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SITUATION IN LEMBERG COMPARATIVELY QUIET; EXPECT TO REOPEN UNIVERSITY THERE TODAY

More Jewish and Non-Jewish Victims in Disturbances in Warsaw, Lemberg and Cracow; 2,000 Demonstrate in Posen But Jews Not Attacked; Fear Disturbances Today at Memorial Services in Warsaw

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

CRACOW, Dec. 1—Students at the Anatomic Institute of the University of Cracow today attacked Jewish students, injuring several, states an official communique.

Inciting appeals were confiscated, according to the communique.

The climax to the disturbances in Warsaw is expected tomorrow when a memorial church service for Jan Grotowski will be held, according to an announcement by the anti-Semitic National Democratic students.

At the same time the National Democrats let it be known they will conduct a decisive battle against the Jews.

The students allied with the Jewish Socialist and Polish Socialist Parties held a joint conference yesterday and decided to offer resistance to the National Democrats should any disturbances be attempted. Serious consequences are thus feared.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LEMBERG, Dec. 1 — Comparative quiet obtains in Lemberg today and the rector of the University has announced the resumption of classes on Friday.

At the same time the rector appeals for peace and order, warning that vigorous measures will be employed to stamp out any attempt at new disturbances.

The Catholic clergy have likewise is-

Central Union Stamps

Document as Forgery

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

MUNICH, Dec. 1—The "Voelkischer Beobachter," Nazi organ, today publishes what it describes a secret document issued by the Central Union of German Citizens of the Jewish Faith on September 19th.

The document quoted declares: "We German Jews will vote for the German Nationals, because our trusted representatives are members of the Herren Club."

The Central Union calls the document a forgery.

sued an appeal to the students "to refrain from revenge."

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WARSAW, Dec. 1—Baiting of Jews continued throughout the day yesterday in Lemberg and Warsaw with new Jewish and non-Jewish victims.

In Warsaw the Polytechnic Institute was closed by the rector after a non-Jewish Professor, Pruszkowski, had been injured for protecting Jewish students.

The surcharged atmosphere prevented the re-opening of the University and the Agriculture College.

In Lemberg, rioting held forth after a morning memorial service for Jan Grotowski, the Polish student killed. Students congregated in the vicinity of the University and fell upon Jews who came within reach. Serious injuries were sustained by an attorney, Griner,

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Roumanian Parliament Votes

Against Suspension of Cuza For Attack on Jewish Deputy

Suspension Opposed by Vote of 126 to 41; Jewish and Non-Jewish Deputies Score Cuza

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BUCHAREST, Dec. 1—Yesterday's session of the Roumanian Parliament, by a vote of 126 to 41, disapproved the suspension of George Cuza, son of the anti-Semitic leader, for his attack upon the Jewish Deputy Mishu Weisman.

Instead of apologizing for his attack, Cuza reiterated his arraignment of the Jews. He attacked Deputy Weisman as a leader of Zionism, whose goal is not the rehabilitation of a Jewish national homeland, but Jewish world domination, Cuza asserted.

The Jewish deputies, Josef Fischer, Weiss and Rosenberg, as well as a non-Jewish deputy, Emil Soaar, and others sharply protested against the vituperation of the Jews. Deputy Weisman pointed to the fact that many Roumanian statesmen have endorsed the Balfour Declaration, mentioning the names of Jonescu, Duca, Vaida Voevod, Titulescu, and the present Premier, Iuliu

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New Disturbances Aimed

Against Prof. Cohn Break Out in Breslau University

Group of Two Hundred Breaks Through Police Guard Stationed at Lecture Hall

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BRESLAU, Dec. 1—The lecture hall of Professor Ernst Cohn was attacked this afternoon by a throng of two hundred who broke through the police guard stationed at the entrances.

Many members of the Nazi Storm Troops and non-students were in the throng which attacked the Jewish professor, it is ascertained from the identification cards submitted by those who sought admission to the lecture hall. Among those in the throng was the secretary of the murdered Nazi Deputy Heines.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BRESLAU, Dec. 1 — Reinforced guards have been stationed at the main entrance to the auditorium where Professor Ernst Cohn is delivering his lectures at the University of Breslau.

All those entering the lecture hall must pass police guards. Under the new conditions no disturbances have occurred.

Professor Cohn's appointment to the Law Faculty of Breslau University has been the subject of considerable agitation, accompanied by physical attack, which led at one stage to the closing of the University.

London Committee to

Aid Marine High School

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LONDON.—A London Committee to assist and advance the work of the Zebulun Marine High School in Tel Aviv has been formed here.

Viscountess Erleigh has been elected President; Mrs. Henrietta Diamond, Chairman; Leon Simon, vice-chairman.

Would Bar Officials

From Buying From Jews

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, Dec. 1 — The Thuringian Minister of Finance, Marschler, speaking at a public meeting promised the small merchants that he would prohibit his government officials from purchasing from Jews.

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Education Conference Here on Sunday

The imperative necessity of continuing and intensifying Jewish Education despite the economic depression, will be the keynote of the Educational Conference, which has been called by the United Synagogue of America for Sunday, December 4, at the Jewish Theological Seminary, at 2 P. M.

An announcement issued by Rabbi Alter F. Landesman, of Brooklyn, chairman of the Educational Committee of the United Synagogue, states that the conference will be concerned primarily with plans for intensifying Jewish education at all costs, and despite every barrier the question of Jewish education will be considered from every angle with theoretical aspects as well as the practical side of Jewish education, being discussed.

Among the principal speakers will be Prof. Mordecai M. Kaplan, of the Jewish Theological Seminary of America, Dr. Israel S. Chipkin, of the Jewish Education Association; Israel Eisenberg, principal of the East Midwood Jewish Center; S. Leff, of Brooklyn, and Abraham Rappaport of Jamaica, L. I.

Mrs. Sloss on National Women's Relief Committee

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 1—A San Francisco Jewish woman has been honored with appointment to chairmanship on the National Women's Committee of Welfare and Relief Mobilization. She is Mrs. M. C. Sloss, wife of a former justice of the state supreme court of California.

Charges Provocation Used to Ruin Jewish Agriculture in Roumania

"Unser Zeit" Tells of Discrimination
Against Jewish Tobacco
Growers

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

KISHINEV—Charges that efforts are being made to ruin Jewish agriculture in Roumania by provocation, are made by "Unser Zeit."

For some time a persistent policy to ruin Jewish tobacco growers has been in progress, "Unser Zeit" says. Tobacco production has been placed under a State monopoly, with the result that thousands of Jewish farmers who derived their livelihood in this fashion have been ruined, the paper writes.

The State monopoly has in addition produced ridiculously low prices for tobacco, which has added to the distress of the Jewish tobacco grower.

Now, the paper writes, methods of provocation have been adopted in order to oust the Jewish farmer completely.

In the village of Yakimeuz, near Urhiev, a search was organized in the middle of the night in the house of a Jewish tobacco grower, Meyer Kogan. At three o'clock in the morning a special commission from Urhiev called at his house and asked him to open a barn where the raw tobacco was stored. Kogan immediately noticed that a new lock had been fastened to the door and that his watch-dog had been poisoned. He was forced to break the new lock and discovered within the barn a quantity of tobacco which did not belong to him and a machine for cutting tobacco which had been planted on him. Thereupon a charge that he was trading in contraband tobacco was preferred against him.

This accusation was finally proved groundless when non-Jewish peasants testified that the Jew engaged in legal business only, but this method of the authorities to ruin Jewish agriculturists is illuminating, the paper comments.

Hadassah Membership Campaign To Conclude December 8th

The national membership campaign of Hadassah, the Women's Zionist Organization of America, that has been the uppermost Hadassah activity during November, is entering its final phase and will be brought to a whirlwind finish on December 8.

In 300 cities, from coast to coast, Hadassah chapters will conduct special public events in connection with the campaign, beginning with Hadassah Sabbath on December 3. On that day in hundreds of synagogues and temples rabbis will tell their congregations about Hadassah's part in Jewish life in America and its part in the reconstruction of Palestine as a Jewish Homeland. On December 4th large community rallies will be held, featuring well known Zionists as speakers. Zion-

Copyright in Palestine; Important News Protection Law Promulgated

Law Issued by Government After
Consultation with Jewish Tele-
graphic Agency

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM—A new law has been promulgated here by the Palestine Government prohibiting newspapers and periodicals from re-publishing telegraphic news in Palestine unless by permission under contract with the news agencies concerned.

The law provides that for 72 hours no news may be reprinted in Palestine without the permission of the news agencies responsible for the circulation of the news in question.

The new law has been issued after consultation with the Jewish Telegraphic Agency here, and the Palestine Hebrew and Arab press.

The unauthorized reproduction of telegraphic news in part is also prohibited under this protective law. The penalty for evasion of the law ranges between £25 and £50.

About a year ago, in October, 1931, Mr. Cressal, the British Magistrate in Jerusalem, handed down judgment in an action brought by the Palestine Office of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency against an Arab paper, "Al Hayat," for infringement of copyright in printing J.T.A. cable messages from Basle during the time of the last Zionist Congress.

The magistrate held that the "Palestine Bulletin," published by the J.T.A., was entitled to compensation from "Al Hayat" for the publication of the messages contained in the telegrams.

The case of "Al Hayat," put by Mr. Abcarian, was that the British Copyright Act of 1911, on which the case was brought had not been promulgated in Palestine. Although an Order-in-Council was published extending the Act to Palestine, he contended, the Act itself was not published in accordance with the provisions of the Palestine Order-in-Council, and for this reason it was not law in the country.

The case submitted on behalf of the J.T.A. by its Counsel, Mr. Freidenberg, which was upheld by the magistrate, was that promulgation of legislation enacted by Orders-in-Council is unnecessary in Palestine, what is sufficient to make an Order-in-Council effective in Great Britain being also sufficient in any of the territories over which the Crown exercises jurisdiction, so that the Copyright Act became operative in Palestine from the date fixed for its announcement, March 21st, 1924.

ist Districts and Junior Hadassah are cooperating to make these rallies outstanding community events.

The concluding event of membership week will be a series of "victory lunches" on December 8th.

15,000 Followers of Sabbatai Zevi Live in Donmeh Community in Istanbul

Profess to Be Mohammedans, But Practice Jewish Writs in Secret

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

ISTAMBUL, Dec. 1.—Istanbul has a Donmeh Community of 15,000 members, followers of Sabbatai Zevi, the false prophet.

The Donmeh community is to outward appearances Mohammedan, although in secret its members observe certain Jewish writs, in spite of the fact that the Jews themselves are regarded by them as infidels.

They live in sets of houses secretly connected and for each block of houses there is a secret meeting place where prayers are read. Their houses are lighted by green shaded lamps so as to render them less conspicuous.

The men have two sets of names, a religious one, which they keep secret, and a Turkish one. Their children are left in ignorance of their true religion and are not initiated therein until the age of thirteen or at marriage. They believe that one day the patriarch Jacob will appear and on Saturday they send a woman and her children to the sea-shore to inquire whether the ship has been sighted. Every morning the elders scrutinize the horizon for the same purpose.

The Donmeh rabbis are well versed in the Bible and know the Zohar almost by heart. They regard the Spanish-Judean tongue as sacred because it was the language of Sabbatai Zevi.

A small group of the sect live in Salonica.

During the pre-war persecutions of the Turks in Salonica a number of the sect appealed to Great Britain for help. At the time they admitted they were of pure Jewish origin, never having intermarried and remaining a pure Jewish race.

Noted Jewish Rheologist Here for Research

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

EASTON, Dec. 1.—There is no unemployment in Palestine, declared Dr. Markus Reimer, noted rheologist, who is on leave of absence from the Public Works Department in Palestine, to round out his research in rheology with Dr. Eugene Bingham, head of the Chemistry Department at Lafayette.

Dr. Reimer, who came from Austria to Palestine after the war, is regarded as one of the foremost rheologists in the world and is one of the original founders of the American Society of Rheology. He has been invited by Princeton University to deliver a series of eight lectures on Mathematical Rheology.

The Jewish Community Center of Harrisburg, Pa., recently concluded a successful membership enrollment campaign, during which 675 members were enrolled for membership payments totalling \$6,000.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

How the Jews Have Sunk in Poland

By Dr. H. Rosmarin, Vice-President of the Jewish Club of Deputies in the Polish Parliament

WARSAW.—We are so busy in Poland waging our daily struggle for our most elementary rights as citizens that we ourselves have failed to realize how in the midst of the struggle we have gradually slipped further downhill every day, how low we have sunk, we Jews in Poland.

Day after day we find ourselves faced with this or the other restriction, with attempts to impose discrimination or humiliation upon us, and we have to take them up, we concentrate on details, and we lose sight of the question as a whole, we tend to forget the broad basic fact that not this right or the other matters, but the general principle that we are equal citizens of the country, whose equality of rights is officially recognized in the Polish Constitution and solemnly guaranteed in the international treaties.

Let us forget for a moment our various grievances, this, that or the other, the separate wrongs that are committed against us with or without official cognizance, and let us compare our position to-day in the lump with what it used to be years ago, and it becomes terrifying to see how far back we have gone since before the war, and before the reconstitution of the Polish State, in spite of all the fine phrases about liberty and justice, civilization, liberalism, minority rights, etc.

Long before the world war, there were in that part of Poland which is called Galicia, and which did not belong to Russia, free and independent municipal administrations. They were not found in Congress Poland, which was under Russian rule, but they were a real fact in Galicia. The population of the Galician towns appointed from among themselves the town administrations, right up to the head of the town, the Town President.

This applied to every town, hamlet and village, and to all citizens without any distinction, and since in many towns the Jewish population was overwhelmingly in the majority, the Jews, as a matter of course, in the most natural way in the world, and with no attempt to hinder them, conducted the affairs of the town. Thus there were also many Jewish Town Presidents, who held the reins of town Government in their hands. There were towns in which the Jewish majority struck one in the eye, so to speak, where it was so unmistakable and so constant that it never occurred to anyone to suggest anything else than a Jewish Town President. No one disputed or questioned it. Such big towns in Eastern Galicia as Strzy, Sam-

(Continued on Page 4)

Judge Mack Returns From Europe; Says Intervention of U. S. Halted Vienna Riots

Situation of European Jewry Bad; Economic Crisis and Political Discrimination Responsible

Judge Julian W. Mack, Zionist leader, returned to this country yesterday on the "Rex" from a European tour which took him to Vienna at the time the anti-Jewish excesses occurred at the University of Vienna, during which four American students were injured.

Judge Mack is credited with making the representations to the American Minister in Vienna, G. B. Stockton, which led to the intervention of the American government.

The intervention of the American government, according to Judge Mack, brought to an end the anti-Semitic excesses. He expressed the hope that the riots would not be renewed, in a statement made to a representative of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency.

The economic situation of European Jewry is very bad, while the economic crisis has been augmented by political discrimination, he said.

Judge Mack entrained for San Francisco immediately upon his arrival to preside at the Circuit Court of Appeals there.

State Von Schleicher Accepts Chancellorship

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, Dec. 1.—General Kurt von Schleicher has agreed to become Chancellor of Germany and Minister of Defense, in response to the request of President von Hindenburg, it is learned here today.

General von Schleicher, it is stated, has agreed to form a government, regardless of what Adolph Hitler's stand may be, although the effort to secure the co-operation of the National Socialists will be continued.

Syracuse University Spinoza Tercentenary

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

SYRACUSE, Dec. 1.—"It is an expanding, enriching experience to celebrate a great man like Spinoza, who is a power in the intellectual world and to whom we owe the whole Realistic movement in America today," declared Dr. George A. Wilson, head of the department of philosophy of Syracuse University at a meeting here to celebrate the Spinoza tercentary.

Others who participated in the celebration were: Dr. I. H. Levy of Medical College; Dr. I. J. Peritz of the Bible Department; Dr. Ernest Thelin, head of the psychology department; Dr. Ross Hopple and Paul F. Ward, of the philosophy department.

Lemberg Comparatively Quiet; Expect to Reopen University There Today

(Continued from Page 1)

a Dr. Rappaport, and the retired Chief Rabbi Sarcin.

The students then proceeded to the Kadezia Street where they looted Jewish shops and smashed windows.

Jews were also attacked in Kostuszka Park and Nikolai Street.

Shops owned by non-Jews, with Jewish appearing names, displayed huge posters announcing that they were not owned by Jews, in an effort to prevent attack.

Serious disturbances took place in the suburbs of Lemberg where the Jews were thrown out of suburban trains.

One of those injured during the events of the last week, a Jewish student, Ostrower, is in a hopeless condition.

Other Jewish injured include one B. Aspen, aged seventy-eight, Moritz Aspen, Nahum Schwarzer, Simon Botsh, a former captain in the Polish Army, Moritz Gottesman, Nachman Zwerdlin, Levy Grossman, Israel Paster, Leon Sapiepa, Nachum Feder and Benjamin Witlin.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

POSEN, Dec. 1—An official communique issued yesterday states that two thousand students demonstrated through the streets of Posen shouting abuses at the Jews.

No Jews were attacked, however, according to the communique.

Likewise, no fresh incidents in Vilna, Cracow and Czestochow were reported yesterday.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LEMBERG, Dec. 1—The families of the three Jews arrested for complicity in the death of Jan Grotowski, the Polish student killed as the aftermath to a drunken brawl, disclaim that the arrested are members of the underworld, as the official police communique after the arrest charged.

This statement is carried by the Jewish daily, "Morgen," which yesterday interviewed the families. The paper states that all the members of the family its representatives have contacted are respectable and that one of the arrested has been married only recently.

In legal circles skepticism is expressed that the accused can be tried under martial law as the death of the student was not premeditated, but occurred in a clash with drunkards.

The American Jewish Congress has urged the Polish Ambassador to the United States to convey to the Polish Government the extreme anxiety of American Jews over the dangers to the lives and property of the Jews in Poland.

At the meeting of the Committee on Problems in Foreign Lands of the American Jewish Congress, Dr. Stephen S. Wise, who is Chairman of the Committee and the Honorary President of the Congress, and Bernard S. Deutsch,

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

(Continued from Page 3)

bor, Borislav, and many others, always had a Jew at the head of their affairs, the official ruler of the town.

More than one town owes its prosperity and development to its Jewish Town President, who always enjoyed the confidence of the whole of his population, irrespective of creed or nationality. The Polish population took it for granted that in accordance with the Constitution of the time, which provided for equal duties and rights of citizens, the majority of the town population had the right to appoint one of their own as President of the town, and the rest had to accept it.

It happened very often, too, that Poles and other non-Jews helped to put a Jew in office in places where the Jewish votes alone would not have sufficed, because they considered him the best man for the post.

But with the rise of Independent Poland there was an end to this natural and matter of course state of affairs. In the twitching of an eye there were no more Jewish Town Presidents, and now people can hardly believe that they really remember a time when a Jewish Town President was possible.

The towns in which there was a Jewish majority still have a Jewish majority. The election regulations are unchanged. The Polish Constitution proclaims that all citizens, irrespective of their religion or nationality, are equal and enjoy equal rights, and yet there is not a single Jewish Town President to-day anywhere in the whole of the Polish State.

That is only one instance. It is symbolic of the whole of Jewish life in Poland to-day. There is a Constitution which solemnly proclaims on paper that the Jews like all other citizens belonging to the national minorities enjoy equal rights with all other citizens, but this right exists only on paper. There is not a trace of it in real life. There is not even an attempt made to retain the right where it has already existed for years and was the most natural thing in the world.

In Galicia Jews used to hold many

President, were instructed to dispatch a telegram to this effect to the Polish Ambassador of the United States.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LONDON, Dec. 1—The London Jewish Chronicle condemns the anti-Jewish disturbances in Poland as pogroms, declaring they are not sporadic anti-Jewish incidents, limited in significance.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

PARIS, Dec. 1—The League to Combat Anti-Semitism issued a statement to-day condemning the anti-Semitic riots in Poland and calling upon the Polish authorities to crush the "hooligan movement."

Other strong protests are being contemplated by Jewish leaders of France and the League for Human Rights.

Roumanian Parliament Votes Against Suspension of Cuza For Attack on Jewish Deputy

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Maniu. He pointed to the contributions to the political life of Roumania by Roumanian Jews in America during the war as is substantiated by the former Roumanian Minister to Washington, Angelescu, he said.

Chief Rabbi Nemirower strongly protested in the Senate against the insults to the Jewish religion.

Congregation Rodeph Shalom of New York, will celebrate its nineteenth anniversary on December 9 to 11. Rabbi Louis L. Newman is Rabbi; Ernest J. Wile is President of the Congregation; Alexander Pfeiffer is Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements for the 90th anniversary celebration; Cantor Nathan G. Melzoff is Precursor of the Congregation.

The thirty-first anniversary of the founding of Adas Israel synagogue of Duluth was celebrated by members of the congregation and their families with eleven charter members as guests of honor, at a dinner program.

Gifts were awarded to three members in recognition of their activities in connection with the synagogue. Those honored were: S. Karon, president of the synagogue; Sam Kaner, former president; and J. Salmowitz, vice-president.

important official positions under the old Austrian regime. As soon as the Polish State was set up a movement was started to clear out all the Jews who held public office. Now, after several years, the process has been triumphantly concluded. There are no Jews left in office even in Galicia. There are certainly none anywhere else in the Polish State. Every method has been used, clean and unclean, to clean Poland of the stain of having Jews in her public offices.

The process was started by the National Democrats when they governed the country. It was part of their avowedly anti-Semitic programme. They carried their purpose. Poland was rid of all Jewish officials, all Jewish Town Presidents. No Jews in high places. No Jews as administrators of the Polish State. And the present Government, being concerned only with words and solemn declarations about friendship to the Jews, keeps it so, and fixes the tradition — it is unthinkable that a Jew should hold any office in Poland. Thus far has Polish Jewry sunk.

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