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NAZIS RENEW ATTACK ON JEWISH STUDENTS; BERLIN UNIVERSITY CLOSED

Nazis Break Written Guarantee of Peace; University May Remain Closed for an Entire Semester; Believe They Deliberately Provoked Attack; Central Union Protests

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, July 12—For the second time this month, the University of Berlin was closed as a result of anti-Semitic excesses and may remain closed until the end of the entire semester.

Breaking their written guarantees given to the rector of the University, Dr. Heinrich Lueders, which led to the reopening of Berlin University on July 2nd, the Nazis attacked Jewish students and those who appeared to be Semites.

Fifteen students received injuries at the hands of the Nazis and were dragged from the University buildings to the street exits where they were tossed into heaps of refuse.

The disturbances started when several wreaths placed Sunday before the University memorial for fallen students were found desecrated this morning.

It is believed that the Nazis themselves desecrated the wreaths for the purpose of provoking disturbances against the Jews.

"Down with the Jews!" "German Awake!" the Nazis shouted.

The injured students received first aid treatment at the Deutscher Studenten dormitory.

The Deutscher Student Verband assumes that the University will remain closed until the end of the term since the rector is unable to guarantee protection to the Jewish students.

The Central Union of German Citizens of the Jewish Faith immediately made representations to the rector and was told by Dr. Lueders that the disturbances were not aimed directly at the Jews but against the Association of Republican Students. The latter organi-

zation, however, disagrees with the rector.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, July 12—The libel suit entered by Dr. Bernhard Weiss, vice President of the Berlin Police Department, against the "Angriff," Nazi organ, opened yesterday and adjourned after several hours.

The trial was postponed and is to be resumed when other pending libel suits against the "Angriff" by Dr. Weiss come up in court. Dr. Weiss has been the target of persistent attack by the "Angriff" because he is a Jew.

Central Union States Planck Letter Referred To Assurance to J.T.A.

Secretary of State Said Government Assurance Given to Jews Then Needs No Reiteration

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, July 12—The Central Union of German Citizens of the Jewish Faith at a press conference yesterday reiterated what it had previously stated to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency representative, that no Jewish delegation has made representations to the German government with a view to establishing the government attitude regarding anti-Semitism, as reported in the "Welt-am-Montag."

The letter of Secretary of State Planck, was written to a prominent Jewish individual. The Central Union

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ROUMANIAN MINISTER CHARGED WITH MISQUOTING GOVERNMENT COMMUNIQUE AND J.T.A. REPORTS IN EFFORT TO JUSTIFY LEGATION STAND ON BRONSTEIN

Jewish Telegraphic Agency Takes Issue with Roumanian Minister, Charles A. Davila, on Statements Made in Letters Circulated Among Jewish Leaders; Scores Procedure in Sending to Jewish Leaders Copy of Communication to J.T.A. Without Informing J.T.A. of Having Done So; Facts Quoted Repudiate Allegations That J.T.A. Deliberately Omitted Important Details

Charles A. Davila, Roumanian Minister to the United States has misquoted a communique issued by his Legation and reports of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency in communications addressed by him to Jewish leaders, attempting to discredit the Jewish Telegraphic Agency in an effort to justify the attitude the Legation has adopted in the torture of Samson Bronstein, Zionist leader of Yedinez, Bessarabia.

This charge is made in a letter addressed yesterday to Minister Davila by Jacob Landau, Managing Director of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency.

The communication of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency declares:

"On June 30th your Excellency addressed a letter to me asking me to specify the number and date of 'Unser Zeit' of Chisinau from which our first report on the Bronstein case was culled, reporting that Bronstein 'was dragged, with his hands and feet manacled and bound together, by a horse, through the streets of Yedinez until death released him.' You add that you 'would like to know whether the addi-

tional details to the J. T. A. telegram dated Cernauti, June 22nd, which were published in the "Jewish Daily Bulletin" of June 23rd, were not copied from the article which appeared in "Unser Zeit" of June 6th."

"You declare that you had come to this conclusion as many passages in the telegram of our Agency and the article of "Unser Zeit" were identical, that the only thing which was omitted in our telegram was the title of the article, 'The Inquiry in Hotin,' as well as any allusion to this investigation, which had already at that time been ordered by the late government, and which was considered by Mr. Landau, member of Parliament, as a success of his.

"In my reply of July 7th I promised to ascertain from our London office, which issue of 'Unser Zeit' the first report of our Agency was based on. With regard to the second part of your inquiry, I pointed out that perusal of the report which we carried in our issue of June 23rd contains more

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100 Belgian Jews to Go to Bira Bidjan

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

ANTWERP, July 12—The Gezerd, Society aiding the settlement of Jews on land, today received authorization from Moscow to send one hundred Jewish immigrants in Belgium to Bira Bidjan to settle there.

The action of the Soviet authorities is in line with its announced policy of admitting a percentage of Jews from abroad to help build up Bira Bidjan as an autonomous Jewish unit.

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Revisionist Charges Against World Zionist Executive to Be Heard This Month

Hearing Before Congress Com- mittee Meets

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LONDON, July 12.—The Revisionist charges against the World Zionist Executive will be heard before the Congress court when the Actions Committee meets here on July 28th, it was announced by the Revisionist headquarters here today.

The witnesses whom the Revisionists propose to call are Heshel Farbstein of Poland, member of the Jewish Agency Executive; Dr. Leo Motzkin of Paris, Robert Stricker of Vienna, and S. E. Soskin.

The Revisionists charge that the Zionist Executive failed to carry out the decision of the Congress to reconstitute the Palestine office according to the composition of the parties, and that this has been done deliberately. As a result the distribution of Palestine immigration certificates is illegal and the Revisionists therefore demand their cancellation. They also demand the appointment of new Palestine officials.

To Vote for Education Transfer From Agency

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, July 12.—The Palestine Jewish National Council yesterday instructed its members who will attend the Actions Committee meeting in London to vote for the transfer of education supervision from the Jewish Agency Executive to the Knesseth Israel.

It was stipulated however that the transfer should be approved only if the Jewish Agency undertakes for a period of three years to contribute \$40,000 annually.

Says Bronstein Would Have Died of Neglect Were It Not for J. T. A. Effort

President of Union of Roumanian
Jews, Back from Visit to Roumania,
Says Bronstein Faces Amputation

Had it not been for the effort of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, Samson Bronstein, Zionist leader of Yedine, Bessarabia, would probably have died of neglect, declared D. A. Braham, president of the Union of Roumanian Jews, in a statement to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency following his return from a visit to Roumania.

As it is, declared Mr. Braham, Bronstein's condition is so serious that "one or both of his legs may have to be amputated because gangrene resulted owing to lack of proper medical aid."

Mr. Braham visited Bronstein in the hospital of Czernowitz.

Mr. Braham expressed the belief that a case like that of Samson Bronstein could occur even though the central government might abhor it and even be ashamed of it.

This he explained on the ground that the execution of laws "that would be a credit to any civilized country" is left in the hands of local prefects "whose methods of government are those of the Turkish Satrap of the Middle Ages, a system which prevailed in the Roumanian provinces until the latter part of the 19th century. Any one who opposes the rule of the prefect risks being tortured, or even hung without trial, regardless of the laws of the central government."

Mr. Braham said "it must be remembered that the national government does not condone these acts of torture although it may appear to do so because of its desire to cover up these occurrences. The secrecy is the result of shame felt on the part of the national officials."

Judge Phillip Forman Sworn in as Federal Judge

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

TRENTON, July 12.—Amid ceremonies witnessed by distinguished jurists and state officials, Federal Judge Phillip Forman was formally sworn into his new post here yesterday. Judge Forman, who served previously for several years as United States District Attorney, has the double distinction of being the first Jew in this state to serve as a federal judge and at 36, is the youngest man to hold such a post in the nation. He was recently appointed by President Hoover.

U. S. Circuit Court Judge Joseph Buffington administered the oath of office and Federal Judge Clark, who presided, congratulated Mrs. Tillie Forman, of this city, mother of the new jurist, who witnessed the ceremonies. Among others present were United States District Attorney George Z. Medaile of New York and Mrs. Mabel Walker Willebrandt.

Hoover Signs Measure Granting Exemption and Preference to Husbands

Requirements Concerning Legality of
Marriage and Financial Status
of Wives Not Lifted

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

WASHINGTON, July 12.—President Hoover yesterday signed the amended Dickstein bill granting exemption from the quota to husbands of American citizens married prior to July 1, 1932 and preference status to those married subsequent to July 1, 1932, and it automatically became a law.

The measure does not lift the requirements calling for legal proof of marriage and the financial status of the wives. In each case the consuls must be satisfied that the marriage is legal and that the husband will not become a public charge before visas can be obtained.

Alien Remittances Show 13% Decline

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Immigrant remittances to their native lands by persons living in the United States dropped 13 per cent last year to \$173,000,000, according to a Department of Commerce statement. Almost every country received some of this amount, the largest total going to Italy.

A marked increase in remittances to Russia was noted.

Remittances during the year, however, were about 13 per cent under those of the previous year. The amount is 30 per cent below the estimate for 1929.

The comparatively small decline in the funds sent abroad during 1931, as compared with the previous year, apparently was due, according to the bulletin, to three more or less unrelated factors. The first of these was the large number of aliens who left the country during the year, many of whom carried accumulated savings with them to aid in the support of friends and relatives in distress abroad. The sharp depreciation of certain foreign currencies during the latter part of the year, which increased the foreign value of the American dollar in those countries, and the marked increases in remittances to Soviet Russia, were also important factors in keeping the decline at a low level.

Demands Rabbis Act as Teachers Without Pay

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

KOVNO, July 12.—Teachers of religion in the Jewish schools will not receive salaries from the Ministry of Education, according to a new policy announced today.

The Ministry of Education made it known that the rabbis must act as teachers without pay from the Ministry or the Parents Association will be compelled to pay teachers salaries from its own funds.

**ROUMANIAN MINISTER CHARGED WITH MISQUOTING GOVERNMENT
COMMUNIQUE AND J.T.A. REPORTS IN EFFORT TO JUSTIFY
LEGATION STAND ON BRONSTEIN CASE**

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than an allusion to the investigation which had been started.

"We rooted that the prosecutor Below and the local magistrate had left for Yedinez for the purpose of investigating the Bronstein case. We also stated that the investigation was due to the intervention of Deputy Landau. That part of the report which was no longer part of the cable was conspicuously separated from the cable, and we referred in the report itself to 'Unser Zeit' of June 6th as the source of that report, even adding that we took it from this issue 'which has just reached this country'.

"I have learned to my amazement,

munications, that the recipient obtain publicity for the "rectification" which you are supplying.

"Courtesy forbids that I characterize this attitude, which can hardly be termed as the correct procedure.

"Let me now go into the various charges made by your Excellency:

strict investigation of the Yedinez affair. Do you know how the J.T.A. published that statement? It omitted the word *new*."

"I have pointed out in my letter to your Excellency on July 7th that perusal of our Bulletin of June 23rd permits of no doubt that we referred to the investigation which had been begun by the local authorities, that we stated this investigation was due to the intervention of Deputy Landau, and it also contained the date when this investigation was begun.

"Your Excellency is very sensitive about our reproducing exactly by cable every word published in a newspaper appearing 4,000 miles from here, in a

[illegible]

that, on the very day your Excellency wrote me a letter, to all intents and purposes making inquiries of me, you sent out a letter which already contained an answer to these inquiries as conceived by yourself, and that as a matter of fact, a similar letter had gone out on June 24th, containing like and other charges against the I.T.A.

"I understand further that a copy of your letter of June 30th addressed to us was enclosed in your communication to others, while no mention of that fact was made in your letter to us.

At the same time, no copies of the letters addressed by you to others containing serious charges against the J.T.A. and bound to discredit the J.T.A. in the eyes of the recipients, were forwarded to us, thus depriving our Agency of the opportunity to answer the accusations contained in these communications, while we were queried by you on the very points on which you did not hesitate to level charges against us in no uncertain terms. You also ask, in your com-

"In addition to the two questions contained in your letter to us, you state in your communication to others that the inquiry on the Bronstein case began on May 29th, long before the J.T.A. published the first news about the case. In order to substantiate this statement you refer to "Unser Zeit" of June 6th. You further charge that the Jewish Daily Bulletin of June 23rd omitted all the passages which described when, and under what circumstances, the investigation in the Bronstein case started, asserting that the J.T.A. suppressed parts of the articles on the ground that they established that the investigation had been started long before the J.T.A. knew anything about the Yedinez case.

"In your letter dated June 25th you state that the J.T.A. reports did not assume any exact form until June 19th. Your letter of June 25th contains the following passage: 'Three days ago the Roumanian Legation released an official statement announcing that the new Roumanian government has ordered a

different language, while the Jewish Daily Bulletin, appearing under your very eyes, is misquoted by your Excellency in your communication, making the reader feel that we had given as a cablegram what had been culled from a newspaper which had been received in this country. Every reader of the photostat which accompanies this letter will be able to satisfy himself that we expressly stated that this item was taken from "Unser Zeit" which has just reached this country".

"With regard to the first report on the Bronstein case, I learned from our London office that it was based on 'Unser Zeit,' No. 2904, on the following sentence in the leading article which appeared under the headline 'We Can No Longer Bear It!'—The tortured Bronstein fell as an innocent victim of a drunken and abnormal person." The article continues, "We consider this victim only an illustration. . . . During the last weeks the lungs of many such Bronsteins have been beaten, made

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ROUMANIAN MINISTER CHARGED WITH MISQUOTING GOVERNMENT COMMUNIQUE AND J.T.A. REPORTS IN EFFORT TO JUSTIFY LEGATION STAND ON BRONSTEIN

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ready for a journey from which no one ever returned'. The reader of these two sentences could come to no other conclusion but that Bronstein had died of the tortures which had been inflicted upon him. However, as soon as it was established that Bronstein was lying in a hospital in a critical condition, the J.T.A., on June 3, five days after the first report, described his condition.

"It is true the first report was not exact, with regard to one detail. It contained an understatement as to the method of torture applied to Bronstein. The Yiddish word 'kochen' was translated as 'horse-dragged,' whereas the treatment to which Bronstein had been subjected, according to that issue of 'Unser Zeit,' was much more cruel. The paper says: 'Where are we that human beings should be manacled hand and foot with iron shackles, and the ball of flesh rolled like a wheel and tortured and beaten and destroyed?' Let me also state in connection with this point, that your remark in your letter of June 25th that that part of the item was a quotation is not correct, as by again perusing our Bulletin of June 29th you will see that our report of the tortures which had been inflicted upon Bronstein were printed in summary fashion and not in quotation.

"You state in your communication that the investigation of the Bronstein case was started long before the J.T.A. reported the case. The first report was received by the J.T.A. by cable on May 27th, was published in the Yiddish press on May 28th, and in the next issue of the 'Jewish Daily Bulletin,' on May 29th. Therefore, your charge that the investigation began long before the J.T.A. reported on the Bronstein case is not in accordance with the facts.

"May I remind your Excellency, however, that while you wrongly accuse us of having suppressed the news that the local authorities had started an investigation on May 29th, your own Legation issued a statement on June 2nd, three days after this investigation had been begun by the local authorities, according to which the Roumanian government denied all knowledge of the occurrence and labelled the report of the J.T.A. as being completely invented. The authorities have no knowledge of such an incident having occurred in Yedid. It would be impossible that such barbarity could be perpetrated and remain unnoticed by the authorities and unpunished," said the statement cabled by the Roumanian government in Bucharest to the Roumanian Legation in the United States by whom it was made public. The fact of the matter is that the Roumanian government announced its investigation of the case fully 46 days after the torture of Bronstein, and 24 days after the publication

of the first report in the 'Jewish Daily Bulletin.'

"Although we reported that an investigation had been started by the local authorities, I may say in all frankness that we were sceptical about the effectiveness of this investigation, of which obviously not even a report had been submitted by the local authorities to the central authorities. It was due to the publicity given by the J.T.A. in American newspapers (as is stated by your Excellency in one of your communications, we were the only source of this news), that the attention of your Excellency was drawn to this case and that your Excellency urged upon your government prompt investigation of the case and punishment of those guilty. A. D. Braham, President of the Union of Roumanian Jews, who has just returned to this country, testifies in a statement that it was due to the J.T.A. that effective steps have been taken by the authorities in the Bronstein case.

"May I remind your Excellency that when the statement was issued on June 22nd that the guilty officials had been punished, it was found that even then no steps for the punishment of the guilty officials had been taken, and only two days ago was our Agency in a position to report that these measures were being taken. Not until 19 days later was punishment really meted out.

"The statement of your Excellency that until June 19th our reports were neither definite nor exact is not borne out. Full details in the case appeared in our reports on June 3rd, 13th, 23rd, 24th, 27th and 30th, and July 5th, 6th and 12th.

"The most astonishing charge made against us is contained in your remark that we omitted the word 'new' when we published the statement of June 22nd announcing that steps had been taken by your government. The word 'new' was not contained in your statement. That statement was reproduced by us in full. Not a single word was omitted, as will be seen from the photostat which I am enclosing.

"The real issue at stake was whether the Bronstein case was invented and whether Bronstein was indeed subjected to the most gruesome tortures. On both these questions no doubt is permissible. It is surprising to me that your Legation has for weeks tried to harp on irrelevant details which you raised in order to instil in the public doubt as to the veracity of the J.T.A. and the authenticity of its reports. Although your Excellency is unusually severe with regard to whether or not every word contained in the J.T.A. dispatches is accurately quoted, in your own letters your Excellency fails to quote correctly a communication sent

Central Union States Planck Letter Referred To Assurance to J.T.A.

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spokesman said the letter of the Secretary of State refers to the statement given to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency by government circles on June 5th. In this statement the Jewish population of Germany was assured that they need not look to an adverse change in their situation from the present government.

The letter of Planck approves of this statement and says there is no need for new government assurances since the communication to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency was authorized for publication by the German government.

The Central Union now ascertains that there was no mention in the letter concerning not making it public.

Aleph Zedek Aleph Convention Opens

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WINNIPEG, July 12—The ninth annual convention of the Aleph Zedek Aleph, Junior B'nai B'rith Order, opened here yesterday with the participation of 275 delegates from many sections of the United States and Canada.

The convention was greeted by the Lieutenant Governor of Manitoba and the Mayor of Winnipeg.

Adrien Fried, president of the order, reported that the organization has 175 chapters with a total of 5000 members. Sixteen new chapters were inaugurated last year, he stated, although many members have found it impossible to pay dues owing to the depression.

out by your Legation charging us with the omission of a word which was never contained in that communication.

"On a par with the procedure in mailing out communications to organizations in which charges are made against the J. T. A. with regard to details on which at the same time you made inquiry of us, is the fact that while the statement declaring the first statement of the J.T.A. report "entirely invented" was communicated by your Legation to the New York Times, your Legation did not release to the New York Times your later statement in which the Bronstein case was admitted to exist and wherein the government promised to conduct an investigation was quoted.

"Permit me to conclude this letter by expressing my surprise that even after the receipt of my letter of July 7th in which I drew your Excellency's attention to the fact that in the Jewish Daily Bulletin of June 23rd we did not give that report as a cablegram and that we referred to the investigation which had been begun by the local authorities, you did not hasten to rectify this mistake or offer us apology for the wrong committed in your communications of June 24th and June 30th, the communication concludes.