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## ARAB PRESS ASSERTS EMIR ABDULLAH ANXIOUS TO SEE JEWS SETTLE IN TRANSJORDAN; ALLEGE JEWISH NATIONAL FUND IN DEAL

Press Agitation Revived Against Lease of Land to Jews; Express Lack of Confidence in Emir's Denial of Land Lease; Allege He Engineered Petition to Himself Urging Lease to Foreign Jews

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, Feb. 8.—While Emir Abdullah is being pressed by Transjordan leaders to permit the lease of land to Jews, the Arab press has renewed vigorously its agitation against such action, going so far as to express lack of confidence in Emir Abdullah's denial of the land lease to Jews.

The Arab press asserts that the petition signed by twenty-one sheiks of Transjordan, urging the lease of land to the Jews, which was submitted to the Emir and the High Commissioner was engineered by Emir Abdullah himself. Emir Abdullah, they allege is anxious to see Jews settle in Transjordan.

The Istiklal, the Arab independence party, announces that it will issue a new statement expressing dissatisfaction with Emir Abdullah's communique of January 26th following the cancellation of the option granted to a Jewish company in which he declared: "In order to deny false reports spread regarding the lease of the Ghor Lands to a foreign company or foreign citizens, the Emir's palace announces that these reports are absolutely baseless."

"El Islamea" today carries eight articles, all attacking Emir Abdullah's action in the land lease matter. One article asserts that the Jewish National Fund is behind the project to lease Transjordan land and says that eventually the former may conclude a land lease, under the name of some Britons.

In another article the same paper alleges that the representatives of the British Government in Amman advised the Emir to postpone the deal for the time being in order to allay the indignation of the Arabs.

## To Open New Yiddish Theatre in Warsaw

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WARSAW.—A New Yiddish theatre will shortly be opened in Warsaw.

Having existed for three years as a dramatics school, it is to begin anew as an independent theatre under the name of "Young Theatre."

While the Arab press is agitating against the land lease, Emir Abdullah has received thirty telegrams from Transjordan leaders, calling upon him to lease his land to the Jews in order to bring Jewish capital into the country to save Transjordan, now in an acute economic state.

## Jewish Community to Be Formed in Angola

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

SALONICA.—A Jewish community comprised of many Jews from Salonica who have remained Turkish subjects is about to be formed in Angola, according to reports reaching here.

The situation of the Jews in Angola is described in glowing terms by a Salonica correspondent who recently visited Angola.

"The Jews of Angola are a pleasure to see," he wrote. "If there are no rich men among them, there are at the same time no poor. Each Jew possesses at least his own house, and all earn their living as workmen or small traders. They are very well thought of by the Turks, those coming from Salonica being the most favored.

"To be from Salonica is a great advantage in Angola, and Mustapha Kemal, the Gozi, was born in Salonica and passed many years of his youth and the beginning of his military career there.

"The Jews of Salonica, when they settle in Angola, are always careful to publish their origin. Capital can be made out of it. The Gozi himself sets the example, showing himself a great friend of the Jews.

"Four Jews, one of whom is married to a Salonica woman, hold responsible posts in the administration of his private property. Another Jew from Salonica, now established in Angola as a worker in tin, enjoys the preference of the Head of the Nation whenever orders are to be executed for the Palace, and has several times received presents from the Gozi, who never fails to show his sympathy for the Salonicans of Angola."

## Jewish Leaders Report Situation in Germany Quiet; Fear for Future

Nazis Penetrating Into Administrative Offices Where Anti-Semitic Policy Possible

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, Feb. 8.—Jewish leaders returning from a tour of inspection throughout Germany informed the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that peace prevails everywhere with the exception of sporadic incidents.

They stated, however, that the future is worrying. The fear is expressed that with the gradual penetration of the Nazis into civil service and with their employment in the secretariat of the Federal government and the states and in the executive organs of the provinces, an anti-Jewish policy will be practiced.

An anti-Semite, Haupt, has been appointed Rapporteur on student questions in the Ministry of Education. The Minister of Education, Rust, has himself issued an appeal to the Christian churches to combat Bolshevism and materialism, in this fashion seeking to attack the Jews on two fronts.

## Windows of Hebrew Book Store Smashed

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, Feb. 8.—For the second time this week, a Hebrew book shop owned by one Gonzer, located on Oranienburgerstrasse, had its windows broken by Nazis.

A number of books on Judaica were stolen. The vandals left a note declaring: "Hail Hitler!" "Judaea Perish!"

## Prof. Bernhard Says Lot of German Jews Hard

In a signed article written for the  
(Continued on Page 4)

## Twenty-five Cuban Jews To Settle in Palestine

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

HAVANA, Feb. 8.—Five Jewish families, consisting of twenty-five persons will sail for Palestine on February 11th, to take up permanent residence there.

Immigration certificates have been granted the emigrants through the Zionist Organization. They represent the largest Jewish group which has ever left Cuba for Palestine settlement.

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### Mrs. Felix M. Warburg Honored by Hadassah Executive

A reception and tea in honor of Mrs. Felix M. Warburg, who returned to New York last week from abroad, which included a visit to Palestine, was given on Tuesday afternoon by the Executive Committee of the New York Chapter of Hadassah.

Mrs. Warburg in her address lauded the work of Hadassah in Palestine which has been able, she said, to accomplish much of constructive value, despite great obstacles.

"I was very much impressed with Hadassah work in Palestine, in the face of such adverse physical conditions," Mrs. Warburg stated.

"I was also delighted with the school luncheon system which shows a decided improvement in the quality of the food, the quantity and the manner in which it is served.

"I must deplore, however, the state of the Hadassah Hospital in Jerusalem, which is housed in an old dilapidated building. We must urge the building of a new hospital on Mount Scopus in conjunction with the Hebrew University. I must stress, however, that even in the old hospital, medical and surgical work is being carried out along the most modern and perfected ways," Mrs. Warburg stated.

### Congregation Shaare Zedek To Mark 95th Anniversary

The ninety-fifth anniversary of the founding of Congregation Shaare Zedek of New York will be celebrated at a dinner on Sunday evening at the Hotel New Yorker.

Speakers will include Judge Jonah J. Goldstein, Dr. Elijah Solomon, Rabbi of the Congregation, Isaac Haft, president; Louis Barowsky, secretary, and George A. Rosen, chairman of the Dinner Committee.

### Rabbi Starts Philosophy Dept. at State College

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

MILWAUKEE, Feb. 8.—Dr. Joseph L. Baron, Rabbi of Temple Emanu-El B'ne Jeshurun, has been invited to organize the Department of Philosophy at the State Teachers' College in Milwaukee, and to become the first lecturer in philosophy at that institution.

Dr. Baron will begin his work on the campus at the opening of the second semester tomorrow.

### Boston Organizes Palestine Drive for Funds

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

BOSTON, Feb. 8.—The Jewish community here launched its 1933 fundraising effort for the American Palestine Campaign under the leadership of Harry B. Berman as Chairman and Judge Jacob J. Kaplan, Honorary Chairman, yesterday at a luncheon in honor of Dr. Stephen S. Wise.

The luncheon, which brought together leaders in the Palestine effort, was presided over by Max Shoolman, who is an Honorary Vice-Chairman of the American Palestine Campaign and Chairman for New England.

With Boston planning to have the climax of its drive at the end of March, other cities in New England are planning campaigns for the Keren Hayesod. Louis Lipsky, National Chairman, will be guest of honor at the opening of the Lowell campaign on March 12th and in Mattapan on March 13th. Other cities which will make intensive drives for the Keren Hayesod within the next few weeks are New Bedford, Chelsea, Malden, Lynn and Springfield.

### Moves to Solve Problems Of Religious Life

Special consideration will be given to the problems facing religious life on Long Island as a result of the Fourth Annual Convention of the Long Island Branch of the United Synagogue of America which was held at the Beth Israel Community Center, Richmond Hill, with over 100 delegates representing congregations from all parts of the Island. It was also decided to undertake a joint campaign for funds on Long Island for the benefit of the United Synagogue of America and the Jewish Theological Seminary of America.

Judge Benjamin Marvin, of Jamaica, was re-elected President of the Organization and the following Vice-Presidents were elected: Mordecai Konowitz, Assistant District Attorney of Queens; Leon Wilner, Rockaway Park; Charles Diring, Richmond Hill; Louis Appleton, Freeport, and Max Abramson, Flushing. Max Jeline of Flushing was elected Secretary.

The installation of Rabbi Sol B. Friedman as rabbi of the Washington Heights Congregation will take place at the Synagogue, February 12th, at two o'clock.

### Proposes Tax to Solve Problem of Synagogue Upkeep

A plan to solve the financial difficulties of congregations, through taxation of the more affluent members of each congregation, has been proposed by Israel Silberman, prominent resident of Kew Gardens and President of Cong. Beth Israel Community Centre of Richmond Hill, as well as Treasurer of the United Synagogue of America.

Mr. Silberman's plan, which is similar to that of the old Jewish Kehillahs whereby every member of the Jewish community was taxed for the upkeep of the Synagogue and other Jewish institutions, proposes to request every affluent member of a congregation to tax himself to the extent of a large annual contribution to the funds of the Synagogue. This tax will greatly exceed the amount of the annual dues.

It was announced by Mr. Silberman that a Committee has been formed in his own Congregation under the Chairmanship of Phoebus Kaplan of Kew Gardens to put this plan into effect. In order to start this activity, Mr. Silberman has announced that he has donated one thousand dollars as the first member of the committee and will tax himself for a similar sum to be annually contributed to the Congregation.

### Urge Use of "Bulletin" And "Current Events"

The Midwestern Conference of the Mizrahi Youth of America held in Detroit adopted a resolution lauding the Jewish Telegraphic Agency and its publications.

The resolution declared: "The conference strongly recommends to its branches and members to subscribe to the 'Jewish Daily Bulletin' and to 'Jewish Current Events' and to use same as part of the cultural activities, especially as a source of information for discussion of Jewish current events."

### Reception for Lord Marley At Temple Emanu-El

The Women's Association of the American Ort will give a Reception in honor of Lord Marley, Deputy Speaker of the House of Lords, and Chairman of the Parliamentary Advisory Council of Ort in England, on February 14th at Temple Emanu-El.

Lord Marley is now on a visit in this country for the purpose of helping the Peoples Ort Federation in its campaign for the declassified Jews in Eastern Europe.

The Chairman of the Reception will be Howard S. Cullman, Port of New York Authority. Among the speakers will be: Mrs. Florence R. Dolowitz, President of the Women's Association of American Ort; B. C. Vladeck, National Chairman of the Peoples Ort Federation, and B. Aisurwitch, member of the Central Committee of Ort in Poland.

## Polish Jewry Urged to Unite to Fight Economic Extermination Policy of Government

Resolution to This Effect Adopted by Economic Conference Called by Zionist Organization

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WARSAW—Polish Jewry is called upon to unite its creative and ethical powers to combat the "extermination policy" and to fight against the taxes imposed upon the Jewish population, which are far above their possibilities and do not correspondingly satisfy the social needs of the Jewish population," in a resolution adopted by the Economic Conference convened on the initiative of the United Committee of the Zionist Organization in Poland.

The conference was called to consider the economic position of Polish Jews.

The conference declared that the economic position of the Jews has grown steadily worse and ascribed it to the political and economic transformations of the war and post war years but "chiefly to the destructive economic and extermination policy of the government."

Social factors, moreover, the conference stated, have weakened the resistance powers of the Jews, exhausted their strength and ruined to a great extent their work-shops and economic possibilities so that the present crisis is driving the entire Polish Jewry into direct poverty.

This view was embodied in the form of a resolution which declared further:

"The large Jewish masses in Poland have been robbed of the possibility of working and earning their bread. The youth of all classes is confronted with ever growing restrictions in the way of their education and means of earning a livelihood. Bitterness and despair is taking hold of large circles of Polish Jewry. This state of affairs presents a fertile field for political and social demoralization among the Jews.

"The professional unions, chiefly those of merchants and small traders, which were created for the purpose of protecting the economic interests of their members, have on the whole disillusioned their members by proclaiming the principle that economic problems can be more easily and satisfactorily settled if they are kept separate from the political fight of the Jewish people for its rights, thus becoming to a great extent a weapon for the policy of a group of merchants and artisans who do not serve the interests of the Jewish people but work for their own personal gain.

"Polish Jewry must unite its creative and ethical powers to combat the extermination policy and to fight against the taxes imposed upon the Jewish population, which are far above their possibilities and which do not correspondingly satisfy the social needs of

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## J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

Jewish Labor Colony for Unemployed in Germany; Youth Learn New Trades

By Our Berlin Correspondent

BERLIN.—A visit to the first Jewish labor colony in Neuendorf was organized by the Jewish Labor Relief Organization, to which representatives of the Jewish Communities, Zionist bodies and various Jewish institutions were invited.

The colony in Neuendorf was established in July, 1932, with the assistance of the Welfare Ministry and various Jewish Communities. It was originally intended that this colony should become a home for tramps and unemployed, chiefly the youth, to whom Neuendorf would offer an opportunity for voluntary work in accordance with Government regulations, extending over a period not exceeding 20 weeks. It was found, however, that the young Jewish workers did not wish to leave the labor colony when the period of 20 weeks had expired, and it was also discovered that if this period were extended the young workers could be taught agricultural work and various artisan trades, which would qualify them to earn their livelihood in the future.

Accordingly, the period of stay in the labor colony was extended to 40 weeks.

Over 60 Jewish unemployed are now working in Neuendorf and learning various trades. It is intended shortly to increase very considerably the number of Jewish unemployed working in the colony.

The labor colony comprises 1,200 acres of meadow-land and 300 acres of forest, and has been leased to the Jewish organization for a period of 15 years. Both Jewish and non-Jewish leaders among the visitors to the colony expressed their admiration for the work and the possibility offered to Jews who had lost their positions as a result of the present economic and political conditions prevailing in Germany to re-establish themselves in new and productive occupations.

The spokesman of the Berlin Jewish Community expressed the desire that this colony should be a model to be followed for the creation of similar colonies to develop Jewish labor and Jewish work. The Jews were always an industrious community, but they are going through a period in which artificial hindrances are being put in the way of their productive occupations.

The Men's Club of Congregation B'nai Jehshurun will install its officers for the year this evening. The installation will be conducted by the Rabbi, Dr. Israel Goldstein.

The officers are as follows: President, Julius Silver; Vice-President, Nathaniel Weiss; Treasurer, Henry C. Zaro; Secretary, David Herman.

The principal speaker of the evening will be Max D. Steuer.

## 18,000,000 Copies of Anti-Semitic Papers Are Published Daily Against 450,000 German Jews

Statement Made by Dr. Lion Feuchtwanger, German Novelist, at J.T.A. Tea; Ridicules Hitler as Writer

Eighteen million copies of anti-Semitic papers are published daily in Germany against the Jewish population who number 450,000 in a total population of 65,000,000. Dr. Lion Feuchtwanger, the distinguished German novelist, told a gathering of writers and leaders yesterday at a tea at the Hotel Commodore arranged in his honor by the Jewish Telegraphic Agency.

Dr. Feuchtwanger, who was introduced by Jacob Landau, the managing director of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, expressed some diffidence in discussing the present political situation because, as a "German writer of Jewish extraction," he may be made the object of reprisals on his return to Germany.

"I feel deeply related to the German language and culture," he explained. "I feel an urgent desire to go back to Germany as soon as possible. Therefore it might be more politic for me not to talk about Hitler the Chancellor and politician, but rather about Hitler the writer."

The German novelist has been the target of persistent attack by the Nazi press because of his Jewish origin.

He pointed out that there are an average of 40 anti-Semitic copies of papers per Jew published daily.

Chancellor Adolph Hitler, who refused to accept a salary as Chancellor on the ground that he makes his living by his pen, was ridiculed as a writer by Dr. Feuchtwanger.

Discussing Hitler's book "The Struggle," he asserted that it was replete with errors of fact and language and despite an extraordinary sales propaganda sold only 200,000 copies.

He scored as misrepresentative the broadcast last week to Germany of the Nazi representative in the United States, Kurt G. W. Lueddecke, who declared that the American press is jubilant over Hitler's rise.

"Perhaps you know that at the beginning of his career Herr Hitler called himself a writer," Dr. Feuchtwanger said. "I remember in this connection that there was a violent discussion in a society of professional literary people, who are very broadminded in accepting new members. The subject of the discussion was, what shall be the lowest grade of printed matter that shall entitle its author to membership in this society. Is, for instance, a man who composes a bill of fare for a restaurant a writer, or is he not? There was no definite decision because in the end Herr Hitler did not apply for membership.

"Herr Hitler, however, has written a

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## 18,000,000 Copies of Anti-Semitic Papers Are Published Daily Against 450,000 German Jews

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book — a very thick book. Its title is: "My Fight, or My Struggle." His fight (or his struggle) takes about 140,000 words.

"As concerns the external history of this book, it was written at the time when Hitler was in prison, after the failure of the putsch in Munich, the so-called Beer garden putsch. On the eve of the putsch, Hitler promised that the following day he would either be dead or dictator. The following day he was neither dead nor dictator. He chose instead to go to prison. But it was not a prison such as communists are sent to. It was a very comfortable prison and it offered him best opportunities for writing the above mentioned book in comfort.

"Then, for the next seven years, the book was distributed by the National-Socialists with the aid of a propaganda such as Germany had never seen before, and with all the pressure that party means could bring to bear. In these seven years, and by such means, the book achieved a circulation of 200,000 copies. In half this time and without propaganda, "All Quiet on the Western Front" the book by Remarque, the most violent opponent of Hitler's ideas, achieved a circulation in Germany of 1,200,000 copies.

"As concerns the inner form, it contains, as I have said, about 140,000 words. And, therefore, it contains, if one were to make a list of the offences against German grammar and style about 140,000 mistakes.

"I hope that this statement does not sin against the new edict, but even Professor Edward Engel, the leading National-Socialist Philologist, could scarcely arrive at a lower figure. To speak with absolute exactness, the book contains only 139,900 mistakes. For, in the earliest editions, there were about 100 words which were quite correct both as to subject and form. In these former editions, namely, Herr Hitler said: 'If you wish to win the sympathy of broad masses, then you must tell them the crudest and most stupid things'. But from the twentieth thousand on, Herr Hitler deleted this statement.

"I am afraid that the ordeal of talking about Herr Hitler even only as a writer is indeed a little dangerous for a Jewish author who was educated in the spirit of Weimar. I mean, of course, the Weimar of Goethe, not the Weimar of today, where a National-Socialist cabinet minister of education could in his first speech last September issue the following program: 'The German child must be educated in such a way that he will have more respect for the lowest street cleaner in Germany than for the greatest inventor in England and America'.

"I must say that the whole National-

## Polish Jewry Urged to Unite to Fight Economic Extermination Policy of Government

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the Jewish population. It is necessary further to fight against burdening the impoverished and exhausted Polish Jewry with the shortcomings of other groups which enjoy special privileges under the new credit law, as well as against all experiments which aim at putting the economic rights of the country on such a basis as to undermine the structure of Jewish economic life. At the same time all Jewish forces must be concentrated to secure greater consideration in economic legislation in respect to Jewish economic requirements, and that in the field of social mutual assistance corresponding relief from Government and municipalities should be available for the Jews. While directing their efforts on the lines mentioned above, the duty of Polish Jewry is also to conduct constructive work, in accordance with the recommendations outlined."

Socialistic literature is distinguished by a vast verbosity. They try to replace quality by quantity.

"If you wish to inform yourselves about Hitler, the writer, I ask you, I urge you, to read his book, his 140 thousand word-long "Struggle". Please read it in an English translation even if you understand German well. Any translation is necessarily better than the original. This enterprise also takes patience, I admit, but you will find a great deal to astonish you and a great deal to amuse you in these sad times.

"Be that as it may, you will in the next few weeks read a good many reports from Germany which will be, let me say, a little colored. The official representative of the National-Socialists in Washington, for instance, a few days ago broadcast from America over all the stations controlled by the German government, the following: 'The whole American press is jubilant about Hitler's rise. The American people envy the German nation for having a leader like Hitler. The American people long for a man like Hitler.' So much for the National-Socialist spokesman.

"I do not know whether you got the same impression from the American press and atmosphere as he did. But I think it a piece of good fortune that the Jewish Telegraphic Agency exists and that it has the means to communicate to the English speaking world reports which will be, so to speak, less subjective than those of the National-Socialists!"

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## Jewish Leaders Report Situation in Germany Quiet; Fear for Future

(Continued from Page 1)

Associated Press, Professor Georg Bernhard, former editor-in-chief of the "Vossische Zeitung" of Berlin and an outstanding Jewish leader, explains the basis for the widespread support Chancellor Adolph Hitler's anti-Semitism has received.

The susceptibility of the public to Hitler's attacks on the Jews, Professor Bernhard ascribes to provincialism.

"The Jews, who constitute barely one per cent of the German population, reside in the cities and are considered foreigners and so the farmer and the small country town populations are prepared to credit everything they are told about him. In large areas of Germany, even in the towns, one finds only a few Jews, while in the country there are none at all, according to Professor Bernhard.

"Boycotting of Jewish merchants, aversion to the employment of Jewish workmen and clerks, a ruthless hatred of Jewish artisans, are added to a systematic displacement, especially in small provincial towns, of Jewish doctors and lawyers," Dr. Bernhard declares.

"All this makes the lot of the Jewish citizen in Germany at present very hard.

"It is intolerable for those of Jewish descent and faith, those whose forebears have for centuries dwelt in Germany and of whom 12,000 gave their lives during the World War, to feel that in a thousand meetings, in a million newspapers, they are classed as inferior people, who have no right to participate in the public life of the country.

"But viewed from a higher standpoint, anti-Semitic oppression has perhaps turned out to be a boon, in that a far greater number of German Jews than ever before are becoming more mindful of their traditions and of their great past; especially that Jewish youth, is emancipating itself from the inferiority complexes of former generations."

## Exhibition of Work Of Jacques Zucker

An exhibition of paintings and drawings by Jacques Zucker is the current attraction at the Cheshire Gallery in the Chrysler Building.

The exhibition, which is to continue until February 18th consists of twenty-eight oil paintings and twenty drawings.

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