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Report Nazis Have Secret Instructions to Convert Election Eve Into St. Bartholomew Eve

Arrest Two as Suspects in Connection with Shooting of Jewish Merchant

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, Feb. 28.—Secret instructions have been issued to Nazi Storm Troops to convert Saturday, March 4th, the eve of the German election, into a St. Bartholomew Eve for the disposal of leading opponents of the Nazis.

This rumor, which is widely circulated throughout Berlin today, is also reported by the Reuter News Service.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, Feb. 28.—Alfred Apfel, a former president of the Zionist organization here, was among those included in the wholesale arrests of alleged Communists today in connection with the incendiary fire which swept the Reichstag building early this morning.

Herr Apfel, who is not a Communist, recently acted as counsel for a number of arrested Communists. For this reason, it is believed, he was included among those suspected of responsibility for the firing of the Reichstag Chamber.

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J. N. F. Warns Against Dealings with Canadian

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, Feb. 28.—The Jewish Community of Palestine is aroused over the attitude displayed by a Canadian Jewish attorney, who has prevented the Jewish National Fund from acquiring a large land area owned by Arabs, for which it has been negotiating for several years.

The attorney, Philip Joseph, has prevented the sale of the land to the Jews in the interests of his own private gains. Mr. Joseph, it is stated, declares that he purchased the land in behalf of a company comprised of American and British Jews.

Because of the developments, the Jewish National Fund has issued a public warning to residents in Palestine and abroad, not to enter into negotiations with Mr. Joseph before communicating with it.

The press comments editorially on the growing menace of land speculation in connection with the Joseph matter.

Syria Not to Permit Jewish Tourists to Stop Over; Change Made at Request of Palestine

Palestine Government Fears Tourists Will Remain in Syria, in Hope of Entering Palestine

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BEIRUT, Feb. 28.—Jews proceeding to Oriental countries via Beirut, will not be permitted to make a stop-over here, according to new regulations issued.

The change in procedure has been arranged, it is learned, upon the request of the Palestine government, on the ground that many tourists stop over in Syria with a view to entering Palestine illegally at a subsequent date.

On this ground, therefore, 51 men and 19 women were not permitted to land in Beirut, early this month. They were compelled to remain on board the steamer and to disembark at ports some distance from Palestine.

Bill for Compulsory Registration of Aliens Introduced in Conn. Senate

Measure Similar to One Passed by Michigan State Legislature Which Was Later Declared Unconstitutional

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

HARTFORD, Feb. 28.—Several bills for compulsory registration of aliens have been introduced in the Connecticut Senate by Senator Hackett, the last of which is a substitute for Senate Bill 629. It requires aliens residing in Connecticut to register in order to engage in business in the state or to be employed there and not only penalizes such aliens but also their prospective employers. The bill requires proof from Federal records as a condition of registration which it is almost impossible for every alien in the state to secure although he may be legally within the United States.

The bill is similar to the one which Michigan passed a couple of years ago and which was declared unconstitutional by the Federal Court in Michigan except that it does not attempt to provide for deportation under state authority.

A number of Jewish and general or-

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Jewish Deputy Says Taschereau Bill Will Not Curb Attacks Against Jews by Goglu Press

Asserts Premier's Measure Will Not Protect Jews as a Class from Anti-Semitic Attack

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

MONTREAL, Feb. 28.—The bill sponsored by Premier I. A. Taschereau, which would empower judges to issue injunctions against publications which repeatedly infringe on the Criminal Code of Canada, will not help the Jews to combat anti-Semitic publications, is the opinion emphatically expressed by Deputy Peter Bercovitch, member of the Provincial Parliament.

The Taschereau bill will make it possible for individuals attacked by certain newspapers to seek redress through court injunctions. It does not, however, protect Jews as a class. Although many think that the measure was inspired by the Jews and that Premier Taschereau was motivated by a desire to help the Jews, it will not help the Jews to curb the attacks of the Goglu press, Deputy Bercovitch asserts.

Jewish members of the Provincial Parliament may confer with the Premier on the measure.

At the same time the anti-Semitic publication, "Le Miroir," openly asserts that it is unafraid of the bill, concerning which it comments: "the mountain gave birth to a mouse."

Edwin Samuel Named District Commissioner for Nazareth

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, Feb. 28.—Edwin Samuel has been appointed District Commissioner of Nazareth, which includes supervision of the entire Emek.

Mr. Samuel's position of Assistant District Commissioner for Jerusalem will be filled by another Jew, it is learned. He is the son of Herbert Samuel, first High Commissioner for Palestine.

429 Americans Arrive For Palestine Visit

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, Feb. 28.—Four hundred and twenty-nine Americans arrived in Palestine today on the steamer "Columbus."

Among the arrivals is Mrs. Archibald Silverman, well known American Zionist leader.

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\$50,000 Bequests to Jewish Groups in Liebovitz Will

Gifts of \$15,000 to the Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies and \$10,000 to the Palestine Foundation Fund are bequeathed in the will of the late Simon Liebovitz, who left an estate of \$693,328.

The Regina Rose Society receives \$15,000 and five other organizations receive \$2,000 each. The bulk of the estate goes to his six sons and a daughter.

Printing Trade to Be Affected By Government Plant

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM.—The Palestine printing trade, largely concentrated in Jewish hands, will be affected by the decision of the Palestine government to establish its own printing plant in Jerusalem.

Hitherto all government printing including the Official Gazette, published weekly in English, Hebrew and Arabic, was done at Jewish printing shops.

The government has already chosen a site for the works, the plant and machinery which is enroute from England.

Holtz Named on City And County Committee

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

ROCHESTER, Feb. 28 — Mayor Charles S. Owen of Rochester, N. Y., has announced the appointment of Max L. Holtz, President of Iola, the Monroe County Tuberculosis Sanatorium and the Rochester Clothiers' Exchange, as a member of a new City and County Committee which has for its task the consideration of a program for lower welfare expenditures.

Dr. S. J. Appelbaum of the Jewish Welfare Council, was also selected as a member on this committee.

Late Dr. Schapiro's Collection Goes to Johns Hopkins

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

BALTIMORE, Feb. 28.—The Johns Hopkins University became a possessor of what is regarded by many authorities as the world's foremost archaeological collection of Panama and Costa Rican lava sculpture and pottery. Collected by the late Dr. Louis Schapiro, of the Rockefeller Foundation, and presented in his memory by his widow and their son, Mark Schapiro, now a senior in the College of Arts and Sciences at Johns Hopkins, the sixty odd pieces were displayed for the first time at Gilman Hall. Estimates have placed the value of the collection as high as \$65,000.

Mrs. Schapiro, who has been living here since her son transferred to Hopkins from the University of Chicago last summer, said the collected pieces were unearthed and assembled by Dr. Schapiro in his eight years of public health work for the Rockefeller Foundation in Costa Rica and an equally long period in Panama.

She has an equally outstanding collection of ivories which she says will be presented to the university if her son enters the Johns Hopkins School of Medicine and she, therefore, makes Baltimore her home. At present the collection of ivories is displayed at the Milwaukee Museum of Art, to which it was loaned by Dr. Schapiro sixteen years ago.

Dr. Schapiro, who received a doctor of public health degree from Johns Hopkins School of Hygiene and Public Health in 1923, sixteen years after receiving his medical degree from the George Washington University, died February 4, 1932, in Siam. He had gone there in August, 1930, with Mrs. Schapiro as an agent of the Rockefeller Foundation to serve as a public health adviser for the Siamese government. Posthumously, he was awarded the rank of prince.

Children Receiving Jewish Education Drop 10 Per Cent

Statistical studies just completed by the Department of Information and Statistics of the Jewish Education Association of New York disclose the fact that in the years 1931-32 there occurred a drop of approximately 10 per cent in the number of Jewish children receiving Jewish education. The results of these studies, as announced by Bernard Semel, honorary secretary of the Association, place the number of children in Greater New York now receiving Jewish instruction at 90,000, while in the years prior to 1931 the number of such children was estimated at 100,000.

"The need for educational propaganda among Jewish parents and for scholarships is now greater than ever," he said.

Lubawitcher Rebbe Asked to Pray for Cermak's Recovery

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, Feb. 28.—The Lubawitcher Rebbe received a telephoned request yesterday from Chicago to pray for the recovery of Mayor Anton Cermak, now critically ill in a Miami Hospital, from bullet wounds received at the hands of the would-be assassin of President-elect Roosevelt.

The request was telephoned to Riga, the Lubawitcher Rebbe's home, by one Albert Goodman, of Chicago, an adherent, at the request of one of the Mayor's daughters.

When it was learned that the Lubawitcher Rebbe was in Berlin, where he is recovering from a serious illness, a second trans-Atlantic telephone call was put through to Berlin.

The Lubawitcher Rebbe has granted the request put to him.

700 Attend Two Day Good Will Seminar

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

PLAINFIELD, Feb. 28.—Fifteen Jews, fifteen Catholics, and fifteen Protestants, serving under Mayor C. B. Wigton, Judge William Newcorn and Attorney Francis J. Blatz, last night closed a two day Seminar here, dealing with social ideals of organized religion and President Hoover's Commission's report on "Recent Social Trends". The Seminar was held in conjunction with the National Conference of Jews and Christians of which organization Newton D. Baker, Professor Carlton J. H. Hays, and Roger W. Straus are Co-Chairmen. Seven hundred people participated in the sessions.

In the closing address Rabbi Philip Bernstein of Rochester pleaded for liberal social action in accord with the ideals of synagogues and churches. Harry A. Lurie, Director of the Bureau of Jewish Social Research, led two round tables on "social changes" and addressed a luncheon session of the Seminar. Mr. Lurie also participated in the "U-Table" which summarized the events of the conference.

Other speakers included Everett R. Clinchy, Director of the National Conference of Jews and Christians, who outlined "Social Trends"; Dr. E. T. Devine, who spoke on religious forces in the present emergency; Dr. Edmund Chaffee of the Labor Temple who led the round table on economic changes; and Father P. A. Maher.

Dr. Appelbaum Vice President Of Monroe Medical Society

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Feb. 28.—Dr. S. J. Appelbaum has been elected Vice President of the Medical Society of the County of Monroe, one of the largest counties in New York State, of which the City of Rochester is the center.

Extreme Simplicity Marks Last Rites for Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff; Grandsons Act as Pallbearers

Special Services Held at Schiff Center; Resolutions of Sorrow Adopted by Organizations

Marked by extreme simplicity and attended only by members of the family and close friends, funeral services were held yesterday morning for Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff, who succumbed on Sunday in her 79th year.

The last rites were conducted from her city residence where she had lived alone since the death of her distinguished husband thirteen years ago. Rabbi Samuel Schulman of Temple Emanuel, to which she belonged, officiated.

Five grandsons, the four sons of Mr. and Mrs. Felix M. Warburg, Frederick M.; Gerald F.; Paul Felix and Edward M. Warburg; and John M. Schiff, the son of the late Mortimer Schiff, acted as pall bearers.

The funeral cortege made its way from the house to the Salcm Fields Cemetery in Brooklyn, where the body was buried beside that of Jacob H. Schiff.

Special services in memory of Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff were held at five o'clock yesterday afternoon at the Jacob H. Schiff Center, named for her husband, the distinguished philanthropist.

All social and athletic activities were suspended during the period of the services.

Mrs. Schiff was interested in the work of the Center to whose support she contributed generously. She paid her last visit to the institution on January 7th when she attended special services on the occasion of the anniversary of her husband's birth.

Resolutions of mourning were adopted by the Hebrew Free Loan Society and the Women's Association of the Ort.

Display of Scrolls of Book Of Esther at Seminary

Beginning Sunday, March 5, and continuing until March 26th, an exhibition of beautifully illuminated parchment and leather Scrolls of the Book of Esther, some of them dating back to the sixteenth century, and representing almost every country in Europe and the Orient, will be shown at the Museum of Jewish Ceremonial Objects in the Library building of the Jewish Theological Seminary of America.

This exhibition is arranged in connection with the Jewish festival of Purim, which occurs on March 12. The Seminary's collection of illuminated and printed megillot in Hebrew and other languages, is one of the largest in existence.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

Says Situation of Polish Jewry Will Become Even More Menacing If Government Does Not Change Its Policy

By Our Warsaw Correspondent

WARSAW—The Polish government was warned, in a recent address before the Sejm by Dr. Rothenstreich, that unless it alters its policy, in conformity with the demands of the Club of Jewish Deputies, the situation of the Jewish population will become more menacing than it is even today.

While it is true that the entire population of Poland is becoming pauperized as a result of the crisis, the Jewish population is becoming completely declassified, he asserted, with only 15% earning enough for their bare subsistence; 20% able to meet three-quarters of their most elemental needs; 35% managing to obtain half as much as they require, and with 30% earning nothing at all.

The present situation, the Jewish deputy blamed upon the policy of the government.

It is true, Dr. Rothenstreich said, that there is distress also in the villages, but it pales in comparison with the terrible position into which the Jewish population has been driven.

"You would not understand what we meant when we pleaded with you: Do not ruin the Jewish population. It was necessary in the interests of the villages, but I tell you, that if you destroy the urban consumer, you annihilate also the rural producer. It will not help you if you issue ever so many decrees. It will not help you if you grant ever so many credit facilities to the villages, if it is done at the expense of the Jews.

"It is many years now since you have been conducting this policy of pushing out, of degrading the Jewish element. That aim has been attained. We have been declassified, but what have you created in our place? What benefits has it brought to the State Revenue, to the position of Poland in the world markets? Even now things would be worse than they are, if it were not for the ability, initiative and expert knowledge of the Jews. If Polish export trade is to continue only in that one direction in which you are trying to point it, the elimination of the Jews, things will be much worse than they are.

"I ask myself," Dr. Rothenstreich went on, "whether those who bear responsibility for the affairs of the State render any account to themselves that the policy which they have been conducting till now with regard to the Jews is harmful to the country.

"I know that I shall be told that a great deal has been changed for the better and that many Government departments treat the Jews very differently now. That is true, but the

(Continued on Page 4)

Eastern and Western Palestine Should Be Economic Whole Without Boundaries, Says Snell

Supports Settlement of Jews in Transjordan; Expresses View Complications Can Be Overcome

Expressing support for the project to settle Jews in Transjordan where their progressive methods may develop the country, Lord Harry Snell informed a representative of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that in his opinion both Western and Eastern Palestine should be regarded as an economic whole within which no boundaries should exist.

The fact that Transjordan is under a separate government creates some complications, but greater difficulties than these have been amicably overcome in the past, Lord Snell stated.

Lord Snell, who as Mr. Harry Snell, was a member of the Shaw Inquiry Commission set up to investigate the Palestine disturbances of 1929, is widely known as the author of the minority report of the Commission, which differed in many respects from the majority report and was regarded as fairer, to the Jews than was the majority report.

Lord Snell's views on Transjordan were in reply to the interviewer's queries. The interviewer asked Lord Snell's views regarding the present development in Transjordan where Emir Abdullah's willingness to lease his personal estate for Jewish settlement had been interrupted by the agitation of Arab politicians; whether he did not regard it as desirable that Transjordan should play a part in the solution of the Palestinian land problem and that the Jews should be given an opportunity to introduce there the progressive factors already brought by them into Western Palestine.

Lord Snell said that he had had an opportunity during 1929 of seeing Transjordan when the Inquiry Commission paid a visit to the Emir Abdullah at his capital in Amman. On that occasion he had formed the impression that Transjordan was a much more fertile land, better watered and more sparsely populated than Western Palestine. He then went on to reveal that although he had made no specific mention of Transjordan in his report, he had really intended to do so, and was only debarred by the fear that Arab agitators might use his remarks that it was intended to transfer the Arabs from Western to Eastern Palestine as a basis for false political agitation. In his minority report he had declared that if it were true, as alleged, that many Arabs had been dispossessed of their land through government failure to do its duty, such Arabs could be settled by re-establishing them on the land. Moreover, such a settlement should be developed as a model of modern agriculture to serve as an example to the Arabs in that area. He had in-

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Eastern and Western Palestine Should Be Economic Whole Without Boundaries, Says Snell

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tended to specify Transjordan as the seat of this development, but had omitted to do so for the reason explained by him.

Lord Snell said that in his meeting with Abdullah he had formed the impression that Abdullah harbored no passion against the Jews in Western Palestine, and he was therefore not altogether surprised to learn of his willingness to improve conditions in Transjordan by attracting Jewish settlement. He, personally, would be delighted if an arrangement could be arrived at for Jewish settlement in Transjordan, he said.

Asked for his impressions during his stay in the United States, Lord Snell said that he was struck by the remarkable difference in the Jewish attitude to Palestine as compared with that obtaining several years ago. Only a few years ago the Jews in America regarded their Zionist work as something remote and as an activity carried out for others and not really for themselves. A fundamental change has now occurred in this attitude, and American Jews were now thinking of Palestine as a place for themselves, as a country in which they might retrieve the prosperity which had disappeared in the United States. He went on to say that he was glad to learn that many of the American Jews who go to Palestine were, by the advice of the American Economic Committee for Palestine and similar agencies, embarking on industrial activity. It has always been his view that the Jews should not wholly concentrate in Palestine on agriculture, a field which was restricted by the land area and in which competition with the Arabs tended to accentuate antipathies. He had always believed that in industry, taking into account Palestine's geographical position and the opening of the Haifa Harbor, the Jews would successfully create the possibility of a considerable Jewish immigration without increasing Arab tension.

Lord Snell added that he had also been pleased to notice that there was now less distrust of the British Government among the American Jews, a situation which would be helpful in facilitating British-Jewish cooperation and the work in Palestine generally.

Lord Snell will sail for Europe Friday.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

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changes have been only in small details. The general line has remained the same. Nothing was done for the Jews previously and nothing is done for the Jews now.

There was a time when it was contemplated to set up a committee to enquire into the position of the Jews in Poland and to formulate a series of proposals—a mixed Jewish-Polish Committee. After long investigations, the representatives of the Committee came with a memorandum to one of the Ministries. They were given a hearing and a reply. And the reply was that instead of coming with a big plan of altering the occupational strata of the Jewish population, they had come with demands for subsidies for various purposes, and since those subsidies would not solve the entire Jewish problem nothing at all was done, and not a groschen was allocated. The Committee ceased to work. It is foolish to go on wasting time, one of the non-Jewish members of the Committee said, if even the slightest demands are ignored.

"Polish Jewry, however, cannot resign itself to its fate and withdraw its just demands," Dr. Rothenreich said. "The Club of Jewish Deputies, as the Jewish representative body in the Polish Parliament, demands fulfillment of our main postulates in the economic field, the abolition of the economic blockade against Jews, and the extension of the Government salvage work to include the Jewish victims of the crisis."

"You can deal with our proposals with regard to the Lvov occurrences when you like, but you must not postpone our economic demands. I leave it to the Government to estimate the results if they postpone consideration of the Lvov occurrences, and to decide whether that is a sound and just policy from the point of view of the State. I am convinced that if the Government reflects upon it at all, it will come to the conclusion that the policy of constantly putting off and not giving effect to our most important and our most just demands is wrong."

"Time is limited, so that it is impossible to enumerate all our grievances. For years we have been repeating that the taxation policy is utterly ruining us. It is not right nor natural that the trading class should have to pay the largest part of the taxation."

"Someone has dared to assert here in the Sejm that the trading class is economically well-placed, and will have to bear the burden of the internal loan. The only result if that is done will be that those merchants who still manage to keep their heads above water, will be submerged unless they are given assistance, and their interests are taken into account in the Government's salvage program."

"The three million Jews in Poland constitute a great economic force which is deliberately being ignored, weakened and neglected; instead of uniting all

Report Nazis Have Secret Instructions to Convert Election Eve Into St. Bartholomew Eve

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ber, who were ordered arrested by Minister Goering.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, Feb. 28—The police yesterday arrested two persons, Hans Baumann and Adolf Preuss, in connection with the death of a Jewish merchant, Guenter Falkenstein, who was shot dead in Grohmanstrasse.

The son of the murdered man, Dr. Louis Falkenstein, informed the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that his father had no political affiliations, and that he was apparently killed simply because he was a Jew.

Bill for Compulsory Registration of Aliens Introduced in Conn. Senate

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ganizations are vigorously opposing the enactment.

Max J. Kohler, who was counsel in the Michigan Case is active in the opposition in behalf of the American Jewish Committee, the B'nai B'rith, and the Baron de Hirsch Fund.

the forces of the country you are breaking them up. That is the wrong road. The crisis is growing.

"There are some among us who doubt very much indeed whether it is worth while ever again depicting in this House the bare truth with regard to the terrible facts of Jewish life; if we are not listened to, if you refuse to listen to us. We still cling to the hope that in spite of everything, reason will win in the end, and that the method of ignoring our needs will cease."

"For two years now we are in this sad position, that instead of demanding our just political, cultural and economic needs we are compelled to fight for the elementary right to live."

"But we shall not allow ourselves to be diverted from our fight for full political, cultural and economic rights."

"The crisis has upset the balance of political and economic relations. The situation in which we Jews have been placed is a clear proof of this lack of balance."

"But we must realize that the declassification process among Polish Jewry is now on the verge of becoming an annihilation process."

"I have considered it my duty," Deputy Rothenreich concluded, "to depict our real position. I declare here openly, frankly, that the position of the Jews in Poland is catastrophic. It depends on the policy of the Government, on the steps that the Government will take immediately to change the situation, to satisfy our postulates, whether this position will not grow to be still more catastrophic and menacing."

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