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Horace Samuel Asked To Defend Three in Arlosoroff Murder

London Attorney Will Neither
Deny Nor Confirm Report
Originating in Jerusalem

STAVSKY SCORES POINT

Secures Reading of Statement
Tending to Back Alibi
In Jaffa Court

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, Sept. 29—Horace Samuel, well-known attorney who practiced in Palestine for several years and is now engaged in practice in London, has been approached to take over the defense of the three Revisionist extremists who are accused of the murder of Dr. Chaim Arlosoroff, noted Zionist labor leader, the Jewish Telegraphic Agency exclusively learned here. The defendants, Aba Achimeir, Zvi Rosenblatt and Abraham Stavsky, are now undergoing preliminary hearings and Mr. Samuel has been asked to defend them in the event they are committed for trial.

The murder of Dr. Arlosoroff took place on June 16 and with its subsequent developments has been one of the most sensational events in Palestine in recent years. The case has strong political aspects and conviction of the three men would have an important bearing on the entire Zionist program.

The defendants are members of the extreme right-wing Zionist group whose differences with the Labor Zionists have been expressed not only theoretically but in actual physical clashes.

Mr. Samuel is familiar with Palestine court procedure. He left the country in 1928 and wrote "Unholy Memories of the Holy Land," in which he severely criticized the Palestine administration and the Zionist Organization. If he undertakes the defense, he will have to take up residence here in accordance with Palestine court requirements.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LONDON, Sept. 29—Horace Samuel today told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency he could not confirm or deny reports that he had been invited to take up the defense of the three men accused of the assassination of Dr. Chaim Arlosoroff, Zionist labor leader and head of the political department of the Jewish Agency for Palestine.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JAFFA, Palestine, Sept. 29—Abraham Stavsky, who is charged with Zvi Rosenblatt and Aba Achimeir with the murder of Dr. Chaim Arlosoroff, noted Zionist labor leader, today won a point when he secured the reading of a statement tending to support his alibi.

The prosecutor had declined to read out to the court statements taken from a Jerusalem hotel proprietor, Mr. Turgeman, in whose hotel Stavsky allegedly slept on Friday night, the eve of the murder, because Turgeman had died since he made the statement.

The Magistrate ordered Prosecutor Shitrit to read before the court statements by Turgeman which de-

(Continued on Page 2)

Jew-Aryan Courting And Intermarriage Declared Punishable

Prussian Ministry Issues Decree Against "Sullying" the
Purity of German Race

JAIL THREAT IS ISSUED

Dortmund Police Chief Warns
Of Arrests, Tells of Com-
plaints and Disturbance

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, Sept. 29—Intermarriage with Jews will be severely punished, according to new regulations announced today by the Prussian ministry of justice. The regulations provide drastic penalties for those found guilty of intermarriage with Jews for "destroying the German race" and for "degrading marriages", according to the announcement.

The chief of police in Dortmund officially announced that all Aryan girls mingling with Jews or German boys courting Jewish girls, will be arrested.

"Disturbances have occurred recently in numerous restaurants because Aryan girls have permitted themselves to be invited by Jews or dance with Jews when the majority of the nation, thank God, is aware of the great danger in mixing our blood with Jew elements.

"Similarly, police have received complaints against parents whose sons and daughters are in relations with Jews which endangers the purity of the German family and violates Nazi principles," he declared in his announcement.

"The police, whose duty it is to maintain order and further Nazi ideals, cannot, therefore, stand aside, and must act with State measures, and will take into protective arrest all those irresponsible Germans to make them realize their great crime against the German nation."

Sir Herbert Samuel to Open Sessions of Boston Forum

(J.B.B. Special Correspondence)

BOSTON, Sept. 29—Sir Herbert Samuel, former High Commissioner in Palestine, is scheduled to address the opening session of the twenty-sixth season of the Ford Hall Forum here on Sunday, October 8. His subject will be "Whither is the World Moving?"

Anti-Jewish Edicts Only Now Revoked By Upper Silesia Leaders

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, Sept. 29—An order revoking anti-Jewish measures in Upper Silesia has only now been issued, according to the official announcement of the governing president of Oppeln in an official statement circulated among the Upper Silesian municipalities. According to Germany's agreement with the League of Nations last May, steps to end anti-Jewish discriminations and regulations in the plebiscite area were to have been taken immediately.

The statement entitled, "Application of the Geneva Convention to

Governor Lehman
Reported Improved



GOV. HERBERT H. LEHMAN

Inquiries from President Roosevelt and thousands of friends poured into the home of Governor Herbert H. Lehman at 820 Park Avenue Friday where he was confined to bed with an attack of appendicitis. A late bulletin issued by the Governor's physicians announces that there is no need for an operation.

Joseph J. Canavan, secretary to the Governor, gave out a late statement in which he said that Mr. Lehman's condition is "satisfactory" and that the patient "remains quiet." The attending physicians are Dr. Arthur M. Master, Dr. B. S. Oppenheimer and Dr. A. A. Berg.

Retrict Jews' Immigration Into Palestine, Arabs Ask

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, Sept. 29—A second memorandum asking that Jewish immigration be restricted has been submitted to the High Commissioner by the Supreme Moslem Council.

Emissaries are being sent to various centers in Palestine's capitol by the Arab Youth's Congress. Their expressed intention is to agitate against what they call "the stream of Zionists" that is coming into the land. Meetings of protest have been held at the Nebi Rubin festival and at Beisan.

Holland Brings Issue Of Jewish Exiles to League

Resolution Asking Cognizance of Refugee Problem Formally
Introduced—World Collaboration for Solution Asked—
Hoover Mentioned for Post of Administering Relief

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

GENEVA, Sept. 29—The Dutch resolution asking the League of Nations to take official cognizance of the problems posed by the existence of large numbers of refugees from Nazi Germany was formally introduced today at the fourteenth session of the League of Nations Assembly by Jonhkeer de Graeff, the Dutch minister of foreign affairs.

The resolution demands international collaboration for a solution of the economic, financial and social problems caused by the refugees and requests the League to consider methods to bring about a practical solution of the problems and to take necessary measures for the execution of these plans.

The Dutch foreign minister emphasized that the resolution does not intend intervention in Germany's internal affairs but calls only for a solution of the refugee problem.

The Assembly tomorrow will probably decide the place for discussion of their resolution on the agenda and to instruct the second League commission, which deals with technical matters, to study it.

Germany, through its delegation here, is maintaining opposition to the resolution, it is learned.

The name of former president

Herbert Hoover is being frequently mentioned here in connection with the proposal that the League appoint a commissioner to supervise and handle the refugee situation. Norman Bentwich, former Palestine attorney general, and Leonard Montefiore, president of the Anglo-Jewish Association, both outstanding British Jewish leaders, have been here several days in behalf of the British Board of Jewish Deputies, to urge the appointment of a League commissioner.

The proposal that Mr. Hoover be invited to accept the post, it was learned, was not made by any Jewish representatives who up to this time have concentrated exclusively on getting League action and have but remotely considered the question of personnel, but from certain delegations to the Assembly which are anxious to ensure the appointment of a commissioner to regulate the refugee question.

Whether or not Mr. Hoover has been approached as to whether he would be willing to assume the post could not be learned today. His nomination for the post would receive strong support in view of the prestige his name would lend the position and his past record as administrator of relief activities.

\$50,000 for Relief Of German Jews Raised at Concert

5,000 at White Plains Hear
Elman, Gabrilowitsch and
Mme. Lashanska

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Sept. 28—Five thousand persons came, to the support of needy German Jews when they crowded the County Centre here tonight to hear a musical program staged by the Joint Distribution Committee. About \$50,000 was realized from the affair.

Heading the Executive Committee were Mrs. Eugene Meyer, Felix M. Warburg, honorary chairman and Mrs. Arthur Lehman, chairman.

The performers, who included Mischa Elman, violinist; Mme. Hilda Lashanska, soprano and Ossip Gabrilowitsch, pianist, gave their services gratis.

Rabbi Jonah B. Wise, co-chairman of the German Relief Fund Committee, described the concert as "a demonstration of the feeling of Westchester toward the Hitler regime in Germany. Governor Herbert H. Lehman in a program message said that the German situation is a "challenge to civilization."

Mr. Warburg expressed gratitude

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Case of Jews in Reich Declared Hopeless by Stanley High in Talk

International Pressure Only
May Possibly Lighten Bur-
den, He Says at Reception

The Hitler regime in Germany has come to stay and while it is in power there is no hope for the Jews in the Reich Stanley High, noted publicist, declared Thursday night at a reception tendered him by the advisory council of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency at the Hotel Commodore. Mr. High recently returned from Germany where he studied conditions in preparation for a series of articles for the Literary Digest.

The only hope of moderation in the anti-Semitic policies of the Nazis, he declared, lies in international pressure from without Germany. Hitler, he said, will never relax in his anti-Semitism. Frank A. Weil, New York attorney and chairman of the advisory council, presided at the reception.

A resolution expressing appreciation to the United States State Department and gratitude to George S. Messersmith, consul general, and Raymond H. Geist, consul at Berlin, for their efforts in securing the reopening of the Berlin offices of

(Continued on Page 2)

R. D. B. Speaks

By RALPH D. BLUMENFELD

For thirty years Editor-in-chief of the Daily Express in London, England's most celebrated journalist and chairman of the Board of Directors of the London Daily Express



Stanley High Declares Case of Jews Hopeless

(Continued from Page 1)

the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, which had been closed down by the German authorities, was adopted by the meeting.

In the Long Run, No Hope

"My firm opinion is that in the long run, there is no hope for the Jewish people in Germany. That is my conviction. Just as I believe that Adolf Hitler will last, so I believe his anti-Semitic policies will survive," Mr. High declared.

Explaining the rise of Hitlerism as due to the failure of the world powers to recognize the German Republic, he asserted that "If Germany is as it is today, all of us must bear some part of the blame."

Hitler will now remain in power, he declared, because he has awakened Germany, because the German people are inherently a patient people, because he is attracting the youth of Germany and because, by linking his program with the religious aspirations of the German people he has "won the German people to the belief that his movement is Messianic in purpose and that he is the Messiah. One reason for the failure of the German Republic was because the German people did not see in it the resumption of the march to a place in the sun."

Hitlerism represents a threat to world peace, Mr. High asserted, pointing out that the entire international policy of the Nazis, leading to the enclosure within the bounds of the Reich of all the German-speaking people, cannot be accomplished except by war.

Reports Not Exaggerated

"He is promising that which, in our world, can never be filled without international conflict," he declared.

Referring to the persecutions of Jews and liberals in Germany, Mr. High said that the reports had not been exaggerated and declared there were many in the Nazi ranks who take delight in inflicting suffering. Discussing the professional discriminations and how they operate against Jewish doctors and lawyers, he said, "If Albert Einstein had a record of one month at the front in the War, he would have a place in the Nazi world no amount of scientific achievement will ever obtain for him."

Despite the exemption of War veterans from discriminations, he said, in practice, this class is made to suffer as much as other Jews.

Test Case of Civilization

In concluding his speech, he described Hitlerism as a menace to civilization and warned against over-rationalizing the causes of his coming into power.

"The Jews of Germany are a test case of Western civilization," Mr. High declared. "As a non-Jew, I call them the test case of Christian civilization."

The view that Germany is headed for an economic breakdown was expressed by Jacob Landau, managing director of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, who also spoke at the reception. Mr. Landau returned earlier this month from an extensive trip through Europe during which he also visited Germany.

Pointing out the small gold coverage of German currency, Mr. Landau declared that inflation, with many disastrous consequences, seems to be a likely development in the Reich. This and the fact that foreign credits are no longer flowing into the Reich and that German exports are dwindling because of the boycott and capture of a considerable part of the German markets by the United States and Great Britain which are off the gold standard, were given by him as reasons why Germany will soon be unable to meet its foreign obligations.

35 Percent Opposition

Elimination of Jews has also caused considerable harm to the German economic system, he declared.

If merely economic factors were decisive, the breakdown of Germany would be unavoidable, he declared, but certain factors, such as Hitler's absolute control of the Reich and his strong hold on the imagination

of German youth, must be considered. He said that approximately thirty-five percent of the German people were opposed to the Nazis.

He described recent measures against anti-Jewish discriminations as temporary and said that when economic conditions improve, the anti-Jewish discriminations will be resumed. Jews in commerce and industry at this time can expect little improvement in their position as long as social ostracism continues to be as bitterly practiced as it is at present.

He warned that pogroms against the Jews this winter are not impossible and declared that many Jews in Germany today fear that a fictitious attack against Hitler might give the signal for a country-wide massacre of the Jews.

KOHUT

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WE ARE NOT alarmists and do not believe it right to frighten the public into buying. Too many cries of Wolf, Wolf, will render the public sooner or later incredulous and turn a deaf ear to the shouters.

But the situation today answers the truth and we feel that our clients are entitled to a complete explanation as to real conditions of current and future prices.

The fall clothing now on display in our stores, at \$36.50 cannot be replaced today by us, to sell at \$36.50. Production cost continues to go up and every week the prices are shifting. The truth is that if our calculations were based on today's cost of material and labor, Simon Ackerman Clothes would have to be sold at about \$50.00.

Of course, it would be very simple to maintain our prices at present level. We could buy less finer wools, could substitute machine work for our hand work, and generally render our product at less cost of production.

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If you have faith in our statement you must agree that to purchase Simon Ackerman Clothes at current prices is a sensible investment.

Simon Ackerman Clothes, Inc.



MYOLD PRINTING CO., Inc.
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LONDON, Sept. 29—It is now generally conceded that so long as the control of Germany remains in the hands of the Hitlerite gangsters, the position of their unfortunate Jewish victims offers little chance of amelioration. Germany has been completely doped with Hitlerism, make no mistake about that. The policy of the Swastika swizzle, although extremely erratic and capricious, is enormously popular with the people, who love to take orders, who dream of soldiers and of goose-steps and who have as much political sense as a pack of rabbits. They accept Hitler, Goering and Goebbels at their own excessive valuation and believe fervently and enthusiastically that all their pipe-dreams will come true. At any rate they consider themselves better off than they have been since that stupid Versailles Treaty set up its machinery of world destruction, and so they are.

Things could not have been worse, say the Germans. Hitler at least has given them a beautiful picture book full of German idealism and Deutschland ueber Alles to charm their disturbed minds. He flattered them with the welcome assertion that they are the world's greatest people, that they must remain pure and undefiled as a race and that all alien races, particularly those wicked Jews, must be crushed ruthlessly, as is the good old Wotan

The Illegitimacy Rate

Parenthetically, it gives me much amusement to think of the 12 percent illegitimate children born yearly to the purified Deutsche Michels and then hear nightly on the radio the asseverations of German purity of race and soul. As the French say, it is to laugh. How can you avoid mixed-up racial consequences when twelve percent of your people are illegitimate with no record of antecedents? But all this notwithstanding, one can understand the German enthusiasm for Hitler hoggly-goggly Juju promises. If I

were a German Aryan, (for which deprivation I hereby publicly record my everlasting gratitude) I would also probably be strutting up and down Wurstrattenstrasse in brown shirt gaiters with a beautiful Swastika embroidered on my strong German arm. I would probably rush out of the ranks of my marching comrades with a rubber club and hit over the head any disrespectful British, or American student or woman visitor who failed to give the boy scout salute.

I would probably read in the censored papers that the whole world looks with wonder, delight and admiration at the gyrations of the German heroes and my heart would swell at the contemplation of these triumphs. I would probably not know that just the reverse is the case, for you must understand that to the pure-bred Aryan, the opinion of the world is beneath contempt, so why bother?

Easy to Blame the Jews

Nor would he be very much put out by the fact that Hitler has denationalized Saxony, Bavaria and other German states which used to hate the Prussians and has metamorphosed Germany into one whole indivisible Nazi party. There is to be a finality to that German Empire, that great apotheosis of Deutschthum, which was so terribly damaged by the dirty Jews. How this was done we do not know, except that it sounds good to say that the dirty Jews did it. The Jews of Germany cannot hit back and the rest of the Jews who are scattered the world over are not enrolled under one leadership.

Out of this, however, comes something constructive. My advice is to forget Hitler and Nazism and treat these things with the contempt and the derision which they brought on themselves and concentrate instead on the regeneration of the Jews. Make each in his or her own way assist in the effort of establishing Jewry in its national home, there to build up again the greatness,

progress and dignity of a never-dying people whose unforgivable crime, in the eyes of a stupid world, appears to be that two thousand years ago, a fanatical community crucified one of their own people because they accused him of being an agitator. The Jews have suffered a million indignities for this act and probably will suffer more, but in the long run they will come back again into the light of the sun. God does not desert His people so long as they strive to deserve His trust.

To me, the astonishing feature of the German situation is the constantly repeated cry of a section of the German Jews asking the outside world to mind its own business. "Please do not interfere," says the Central Verein Zeitung. "We despise all those who in the safety and security of foreign countries, revile Germany. In spite of all, we'll remain Germans."

Sounds Too Fantastic

I can hardly believe that this ridiculous attitude is born of sincerity. It sounds too fantastic, it smells too much of the lamp. More than likely it is due to Nazi pressure, for it is just stupid enough to have a Nazi origin, fostered by Nazi bullying.

On the other hand, if this section of German Jews prefers its dear Nazi oppressors and wishes to be excluded from the sympathy of the civilized world, there is nothing more to be said than, let them stew in their own juice and, incidentally, get more kicks. Lip-service to the hand that beats you is too contemptible to earn sincere sympathy. But you cannot have it both ways.

I am no sympathizer with Communism or Communists but I confess that the courage of the Communists accused of burning the Reichstag in speaking up and not being afraid of their accusers is a far more exhilarating spectacle in the eyes of the world than these Nazi-fawning Jewish champions in Germany. If they are so set upon insisting on their Germanism, why don't they speak out and demand their rights as Germans?

\$50,000 for Relief Is Raised at Concert

(Continued from Page 1)

for the services of the artists and the support given to the drive.

Supporting organizations were the Hebrew Institute of Mamaroneck, the Jewish Center of Port Chester, the Westchester Free Synagogue of Mount Vernon, the Sinai Temple of Mt. Vernon, Temple Israel of New Rochelle, Temple Emanu El of Yonkers, the Y.M. and Y.W.H.A. of White Plains, the Jewish Community Center of White Plains and Troop 9, Boy Scouts of America of Port Chester.

Horace Samuel Asked To Defend Three Men

(Continued from Page 1)

clared at first that Stavsky slept in the hotel all night long and that Turgeman had identified him in an identification parade. A second statement declared that Turgeman was uncertain as to whether Stavsky had been the man. Stavsky demanded that statements from Moshe Mendiboin and Jacob Friedman, workmen who slept in his room at the hotel on the night of June 16, be read. Prosecutor Shitrit again objected, declaring that the two men had been subpoenaed. The hearing was postponed until October 16.

23 Municipalities to Be Established in Palestine

(J.T.A. Special Correspondence)

JERUSALEM, Sept. 15—Twenty-three municipalities will be constituted in Palestine under the proposed Municipal Corporations Ordinance which has just been published as a bill and will be enacted as legislation before the end of the month.

Cities and towns to be included are Acre, Beisan, Beit Jallah, Bethlehem, Gaza, Haifa, Hebron, Jaffa, Jenin, Jerusalem, Khan Yunis, Ludd, Mejdell, Nablus, Nazareth, Ramallah, Rameh, Safad, Shafr'am, Tel Aviv, Tiberias and Tulkerant.

Separate electoral and nominative regulations are to be levied for Tel Aviv. Suffrage for the Jewish city will be based on a broader democratic basis than for other towns, and the age limits of voters and councillors are lower.

Proportional representation of parties by the number of votes cast will continue to be the system of franchise in Tel Aviv, while in the other cities named individual candidates will be elected.

Congress Reception Honors Emil Ludwig

Self-Exiled German Author Affirms Jewish Faith; Dr. Wise Eulogizes Him

A reception in honor of Emil Ludwig held by the American Jewish Congress at the Commodore Thursday night was an occasion for a discussion of the German persecutions of Jews by leaders of the Congress and Herr Ludwig, with characteristic reserve, reaffirmed his faith and sounded a fervent plea for a vigorous united world Jewry.

Dr. Stephen S. Wise, honorary president; Bernard S. Deutsch, president of the Congress, and George Gordon Battle, honorary chairman of the Million Dollar Emergency Fund Against Hitlerism, spoke and in scathing language assailed Hitlerism, which they called "the disease of Europe." Mr. Deutsch discredited a report that business discrimination against Jews has been suspended, by the German Minister of Economics, and pleaded for continuation of the boycott of German products which he said is taking marked effect.

One of the highlights of the reception was the welcome of Herr Ludwig, now a Swiss citizen, self-exiled from Germany, into the Jewish fold. By his own declaration, until the age of forty he was scarce-

Germany Totters on Verge of Inflation

Jews Must Hit Now Or Face Strong Nazi Hate Internationale

Writer Justifies Boycott Not
As Retaliatory Move But to
Halt World-wide Crisis

WINTER CRISIS COMING

Employment, Export Figures
Faked; Notes Forced Tax-
ation; Thin Gold Reserve

By PAT McGRADY

(This is the fourth article in the series by this correspondent, who has recently returned from a special investigatory tour of Germany for the Jewish Telegraphic Agency.)

Dr. Max Naumann is a prosperous Jewish lawyer in Berlin. Wounded four or five times during the World War, decorated with the Iron Cross, First Class and Second



Class, and patriotic beyond reason to the German government (right or wrong), he has been allowed to retain his court offices, his property, and his health. He is head of the Union of National German Jews, an organization of 7,000 members.

Dr. Naumann writes for English and German language publications abroad. He does his utmost to belie anti-Nazi propaganda. He is the one Jew I met in Germany who would be quoted on political conditions there, although he demanded that he be shown the article before I released it to the press.

"Tell the Jews abroad, I beg of you, not to boycott German goods," Dr. Naumann one day pleaded in his offices in Franzoschstrasse. "Tell them that the Jews in Germany are not so badly off as press reports would indicate. Tell them that boycott would only intensify Nazi feeling against the Jews here. The Jews here do not want foreign boycott. We don't have it!"

Lost Nothing Yet

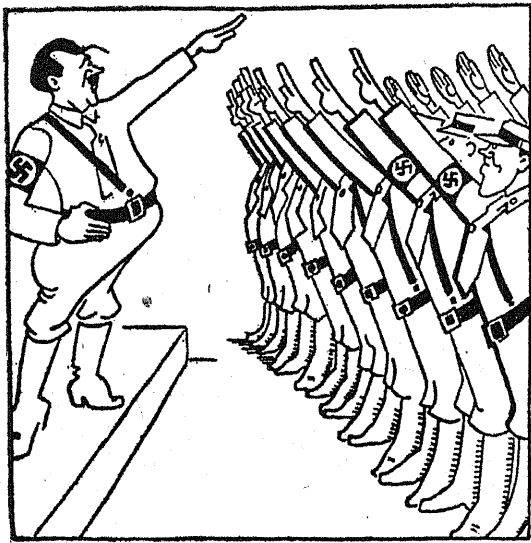
I don't know whether Dr. Naumann was speaking for himself or for his organization. There is no reason why Dr. Naumann should not support the Nazis. As yet, he is one of the very few Jews in Germany who has lost nothing by their rise to power. It is certain, however, that he was not speaking for at least ninety percent of the other Jews in Germany or for any of the Jews outside that country.

Not that other German Jews are not every bit as patriotic toward the fatherland as is Dr. Naumann. They are fond of the country and of the people. They have become Germanized to a great extent and are part of the soil. But to pay tribute to a governmental clique aiming at their destruction is quite another matter.

If the boycott of Germany were undertaken only as retaliation against the German people for their action against the Jews, the writer could most ardently oppose it. The people who will suffer are for the most part those millions who have been robbed of all freedom of expression and action. Germany under Hitler has become a country of creatures who can not do otherwise than obey the commands of their fanatical leaders. Unless a boycott were exceedingly effective, workers, the Jews, and people in sympathy with Hitler would be hard hit, while the Nazis, now in position to take from Germany what they want, would survive and thrive with the rest of the country industrially and economically desolate.

There is, however, an infinitely

GERMAN GREETINGS, AS SEASONS CHANGE



IN SPRING



IN FALL

more important reason for the boycott of Germany. It goes deeper than purposeless revenge, deeper than restoration of their rights to the Jews. The boycott should be used as a defensive weapon to thwart the Nazi attempt to exterminate Jews throughout the world.

In a previous article I have given what I consider ample proof of the existence of a Nazi Internationale. Nazi officials have told me the principles of this organization, requested me to write or rewrite anti-Semitic propaganda as part of it. We need only look into the operations of German communities in the larger cities of the world to find traces of it.

Jews of the world are faced with the choice of either striking immediately at Nazi Germany or resigning themselves to the effect of this Nazi Internationale, which promises to be more powerful than the Communist international organization ever has been. With the economic structure of Germany tottering, with the benefits of National Socialism in Germany still unproven, with opposition elements in Germany exceedingly quiet but, nevertheless, still existent, the present moment offers a rare opportunity to strike at Nazi Germany and nip world anti-Semitism in the bud.

The history of international boycott indicates that boycotts usually die a natural death with the "petting out" of committees' energies and the flagging spirit of cooperative elements. Hence, in planning an anti-Nazi boycott, more reliance should be placed on a sudden decisive thrust than in a long-drawn-out movement.

Germany Faces A Crisis

Germany is destined to face an economic crisis at the height of the coming winter. Workers employed by the state re-employment departments in arbeitsdienstlagen (workers' camps) will not be able to pursue their occupations at developing roads, draining land, and, generally, working in the open. Farmers will be idle and their helpers laid off. Tobogganing with the normal winter slump in hundreds of seasonal occupations, the present downward trend of German exports will bring joblessness to thousands of persons now employed as factory hands and transportation workers.

To retain the support of their subjects the Nazi Government apparently considers the creation of an illusion of prosperity more important than food, housing, and other more palpable evidences of national recovery. Nazis are giving the people "rounded the corner" headlines in all German newspapers rather than the promised "arbeits und brot." If the German people ever awaken to the true facts of the situation (and they may when cold December winds blow) there will be a hot time in Berlin.

In an effort to stem the tide of unemployment the Nazi Government is attempting to raise money for the creation of jobs during the winter. But, in the meantime, Hitler is ballyhooing every actual spurt and advertising many other phases of

"recovery" which will not stand analysis.

Among the 'Re-employed'

Widely advertised is the Nazi assertion that since January 31 the number of employed in Germany has risen from 11,487,000 to approximately 13,500,000. The Nazi press carelessly neglects to explain that these figures are taken principally from dole statistics. When a man goes off the dole, he is considered one of the newly employed. Many Jews and anti-Nazis have gone off the dole and are still jobless, yet their names are added to the "re-employed."

Almost 300,000 of the "re-employed" have been put to work in state labor camps on salaries of less than \$3 per month. In glaring headlines the German press has been announcing that Koenigsberg and other districts are "free from unemployment!" This is ever so in these areas at harvest.

To impress the German people with the good work of the new government and the development of Germany's commerce, the German Statistical Office has announced that exports have increased in August seven percent over those of July and, substantially, in both imports and exports, over those of the previous August.

What the statistical office did not tell the German people was that of eight great powers Germany's exports decreased in August 16.1 percent below those of last year, that the loss is even greater considering the concessions being made by the government through cheap block marks and depreciated dollar bonds purchased abroad, that much of the export goods were sent out by Jews and "Marxists" intending to leave Germany who ordered that payment should be made to banks abroad, that the August record contains an accumulation of previous exports to Russia (which alone would bring the alleged export gain down to five percent), or that shipping has shown a decided decline over last year's figures (about 30 percent less passengers have travelled on German ships this year.)

What will the German people think of this Nazi deception, when they become aware of it? Airtight as is the Nazi dictatorship it seems improbable that all the people can be fooled all the time.

What Germany Faces

Striving to sell its goods abroad to meet the requirements of 9,000,000 Germans dependent for livelihood upon the export trade (which constitutes 35 percent of the nation's industry) the Nazi government is artificially lowering prices through block marks to overcome Japan's competition in the world market, the impoverishment of South American buyers, the depreciation of the dollar, the nationalization of European countries, and the repugnance of powers repelled by the Nazi treatment of Jews.

In lowering her prices Germany

must be exceedingly careful to keep inflation from raising its ugly head. With German money in circulation supported to only 11 percent of its value by gold and foreign money (about one-third of the amount generally considered ample security) inflation would be utterly disastrous. Once started on its downward path the Reichsmark would not stop until it had reached its 1922 level.

Lack of confidence in the Reichsmark was reflected in a recent experience of the writer. Three New York banks refused to change marks into dollars. "It's too risky," one cashier explained. "We might wake up tomorrow and find these Reichsmark bills not worth the paper they are printed on."

Economic experts in Berlin tell me that better informed Germans in increasing numbers are asking information about inflation-proof investments.

Despite additional taxation being imposed by the Nazi government, tax receipts continue to be far too low for Hitler to finance his ambitious public works program. Thousands of Germans are giving up their homes to rent apartments or houses, because property taxes are too high. An engineer in Berlin recently told me that of his 635 marks monthly salary, he is forced to pay 195 marks to the government in taxes.

Grab Opponents' Funds

To increase his party and government finances Herr Hitler has appropriated the funds of all opposition parties. Even the disbanded chest scout organization turned its boys over to the Hitler Youth movement. Many Jews, Socialists, and Communists have been forced into bankruptcy and their properties taken over by the Nazis. Despite the fact that they are barred from courts and hospitals, Jewish lawyers and doctors are forced to pay exorbitant professional taxes.

National lotteries have been instituted. "Spendes" (begging solicitations) have been instituted and carried out by burly brownshirts, who frequently coerce Germans, especially Jews, into dropping coins into their tin containers for unemployment funds, monuments for Nazis, and various other "causes."

Despite all these measures government receipts are entirely too low to meet Nazi expenditures. On June first one billion marks were borrowed from the Reichsbank. Finance Minister Luther did not approve of this loan on the grounds that it would weaken the bank and bring the country nearer to inflation. He was ousted and Dr. Schacht put in his office. From well informed sources it is learned that Schacht too is appalled at the economic situation of the country and discourages any further borrowing from the Reichsbank. Feder is more liberal and may succeed Dr. Schacht.

Forced Loans Approaching

With receipts from "spendes" and lotteries diminishing, the only solution to the Nazi economic problem

appears to be compulsory internal loans, which are being discussed quite seriously. If these fail to take care of Nazi financial objects there will be no alternative but inflation.

Many disgruntled elements continue to live in Germany, but they are forced to hide their discontent. With the rise of Hitler a certainty before the last election, the 53 percent of the voters who voted against the Nazi Party, it is logical to suppose, were quite decidedly anti-Nazi. In view of Hitler's failure to carry out any but the non-profitable racial clauses of his program, it is difficult to believe that many anti-Nazi factors at election time have changed their sentiments. In fact, one might be compelled to believe that Hitler's showing has lost him much support.

With a strong boycott intensifying the personal hardship of Germans during the coming winter crisis—intensifying it to such extent that even blind Germany must see beyond the prosperity headlines of the Nazi press—there is a strong possibility of a leader rising from the discontented masses to lead the people in a fight for freedom and better conditions.

The Hitlerian Crises

With government and Nazi Party funds bewilderingly confused, with joblessness and want a certainty during the coming winter, with Germany's banks and especially the Reichsbank too terrified to reject Nazi demands for money, with the Berlin boerose on the verge of collapse because of the reluctance of banks to support stock and bond issues, with millions of dollars being spent on uniforms, parades, and propaganda while many Germans go hungry, with the trade and debt future of Germany exceedingly bleak—even with all these factors tending to facilitate the overthrow of the Nazi government, it will still be a great task to oust Hitler from power.

Adolf Hitler, intuitively one of the keenest politicians Europe has seen in generations, is consolidating his position in no haphazard manner. Today he has almost succeeded in securing such a balance of power among the various elements of the Third Reich that rebellion by any faction would be checkmated promptly.

In Germany it is well known that with Nazi power assured the first opposition units to turn brown were the Reds. With Hitler's announcement a few weeks ago that "the Revolution Is Over," Communists in many parts of Germany took stock of their position. Their inventory revealed that Hitler and his immediate henchmen had bettered their position with jobs and power. But lowlier followers, who had made possible the success of the revolt, were still jobless with no tangible proof of the benefits of the Nazi revolt other than the acquiescence of the people and business. They were still without work and food.

Heines Beats Dissenters

Late in July there was heard a general grumbling throughout the Nazi party in Germany. It was made most manifest in Breslau, where Herr Edmund Heines, the massive, smiling Fehme murderer, is police president and head of the Nazi organization. With his two great hands Herr Heines thrashed dissenters behind locked doors and promptly discouraged discontent among his followers. Similar actions were taken in other parts of Germany. Many Communists were forced to discard their stormtroop brown for concentration camp gray. Since then grumbling is done in sotto voice.

There has developed, among the leaders of the Nazi Party a right and a left wing. Hitler, now faced with the responsibility of maintaining Germany's foreign relations and improving the industrial and social tendencies of the country, has shown tendencies characteristic of all revolutionary dictators in swinging to conservative policies. Less responsible and more maniacal leaders under him, however, are forcing the chancellor to hold to his drastic policies; and it is highly unlikely

(Continued on Page 7)

B'nai B'rith Lodges Open House in Drive Upon Anti-Semitism

Gentiles to Be Invited to Social Functions to Counteract Propaganda on Coast

By EUGENE B. BLOCK
(J.D.B. Special Correspondence)

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 28—A vast coast-wide program to combat anti-Semitic sentiment by welcoming non-Jews into the lodgerooms of the B'nai B'rith and illustrating what the order is doing in its various fields of endeavor has been undertaken by the General Committee of District Grand Lodge No. 4. The work is being mapped under the direction of Dr. Maurice Smith of Los Angeles, chairman of the new Good Will and Education Committee. Under this plan, a standardized schedule of cultural, intellectual and educational programs will be prepared, to be followed by the scores of subordinate lodges in the district. To these programs will be invited non-Jewish members of each community, as well as Jews not affiliated with the order.

"The purpose of the plan," says Edward A. Zeisler, executive director of District Grand Lodge No. 4, "is to combat the steadily increasing volume of anti-Semitic feeling that is making itself manifest in the West."

"Almost daily, I regret to say, reports reach us of some new expression of anti-Jewish feeling coming from some different locality in the district. It is to combat this that the general committee wants to open the doors of the lodgerooms to Gentiles and to show them the high type of cultural and educational work in which our order is engaged. Also it will serve to show Jewish non-members what we are doing and why they should affiliate."

One of the first features to be introduced into these programs will be presentation of a playlet, especially written for the purpose by Erma Lee Levinger, entitled, "Aims and Objects of the B'nai B'rith."

The programs under way will be offered as outlined throughout the jurisdiction of District No. 4, which embraces all of the territory in California, Oregon, Washington, British Columbia, Utah, Idaho, Montana and Nevada.

Jewish teachers in the public schools of San Francisco have been benefitted through a resolution adopted by the Board of Supervisors and introduced by Supervisor Jefferson E. Peyser. It provides that teachers absent from their classes on account of a religious holiday shall not suffer the loss of a full day's pay but only the amount required to be paid to a substitute teacher. The resolution applies to teachers absenting themselves during the high holy days.

The text of the resolution was agreed to at a conference between Supervisor Peyser and Mr. Zeisler, the executive director of District Grand Lodge No. 4 of the B'nai B'rith.

Mt. Neboh Sisterhood

The Sisterhood of Mt. Neboh Temple, 130 West 79th Street, will hold its first open meeting tomorrow afternoon at one-thirty in the Temple Vestry.

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Death of Arthur Seligman Robs His State Of Strong Fighter for Clean Government

New Mexico Governor Won Against State Machine; Faithful to Ideals

A mild manner man was Arthur Seligman, pioneer builder of his native state, New Mexico, one-time Mayor of one of its leading cities, Santa Fe, and since 1931 its Governor. His sudden and untimely death last Monday came as a shock to all who knew him.

Stately in appearance, democratic in demeanor, firm in his convictions, determined in his action, Seligman was not only New Mexico's favorite son, but also an exemplary figure in American civic and political life. His rise to the highest position of honor and responsibility in the State where he lived virtually all his life, the state to which he contributed so many lasting monuments, was reflective of the esteem in which he was held by his fellow citizens. Though always gentle, he invariably dealt emphatically with those who would practice abuse in public office. In the government of his state he had no time for those who would see in political activity an opportunity for personal gain. He viewed public service as a privilege coming with American citizenship and felt that every one should accept this service in the spirit of a sacred trust.

If he were to run a political campaign on a large scale, he once told this writer, he would do it along strictly educational lines. If the city or the state where he would be running for office would have a population of about two million, he would prepare a campaign budget on the assumption that it would cost him approximately 50 cents per person in order to bring home to each citizen the fundamental issues involved. Based on this figure, he would ask his constituency for an appropriation of \$1,000,000. This sum would be applied not for propaganda purposes as it is done in some places now, but for an educational program giving the voters an honest interpretation of the issues involved.

In this way, he felt, he would succeed in combating the efforts of the selfish politicians who are interested in greed only. It was by pursuing such a policy as this, he felt, he was able to achieve all that he did in a political way. The story of his career—how at the age of 12 or 15 he edited a newspaper, serving also as advertising and circulation manager; his clash with the Republican Party in his state and his ultimate triumph; his success in the field of clean government—is now a matter of public record. Suffice it to say that in his death the Demo-



Gov. ARTHUR SELIGMAN

cratic Party lost a pillar of strength in the South. So did clean government.

The history of the Seligman family is closely identified with the history of New Mexico. His uncle was among the first settlers and throughout his life was one of its most respected citizens. As a lad Arthur came to Philadelphia where he pursued commercial studies at the Pierce School and received his general education at Swarthmore College, adjoining Philadelphia. In Philadelphia his sister, Mrs. Eva Cohen, and other members of the family have lived for many years. Whenever he came North, invariably he spent some time in Philadelphia where he had a large number of friends.

Though distant from Jewish communal life, Seligman always evinced a deep interest in the affairs of his people. He kept in touch with Jewish activity and co-operated in many causes. There are only a handful of Jews in New Mexico, yet when he was candidate for the office of governor he had the Ku-Klux-Klan to deal with. These conducted a whispering campaign against him. This was his first encounter with anti-Semitism and upset him quite a bit. However, his standing in the community and his splendid record of achievement were too much for the Kluxers. His election—the first Jew to hold that office in New Mexico—also helped to crush the Kluxers in the State. His sudden death last Monday is a distinct loss for he was a credit to his country and his people.

Activities of the American Jewish Woman

School for Jewish Women

The special mission of the Jewish woman in America is to educate the future generations for Judaism, according to Dr. Trude Weiss-Rosmarin, director of the School for the Jewish Woman which is to open on October 15 under the auspices of the New York Chapter of Hadassah. For the most part, states Dr. Rosmarin, the American Jewish woman is not prepared to give her children a background of Jewish affairs because she herself has not been given suitable Jewish educational facilities. It is hoped that the School for the Jewish Woman will supply that need and eventually develop into an Institute of Higher Jewish Learning adapted to the needs of the Jewish Woman. The school which is located at 125 East 85th Street is open to every Jewish woman.

Hadassah in Canada

The Hadassah organization of Canada will open its activities with a dominion-wide membership campaign to enroll every Jewish woman in Canada under the Hadassah banner. The campaign will be under

the direction of Mrs. Rose Rady of Winnipeg, dominion chairman of the Hadassah through the national headquarters in Montreal. Of the members enrolled during the drive which will terminate on December 1, one will be chosen to visit Palestine this year as a guest of the Canadian Hadassah.

National Council of Jewish Women

Representatives of the National Council of Jewish Women will attend the annual meeting of the National Council for the Prevention of War, which will be held in Washington, today and tomorrow. Miss Cecilia Razovsky, Field Counsellor of the National Council of Jewish Women, will participate in the program of the annual conference of the National Catholic Charities which will be held in New York City on October 2 and 3. Miss Razovsky will discuss "Citizenship and Family Reconstruction."

Borough Park Junior Hadassah

The Junior Hadassah unit of Borough Park will hold its first general meeting tomorrow night at the Young Israel Synagogue, 1363 - 50th Street.

300 Enrol in Jewish Institute in Chicago

Establishment Seeks to Add 200 to Rolls and Raise Fund of \$100,000

(J.D.B. Special Correspondence)

CHICAGO, Sept. 28—Three hundred students have registered in the Junior College of the Jewish People's Institute, which opened here this week. It is the only accredited junior college maintained by a Jewish institution in the United States and is a member of the North Central Association of Secondary Schools and Colleges.

The closing of the Crane Junior College by the Board of Education as an economy measure makes this Institution indispensable in the city especially since the demand for its facilities has so markedly increased.

Philip L. Seman, general director of the Institute, said that he foresees an enrollment between 400 and 500. The new educational unit was praised by teachers and professors of universities in Chicago and the Middle West.

The Institute has inaugurated a drive for membership and seeks to raise the sum of \$100,000 to care for persons under its supervision.

Gustav Hochstadter, for sixteen years a director of the Institute, heads the committee in charge of the drive. Associate chairmen include Charles Aaron, James Davis, Mrs. Walter E. Heller, Edward A. Jandorf, M. L. Oppenheimer and Edward A. Weil. Assisting Mr. Hochstadter and the committee is the director of campaigns of the Jewish Welfare Board.

Jewish Institute of Religion Opening Exercises Monday

The opening exercises of the twelfth year of the Jewish Institute of Religion will be held Monday evening in the institute's chapel. Following the practice of dealing with some major problem in the work of the rabbi, the program of the exercises will deal this year with the subject of Jewish education and the work of the rabbi as educator. Dr. Alexander Dushkin, executive director of the Chicago Board of Jewish Education, has been invited by the Institute to present his views. He will be introduced by Judge Julian W. Mack, chairman of the board of trustees. Dr. Stephen S. Wise, president of the Institute, will outline the program of the Institute for the year and Dr. Harry S. Lewis, chaplain, will conduct the evening service to be held in connection with the exercises.

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Varied Life Of U. S. Jewry Told In Late Despatches

Hitler Is Not German, Flyer, Footballer, Weinberg Gets Ready For Action as Duquesne's Right Guard

Schopp, Leader of German Community There, Foresees Nazis Bringing Evil to Reich

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

DETROIT, Sept. 28—The attitude of German-Americans on the rule of the Nazis and the anti-Semitic campaign conducted by the Hitlerites is revealed in a statement made to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency correspondent in Detroit by Frederick A. Schopp, one of the leading members of the German colony here. Mr. Schopp, who is known as a liberal and who is a prominent attorney here, made this statement:

"Of course, all Americans of German extraction are not anti-Jewish. Personally, I have no race prejudice, and hope I shall never have. I hope to live amicably with my fellow man, regardless of race, color or creed. Prejudice of race and of religion is an evil which the human race has unfortunately not yet eliminated."

"I have followed the events in Germany with great misgivings and those who are persecuted have my sympathy. The burning of books, the throttling of the press, the denial of freedom of expression, the establishment of concentration camps, the suicides, the shooting of those 'attempting to escape', the holding of hostages, the censorship, the regimentation and robotizing of a nation, are entirely foreign to my nature. Moreover, if I have read history correctly, they will bring forth more evils than they are intended to eradicate."

"Life is hard enough and difficult enough for most of us, without adding such unnecessary hardships."

"For more than fifteen years the German people have suffered. For a decade and a half they have suffered a hundredfold what we have had a taste of in the past three years—poverty, hunger, distress. It has had a most demoralizing effect. Which ever way they turned, there was no escape, no help, and not even any sympathy. In that desperate condition they turned toward Hitler."

"Herr Hitler is not German. That this is so is apparent from the fact that nearly all German sources of news deny the accusations and charges of cruelty, either against the Jews or against others who are persecuted because of their political views and affiliations. If these persecutions are taking place, they are taking place without the knowledge of the great mass of the German people. Please bear in mind that I am not excusing in the least any such acts, but what I am trying to point out is that the great bulk of the German people are still human and civilized."

"I listened to the speech of Mr. Untermeyer over the radio [the speech delivered Sunday evening, August 27 from Youngstown]. He spoke with a depth of feeling that I can easily understand. He advocated the boycott with all his might. I hope you do not consider it presumptuous on my part to inject my views on what is purely a question of Jewish policy. It is a problem that you must solve, and the course of action you pursue must be one that suits your temperament and condition."

"I happen to be president of the Detroit Socialer Turnverein, probably the largest German-American organization in Detroit. You will find a Turnverein in every large city of the union. At our national convention held last June, we went on record in no uncertain terms, condemning the Hitler government. I have personally gone on record to the same effect, and have received in consequence letters from the followers of Hitler condemning me as a traitor and a lot of other things."

"This is a tragedy. A tragedy for the Jews, a greater tragedy for Germany, and a much greater tragedy still for the cause of tolerance."



Licensed Commercial Pilot Is Looked Upon by College Coach as the "Right" Man for Post—Has Worked as Life Guard, Camp Counselor—To Teach After Graduation

(J.D.B. Special Correspondence)

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 29—Elmer Layden, the former fullback of the Four Horsemen of Notre Dame, believes he has the "right" guard in Henry Weinberg, his right guard for 1933. And that is saying a lot since the Duquesne University football schedule which Head Coach Layden is facing this season, and which he has started successfully, requires the right man for the right spot.

Weinberg is not only a successful football player for the Dukes but is one of the most active and most popular men on the campus. He is a senior in the school of education and intends to teach and coach after his graduation in June, 1934.

The Duke guard, is a busier man in his summer vacation period than he is during the two semesters of each college year—and these are crammed with action from September until June. During the summer just past as he was preparing to do his guarding act for the Night Riders he not only sought a berth with Uncle Sam's mail service, intending to fly the Pittsburgh-Cleveland route—but worked as well for his brother in Weinberg frere's New Public Meat Market in Uniontown, Pa., coming into Pittsburgh each afternoon to take physical education as well.

The mail flying job did not pan out, although Henry is a licensed commercial pilot, having gained his license at the Greensburg airport. So Henry Weinberg did his "charging" to the customers, his blocking and taking out on the meat which was purveyed in the market.

Weinberg played four years of high school football, basketball, track and participated in amateur boxing at the Mr. Pleasant, Pa., high school where he lived with his parents. He captained the football team during his last year in high school, graduating in June 1930. That fall he entered Duquesne University and made the freshman squad.

During his summer vacations he has worked as a life guard at swimming pools, as a counselor at summer camps, and hopes to run his own camp for boys in the summer

of 1934 after he has been graduated from Duquesne University.

In the spring of 1933 he was elected president of the Phi Alpha fraternity, national Jewish organization. He was also elected last spring to the presidency of the campus interfraternity council.

Canada Blue Shirts Not Anti-Semitic

Element, Leader, Says Organization Does Not Oppose Any Nationality

By PHILIP SLOMOWITZ

(J.D.B. Special Correspondence)

WINDSOR, Ont., Sept. 28—James Element, president of the Blue Shirts of Canada, recently organized with headquarters on East Wyandotte Street, Windsor, informed the Jewish Daily Bulletin correspondent today that his organization has no prejudices against Jews.

Quoting a paragraph from the platform of the Blue Shirts, which states: "We make no discrimination against any nationality, creed or color," Mr. Element said that all are welcome to join the organization for the prime object "to preserve law and order in the Dominion of Canada."

"This part of our platform should answer your query as to our attitude toward Jews," he added. "Also, I wish to add that we are not affiliated with the Brown Shirts of Germany. In fact, we are not affiliated with any other organization existing in Canada or elsewhere."

"We wish to assure you that our organization is not anti-Jewish or against any other nationality. Our one aim is to relieve the present conditions and to advance the welfare and well-being of all."

David A. Croll, mayor of Windsor, told this correspondent that no one in Windsor is alarmed over the formation of the Blue Shirts. He expressed the belief that it is not only not anti-Semitic, but is not anti anything.

Unit of Silver Shirts Disturbs Bostonians

Mass. Branch Rumored to Be Splitting; Papers Feature Its Anti-Semitic Tirades

(J.D.B. Special Correspondence)

BOSTON, Sept. 29—The Jewish community here has become somewhat concerned over reports that the Silver Shirt organization is spreading anti-Jewish propaganda in this vicinity.

Under the leadership of William Dudley Pelley, who formerly hailed from the suburb of Lynn, the Silver Shirts are engaging in violent tirades against the Jews in this country. Newspapers here have been featuring their activities with banner headlines. According to reports, the organization is split into two opposing factions, one led by Pelley and the other by Arthur Ajax, self-styled "Provost State Commandant for Massachusetts."

There is prevailing in Boston and suburban communities a concerted distrust of the organization as an offshoot of the Hitler movement, by which it is believed to be supported.

Judge Jacob J. Kaplan, outstanding public leader here, who is the former law partner of Justice Brandeis, of the United States Supreme Court, issued a statement yesterday in which the recent statement of Dean Holmes of Harvard lauding "certain elements in the Nazi program", is attacked. The Dean has since published a communication to the public in which he denounces religious intolerance as practiced in Germany. He said that a newspaper man had neglected to publish his interview in toto, with the result that there was considerable misunderstanding. He insisted nevertheless that many of Hitler's policies are "reasonable."

The Rev. Dr. Azariah F. Reimer, pastor of the Tremont Street Methodist Church, in a sermon which attracted much attention locally, bitterly condemned those whom he called "guilty of Jew-baiting." He said that Hitlerism is a "vicious reversion to medieval barbarism." He also assailed Dean Holmes, of Harvard.

Jewish Dramatic Studio Opens Season in Pittsburgh

(J.D.B. Special Correspondence)
PITTSBURGH, Sept. 28 — The Jewish Dramatic Studio, the purpose of which is to study the modern Jewish stage and literature, is entering on its tenth season of activity. The three plays scheduled for production are: "The Poor Kingdom" by Leivick; "The Leftovers" by Jean Ross, and "Riverside Drive", by Leo Kobrin. The group also plans to put on several one-act plays.

The Irene Kaufman Settlement, one of the best equipped settlement houses in the country, is now planning its fall schedule. According to Mrs. Perlow, head of the music division, the plans for the coming season include a toy symphony for children up to 7 years of age.

B'nai B'rith to Celebrate 90th Anniversary Nov. 12

A banquet celebrating the ninetyeth anniversary of the founding of B'nai B'rith, oldest Jewish organization of its kind in the world, will be held Sunday, November 12, at the Roosevelt Hotel, by the New York Lodge No. 1, it is announced by Hermann Epstein, secretary of the Lodge. The affair will conclude a program that is planned during the week of the 5th of November.

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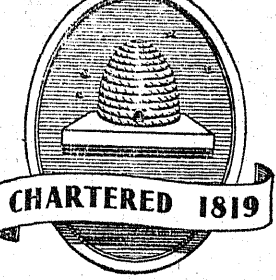
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Sherwood Eddy Summarizes Nazi Peril

Observer Describes Hitler Dictatorship As Most Implacable

Traces His Rise to Power to Punitive Clauses of "Ruthless" Versailles Treaty

REICH PEACE THREAT

Tells of Hounding of Jews, Denials of Life, Outlines Military Power Sources

By SHERWOOD EDDY

Of all the countries of Europe I visited this year Germany is the most amazing, the most dramatic, the most unbelievable. Here in the twentieth century among this highly educated, disciplined and civilized people we are witnessing a dictatorship which is at the moment more ruthless, more barbarous and relentless than any in the world. There exists an implacable persecution or slow strangulation of Jews, Socialists, Communists, and often even of liberals. It is to be feared that Christians in this very land of Luther, who stand for complete freedom of conscience and spiritual autonomy of the Church, will be in danger of the conquest and prostitution of religion by the State as under Constantine in Rome. With its frozen terror, implacable hatred and savage atrocities, of which the half has not yet been told, I found the situation even worse than I had feared.

To realize how it is possible in our day that this unbelievable situation can have developed among this great people, we must look back for its sources to the punitive terms of the ruthless Versailles Treaty, the relentless collection of reparations by the Allies and debts by the United States beyond the limit of human endurance, the failure of the Social Democrats and the liberals of the Weimar Republic to give an honest, enlightened and bold administration, and the inevitable consequent rebirth and rise of nationalism and militarism in Germany, at which psychological moment came the flattering promise of deliverance to a long suffering people by a seemingly messianic figure rising in a messianic setting—Adolf Hitler.

Six Blows Aimed at Germany

Such a figure and such a movement would be impossible against the background of liberty in Anglo-Saxon America or Great Britain. But we must remember that Germany was shell-shocked by six successive blows or catastrophes: (1) the exhaustion of the World War in which Germany fought almost to a draw the nearly thirty nations arrayed against her; (2) the collapse of defeat, the impossible terms of the Versailles Treaty, the endless burden of disheartening reparations, the humiliation of the occupation of the Ruhr and Rhineland; (3) the Spartacist revolution and civil war in 1918 when some 150,000 were killed and the nation terrorized; (4) the inflation which swept through the country like a blizzard and wiped out the frugal middle class; (5) the world economic crisis which left this country with six millions, or one-third of its workers, unemployed, and with a dangerously lowered standard of living, with wages of often only ten marks or less than three dollars a week; and finally (6) the political crisis as seen in the failure and breakdown of parliamentary government, with its forty-two ineffectual competitive parties, just when a dictator was arising who promised to unite and deliver a crushed people. Hitlerism thus became not only possible but almost inevitable as an antitoxin to the poison of defeatism and despair for a disarmed Germany, hopeless and humiliated among her eleven armed neighbors and the Allied powers.

For her weal or woe in the crises of her history four men have transformed or molded modern Germany. Each was in part a creator, but to a greater extent the product of the movement of his time—Luther, the

SHERWOOD EDDY



Man of letters, humanitarian, philosopher, Sherwood Eddy, who has been called "the bold and beloved knight", was born sixty-three years ago in Kansas and received his education at Yale University and the Princeton and Union Theological Seminaries. For fifteen years he was Y. M. C. A. secretary in India where he had gone in 1896 at his own expense.

His young manhood was spent in the Orient in the service of the British Army, the United States Army and in China, where he battled the growing Communist Party at the behest of the government. At the age of 60 he retired from the Y. M. C. A., concentrating his efforts on the establishment of good will and peace among nations. He is the author of many volumes, including "The World's Danger Zone", "The Challenge of Russia", "The Challenge of Europe", etc.

One of the outstanding of Mr. Eddy's more recent activities has been to conduct annually excursions abroad of members of the clergy, literary and educational leaders. The group, which is called the American Seminar, makes intensive studies of foreign nations and conditions prevailing abroad. His personal acquaintance with Prime Minister Ramsay MacDonald, George Bernard Shaw, Albert Einstein, Mahatma Gandhi, Kagawa of Japan, former President Chiang Kai-shek of China and other world leaders, makes the work of the Seminar of exceptional interest.

A dinner in honor of Mr. Eddy will be given October 17 at the Hotel Commodore. The committee of arrangements consists of Frank A. Weil, James Marshall, Joseph Proskauer, James N. Rosenberg, Dr. Nathan Ratnoff and Dr. Emanuel Libman.

reformer: Frederick the Great, the soldier; Bismarck, the statesman; and last and least of all, Hitler, the dictator, strangely enough wielding a power at the moment greater by far than any of the others. He has risen to rule within a decade, chiefly through constitutional means through many elections. Rising from a party with but seven members he has gained the vote of over seventeen millions, and would now capture probably eighty percent of the electorate.

Without Political Sagacity

Yet he rules by arbitrary decrees, and so long as he does not in name abolish the Reichstag and the Presidency, he can alter the present unwritten constitution of Germany at will, without consultation, and is actually doing so from day to day even more swiftly than Soviet Russia or Fascist Italy introduced their revolutionary changes, and without as much political sagacity.

Adolf Hitler is described, even by

many of his enemies in Germany, as simple, honest, patriotic, Puritan, intensely nationalistic and slightly socialistic. He seems to be emotional and pathological, but with shrewd peasant common sense. He is Germany's first orator and publicity expert, not in the land of William Jennings Bryan, "Big Bill" Thompson, Huey Long and Amy Semple McPherson, but in this country of silent scientists, impractical philosophers and goosestepping militarists. He has a magnetic personality, power over men, the ability to surround himself not with a brain trust but with strong-arm lieutenants and to dramatize himself as a messianic deliverer. Unlike Stalin or Mussolini he avoids making decisions; he is easily influenced and is surrounded by a camarilla of his followers who seek to isolate and control him. Most of them are enthusiastic but inexperienced young men, unacquainted with the rest of the world.

The situation in Germany is not yet crystallized and clear as in Italy or Russia, but is still fluid and chaotic. The Nazi Party, with its some three million members, seeks to unite the hundred million Germans, sixty-five million within and thirty-five million without the nation's boundaries, to abrogate the Treaty of Versailles which fixes the present map of Europe, to seek equality of armaments and to regain all of the lost autonomy, territory and glory of Germany. And all this on the part of a nation politically inept and psychologically blind, which, along with the rest, played its full part in dragging the world into the war in 1914.

Nucleus of a Vast Army

Although not armed like France and her neighbors, and although desiring a breathing spell of "peace" for a decade, Germany has a military spirit and forces that are considerable, a remarkable army of 100,000, an efficient police of 160,000, some 800,000 of Hitler's Brown Shirts, over 100,000 of his aristocratic Black Shirts, 400,000 Steel Helmets, and nearly a million enthusiasts in his youth movement.

I found upon arrival in Germany this past summer that almost all liberty of the press, of speech, of assembly or association had been swept away. Although they are kept secret as far as possible, atrocities are occurring. By a ruthlessly controlled press the people are being kept in ignorance of what is going on in the outside world and even in Germany itself. At a reception given to our party by the Karl Schurz Society in Berlin, I felt under obligation to tell the Germans who were present, and the Nazis in particular, the facts as we saw them. I gladly admitted every sign of progress or achievement of the new Germany. There is undeniably a new national unity, a new enthusiasm, a virile youth movement, a new spirit of hope and self-help, and the claim of the beginning of economic recovery.

Denial of Liberty, Justice

But I confessed that we were filled with uneasiness, misapprehension and fear for Germany today at three points (1) The denial of impartial justice. We asked: "Are you giving impartial justice for all or merely class or racial justice for Nordics and favored Aryans? Have you given justice to the Social Democrats, to the despised Communists, to the Jews, to the liberals?"

(2) The denial of liberty. Again we demanded: "Have you given liberty of thought, of conscience, of speech, of the press, of association? The Archbishop of Canterbury presided at a mass meeting of unanimous protest against Germany's treatment of these groups and classes. But was it published in your press? Columns of 'self criticism' are welcomed in the press of Russia by laboring men. But if you hold criticism to be treason and confine the press to the official propaganda of one party alone, you will never know what is going on in the rest of the world, nor even in Germany itself. Only today here in Berlin your own people have come to us and asked us to tell them what is going on here in their own country.

Your official declaration has called for 'the humane extermination of the Jews.'

"Here in your daily paper of yesterday is an article on 'Why the Influence of Judaism Must Be Broken.' Here is a textbook used in your schools where hatred and contempt for this great race is being instilled into the children of Germany. I have listened to your orators preaching a flaming hatred of Jews which might logically have incited their hearers to pogroms. I am not now speaking of atrocities which occur in all wars and in the beginning of all revolutions. What is much more serious is the economic elimination of this despairing people. I had hoped to find that there was no longer persecution of the Jews. Instead I have learned from many reliable witnesses, both Jew and Gentile, that the fate of the Jews is becoming increasingly more helpless. My friends, you cannot deny or defend the sad state of all these groups and classes and races who differ from you."

World Opinion Against Her

(3) The denial of certain moral and economic principles upon which for centuries the progress of the human race has been founded. If there is economic failure within and if there are wrong international relationships without, Germany cannot succeed with world public opinion growingly against her.

Space, as well as the personal safety of many individual witnesses whose liberty or lives are in danger, forbids the giving of a detailed narrative of undoubted atrocities, some of which still continue, of ruthless concentration camps with perhaps a hundred thousand inmates, of the persecution and economic strangulation of the Jewish people, of the extermination or imprisonment of radicals and often of liberals, and of the many emigrés who have escaped out of Germany and whom I have interviewed in other countries. But the number of witnesses is legion, the facts are undoubted and cannot successfully be denied by the present German Government.

Austria is at the moment threatened with a rising tide of Hitler's National Socialism, though the party is outlawed and driven underground here. There are three contending parties in Austria: (1) The Socialists, who after making Vienna the model city of the world in housing, health, social welfare and education, have lost power and are now witnessing the conflict between the two dominant parties. (2) Prime Minister Dollfuss, the diminutive "pocket chancellor", a courageous peasant nationalist with a minority government, is now ruling by dictatorial decrees. He has the support

of his fellow conservative Roman Catholic peasants, of members of the older generation who still believe in the mission and glory of Austrian culture, and of the Jews, with their wealth, influence and intelligence who, naturally, do not wish to be slaughtered or starved by the Nazis.

As a Lesser Evil

In part he has the support of the Socialists who regard Dollfuss as "a little Hitler", though the lesser of two evils, but who are not being won to enthusiastic loyalty by a

(Continued on Page 10)

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The Human Touch

By HARRY SALPETER

The Old Lion's Whine

IT WAS sad enough to know that the great Gerhart Hauptmann could not, or would not, lift his voice against that long series of Nazi persecutions and spitefulnesses which justified H. G. Wells in his brilliant summary of the Nazi movement as "a lout's revolution against civilization." So long as the greatest literary figure Aryan Germany had produced and once one of its most courageous voices said nothing, it was charitable to assume that



Harry Salpeter

the old man, the ex-Titan, could not risk his security, or peace of mind, by a gesture of courage. Young men are always asking old soldiers to come out and fight again and old soldiers, remembering all the battles they have fought and won, hesitate to slough off their easy way of life and put on armor and run another risk. Besides, there is a good deal of the actor, the self-exhibitionist, in an ex-Titan like Gerhart Hauptmann and he might have spoken out against the banishment of the regisseurs, the publishers and the critics, many of them non-Aryans, to whom his plays and his novels have owed so much. He might have spoken out against the book-burnings which consumed, only symbolically, the works of better men than he is today. He might have, perhaps, but the actor who speaks out does not care to speak out in a vacuum, does not make the gesture except in anticipation of applause and tumultuous agreement. But where in Germany could the Hauptmann of the eighteen-nineties have found such an audience, in 1933? In concentration camps, or scattered among the refugees in the border nations, or silent and fearful within Germany, but with more reason for silence and fear than has the ex-Titan. The fact is that in late years Gerhart Hauptmann has been playing the part of a tin Goethe, the navel-contemplating center of a cult every word of whose speech was to be treasured up, and I do not think that at his age, spoiled old darling that he is, he could adjust himself to the new position of speaking out words of the kind that it would be troublesome or traitorous for disciples remaining in Germany to take down. Now his old friends, thinking charitably of his age and how flabby his tissues have become through good living and his mind warped by the worshipful salaaming of his disciples, might have forgiven him for silence.

Indeed, one might even, in the return of a happy time, have forgotten that once he failed in courage. But one cannot forget that Gerhart Hauptmann—the Gerhart Hauptmann—has dimmed his rebellious glory by joining in the Hitler salute. To uplift the arm and say "Heil Hitler" is not necessarily a motion that is engraved forever, but Hauptmann, the Hauptmann, has composed a prologue for a celebration in honor of Horst Wessel, the "poet" of the Nazis who wrote the foul verses to which a Jew-hating nation

now marches. Did you have to do it, Herr Hauptmann?

Once upon a time you were strong and lovers of liberty the world over gloried in your strength and helped carry the good news of your life and work to the four corners of the earth. Max Reinhardt, the Jew, lavished upon your work his knowledge and sense of the theatre. Alfred Kerr, the German Jew, and Ludwig Lewisohn, the American Jew, worked mightily to spread knowledge and understanding of your work. B. W. Huebsch, the American-Jewish publisher, risked a great deal to bring out translations of your works, and Jews have been among the most whole-hearted admirers of your work. Lovers of liberty gloried in your strength when your play of the bloody forties, "The Weavers", was produced and it was heartening to know that the Kaiser had the lease of his box in the Deutsches Theatre cancelled because of the revolutionary nature of your plays. It was even good to know that that dotard of Doorn had once forbidden the award to you of an important prize for literature because of the rebel nature of your plays, but that did not prevent you from winning the Nobel prize. And it was good to know that your Festival Play, which was produced in Breslau in 1913, earned the Crown Prince's displeasure because it was a play of peace.

Once upon a time you sounded the rebel horn in literature; your novels and your plays were variations on the theme of the right of the individual to life and happiness. Your lovely "Sunken Bell" was the sounding of such a theme, and so was your idyllic novel, "The Heretic of Soana." Do you recall how much talk there was of you as the future President of the German Republic, and you had to silence that talk because, as I recall, you said you had no gift for politics? But none the less, although you did not become the President of the German Republic, the Germans looked toward you with respect and admiration as a leader and an inspiration. German Labor paid you its obeisance. But when appeals were directed at you from Austria and Czechoslovakia to speak up, as one whose voice and will were still strong, you forgot all about the position you had made for yourself in the hearts of the German people and you forgot also what you

had said about the gift of the German people for democracy. If you, in your Silesian castle, fear to speak out, how shall the poor German in his hovel draw courage? Must you yourself prove that the gift of the German people is neither for courage nor democracy? Or are you biding your time?

You are a big man, Gerhart Hauptmann, but you are big enough for prosperity and adulation, not for adversity and the fear of criticism. Once upon a time—do you remember?—you wrote a play (I forget the name) largely to pass the lie to a critic who had accused you of being limited in your scope, or lacking the historical sense. But now, when men and women are saying, "Ah, Hauptmann has lost his old courage", you dare not do or say that which would disprove their lack of faith in you. The Nazis will use you, but they cannot honor you. They have renamed for a Fehme murderer that street in Breslau which once bore your own once-esteemed name. No

Germany Totters on Verge of Inflation

(Continued from Page 3)

that the Fuhrer will be able to let down on his expressed militant and racial aims.

He Rules by Dividing

To insure himself of supreme power, the cagey Hitler has made distinct groups of his youth, his stormtroops, his civil service, his church bodies, his police, his national army, the Junkers (landed nobility), his labor front, and his staff of industrial barons. With dissension from any one of these groups the balance could immediately be brought into play for the supreme leader, under whose direct control they operate.

Hitler's persistence in pressing the Vatican for a new concordat which is more liberal by far than previous treaties and more generous than Hitler normally would care to grant, is regarded as a move on the part of the chancellor to secure the support of Germany's Roman Catholics, who have acted in years past as a large well-coordinated political bloc.

While Hitler's maneuvers in dividing the various forces of his country may be regarded as a move to strengthen his own position at the head of German affairs, it is also an expression of uneasiness.

act of your's now can erase the sense of contempt with which the Nazis may use your name and your verses. The Nazis know enough to despise those who make a coward's peace with them. You have written a prologue to a celebration honoring Horst Wessel. There is still time and opportunity to write a better epilogue.

Czech Shoe Firm to Open Cairo Branch Factory

(J.D.B. Special Correspondence)

CAIRO—The Cairo newspapers are carrying reports that the Bata Shoe Company of Zlin, Czechoslovakia, is planning to establish a large factory here.

A number of youths from the Coptic Orphanage are said to have been sent from Cairo to Zlin in order to study the latest manufacturing methods.

Latvian Jews Barred from Gov't and City Positions, Says Riga "Frimorgen"

(J.T.A. Special Correspondence)

RIGA, Latvia, Sept. 12—Jews are practically barred from government and municipal posts while constituencies of other nations, including Germany and Russia, are holding positions in the municipal tramways, water works and other city-owned enterprises here, according to the Riga "Frimorgen". The newspaper declares that among several thousand employees there are but six Jews.

There is no justification for this discrimination, continues the "Frimorgen", which demands that equal opportunity be given Jewish intellectuals who have been hard hit by the economic crisis.

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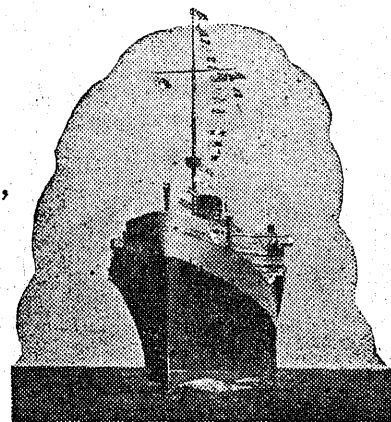
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What Happened in
By Ha

I WONDER how many people happened in Germany just justice, the circumstances were late and the conditions of co generals, dictated Germany's in Germany during the autumn in the postscript to his "The main", "though historically so people, or, at best, the men beneath a steady accumulation I have attempted to give weeks during which the four existence after the war."

Plivier, whose previous work "The Kaiser's Coolies", elicited much favorable comment, writes his history with a touch of fiction and with an attempt to give us the feel of the social fabric by using specimens of the common people, so diers, sailors, women on food line and of course many revolutionaries Reichstag deputies, Cabinet members and various aides-de-camps, with their proper names, their proper (or improper) actions portrayed, their words quoted and their intentions clarified. This is History brightened by the dramatic sense of a man who feels the throb of events. "The Kaiser Goes: The Generals Remain" tells us why the Kaiser had to abdicate, why the German armies had to have an Armistice, at almost any price, by what methods the Social Democrats took control of the Communist revolution, regularized it and broke its impulse on the wheels of Parliamentarianism.

Mr. Plivier's book—which is published by the Macmillan Company in a capable translation by A. W. Wheen—authoritatively corrects some of the Nazi legends about the War and the Armistice; the legend of victorious German armies being stabbed in the back by Social Democratic traitors and thus forced to accept an Armistice. Mr. Plivier makes it plain that if the Social Democrats—especially such as Ebert and Noske—were traitors they were traitors not to their Emperor, or to Hindenburg or Ludendorff, but to the Independent Socialists and the Communists who had, with almost no organization, taken over the whole of the seacoast and were carrying the revolution through the interior. Mr. Plivier lets us see by what process Ebert saved the Reich from the Red Revolution, by summoning the very generals who were, to the radicals, the symbols of Reaction. Ebert's contribution as an enemy of Revolution seems to have been so generally recognized that even the Nazis have been made a bit uneasy and the Berlin street honoring him was one of the last of which the Nazis changed the name.

Mr. Plivier paints for us a Germany exhausted in its civilian population, weary to death in its military, discouraged in its generals, stupidly ignorant in the Kaiser and his lickspittles, flaming red in its revolutionaries and treacherous in its Social Democrats. The revolution seems to have been initiated, without guidance or leadership, in the stokeholds and forecastles of the warships that steamed out of Kiel to engage the English fleet—an almost suicidal effort on the part of the German High Command to rally the people behind the "last effort." From the individual ships which raised the red flag, the revolt spread to the land, liberated the tens of thousands of political prisoners, spread to such towns as Hamburg, forced the abdication of the Duke of Brunswick and moved on into Berlin, while a Kaiser was still debating with his generals the advisability of leading an army the temper of which he was ignorant, against the rebels.

The Nazis may sneer at Mr. Plivier's book, but the worst is, that

in a convincing dissertation which was written in partial fulfillment of the requirements for his doctor's degree at Teachers College, entitled "Judaism in a Changing Civilization" (New York: Teachers College Publications, 213 pp., 1933), attempts to explain coherently the current theories of Jewish survival and their implications for Jewish education. Dr. Dinin announces that this volume is a condensation of a great amount of material which he gathered for his thesis. It will be followed later, he says, by subsequent work "analyzing democracy and the place of minority groups in a democracy."

The first five parts of his work which are included in this volume treat first, the reason for Jewish survival in the Diaspora; second, the religionist theories of Jewish survival held by Orthodox, Reform and Conservative groups; third, the Nationalist theories of Jewish survival, particularly those of the Spiritual Zionists, the Anti-Diaspora Jews, and the Galut Nationalists; fourth, the theories of Jewish survival held by the different labor and economic groups; fifth, the theory of survival held by the Reconstructionists.

Dr. Dinin's work is exhaustive and scholarly, his style lucid and interesting. There is a warmth of feeling that the reader feels in cursory reading, prevailing throughout the volume. Opinions there are in plenty but they are not the hasty, uncalculated prejudices or the trite, brittle views of a careless investigator.

He writes:

"Now that religion is losing its power as a national solidifier, cultural bonds must be substituted. Language is the soul as well as the soil of culture . . . the means of communication. Yiddish must assume the role once held by religion."

However violent your disagreement, the matter is food for reflection. What will then happen to Judaism as we know it today? What will then happen to the old forms? What will the new forms be like?

Dr. Dinin holds that Judaism will have to undergo a "national-poetic rebirth" if it is to survive in modern times. "Many of the old forms," he writes, "can be retained, but they will have to be clothed with a new content. Judaism too, like all religions, has its holy persons—temples, hills, vales, streams, trees; its ceremonial—phylacteries and scrolls of law . . . they still have a magnetic power over the soul of a truly religious person. . . . We must strip the customs and folkways of their thaumaturgic qualities . . . we must

to the death of Sime Silverman must be puzzling. He was not a man who could be found waiting for the spotlight to pick him up. Yet to the theatrical world he was all-powerful and typified everything that they believed a man should be. He ruled not because he wanted to but because he had that rare quality—understanding of the other fellow's troubles.

The thought of death is especially terrifying to the confirmed Broadwayite. It is the only thing he can't patronize or alibi away. With a reputation for being hard-boiled the Broadwayite is the most sentimental and maudlin of men. The death of Sime Silverman was like a clanging signal for the boys to let go and they did with a eulogistic outburst that would have made a living Sime Silverman squirm with discomfort.

Sime Silverman was important because he refused to be blinded by the Broadway "front." He knew what went on behind the glitter and he understood it. * * *

At Washington, D.C., a few weeks ago a meeting of theatrical people was held before an official who is Jewish. Most of the men present were also of that faith. When time to adjourn for the day came, the official announced that the next conference would take place on Thursday, September 21. Everyone nodded until Pat Casey, an Irishman, and one of the industry's best known figures, got up and said, "Mr. Commissioner, we can't meet next Thursday; it is Rosh Hashonah." The Commissioner agreed to a further postponement. * * *

The publishing business has felt a noticeable improvement in the past few months. Titles that were creeping in with sales records of five or less copies are now becoming rarer. Minimum sales have increased. . . . Many authors claim that they do not care what critics say about their books and that they never read reviews of the opus in print. Without knowing what has been said about their books they seem to have a second sight because invariably, if the reviews are unfavorable, they curse the critics. . . .

transform . . . we must discard . . . we must cleanse."

It is to be regretted that limitations of space make it impossible to quote at length from this highly informative and provoking book. "Judaism in a Changing Civilization" is indeed a contribution to education and cannot be overlooked by those interested in the welfare of the Jewish race. ARTHUR SETTLE.

ly follows the Leader.

Bennett Southard as the Jewish professor and Lester Alden as the president of the medical society, both overact to a disagreeable point.

"Kultur", as the first play to reach Broadway on present conditions in Germany, fails miserably to give any idea of the suffering and the persecution endured by hundreds of thousands of people. While one may be criticized for having that view, to see a Broadway burlesque of so tragic a situation which ignores any attempt at seriousness is disheartening.

Adapted and staged by Adolf Philipp, "Kultur" may be viewed at the Mansfield Theatre.

"Once Upon a Time"

"Once Upon a Time", by Peretz Hirshbein, now playing at the Second Avenue Theatre, is derived from the vast body of medieval folk-lore and legend bound up with the prophet Elijah, who is said to have appeared to men in different forms, performed miracles, advised them, given aid, and punished them for their sins.

The story in itself is simple, dealing with the pernicious influence of greed on a family of poor Jewish folk of Eastern Europe, who on having been kind to a stranger (the prophet Elijah) receive an endless supply of gold from an old sack which the stranger has left behind. The money instead of being a blessing to the family of Chaim Duvid only serves to alienate them. The gold vanishes as mysteriously as it had come. The household of Chaim Duvid end up wiser and happier people for having had revealed to them the unhappiness that comes from avarice.

The first half of the play is much better than the last. The latter part suffers from a thinness of plot and lack of invention. The story is not sufficiently developed and there is a lack of complication in the incidents which results in a series of tableaux rather than dramatic action.

Samuel Goldenberg, in the role of the stranger, gives the outstanding performance in the play. Dressed in rags and bent over with weariness, he maintains a dignity of spirit and demeanor that lends sincerity to the interpretation of the spirit of Elijah. The cast includes Celia Adler, Joseph Buloff, Bina Abramowitz, Moishe Feder, Luba Kadison and others.

Michael Saks presents the play with an eye to bringing to the Yiddish theatre the better type of production. Although "Once Upon a Time" is not all one would hope for, nevertheless it marks an improve-

ATRES

Comes to Town

the sympathy of his audience of his play, Dr. Theodore Weacht, has fashioned his intended satire what has most probably been the cian.

ment in the type of entertainment offered by the Yiddish theatre, with the exception of the Yiddish Art group.

The music for the production was written by Lazar Weiner and that part of the score which clung to the traditional Jewish music was more effective than the other. The dances were arranged by Illya Trilling and the settings were designed by Leib Kadison. The play was produced by Ossip Dymow and Leib Kadison.

"Men in White"

"Men in White" by Sidney Kingsley, the story of a young physician who is faced with the problem of either devoting himself entirely to his medical work or joining in the pleasures of youth and life as his fiancée urges him to, is now playing at the Broadhurst Theatre. The production is sponsored by the Group Theatre in conjunction with Sidney Harmon and James R. Ullman. Alexander Kirkland has the role of the young physician and he is supported by Margaret Baker, Luther Adler, J. Edward Bromberg, Morris Carnovsky and others of the permanent Group Theatre Acting Company.

"Jewish Follies of 1934", first Yiddish motion picture musical, is being completed by the Jewish Talking Picture Company in New York. One of the most ambitious Yiddish talking films yet made, the cast comprises a list of favorites headed by the late Cantor Josef Rosenblatt. Included in the cast are: Joseph Buloff, Menashe Skulnick, Boris Rosenthal and Meyer Machtenberg's Symphony Choir. Sydney Golden is directing and Sam Rosen is in charge of the production. . . . "Jew Suss", the novel by Lion Feuchtwanger which was dramatized several seasons ago by Maurice Schwartz, is now being made into a talking picture in England by the Gaumont-British Company. Conrad Veidt, German film star, is to have the leading role.

Saul Raskin Will Exhibit Paintings, Drawings at "Y"

An exhibition of oils, water colors and drawings by Saul Raskin will be on view at the Young Men's Hebrew Association, 92nd Street and Lexington Avenue, from October 1 to 15. Among the pictures to be seen will be portraits of Albert Einstein and Maurice Schwartz.

Mr. Raskin is the director of the art department of the Y.M.H.A. and has taught lithography at the Educational Alliance Art School. He is a member of the American Water Color Society and his works have been on view or are in the permanent collection of the Brooklyn Museum, the Baltimore Museum, the National Academy of Design and the Newark Museum.

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News Letters Relate Story Of Jewish Life Abroad

"Blue Shirts" Chief Denies Movement Is Threat to Jewry

Jews in Ireland Make Headway in Politics, Professions; Communal Activities

(J.T.A. Special Correspondence)
DUBLIN—The Jewish community here was somewhat alarmed at a pronouncement made by General O'Duffy, who is the leader of the Blue Shirts, in which he declared that Ireland's greatest enemies were the Communists in their midst and in the same breath associated the Jews with Communist activity. General O'Duffy, however, on being approached by the Rev. Gudansky, Dublin rabbi, retracted this statement and asserted his belief that Irish Jews were not followers of Marxian doctrine but that on the contrary made excellent law-abiding citizens.

This withdrawal was read with great relief by the community for it realized that the intensive Nazi propaganda might give an entirely erroneous impression as to the nature of any organized Jewish activity and that the identification of Jews with Communism could only have disastrous effects in a Catholic country like Ireland.

Since the political separation of this country from Great Britain, the British Board of Deputies may not interfere in matters which affect the community here. Indeed, any such interference could only be looked upon as a diplomatic "gaucherie" on the part of the Jews. The Jews here, however, have an excellent intermediary in the person of Rabbi Dr. I. Herzog, who is held in great esteem by the Government and who has been very effectively by direct representation to Mr. De Valera with all matters concerning the welfare of the community.

There is one Jewish member of the Dail (the Irish Parliament), Robert Briscoe, who is very popular, as his continued success at the polls shows. He is chief whip to the Fianna Fail party and is one of the main sponsors of the Moneylenders' Bill which he is piloting through the Dail. He is associated with a considerable amount of community activity outside the wider political sphere.

The Jews are identified with all sides of the life of the people of this country. There is a fair proportion in the Civil Service. Dr. Bethel Solomons, the famous gynaecologist and member of a distinguished Irish-Jewish family, is Master of the Rotunda Hospital. There are as many as three Jewish lecturers at Dublin University. Jews are even to be found among the players of so national an Irish institution as the Abbey Theatre and last year Dr. Leo Kohn published a work on the Constitution of the Irish Free State which may well become a standard text book on the subject.

The separation of Ireland from the United Kingdom has brought about some interesting changes in local Jewish communal life. Apart from the non-interference, of necessity, of the British Board of Deputies, to which the important synagogues of Dublin nevertheless remain affiliated, there has actually been a change in divine service, the prayer for the King having been amended by Rabbi Dr. Herzog.

The separation too has been the cause of added burdens to the local Jewish Board of Guardians. The erection of a tariff wall between the two countries has been the cause of bringing over a number of small cabinet makers to Ireland, since the manufacture of furniture is heavily protected here. Many of these have failed to obtain employment or have suffered away their own small resources and have become dependent on the local charitable organizations. Against their immigration into Ireland there is the migration to England and the colonies of graduates in Medicine and Dentistry.

Denmark Lets Exiles Train for Palestine By Working on Land

Permission Won for 120; Pioneer Farm Planned; Over \$25,000 Fund Is Raised

(J.T.A. Special Correspondence)
COPENHAGEN, Sept. 12—The difficulties confronting Jewish refugees in Denmark, especially those who are planning to emigrate to Palestine, have been considerably lessened.

The government has recently granted permission to 120 foreigners to work in agricultural pursuits, something that is considered to be of great importance in the light of the elimination of all opportunities for Jews in agriculture in Germany. The provision is made, however, by the government, that foreigners are not to be employed to the exclusion of native help.

More than \$25,000 has been collected by the Copenhagen Relief Committee, which will undertake the training of those who intend emigrating to Palestine. A Chutz training center is contemplated.

Jewish activity has been stimulated and cooperation from many hitherto inactive supporters has been enlisted in the generally enthusiastic movement on foot to train farm workers for Palestine. New youth bodies, which are composed of youngsters ten years old and upwards, have been organized. Chief Rabbi Max Friediger heads the youth movement.

"Why Be an Anti-Semite?", Disputing Stock Beliefs, Published in Rio de Janeiro

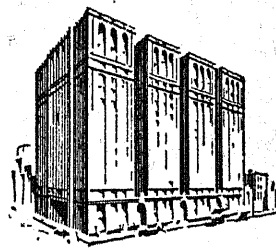
(J.T.A. Special Correspondence)
RIO DE JANEIRO, Sept. 10—The stock arguments of anti-Semites are refuted in "Why Be An Anti-Semite?", by the prominent Brazilian writer, Vanderlei, which has just been published here.

The book is full of evidence by means of which Vanderlei proves that anti-Semitism is the result of ignorance about the Jew, of his literature and of his contributions to the culture of every land in which he makes his home.

"Why Be An Anti-Semite?" has created quite a stir in intellectual circles, where the Jewish question is a live issue. Every book on the subject goes into several editions.

First German Refugee Families Enter Chile

(J.T.A. Special Correspondence)
SANTIAGO, Chile, Sept. 12—The first three of the German-Jewish families which the government has agreed to allow to enter Chile, arrived here on September 6.



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Brazilian Jews Vote To Take Race Census

Population to be Classified by Occupation; To Issue Results in Yiddish Paper

(J.T.A. Special Correspondence)
SAO PAULO, Brazil, Sept. 10—The first organized and complete census of Brazilian Jewry will get under way here soon as a result of the decision adopted recently at a meeting of the Jewish institutions and fraternal organizations of Brazil. The meeting was called in connection with the visit of J. L. Gruzman, editor of the Argentine weekly Der Shpigel, where the findings of the census will receive first publication.

The meeting which decided upon the census also appropriated an initial sum of money for carrying on the work and appointed a committee to do it.

All Jewish inhabitants of Brazil will be registered according to occupation, in the hope that the census will yield a complete picture of Jewish life in Brazil, and thus give some idea as to the advisability of bringing a larger number of Jewish refugees from Germany to Brazil.

The committee will do research on old documents about Jews prominent in the rise of Brazil's culture. Such material will also be positive evidence of the part which those Jews who have come here in the last few decades have taken in the development of the country. Such materials are scattered throughout the country in various archives, and very few of them have thus far been published in Yiddish.

Der Shpigel will publish the results of the census in special regional editions. The work will begin in Sao Paulo, the largest industrial center in South America, where Jews have organized a network of factories, making this the center of Jewish industry. Isaac Raizman, of the editorial staff of the leading Yiddish daily here, has been chosen to visit all Jewish settlements, including the very smallest, and to collect all available data and material concerning Jewish life.

Libelled Jews Win Polish Court Suits

Light Fines and Jail Terms Imposed on Anti-Semitic Editors in Posen

(J.T.A. Special Correspondence)
POSEN, Poland—The editors of the Polish anti-Semitic weekly, "Pod Prengiez", appearing here, have been sentenced to imprisonment and fines for libelous attacks on Jews. The case created a great sensation, as these attacks had been getting more and more frequent in the province of Posen, and the Jewish victims of these attacks were usually afraid of prosecuting for fear of terroristic action on the part of the anti-Semites.

The Posen Jewish Traders' Association, Director H. Eulenberg and Mr. Nashelsky, sued the editors for malicious libel. In the first case, in which Director Eulenberg was the complainant, the editor had to admit that he had no justification whatever, and was ordered by the court to publish a full apology in the next issue of the paper. The text of the apology had to be agreed to by Director Eulenberg himself.

In the second case, in which Mr. Nashelsky was the complainant, the editor was sentenced to one week's imprisonment, and 50 zlotys costs. In the third and most important case, that of the Posen Jewish Traders' Association, the Jewish lawyer Chaimowsky made an eloquent speech. "The accused is not an anti-Semite by conviction," he declared, "but he is paid to attack certain enterprises. For money he would willingly praise even Jewish firms to the skies. His whole activity is a destructive and anti-social one."

The court sentenced this editor to two weeks' imprisonment and 100 zlotys fine. The court also ordered all the verdicts to be published in full in the next issue of the paper, and declared that the use of the word "Jid" (slang name for Jew) in the press was a deliberate offence, whether the person referred to was actually a Jew or not.

Artists', Writers' Colony Being Planned in Warsaw

(J.T.A. Special Correspondence)
WARSAW, Sept. 15—A conference of Hebrew writers and journalists of Poland and the Baltic countries will be held in Warsaw some time during the winter, it was announced here.

The decision to call the conference was adopted at a meeting of Hebrew writers in Prague which was called at the suggestion of Judas Warshawiak, vice-president of the Association of Polish Hebrew Writers.

A colony for writers and artists will be founded here and will bear the name of the famous Yiddish poet, Moisse Leib Halpern, who died in New York a year ago.

The decision to found the colony was made by the Yiddish Writers' Association of Warsaw, which has invited Yiddish writers of all the world to participate in the group's first project, a volume to be called "Book of One Hundred Poets", the proceeds of which will go for the colony.

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Reveals Plan to Finance Palestinian Developments on International Scale

Nathan L. Goldstein Describes Company Which Will Act As House of Issue for Sound Securities, Allowing Investment Opportunities for Jews World Over

The phrase, "a statesman-like instrument for the solution of the Jewish problem", was used by Nathan L. Goldstein, New York attorney, who returned to New York this week after a trip abroad, where he closely examined the economic conditions of Palestine, to describe the Zionist movement and its significance to world Jews.

Mr. Goldstein discussed the impressions he received from a three months' study of the Holy Land, and after a statement as to the need for men and money to finance industrial growth there, he disclosed the fact that a finance company is at work on a scheme to develop Palestinian enterprises.

"Already leading financiers and industrialists in several European countries as well as in Egypt and South Africa, realizing the need for investment capital in Palestine and evidently satisfied with the safety of the investment and the adequacy of the returns, have organized a financial company to finance and develop sound Palestinian enterprises," said Mr. Goldstein.

"The company proposes to act as a house of issue for approved Palestine securities which will be listed on various exchanges throughout the world, thus affording to Jews of limited means the opportunity of making an investment in Palestine. The company will be registered in Palestine but will probably have subsidiaries in various European countries as well as in America. Final organization plans are now being completed in London and a public announcement of the founders and officials of the company may soon be expected."

The Holy Land is in the pioneer state and if the thousands who are clamoring for admission are to be accommodated, business and industry must be developed. Mr. Goldstein said that about 35,000 is the expected immigration figure this year.

Speaking of the recent World Zionist Congress which he attended during its sessions in Prague, Mr. Goldstein said:

"The Congress met under the shadow of the German situation. That is the main topic of conversation everywhere in Europe and people are horrified by what is going on in

New Fascist Party Organized in Brazil

Old Believed Not Anti-Semitic Enough; Descendants of Germans and Italians

(J.T.A. Special Correspondence)

SAO PAULO, Brazil, Sept. 14—A new fascist party, the Fascist Party of Sao Paulo, has been organized here.

Its leaders, who are Brazilian descendants of Germans and Italians who have lived here for a long time, believe that the original Sao Paulo fascist party is not anti-Semitic enough.

The newspapers of Brazil devoted a great deal of space to the reports of the Jewish economic conference held recently at Geneva. The press here was under the impression that the conference represented the combined Jewish economic strength of all the world.

Some of the papers commented on the conference as being an important undertaking which would also indirectly benefit Brazil, since many Jewish refugees would come there and help in the development of Brazilian industry, which would derive a great deal from their experience and intelligence.

Syrian Textile Strike

(J.T.A. Special Correspondence)

ALEPPO, Syria—Impending salary slashes among textile workers are being resisted here by about 10,000 in the textile and allied trades who are involved in a strike.

Eddy Summarizes Peril in Germany

methods and violence. If the Nazis here had the political sagacity to drop for the moment their forbidden union with Germany, they might

Germany. The necessity for the future emigration of more than 500,000 German Jews has already created an international problem and in view of the unemployment in most countries, this problem is difficult of solution."

The Jewish people as a whole was represented at the Congress, said Mr. Goldstein. It is the "international forum" for the discussion of Jewish problems, and reports regarding the conflicts which took place during the Congress were "somewhat overdrawn and exaggerated," he added.

Suffering Jews in Poland and other European nations will seize an opportunity to settle permanently in Palestine, provided the economic problems are satisfactorily met, said Mr. Goldstein.



SCORES AGAIN!

The Jewish Telegraphic Agency utilized cable, telegraph, long distance telephone and radio systems to dispatch one hundred thousand words from Prague, Czechoslovakia, on the proceedings of the Eighteenth World Zionist Congress which recently concluded there. This coverage to all parts of the world was supplemented by mail articles and a supplementary mail service to newspapers in smaller cities throughout Europe.

Functioning from a special office set up in the congress building, the Jewish Telegraphic Agency Prague bureau, aided by other JTA staff men, all under the direction of Boris Smolar, chief of the European service of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, provided twenty-four-hour coverage on the congress and

committee activities to Jewish and non-Jewish papers throughout the world.

The JTA service on the congress was used by the Associated Press, Reuters and the Havas news agencies as well as smaller services in other European countries. Large dailies, as the New York Times here and publications in London and Paris, received JTA service direct. Over 5,000 newspapers, it is estimated, used JTA dispatches on the Zionist congress. Included in these were some of the largest papers in the world.

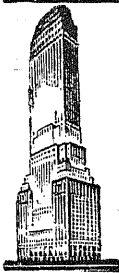
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root in Germany, but who at the most represented only a small minority:

"Now the Germans are, so to speak, at ease with themselves, as their present leaders proclaim; and Hitler has the right to assert that his ideals of race, blood and war-worship are indeed the German national ideals. The working class and the other European-minded Germans are defeated. The middle class, led by the barons of big industry, rules while the professors supply the music.

"Among all the policies of the regime, persecution of the Jews is the most popular. This policy gives expression to what the German people has long been taught and at the same time results in the vacation of most of the posts occupied by Jews. I consider that the position of the Jews is hopeless so long as the present regime lasts. Public opinion supports the Government policy. Those who dissent do not dare protest.

"The only hope which I see is in the union of all Jews in the World Congress to be held next spring. For this congress the Jews of America have splendidly prepared the ground by generous expenditure of thought, effort and money.

"If the catastrophe which has befallen German Jewry should prove the means of at last uniting all Jews the way other peoples are united, then indeed good might come out of it.

"I hope that the Jews will on this

occasion put aside their internal differences for the program is so simple:

"Jews of all lands, unite!"



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pass, and that Hitlerism is not spreading to other countries.

DALLAS, Texas—Mayor pro tem Victor Hexter officially represented the city of Dallas at the annual celebration of the local Mexican colony on the anniversary of their native country's independence.

DALLAS, Texas—Eli Sanger was elected president of the Dallas Civic-Community Music Association, the result of merging of two organizations. Mr. Sanger has been a leader of cultural activities in the Southwest for many years.

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the government for damages. He has no intentions of returning to his

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MORRIS GALIN,
1771 Amsterdam Av., New York, N.Y.

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JOSEPH KRONISCH,
3504 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

NOTICE is hereby given that License Number N.Y. A-11175 has been issued to the undersigned to sell beer and wine at retail under Section 75 of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Law at 458 Third Ave., New York, N.Y. County, not to be consumed upon the said premises.

DAVID STRAHER,
458 Third Ave., New York, N.Y.

of the Jewish body, said Mr. Stone.

DETROIT, Mich.—Nate S. Shapiro was named one of the five members of the State Relief Board by Governor Comstock and Elliot H. Moyer was named to the legal staff of the Agricultural Adjustment Administration in Washington. Both are active in Detroit Jewish life.

BINGHAMTON, N.Y.—Charles R. Rosenthal was named a member of the Broome County NRA Compliance Board which will investigate code violations. He will represent the retail employers.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—Twenty-five well known Jewish men and women leaders in various fields of

drive opening October 11. I. B. Padway, Benjamin Gill, Samuel Rosen and Eugene Mahler will assist him. They will concentrate their attention to the former Jewish subscribers to the Jewish Charities, now a unit in the Community Fund.

YONKERS, N.Y.—Rabbi Alexander Rosenberg, who has just returned from a tour of Germany, declared that Reformed Judaism in Germany is being crushed under the Hitler persecution.

DETROIT, Mich.—In an editorial greeting the Jews of Detroit, celebrating the New Year, the Detroit News expressed the view that the Nazi danger in Germany will

"The Jewish Current News" Enters Seventh Year With Oct. 20th Issue

The Jewish Current News, a weekly journal for children that will give in digest form an account of Jewish happenings the world over, will enter its seventh year of publication Friday, October 20.

The News, which last year was known as The Jewish Current Events, is designed to interest young people and will be circulated among thousands of Hebrew and religious school pupils and their friends. The periodical is the only one of its kind in the United States.

According to present plans, The News will be printed on four or eight pages. Its editorial policy will be simply to tell the news of the Jewish world, simply, concisely and completely.

Editing the weekly will be David J. Galter, a journalist and writer, a member of the staff of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, which is the publisher. Associated with him will be David Rudavsky, of the Bureau of Jewish Education and principal

of the Florence Marshall Hebrew High School Classes, and Ben Rosen, educational director of the Associated Talmud Torahs.

The periodical was instituted six years ago. During its first five years of publication it was owned by the Associated Talmud Torahs of Philadelphia. It has been well received in more than eighty large cities, where the service it rendered became a part of the curricula of Hebrew schools, Junior Hadassah groups, Young Judaea groups, youth groups, Young Men's Hebrew Associations and Young Women's Hebrew Associations and Council of Jewish Women's groups. Last year it was taken over by the Jewish Telegraphic Agency whose facilities and correspondents make it possible to gather news from every part of the world.

Mr. Rosen's message to the public on the eve of the seventh year of The Jewish Current News states that the newspaper is an indispensable part of the education of Jewish youth. He said that the Jewish Daily Bulletin service will make The News vitally important to Jewish children and young people.

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Vol. X. Sunday, October 1, 1933. No. 2569.

EDITORIALS

Guest Editorial

By SYLVAIN LEVI

Famous Oriental scholar, professor at the College de France, president of the Alliance Israelite Universelle

Since the first months of the Hitlerist regime a large number of German scholars, both Jewish and Christian, have sought refuge in France or solicited the help of their French colleagues to enable them to earn their daily bread. Numerous projects to this end were immediately devised. Thereupon I called together all those of my colleagues who had signed a protest against the Nazi menace with a view to examining these projects. This meeting was held under the Presidency of M. Honnorat, former Minister of Public Instruction, and President of the Cite University, at which an executive committee, composed of the following members, was drawn up:

M. Honnorat, President of the Cite University; Landry, for Minister of Marine and Labor, professor of the Ecole des Hautes Etudes; Bedier, of the Academie Francaise, professor and director of the College of France; Andre Mayer, of the Academy of Medicine, Professor and Assistant Director of the College of France; Langevin, Professor of the College of France, Director of the School of Physics and Chemistry; Perrin, Nobel Prize winner, professor of Science, member of the Institut; Capitant, Member of the Institut, Professor of Law; Dr. Achard, Life secretary of the Academy of Medicine; Coville, Member of the Institut, former director of the Enseignement superieur; M. Rivet, professor of the Natural History Museum, Director of the Trocadero Museum; Bougie, Professor of Literature, assistant director of the Ecole Normal Supérieure, and Paul Boyer, Director of the School of Oriental Languages, and myself.

After a detailed discussion this committee came to the conclusion that it would be desirable to utilize, in order to meet the demands made on them by the German scholars, an official organization entitled the National Scientific Fund, which is charged by the State with administering funds to those research workers who are prevented by lack of funds from pursuing their researches, and in this way enable them to continue with their work. The committee of the National Scientific Fund is divided into ten classes, mathematics, physics, chemistry, biology, natural sciences, philosophy, history, archaeology, philology, law and sociology. It was decided that the appeals from the German scholars should be divided among the various sections and carefully examined by the appropriate one.

There still remained the question of funds. It was impossible to demand help from the State for foreigners, particularly for former enemies, when so many French scholars were appealing for help. The Alliance Israelite Universelle decided to devote a sum of 250,000 francs to this particular work, besides the million which it had put at the dis-

posal of the various organizations that were assisting refugees. Baron Edmond de Rothschild was approached by M. Painleve and M. Honnorat and gave 250,000 francs, and various other donations made up the balance. Particularly to be noted is the gift of 40,000 francs from the Committee for the Protection of Persecuted Jewish Intellectuals, an organization of Catholic origin and inspiration. On the eve of the holidays it was impossible to address usefully an appeal to the cultivated public. Appeals for help addressed abroad met with no response. Within these limits, with a fund of half a million, it was nevertheless possible to come to the aid of about forty scholars chosen among the most deserving and to give them the laboratory or library work which is indispensable to their living.

The distress of these men who are still adding to the lustre and reputation of German science is difficult to imagine. Many have had to flee in haste to escape from the Hitlerite bands, have had to leave their books, their instruments, and all that remained of their meager resources, and set out, humiliated and broken hearted, on their way of exile. The majority speak French fluently, and hope, for that reason, to remain in France where they have received such a chivalrous welcome. But France, which has already received more than fifty thousand refugees, is at the limit of her resources. Will not the "people of the Book" respond to the challenge of Hitler and save in the persons of these men the human intelligence, menaced by mad fanaticism?

The Nazis Are So Lenient!

The rescript issued by Dr. Kurt Schmitt, Germany's Minister of Economics, discountenancing discrimination between Aryan and non-Aryan firms may be interpreted in one or more of several ways.

We may believe simply that Dr. Schmitt means exactly what he says, that the continuance of the boycott against Jewish business "would injuriously react upon the employment situation . . . and indirectly through the effects being spread in widening radius to other concerns crediting them with supplies, thus hitting both the owners and the employees." Dr. Schmitt is Minister of Economics first and, only secondarily, a Nazi; he has issued such statements before, but they have been futile against the Jew-baiting ardor of simple-minded Nazis who will have none of your Economics when racial purity is at stake. He has acted in the interests of German economy but to what avail?

Or his rescript may be interpreted as a gentle closing of the barn door after the horse has been stolen, which is what calling off a boycott after its worst effects have been consummated would amount to. Thousands of Jewish employees already have been dismissed, hundreds of Jewish enterprises ruined.

Or it may be seen in the light of a propaganda means whereby to divide and rule, to divide the Jews

outside of Germany on the issue of boycotting Germany in self-defense, and to continue to rule the Jews within Germany according to the sweet will of the Nazis without suffering the consequent economic effects of a fall in foreign trade occasioned by the world-wide Jewish boycott.

Perhaps the real truth is somewhere in between. Dr. Schmitt may mean what he says, but the Nazi government of Germany does not. It will take more than one mild announcement, no matter how thoroughly broadcast, to wipe out the effects of the Nazi persecution and injustice. What Dr. Schmitt says between the lines is that Germany is in economic trouble and is trying to get out of it. There is no change of heart among the Nazis on the side of tolerance and no one should mistake the real situation which this rescript betrays.

The Sea Devil Goes Hitler

In Dresden, Germany, Count Felix Von Luckner, the so-called "sea devil", informs an audience that he will make use of his American contacts to spread the gospel of Hitler. An entertainer, a doer rather than a sayer, the "sea devil", so-called, will now turn his mind to the business of enlightenment. Ever since he began spreading the gospel of Von Luckner, Von Luckner has been acting a part which is quite natural to him, that of the good-natured fellow with a thick German accent who didn't know very much, but was a likeable chap with likeable traits and an adventurous past. We very much fear that in spite of his German accent, Von Luckner has become considerably Americanized. He has been rather working the publicity racket to the detriment of his own originally fine reputation. He has boosted a motor oil over the radio, in one-minute accented speeches, and he has guided boy

Zionist Congress Declared Irresolute, Its 'Decisions' Flabby and Vacillating

Michael Haskell, South Africa's Honorary Commissioner to Palestine, Condemns Failure to Hit Out Against Deals With Nazi Germany—Regrets Lack of United Front

(J.T.A. Special Correspondence)

LONDON, Sept. 12—"The Eighteenth Zionist Congress is, in my opinion, a failure," said Michael Haskell, honorary commissioner of the Union of South Africa in Palestine, and prominent General Zionist leader. "The Jewish people, faced with the greatest catastrophe that has ever threatened their existence and their status, looked to the Zionist Congress for guidance and for that intelligent statesmanship and concentrated effort which is today so desperately needed. In both these directions the congress is bound to create disappointment. The resolution adopted with regard to Germany was marked by a spirit of meekness and capitulation. It lacked courage and determination, and, instead of inspiring the Jewish people and instilling in them courage and hope, the congress adopted a policy of lying low, thus creating a deplorable impression on world public opinion. The Nazi press condemned the resolution no less ferociously than they would have done had a strong resolution been adopted. Not only Rosenberg and Goebbels, but even Hitler, for the first time since his assumption of the chancellorship, came out with an unheard of attack against the Jews. German Jewry, who, during the last few weeks had

already taken a calmer view of the situation, are once more trembling in fear of a pogrom. Lack of determination and pride will never win for the Jewish people mercy or peace. It will be merely construed as the cringing fear of a cowardly people.

"It is most unfortunate," he declared, "that the congress has not spoken out against the report of that miserable deal of exporting oranges to Germany in return for double the value of German goods, and of importing three million marks worth of goods from Germany. At a time when we expect every decent man and woman to boycott German goods, the congress, by not expressing condemnation of the deal, and keeping silence on the transaction, has created a most unsavory impression.

"The congress has also signally failed in its second task of creating a united front. The executive which has been elected is even less representative than the previous one. It does not represent more than 60 per cent of the congress. In Johannesburg, I had already predicted that the Labor Party did not really desire coalition, and I am sorry I have proved to have been right. The congress has not shown that degree of responsibility which this tragic moment demands from the only parliamentary institution the Jewish people possess. Party strife and party interests have won the day. It is the most tragic aspect of the present situation that even the German emergency did not rouse in us that unity, that desire for peace and collaboration of all groups which alone could have given us moral strength to conduct effectively the fight which has been forced upon us."

scouts on a schooner cruise, and he has appeared on platforms on a number of other stunting expeditions. If he feels at home on the lecture platform while praising Hitler he will simply have discovered his true bottom, which is lower than that he occupied when he was cruising about in a German submarine looking for Allied vessels to sink.