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## EIGHT TEAR BOMBS THROWN AT JEWISH STORE AND CINEMA IN LWOV; AMERICAN JEWISH BODIES ISSUE STATEMENT SCORING AMBASSADOR, GOVERNMENT

Jewish Deputies in Poland Ask Punishment of Guilty, Guarantees Disturbances Will Not Be Renewed; Joint Statement Issued by Committee, Congress, B'nai Brith and Polish Federation Contradict Allegations of Polish Ambassador to U. S.; Call on Government to Evolve Some Means of Rendering Disturbances Impossible

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LWOV, Dec. 7.—The terrorization of the Jews which has been continuous in Lwow since November 26th, assumed a new form today in a series of bombing attempts.

Seven tear bombs were thrown into the premises of a cinema owned by a Jew, driving out all the patrons. A tear bomb was also thrown into a store owned by a Jew, Sigmund Ihrer.

On December 1 bombs were thrown at a Jewish cemetery and at the Gmilus Chassidim building, causing property damage.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WARSAW, Dec. 7.—The University of Warsaw, with the exception of the Law School, resumed classes today which had been suspended owing to the anti-Semitic rioting.

The Law School remains closed because it is considered a National Democratic nest, the leaders of whom are the instigators of the disturbances.

The Polytechnic Institute likewise reopened today, without incident.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WARSAW, Dec. 7.—Punishment of those guilty of creating and participating in the disturbances of the past ten days in Poland, in which more than 400 Jews were injured; payment of damages to the victims, and guarantees that

the anti-Semitic riots would not be permitted to recur, were demanded yesterday by the Club of Jewish Deputies in a lengthy interpellation submitted to the Sejm.

The interpellation gives a detailed description of the riots which began in Lwow late on November 26th and which have continued since, following the death of Jan Grotkowski, a Polish student who succumbed to knife wounds received after he and five companions, returning drunk from an all night revel, attacked Jewish passersby.

After fixing responsibility for the riots upon the Police Department and the District Governor of Lwow on the ground that the latter was warned of their imminence a fortnight before they occurred and that the former abetted the attackers during the riots, the interpellation

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## Goldstein, Zionist Worker, To Come to United States

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LONDON, Dec. 7.—Alexander Goldstein, who will accompany Dr. Chaim Weizmann to the United States in the interests of Palestine Funds, was the guest of honor at a luncheon here today on the occasion of his return from South Africa where he conducted a successful campaign for the Palestine Foundation Fund.

The luncheon, which was arranged by the Jewish Agency Executive here, was addressed by Lady Erleigh, Mrs. Chaim Weizmann, Berl Locker and Major H. L. Nathan, member of Parliament.

A message of felicitation was received from Dr. Weizmann who is now on the continent. Mr. Goldstein will join Dr. Weizmann in Palestine prior to proceeding to the United States.

Lady Erleigh, who presided, lauded Mr. Goldstein's South African work, pointing out that the campaign there had succeeded in securing one and one half pence per capita. This, she said, is a stimulating challenge to American and English Jewry.

## Jewish Agency Is Definitely Opposed to Legislative Council Assert Sokolow and Arlosoroff

Brand as Falsehoods Allegations Agency Promised to Support Council, Income Tax in Exchange for Benefits

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, Dec. 7.—The definite opposition of the Jewish Agency to the establishment of a Legislative Council in Palestine, as proposed in the High Commissioner's report to the Mandates Commission of the League of Nations last month, was formulated today by Nahum Sokolow, president of the Jewish Agency for Palestine, and Dr. Chaim Arlosoroff, in charge of the Agency's Political Department, in a statement made at a press conference here today.

The High Commissioner informed the Mandates Commission that steps to form a Legislative Council in Palestine would be taken after the projected new government ordinance with regard to municipal administration is carried out.

Both Agency spokesmen emphatically denied reports emanating from some quarters that the Jewish Agency is willing to compromise on this matter. In this connection the Jewish Telegraphic Agency reports from Palestine were referred to as being the most reliable, by Dr. Arlosoroff.

As long as the Jews, Arabs and Englishmen fail to reach a previous basis of understanding, there will be no Legislative Council, Dr. Arlosoroff forecast. "The Palestine Government will have to consider many times before establishing a Legislative Council in which the Jews will not be participating," he said.

Dr. Arlosoroff labelled as false the

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## Seventh Day Adventists Get Sabbath Rest for Soldiers

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

RIGA, Dec. 7.—The Seventh Day Adventists here have succeeded in securing a regulation which makes it possible for Christian Sabbatarians in the army to observe the seventh day as their day of rest.

The Adventists have also succeeded in inducing the authorities to release their children, who attend school on Saturdays, from engaging in writing or any other labors which they consider desecrate the Sabbath.

## Zlatopolski, Zionist Worker, Shot by Unknown Assailant

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

PARIS, Dec. 7.—Hillel Zlatopolski, prominent Zionist leader and one of the founders of the Palestine Foundation Fund, was fired upon twice today by an assailant whose identity as yet remains unknown.

M. Zlatopolski was immediately taken to a hospital where an operation was performed. He is said to be in a satisfactory condition. The shooting is believed to have taken place as the result of a business misunderstanding.

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## Ask Recall of Berlin United States Consul

The recall of George S. Messersmith, American Consul General in Berlin, for the questioning tactics employed before Professor Albert Einstein could be granted a visa to the United States, is demanded in a resolution adopted by a group of leading women, meeting in the home of Mrs. Gerard Swope.

"We protest in the name of the intelligent American people against the action of the State Department in forwarding to the consulate in Berlin the absurd document of a so-called patriotic society in reference to the admission of Professor Einstein as a Communist," says the resolution.

"We ask the recall of George S. Messersmith, Consul General in Berlin because of his ignorance. By his treatment of the distinguished scientist, Messersmith has humiliated America and made it a laughing stock second only to the Scopes trial in Tennessee. Every intelligent person in the world knows that Communists and pacifists differ fundamentally. Communists believe violence has its place as a political method. Pacifists believe that use of force is always a mistake."

## Desecrate Tombstones in Czech Jewish Cemetery

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

PRAGUE—Desecration of tombstones in the Jewish cemetery are recorded in Hlohovec, Galgocz.

The Jewish Community has made representations to the authorities asking measures to prevent the recurrence of these incidents. A reward has been offered by the Jewish Burial Society for the apprehension of the vandals.

## EIGHT TEAR BOMBS THROWN AT JEWISH STORE AND CINEMA IN LWOV; AMERICAN JEWISH BODIES ISSUE STATEMENT SCORING AMBASSADOR, GOVERNMENT

(Continued from Page 1)

lation discloses that at the height of the disturbances, the District Governor of Lwow suggested a round table conference with leaders of the excesses.

A fortnight before the mass attacks, says the interpellation, individual incidents directed against the Jews were current in Lwow, such as the breaking of windows and attacks on Jewish stores. On Szeinacha Street in particular Jews were attacked, especially in the evening hours. The attention of the authorities was brought to the growing disquiet in the district by the Lwow press which pointed out in particular that Jewish worshippers in a synagogue located there were in danger.

Immediately after the death of Jan Grotkowski the Jewish population became aware that provocation on a large scale was afoot, it is asserted.

On Sunday, it is pointed out, a student proclamation was issued labelling the Jews as murderers without waiting for the results of the investigation as to the circumstances surrounding the death of Grotkowski.

A wild orgy of Jew-baiting began at once, continuing from Sunday to Thursday, says the interpellation. Cries of "Beat the Jews" became a war slogan and resounded from place to place and street to street. The disturbances grew and with it the panic of the Jewish population. On Monday, the students at the University of Lwow were beaten up until they bled.

Despite the warning of the Jews that large scale provocations were imminent only three hundred police were available in Lwow on Sunday night, November 27th, the evening after the death of Grotkowski.

On Monday morning, says the interpellation, one hundred additional police were made available and only on Tuesday did 150 additional police arrive. Their policy, however, continued inactive even when they appeared on the scene of disturbances, while in many instances they stayed away.

This attitude on the part of the police, continues the memorandum, stimulated the mob to greater fury and increased their lust to further riots.

Peaceable Jewish pedestrians were beaten up by the police in many cases and on Sunday Jews who dared to defend themselves from attack were arrested.

On Monday, fifty Jews were attacked by a mob several times in size and offered resistance. Instead of arresting the attackers the police arrested the Jews who defended themselves, creating the impression that the police are on hand only to act against the Jews, asserts the Club of Jewish Deputies.

The police department explained that the reserves purposely arrived late on

the scene of the first incident in order not to arouse the National Democrats too greatly by a display of vigorous efforts to suppress the disturbances.

On Monday night, the memorandum recounts, a Jewish delegation visited the district Governor of Lwow, related the extent of the pogroms and demanded strong measures. The Jewish delegation related that on Furmanska Street peaceable Jews were beaten by the police and other relevant facts. They cited the case of one Adolf Leiteler who was dragged out of a trolley car and severely beaten up. When he asked the police to protect him they replied by joining in the attack.

Another Jew, Leon Litvak, was attacked but managed to overpower his assailant, cites the interpellation. He then called upon the police for assistance but none responded to his call for help. It was only when the mob surrounded Litvak that the police came on the scene and then, too, it was to join in the attack, while Litvak's assailant was permitted to escape.

The Litvak incident occurred on the sixth day of the riots, the memorandum points out. The police sided with the hooligans, too, when the Jews were accused of throwing stones from windows. Although this accusation was proved to have no foundation, in fact the police persisted in their accusation, the Jewish Deputies assert.

Other attacks upon Jews riding in trolleys and the participation of the trolley conductors are cited in the complaint.

In one case a Jewish teacher, Segal, travelling in a trolley car was dragged from the car, beaten up and injured on head and chest. A mob followed him to his home, persecuting him all the way, but no policeman came to his aid. Segal was finally saved from his attackers by his neighbor, a Polish captain, who dispersed the mob singlehanded at the point of a gun.

The railway authorities are also implicated by the Club of Jewish Deputies, who charge that the railway authorities refused to give Jewish passengers protection sought by them.

A Jewish delegation approached the district governor of Lwow for a second time in connection with the funeral services of Grotkowski held last Tuesday. They pointed out that consequences were inevitable if the elaborately prepared plans for the monster funeral service and demonstration were permitted to become effective. This warning, too, the District Governor ignored, and permitted the funeral services to take place as planned.

The National Democratic organ, "Kurier Lwowski," it points out, was not

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# Commissioner Hull Asks System of Selective Immigration to U. S.

Immigration in Past Year Lowest to  
U. S. Since 1831, Report of De-  
partment of Labor Says

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—Immigra-  
tion was reduced to the lowest point  
since 1831 and deportations brought to  
a new peak, says Harry E. Hull, Com-  
missioner General of Immigration, in  
his annual report to the Secretary of  
Labor, made public today. Immigration  
totaled 35,576 and deportations  
19,426 in the last fiscal year.

A recommendation that a system of  
selective immigration be provided by  
legislation is renewed by Mr. Hull, who  
urges the adoption of measures to af-  
ford further safeguards for citizens and  
aliens legally residing in the United  
States.

A summary of the report issued by  
the Department of Labor declares in  
full text:

"In the annual report of the Commis-  
sioner General of Immigration, which  
has just been published, it is said that  
only 35,576 aliens were admitted to the  
United States for permanent residence  
in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1932.  
This is the smallest number since 1831,  
when 22,633 came.

"The 'peak year' was 1907, when  
1,285,349 immigrants were admitted. The  
great reduction is largely attributable to  
an order of the administration in Oc-  
tober, 1930, to refuse immigration visas  
in all but the most meritorious cases.

"Aliens to the number of 287,657 left  
the United States last year, but many  
will return when conditions improve.

"With the great decrease in applica-  
tions for legal admission it might be ex-  
pected that attempts at illegal entry  
would decrease. On the contrary the  
Immigration Border Patrol apprehended  
22,735 aliens, an increase of 231 over  
last year, and 149 smugglers. Of 8,127  
persons prosecuted for violation of the  
immigration laws, 7,368 pleaded guilty  
or were convicted, with 715 cases un-  
finished at the close of the year, and  
their sentences aggregated 1,662 years.

"Aliens to the number of 19,426 were  
deported, by far the largest number in  
the history of the Immigration Service.  
In addition 2,637 aliens were repatriated  
to their homes abroad. There is no way  
of estimating how many thousands left  
the country through fear of deportation.

"More than a third of the deporta-  
tions were to Europe.

"The Commissioner General recom-  
mends further changes to simplify pro-  
cedure, eliminate hardships, and still  
further safeguard citizens and legally  
resident aliens. The present statutes  
have accumulated piecemeal since 1882  
and consequently are unduly intricate.  
Codification into one statute would im-  
mensely facilitate administration.

"Provision should be made for select-

# EIGHT TEAR BOMBS THROWN AT JEWISH STORE AND CINEMA IN LWOV; AMERICAN JEWISH BODIES ISSUE STATEMENT SCORING AMBASSADOR, GOVERNMENT

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confiscated, although the paper asserted  
that the funeral for Grotkowski consti-  
tuted a manifestation of the solidarity  
of the entire population of Lwow  
against the Jews.

Small wonder that the disturbances  
continued on the increase, the Jewish  
deputies comment.

Referring to the case of Zamorski,  
the Polish student presumably wounded  
by a gun shot fired on the Grotkowski  
funeral procession, who last Saturday  
confessed that he was injured by the  
premature explosion of a hand grenade  
carried by himself, the memorandum  
states that not only the press but even  
the authorities brandedmark the Jews  
as responsible for the crime, although  
they should have known that Zamorski  
had never been shot, but had been  
wounded by an explosion. Despite this  
the authorities openly declared that none  
but Jews could have done it. This view-  
point was reiterated by the Police Com-  
mandant of Lwow to Dr. Heinrich Ros-  
marin, vice-president of the Club of  
Jewish Deputies.

The memorandum recalls that two  
Jewish youths were arrested for the al-  
leged crime on Zamorski, one of whom  
was only 18 years old, while the cen-  
tral authorities categorically demanded  
of Jewish leaders that the Jewish Self  
Defense be disbanded, pointing to the  
Zamorski incident as an example of the  
results of self-defense. Actually, state  
the Jewish Deputies, the Jews have had  
no self-defense. To this viewpoint the  
authorities held despite the fact that two  
days earlier Jewish Deputies had pointed  
out that the events were the result of  
provocation.

No efforts were made by the authori-  
ties to punish the rioters, the Deputies  
charge. It was under such circumstances,  
nevertheless, that they suggested a round  
table conference with the leaders of the  
disturbances. The result of this gesture  
was an increase in the pogrom atmo-  
sphere, the Jewish representatives as-  
serted.

On Wednesday Jewish leaders made  
representations to the District Governor  
once again, informing him that the de-  
velopments vividly recall the pogrom of  
1918 and expressing surprise that po-  
groms should remain unsuppressed un-  
der the present strong regime.

The University authorities also share  
in the blame according to the Deputies,  
doing little to help quiet the mood.

Some 399 persons who suffered mor-  
ally and physically at the hands of the

ing such immigrants as we need, instead  
of taking them as they come. The Sec-  
retary of Labor should be given broader  
powers to admit individual aliens when  
such action would be beneficial to the  
country or would avoid great hardship."

anti-Semites registered for first aid  
treatment, but this number is not com-  
plete as many have not registered for  
aid, the interpellation states.

The firing of the grounds of the Jew-  
ish Sport Club, the Hasmonci, was  
planned in an inn owned by a Jew who  
overheard the students discussing the  
plan. He informed the police but the  
latter did nothing to deter the incendi-  
aries, says the interpellation.

These facts fall far short of present-  
ing a complete picture of what the Jews  
have lived through in these last few  
days, asserts the interpellation.

The attitude of the authorities must  
have created the impression on the part  
of the Polish population that the Jews  
are outside the law and that anything  
can be done with them, since in the open  
day, under the eyes of the authorities  
hundreds of crimes were committed  
with a heavy property loss.

Therefore the Jewish Deputies de-  
mand punishment of the guilty, payment  
of damages to the victims and assur-  
ances that the disturbances will not be  
permitted to recur, the interpellation  
concludes.

The National Democratic Deputies  
also submitted an interpellation to Par-  
liament in which they allege that the  
police beat National Democrats upon  
the orders of the Jews. Therefore the  
National Democrats in turn beat the  
Jews.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WARSAW, Dec. 7.—The Polish Jew-  
ish daily "Chwila" of Lwow was con-  
fiscated this morning for publishing the  
full text of the interpellation submitted  
to the Sejm yesterday by the Club of  
Jewish Deputies.

Following representations of the Club  
of Jewish Deputies the confiscation or-  
der was withdrawn.

The Yiddish dailies also carry the full  
text of the interpellation which fixes re-  
sponsibility for the anti-Semitic excesses  
in Poland of the last ten days, and  
which has created the deepest impres-  
sion.

Extracts of the interpellation are pub-  
lished in the pro-government press as  
well. The organs of the National Demo-  
cratic party ignore the interpellation of  
the Jewish Deputies, featuring instead  
the interpellation of the National Demo-  
cratic Deputies.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WARSAW, Dec. 7.—A delegation of  
three Jewish Deputies, members of the  
pro-government bloc, Lewin, Jaeger and  
Minberg, called upon the Minister of  
Interior today to protest against the  
anti-Semitic disturbances in Lwow.

The Jewish delegation demanded pun-

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## Eight Tear Bombs Thrown at Jewish Store And Cinema in Lwow

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ishment be meted out to those guilty of the disturbances and compensation for Jewish victims.

The Polish Ambassador to the United States, Tytus Filipowicz is scored for his allegations with regard to the situation in Poland following the anti-Semitic excesses in a statement issued jointly by four leading national Jewish organizations: the American Jewish Committee, the American Jewish Congress, the B'nai B'rith and the Federation of Polish Jews in America, made public today through the Jewish Telegraphic Agency.

The statement issued following a meeting of representatives of the four organizations yesterday contradicts the Polish Ambassador on his allegation that calm has been restored; on his reference to the Polish student Jan Grotkowski killed following a drunken brawl as the only casualty; on his allegation that adequate protective measures were taken and his assertion that exaggerated press reports are retarding Polish Jewish unity.

The Polish government is called upon to evolve some effective means to insure the prevention of disturbances which have been "all too frequent within recent years." The statement in its full text declares:

December 7, 1932.

The American Jewish Committee, the American Jewish Congress, the B'nai B'rith, and the Federation of Polish Jews in America, having received and read the public statement of the Honorable Tytus Filipowicz, Ambassador to the United States from Poland, referring to the current anti-Jewish outbreaks, in joint meeting of their representatives held on Wednesday, December 7, 1932, have issued the following statement:

The Ambassador states

1) That complete calm is restored.

We regret that his statement rests upon incorrect information; the reports that have reached us within the past twenty-four hours indicate that anti-Jewish manifestations have not ceased.

The Ambassador further states

2) That the press reports have been exaggerated.

The reports of various reliable news agencies and other special correspondents of leading dailies in this country agree on the essential facts as reported in the American press. In addition we have corroboration from other reliable sources.

The Ambassador goes on to say

3) That protests and resolutions have been published which have aroused "unfounded fears which may only result in hindering normal development of Christian-Jewish relations in Poland."

Despite the harrowing occurrences we

have been actuated from the very beginning by the desire to avoid anything that would tend to add to the tension existing between the Jewish and non-Jewish populations of Poland. We have studiously refrained from giving utterance to a natural feeling of horror and indignation over the shameful excesses and have exercised a self-restraint which in itself reflects a high sense of responsibility. So far as we know there have been no protests or resolutions in the press or elsewhere except the public statement issued by the joint committee on December 1st and the communication addressed to the Ambassador by the American Jewish Congress on November 29th. Surely there was nothing in these statements calculated to arouse "unfounded fears."

The Ambassador states:

4) That "the only fatal casualty is a Christian student Grotkowski."

It seems strange that the Ambassador places undue emphasis upon a single non-Jewish fatality resulting from an unprovoked attack on Jewish passersby without in any way referring to the many hundreds of serious casualties to Jews, some of which have proved fatal.

That adequate preparation was lacking is indicated not only by the fact that the riots have lasted for several days and that hundreds of persons have been injured, but also by the evident knowledge which the government must have had of a number of outbreaks going back to the early part of November to which attention was called by one of our associated bodies through a letter addressed to the Ambassador, dated November 11th.

Unfortunately there has since come to our notice that not only was necessary adequate preparation lacking on the part of the authorities but that in many instances the police either remained inactive or aided the assailants of the Jews.

It appears thus that in conformity with the universally recognized principles of humanity and civilization, some effective means can and should be evolved by the Polish Government, to insure so stable an order of life as to prevent manifestations of this character which have been all too frequent within recent years.

The presidents of the associated organizations that have joined in the above statement are Dr. Cyrus Adler of the American Jewish Committee, Bernard S. Deutsch of the American Jewish Congress, Alfred M. Cohen of the B'nai B'rith, and Benjamin Winter of the Federation of Polish Jews in America.

## Jewish Agency Is Definitely Opposed to Legislative Council Assert Sokolow and Arlosoroff

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press reports in Warsaw suggesting that before the High Commissioner proceeded to Geneva he secured his assurance that the Jewish Agency Executive would not oppose a Legislative Council provided the Palestine government would grant the Jews certificates and other practical benefits.

This suggestion was supported with the allegation that a similar promise had been given by Dr. Arlosoroff with the projected introduction of an income tax. The latter, Dr. Arlosoroff said, was the simplest method of supporting one lie with another.

The documentary evidence which he has presented to the Palestine Jewish National Council proves beyond a shadow of a doubt the falsehood of the allegations made with regard to the Executive's approval of the proposed income tax, he said.

The documents show that the hands of the Executive are absolutely free in this respect, he declared, adding that he had made it clear to the High Commissioner and the treasurer of the government that the Executive would not define its attitude before consulting all Jewish interests.

Returning to the question of the Legislative Council, Dr. Arlosoroff expressed regret that the conditions of political work do not permit the revelation of documents and facts to the public which would expose the slanderers and silence their campaign of misrepresentations calculated to defeat the Zionist policy to which they profess allegiance.

The Political Commission of the Zionist Congress will learn the truth, Dr. Arlosoroff stated. In the meantime it should be clear to all thinking Zionists that such mendacious publicity is part of a wholesale campaign of deliberate slander and defamation now directed against Zionist labor. The spokesmen for this campaign are doubly venomous and reckless because the political representations in Jerusalem are now entrusted to a member of the Labor Party, Dr. Arlosoroff asserted.

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(English Synopsis Supplied)

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