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PALESTINE JEWS FEAR NEW POGROMS: JEWISH DELEGATION WARNS HIGH COMMISSIONER OF VIOLENT ARAB INCITEMENT: ASKS FOR SECURITY: POLICE AND MILITARY FORCES WILL SUPPRESS ANY ANTI-JEWISH ATTEMPT HIGH COMMISSIONER ASSURES DELEGATION.

Jerusalem, Aug. 5th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

Arab incitement in Palestine is becoming violent, like the agitation which led to the anti-Jewish pogroms in 1929.

A Jewish delegation consisting of Colonel Kisch, Mr. Ben Zvi, Mr. Almalah, Mr. Smilansky, and Mr. Golumb, appeared to-day before Sir John Chancellor, the High Commissioner of Palestine and warned him regarding the apprehensions of the Jewish population in connection with the Arab agitation. In an interview which lasted for 90 minutes, the delegation discussed with the High Commissioner the question of general security in Palestine, and also touched upon the impending cab-drivers' strike.

In reply to the arguments presented by the delegation, the High Commissioner stated that the Palestine Government will deal with the anti-Jewish incitement carried on by the Arab press, and the military and police forces will deal adequately with any attempt which may be made in Palestine to create a disturbance of the peace in the country.

In connection with the proclaimed general strike of cab-drivers, a communique was issued by the Government to-day saying that picketing will be prohibited. The Government will protect those who will pursue their normal occupations, the communique says, adding that the Government trusts that the motor-car owners and drivers will not persist in their decision to come out on strike to-morrow.

Palestine Government Warns Against Strike Of Cab-Drivers: Says It May Lead To Disturbances.

This strike, the communique says, can achieve no useful purpose and is bound to cause economic loss. It will also incur the risk of leading to disturbances of the peace.

There is no prospect of the Government granting further remission of taxation to the cab-owners as a result of the strike, it is felt here. Efforts are therefore being made by the Palestine Chamber of Commerce to influence the Union to call off the strike. Negotiations were carried on during the whole of the day between representatives of the Chamber of Commerce and the leaders of the Union with a view to avoiding the strike decision from being carried into effect.

Fear is expressed that if the strike is not called off, it may lead to serious consequences, the Arabs utilising the complete stoppage of vehicular traffic in order to carry out their threats of creating trouble in connection with their protests against the alleged arming of the Jewish Colonies by the Government.

PALESTINE GOVERNMENT WARNS JEWISH AND ARAB PRESS TO DISCONTINUE PUBLICATION OF INCITING ARTICLES: SAYS SITUATION WELL IN HAND: EMPHASISES THAT IT IS MUCH BETTER EQUIPPED THAN IN 1929 FOR SUPPRESSION OF DISTURBANCES: DECLARES THAT IT WILL NOT ALTER ITS POLICY WITH REGARD TO THE SEALED ARMOURIES IN THE JEWISH SETTLEMENTS.

Jerusalem, Aug. 5th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

In connection with the tense atmosphere created in Palestine by the anti-Jewish agitation conducted in the Arab press, the Chief Secretary to the Palestine Government received to-day Arab and Jewish journalists and warned them all against publishing inciting articles in the future.

The Jewish journalists were received separately after the Chief Secretary had concluded his conference with the Arab journalists. Addressing the Jewish pressmen, the Chief Secretary made it clear to them that he forbade them to make any accusations in the future against the Palestine Government, that it helps the Arabs in their efforts of incitement against the Jews and in their preparations for anti-Jewish attacks. All this is not true, the Chief Secretary stated. He then authorized the Jewish journalists to publish a statement saying that the "Government has the situation well in hand and is now equipped much better than in 1929 for the suppression of disturbances".

An official communique was also issued this morning by the Palestine Government giving the history of the sealed armouries in the Jewish settlements and declaring that the Palestine Government considers the sealed armouries as the proper measure for security. "The Government will not alter its policy with regard to the sealed armouries," the statement says. The Government requires the Arab press to discontinue its agitation in this connection, otherwise other measures will be taken against the press, the statement warns.

CENSUS QUESTIONNAIRE PUBLISHED IN PALESTINE: CONTAINS 18 QUESTIONS.

Jerusalem, Aug. 5th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

The questionnaire for the forthcoming census in Palestine is published to-day in Jerusalem, containing 18 questions.

The 18 questions include those on religion, sect, country of origin, language, and economic status.

LORD READING TO BE MARRIED IN LONDON TO-DAY: BRIDE HAS BEEN HIS PERSONAL SECRETARY FOR MANY YEARS: SHE WAS FORMERLY A MEMBER OF THE VICEREGAL STAFF IN INDIA: IS CONSIDERED AN EXPERT ON INDIAN AFFAIRS: WEDDING TO BE A QUIET AFFAIR.

London, Aug. 5th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

The marriage of the Marquis of Reading, formerly Viceroy and Governor-General of India, to Miss Stella Charnaud, formerly a member of the Viceregal staff in India, was announced here to-day to take place in London to-morrow. The marriage ceremony will be a quiet affair, it is announced. Immediately after the wedding the Marquis and Marchioness of Reading will leave for Paris.

Miss Stella Charnaud, who is 37 years of age, has been for many years Lord Reading's personal secretary and chief of his staff of all his political and business interests. She first became associated with Lord Reading when she was a member of the Viceregal Staff in India and he was the Viceroy. Since his return to England, Miss Charnaud has acted as Lord Reading's "right-hand man", and afforded him invaluable assistance in matters relating to India and the Round Table Conference.

Miss Charnaud is known in diplomatic circles as a person who has a wide and intimate knowledge of Indian affairs. She has mastered many languages. She is the daughter of the late Mr. Charles Charnaud, who represented Great Britain on the International Public Debt Organisation which was set up by the Great Powers in Turkey in connection with the loan granted to that country after the Crimean War. Miss Charnaud is one of a family of four, having two brothers and one sister. One of her brothers was an officer in the Royal Navy and now holds a post in the Colonial Service.

Lord Reading Married For 43 Years To His First Wife: The Late Lady Reading: The Remarkable Career Of Lord Reading.

Lord Reading was 70 years of age last October. He lost his first wife 18 months ago, after 43 years of married life. Lady Reading died on March 30th., 1930. She was Alice Edith, third daughter of the late Albert Cohen, and her marriage to Lord Reading (then Mr. Rufus Isaacs) took place in 1897 soon after he was called to the Bar.

Lord Reading's career has been one of the most brilliant of modern times.

Starting as a ship's boy, he has been clerk, barrister, Solicitor-General, Attorney-General, Lord Chief Justice, and finally Viceroy of India.

Each step in this climb of the ladder of fame has been made possible by a rare combination of unlimited patience, hard work and remarkable brain-power. These characteristics he retained to the full when, at the age of 70 in October last year, he accepted membership on behalf of the Liberal Party of the Round Table Conference on India.

It is with India that his name will always be most prominently associated. He first saw the country as a cabin-boy on the Hoogli River.

At the age of 27 he was called to the Bar, and within eleven years - in 1898 - he had taken silk. Mr. Rufus Isaacs, K.C. - later Sir Rufus - became a name associated with most of the leading cases.

He afterwards entered politics with the same enthusiasm he had shown for the law. He was elected to Parliament for Reading as a Liberal in 1904. Six years later he was appointed Solicitor-General and a few months afterwards promoted to Attorney-General.

His appointment as Lord Chief Justice followed in 1913, and 1921 saw the opening of his memorable term as Viceroy of India at a time when the situation in that country was delicate and often dangerous. He came home in 1926.

He was the only ex-Viceroy on the India Round Table Conference.

HITLER ORGAN SUSPENDED FOR URGING TO KILL GERMAN JEWISH WRITERS.

Berlin, Aug. 5th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

For calling upon the Hitlerists to kill a number of famous German Jewish novelists and journalists, the "Angriff", the Hitlerist daily organ, was suspended to-day for three days by the President of Police.

The article for which the Hitlerist organ was forbidden to appear, named Herr Lion Feuchtwanger, Herr Heinrich Mann, Dr. Arnold Zweig, Herr Arthur Hailtscher, Dr. Alfred Kerr, and a number of other world-famous German novelists as "people who ought to be shot. These Jewish intellectuals", the paper said, "are supporting the Communists in their fight against the Hitlerists, and therefore they ought to be killed".

BERLIN MUNICIPALITY APPOINTS COMMITTEE TO ADMINISTER MR. JULIUS
ROSENWALD MILLION DOLLAR FUND.

Berlin, Aug. 5th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

A Committee has been appointed to-day by the Municipality of Berlin to administer the million dollar fund, which Mr. Julius Rosenwald, the famous Jewish philanthropist of the United States, has offered to the City of Berlin for creating a children's dental clinic.

The Committee consists of Professor von Drigalski, Medical Advisor to the Municipality of Berlin, Professor C. Adam, Dr. Conrad Cohn, and Professor H. J. Mamlok.

PARENTS AND CHILDREN DECIDE TO DEMONSTRATE BEFORE WARSAW MUNI-
CIPALITY AGAINST WITHDRAWAL OF SUBSIDIES FROM JEWISH SUMMER
COLONIES.

Warsaw, Aug. 5th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

A street demonstration has been decided upon to-day at a meeting held by the parents of the 500 Jewish school children who will be deprived of fresh air and sunshine because of the decision of the Warsaw Municipality to discontinue the subsidies to the summer colonies in which the children are maintained.

The meeting of the parents which was held to-day in Warsaw decided to demonstrate before the Municipality and to submit a protest to the Municipality against the withdrawal of the subsidies.

The parents have also considered a suggestion to arrange a children's demonstration as a protest against the liquidation of the summer colonies in which the poor Jewish school children of Warsaw are being maintained.

JEWS LEAVE POLAND: IMPOSSIBLE TO REMAIN THERE ANY LONGER THEY
SAY CROSSING LATVIAN FRONTIER.

Riga, Aug. 5th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

Several hundred Jews have crossed the borderline from Poland into Latvia during the last two weeks, stating that in view of the extremely critical economic situation in Poland, they find it impossible to remain in the country any longer.

The migrants consist mostly of Jews who resided in the townships in the Vilna and neighbouring districts. The economic situation in Latvia may be bad, they say, but the position in Poland is very much worse.

Most of these Jewish migrants are now in Dwinsk. Their position is very complicated, since the Government refuses to issue labour permits to them, without which they are unable to obtain employment in Latvia.

NEW LAWS FOR NATIONAL MINORITIES IN TURKEY: STATUS OF JEWS TO
BE CHANGED.

Istanbul, Aug. 5th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

The legal status of the Jews as a national minority will be changed in Turkey, in accordance with a new law which is now being prepared by the Turkish Ministry of the Interior, it became known to-day.

According to an announcement made to-day by the Ministry of the Interior, the law will have to establish the actual rights of the national minorities in Turkey and of their institutions. This is the first time in the history of Turkey that such a law is being considered. Hitherto there were no laws in the country regulating the national minority question.

In connection with the promulgation of the new law, the status of the Jews, it is foreseen, will be changed for the better. Up till now the religious interests of the Jews were guided exclusively by the law which was issued in 1864 by Sultan Abdul Medjid. This law dealt with the functions of the Chief Rabbinate of Turkey and is not at all applicable to the present situation in Turkey.

LIBERAL AMERICAN WEEKLY ANALYSES PRESENT STAGE OF ZIONISM:
SAYS ZIONISM HAS BECOME A BUSINESS ENTERPRISE: LOST ITS
ROMANTIC FLAVOUR.

New York, Aug. 4th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

Quoting the "Menorah Journal" as saying that "once upon a time a Zionist was a Jew who meant to live in Palestine, but now a Zionist is a man who invests his money in Palestine and runs home to New York to wait for his eight-per-cent. to start rolling in", the "Nation", the Liberal American weekly, in its editorial this week says:

There is a sad grain of truth in the "Menorah's" bitterness and cynicism. Zionism has become a great business enterprise operating in a hard and practical world, and its profound meaning to the Jewish people is often lost in a cloud of statistics. Hence the growth of the romantic movement known as revisionism, which made the news of the recent world Zionist conference at Basle. Vladimir Jabotinsky, leader of the revisionists, is a sincere and flaming soul who lives in daily communion with a dramatic dream of a Jewish national state - something more than a "national home" - on both sides of the River Jordan in Palestine. The Zionist leaders, he believes, have been too tenderly diplomatic with both British and Arabs. A magnificent and dangerous man, Jabotinsky. For the Jewish national home is to-day a minority in a little corner of the Arab world, owing its existence to lukewarm British support against the increasingly suspicious Arabs.

What Is Zionism? What Is Judaism? Some Day The Zionists
Will Have To Face These Questions With Courage, the
Paper Says.

At Basle, the "Nation" continues, the revisionists were an earnest and vocal minority, demanding the removal of the old Zionist leaders and the adoption of planks which would make plain that the Jews wanted Palestine as their own. They succeeded, through various alliances, in ousting Chaim Weizmann, who won the Balfour Declaration from England and has given fifteen years of intense devotion to Zion, as president of the World Zionist Organisation, but Dr. Weizmann was replaced by Nahum Sokolov, a Russian who has worked hand in hand with Dr. Weizmann since the early days of the World War. The Revisionists affected the content of the resolutions adopted, but they could not turn them into frank declarations of political Zionism. In substance, the effect of the congress is that a loyal pilot has been dropped overboard and his policy faintly indorsed. The crucial MacDonald letter, stating the official position of the British Government, was, after a fight, accepted as a basis for further negotiation. Zionism, obviously, is in a state of slow flux. Some day the Zionists of the world will have to face more clearly than they have yet had the vision and courage to do the fundamental questions: What is Zionism? What does Palestine mean to Jewry? Perhaps before these can be answered, a deeper question still must be faced: What is Judaism? the paper concludes.

LEONARD STEIN RE-ELECTED HONORARY COUNSEL OF JEWISH AGENCY.

London, Aug. 5th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

Mr. Leonard Stein, formerly Political Secretary of the World Zionist Organisation and the Honorary Counsel of the Jewish Agency, has been re-elected as Honorary Counsel of the Jewish Agency Council.

Mr. Stein has played a very important role at the Seventeenth Zionist Congress in Basle as intermediary between the Weizmann group and the anti-Weizmann group. Although no longer officially the Political Secretary of the World Zionist Organisation, he nevertheless has played a prominent role during the negotiations between the Jewish Agency and the Government as political advisor and as the author of a number of Zionist memoranda.

"MANCHESTER GUARDIAN" TAKES A HAND IN JEWISH SHECHITA QUESTION:
SAYS MANCHESTER JEWISH COMMUNITY IS MORE CONCERNED ABOUT
IT THAN ANY OTHER COMMUNITY IN ENGLAND.

London, Aug. 4th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

Stating that it reflects the opinion of Manchester Jewry, the "Manchester Guardian" takes a hand to-day in the much-discussed amendment to the Slaughter of Animals Bill, which is now before Parliament. In its editorial on this question, the "Manchester Guardian" explains that the Jews of Manchester do not agree with the views expressed by the Orthodox Jews of London.

The Manchester Jewish community, the paper writes, is more intimately concerned than any other in the country in the attempt that is being made to amend the Slaughter of Animals Bill now before Parliament. In its original form the measure contains a clause that confirms a by-law which the Manchester City Council instituted some years ago in consultation with representatives of local Jewry. It provides that slaughterers licensed by the Chief Rabbi, on the recommendation of the Manchester Beth Din - the ecclesiastical court, comprised of a number of rabbis - are recognised in the Manchester abattoir as qualified to kill beasts according to Jewish method. Other cities outside London have since accepted similar conditions.

Now that the bill before Parliament seeks, however, to make such a condition general, the paper continues, a section of the community in London - regarded in Manchester as more than orthodox - is trying, by an amendment, to restore the older arrangement, which recognised no rabbis as chief and gave every such spiritual leader licensing power. They are opposed to a "monopoly", which the spokesman of Manchester Jewry reply exists only in name and is never exercised. To this extent Manchester regards the opposition as unreal, and is disturbed lest the representations of a synagogue speaking for about a thousand people should upset a procedure that works to the satisfaction of two hundred times as many and which, they contend, has agreeably ended that condition of chaos under which the rabbi of any congregation of ten people was vested with this special authority, the editorial concludes.

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