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TENSE SITUATION CONTINUES IN POLAND: WEEK AFTER REOPENING OF UNIVERSITIES OUTWARD CALM PREVAILS BUT JEWISH AND NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC STUDENTS STAND RANGED EXPECTANTLY FOR FURTHER TROUBLE: "NO JEWS ADMITTED" INSCRIPTIONS OVER ENTRANCES TO STUDENTS' HOMES: JEWS DIFFER AS TO REASON FOR STOPPAGE OF VIOLENCE: SOME ATTRIBUTE IT TO GOVERNMENT MEASURES AND OTHERS TO NATIONAL DEMOCRATS CONCENTRATING ON BOYCOTT AGITATION: JEWISH OPINION ALSO DIVIDED OVER QUESTION OF BOYCOTT: SEVERAL PAPERS SEE IT AS MENACE FORETELLING COMPLETE RUINATION OF JEWISH ECONOMIC LIFE WHILE OTHERS ARGUE BOYCOTT IS CHILD'S PLAY IN PRESENT CRISIS PERIOD AND REAL MENACE IS CONTINUED STATE MONOPOLISATION AND CRUSHING TAXATION.

Warsaw, Nov. 27th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

The situation, a week after the reopening of the Universities (with the exception of Vilna University, which the authorities do not yet consider it safe to reopen) continues to be tense, and though outwardly everything is quiet, the Jewish and the National Democratic students stand ranged in hostile camps, the Jews alert for fresh trouble, which the attitude of the National Democratic students seems to threaten. Notices bearing the inscription "No Jews admitted" have been posted up over the entrances to the general Students' Homes and students' kitchens, whose administrations are dominated by the National Democrats.

The Directors of the secondary schools all over the country have issued orders strictly prohibiting their pupils from attending any kind of meetings, and in many towns the prohibition against pupils being out in the streets after five o'clock in the evening still remains in force.

Attacks on Jews have now completely ceased in the streets of Warsaw, but isolated cases still occur in the provincial towns, although there, too, the authorities have been very prompt in putting them down.

Jewish opinion is divided as to the reason for the stoppage of the acts of violence. In some quarters it is attributed to the determined measures taken by the Government, but others are inclined to discount the value of the Government action, and see the reason rather in the fact that the National Democrats are concentrating all their efforts on the boycott campaign to the exclusion of actual violence.

There is also a division in Jewish opinion as to the efficacy of the boycott agitation. One section of the Jewish press regards it as a serious menace, and predicts that it will bring about the complete ruination of Jewish economic life, while other Jewish papers dismiss it as child's play, which does not even deserve so much attention from the Jewish side as to require the organisation of a counter-activity.

In the present time of economic crisis, they claim, boycott proclamations cut no ice. People cannot afford such luxuries as refusing to buy better goods more cheaply because they happen to be offered by Jews. The real menace to Jewish economic life, they say, continues to be the unabated policy of Etatism, or State monopoly and the crushing burden of taxation.

The "Nasz Przegląd", the Jewish Polish-language daily in Warsaw, welcomes the manifesto issued to the Jewish population by the Club of Jewish Deputies (given in the J.T.A. Bulletin of the 28th. inst.), which, it says, expresses the real view of the Jewish population on the recent occurrences, and wipes out everything which has been said on the subject till now, both inside the country and abroad.

BOYCOTT PICKETING IN WARSAW LEADS TO CLASHES AND ARRESTS.  
"JEW" PAINTED ON WINDOWS OF JEWISH SHOPS: JEWISH SHOP-KEEPERS COMPLAINING OF FALLING TRADE.

Warsaw, Nov. 28th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

Clashes are taking place between student boycott pickets and would-be customers and shopkeepers, and in some cases the pickets are being arrested for obstruction.

In the Marszałkowska and Nowy Świat streets National Democratic students blocked the entrances to Jewish shops for hours to-day, refusing to allow any Christians to enter. Four students were arrested but were released after they had produced their papers.

The windows of a number of shops in the centre of the city have been daubed with the word "Jew".

Jewish shopkeepers are complaining to-day of falling trade on account of the boycott.

ANTI-JEWISH EXCESSES AT VIENNA UNIVERSITY.

Vienna, Nov. 28th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

Serious Nazi excesses took place to-day at Vienna University, and a number of Jewish students were injured. Two had their noses broken, and one has had a serious injury to his eye, and has been detained in hospital.

The excesses spread for a time to the streets in the neighbourhood of the University, but the police soon intervened and restored order. Two students have been arrested.

AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT DECIDES QUESTION OF STUDENT RIGHTS AT UNIVERSITIES: GERMANIC CHARACTER OF AUSTRIAN UNIVERSITIES LEGALLY SAFEGUARDED AND STUDENT RIGHTS BASED ON NATIONAL CITIZENSHIP: ALL STUDENT NATIONALITIES WILL HAVE EQUAL RIGHTS.

Vienna, Nov. 28th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

The Cabinet has to-day approved the Bill providing for the regulation of the question of student rights at the Austrian Universities, which has been unsettled since the Constitutional Court last summer declared the previous student rights conferred on the German-race students' organisation as unconstitutional.

The new law, which still has to pass Parliament, bases the student rights on national citizenship, which the Jewish students and the Jewish Community opposed, demanding that it should be based on citizenship apart from any question of nationality, but it accords equal rights to all student nationalities.

At the same time, the law gives legal sanction to the principle of the Germanic character of the Austrian Universities, which thus fortified by legislation is now secure from further attack on the ground of unconstitutionality. It is this point which it is feared may give rise to fresh anti-Jewish manoeuvring.

Under the new law Jews who are konfessionslos, meaning that they have left the Jewish Community on the ground that they have no religious faith, or Jews who have become baptised, will have to belong to the Jewish national student body, or they will have to form a special mixed nationality students' body.

The Zionist students at Vienna University have adopted a resolution setting out their views on the question of student rights, which says: The Jewish student body recognises itself proudly and freely as belonging to its nationality, and has constituted in its national federations adequate forms of organisation, which can represent it in the general students' chamber without being subject to any suspicion of taking up such representation for assimilationist reasons. If the State authorities establish the principle of student nationalities, voluntary recognition of membership of the nationality should be made by statute the basis of the student nationalities and all student nationalities should be granted full and equal rights in every regard.

TRouble AT CZECHO-SLOVAKIAN UNIVERSITIES: MOVEMENT AGAINST FOREIGN STUDENTS: POLISH CONSUL IN BRATISLAVA LODGES PROTEST BECAUSE OF DISCRIMINATION AGAINST JEWISH STUDENTS OF POLISH NATIONALITY: DEAN OF MEDICAL FACULTY AT PRAGUE ADDRESSING STUDENTS' MEETING COMPLAINS OF STREAM OF STUDENTS FROM ABROAD AND SUGGESTS DOUBLING THEIR FEES AND BARRING THEM FROM DISSECTION ROOMS.

Prague, Nov. 28th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

Jewish students of Polish nationality are still being refused admission to the University of Bratislava. The Polish Consul in the city has lodged a protest with the Czecho-Slovakian authorities against such discrimination on the ground of Polish nationality.

The Bratislava University authorities have issued a statement that they will not allow any disorder, and declaring that they will take severe measures to guarantee the peaceful conduct of the work of the University. To this the Nationalist students have issued a reply that there will be no peace at the University until a numerus clausus is enforced against foreign Jews.

At Prague University the Dean of the Medical Faculty, addressing a meeting of the Czech students at his Faculty, complained of the increasing numbers of foreign students. There were three times as many students at the University as there should be, he said. It was true that the foreign students pledged themselves when they were enrolled that they would not establish themselves in Czecho-Slovakia, but they could get over this by acquiring citizenship. He suggested that when the next enrolments are taken foreign students should be made to pay double fees, and should not be allowed to dissect.

THE JEWISH QUESTION IN CZECHO-SLOVAKIA: STATELESSNESS RITUAL MURDER HORAK CASE AND COMPULSORY SUNDAY CLOSING: SPEECH IN PARLIAMENT BY JEWISH DEPUTY DR. GOLDSTEIN.

Prague, Nov. 27th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

The Jewish situation in Czecho-Slovakia was dealt with at length in Parliament to-day by Deputy Dr. Angelo Goldstein, member of the Club of Jewish Deputies, in succession to the late Dr. Ludwig Singer, in the course of the debate on the Budget.

The Jewish Party will vote for the budget, he said, but there were a number of complaints to which he felt it necessary to draw attention.

There was the question of the Staatenlose. As a result of the Great War, they had created a class of people who have no homeland and are consequently subject to many restrictions in matters of education and of obtaining a livelihood and they are also not adequately provided for in the matter of security of life and property. Tens of thousands of these people are Jews. In the case of the former Hungarian territories, there was the Lex Derer, but this facility did not apply to the historic lands. The result was that they had a state of affairs which permitted that the head of a family with four children, living in Maerisch-Osttau, since 1903, who had acquired his homeland right in 1910, had to submit three separate applications before he was given his citizenship, and then one of his sons was excluded from the grant. This son had since obtained a doctorate of medicine, and although he had done his term of military service in the Czecho-Slovakian army, he had not yet been given his citizenship. These unfortunate people are being used like toys by arbitrary officials, Deputy Goldstein complained. They are the victims of conditions in which the authority of the State is being misused for party politics.

The Jews of Carpatho-Russia have special reason for complaint in this respect, he went on. The administrative authorities in Carpatho-Russia are serving the interests of the reactionary elements among the Jewish population. Our demand for the democratisation of the franchise in the Jewish Communities is ignored. We hope that in this question we shall find more understanding from the present Minister of Education and Public Worship.

It is in the spirit of the Carpatho-Russian administration also that it has been possible in this province to conduct a ritual murder trial, he continued. This is a matter in which I want the Minister of Justice and the Minister of the Interior to interest themselves.

Then there is the case of the Horak trial, he proceeded. The directions given by the judge to the jury are such as to awaken the utmost apprehension with regard to the impartiality of the law. The Jews are not out for vengeance, he said, but they do not want the cloak of justice wrapped round crimes which imperilled the very foundations of the State.

Another case of inequality before the law was the compulsion which was put on the Jews who constitute the greater part of the commercial population to pay church taxes. It is against the spirit of liberty of conscience, he said, and it is the more unjust because the religious requirements of the Jews in the historic lands are being but meagrely provided for in the budget and have been subjected to a four-fifths reduction. We Jews cannot look on passively at such a state of affairs, and we shall demand our remedy from the Minister of Public Worship. We Jews have no State theological

faculties or seminaries where we can train our teachers and it is only with the greatest difficulty that we have been able to maintain our Hebrew school system in Carpatho-Russia entirely by the self-sacrifice of the Jewish middle classes.

There is further the Compulsory Sunday closing Ordinance in Bratislava, Deputy Goldstein concluded. We Jews demand that the Government should take our special conditions into account and that Sabbath-observing Jews should not be compelled to submit to conditions which are a violation of the principle of liberty of conscience.

JEWISH STUDENTS IN ROUMANIA RELEASED FROM HAVING TO ATTEND CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS TEACHING: CIRCULAR TO BE ISSUED BY MINISTER OF EDUCATION ON INTERVENTION OF CHIEF RABBI NIEMIROVER.

Bucharest, Nov. 27th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

Following intervention by Chief Rabbi Senator Dr. Niemirover, the Minister of Education has given instructions for the introduction of Jewish religious teaching in all public schools and in all private schools enjoying public rights which are attended by Jewish pupils. A circular will be issued in the next few days to all school directors throughout the country drawing their attention to this new order of the Ministry of Education. The teachers of Jewish religion will be appointed by the Jewish Communities through the Rabbinate.

The new order regulates the question of Jewish religious education in the Roumanian schools, which has been a subject of constant intervention from the Jewish side for years past. Hitherto Jewish students have always had to produce a certificate that they were receiving private Jewish religious education in order to be released from having to attend Christian religious teaching and yet be able to qualify in religion in their leaving examinations. In some cases moral pressure has even been brought to bear by school Directors and teachers on the Jewish pupils to compel them to take Christian religious training.

HEAD OF FAR EASTERN REPUBLIC COMPLAINS OF SHORTCOMINGS OF BUREYA WORK: ACTIVITIES ALL BEHIND HE SAYS AND CONDUCTING WORK OF REGION IN RUSSIAN NO GOOD: EVERYTHING MUST BE CARRIED ON IN YIDISH: SUGGESTS NEED OF ATTRACTING TO BUREYA JEWISH WORKERS FORMER EMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA HARD HIT BY CRISIS IN AMERICA.

Moscow, Nov. 27th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

M. Buzenko, the Chairman of the Far-Eastern Executive Committee of the Soviets, the supreme authority in the Far East, speaking at a meeting of the Bureya Party and Soviet workers, had a good deal of criticism to level at the inadequacy of the work carried on so far by the Bureya workers and institutions. It is essential to increase the extent of the work, he urged, so that it should be possible to keep the promise made by the Communist Party and the Soviet Government to the Jewish masses with regard to the establishment of a national autonomous unit in Bureya.

The work in the Bureya region is all behind, he complained. The Soviet farms and the collective farms are very much behind in the work of clearing the fields (about 10,000 hectares of crop have not been cleared), and they are behind in the threshing of the corn (only about 5 per cent. has been threshed). The work of building houses and roads and the entire work of organising the State farms and the collective farms is all behind.

There must be an end to the constant complaints about difficulties and hindrances, he said. It is no use blaming everything on the difficult conditions in the region. It is necessary to carry on the work on entirely new lines.

Do not forget, he said, that your region has a very special significance. It is not an ordinary region. It will come under a special heading. It is specially set apart for development into a Jewish autonomous unit. That is the wish of the Party and of the Soviet Government. The Jewish masses in the Soviet Union and abroad are looking with hope to Bureya. The crisis in America has hit hard thousands of Jewish workers, former emigrants from Russia. We must give them an opportunity of settling here. We must provide them with human living conditions. The migrants should have beds to sleep on, not hard boards.

Another thing, he urged, is that the Jewish migrants must be attended to in their mother tongue. It is no good, he said, that your work is being carried on only in Russian. It will not do. You must do your work in Yiddish. I demand categorically that this question should be settled once and for all. Circulars, letters, minutes, everything should be in Yiddish. First your business and administrative affairs. Then your schools must be Yiddish. That will wrest the weapons out of the hands of the chauvinists. We must do everything possible, he concluded, so that in the coming year we shall be able to settle 20,000 families in Bureya.

BRIGANDAGE IN PALESTINE: ARABS HOLD UP DISTINGUISHED BRITISH RESIDENTS ON JERUSALEM-JERICHO ROAD AND ROB THEM OF MONEY AND VALUABLES; LATEST OF SEVERAL HIGHWAY ROBBERIES IN LAST FEW DAYS; JEWISH PASSENGERS HELD UP NEAR RAMALLAH HAD THEIR LIVES THREATENED BUT WERE SAVED BY ARAB FELLOW-PASSENGERS.

Jerusalem, Nov. 28th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

Several leading British residents, including Dr. Strathearn, the Director of the Ophthalmic Hospital of the Order of St. John in Jerusalem, Miss Coates, the Principal of the Jerusalem Girls' College, and Miss McInnes, the daughter of Dr. Rennie McInnes, the Anglican Bishop of Jerusalem, were among the victims of a hold-up on the Jerusalem-Jericho Road this afternoon. There were about 30 British residents involved. They were proceeding along the road in twelve motor cars, when four brigands, armed with rifles, held up the drivers and robbed the passengers of all their money and valuables.

The outrage is the culmination of a number of highway robberies during the last few days. In one which occurred on Tuesday night, near Ramallah, on the Jerusalem-Nablus Road, three cars carrying a number of Jewish passengers and several Arabs were held up and robbed by armed Bedouins. The Jews had their lives threatened by the Bedouins, but their Arab fellow-travellers appealed for them and saved their lives. The police state that the brigands who took part in the Ramallah hold-up have been captured.

NEW PALESTINE HIGH COMMISSIONER SETS UP OFFICIAL PRESS BUREAU TO CULTIVATE CLOSER AND FRIENDLIER RELATIONS.

Jerusalem, Nov. 27th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

General Sir Arthur Wauchope, High Commissioner for Palestine, received this morning the editors of all Jewish and Arab publications in Palestine, and informed them that a Government Press Bureau has been established under the direction of Mr. Browne, for cultivating closer and friendly relations between the Government and the Press for the welfare of the country.