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HITLERISM AND THE FUTURE OF GERMAN JEWRY: ABSENCE OF ANY MENTION OF ANTISEMITISM IN SPEECHES AND RESOLUTIONS AT HARZBURG CONGRESS STARTS SUGGESTION THAT HUGENBERG SCHACHT AND OTHER NATIONALIST LEADERS IN CONCLUDING PACT WITH HITLER MADE IT CONDITIONAL ON ELIMINATION OF ANTISEMITISM.

Berlin, Oct. 11th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

No mention of antisemitism occurs in the speeches delivered by Hitler or any of the other speakers at the united opposition parade at Harzburg to-day, and no mention is made of antisemitism in any of the resolutions adopted by the meeting of Nationalist leaders, which all turn on the determination of the parties represented to fight against the Bruening Government and their readiness to take over immediately the responsibility of Government. A rumour has gained ground that this is due to a condition said to have been imposed by Herr Hugenberg, the Nationalist leader, Dr. Schacht, the former President of the Reichsbank, and other Nationalist leaders, that if they form a united front with Hitler antisemitism must be eliminated from the joint programme, or at least relegated to the background.

No Jewish Question As Such: How Hitlerist Chief Organ Explains Position.

There is no Jewish question for us Nazis as such, the "Voelkischer Beobachter", the Hitlerist chief organ, wrote recently. We look at the Jewish question from the broader and more general aspect of a mortal danger which threatens our people because the people of Jewish blood by their intervention in German life exploit our German people. And if we are asked how we Hitlerists are going to deal with the Jews when we are in power, our answer is to point to paragraph 4 of our Party Programme, which states definitely that "no Jew can be a German" (Volksgenosse). Our definition of the Jew is that the Jew is alien to the German in race and blood. It is, of course, difficult to define the Jew in cases where the Jewish element has invaded non-Jewish elements and has caused a certain admixture of Jewish racial elements. Where the Jewish blood goes back further than the parents or grandparents on either side, we must leave it where it is, with the hope that gradually this Jewish infiltration will be absorbed and will disappear. But in general, we shall act up to the declaration contained in our Party Programme, that "German citizenship is open only to members of German race". Others who are not citizens may live in Germany, but only as our guests and under the provision of Aliens Laws. The recognition of the Jewish element as a minority in German life will have to be followed by a new type of citizenship rights, to regulate the position of this category of inhabitants, and similarly of other national minorities, like Lithuanians, Poles, Danes, etc. The population will have to be divided into Germans on the one hand and residents of the country on the other, and we shall enforce in regard to them the communal

laws of mediæval legislation. In practice this will mean that everyone belonging to the German State, whether German or Jew, will so far as the outside world is concerned, be under the power and the protection of the German State, and in this respect will enjoy equal standing. In internal affairs, however, the Jews must obviously hold inferior rank in matters of citizenship and social position. Their equality of rights, so far as the outside world is concerned will have the purpose of making impossible foreign reprisals, which might otherwise come about as the result of the storm which would be roused against us by world Jewry. The Jews will logically be restricted in their citizenship rights. They will not have the right to vote or to belong to political or administrative bodies. They will certainly not be allowed to bear arms, but in time of war they would be drafted into labour battalions. On the basis of the Constitution, powers will be introduced from time to time to regulate the position of the various categories of residents, including the Jews, in the matter of freedom of movement, freedom of occupation, freedom of association and meeting, the right to attend schools which are not maintained exclusively by their own funds, the direction or publication of periodicals in the German language, and the right to acquire land.

"HITLER IS GROWING POPULAR IN ENGLAND".

Berlin, Oct. 11th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

Adolf Hitler is becoming popular in England, the "Voelkischer Beobachter", the chief Hitlerist organ, writes in a big front page report from London. All news arriving in London from Berlin, the correspondent says, indicates how impossible it is for Dr. Bruening to constitute a really stable Government, and British public opinion is beginning to recognise with growing sympathy that Nazi rule is becoming inevitable in Germany. For years our German liberation movement has been libelled in the foreign press by our opponents, who have been spreading the impression that a Hitler Government in Germany would be a world-calamity. This plot has failed. The British press speaks openly now of the near prospect of the Nazis taking over the reigns of Government in Germany, without seeing it as in any way a reaction or a calamity. The British people are realising that the time must come, and they believe that it is coming soon. Among all sections of the British people there is now a lively sympathy with the Hitlerist movement. One need only go out among the people and speak with them to realise that the questions of the moment are the British elections, the crisis and Hitler. The Jewish liberal and the Jewish Marxist papers, like the "News Chronicle" and the "Daily Herald" are trying in their usual way to create feeling against the German rebirth movement, but they are in a minority.

TRIAL OF HITLERIST RINGLEADERS OF ROSH HASHANAH OUTBREAK IN
BERLIN AGAIN ADJOURNED: SUCCESSFUL HITLERIST OBJECTION
TO PRESIDING JUDGE BECAUSE HE IS MARRIED TO JEWESS:
NEW COURT WILL HAVE TO STUDY CASE BEFORE TRIAL CAN BE
RESUMED.

Berlin, Oct. 12th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

The objection lodged by the Counsel for Count Pell-dorf and the other prisoners charged with having organised and directed the anti-Jewish excesses which took place in Berlin on Rosh Hashanah, against Dr. Schmitz, the presiding judge, on the ground that his wife is a Jewess, has been sustained by the court.

The trial has consequently been adjourned, until a new court is constituted, and has had time to acquaint itself with all the material in the case.

Millions of Germans hold the opinion that in this trial there are two opposing worlds confronting each other, and the presiding judge is not impartial, Dr. Freisler, one of the Counsel for the Defence, declared in court when the case was opened on Friday. The clash in the Berlin streets, he said, was part of the war of the German people against an alien race. It has become known to us that the presiding judge is related to this alien race, and we object to having the case tried by a judge who is a partisan in the matter. We demand, therefore, that Dr. Schmitz should retire from the case.

DR. WEIZMANN GIVEN ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION IN BERLIN: REAFFIRMS
HIS FAITH IN PALESTINE AS A SHEET-ANCHOR FOR WORLD-JEWRY
IN MIDST OF DISRUPTION: FIRST PUBLIC APPEARANCE SINCE HE
LAID DOWN OFFICE AT ZIONIST CONGRESS.

Berlin, Oct. 11th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

Dr. Weizmann was given a great reception here to-day on making his first public appearance since he laid down his office as President of the Zionist Organisation at the Seventeenth Zionist Congress.

There were over 2,000 people in the Bach Hall, with hundreds more unable to obtain admission when Dr. Weizmann spoke at a meeting arranged by the German Zionist Federation, with Dr. Kurt Blumenfeld, the President of the Federation in the chair. Dr. Weizmann did not attempt to deal with political problems, but he roused the gathering to enthusiasm by making a powerful appeal for support for the Zionist ideals, proclaiming his complete belief in the success of the Zionist ideal. He appealed in fervent words to all Jews to join in the upbuilding of Zion, as a place of refuge and a sea of calm in the midst of a crumbling Jewry.

Later in the day, Dr. Weizmann addressed another reception arranged by the German Branch of the Jewish Agency in the Kroll Hall. Rabbi Dr. Leo Baeck was in the chair in the unavoidable absence of Herr Oscar Wassermann for business reasons. Dr. Hantke, Managing Director of the Keren Hayesod, and Town Councillor Asch, welcomed Dr. Weizmann and paid tribute to his capacities as a leader.

Dr. Weizmann again avoided any reference to the political issues of the moment, and devoted himself to a description of the solidity and firmness of the Palestine work in the midst of the present world crisis, claiming that Palestine was a sheet anchor for world Jewry at this time, when it is in danger of being overwhelmed everywhere.

JEWISH AGENCY SCHOOLS IN PALESTINE TO BE REOPENED DESPITE HEAVY BUDGET CUT TEACHERS' MEETING DECIDES.

Jerusalem, Oct. 11th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

The Jewish Agency schools will be reopened to-morrow (Monday), notwithstanding the £20,000 reduction in the educational budget, the Jewish Agency teachers have decided at a special meeting held in Jerusalem to-day. At the same time, however, the meeting has adopted a resolution declaring the conviction of the teachers that the cut is bound to disintegrate the Jewish school system.

So long as the reductions it has decided on are introduced, the Jewish Agency Executive is not expected to place any difficulties in the way of reopening the schools, even though it does not approve of the action of the teachers in declaring their disbelief in the ability to maintain the school system with the heavy cut made in the budget.

JEWISH PARTIES LOSE TWO SEATS IN LATVIAN PARLIAMENTARY ELECTIONS: THREE DEPUTIES IN NEW SEYM AGAINST FIVE PREVIOUSLY: TWO AGUDISTS AND ONE MIZRACHIST.

Riga, Oct. 12th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

The Jewish Parties have lost two seats in the Latvian Parliamentary elections, according to the complete figures which became known only to-day, and instead of having five Deputies as in the last Parliament, there will now be only three Jewish Deputies. Professor Laserson, who represented the Zionist Socialist Party, and Dr. Maizel, who represented the Jewish Socialist Party Bund, both Deputies for many years, have this time been defeated.

There are in the new Parliament two Agudists, and one Mizrachist, Rabbi Dr. Nurok. Professor Laserson was only 50 votes short of the number required to send him to Parliament, and the second Mizrachi candidate was only 25 votes short.

The results of the elections are not at all satisfactory, the Yiddish daily "Frimorgen" here comments, but there is one very satisfactory feature about them, it adds, and that is the defeat of the Fascist antisemitic party, which has failed to obtain any representation. Their entire election campaign was directed against the Jews, who were held up as the cause of all the troubles and difficulties in the country. Their leader, M. Berg, said that he was going to save Latvia from the Jewish scourge, but the Latvian people apparently do not want him to save them, and we shall now be spared M. Berg's antisemitic harangues from the tribune of the Seym.

In the last election, which took place in October 1928, the five Jewish Deputies of the previous Parliament were all re-elected. The Bundist representative, Dr. Maizel, was not counted altogether a Jewish Party Deputy, because he had identified himself completely as a member of the Social Democratic Party.