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\$260,000 Contributed to British United Appeal For Jews of Germany

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LONDON, May 25—A total of 65,000 pounds (approximately \$260,000) is reported in the first list of contributions to the united British fund to aid the Jews of Germany. The list was made public today in connection with an appeal for support. Contributions of 10,000 pounds each were made by the Rothschilds, the banking firm of M. Samuel, the Bernhard Baron family and the Simon Marks family. Other contributions included a thousand pounds each from Dr. Chaim Weizmann, Claude Montefiore and Lord Melchett.

"The ruthless measures adopted by the German Government have left many thousands of German Jews without prospects of earning a livelihood and without hope for the future," the appeal declares. "This fund aims to deal with the many aspects of this immense problem. The position changes daily and it is im-

(Continued on Page 2)

Italian Jews Organize To Aid German Brethren

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

ROME, May 25—An appeal for moral and material support for the Jews of Germany was issued here today by the Union of Jewish Communities of Italy. Relief committees have been established throughout the country to collect funds for relief purposes. Chief Rabbi Angelo Sacerdoti is heading the appeal.

Giuseppe Recanti has been elected president of the Rome Jewish Community, succeeding Pio Tagliacozzo.

Signor Recanti told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency he would endeavor to stress the importance of Jewish education, to which he has devoted much of his attention for many years during which he established a number of Jewish kindergartens and developed the Jewish community's school in the Vittorio Palacco. This school now has 450 students and its budget exceeds three hundred thousand lire.

Upper Silesian Jews Not National Minority Says German-Jewish Body

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, May 25—The National Union of German Jews, which is headed by Max Nauman, has telegraphed to Geneva, protesting against the petition submitted by Franz Bernheim to the League of Nations concerning German violation of Jewish rights in Upper Silesia.

The protest claims that the Jews of Upper Silesia are not a national minority and hence cannot appeal to the League under the sections of the Polish-German convention providing such recourse for national minorities in the plebiscite area.

Hungarian Nazi Jailed For Anti-Semitic Acts

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BUDAPEST, May 25—A penal tribunal today sentenced Arpad Olah, Nazi writer, to a month's imprisonment for anti-Semitic agitation in which he strongly urged Hungarian nationalist organizations to destroy the Jews of Hungary by methods similar to those used by the Nazis in Germany.

DEMONSTRATION AT PIER DISTURBS GOEBBELS'S AIDE, ARRIVING AS NAZI ENVOY TO CHICAGO FAIR

Pale and noticeably nervous, Hans Weidemann, the right hand man of the Nazi Minister of Propaganda and Enlightenment, Dr. Paul Joseph Goebbels, arrived yesterday in New York on the S.S. Columbus, the first Nazi member of the Hitlerite government to set foot in this country. He was accompanied by his assistant, Gotthold Schneider. The young 29-year-old Nazi chieftain who purportedly came to this country to represent Germany at the World Fair in Chicago, was non-plussed when confronted by a group of New York press representatives who hurled at him a number of embarrassing questions. At first refusing to talk, he finally submitted to a fifteen minute interrogation by the reporters, during which he asserted his complete sympathy with the anti-Jewish measures in Germany.

As soon as the boat docked at the pier, he was met by the German vice-consul of New York, Otto

German Declaration to Propose Treating Jews As National Minority

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

GENEVA, May 25—The petition of Franz Bernheim regarding violation of the rights of the Jews in the plebiscite area of Upper Silesia will be discussed by the Council of the League of Nations on Friday, as forecasted, it was learned last night, but the German delegation will demand that the session Friday be a closed one and that open discussion of the case be deferred until Saturday.

It was learned from reliable sources that the German cabinet has prepared a declaration to be read to the Council embracing the following points which vitally concern also the Jewish population of the Reich.

The first point in this declaration is the withdrawal of German objections to the admissibility of the Bernheim petition.

The second point is that Germany expresses willingness to see that the situation of the Jews in Upper Silesia

(Continued on Page 2)

Schlitter, and several police officials who informed the Nazi envoy that a hostile demonstration of over five hundred people awaited him at the pier. After a short and nervous conference in the Captain's quarters, Mr. Weidemann was spirited away under a heavy police guard and taken off on a tug which took him to an unknown destination.

Displays Swastika

The tall young Nazi representative wore the swastika emblem prominently displayed on his coat lapel. He tried to minimize the importance of his mission in this country, declaring that he is going to the Chicago fair only as a technical art adviser to the German department of religious art which is represented at the Chicago exhibition. He emphatically denied the suggestion made by the representative of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that, ac-

(Continued on Page 4)

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German Declaration to Propose Treating Jews As National Minority

(Continued from Page 1)

lesia will be treated in accordance
with international obligations.

The third point involves the Jews
of Germany. The declaration will
state, it is learned, that Germany,
seeing from the three petitions pre-
sented to the League of Nations
that the Jews consider themselves a
national minority, is willing to study
how to regulate the Jewish position
in Germany as a national minority.

The points in the declaration have
aroused tremendous interest in
well-informed League circles here,
which are inclined to interpret them
as an honest intention on the part
of Germany to regulate the Jewish
question in the Reich on the basis
of the national minority principle.
Such a step, however, would be im-
possible without restoration of Jew-
ish equality and Jewish political
and civil rights.

Medalie Re-elected as Board of Guardians Head

George Z. Medalie, United States
attorney, was re-elected as pres-
ident of the Jewish Board of Guard-
ians, at its annual meeting here
Wednesday night. Edward S. Green-
baum, James Marshall and Mrs.
Mortimer Menken were elected vice-
presidents; Sidney C. Borg, treas-
urer, and Paul Felix Warburg, sec-
retary.

Addressing the meeting, Mr.
Medalie stressed the need of com-
batting juvenile delinquency and
pointed out the responsibilities of
private agencies in checking crime.

Mrs. Cecil Borg read a paper on
the work of the Big Sisters for Mrs.
Sidney C. Borg. Dr. John Slawson
also spoke.

Local Hitlerites Plan Schlageter Memorial

Energetic members of the
"Friends of New Germany", will pay
homage to the memory of Albert
Leo Schlageter here, at a memorial
meeting in Turn Hall, 85th Street
and Lexington Avenue, Saturday
evening.

Schlageter, a native of Schonau,
was arrested, court-martialed and
shot on May 26, 1923, in Golzheimer
Heide near Duesseldorf by the
French occupational forces in the
Ruhr Valley.

Nazis in Germany will use the
tenth anniversary of Schlageter's
death as an occasion for a large
demonstration. The "Friends of
New Germany" Hitlerite organiza-
tion in New York, will also seize
this opportunity to demonstrate
anew their loyalty toward Hitler and
their hatred of the Frenchman and
the Jew.

Eric Dinkelacker, draughtsman
with the Otis Elevator Company, is
chairman of the Schlageter Mem-
orial Committee here. He is an active
member of the "Friends of New
Germany" and several other pro-
Hitler organizations.

Anti-Nazi Boycott Group Forms Medical Division

Steps to organize the boycott of
German goods in the United States
were discussed at a meeting of the
Medical Division of the American
League for the Defence of Jewish
Rights, held at the Hotel Astor
Wednesday evening. More than 250
representatives of the medical, den-
tal, pharmaceutical and optometrist
organizations were present and par-
ticipated in the discussions. An ex-
ecutive committee of 15 members
was chosen to conduct the work of
the group.

The speakers at the meeting in-
cluded Dr. A. Coralnik, president of
the League; Dr. I. W. Held, noted
stomach specialist, Dr. A. J. Rongy
and Dr. Benjamin Dubovsky.

A resolution was unanimously
adopted to boycott all German med-
icines, chemicals, drugs, dental and
surgical supplies.

Jackson Rabbi Honored

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

JACKSON, Mich., May 25—Rabbi
Jerome D. Folkman, of Temple Beth
Israel, has been elected president of
the Jackson County Ministerial As-
sociation. This is the first time that
a Rabbi has headed that organization.
Rabbi Folkman has been active in
the public life of this city. He is
chairman of the Advisory Board of
the Public Library.

Louis Marshall Tributes At Syracuse Exercises

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

SYRACUSE, May 25—Services
were held here last night as part of
the annual Marshall Day Memorial
Exercises in honor of the late Louis
Marshall, a native of this city. Max
L. Stolz, prominent local attorney
and member of the Marshall family,
presided over the event, which took
place in the gymnasium of the Syra-
cuse Jewish Communal Center of
which the former Marshall home is
a part. Tribute to the great Jewish
leader was paid by several speakers.

Rabbi Philip Bernstein of Temple
Brith Kodesh, Rochester, was the
principal speaker. Discussing the
German question, he advised the au-
dience that the best way to meet it
is "to be upright, like Louis Mar-
shall, and give the best of ourselves".

"Every Jew," Rabbi Bernstein said,
"holds within his hand the destiny
of his people. Therefore, we must
give the finest of ourselves, so that
our work might be a credit to the
entire Jewish people. We must serve
our people, even as Louis Marshall
did, working day and night for them.
Too many of our leaders today, be-
cause of financial reasons, are stand-
ing inactively behind. Louis Mar-
shall was never afraid of being a
Jew, was never afraid to stand for
the honor and welfare of his people.
He never cringed. He always sought
fairness and justice.

"Louis Marshall once said that
there is no trouble in Judaism that
cannot be solved by more Judaism.
An ignorant Jew cannot know the
meaning of self-respect. And first of
all, we must have self-respect. And
to be self-respectful, we need a Jew-
ish education, a knowledge of Jew-
ish lore. Judaism is a mature reli-
gion, and to know it thoroughly, one
must be intelligently versed in Jew-
ish history and culture."

\$260,000 Contributed to British United Appeal For Jews of Germany

(Continued from Page 1)

possible to predict the form of as-
sistance chiefly required. It is our
belief that Palestine offers the best
opportunities for a new life for those
forced into exile and a substantial
sum will be devoted to the settlement
of suitable immigrants within the
limits of the absorptive capacity of
Palestine." The appeal is signed by
the committee's presidency of five.

German-Jewish Question On League of Nations Union Session Calendar

(J.T.A. Special Correspondence)

GENEVA, May 16—The question of the persecutions of Jews in Germany is on the agenda of the 17th annual plenary session of the League of Nations Union, scheduled to open on June 3 in Montreux. The question was placed on the agenda at the request of the Jewish Palestinian League of Nations Society, which asked that the plenary session at Montreux discuss "the action to be undertaken by the League of Nations in order to protect the life, rights and property of the Jews in Germany".

The French League of Nations Society, which plays a prominent role in the Union, also has proposed a lengthy resolution against the "persecutions in Germany". The resolution emphasizes that the conscience of the entire world unanimously condemns the persecutions and that the protest movement should find the support of the international organization. The resolution recalls that in the nineteenth and twentieth centuries, there occurred many humanitarian interventions, and that it is therefore unthinkable that just now, after the establishment of the League of Nations, such intervention should be inadmissible. The resolution points out the violation of Article 23 of the League statutes and draws attention to the possibilities for action under Article 11. It further points out that, in connection with the persecutions of Jews in Upper Silesia, there is a violation of the Upper Silesian convention.

The resolution also cites the preamble to the Palestine Mandate, which states that the rights and political status of the Jews in the various countries must not be affected.

The resolution concludes with the request that members of the League of Nations Council should, at their next session, deal thoroughly with the situation of the victims of the persecutions and adopt the steps necessary to defend them.

Palestine World Appeal To Be Issued Today

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LONDON, May 25—The World Appeal for Palestine will be made public tomorrow, it was reliably learned here. General Jan Smuts, noted South African statesman, and Viscount Cecil, famous British statesman, will be among the signatories to the appeal. Lord Reading's name is also expected to be among those attached to the plea.

Transjordan Leaders Invite Jewish Agency To Buy Land There

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, May 25—Representatives of twenty-three Transjordan villages, the head of one of the largest towns in the Transjordan and others representing Transjordan interests visited the offices of the Jewish Agency for Palestine here yesterday and urged it to buy land for Jewish settlement in the Transjordan.

Leaders in the region favorable to Jewish settlement there are planning to hold a counter-conference during the conference of the anti-Jewish settlement leaders which is now due to be held in June. The conference was to have been held earlier this month but was postponed when fighting broke out among the factions.

Nazis Before World's Bar of Public Opinion New Republic Declares

The calling to account of Germany before the League of Nations, "the only bar of public opinion which the world has," on her treatment of the Jews is an excellent thing," the New Republic points out editorially in this week's issue of the publication. "It is contended—and obviously with good reason—that the new anti-Semitic laws in Germany violate this treaty (the Polish-German convention)," it comments.

The editorial goes on: "And there is just a faint chance that if Hitler is forced to cease the persecution of the Jews in German Silesia, and that territory becomes a Hebrew sanctuary in Germany, the government may seize the opportunity to relax somewhat its oppressions against the Jews elsewhere in the Reich. Germany's economic position is becoming extremely serious, and this is partly due to the world-wide, unofficial but powerful boycott by the Jews on German goods and services. The Hitlerites obviously had no idea what a storm they were stirring up and when they embarked on their 'cold pogrom'; and certainly the saner element among them (and even the Nazis have their saner elements) must be considering ways of getting out of the mess."

Hebrew Educational Society

More than a hundred awards for excellence in athletics, scholarship and literary ability were presented last night to students of the Hebrew Educational Society at the annual award night, held at the society's building in Brooklyn. Rabbi Alter F. Landesman acted as chairman of the meeting.

Nazi Jewish Policies Political, Not Religious, Dr. Luther Asserts

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y., May 25—A strong defense of the anti-Semitic policies of the Nazi regime in Germany was made here last night by Dr. Hans Luther, German ambassador to this country. Speaking before over a thousand people attending the 67th anniversary of the Wartburg Orphans Farm School, Dr. Luther asserted that these policies were political and not religious.

Prejudice against the Jews, he said, was due to their tendency toward movements of a communistic nature, and to the fact that nearly fifty percent of the government officials have been Jews, although the total Jewish population was only one percent. He denied emphatically that there had been any "atrocities".

He asserted that limitation of Jewish influence in Germany was being conducted with the greatest possible consideration toward the old native Jewish families who, he said, had proven themselves good Germans and indicated that it was directed against the Eastern European Jews who had overflowed the country since the War. Dr. Luther was accompanied to Mt. Vernon by Victor Ridder, co-publisher of the Staats Zeitung, German language paper of New York.

Monopoly in Professions

Dr. Luther described the misery of German students who had to wait for years after graduating in order to obtain positions in the professions. Even before the War, he said, the legal and medical professions in Berlin, Frankfurt and other large cities were almost monopolized by certain people whose activities the German people could not consider as German.

After the War, came the influx of East European Jews, he declared. Because of Germany's political prostration, there was no means of excluding undesirable immigrants such as other nations had. Before the War, he said, anti-Semitism in Germany had no political importance. Later, this inclination against the elements which had a leading role in Marxist stories contributed greatly to the embitterment of the people.

Dr. Luther asked newspapermen present not to forget that of 1,700 Jewish lawyers in Berlin, 1,200 had been considered worthy of being readmitted to practice. The measures against the Jews, he asserted, were taken only that those Jews who are alien to the German nation, should not continue any longer in important judicial and administrative posts.

He also praised the character of the Nazi revolution which he described as bloodless.

Demonstration at Pier Disturbs Goebbels's Aide, Envoy to Chicago Fair

(Continued from Page 1)

cording to well-founded reports in New York, the real purpose of his visit was to engage here in an extensive anti-Semitic Nazi campaign.

"It is not so," Weidemann declared. "My only aim in this country is to represent the German Government at the Chicago World Fair to which we have been officially invited."

"Are you going to meet members of the German Nazi party in this country and are you going to deliver lectures at meetings while here?" the Hitler envoy was asked.

"I am not going to deliver any political speeches while here, and as far as meeting Nazi members in this country is concerned, no appointment has been arranged so far, and I do not know as yet, whether I shall see them," replied Mr. Weidemann. He repeated that his was a purely technical mission.

"But why should the Hitler Government send on this 'technical mission' an official of the Propaganda Ministry and not of the trade ministry?" he was asked.

"Well, Germany is represented in Chicago by an art department and art is a part of the activities of the ministry of Propaganda and Enlightenment," he replied.

Denies Goebbels Report

He denied the report that his chief, Dr. Goebbels, was supposed to come to this country and that he had changed his mind, after protests by Chicago Jews to the management of the Fair.

"What is your attitude towards the anti-Jewish measures taken by the Hitler Government? Do you concur with the expulsion of Jewish professors from German universities, of Jewish physicians from the hospitals and Jewish judges from the courts?" a reporter asked Weidemann.

"I am a member of the Hitler Government. I am a National Socialist and I naturally, fully agree with all the steps taken by our government against the Jews. This is obvious, otherwise I would not be a member of this government and I would not be here now as a representative of the Nazi government," Weidemann stoutly replied.

In Seclusion Here

Mr. Schneider, his assistant, obviously a more experienced politician than Herr Weidemann, often interposed and tried to rescue his chief from embarrassing questions.

Efforts by the Jewish Telegraphic Agency to establish the whereabouts of the Nazi envoy after he disappeared on the tug, were fruitless. Neither the German Consulate, nor officials of the North German Lloyd

would disclose the hotel or residence of Mr. Weidemann while in this city. Although at the pier it was said that he is to leave for Chicago immediately, Mr. Schlitter, the vice-consul, declared later that the Nazi envoy was to stay in New York over night and proceed to Chicago today.

Three policemen and several communists were injured and fifteen men were arrested as a result of the clash between police and communists taking part in the demonstration at the pier.

Letter to the Editor

To the Editor of the Jewish Daily Bulletin:

Referring to the item appearing in your issue of May 22d, concerning the German U-Boat film "Morgenrot" now being exhibited at the Little Carnegie Playhouse in this city, may I call your attention to the following facts, which I am sure your readers will find of interest:

The reported discussion of "Morgenrot" in the British House of Commons was on the subject of an episode concerning disguised schooners employed by the British Navy to "embarrass" the German submarines. Sir John Simon expandered the producers of the film by admitting that, however unchivalrous the action depicted may appear, it is historically correct.

The picture was made before the advent of the Hitler regime and is being exhibited at the Little Carnegie Playhouse in accordance with a contract made more than a year ago.

"Morgenrot" has been acclaimed a powerful anti-war document. In Germany, the film can only be shown with an additional episode intended to make its more palatable to the existing regime, otherwise it is "verboten."

John S. Cohen, Jr. of the "Sun" describes "Morgenrot" as "immensely touching and done with tragic sincerity... makes one realize the tragic fatality of war." Wm. Roedel of the World-Telegram calls it "a bitter and forceful document against war."

LEO BRECHER.

Isadore Beierfeld Re-elected (Jewish Daily Bulletin)

YONKERS, N. Y., May 25—Isadore Beierfeld, executive director of the Jewish Community Center of Yonkers, has been unanimously re-elected as president of the Yonkers Conference of Social Workers.

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