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## FAST CROWDS FLOCK TO MONSTER DEMONSTRATION AT MADISON SQUARE GARDEN; IMPRESSIVE SCENES AS CROWDS STREAM TO EXPRESS INDIGNATION AGAINST NAZI EXCESSES

### Powerful Speeches by Representatives of the Religious, Civic, and Political Life of All Classes and Denominations of American Jewry Joined in Unanimous Protest Against Persecution

Long before the commencement of the time fixed for the opening of the meeting at Madison Square Garden, all the entrances to the Hall were besieged by vast crowds clamoring for admittance. The tickets for the meeting were exhausted before the day of the demonstration, but many came in the hope of securing admittance.

A special body of police under Police Commissioner Mulrooney was in charge of order in the hall and vicinity, and succeeded in marshalling the large crowds into the various entrances.

Practically every society, club, synagogue, and Jewish institution in New York was represented. By seven o'clock crowds estimated at approximately 50,000 had passed across the entrance at 8th Avenue, and despairing at gaining admittance had moved on to the various overflow meetings, outside the hall and at Columbus Circle.

The various speakers and personalities received tremendous ovations as they entered the hall, evidence of the deep gratitude felt for the cooperation evinced by all sections and denominations of the American people in the difficulties facing German Jewry.

The speeches were broadcast over a nation-wide net work and beyond the sea. It is estimated that several millions must have listened into the addresses which made clear the nature of the protest and the aims in the cause of the world-wide Jewish anxiety. The meeting was opened by former representative Nathan L. Perlman, who introduced Bernard S. Deutsch, President of the American Jewish Congress, who acted as Chairman at the gathering. Mr. Deutsch said:

"We are deeply grateful to our State Department for the promptness with which it sought and procured authentic information, which, despite repeated denials on the part of some German officials and the most rigorous

censorship, brought prompt confirmation of physical mistreatment of Jews, picketing of Jewish merchandising stores and of professional discrimination. The State Department, however, has not yet had sufficient time in which to secure authentic information of the results of the Hitler propaganda, calculated to arouse the utmost resentment and which has been rampant for thirteen years, and the avowed subject of which is not alone the disfranchisement but the imposition upon the Jews of Germany of the vilest restrictions, discriminations and disfranchisement.

"The distinguished men on this platform, who have come to bear witness

to the justice of our cause, will add their voices and lend their influence to our attempt to halt the march of the enemies of our people and the enemies of all that is sacred in human relationship.

"Representatives of various groups and faiths are here, but we are all brothers in our pride in what our beloved America stands for and in our devotion to the ideals of justice and fair play."

Dr. Joseph Tenenbaum, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the American Jewish Congress, who was the next speaker, dwelt on the avowed anti-Semitism of the Nazi party, pointing

(Continued on Page 3)

## NAZI COMMUNIQUE ANNOUNCES BOYCOTT OF JEWISH BUSINESSES THROUGHOUT COUNTRY

### Special Boycott Committees Set Up "As Reply to Boycott Appeal of International Jewry"

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, March 28—"Special committees are to be set up against Jewish enterprises in Germany as a reply to the boycott appeals of international Jewry," runs a statement issued by the Nazi Party. This may be regarded as the opening of a definite campaign of reprisals for the Jewish protest movement.

Nazi troopers at Schwering, this afternoon forced Jewish shops to close down, going to the extent of forcing the owners to pay their employees two months' salaries in advance, so that Germans, thus thrown out of employment, might not be left destitute.

At Gleiwitz, in Silesia, Nazi pickets prevented customers from entering Jewish shops; the regular police did not intervene.

At Essen, Duisburg and Bochum, Jewish department stores and the Page stores, one-price establishments,

were picketed by Nazi troopers, who prevented customers from entering.

In the Rhenish Palatinate, the Government, which is in the hands of the Bavarian Nazi Commissioner, has ordered the resignation by tomorrow, of all Jews holding positions of chairmen or committeemen of public, private, trade and vocational clubs and societies. In addition, the "Voelkischer Beobachter" confirms the details of the impounding of the banking accounts of the Jews of Landau in the Palatinate.

Closely connected with these events is the arrest of Kurt Loewenthal of the International News Service Bureau who is charged with spreading abroad accounts of mistreatment of Jews. Loewenthal is a Jew and a German citizen.

Continuing its policy of ousting Jews from the professions, there was a further dismissal yesterday of Jewish doctors from the Berlin hospitals.

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## Protest Movement in Palestine

**Prayers and Demonstrations Throughout Country; Boycott Declared Involving £1,000,000 Imports**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, March 28—Impressive protest meetings were held today under the auspices of the Tel Aviv Municipality and the Rabbinate of the Tel Aviv Community. Speakers described the Jewish situation in Germany as worse than the Spanishquisition. A similar meeting has been arranged for this week by the Haifa Community.

The German Consulates at Jerusalem and Jaffa have been put under a British police guard in view of the growing public resentment against Germany.

The Jewish merchants of Jerusalem, Haifa, and Tel Aviv have proclaimed a boycott of German goods, and have announced that they will even refuse to accept goods shipped in German steamers. It is estimated that the boycott, if carried into effect, will involve German imports to the extent of a million pounds annually.

In Jerusalem, leaflets have been distributed urging a complete boycott of anything German until the persecutions of the Jews in Germany are stopped.

## Jugoslavia to Admit

**German Jewish Refugees**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BELGRADE, March 28—Jugoslavia will not prevent the entry of German Jews, declared Boske Jeffitch, the Foreign Minister of Yugoslavia in response to a Jewish delegation composed of Sephardim and Ashkenazim.

The delegation had called on him in order to request the right of asylum for refugees from Germany.

## German Jews Forced to Write Reassuring Letters Abroad, Says Report from Poland

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WARSAW, March 28—Persons upon whom the utmost reliability can be placed, just arrived from Berlin, report that the German authorities are forcing German Jews to write to their relatives abroad that there exists in Germany no anti-Jewish terror.

## Reports of German Excesses Are Terrible Exaggerations, Says Cable to Rabbi Leo Jung

Reports from Germany are grossly at variance with the facts, was the substance of a cable sent by Rabbi Ezra Munk, one of the leading members of the Rabbinate in Germany, to Dr. Leo Jung, Rabbi of the Jewish Center in New York.

"I address my appeal to you," runs the message, "as a colleague and friend of many years standing, as a former student of Universities in this country and as one who knows the German people. I am most emphatically determined to brand as untrue reports which are worthy of punishment because they are contrary to fact. I refer to the terrible exaggerations of excesses of individuals reported to have taken place during the elections.

"Please see to it that this message receives the widest publicity," the cable concludes.

Dr. Jung added, however, that the cable did not contradict the reports regarding the systematic endeavor on the part of the Government to freeze out Jews from German professional, financial, and social life.

## Protest Demonstration at Sofia Disturbed by Anti-Semites

**Hooligans Driven Off; Seven Injured on Both Sides**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

SOFIA, March 28—Seven were injured at a meeting held here last night in order to protest against the German excesses. The meeting which was organized by Zionist Revisionists was held in the premises of the Sofia Bar Association.

The premises were attacked by Bulgarian National Socialists, who attempted to interrupt the meeting, throwing stones through the windows and breaking into the hall. The hooligans were eventually thrown out by those present at the meeting and driven off. They thereupon demonstrated in the streets and attempted to carry the attack into the district of Meitham, a Jewish quarter, where some windows were broken. Here, too, the Jews confronted their attackers and drove them off, leaving seven injured on both sides. The police intervened energetically, and eventually suppressed the disturbance.

## British Foreign Secretary Reveals Intervention in Berlin Three Weeks Ago, This Week

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LONDON, March 28—Sir John Simon, the British Secretary for Foreign Affairs, revealed today in the House of Commons that the British Ambassador in Berlin, acting on the British Government's instructions, made representations to the German authorities regarding the Jewish question, three weeks ago. Sir John Simon disclosed that the British Ambassador discussed the matter with the German Foreign Minister, von Neurath. Sir John Simon also mentioned that he had discussed the matter again with the German Ambassador in London last week. In both cases, he declared, the replies given were of a reassuring nature.

## Vast Protest Movement Throughout Poland; Jews, Non-Jews Join in Demonstrations

**Departure of 645 Emigrants to Palestine Produces Spontaneous Manifestation**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WARSAW, March 28—In Warsaw, Lvov, Krakau, Lodz, Vilna, Bialystok, Katowitz, and in scores of other towns and hundreds of townlets throughout Poland, protest meetings were held simultaneously.

Punctually at five o'clock in the afternoon, all Jewish shops, restaurants and cafes in the non-Jewish as well as in the Jewish quarters were closed. All the synagogues were overcrowded with fasting worshippers, who listened to the sermons of Rabbis of the Agudah and Mizrahi leaders. Collections were made for the relief of the numerous refugees streaming into Poland.

Literally, hundreds of protest meetings have been organized by a National Protest Committee, and various other organizations.

Under the influence of today's demonstration, various Jewish merchants have announced the cancellation of orders of German goods.

In Warsaw, a demonstration composed of Jews and Christians proceeded to the German Embassy and raised cries of "Down with Hitler". The demonstrators were dispersed by the police, and the German Consulate and Embassy were subsequently put under a police guard, and no other demonstrators were allowed to approach them.

At the main Warsaw railway station, a spontaneous and most enthusiastic manifestation developed on the occasion of the departure of 645 Polish Jews for Palestine. This is the largest group leaving Poland this season.

## VAST CROWDS FLOCK TO MONSTER DEMONSTRATION AT MADISON SQUARE GARDEN TO EXPRESS INDIGNATION AGAINST NAZI EXCESSES

(Continued from Page 1)

ing out that it openly demanded the elimination of Jews from responsible positions in public life. "But even more serious than physical torture and racial discriminations is the moral turpitude with which the Nazi press continues its vicious, libelous campaign of incitement against the Jews. Always a bill of lies and a power plant of blackmail, the Nazi papers, now the only ones privileged to appear uncensored and unmolested, choke every native impulse of decency or moral compunction in the bud.

"In the name of the Executive Committee of the American Jewish Congress," concluded Dr. Tenenbaum, "I solemnly declare that nothing will stop us in our sacred duty to enlist the co-operation of the whole civilized world against the criminal folly of whatever government chooses to blacken and besmirch the pages of history with acts of medieval persecution and racial discrimination."

Dr. Samuel Margoshes, Editor of the Jewish "Day", said that no amount of denials by the Nazis would deter the American Jewish Congress from the task it had set itself of arousing humanity to the danger of the threat involved in Hitlerism. He said that the American Jewish Congress would continue its campaign until the Hitler Government had accepted the four demands formulated on Sunday and transmitted to him through the German Ambassador in Washington. These demands called for the cessation of Jewish persecution, the protection of Jewish life and property, the assurance that the Jews in Germany would be secured in their political rights, and that there would be no interference with equal economic opportunity.

Hyman Greenberg, one of the leaders of the Poale Zion, declared that the Jewish workers' organizations, which he had the honor to represent, stood shoulder to shoulder with all other classes of Jews in their protest against the Nazi persecutions. He stressed that the protest was not against the German people but against Hitlerism.

Mr. Morris Rothenberg, President of the Zionist Organization of America, said:

"For six years the flood gates of hate and calumny have been let loose upon German Jews and upon the Jewish people. For six years Hitler and his followers have sought to stir in the German multitudes hostile passions against the German Jews. One of the fundamental tenets of the Nazi platform was that only Germans of German extraction had a right to participate in German official life. This, of course, was directed against the Jews although they had lived for more than a thousand years in Germany, had

helped to build up its commerce and industry, its art, its literature, and its science, and shed their blood in defense of their country.

"We kept silent," said Mr. Rothenberg, "because we hoped that Hitler and his followers would come to realize that their conduct was unworthy of the great tradition of culture of the German nation; that the deep injustice which they were inflicting upon a devoted part of the German people would only serve to bring upon the Nazis the moral condemnation of the civilized world.

"Then came the Hitler accession to power. We have no desire whatsoever to interfere with the internal political affairs of Germany, but that which befell German Jewry not only affects us as fellow-Jews but it is a matter of concern to every right thinking human being.

"This great protest meeting and the indignation which has been aroused among every section of the American people," declared Mr. Rothenberg in conclusion, "will not have adequately served their purpose unless there is not only a cessation of violence but an abandonment of the program of the economic destruction and the civil disfranchisement of German Jewry. It is our solemn duty to Jewish honor as to the cause of human liberty to do what lies in our power to prevent such an intolerable violation of human rights."

The advent of Dr. John Haynes Holmes, Pastor of the Community Church, who was the next speaker, brought the whole audience to their feet. He received a remarkable ovation. His picturesque and forceful epithets repeatedly drew rounds of applause and approval. Hitler he described as "the paper-hanger of Potsdam", and the Nazi Party as "Hitler's gangsters let loose on a civilized Germany". He cautioned that a swift disappearance of the Nazi regime and its methods was not to be anticipated. Everyone who had endeavored to predict the future in connection with Hitler's rise, had repeatedly failed. So-called political prophets had previously described Hitlerism as a blown-up balloon that would quickly burst. They had been mistaken, and it would be wise to avoid a similar mistake in the future.

Dr. Holmes, too, warned that Hitler should not be confused with the German people, towards whom they still had friendliest and most sympathetic feelings in the catastrophe that had befallen them.

Abraham Cahan, Editor of the Jewish Daily "Forward", described the Nazi storm troops as "brown-skirted hooligans". "Hitler," he said, finds

(Continued on Page 5)

From all parts of the United States reports running into many scores have been received of meetings of protest against the treatment of Jews in Germany. Only the limit imposed by the size of the *Jewish Daily Bulletin* prevents the publication of these numerous reports.

It is felt that the readers will appreciate the fact that it has been found necessary to give preference to important despatches from various parts of the world as well as to matters of immediate major interest.

## German Boycott Spreading Throughout Europe

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LONDON, March 28 — The Jewish boycott against Germany is spreading rapidly throughout Europe, although nowhere is there any sign of a definitely organized boycott. It is rather in the nature of a sporadic movement undertaken independently by Jewish traders as far apart as diamond dealers in Antwerp, importers in Yugoslavia, and merchants in Morocco, and Holland.

In Paris, there is being organized a League for an Economic and Moral Fight against the Nazis. The initiators are appealing to the public to boycott German films, for banks to refuse to discount German bills, for doctors not to buy German medicaments and for lawyers to decline German briefs so long as the anti-Jewish excesses continue. The seriousness of the growing boycott is evidenced by prominent headlines in the English press such as "Judea Declares War Against Hitler".

In England, the boycott is being pushed by the fur, toy, and the silk trades. Other merchants too, are displaying boycott posters in all parts of London. In addition, motorcars are touring the streets, both in the East and the West of the city, appealing for a boycott on German goods.

Lord Robert Cecil, as well as a number of Members of Parliament have given notice that they intend to raise in Parliament the question of the treatment of Jews in Germany.

## Polish Anti-Semite Organization Suppressed

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WARSAW, March 28 — The anti-Semitic Polish organization known as "Obwipol" is now officially suppressed throughout the whole of Poland. Explaining the grounds for this action, the Government establishes that the activities of Obwipol were calculated to produce excesses and to incite to political racial hatred. The official statement adds that the recent occurrences at Krakow, Lvov, and Bialystok have proved the extreme danger of Obwipol to the whole of the Polish state.

## Dr. Chaim Weizmann Arrives in Palestine

**Labor Party Charges Mizrahi Leader  
Premature Disclosure Trans-Jordan  
Negotiations; Demands Resignation**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, March 28—Dr. Chaim Weizmann, former President of the Jewish Agency, who has arrived in Palestine, was met at Lud Junction by all the members of the Zionist Executive and of the Vaad Leumi, which is the Executive of the Jewish National Assembly. Dr. Weizmann, who came by way of Egypt, went direct to Haifa without turning aside for a visit to Jerusalem. It is understood that he proposes to spend Passover with his mother, who resides in Palestine.

Simultaneously with the arrival of Dr. Weizmann, the Labor section of the Zionist Executive is demanding the withdrawal of H. Farbstein, who represents the Mizrahi on the Executive. He is charged with having disclosed to the "Moment" of Warsaw, secrets regarding the Trans-Jordan negotiations, which is considered by the Labor Party as an unprecedented scandal. The premature publication of the Trans-Jordan negotiations are considered by them as having been the cause of the Arab agitation, particularly as the Arab press gave wide publicity to the report when disclosed. It is felt by them that the premature disclosure has proved harmful to further negotiations for the lease of Trans-Jordan lands.

Following a conference between the Mizrahi Executive in Jerusalem and Mr. Farbstein, the Mizrahi Executive informed the J.T.A. that it wholly disregards the allegations made against Mr. Farbstein. The Mizrahi Executive declares that they see in these charges pre-election manoeuvres by the Labor Party to attack the Mizrahi at the forthcoming Zionist Congress. They add that they do not intend to recall Mr. Farbstein from his seat on the Zionist Executive.

## Schechita Prohibited by Austrian Provincial Legislature

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

VIENNA, March 28—The Salzburg Diet, a provincial legislature, has unanimously adopted a motion by the Nazi majority prohibiting schechita. The motion was supported by the Christian Socialists and the Social Democrats.

Similar prohibitions adopted by the Salzburg Provincial Diet had previously been modified by the Federal Government in Vienna which had qualified the ordinance by permitting two Jewish butchers to sell Kosher meat, as the Salzburg community had protested that the ordinance was a violation of the constitution which guaranteed religious equality to all.

It is now a question whether the Federal Government will allow or modify this new prohibition.

## Free Import of Palestinian Oranges Passed by Canadian Parliament

**To Be Free of Tariff During Four  
Months of Every Year; Measure Had  
Warm Support of Bennett, Rhodes**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

OTTAWA, March 28—The Canadian Parliament has passed its budget for the current year, which includes a provision for free entry of Palestine citrus fruits into Canada each year during the months of January, February, March and April, which is the season for Palestine citrus export.

The passage of the above measure was made possible due to the warm sympathy of the Hon. R. B. Bennett, Premier of Canada, towards Zionism and the upbuilding of the Jewish Home Land.

The initiative in connection with the above measure was taken by Mr. Joseph Hestrin, Barrister at Law, of Winnipeg, Canada, acting on behalf of the Palestine Citrus Fruit Exchange composed of the Pardess Cooperative Society, whose President is L. Rokeach; the Jaffa Fruit Co., whose President is S. Tolkovsky; and "Hit", representing the labor cooperative societies of Palestine.

Abraham A. Heaps, the Jewish Labor member for Winnipeg, assisted in introducing the matter to the attention of the Canadian Government, particularly to the Premier and to the Finance Minister, the Hon. E. M. Rhodes.

Mr. Bennett was always interested in freeing the cause of Zionism. He showed it in the year 1925, at the opening of the Hebrew University at Jerusalem, and on many other occasions.

The Canadian Government, in granting the above preference, had to overcome certain difficulties of constitutional and international law.

Thus, the restriction of free import to four months was dictated by the necessity of overcoming the difficulties involved in Favored Nations' Treaties. Oranges imported during these months will not compete with those from countries affected by such treaties, inasmuch as their orange season does not clash with that of Palestine.

Mr. Harry Viteles, President of the Central Cooperative Bank of Palestine was consulted all through the negotiations, as was Mr. A. J. Freiman, President of the Zionist Organization of Canada.

45,000 cases of Palestinian oranges were imported into Canada since January, being eight times the amount entering Canadian ports during the fiscal year 1932. It is expected that the removal of the tariff will provide a powerful stimulus for trade between Canada and Palestine.

## Mercantile Organizations in Poland Declare German Boycott

**German Jewish Veterans' Letter to  
American Ambassador Written Under  
Compulsion, "Haint" Declares**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WARSAW, March 28—Three important Jewish Economic Organizations, the Merchants' Union, the Artisans' Organization, and the Retailers' Organization have asked their members to commence an unconditional boycott of German wares. They have also instructed them to close their businesses today on the occasion of the nationwide protest against the German excesses.

The Central Committee of the Agudath Israel, associating themselves with the protest demonstrations, calls upon the Jews of Poland to engage in repentance and prayer. The proclamation declares, "We have none upon whom to lean, except on our Father who is in Heaven."

The "Haint" commenting on the letter addressed by the German Jewish Veterans to the United States Ambassador in Berlin, denying the atrocities, declares that the letter was no doubt written under compulsion, and was comparable to the letter sent by the Rabbis in Soviet Russia who denied ill-treatment at the very moment they were suffering imprisonment and hardship.

## British Fascists Agitating Against Jews in Manchester

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LONDON, March 28—Manchester Fascists have repeated the anti-Jewish campaign which they attempted some time ago. This time it is directed particularly at the Jewish traders in the Cheetham Hill district, the Jewish quarter in Manchester. Labels have been found stuck to shop windows and bearing such slogans as "Jews steal everything, even your names"; "How can Jews be Britons when they want a national home elsewhere?"; "When Edward I expelled the Jews, Britain found her soul".

Apart from these labels no anti-Jewish acts occurred.

## Bombay Has New Jewish School

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BOMBAY, Mar. 25—A new building for the Bombay Jewish school costing 150,000 rupees has just been opened. A considerable portion of the cost was borne by Sir Elly Kadoori, the Jewish philanthropist and millionaire of Shanghai.

Plans are also being made to extend the Sir Jacob Sassoon High School for Jewish children to accommodate 80 more pupils. This school has at present about 400 Jewish boys and girls.

## VAST CROWDS FLOCK TO MONSTER DEMONSTRATION AT MADISON SQUARE GARDEN TO EXPRESS INDIGNATION AGAINST NAZI EXCESSES

(Continued from Page 3)

himself between the devil of his own anti-Semitic policies and the deep sea of the civilized sentiment of Europe and America." It was his view that Hitlerism would not last long, as it was a menace to the liberties of the civilized world.

Mrs. Rebekah Kohut, President of the World Union of Women, and the only woman speaker at the meeting, appealed especially to women, as the mothers of men, to do all they could to banish hatred of all kinds from their hearts. Hatred of any description was a vice that poisoned the human organism, and should therefore be eradicated. Hatred, she concluded, was the seed that eventually produced wars and it evolved upon the women to see to it that the world would not again plunge into a catastrophe of conflict.

Israel N. Thurman, a Vice-President of the American Jewish Congress, who presented a resolution to the meeting said:

"No one prays more devoutly than I do that the Government of Germany will heed the mighty voice of this great nation as it is lifted this evening not alone here but all over the land in solemn protest against cruelty and injustice, yea, as it is lifted this evening in prayer for such change not alone of mind, but of heart, on the part of enemies in Germany as will enable us to take the whole German people to our hearts without exception or reservation.

"It is too much to hope, however, that the dire effects of a hellish propaganda of bigotry and hate, fiercely and unrelentingly carried on for nearly fifteen years, and still permitted and promoted, will be wiped out by a single fiat."

Turning to the task that lay before the American Jewish Congress, he said: "We must not lean on just this meeting of protest. Far wiser, my friends, to resolve that this is the opening signal of a great, consecrated and unrelenting endeavor that shall not cease until the Jews of Germany can once again pursue the even tenor of their ways, and once again work and love and serve in their great Fatherland."

Mr. Thurman then read a resolution, approving the appointment by the President of the American Jewish Congress, of an Emergency Fund Committee of the Congress, whose duties shall be to raise such funds as the Congress shall find necessary for the pursuit of its aims, and particularly for the "safeguarding of the civil, religious, political rights of the Jews in Germany." The speaker pointed out that the emergency had laid a great burden on the Congress, and they look to the Jewish public to

help them carry out their work effectively.

The resolution was adopted by a rising vote.

Bishop Francis McConnell, who was next introduced, opened his address with a quotation from the Declaration of Independence citing the phrase, "A decent respect for the opinions of mankind." What was happening in Germany now, he said, was "an indecent disrespect for the opinions of mankind." To those who ask, "Why not let Germany manage things to suit herself?" he would reply, "That is the quickest way to plunge the world into war." He insisted that now was the time to make their protest, so that conditions might not grow worse. Such a protest, he said, would work for the peace of the world.

Mr. C. H. Tuttle, former United States Attorney, and President of the Greater New York Interfaith Committee, said that the Committee, composed of Catholics, Protestants, and Jews, was a symbol of the spirit in which the meeting was held.

"Tonight," he said, "we have met together as citizens of the world. We have assembled in the universal realm of human sympathy, human justice and human right. We hold that the laws of humanity and of God are the foundation of all other laws; and that if and when those fundamental laws are violated, then the whole commonwealth of man instantly acquires a right and a duty to speak out aloud.

"We, therefore, appeal to the German people not to permit within their borders continuance or resumption of acts of aggression and injustice against the Jews, lest prejudice and hate overrun the world and civilization lose all that it has gained for tolerance and understanding since the Dark Ages."

He concluded with a declaration that Christians could not stand by and watch the forcible conversion of Jews into citizens of low caste, into Jewish untouchables, into prisoners of a ghetto.

Ab. Goldberg, Associate Editor of the "Jewish Morning Journal", who spoke in Yiddish, predicted that the Jews would eventually triumph because they were in the right. He insisted that the reports from Germany fully justified the holding of the protest meeting, and that the Nazi propaganda was in itself as bad as any pogrom that could take place. He, like the other speakers, declared that they were influenced only by the kindest feelings towards the German people. They were concerned only with the menace of Hitlerism.

Ab. Goldberg's speech was interrupted for several minutes by the arrival of Bishop Manning and Mayor O'Brien,

(Continued on Page 6)

## Day of Protest in New York

In compliance with the request of the various Orthodox Rabbinical associations, the synagogues were crowded with worshippers, many of whom fasted. Special prayers were offered for German Jewry. There were also numerous local protest meetings, notably a demonstration in Brownsville, attended by many thousands.

## Advertisements in "Times" Call For Non-Recognition of Germany, And Explain Truth of Pogroms

Two quarter-page advertisements appearing in Monday's New York "Times" serve to focus public attention on the depth of feeling which German events have stirred in the hearts of American Jewry.

One of the advertisements, signed by Frank Cohen and Family (All native Americans) is headed "An Open letter to the President of the United States." It recapitulates the fact that the U. S. Government had deemed it right not to recognize the Russian Government until the Soviets had honored its legal obligations. The final paragraph concludes:

"We submit, that the United States Government should not recognize the present German Government, by withholding the appointment of the American Ambassador to Germany, until the present German government demonstrates that it will honor its human obligations."

The second advertisement bears the signature of Jacob Fishman, managing editor of the "Jewish Morning Journal" together with a note "This advertisement is paid for by the 'Jewish Morning Journal' in the interests of truth." It is headed "The Truth About the German Pogroms," and cites various examples of Nazi anti-Jewish agitation, as well as impartial testimony to the truth about the excesses.

## Anti-Semitic Disturbances in Hungary; Synagogue Attacked

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BUDAPEST, March 28 — Anti-Semitic demonstrations have occurred in the Jewish quarter of the provincial town of Gyoeraab. During the Sabbath services, the synagogue was attacked and the windows broken. Only one demonstrator was arrested.

The Jewish population fears renewed attacks as the authorities have accused the young Zionists of molesting Hungarian scouts during a march in celebration of a Hungarian National festival.

At Debreczen, about 200 Hungarian Hakenkreuzler, who were endeavoring to disturb the elections of the Board of local cooperatives on the ground that too many Jews were associated with it, were dispersed by the police.

## FAST CROWDS FLOCK TO MONSTER DEMONSTRATION AT MADISON SQUARE GARDEN TO EXPRESS INDIGNATION AGAINST NAZI EXCESSES

(Continued from Page 5)

oth of whom received an overwhelming welcome.

Mr. Goldberg concluded his speech with a reference to the difficult work of the American Jewish Congress, and a plea for the financial support which could enable the Congress to continue the campaign, a campaign which promised to be protracted and difficult.

One of the most impressive incidents of the evening was the few moments of prayer in Hebrew offered by Rabbi M. S. Margolis, the 80-year old President of the Orthodox Jewish Congregations of America, who followed Ab. Goldberg. The whole audience rose out of respect for the venerable Rabbi, who, though sick, and barely able to walk, had insisted on participating in the evening.

Mayor John P. O'Brien said, "It is a privilege to be here this evening and to be able, in the name of the people of the City of New York, embracing as it does men and women of many races or creeds, to join in a protest against religious and racial persecution."

"The reports of happenings in Germany in the last few weeks as to the treatment of Jews have been so shocking as to seem wellnigh incredible. I was delighted, accordingly, to read in the morning papers the telegram from Secretary of State Hull to Rabbi Wise indicating that the reports from our diplomatic representatives in Germany were to the effect that the reported persecution of the Jews in Germany was greatly exaggerated and that the government was taking stern measures to prevent recurrences of any of the excesses that had taken place."

"I am sure that the real Germany condemns disgraceful raids on Albert Einstein's home, the destruction of Feuchtwanger's literary creative manuscripts, maltreatment of the great Bruno Walter and any hounding of the great liberal minded Jewish journalists and poets."

"It is difficult to believe, my friends, the excesses of the demagoguery of which we have been reading in Germany could have been sanctioned by the German people. They could not be sanctioned by the government of Germany; they certainly are not sanctioned by the Germans in our city—a city of various races and peoples who live together amicably, respecting the traditions, the creeds and the races of all law-abiding citizens. The Germans here, whether Protestant, Catholic or Jewish, could have no more sympathy with the reported intolerance in Germany than could the great body of the German people in the Fatherland itself."

United States Senator Robert F.

Wagner declared that he spoke as an immigrant boy from Germany, who had climbed the ladder until he had reached one of the highest positions in the United States. He said that he spoke as a friend of the German people, and one who honored and loved the land of his childhood, cherished by history, and was proud of her accomplishments. "With that as my background," he continued, "you can readily understand that to me tolerance, liberty, equality of opportunity are not just pretty words. They are to me the breath of life, the beat of my heart."

"As I read the reports of the occurrences in Germany that are responsible for this meeting, I am filled with horror and dismay. There is a lump in my throat as I consider that others less fortunate than I are being denied the very blessings of equality and opportunity which I enjoyed."

Of Hitlerism, he said, "the emergency of this destructive spirit is of concern not alone to the Jewish people, it is a menace not only to the German people; unless it is dissipated, it threatens to blot out every prospect of progress, to poison the very springs of our civilization."

Bishop Manning, who followed Mayor O'Brien, took occasion to protest against religious-persecution in Soviet Russia as well as against what was occurring in Germany. He said:

"Race prejudice, oppression, religious persecution have no right to exist anywhere in this world, and we have no right to condone or countenance them."

"We appeal here tonight for their cessation everywhere in the name of right, of humanity and of religion."

Former Governor Alfred E. Smith received a tremendous ovation when he rose to speak. The whole audience stood up and applauded, and it was sometime before he could make himself heard. He said:

"There is no denying the fact that there has been a kind of council of pussyfooting about whether we should have this meeting or not. There was a great cross-fire and current of opinion that was in conflict. I got all kinds of telegrams and all kinds of cablegrams telling me there wasn't any reason for a meeting, that nothing had taken place, that we wanted to avoid the possibility of hysteria in a time like this. Well, all I can say about that is that where there is a good deal of smoke there must be some fire. And the only thing to do with it, not in our interest alone but in the interest of the future of the German people is to drag it out into the open sunlight, and give it the same treatment that we gave the Ku Klux Klan. So as not to be exposed to the tomfoolery of it, of the an-

tics of it and the picture of the throne of the Imperial Wizard and all the rest of the bunkum that goes with its ritual; it died a natural death. And it don't make any difference to me whether it is a brown shirt or a night shirt."

"Now there is one thing that we are all sure about and that is the platform of the ruling party in the Germanic state. It was anti-Semitic, it was the intention, the avowed purpose of the men that ran on that platform, to separate the Jews from the life of Germany."

"Well, I don't know whether all candidates at all times in all parties really intend to do all the things they say they are going to do. But I do know that sometimes some of their enthusiastic followers may labor under the impression that they are carrying out the master's will, and that is the thing that I am pretty sure we got to be careful about."

"This fact, however, remains: That up to the present moment, if we look at the record, the responsible head of the German Government has said nothing in denunciation of this conduct."

"I read something in the paper where somebody attempted to excuse it by the sudden revolutionary change in the government. Hitler was in the last government. He was in the last government, and the result of the recent election has only been to expand his power."

"While, of course, we are all concerned with the stories of the conduct of the Nazis toward the Jewish people, I am concerned a little bit with the spiritual side of it. We might expect this from some parts of the world, but certainly it comes as a great shock when it comes from Germany. And I am satisfied, as far as my conscience is concerned, that no such attitude as that squares with the heart and the conscience of the rank and file of the German people."

Mr. William Green, President of the American Federation of Labor, said that he spoke in the name of the millions of members of the Federation, on whose behalf he protested against the atrocities perpetrated against the Jews in Germany. He declared: "I transmit to the officers and members of the German trade unions, the masses of the people, the hosts of labor in Germany and to the Jewish people an expression of sympathy and interest. Labor in America wishes them to know that it is not unmindful of the suffering to which all of them are being subjected and that it fully appreciates the difficult and distressing experiences through which they are now going."

James N. Rosenberg, vice-chairman of the Joint Distribution Committee, was introduced as one of the men active in the great work of relief, which the American people had carried on in Europe after the War, and as one who had given of his best efforts to provide food and medical help for Germans as

(Continued on Page 7)

## VAST CROWDS FLOCK TO MONSTER DEMONSTRATION AT MADISON SQUARE GARDEN TO EXPRESS INDIGNATION AGAINST NAZI EXCESSES

(Continued from Page 6)

well as for members of other nationalities. He said:

"I invoke the spirit of Washington and Adams, of Jefferson and Lincoln. In their names and in the countless thousands of oppressed men and women and children of whatever faiths who sought these shores, whether hundreds of years ago or yesterday, I renew the appeal of the founders of this, our beloved country, for man's inalienable right to life and liberty.

"I join fervently, therefore, in this expression of solemn hope that Germany will not tolerate the denial of those sacred and fundamental rights of mankind. To such ends I appeal to the world's conscience, to humanity and to Almighty God."

Rabbi Dr. Stephen S. Wise, whose speech concluded the meeting, received a great welcome from the audience when he rose to speak. In the course of his speech he said "the American Jewish Congress had called but not caused the protest meeting tonight. The American Jewish Congress had not aroused that protest against anti-Jewish wrongs in Germany but had brought within the bounds of law and order an oceanic tide of indignation against the outrages inflicted upon Jews in these days under the Nazi government.

"Not out of the bitterness of anger but out of the depths of sorrow and the spirit of compassion do we speak tonight," he declared. "For Germany we have asked and we continue to ask justice and even magnanimity from her erstwhile foes. We demand in the sight of humanity the right for Germany from the nations and the right from Germany for the Jewish people. No wrong under the heavens could be greater than to make German Jews scapegoats because Germany has grievances against the nations. We who would secure justice from the nations for Germany and justice to Jews from Germany affirm tonight that Germany cannot hope to secure justice through injustice to its Jewish people.

"This protest of tonight," continued Rabbi Wise, "is not against the German people whom we honor and revere and cherish. How could we, of the household of Israel, fail to cherish and honor the German people, one of the great peoples of the earth, a people that has made monumental, indeed eternal contributions to human well being in the domains of religion, literature and the arts. How could we fail to cherish and to revere the people of Goethe and Schiller, Immanuel Kant and Hegel, Beethoven and Wagner, Heine and Einstein.

"This protest of tonight is not

against the political program of Germany for Germany is master within her own household, but solely against the present anti-Jewish policy of the Nazi government. There is no need for our German-born neighbors in America nor for our fellow Jews in Germany to appeal to us to avoid an anti-Jewish demonstration. We are not against Germany, and it is an unforgivable calumny to declare that we are 'Deutschfeindlich'. We are the friends of and believers in Germany. Germany at its highest, Germany at its truest, the German nation at its noblest. Because we are the friends of Germany, because we have inextinguishable faith in the basic love for righteousness of the German people, we appeal to Germany representing at this meeting does, Protestants, Catholics, Jews, in the name of America which has been stirred as rarely before against wrongs perpetrated upon Jews."

Talking of the Nazi program, Dr. Wise said, "we know that it is not easy to cancel the Nazi program of thirteen years, and still we know that it can be done. A dictatorship is omnipotent and above all the German people at its best will support the government in every honest effort to avert the shame of the medievalization of German Jewry. If the Nazi government will use for the suppression of the anti-Semitic campaign in Germany 1/100th or 1/1000th part of the vigor and rigor with which it has suppressed differing or, as it believes, dangerous political parties, anti-Semitism will perish in Germany."

Turning to the subject of the German Jewry's efforts to avert the protest movement, Rabbi Wise declared: "To those leaders of German Jewry who declare that the present anti-Jewish situation in Germany is a local German question, we call attention to the word of Abraham Lincoln. Defenders of slavery urged and excused slavery on the ground that it was local. Lincoln's answer was 'Slavery is local but freedom is national'. The conscience of humanity has made a world problem of the present situation of the Jews in Germany. We lay down no conditions tonight, we make no stipulations, we do not even urge demands. But we do affirm certain elementary axioms of civilization. The Jews of the world, no more than the Jews of Germany, do not demand exceptional treatment or privileged position or favored status for themselves. We do not even ask for rights. We ask only for the right. We demand the right."

Concluding his address Rabbi Wise repeated the note that had been struck by practically all the speakers.

## Vienna Nazi March Leads To Police Mobilization

Jewish Woman Judge Excluded from  
Bench on Nazi Objection

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

VIENNA, March 28—Intense alarm was caused throughout the whole of Vienna by the mobilization of the entire police force in order to meet the emergency of a sudden Nazi march intended as a protest against the so-called anti-German world campaign by Jews. The whole of the Jewish quarter has been cordoned off by police in order to prevent attacks.

For the first time, an Austrian court has acceded to Nazi objections raised against the presence of a Jewish woman judge during the hearing of a case against Nazis responsible for throwing tear-bombs during a recent celebration. The court agreed to the exclusion from the bench of Kaethe Leister, on the ground that she was of Jewish origin, although officially of no denomination, and not a registered member of the Jewish community.

"I close as I began," he said. "We are not met in the spirit of bitterness, hatred or revenge. We do not desire that the German people be punished because of the unwisdom of the measures and the injustice of some practices of its government. Whatever nations may ask in the spirit of reparation and reprisal, we who are Jews know that our spirit must be in consonance with the high tradition of Jewish forbearance and Jewish forgiveness. But there must be no further reprisals against our fellow Jews, no penalizing them as German hostages because the conscience of the world utters its mighty protest. God help the German people to be equal to themselves."

In the course of his speech, Rabbi Wise defined the demands of the American Jewish Congress, which had been transmitted to the German Government through the German Ambassador in Washington, as follows:

1. There must be an immediate cessation of all anti-Semitic activities and propaganda in Germany.
2. The abandonment of the policy of racial discrimination against and of economic exclusion of Jews from the life of Germany, the Germany which German Jews love, which their sons and brothers and fathers have fought and died for, the Germany which they love, as you and I love our country.
3. The protection of Jewish life and property.
4. There shall not be an expulsion of Ost Juden, Jews who have come into Germany since 1914. More than that, for them we demand (I read the considered word of my associate) equal treatment for Ost Juden, for Jewish non-nationals and for non-nationals of Germany whether they be French or English or Italian or American.

**Dinner Honoring****Nathan Straus Tonight**

The dinner in honor of Nathan Straus, Jr., tendered to him by the Jewish Agency for Palestine, will be held tonight at the Astor Hotel, with leaders in communal activity, business and politics present.

The function will also mark the launching of the nation-wide effort to raise funds for the maintenance of Jewish reconstruction activities in Palestine. A fund is being gathered to be presented to Mr. Straus in recognition of his services in the upbuilding of Palestine. The fund will be transferred by Mr. Straus to the Jewish Agency for its immigration, colonization, education and sanitation projects in Palestine.

The speakers at the dinner will include Mayor John P. O'Brien, Aldermanic President Joseph V. McKee, George MacDonald, George Gordon Battle, Dr. Stephen S. Wise, Louis Lipsky, Morris Rothenberg, James Marshall and Abraham Goldberg. Grisha Goluhoff, the boy violinist, will be the soloist.

Among those who will be present are Appeals Court Justice Irving Lehman, Supreme Court Justice Mitchell May, Judge Algernon I. Nova, Judge Otto Rosalsky, Judge Jonah J. Goldstein, Manhattan Borough President Samuel Levy, Rabbi Samuel Schulman, Police Commissioner Edward P. Mulrooney, Corporation Counsel Arthur Hilly, Mr. and Mrs. John F. Curry, Commissioner of Public Works Marshall Ingram, Mrs. Anna Moskowitz Kross, Health Commissioner Shirley Wynne and Val O'Farrell.

**American Joint Distribution****Committee Renews Drive****For Emergency Relief Fund**

Continuing developments in Eastern Europe and Germany, hostile to the well-being of the Jews, and aggravation of conditions which have already reduced Jewish populations in Eastern and Central Europe to overwhelming despair and suffering, have greatly magnified relief duties of the American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, Rabbi Jonah B. Wise, National Fund-Raising Chairman of the overseas Jewish relief agency, declared here. He appealed to the Jews of the nation to support the Joint Distribution Committee in its emergency life-saving program and to furnish it with sufficient funds to meet contingencies arising out of the situation confronting their brethren overseas.

Support of the Joint Distribution Committee was also strongly urged by Dr. Cyrus Adler, President of the American Jewish Committee, and Bernard S. Deutsch, President of the American Jewish Congress, who, in letters to Rabbi Wise, pledged the co-operation of their national organizations to the relief agency which for the past eighteen years has represented American Jewry in furnishing aid in emergencies such as the present.

Campaigns in various communities throughout the country held in connection with the 1933 National Appeal which were temporarily interrupted by the banking holiday, are being resumed, Dr. Wise declared, and will be intensified in view of the present situation overseas. The New York City Appeal, announced earlier in the month, is renewing its efforts under the leadership of Dudley D. Sicher, Chairman, and a distinguished supporting committee.

The Los Angeles Jewish community despite the banking holiday and an earthquake which has added to the philanthropic obligations of its members, is proceeding with plans to inaugurate a Joint Distribution Committee appeal in May. Other Jewish communities throughout the nation have also gone ahead with their plans for drives after the temporary cessation of activities caused by the financial situation.

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**\$2,500 by B'nai B'rith  
For Earthquake Relief**

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

CINCINNATI, March 28 — B'nai B'rith has sent \$2,500 for the direct relief of the hundreds of victims of the Southern California earthquake. The money was forwarded by National Headquarters of the Order here shortly after newspaper dispatches told of the disaster. It was used for food, shelter, and clothing for those whose belongings were swept away by the quake.

The money was appropriated from the B'nai B'rith Emergency Relief Fund which, in its more than 25 years of existence, has sent hundreds of thousands of dollars to victims of earthquakes, floods, fires, pogroms, and other major disasters in all parts of the world.

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