

Vol. IX. Price 4 Cents.

Thursday, Nov. 10, 1932.

Entered as 2nd Class Matter  
at Post Office, New York, N. Y. No. 2397.

## LEHMAN AND HORNER ELECTED FIRST JEWISH GOVERNORS OF STATES OF NEW YORK AND ILLINOIS

**Lieutenant Governor Lehman Breaks Two Records; Is First Jew to Be Named New York's Chief Executive and First Candidate to Roll Up Such a Large Number of Votes; Horner Candidacy Equally Popular; Both Run Ahead of President-Elect Roosevelt; Many Jews Win in National, State and Local Elections.**

Lieutenant Governor Herbert H. Lehman, noted philanthropist, was elected Governor of the State of New York and Judge Henry Horner of Chicago was elected Governor of the State of Illinois in the Democratic landslide which elected Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt the thirty-second President of the United States.

Lieutenant Governor Lehman broke two records in Tuesday's election. He became the first Jew to be elected the Chief Executive of the State of New York and the first candidate to win an election by so large a number of votes.

Lieutenant Governor Lehman's popularity was virtually matched in his own State by Judge Horner. Judge Horner, too, will be the first Jew to sit in the Executive Mansion of the State of Illinois.

Both Colonel Lehman and Judge Horner carried their States by larger pluralities than Governor Roosevelt.

Colonel Lehman led Governor Roosevelt by an indicated plurality of 250,000 and Judge Henry Horner by a plurality of 474,402.

Colonel Lehman defeated his Republican opponent, Colonel William Donovan by a plurality of 887,000, a record in New York State, while Judge Horner led his opponent, former Governor Len Small by 550,000 votes.

The selection of Colonel Lehman and Judge Horner makes the number of Jewish Governors in the United States four.

The State of New Mexico re-elected for a second term, Governor Arthur Schlgman, who first assumed this office in 1930. Oregon, too, has a Jewish Governor in the person of Julius L. Meier, who was elected in 1930.

Colonel Lehman who is fifty-four

(Continued on Page 2)

### Governor-Elect Lehman Feels Deeply Responsibility

Governor-Elect Herbert H. Lehman issued the following statement when informed he had won in the State election:

"I am deeply grateful to the people of the State for the wonderful vote they have given me. I shall try to merit the confidence they have shown me.

"The personal satisfaction that has come to me through my election is tempered by my sense of obligation and by the great responsibility that has been imposed on me. I can promise the people of the State that I deeply feel that responsibility and that I will give the best that is in me to discharge it satisfactorily."

### 11 Jewish Congressmen To Sit in Next House; Senatorial Candidates Defeated

**New York to Have Largest Jewish Representation; New Jersey to Be Represented by Two for First Time**

A number of Jews were elected to national, state and local offices throughout the country.

There will, however, be no Jewish representatives in the United States Senate as the two Jewish candidates for Senatorial office were defeated.

George Z. Medalie, of New York, United States Attorney for the Southern District, was defeated by Senator Robert F. Wagner, while Gilbert Bettman of Cincinnati, Attorney General of Ohio, likewise suffered defeat.

In New York City, Bernard S. Deutsch, president of the American Jewish Congress, a candidate for the Supreme Court Bench on the Independent Judges Ticket, was defeated despite a valiant last minute campaign launched by leading liberals as a protest against the bi-partisan endorsement by both parties of the candidacies

(Continued on Page 4)

CHICAGO, Nov. 9—Judge Henry Horner of the Probate Court of Illinois where he is serving his fifth consecutive term, was elected Governor of the State of Illinois by a plurality of 550,000 over his Republican opponent, former Gov. Small following an acrimonious campaign in which the anti-Semitic issue was frequently injected by his opponents.

Congressman A. J. Sabath, Democrat, was re-elected to the House of Representatives.

The Judge is a native son of Illinois, being the member of a pioneer family. He

was born in Chicago 53 years ago and was admitted to the bar in 1899. He has been active in public affairs ever since the turn of the century.

The unique distinction of being in an elective office—judge of the Probate Court of Cook County, in which office he is serving his fifth consecutive term—and never having the breath of scandal connected with his administration of that post is Judge Horner's. The Probate Court of Cook County is the largest in the world directed by one man. In the seventeen years that he has headed this judicial post, and it is a \$200,000,000 a year business, he has created methods of administration, which have been emulated throughout the nation. Under his administration, the court has returned a profit of \$100,000 annually over and above running expenses.

During the years of his public service, Judge Horner has won an enviable record for wisdom and fairness as a judge, for patriotism and practical idealism as a citizen, for executive ability as a public servant and for humanitarianism in public and private relations. He is a progressive throughout, but his social philosophy and viewpoint is a practical one. In the time he

(Continued on Page 2)



Col. Herbert H. Lehman



Judge Henry Horner

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New York, N. Y.

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American Jewish  
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## JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

Published every day in the week  
except Saturday and holidays  
by the

**JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN CO.**

Executive and Editorial Office  
125 East 46th Street, New York, N. Y.  
Jacob Landau ..... President  
Samuel Binstock ..... Treasurer  
Sylvain Birnbaum ..... Secretary

Vol. IX. Thursday, Nov. 10, 1932. No. 2397.

Member of Jewish Telegraphic Agency  
New York ..... 125 East 46th Street  
London ..... Lodgegate House, Fleet Street  
Paris ..... 83 Avenue de la Grande Armee  
Berlin ..... Eisenzstrasse 6  
Warsaw ..... Ulica Aleje Jerozolimski Nr. 18  
Jerusalem ..... Hasolel Bldg.

### Subscription Rates

	U.S. and Canada	Foreign
One Year	\$10.00	\$15.00
Six Months	6.00	8.00
One Month	1.00	1.50

Entered as second-class matter Nov. 14, 1929,  
at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under  
the Act of March 3, 1879.

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## Call for Single Community Federation in Roumania To Include All Jews

**Resolution Adopted at Close of  
Convention Called by Federation Headed  
by Dr. William Fielderman**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BUCHAREST, Nov. 9.—The Congress of Jewish Communities concluded its three days sessions here with the adoption of a number of resolutions.

It went on record as approving the proposal of Dr. William Fielderman, president of the Federation of Jewish Communities of Roumania, that there be but a single Jewish Community Federation in the country representing all groups of Jewish opinion.

This subject caused considerable discussion and indeed was one of the reasons for the convening of the congress in view of the government law which endangers the unity of Jewish communities.

Deputy Samuel Singer in behalf of the Club of Jewish Deputies appealed that a formal resolution expressing the unified viewpoint be not adopted, but that it should instead be referred to a larger Jewish Congress in which all the Roumanian Jewish communities would be represented.

Dr. Fielderman replied however that the present congress had been properly convoked and was therefore qualified to adopt decisions. At the same time he stressed that the congress is seeking an understanding with all interested parties.

## Lehman Elected New York Governor by Record Vote; First Jew in Office

(Continued from Page 1)

years old and a native of New York City where he was born on March 28, 1878, comes from a distinguished Jewish family. A brother, Judge Irving Lehman, has served on the bench of New York State courts since 1908. For fourteen years Judge Irving Lehman sat on the Supreme Court Bench, being elected for a four year term in 1923 by nomination of both parties and again by nomination of both parties, he was elected an Associate Judge of the New York Court of Appeals to serve until 1938.

Colonel Lehman came to his first political office in 1928 after achieving a wide reputation which reached across the Atlantic as philanthropist and a Jew to whom nothing affecting the welfare of the Jewish people was alien.

In the four years since he first assumed office, he has achieved through his public acts, a reputation for progress and humane leadership. The complex character of his duties which have frequently called upon him to act as Governor of the State have not caused Colonel Lehman to give up his affiliations with local, national and international endeavor.

In 1930, Colonel Lehman was awarded the Zeta Beta Tau medal as the Jew who has done most for Jewry and Judaism.

Colonel Lehman was one of the organizers of the Joint Distribution Committee which has spent close to \$100,000,000 in relief and rehabilitation work in Europe and Palestine, and served as chairman of its reconstruction Committee.

He was also one of the leading spirits in the establishment of the Jewish Agency for Palestine, of whose Council he is a non-Zionist member. Among the offices he holds are that of vice-president of the American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee; and he is associated with the American Ort, the Jewish Colonization Association, the American Jewish Joint Foundation in Europe, the Palestine Loan Bank, the Russian Agrojoint Committee; the Russian Agricultural Fund and the Baron de Hirsch Fund.

Other organizations in which he plays a role are the National Labor Committee, the Cardiac Vocational Committee, the Thomas Jefferson Memorial Foundation, the Association for the Advancement of Colored People; the Henry Street Settlement, the Hebrew Sheltering and Guardian Society; the Bureau of Jewish Social Research; the New York Foundation and Young Judaea.

One of the most important functions of his public activity since 1924 has been the role of mediator he has played in the garment industry. Colonel Lehman, who consents to act as mediator only if requested to do so by both parties to a dispute, has been successful in averting serious strikes in the labor

## Judge Horner Beats Opponent By 550,000 Votes; Leads Roosevelt by 474,000

(Continued from Page 1)

has been in public life, he has been associated with practically every movement for civic betterment in Illinois. He has played an important part in the formation of the legal codes of Illinois and Chicago.

Judge Horner is best known for his distinguished work in the administration of the Probate Court. It is the proud boast of the judge and his associates that there never has been a loss of principal and interest in the \$200,000,000, which is handled annually. Reform in probate procedure which have resulted from Judge Horner's decisions and administration are legend. The most striking public service which he worked out was the creation of the plan now known as the "Horner Plan" for administration of the estates of fallen soldiers and their families. The plan calls for the probation and administration of the soldiers' estates without charge or fee of any kind. Many widows were saved from poverty as a result of the successful carrying out of this plan. It meant the saving of millions of dollars to dependents of service men who died in Flanders Field. Officials of the American Legion have characterized the "Horner Plan" as "the great single benefit conferred upon the service men".

In the primary campaign, for the first time in the political history of Chicago, all of the newspapers of the city of Chicago came out and openly recommended the same candidate—Judge Horner. It is the first time, too, that the "Chicago Tribune" and the "Herald-Examiner" morning papers, ever had agreed on a candidate for a major political office in the state or city. As a matter of fact, the "Daily Times" and the "Examiner" even went so far as to urge his election to the office before the primary election was held.

This busy man, however, has plenty of time to delve into other matters and serve his fellow citizens. As busy as he is in his court—it is said he keeps a small army of secretaries busy and often dictates as many as 100 letters in a single day—he has acted as arbitrator in many labor disputes. His election invariably came about because of the respect which both the workers and the employers have for him and because of his impartial and sympathetic handling of all controversies.

In addition, he is active in demanding improvement in the conditions in the state hospitals and is trustee of some ten charitable homes and asylums.

industry. The last strike which he settled at the end of last summer would have affected 27,000 workers of the ladies garment industry in New York.

Mr. Lehman resigned his business affiliations when he came to public

(Continued on Page 4)

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## Neumann and Farbstein Resign Agency Posts as Protest Against Budget Cuts

Hold Their Departments Are Endangered; Resignations Sent to Sokolov

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LONDON, Nov. 9.—Emanuel Neumann of New York and Heschel Farbstein of Poland, yesterday tendered their resignations as members of the Jewish Agency Executive, with headquarters in Jerusalem, in a cablegram received by Nahum Sokolov, president of the World Zionist Organization, and the Jewish Agency for Palestine.

The resignations, it is stated, were in protest against cuts in the budgets of their departments.

The London Zionist Executive hopes that a crisis may be averted and that means of settling the differences may be found.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, Nov. 9.—The Jewish Telegraphic Agency was informed yesterday that while the immediate crisis leading to the resignations of Emanuel Neumann and Heschel Farbstein from the Jewish Agency Executive is due to the budget cuts, differences have also arisen because of the view of the two that Labor members are tending to ally themselves with the non-Zionists to dominate the Executive.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, Nov. 9.—Werner Senator, who resigned as a protest against the failure of the Actions Committee of the Jewish Agency to adopt his budget, declares that he will return to the office of treasurer if the budget is now cut.

Werner Senator, the resigned treasurer of the Jewish Agency, informed the Jewish Telegraphic Agency yesterday that he had not cabled the Palestine office in Warsaw instructing it not to give immigration certificates to Revisionist Chazulim pending the disposition of the question of Revisionist discipline by the Zionist organization.

## Meetings Bring No Solution

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, Nov. 9.—The Mizrahi organization at a stormy meeting held here last night approved the resignation of Heschel Farbstein from the Jewish Agency Executive.

Mr. Farbstein was joined in his resignation by Emanuel Neumann of New York. Both protested against cuts in the budget, holding that the work of their departments was rendered precarious.

The General Zionists likewise held a meeting, which continued throughout the night, with the participation of the Laborites, but arrived at no solution.

They hope that Nahum Sokolov, president of the Jewish Agency for Palestine and Dr. Leo Motzkin, chairman of the Zionist General Council,

## Jewish Congress Scored for Representations to British Envoy on Aden Excesses

Leonard Stein Attacks Congress Act as Unwarranted Impertinence

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LONDON, Nov. 9.—The American Jewish Congress was attacked for making representations to the British Ambassador in Washington with regard to the anti-Jewish excesses in Aden, by Leonard Stein in an address delivered at a meeting of the Anglo-Jewish Association.

Mr. Stein asserted that inasmuch as Aden is British territory, only English Jews are entitled to deal with any difficulties that may arise there.

The American Jewish Congress, he said, would object were British Jews to make representations to the American Ambassador in London with regard to numerous clausus regulations in certain American universities.

Mr. Stein termed the action of the American Jewish Congress "an unwarranted impertinence."

## Anti-Jewish Clashes at University of Kovno

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

KOVNO, Nov. 9.—Anti-Semitic students came to blows with Jews at the University of Kovno when the former objected to a display of posters in Yiddish characters on the University campus.

The Jews escaped without injury, but the posters were torn down.

The anti-Semitic students have displayed posters declaring that while Jews constitute but 7.58 percent of the population, the Jewish students constitute 26.35 percent of the student body at the University.

The rector who has been outspoken against anti-Semitism and has expressed his opposition to numerus clausus has added fuel to the flame by declaring the objection is justified inasmuch as the Jewish students use the Russian language in conversation instead of the Lithuanian or their own national tongues.

will be able to find a solution when they arrive next week.

Mr. Farbstein informed the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that the resignations were due not only to disagreements on budget cuts, but to the fact that he and Mr. Neumann are always voted down at meetings of the Executive.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

TEL AVIV, Nov. 9.—A joint meeting of the General Zionists and the Mizrahi was held here last night with the participation of Heschel Farbstein and Emanuel Neumann.

The meeting resolved that in the event of the return of the two to membership in the Executive, they should be given a larger share in the management of the affairs of the Executive.

## Vaad Leumi Refuses to Take Over Jewish Educational System in Palestine

Announcement Comes as a Surprise; Unable to Come to Agreement with Teachers on Salaries

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, Nov. 9.—Considerable astonishment was caused here last night by the announcement of the Palestine Jewish National Council that it will not take over the management of the Jewish educational system from the Jewish Agency Executive.

This surprising step renders the reopening of the schools impossible.

The statement issued by the Vaad Leumi explains that it is unable to satisfy the demands of the teachers for the payment of salaries for four months of 1932, because of the Agency's definite stand that the indebtedness be paid off over a period of five years.

Likewise the teachers refuse to accept the proposal of the Vaad Leumi to guarantee teachers salaries for a period of nine months only in 1933.

The Palestine Jewish National Council agreed to take over the supervision of the educational system only after prolonged difficulties between the Jewish Agency Executive and the teachers' association. The Jewish Agency obligated itself, however, to pay its regular budget allotment to the upkeep of the schools.

## Wauchope Receives Zionist Representative

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

GENEVA, Nov. 9.—Sir Arthur Grenfell Wauchope, Palestine High Commissioner arrived in Geneva today to attend the sessions of the Mandates Commission of the League of Nations which will take up Palestine questions tomorrow.

Sir Arthur received Victor Jacobson, Zionist representative in Geneva and discussed with him a number of Palestine matters which will be brought up tomorrow.

The representative of the Palestine government and the Colonial office, who will attend the sessions, were present during the interview.

## St. Louis Philanthropist Succumbs at Age of 52

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

BATTLE CREEK, Mich., Nov. 9.—Louis M. Steinberg of St. Louis, known for his philanthropic work, succumbed here yesterday at a sanitarium to an illness of eighteen months. He was fifty-two years old.

The body will be buried in Mount Sinai Cemetery, St. Louis.

Mr. Steinberg donated the Charles Steinberg Clinical Building to the Leo N. Levi Hospital of Hot Springs, Ark., as a memorial to his father.

## 11 Jewish Congressmen To Sit in Next House; Senatorial Candidates Defeated

(Continued from Page 1)

of Senator Samuel Hofstadter and Aron Steuer, both of whom were elected.

There are eleven Jewish Congressmen in all in the new House of Representatives as against eight in the last House. Five Jews will represent New York State in the House of Representatives. They are Emanuel Celler, Samuel Dickstein, William I. Sirovich, T. A. Peyser and Sol Bloom. T. A. Peyser, Democrat, will serve his first term in Congress.

A number of Jews were elected to the New York State Senate and Assembly. Partial returns list the following victors: For the State Senate; P. M. Kleinfeld, George Blumberg, S. Mandelbaum, Albert Wald, J. S. Berg and B. F. Feinberg. Mr. Blumberg, a Democrat, and Mr. Feinberg, a Republican, will be serving their first terms.

Elected as Assemblymen are: A. D. Schanzer, D.; J. Schwartzwald, D.; J. P. Nathanson, D.; I. Steingut, D.; A. M. Cohen, D.; L. Farbstain, D.; S. S. Streit, D.; W. Schwartz, D.; M. Alterman, D.; S. A. Hyman, D., and B. M. Mittler, D.

## Jersey Has Two Jewish Congressmen

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

**JERSEY CITY, Nov. 9**—For the first time in the history of the State of New Jersey, it will be represented in the United States Congress by two Jews.

Isaac Bacharach, of Atlantic City, veteran member of the House of Representatives, was re-elected to office on the Republican ticket, while Judge Harry Joelson of Paterson, a Democrat, won another seat.

Other Jews who won office are: Speaker Joseph Greenberg of Hoboken, Democrat, re-elected to the Assembly of the State Legislature, Samuel Pessin of Jersey City, Democrat, Herman Blank of Newark, Republican, Elmer E. Brown of Carteret, Democrat, also won Assembly seats.

Philip Lindeman, Republican, president of Temple Bnai Jeshurun of Newark was re-elected to the Board of Chosen Freeholders for the third consecutive term.

## California

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

**SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 9**—Mrs. Florence P. Kahn, veteran California Congresswoman, was re-elected to the House of Representatives in yesterday's election.

Mrs. Kahn has been a member of Congress since 1924, when she succeeded to the vacancy created by the death of her husband.

## Wisconsin

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

**MILWAUKEE, Nov. 9**—Joseph A. Padway of this city, was elected to the

House of Representatives. He is a prominent Zionist.

## Connecticut

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

**HARTFORD, Nov. 9**—Herman P. Koppelman of this city was elected to the House of Representatives on the Democratic ticket.

Mr. Koppelman is actively identified with Zionist affairs.

## Ohio

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

**CINCINNATI, Nov. 9**—Although Gilbert Bettman was elected in his campaign for the United States Senate and Milton Schmidt in his campaign for the Common Pleas Court, a number of Jews will, it is believed, win state and local posts, when the election returns are completed.

Frederick Johnson, candidate for the State Senate and Alfred Mack for the Common Pleas Court, will be victorious, it is indicated. Harry Freiberg, candidate for county treasurer, may overcome his opponent's lead when the completed returns are tabulated.

## Pennsylvania

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

**PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 9**—Returns in Pennsylvania indicate the following Jews were elected to office:

Joseph Stadfeld was re-elected to the State Supreme Court. Re-elected to the lower House of the State Legislature are: L. Arthur Greenstein, Arnold M. Blumberg, Morris J. Root, Herman J. Tahl, Morton B. Witkin, Nathaniel E. Jaffe, Emanuel Fleisher, Alfred Wasserman, Philip Sterling; Louis Schwartz, Louis Fox, Max Aron. Harry Shapiro was elected to the State Senate.

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

**PITTSBURGH, Nov. 9**—H. Ellenbogen of this city was elected to the House of Representatives. Mr. Ellenbogen is actively identified with Zionist affairs.

## Colorado

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

**DENVER, Nov. 9**—A. B. Hirschfeld, publisher of the "Intermountain Jewish News," was elected and David Morris re-elected to the State Legislature by large pluralities.

Ira Quait, Jewish candidate for the county judgeship, may lose, partial returns indicate.

## Nebraska

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

**OMAHA, Nov. 9**—Jacob Crounse of Omaha was re-elected to the Nebraska Legislature.

## Lehman Elected New York Governor by Record Vote; First Jew in Office

(Continued from Page 2)

office, including that of his active partnership in the banking firm of Lehman Brothers, considered the third largest banking firm in the United States.

Since the age of twenty-one, when he founded the Boys Club at the Henry Street Settlement, Mr. Lehman has taken an active interest in welfare work. He finances a camp for poor boys and with Aaron Rabinowitz financed a \$500,000 model housing project for 400 poor families on the East Side.

Mr. Lehman's parents were Mayer and Babette Lehman. His father came to the United States as a penniless immigrant from Germany and settled in the South. There he became a friend of Jefferson Davis and served as a soldier in the Confederate Army during the Civil War.

After the war the family came to New York where Colonel Lehman was born. A tradition of the family for sixty years is that one of its members must sit on the board of Mount Sinai Hospital. Colonel Lehman was a member of the Board from 1915 to 1920, when Mrs. Lehman took the office.

Colonel Lehman is a graduate of Williams College from which he received his A. B. degree in 1899 and an honorary M. A. in 1921.

It was through his work at the Henry Street Settlement that Colonel Lehman first met Alfred E. Smith. In 1924, Governor Smith named him a member of his Mediation Commission. In 1926 Colonel Lehman served as manager for Mr. Smith's fourth campaign as governor and during the latter's presidential campaign was his financial director.

It was Mr. Smith who was responsible for the Colonel's nomination as Lieutenant-Governor.

Colonel Lehman's activity during the World War brought him into contact with Governor Roosevelt.

At the age of 39, when the war broke out, Colonel Lehman desired to enlist as a private in the army. When because of his age, he desisted, he sought a commission in the first officer's training corps. When this was held up because of his age, he applied to the Navy Department and was assigned to duty under Franklin D. Roosevelt who was then Assistant Secretary of the Navy.

Simultaneously the Army sought his services and he was assigned to the Ordinance Department, first as Captain and later as Colonel in charge of the purchase, distribution and storage of all supplies for General Pershing's army overseas and here, whose value was billions of dollars.

After the armistice Colonel Lehman was retained as special Assistant to the Secretary of War and the War Department Claims Board. He was awarded the Distinguished Service medal in July, 1919.

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