

Vol. X. Price 4 Cents.

Friday, April 14, 1933.

Entered as Second-Class Matter
at Post Office, New York, N. Y. No. 2523.

Commons Debate Urges Bars Be Let Down for Jews Fleeing Germany

**Sir John Simon Says Palestine Also
May Absorb Refugees—Extent
of Intervention Discussed**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LONDON, April 13—That facilitation of immigration of German Jews into England as well as into Palestine would in some measure be granted, was the gist of a statement made by Sir John Simon, Minister of Foreign Affairs, in the House of Commons, in winding up a debate in which a number of prominent members of the House gave expression to their indignation at the regime of persecution and discrimination practiced against the Jews in Germany.

The debate, which lasted several hours, was opened by Major Clement R. Attlee, who suggested that the British Government should help Jewish refugees by setting in motion the International Office for Refugees which was created by Fritjof Nansen, under the aegis of the League of Nations, and by offering a home in Palestine to victims of anti-Jewish persecution.

Barnet Janner, following Major Attlee, declared that the most disturbing fact to the civilized world as a whole is that a deliberate policy could be instituted by a country on the basis that it is a crime to be a Jew. He refuted the suggestion that the Jewish press had indulged in propaganda and had spread exaggerated reports.

Sir Austin Chamberlain exclaimed amidst cheers that Germany must not only learn to live for itself but how to

(Continued on Page 2)

English Envoy to Berlin Sends a Secret Report

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LONDON, April 13—Sir John Simon, British Foreign Minister, disclosed in yesterday's session in the House of Commons that he had received a confidential report from the British Ambassador in Berlin on the Jewish situation, but that as yet he could not say whether the report would reach the state of publication, because of the diplomatic aspects of the case.

John Gilmour, Home Secretary, in the House of Commons today, asserted that no difficulty would be put in the way of receiving those German Jews who are in a position to support themselves.

Einstein Denies Part In "Atrocity" Campaign, In Note to Academy

**Explains Fully Why He Gave Up Ger-
man Citizenship, But Corrects
Exaggeration**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, April 13—The Prussian Academy of Sciences yesterday received a complete statement from Professor Albert Einstein denying his participation in any "atrocity" campaign and correcting the exaggerations which he claims were made in the press. It was on the basis of press reports of what he had said that the Academy voted to exclude Professor Einstein. Professor Einstein's statement follows:

"I have been informed from absolutely reliable reports that the Prussian Academy in official statements has talked of 'the participation of Albert Einstein in atrocity propaganda in America and France.'

"I herewith declare I have never participated in any atrocity propaganda and must add that I have not seen anywhere anything of such agitation. The people were on the whole satisfied to report and comment upon official pronouncements and decrees of responsi-

(Continued on Page 2)

Chemical Laboratory Cornerstone Is Laid

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, April 13—The cornerstone of the Chemico-Bacteriological Weizmann Laboratory was laid today in the Jewish colony, Rehovoth. Funds for the Institute were supplied by the British Zionist leader, Israel Sieff. It has been created by him in memory of his dead son.

The purpose of the Institute is to carry out research work in applied chemistry partly in relation to the agricultural industry. It will be part of the Agricultural College of the Hebrew University in Palestine and will be headed by Dr. Weizmann.

Dr. Weizmann, who is at present visiting Palestine, and Dr. Chaim Arlosoroff of the Jewish Agency, attended the ceremony and in their speeches stressed the importance of this Institute in the development of Palestine.

Sir Arthur Grenfell Wauchope, High Commissioner of Palestine, cabled his greetings. He will visit the Institute in the company of Sir Philip Cunliffe-Lister tomorrow.

Luncheon Here Marks Mt. Scopus Dedication Of Untermyer Theatre

**Donor Denounces Hitler's Reign of
Terror, Sees University as World's
Intellectual Refuge**

Samuel Untermyer, New York lawyer, was the guest of honor at a luncheon tendered him by the American Friends of the Hebrew University yesterday, at the Lawyers Club, on the occasion of the dedication in Jerusalem of the Minnie Untermyer Open-Air Theatre, gift to the Hebrew University by Mr. Untermyer in memory of his late wife. Dr. Israel J. Kligler, head of the Department of Bacteriology and Hygiene at the Hebrew University, also addressed the friends of Mr. Untermyer at the luncheon, which took place at the same time as the dedication exercises in Jerusalem. Dr. A. S. W. Rosenbach, President of the American Friends of the Hebrew University, presided.

Sir Arthur Grenfell Wauchope, High Commissioner of Palestine, presided at the ceremonies in Jerusalem, which were attended by thousands of visitors in Palestine for the Easter and Passover holidays, according to Dr. Rosenbach. Lord Allenby was the guest of honor at the dedication. A chorus of 135 voices gave Handel's oratorio, "Judas Maccabeus" from the stage of the

(Continued on Page 2)

Cunliffe-Lister Snubbed By Non-Cooperation Arabs

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, April 13—Arab leaders have refused to meet Sir Philip Cunliffe-Lister, Under-secretary of State for the Colonies, who is on a visit here. Their refusal was due to the policy of non-cooperation which has recently been proclaimed by the Arab Executive—which insists that the Government should prohibit the sale of land to the Jews and further immigration of Jews.

Dr. Chaim Arlosoroff, Chairman of the Palestine Executive of the Jewish Agency, conferred yesterday with Sir Philip. In the company of Dr. Arlosoroff Sir Philip today will visit the all Jewish town of Tel-Aviv and the Jewish colony, Rishon le Zion. Sir Philip will be the guest of honor at a reception given this afternoon by Meyer Dizengoff, Mayor of Tel Aviv.

Permit No. 7836
NEW YORK, N. Y.
10. Paid

Mr. Morris Waldman
171 Madison Ave.
New York City

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

Published every day in the week
except Saturday, legal and Jewish holidays
by the

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN CO.

Executive and Editorial Offices
122 East 42nd Street, New York, N. Y.
Jacob Landau President
Samuel Binstock Treasurer
Sylvain Birnbaum Secretary

Vol. X. Friday, April 14, 1933. No. 2523.

Member of Jewish Telegraphic Agency
New York 122 East 42nd Street
London Ludgate House, Fleet Street
Paris 83 Avenue de la Grande Armée
Berlin Eisenachstrasse 6
Warsaw Ulica Aleje Jerozolimski 18
Jerusalem Sansour Bldg.

Subscription Rates

	U.S. and Canada	Foreign
One Year	\$10.00	\$15.00
Six Months	6.00	8.00
One Month	1.00	1.50

Entered as second-class matter Nov. 14, 1929,
at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under
the Act of March 3, 1879.

Copyrighted
Jewish Daily Bulletin, Inc.

Einstein Denies Part

In "Atrocity" Campaign, In Note to Academy

(Continued from Page 1)

ble governmental persons in Germany
and the program concerning the eco-
nomic destruction of German Jews.

"The statements I gave to the press
were in regard to the fact that I would
resign my position in the Academy as
well as my Prussian citizenship. I was
motivated in this, as I stated, in that I
did not want to remain in a State
where individuals were not conceded
equal rights before the law for freedom
of speech and doctrine.

"I furthermore characterized the
situation in present-day Germany as a
state of psychic malady of the masses,
but I added something about the cause
of this state.

"In a letter I gave to the Interna-
tional League Against Anti-Semitism
for propaganda purposes I appealed to
all cool-headed persons who remained
faithful to the ideals of a menaced civil-
ization to do all in their power to pre-
vent the spreading of this mass psycho-
sis which had manifested itself in Ger-
many in so dreadful a way.

"It would be easy for the Academy
to obtain the correct text of my state-
ment before talking about me the way
it did. The German press represented
my statement in a distorted way, as
could not be expected otherwise in view
of the present gagging of the German
press.

"I stand by every word I have pub-
lished. But I expect from the Academy,
especially as it participated in de-
faming me before the German public,
that it will bring these statements of
mine to the knowledge of its members
and to that part of the German public
among whom I have been defamed."

Brussels Honors Einstein

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BRUSSELS, April 13—Professor Al-
bert Einstein was nominated honorary
professor of the Brussels University.

Commons Debate Urges

Bars Be Let Down for Jews Fleeing Germany

(Continued from Page 1)

let other peoples live, inside and beside
Germany.

Intervention Precedents

Major Nathan pointed out that the
Nazi policy against the Jews was care-
fully and deliberately set forth in their
official program, which provides for the
deprivation from the Jews in Germany
of their rights as citizens. He cited
several instances of German Jews who
are at present destitute in England,
whose ancestors had lived in Germany
for centuries. He mentioned that pre-
cedents exist for intervention by the
British Government, referring to simi-
lar intervention undertaken by King
Edward VII twenty years ago with the
Czar. The small Jewish community in
Germany, he emphasized, is subjected
to continuous attack. It is a wild per-
version of the truth to conclude that it
did not identify itself with the German
nation.

Janner stressed the possibility that if
England raised its voice in the League
of Nations the effect would be greater
than that which a protest by Poland
might achieve.

Sir Austin Chamberlain warned Mac-
Donald to beware of treaty revisions
which might place new minorities under
the heel of the Nazi Government. Eu-
rope, he declared, could not afford to
grant a country a status of equality.
Quite the contrary, he said, suggesting
that action by the League and a threat
that there would be no treaty revision
so long as Germany pays no considera-
tion to public opinion would be most
effective.

Rejected Refugees

Colonel Josiah Wedgwood, in a
moving address, described the hardships
of the Jewish refugees who upon their
arrival on the British frontiers were
turned back to their ships by the au-
thorities. He was pleading for these
unfortunates, he declared, not from a
humanitarian viewpoint but from that
of the advantage which these people
would have brought to England. Col.
Wedgwood urged opening the doors of
England to Jewish physicians and sci-
entists as well as political prisoners at
present confined in concentration
camps.

Sir Herbert Samuel, while deprecating
the exaggerated accounts, stressed
that it was established beyond a doubt
that shocking violence, in addition to
insult and degradation, had been in-
flicted on great numbers of worthy,
self-respecting Jews. Jews throughout
centuries, the speaker said, have occu-
pied an uncomfortable position, being
the test for the character of the na-
tions among whom they lived. They
have been the touchstone of nations.
It had been suggested that Palestine
should provide an outlet for a certain
number, Sir Herbert continued, ex-
pressing profound satisfaction over the
fact that Palestine is the only prosper-

(Continued on Page 4)

Luncheon Here Marks

Mt. Scopus Dedication Of Untermyer Theatre

(Continued from Page 1)

Open-Air Theatre, which has seating
accommodations for more than 2,000.

A Refuge for Students

The first step of world Jewry in com-
bating the recent events in Germany
must be to enlarge the scope of the
Hebrew University so as to receive the
young men and women to whom the
doors of German universities have been
closed, declared Mr. Untermyer, whose
talk follows in part:

"When provision was made, seven
years ago, for the construction of the
Stadium in memory of my dear wife, in
the midst of hope and rejoicing, that
we are today dedicating in sackcloth
and ashes, little did we dream of the
possibility of the cataclysm that has
overtaken the Jews of the world at the
hands of a nation that, notwithstanding
its many misfortunes, was then still re-
garded as one of the cultural peoples of
the earth.

"But the impossible has come to pass,
and we now find ourselves face to face
with a major catastrophe which we
must prepare to meet in a practical
way.

"Nothing could better illustrate the
long-sustained suffering and ultimate
despair and the blighting, brutalizing
after-effects of a disastrous war upon a
once prosperous, enlightened nation
than the ascendancy to power of a big-
oted brute of the Hitler type and the
tame submission to his yoke of a proud,
self-respecting people. Deep as is our
pity for the persecution, akin to that of
the Dark Ages, of our unfortunate
brethren, it should be still greater for
the remaining ninety-nine per cent of
the German people who are thereby
relegated to semi-barbarism.

"It is now definitely established that
there is a deep-seated, continuing offi-
cial propaganda to grossly minimize
and mislead the Jews and the rest of
the civilized world as to the extent of
the persecution with the deliberate
purpose of withdrawing interest and
support.

"There was never until now in history
any such reign of terror. The witch-
hunters of the Dark Ages did not
rival the Nazi anti-Semites in their
devilish zeal and ingenuity. The num-
ber of suicides in the past few weeks
has exceeded anything ever known.
The case of the Heidelberg law-student,
whose only Jewish ancestor was on a
grandparent, is fairly illustrative.

"Another instance of the extent of
this pogrom is that of a high non-Jew-
ish Government official, whose superi-
ors have demanded that he produce
affirmative evidence of the Aryan char-
acter of his wife's grandmother.

"One hears all sorts of stories of ter-
rorism and torture, apart from the des-
truction of their businesses and of their
practice where they are professional men.

"It seems that no one in Germany
(Continued on Page 4)

Boycott Threat, Nazi Reply to Austrian Curb

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

VIENNA, April 13—Austrian resorts which attract extensive patronage during the summer months are the particular targets of a propaganda campaign organized by the Nazis of Austria. This boycott is an answer to the official prohibition of Nazi propaganda which was promulgated to insure the safety and peace of mind of the holiday-makers, many of them Jews from America and Europe.

At the same time Nazi chiefs in isolated communities have joined the boycott, declaring that they would prohibit German Jews from visiting the summer resorts of their communities.

The liberal section of the Austrian press demands that the government explain why it should be tolerating this agitation, considering the economic loss which it may entail. The same section of the press urges that more vigorous protests against the government's attitude be organized throughout West Austria, where the population is largely dependent during the year on the money tourists spend there during the summer.

Independent Order of B'nai B'rith Juniors Gather

The Brooklyn Chapter of the Aleph Zadik Aleph, the junior order of the Independent Order B'nai B'rith, are sponsors to a contest and reception in Brooklyn, Sunday, at the Ninth Street Temple, on 9th Street between 6th and 7th Avenues, at 2 in the afternoon. Thirteen cities of the Eastern section of the United States will be represented. Seven states will send their delegates to Brooklyn in an effort to capture the William X. Ginsberg Trophy, a silver loving cup annually awarded to the best chapter.

Hitler Fires His N. Y. Consul

The first German Consul whom the Hitler government has expelled from office, Dr. Paul Schwarz, of New York, owes his expulsion in part to the fact that he had the temerity to entertain Professor and Mrs. Albert Einstein at tea in his private residence. Although Dr. Schwarz had expected the blow to fall, he made no effort to anticipate it by resigning. Following the receipt of the demand to get out, Dr. Schwarz gave out a statement in which he declared that he was a Republican and a liberal and denounced Hitler for the "bigoted policies" of his regime.

Germans Burn Their Best

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

DUSSELDORF, April 13—Books by Heinrich Heine, Emil Ludwig and Lion Feuchtwanger were burned here last night. The bonfire was arranged by local youths in anticipation of the general fire of all books which have Jewish authors, which will take place on May 10th.

Don't Relent on Jews, Is Cry of Nazi Press, Dashing Hope of Relief

Number of Readmitted Lawyers to Be Kept Down—Paper Points to Jews in Church Pulpits

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, April 13—Vigorous opposition in the Nazi party against the relaxation of discrimination against Jewish lawyers resulted yesterday in an official order signed by Minister of Justice Kerrl, to the effect that the limitations against Jewish lawyers must be fully maintained in Prussia until the detailed text of the new ordinance affecting lawyers has been published.

This order was preceded by a communique to the effect that on the basis of the regulations to be laid down by the Central Government it would be possible to find a way of eliminating Jewish lawyers without at the same time inflicting unnecessary harshness.

Thus hopes raised yesterday that the number of Jewish lawyers readmitted to practice would be considerably increased are rendered invalid. The number of Jewish lawyers readmitted to practice in Berlin remains at thirty-five, while measures for the exclusion of Jews in other professions are being carried into effect.

It was announced yesterday that Jewish judges and jurymen of all kinds would be removed from office on June 30th.

At the same time Nazi doctors and Nazi lawyers have been clamoring for the complete expulsion of all Jews from universities and other State institutions. In a joint appeal published by them today in the Nazi "Voelkischer Beobachter" they declare that it was unthinkable that in a Nazi state Jews could still be enabled to spread their poison and saturate the nation with their corruption.

The "Vossische Zeitung," criticizing the expulsion of teachers, asks why the racial principle of exclusion should not be applied against clergymen one of whose parents or grandparents was Jewish. Clergymen, it was pointed out, are technically state officials and they cannot be excluded from the "purging process" which is now going on.

Should this mocking suggestion be carried out, the greatest historian of the Protestant Church in Germany, August Raender, would be expelled, as his name originally was David Mendel.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LONDON, April 13—The promise of the German Government to modify the limitations set up against Jewish lawyers was due to Norman H. Davis's talk with Hitler and Minister of Foreign Affairs Neurath, the "Daily Herald" declares. Mr. Davis told Hitler in definite words that the silent pogrom carried on in Germany against the Jewish population has made a disastrous impression on the United States Government and American public opinion. Davis made it clear that the National

Lansbury Urges League Help Raise Refugee Funds

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LONDON, April 13—The suggestion that the British Government should take the initiative in urging the League of Nations to raise a fund for Jewish refugees from Germany was made by George Lansbury, Labor M.P., at a protest meeting called last night by the Labor Party in Albert Memorial Hall. No single nation, Lansbury stated, is in a position to take in all the refugees from Germany, but the League of Nations has in the past repeatedly raised funds for refugees.

Mr. Lansbury further stressed the necessity of immediately planning for the reception of Jewish refugees in Palestine. The request that the British government should bring the problem of German Jewish refugees before the League of Nations will shortly be made by members of the Labor Party in the House of Commons.

Other speakers included Sir Stafford Cripps, Susan Lawrence and Joseph Compton, Chairman of the Labor Party. Their references to the Jewish persecution in Germany were received with stormy expressions of sympathy.

N. Y. Vulcania Tourists Safely Arrive at Haifa

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, April 13—Sunday at 6 A. M., the new Haifa Harbor received the S. S. Vulcania inside the new breakwaters. It is the biggest ship which has ever entered the breakwaters. First were landed 266 excursionists and by 1 P. M. 1,031 American and European passengers were dispatched, baggage cleared and forwarded by four special trains to Jerusalem and Tel-Aviv. Passengers all enthusiastically appreciated the perfect organization and cooperation between local government authorities and the ship management.

This refers to the group of American tourists which went out through the Rosen Palestine-Oriental Tour, 122 Fifth Ave. They are now making arrangements to send the Vulcania again on a Shevuoth trip on May 6th.

Liberals Deplore Nazi Violence

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LONDON, April 13—The Liberal Party in the House of Commons adopted a resolution yesterday expressing its abhorrence of the anti-Jewish persecution carried on in Germany. "We deplore the recrudescence of religious and racial intolerance," the resolution stated, "which creates another hindrance to international friendship and understanding."

Socialist denials of anti-Jewish discrimination did not make any impression whatever in the United States, as it was universally realized that these denials were due to official pressure.

Commons Debate Urges Bars Be Let Down for Jews Fleeing Germany

(Continued from Page 2)

ous country, but even Palestine's prosperity does not permit an unlimited immigration. Nevertheless, a good deal could be done, and Sir Herbert expressed the belief that the Palestine administration had already taken steps to admit as many Jewish refugees as possible.

Pressure of Civilization

Sir Herbert added that he also did not desire that the British Government do anything which would embroil it with the German Government. The main solution must come from within Germany, as a result of the exercise of pressure from the civilized world. Let the opinion of mankind declare, he exclaimed, that to persecute people because of their religion or race is an abomination and that all are entitled to equality before the law.

The anti-German boycott in England was not advocated by him or conducted under the authority of any recognized Jewish organization, he added. He thanked the previous speakers for what they had said regarding the German Jews, pointing also to the spontaneous outburst in the United States against the persecutions in Germany.

Sir John Simon, in closing the debate, revealed that under the authority of Sir Arthur Grenfell Wauchoppe, High Commissioner of Palestine, 200 immigration certificates had been allocated, to be supplied by the British Consul in Berlin to Jewish capitalists owning £1,000, in order to enable them to proceed to Palestine immediately without referring their cases first to the Palestine administration.

Secondly, applicants with from £250 to £500 would be given liberal consideration. Thirdly, the High Commissioner issued special orders that considerate treatment be accorded applications of German Jews already in Palestine who are desirous of bringing their parents or other relatives from Germany.

Sir John Simon expressed his sympathy with the indignation manifested in the House of Commons debate against the events in Germany. It would be a profound mistake to suggest, he declared, that the feelings expressed against the anti-Jewish persecutions in Germany were limited to or instigated by members of the Jewish community.

Difficulty of Intervention

Sir John Simon explained the difficulty of the British Government's intervening on behalf of non-Britishers, but personally felt that unnecessary obstacles should not be placed in the way of Jewish refugees who desire to

Luncheon Here Marks Mt. Scopus Dedication Of Utermeyer Theatre

(Continued from Page 2)

pays his debts to Jews. Since they are forbidden to carry out more than \$50 per month, they are practically stripped of everything.

Women and Children Hostages

"The real meaning and effect of the suspension of passports is that the wives and children of these men that are left behind are being held as hostages.

"This cruel edict is not the will of the German people. If they had the courage left they would repudiate it a thousand times over. Nothing could better indicate the extent to which they have been crushed under the weight of their accumulated misfortune.

"I predict that within the brief space of ten years the German people will despise themselves and repudiate and punish the brutes who have so traduced their honor,—but it will then be too late to retrace their steps.

"The World War and this crime of savagery will go down in history as the two ugly blots to disprove all claims to civilization of the Twentieth Century, and this man Hitler as the cruel, hideous Nero of modern times, who used his brief tenure of power to torture and destroy the men, and the mothers, wives and children of the men who shed their blood for the Fatherland on the field of battle.

"But we are not without means of reprisal. The first step of World Jewry must be to find ways to care for our disfranchised men, women and children, and more particularly to so enlarge the scope of the Hebrew University as to receive our youth to whom the doors of the German universities have now been closed by this brutal decree.

"Our next act should be to see to it that nowhere in the world and under no circumstances should a Jew, from this day forth, buy or use merchandise manufactured in Germany or support German industry in any form. The action taken in that respect by the Jewish shopkeepers in London should be followed the world over. It was not only a wanton and gratuitous insult to our pride but one that had no reason or excuse in any social or economic situation, since the

enter England, although consideration of the unemployment situation must prevail. At the same time, he stated, the admission of people with good character would be a gain and not a loss to England.

It would not be in the interests of the Jews to assume, Sir John Simon concluded, that the British Government should be armed with authority to intervene on behalf of foreign subjects in another country, but he thought an effect would be achieved by the present parliamentary debate which undoubtedly would find an echo in public opinion outside England.

Jews constitute but one per cent of the population of Germany.

"Meantime, as the Jew has outlived all the centuries of persecutions of the past so he will survive this tyranny. He is more proud than ever of his lineage. He is the aristocrat of the world. Other races have come and gone. He alone has survived. Persecution cannot crush him.

"Let this beautiful Stadium that you are today dedicating on the crest of historic, consecrated Mount Scopus in Jerusalem, on the site of the University and the University itself, together stand forth as an emblem of this indomitable spirit and as an asylum for those to whom the doors of learning of their own fatherland have been cruelly closed. Let us together make that possible and we will have turned evil into good."

Mr. Utermeyer's speech was broadcast by both the National and Columbia Networks on coast-to-coast hook-ups and on a short-wave to Europe.

The Minnie Utermeyer Memorial Theatre is the only one of its kind in the entire Near East, Dr. Rosenbach pointed out. It is modeled on the design of the ancient open-air theatres of Rome and Greece and commands a view of the Jordan Valley, the Dead Sea, and the Mountains of Moab.

The stage of the Minnie Utermeyer Memorial Theatre has been designed in classic style by Benjamin Chaikin, Fellow of the Royal Institute of British Architects, now living in Jerusalem. The structure is built in white Jerusalem stone of smooth finish with columns of the same stone dug by Jewish laborers from quarries outside of the city. The paving of the stage is in grey terrazzo or mosaic, with a border frame in Belgian black marble tiles.



True Economy

True office economy is measured not alone by what you pay but by what you get—in space, service and building prestige. The Chanin Building knows how to give you more for less.

CHANIN
BUILDING

122 E. 42nd ST. at LEXINGTON

Renting Office—52nd Floor

CHANIN MANAGEMENT, Inc., Renting Agts.

Telephone LEXington 2-3800

YIDDISH ART THEATRE

2nd Ave. at 12th St. Tel. STuy. 8-7193
MAIPICE SCHWARTZ, Director

"YOSHE KALB"

Last Performance Sunday Evening