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Joint Jewish Protest Issued Against Latvian Government New Educational Decree

**Hold Measure Rivals Edicts Current
During Czaristic Regime; Aimed
At System Break-down**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

RIGA, July 16—A joint protest against the infringement upon the autonomy of the Jewish schools as represented in the new educational decree, was issued yesterday by the Zionist Organization, the Mizrahi, the Socialists and the Revisionists.

Rabbi Nurok, the teachers and other Jewish leaders compare the new order with the compulsory methods aiming at the breakdown of the Jewish school system prevalent in the times of the Czar.

The protest strongly condemns the action of the government and appeals to the parents to send their children to Jewish schools only.

Jew to Represent Roumanian Government at Congress

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BUCHAREST, July 16—The Roumanian government yesterday appointed Joseph Cohen, a Jewish member of the Roumanian Legislative Council as its representative at the international juridical congress.

The congress is to take place at the Hague on August 2nd.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

CZERNOWITZ, July 16—Considerable astonishment was aroused here yesterday by the announcement that former Minister Christi of Bessarabia, who held office during the Jorga regime is a candidate on the Cuzist parliamentary lists in the district of Chotin.

Yedinez, the home town of Samson Bronstein, the tortured Zionist leader, is in the district of Chotin. The torture of Bronstein occurred before the present regime of Vaida Voevod came into power.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BUCHAREST, July 16—Nine Cuzist students attempted to throw Jewish passengers from moving trains near Roman, the Bessarabian press reports.

Several Christians, however, defended the Jews and routed their attackers. The Cuzists escaped from the train, but were rounded up by police who followed them in cars.

Urgent Plea for Aid Sent By Comzet for Jewish Settlers in Bira Bidjan

**State Mass Migration Approximates
50% in Some Regions; Due to
Food and Material Shortage**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

MOSCOW, July 17—The mass immigration of new Jewish settlers from some sections of Bira Bidjan approximates over 50 percent while in other places, the percentage is twenty, according to a wired report received today by the Moscow Comzet, governmental department for settling Jews on land and in agriculture from the Far Eastern Comzet.

The report draws attention to the decision of the Zik to declare Bira Bidjan an autonomous Jewish region by the end of 1933 and comments that there is danger that this will not be possible.

An urgent plea for relief is made. The report points out that building operations have been totally discontinued owing to lack of timber and other materials as well as the deficiencies of management and the shortage of food.

The "Emess" reports that in Bira Bidjan a fowl costs fifteen roubles and an egg two roubles.

German Banking Firm of Goldschmidt & Rothschild in Government Bank Merger

Ernest Wallach, Vice-President of Central Union, Director of Merging Bank; in Excellent Condition

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, July 17—The banking firm of Goldschmidt and Rothschild of which Ernest Wallach, vice president of the Central Union of German Citizens of the Jewish Faith is the director, announced today its merger with the Reichscredit Gesellschaft, a section of the government bank.

The merger is due to the firm's wish to retire from the banking field, but leaders of the firm will maintain the closest association with the Reichscredit Gesellschaft, it is stated.

The finances of the firm are in the best condition else the government bank could not have undertaken its obligations with the fullest guarantees, it is pointed out.

The firm of Goldschmidt and Rothschild.

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Lord Plumer, Former High Commissioner of Palestine, Dies at Age of Seventy-six

**Was Known As Fair in Attitude, Strict
Disciplinarian; Might Have
Averted Arab Riots**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LONDON, July 16—Field Marshal Lord Herbert Plumer, High Commissioner in Palestine from 1925 to 1928, died early this morning at the age of seventy-six, after an illness of several months.

In February, Viscount Plumer submitted to a serious operation from which he never recovered.

The afternoon press here devotes considerable space to the announcement of Viscount Plumer's demise. It recalls his career as a Field Marshal and his High Commissionership.

The period of his incumbency of the Palestine post is stated to be the only

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Jewish Actors Dismissed In Thirty German Cities

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, July 16—Thirty German cities where Jewish actors have been dismissed from state theatres were listed yesterday by "Der Schild", organ of the Jewish Soldiers of the War Front.

Among the cities where this action was taken are Dresden, Leipzig, Weimar, Erfurt, Munich and Nuernberg.

This list is not complete, the paper points out. It calls upon Jewish theatre patrons to boycott these theatres.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, July 16—Two Jewish youths were attacked in Manheim as they were returning home, the Israelitisches Familienblatt reported yesterday.

One of the Jewish youths sustained injuries. A Nazi physician who witnessed the attack, refused to aid him, the paper says.

Find Drowned Body of Hirsch Zofras, Jewish Actor

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

MINSK, July 17—The body of Hirsch Zofras, an artist connected with the White Russian Yiddish State Theatre was found in the river today.

Zofras, who was twenty-seven years old, had been missing since July 5th.

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Decides Against Taking

Part in Jewish Conference

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

VIENNA, July 16—The Austrian Jewish Union yesterday resolved not to participate in the world Jewish conference in Geneva on August 14th, without however, rejecting the congress idea in principle.

The Jewish Union and the Jewish People's Party approve the Congress idea provided that the congress is conducted along Jewish national lines. Otherwise, they hold, the congress will not be productive.

Ludwig Fulda Honored

On Seventieth Birthday

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, July 16—Ludwig Fulda, famous German Jewish poet and playwright, who is celebrating his seventieth birthday, is honored by the press throughout the country today.

The papers devote considerable space to a review of Fulda's writings.

The municipality of Frankfurt am Main where Fulda was born, has conferred honorary citizenship upon him.

President Paul von Hindenburg sent him a message of greeting and bestowed upon him the Goethe Medal.

It is now learned that Fulda resigned from the Jewish community two years ago.

By Order of Congressman

And Judge Sabath Dies

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

CHICAGO, July 16—Morris Sabath, brother of Superior Court Judge Joseph Sabath and Congressman A. J. Sabath died today in an ambulance which was rushing him to the Michael Reese Hospital from his summer home at Round Lake.

Mr. Sabath was confined to bed last week suffering from Hotchkiss disease.

He was fifty-eight years old and a native of Bohemia. His widow, three children and six other brothers survive.

Morris Rothenberg Is Installed As American Zionist President

Sees Ground Ripe for Growth of Zionism in U. S.; Morris Margulies
Elected Administrative Secretary

Morris Rothenberg, who was unanimously elected President of the Zionist Organization of America at the recent convention at Philadelphia, was installed in his office at the first meeting of the newly-elected Zionist Administrative Committee, held last evening, which was attended by all the principal officers and by the majority of its members.

In an address outlining the policies which he intended to follow during his administration, Mr. Rothenberg characterized his unanimous selection as a mandate from the Zionists of America to compose all differences that may exist within the ranks; pledged his support to the Executive of the World Zionist Organization and the Jewish Agency for Palestine; promised "most friendly collaboration with our non-Zionist partners"; and expressed the hope that Great Britain, despite the fact that she "has not yet fulfilled the pledges contained in the Prime Minister's letter to Dr. Weizmann and the many promises given to the Agency prior to and subsequent to the issuance of that document," would act in such manner as "to re-establish relations of confidence between the Government and the Jewish Agency" which had been impaired in the administration preceding that of Sir Arthur Grenfell Wauchope, the present High Commissioner of Palestine.

The appointment of a Committee of Seven, which, in conjunction with the officers, is to administer the affairs of the Zionist Organization, was left to Mr. Rothenberg. The recent convention had voted for the creation of such a committee to facilitate the business of the organization.

The Administrative Committee elected a Finance Committee composed of the following members: Louis P. Rucker, chairman; Harry P. First, Edward Friedman, Isidore Goldberg, Abram Liebovitz, Clarence Y. Palitz, Louis Rimsky, Sigmund Thau, and Morris Weinberg.

The decision of the recent convention to send eight delegates of the Zionist Organization of America to the World Jewish Conference to be held at Geneva beginning August 14, resulted in the selection by the Administrative Committee of the following delegates: Dr. Stephen S. Wise, Louis Lipsky, Jacob Fishman, B. Horwich, Chicago; Abraham Goldberg, Emanuel Neumann, Abraham Tulin and Morris Weinberg.

The meeting also laid plans for the launching of a nation-wide Zionist membership campaign to begin in September. A committee of five was appointed to develop a complete program which would provide for the enroll-

Judgment of Injunction Against Goglu Publications To Be Passed September 1st

Judge Scores Publications as Anti-Christian, Anti-Social and Anti-National

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

MONTREAL, July 16—The request of E. Abugov, Jewish merchant of Lachine, for an interlocutory injunction restraining Joseph Menard, owner of three anti-Semitic publications, Le Goglu, Le Chameau and Le Miroir, or his agents, servants and employees, from writing, publishing, editing or distributing any journals, and any articles, in the said journals, of a calumnious, malicious and libellous nature that are against the Jews and the Jewish race in general, was taken "en délibéré" yesterday by Justice Desaulniers, after an all-day dramatic session in the Superior Court. The judge declared that he will pass judgment on September first but will keep the anti-Semitic publications under surveillance and will be dictated by their further actions.

During the hearing the Jewish advocates, Joseph Cohen, K.C., M.L.A. and Myer Gomeroff, pointed out the irreparable damage to the province and the Jewish population that is being done by the continued calumnies of the anti-Semitic weeklies and declared that the Jewish community only desires that the attacks be stopped. The court-room was crowded to capacity at both morning and afternoon sessions.

At the previous hearing the judge refused a petition of the defense to have the case put over for a later date and added that the articles in the anti-Semitic publications are of such a character which may imperil the safety of the public at large. The judge characterized the articles concerned as anti-Christian, anti-social and anti-national.

The legal steps taken against the publishers of the anti-Semitic weeklies have aroused considerable interest and deep satisfaction among the local Jewish population. Many more actions are contemplated and will be discussed at the first meeting of the newly-formed "legal self-defense" committee, organized at the conference of various Jewish organizations held here last week. The holding over of the request for an injunction is not considered a set-back although it was expected that the petition will be granted at once.

Rabbi Samuel Gup, of Providence, R. I., has been appointed to the pulpit of the Bryden Road Temple, Columbus, Ohio, only reform congregation, for one year, and will assume his duties September 1, succeeding Rabbi Jacob Tarshish, whose resignation was accepted earlier in the year.

ment of many thousands of American Jews not now affiliated with the organization, but who are sympathetic toward the Zionist movement.

MAJORITY OF YIDDISH PAPERS FAVOR WORLD JEWISH CONFERENCE

Many Organs of Opinion Take Issue With Second Statement by Dr. Adler; See Need to End Fear Of What Anti-Semites Say; Anticipate Great Good Should World Jewish Congress Be Established

The world Jewish congress continues to occupy the forefront of editorial opinion in the Jewish press.

A number of papers have utilized the second statement of Dr. Adler, president of the American Jewish Committee, elaborating his opposition to a world congress idea, to express their sympathy toward that endeavor.

The majority of the Jewish papers favor the idea of the world Jewish conference which is to be held in Geneva, Switzerland, on August 14, for the purpose of discussing the advisability and the feasibility of constituting a world Jewish congress.

Excerpts from several publications follow:

Says Conference Can Be of Great Value

Jacob Fishman, writing in the Jewish Morning Journal, takes up the opposition of Dr. Cyrus Adler, president of the American Jewish Committee, to the forthcoming world Jewish conference and states that the latter's points are not well taken.

It is high time, Mr. Fishman writes, that the Jews stopped worrying about the impression their actions make upon the anti-Semites, since nothing they say or do will be other than distorted by the latter group.

"As for tolerant Christians," writes Mr. Fishman, "it is difficult to see how a conference of Jewish leaders to discuss Jewish interests can evoke suspicion and mistrust of the Jews."

The psychology of fear must be uprooted, for unless this is done the situation remains hopeless for the Jews, says Mr. Fishman.

Discussing Dr. Adler's argument that German Jewry is opposed to the conference, Mr. Fishman declares that even if the question of the situation of German Jewry were not on the agenda of the conference, there would still be much of vital importance to consider.

Mr. Fishman holds further that the question of German Jewry can not be disposed of so easily. He asserts: "Naturally they have a right to suffer patiently without demanding intervention from abroad. The question is, however, whether they are acting sensibly this time. And if they, on their part, think they are acting sensibly, it does not follow that influential Jews in other countries should ask permission from them to raise their voices against the Hitlerist pest."

"Dr. Adler says the conference can accomplish nothing. We do not agree with him. Such a conference can accomplish much. We must prepare ourselves for the moment—it would be better were it not necessary—when influential Jews in all countries of the world will be compelled to raise their voices high against the attempt of the Nazis to restore the Middle Ages.

"Moreover," says Mr. Fishman, "there are Jews in Germany outside of the Central Union. There are, it appears, thousands of so-called East European Jews. Under the Nazi regime they will be the first to be sacrificed. Perhaps the leaders of the Central Union do not take to heart the plight of the East European Jews. But have we the right to foresake these Jews to their destiny? They will certainly not forbid us to represent them at a conference of Jewish communal leaders.

"The essential thing is that the controversy around the conference is much more harmful than the conference itself can be even in Dr. Adler's imagination," Mr. Fishman asserts.

"Opinion" Scores Adler

Opinion writes:

"Of greater importance at this time is the necessity of demonstrating in unmistakable terms the futility and the impotence, save for purposes of negation and destruction of the attitude toward world Jewish problems exhibited by the president of the American Jewish Committee. Thus concerning the desire on the part of the Jews of Germany to participate in a World Jewish Congress, Dr. Adler states 'that they not only do not wish any such conference or congress to be held on their behalf but that they object.' In support of this statement Dr. Adler does not offer a shred of evidence. Moreover he continues to ignore the very definite evidence to the contrary in the already expressed willingness of various German groups to participate in the Conference as well as the declaration of Professor Albert Einstein—who may be presumed to know almost as much as Dr. Adler about the attitude of German Jews.

"Again it would be easy to expose the unjustifiable conclusion of Dr. Adler as to the unrepresentative character of the forthcoming Geneva Conference. For not only do all signs point to the exact opposite but Dr. Adler is in no position to know whether or not the bodies invited will be represented at the Conference. Should the invitations be refused by large numbers of those invited there might be justification for his assumption, but it is insupportably presumptuous to state in advance that invitations which in some instance have not yet been received have already been declined.

"It is hardly necessary to demonstrate again the tragic fallacy of the point of view represented in Dr. Adler's statement that nothing is to be hoped or expected from a World Jewish Conference. But to this defeatist attitude expressed in his earlier statement, Dr. Adler now adds a list of specific subjects with which an international conference would be, in his judgment, unfit to cope. Thus without daring openly

to commit the Jewish Agency, or at least the non-Zionist half of it, against the conference idea, he implies that a World Jewish Congress would interfere with the work of the Agency. This is another instance of the irresponsibility which characterizes the statement throughout, for as yet no other member of the Jewish Agency has expressed himself as opposed to or even dubious of the value of a World Jewish Conference and Congress in furthering the aims of the Jewish people in Palestine.

"Dr. Adler further declares 'there are loud complaints in this country in the matter of discrimination in employment, or in summer hotels or in clubs, colleges, or in other matters of this sort. Are the Jews of Hungary or Poland to be invited to intervene in helping to remove these difficulties?' It is this cynical question which reveals perhaps most clearly the irreconcilable viewpoints of Dr. Adler and of the American Jewish Congress. The Congress does not expect the Jews of Poland or Hungary to 'intervene' in these matters but it is not afraid as Dr. Adler evidently is to face openly and to discuss these and all other problems of Jewish life in America with its fellow Jews elsewhere. It recognizes, as Dr. Adler does not and will not, the international character of the Jewish people.

Says Committee Participation Now Unimportant

The Chicago Jewish Courier states: "Whether or not the American Jewish Committee participates in the Jewish world congress now makes no difference any longer, since the other large Jewish organizations in Europe have decided to take part in such a congress.

"It is now certain that the projected congress will be held—not next summer, but this summer. It is also evident that this world conference will be well-attended by all Jewish groups of opinion. For in every land where Jewish masses live, the need for joint action is conceded to combat the greatest enemy of our history—including the times of Torquemado—Adolph Hitler and his uniformed hooligans, even if he should not secure control of the government.

"It may be necessary to petition the League of Nations against Hitler or to form an anti-National Jewish Commission to personally present an appeal to the League of Nations. It may be that the Jewish Agency, which is recognized by international law as the official representative of the Jewish people, will have to submit a formal complaint to the International Court at The Hague against the German government for aiding the Hitlerite pogrom agitation. It may be that great

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MAJORITY OF YIDDISH PAPERS FAVOR WORLD JEWISH CONFERENCE

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legal actions in Germany itself may be necessitated—and all those things are bound up with large expenditures. Only a Jewish world congress can undertake the battle against Hitlerism on a large scale.

"The second most important function of the proposed world Jewish congress is to assume a large part of the work the former Jewish Territorial Association wanted to assume and should have assumed, and did not assume, i. e. to help regulate Jewish migration. Today this means to find countries of settlement for Jewish immigrants where they may be certain of livelihood and secure from political, economic and social discrimination.

"A permanent Jewish Congress bureau in Washington could negotiate with the envoys of the various Latin American republics and from them learn the attitude of their governments toward Jewish immigration.

"The congress of a people must be a political instrument in the best sense of that term, because the problems which it will be called to deal with are primarily to political and not philanthropic."

Says Begging Policy Must End

The Philadelphia Jewish World finds that Dr. Adler's fears that a world Jewish congress will provide for the anti-Semites is not sustained by logic.

The paper says that nothing the Jews do or say can halt the anti-Semites from their utterances. The postponement of the Congress to such a time when there will be no anti-Semites, the editorial finds ridiculous since it does not conceive such a time will ever come.

"The Jewish man in the ranks, who seeks a way for securing his rights, is now in danger and there is no other danger which so completely overwhelms him," the paper states. "A world Jewish congress, representative of all elements in Jewish life cannot make the situation worse, because worse than worse there is not. The charge of conspiracy could easily be disproved because the discussions of the congress would be open to the public."

Whether the congress will improve the situation, says the editorial, cannot be forecast. But that it will not make it worse is certain because a ship which sinks because there are holes in all its sides cannot sink twice.

"It is time that once and for all we drop our begging policy.

"Let the Jews meet together, pour out their hearts and united seek a solution and let know the world, economically shattered, political shifting, that the Jewish question demands a definite answer.

"World Jewish, fearful and enervated as it is, would perforce unite on a platform not only aimed to combat threatening foes, but one aiming at the solution of the inner Jewish problems."

The Detroit Jewish Chronicle asserts: "The broadsides against the movement to convene a World Jewish Congress have availed the opponents of the idea nothing at all. A conference to consider the advisability of calling such a Congress will be held in Geneva, Switzerland, on August 14.

"We fail to see where anything harmful can possibly come to Jewry's cause as a result of such a conference. As a matter of fact, this movement can bring a great deal of good. What harm can there be in representative Jewish leaders from leading countries of the world gathering to discuss the advisability of convening a World Congress for the purpose of alleviating Jewry's trying needs? Let the spokesmen for Israel decide whether they wish to create such a body. When this conference is finally opened, we shall know whether European Jewry wishes to form a Congress, or whether it is the idea of publicity-seekers.

"The particular danger in the present controversy over the need for a World Jewish Congress is that it may cause a wider split in the ranks of American Jewry and may place our people in a ridiculous position."

The Jewish Exponent of Philadelphia says:

"Not since the days of 1918-1919, when agitation for an American Jewish Congress began, has American Jewry evinced so profound an interest in a communal matter as has been provoked by the present controversy regarding the convening of a World Conference in August, the avowed purpose being to convoke a World Jewish Congress in the near future. The statements issued by Dr. Cyrus Adler in his capacity as President of the American Jewish Committee have served to stimulate intelligent, comprehensive discussion. This, despite, or perhaps because of the abuse showered upon American Jewish Committee leadership by Congress enthusiasts,

"It is conceded even by Congress enthusiasts that the negotiations with the American Jewish Committee were not conducted in good faith. In the statements issued by the Congress officials, as in the speeches from the Congress rostrum, this issue was evaded. Those who attended the sessions in Washing-

ton can testify to the correctness of Dr. Adler's statement that the plea for peace was insincere. Following the meeting many of those present marveled at the ability of the Congress orator to keep a serious face throughout the recital of that paragraph in his prepared speech.

"Several months ago, when the Congress agitation was renewed, its advocates were quite definite in their determination to go to Geneva for the purpose of convening a World Congress. Recent discussion has shown the unwisdom of this step, so much so that even now the official Congress spokesmen find it necessary to change their tone and to speak only in terms of 'the advisability and feasibility' of bringing such an instrument into being at this time.

"With these aspects of the situation generally known, the American group will have little to bring to Geneva. Dr. Adler's prayerful suggestion for 'an interlude of sanity' is timely, and should be taken to heart by those who would expose and exploit the woes of their people to further personal ambitions."

Lord Plumer, Former High Commissioner of Palestine, Dies at Age of Seventy-six

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period when complete tranquility existed in Palestine.

Lord Plumer was named High Commissioner by the British government without consultation with the World Zionist Organization, but his naming was approved and he was regarded as desirous of being fair to the aspirations of the Zionists.

He came to the post after service as the first Commander of the Fifth Army Corps and then of the Second Army of the British Expeditionary Force in France. After that he commanded the expeditionary force in Italy.

From 1921 to 1924, he served as Governor and Commander-in-Chief at Malta. In 1925, he succeeded Sir Herbert Samuel, the first High Commissioner of Palestine.

In 1929, when the Arab riots occurred, it was generally pointed out that the excesses would not have occurred had Lord Plumer been in office.

German Banking Firm of Goldschmidt & Rothschild in Government Bank Merger

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schild has done much to link American capital with German.

The merger is featured in the entire press where it is emphasized that the firm is one of the strongest private banks in Germany. The Wallach family is praised for its energy in strengthening German finances.

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