers.

The Mirachi Women's Organization, which is a group of women, is also a large group. The group seeks to raise a large sum for the maintenance of the Keren Kayemet, the Jewish National Fund, for girls at Jerusalem being an American Mirachi women. Mrs. Adele Gold, president of the group, delivered the principal address.

The Mirachi Hasmadrach, youth group, will meet in special sessions Saturday evening for the purpose of arranging for sending American orthodox youth to Palestine as settlement workers.

A mass meeting arranged by the local Jewish community, at which local Jewish leaders spoke, was held this evening.

Sabbath Observance Ruled

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, Dec. 1.—Following the decision of the Keren Kayemet, the Jewish National Fund, to include clauses regarding observance of the Sabbath in future agreements for the settlement of Jews in Palestine, the World Jewish Congress, which will continue its efforts to hasten the observance of the Hebrew Sabbath, has issued a public statement supported by Zionist leaders.

Col. Emerson Denies He Is Nazi Spokesman

(Continued from Page 1)

ago to deliver "one of the most passionate and violent attacks on Jews ever experienced in the metropolitan district," Emerson remained silent.

Relieves Doubt

He said he had testified recently before the federal grand jury in New York in connection with the activities of the fugitive Hitlerite, Hans Spangnebel, and that he had been officially connected with the Berlin government. He stated that he had seen similar attacks before in any other cities in the United States.

On stationery bearing the letterhead of the law firm of Worthington, Veeder, Peary, Clark, and Happer, George Emerson, a member of the firm located in the Jewish Daily Bulletin Col. Emerson's protest. It follows:

"Nov. 27, 1933.

To the Editor of the Jewish Daily Bulletin.

On your issue of Nov. 26th you published an editorial which was published in the New York Nation of Nov. 26th but evidently furnished to me early enough for you to have ascertained the truth from me, inasmuch as I was within easy reach.

In your article from The Nation you repeat a false statement which I joined in an article by Herr Ludwig Loeb, who described me as a representative of the Nazi Party in the United States, stating that I had been appointed as such on Nov. 7th.

In fairness to me I request you to publish in the Jewish Daily Bulletin my own statement. I have already made to the editors of The Nation, that I am not a representative of the Nazi Party in the United States, and that no such appointment ever came to me. On the face of it this story, which I have been recognized by you as The Nation, since it is an American citizen and I am not a member of the Nazi Party. It is well known and has repeatedly been published in the leading papers of New York that my only connection with the Nazi Party is my long standing in the National Socialist Labor party are permitted Adolf Hitler to represent his Nazi party anywhere.

Sincerely yours,

"Edwin Emerson.

"17 Battery Place, New York."

What He Wrote Means

Under the name "What was released a letter addressed to Hans Spangnebel by Emerson on August 19th, in which appears to be a denial of statements by Emerson's organization, "The Friends of Germany," that Col. Spangnebel, the "Friend of New Germany," is a representative of the Nazi Party in the United States. It is not a representative of the Nazi Party in the United States. It is not a representative of the Nazi Party in the United States. It is not a representative of the Nazi Party in the United States.

Col. Edwin Emerson has frequently appeared in the news columns of the country since the outbreak of the World War. During the war he was allegedly held prisoner in Germany. During his imprisonment he was granted unusual liberties of movement. He wrote for the Communist Party a journal published in English in Amsterdam and considered at that time unfaithful to the Allied cause.

When interviewed by a reporter of the Jewish Daily Bulletin who is formerly a member of the German Legion, Emerson was told of his connection with the dissemination of pro-German propaganda during the war. It has been said by those who knew him well during the World War that he made several speeches upholding the German cause.

Prophetic, Clearing House

By his own assertions, Mr. Emerson is "not interested" in what the reporter heard in Germany, nor is he interested in the public relations created among fellow Americans.

HE DENIES CHARGE



COL. EDWIN EMERSON

during the World War in enemy country. Shortly after Hitler became chancellor of the Third Reich, Emerson's office, immediately across the hall from the German Consulate at 17 Battery Place, became a clearing house for pamphlets and newspapers of all descriptions, printed in Germany and sent forth in violation of Hitler's policies, including persecution of the Jews.

At the same time Emerson became active in upholding the Hitler government in speeches before German organizations and in articles published in German-owned newspapers in New York.

At least one visitor to Germany, Joseph O'Donoghue, who, according to the account given by an American correspondent in Berlin, came to Germany to study Nazi-ism with a view toward propagandizing it in America, came to the fatherland with references from Emerson.

The German Account

At the time of the Jewish demonstration in New York which protested against Hitler's treatment of Jews in Germany, Emerson wrote an article derogatory to the Jews which appeared in America's Deutsche Post, a pro-Nazi newspaper.

A few weeks ago he spoke before a congregation in White Plains and launched an attack upon Jews, which has since caused a decidedly unfavorable reaction among both Jewish and Christian circles in New York.

Emerson was born in Dresden, Germany, and speaks English with an unmistakable German accent.

German Scholar Exile Is Appointed to Yale

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

NEW HAVEN, Dec. 1.—Dr. Karl Lewenstein, noted political scientist formerly on the faculty of the University of Munich, but now a refugee from Germany, has been appointed associate professor of political science at Yale, it was announced here.

Racial Eugenics Chair Is Dusted Off at Berlin

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, Dec. 1.—The University of Berlin inaugurated today a chair for the study of racial eugenics. Professor Ludwig Gierl will occupy the chair.

Sephardic Jews Guests

At Seattle Ceremony

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

SEATTLE, Wash., Dec. 1.—For the first time in Seattle Jewish history, a local house of worship played host to members of the Sephardic community when "Sephardic Night" was celebrated at Harel Synagogue tonight.

Represented at the services were ten Sephardic synagogues and organizations and members of the Sephardic community, third largest in the country. Rabbi Philip A. Lander spoke on "Spanish Jewry: A Glorious and a Responsibility."

Dr. Harry S. Tarkis, Sephardic rabbi and the Sephardic and the Rara Rara Sephardic children's choir, directed by Samuel Goldfarb, chaired the synagogal service.

Do You Live

IN ONE OF THE CITIES LISTED HERE?

New York, N. Y.
Chicago, Ill.
Philadelphia, Pa.
Cleveland, Ohio
Boston, Mass.
St. Louis, Mo.
Baltimore, Md.
Pittsburgh, Pa.
Detroit, Mich.
San Francisco, Cal.
Rochester, N. Y.
Buffalo, N. Y.
Milwaukee, Wis.
Los Angeles, Cal.
New Haven, Conn.
Hartford, Conn.
Minneapolis, Minn.
Paterson, N. J.
Providence, R. I.
Chelsea, Mass.
Jersey City, N. J.
Bridgeport, Conn.
Cracraue, N. J.
Denver, Colo.
Atlanta, Ga.
Indianapolis, Ind.
Omaha, Neb.
St. Paul, Minn.
Washington, D. C.
Worcester, Mass.
Columbus, Ohio
Louisville, Ky.
Malden, Mass.
Cambridge, Mass.
Dallas, Texas
New Orleans, La.
Portsmouth, Va.
Fall River, Mass.
Lynn, Mass.
Toledo, Ohio
Albany, N. Y.
Memphis, Tenn.
Birmingham, Ala.
Lowell, Mass.
Passaic, N. J.
Riverside, Calif.
Springfield, Mass.
Waterbury, Conn.
Elizabeth, N. J.
Hoboken, N. J.
Houston, N. J.
Norfolk, Va.
Oakland, Cal.
Perth Amboy, N. J.
Savannah, Ga.
Seattle, Wash.
Yonkers, N. Y.
Youngstown, Ohio

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