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Roumanian Jews Anxious Over Growing Friendship Between Prime Minister Jorga and Cuza

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BUCHAREST, July 25—Echoing the concern of the Jewish population over what appears to be a growing friendship between Premier Jorga and Professor Alexander Cuza, leader of the anti-Semitic party, the Ostjudische Zeitung today warns the Prime Minister that his close friendship with the anti-Semitic chieftain will discredit Jorga abroad.

The anxiety voiced by the Ostjudische Zeitung is given added weight by similar concern expressed by the Liberal general press, especially in view of Cuza's renewing his repeated demand for the confiscation of Jewish property and the withdrawal of citizenship rights from the Jews.

The Ostjudische Zeitung expresses particular concern over the Cuza-Jorga friendship in view of the parliamentary recess and voices fear for the effect of this friendship upon the Jorga government uncontrolled by parliament. "We fear there is more than platonic friendship between Professor Cuza and Premier Jorga," the paper points out, asking "what will be the results of this friendship before parliament reconvenes."

Together with Professor Cuza, Dr. Jorga established with the Alliance Anti-Semite Universelle in 1895, but today the Prime Minister, the former rector of the Bucharest University, is considered a foe of anti-Semitism. Since he became premier he has several times reiterated his opposition to Cuza, once even calling for his arrest.

Warsaw Finds Pretext to Oust Jewish Official

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WARSAW, July 25—Maurice Rotmill, the only Jewish official in the Warsaw municipality social relief department, who had been employed there for a number of years, was not only dismissed today on what the Jewish press considers a flimsy pretext but has been summoned for a disciplinary investigation.

Rotmill is charged with having employed in his department another Jew, Baruch Lifschitz, paying him a small salary from the relief fund since provision for this post was not made in the regular budget, although such payment is usual in other municipal departments and Lifschitz was doing essential work.

It is pointed out that the municipality has been seeking an opportunity of discharging Rotmill for several years and this charge was utilized. Rotmill's dismissal has stirred tremendous protest in the Jewish press which characterizes the municipality's action as an "unheard of anti-Semitic scandal."

Rhodesian Jew Wills \$125,000 To Palestine Philanthropy

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JOHANNESBURG, South Africa, July 25—The sum of \$350,000 is bequeathed to local and Palestinian philanthropies in the will of the late C. Salomon, a Rhodesian merchant who died recently in Bulawayo. Mr. Salomon willed \$125,000 to the Palestine Benevolent Institution which provides temporary shelter for poor Jewish settlers.

Of this sum \$35,000 is to be used for the ground and buildings and the income from the remainder for the general purposes of the institution. A board of management of five to supervise the bequest is to be appointed by the Keren Hayesod in Palestine. Mr. Salomon also left \$125,000 for university scholarships for Rhodesians.

Venizelos Again Condemns Attacks on Saloniki Jews

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LONDON, July 25—Severely condemning the recent anti-Jewish events in Saloniki, Premier Eleutherios Venizelos of Greece today told a Jewish delegation, which he received at luncheon in the Greek legation, that the Greek government was now considering measures to make a repetition of those events impossible.

Terming the Saloniki occurrences "unfortunate," Premier Venizelos declared that "I am happy to think that my condemnation is not only on behalf of the government but also on behalf of the leaders of every party in parliament. The disturbances were in no way attributable to provocation on the part of the Jews, as has been alleged, but were due solely to propaganda on the part of extreme nationalists."

The delegation that Premier Venizelos received was comprised of O. E. d'Avigdor Goldsmid, president of the Board of Deputies of British Jews and chairman of the Council of the Jewish Agency; Leonard Montefiore, president of the Anglo-Jewish Association, and J. M. Rich, secretary of the Joint Foreign Committee of the Board and the Association.

Premier Venizelos' statement to the delegation of British Jews was a reiteration of two previous declarations he had made on the subject of the Saloniki outbreak. On June 26, speaking in the Greek parliament, he raised his voice against the attacks on Jews, declaring that the hooligans who perpetrated them were dishonoring Greece. On July 3 he cabled to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency in London that the Jews of the world need have no further anxiety for the safety of the Jews of Saloniki.

Court Acquits Nazi Deputy Who Alleged Jewish Ritual Murders Were Proved Fact

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, July 25—The Cologne court of appeals today acquitted Joseph Grohe, Nazi leader and editor of the Nazi organ, the West German Beobachter, of the charge of having published an article which alleged that Jewish ritual murders were a proved fact. In February Grohe had been found guilty of a similar charge by the Cologne district court which fined him 300 marks. This verdict, however, was reversed by the German High Court.

At that time Grohe had described the Jews as a "criminal race" and alleged that the Talmud demands "blood ritual, fraud, perjury and the drinking of Christian blood by Jews". The High Court based its decision on the ground that Grohe was not aware that blood ritual accusations were liable to incite sections of the population.

This decision came shortly after Theodor Wolff, editor-in-chief of the Berliner Tageblatt, had charged that the German courts, including the High Court itself, are infested with anti-Semitism. Wolff said that the great victory of the Hitlerites in the last Reichstag elections had encouraged the judges to make justice subservient to anti-Semitic views.

Today's decision of the Cologne court was preceded by similar rulings on the part of the West Berlin court in a case involving Dr. Paul Joseph Goebbels, and (Continued on Page 4)

Sees Drive Against Weizmann Directed at Lord Passfield

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LONDON, July 25—The campaign against Dr. Chaim Weizmann in Zionist ranks which resulted in his being replaced as president of the World Zionist Organization by Nahum Sokolow was a measure of "Jewish anger against Lord Passfield's pitiful handling of the Palestine situation," Professor Harold Laski, noted economist and political scientist, declares today in a lengthy article in the Daily Herald, organ of the Labor government.

Professor Laski forecasts that Dr. Weizmann's retirement is only temporary because "the Jews cannot afford to do without him. Dr. Weizmann was driven to resign because the Jews could not strike at Great Britain directly."

Discussing Dr. Weizmann's personal qualifications, Professor Laski says that he does not like colleagues of equal calibre but on the other hand asserts that he has "big conception and ingenuity to devise, skill to execute, imagination, courage, a diplomat's power to adjust himself and above all personal magnetism which stamps him a born leader."

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Too Few Students Bar to Detroit Hebrew Course

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

DETROIT, July 25—Joseph H. Corns, principal of the Central High School, where a course in Hebrew was to be instituted in September, today informed the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that Hebrew will not be taught at this school this year because a sufficient number of students have not registered for the course.

"I regret to say that there were only students who desired to elect a course in Hebrew next semester," Mr. Corns declared. "Hence, it will be impossible to offer the course during the next school year. The minimum number to form a class is 35."

Edwin L. Miller, assistant superintendent of Detroit schools, told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency today that "Mr. Corns has made a verbal report to me regarding the elections in Hebrew at the Central High School. He says that the number is, so far, insufficient to justify us in the formation of a class. In order to get the necessary information in writing, I am asking Mr. Corns to make me an official report on the subject."

Chicago Jew Named Major in United States Air Corps

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

CHICAGO, July 25—Edward M. Brauer has been appointed major in the United States Air Corps. Major Brauer had commanded the left wing of the 96th Aero Squadron in the recent maneuvers in Chicago, and is regarded as one of the best air pilots in the country. He served as a lieutenant during the World War.

Major Brauer, who is only 33, is the youngest major in the U. S. Air Corps. He comes of a prominent Chicago Jewish family which immigrated to this country from Lithuania. He is a member of B'nai Zion Temple here. On August 1 he will be eligible for retirement in the Reserve Corps, having to his credit 22,000 flying hours.

Congress Resolution Lauds U. S. Jewry for Creation of Keren Kayemeth League

Felicitations to the Jews in America for their action in recently establishing a Keren Kayemeth League, a nationwide body created for the purpose of fostering the Palestine Land Plan, were contained in a resolution adopted by the 17th Zionist Congress, the text of which has just been received in this country by Harry J. Kahn, acting president of the Jewish National Fund of America. The resolution, which was adopted unanimously, declares:

"The Congress has heard with deep gratification of the action taken at the National Conference of American Zionists held in Washington, D. C. on February 8, 1931 which resulted in the solemn and enthusiastic acceptance, with the support of all parties, of the proposals presented by Menachem Ussishkin concerning a great project for the benefit of the Jewish National Fund. The Congress appeals to the Jews of America to lend their enthusiastic support to the Keren Kayemeth League in order to make possible the speedy realization of the plan.

"The Seventeenth Zionist Congress declares that in the present moment when the redemption of the soil as the basis for the National Home has been shifted to the center of our upbuilding work, a double duty rests upon every member of the Zionist Organization, regardless of party affiliations, to enlist in the service of the Jewish National Fund and to actively participate in all collections and enterprises of the Fund. Only then will the Jewish National Fund be able to fulfil its central task in Palestine."

The National Keren Kayemeth League which has branches in 109 Jewish communities in 32 States of the Union is headed by an executive committee consisting of 26 members.

To Study Near East Climate's Effect on Eye, Ear and Nose

An extensive study of the effect of the Near-Eastern climate on eye, ear and nose diseases, the results of which will be presented to American medical bodies, will be made by Dr. Morris Levine, Associate Professor of Otolaryngology at New York Post-Graduate Medical School, Columbia University. Dr. Levine, who was granted a leave of absence by the Columbia authorities, is sailing tomorrow on the S. S. Exeter of the American Export Line on a six-month visit to Palestine and neighboring countries.

Dr. Levine, who is a prominent surgeon, is the author of the universally adopted text book on "Practical Otolaryngology" and is a fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine, a member of the American Editors and Authors Association and a member of the American Medical Association. During his stay in the Holy Land, in Egypt and in Syria, he will devote special attention to the study of the effect of Near-Eastern climatic conditions on sinus and ear trouble.

2 Powers Give 400 Polish Jews Permit for Tisha B'Ab Visit

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WARSAW, July 25—Four hundred Polish Jews Thursday went on a pilgrimage to Lyegyman, Lithuania, to visit and pray at the graves of famous rabbis there. Despite the fact that the Polish-Lithuanian border is officially closed because of the strained diplomatic relations which have been existing between the two countries during the past few years, special permission was granted by both the Polish and Lithuanian governments to these Jewish pilgrims to cross the border. The pilgrimage, which is an annual Tisha B'Ab affair, had encountered difficulties in crossing the border in former years.

Palestine Jews Turning To Truck Farming

Since the August, 1929 disturbances Jews of Palestine, seeking to become a self-sufficient economic unit, have developed truck farming. An exhibition of the new varieties of vegetables grown by Palestine Jewish farmers during the past two years was recently held in Tel Aviv. A report of the exhibition, the first of its kind, has just been issued by the American Palestine Campaign of the Jewish Agency.

Before the disturbances the Jewish farmers of Palestine had largely devoted themselves to the raising of oranges, lemons and similar products, and whatever vegetable products they had raised were a negligible factor in the market. But such cities as Tel Aviv and Jerusalem, where the largest Jewish communities are located, had need of vegetables on a large scale. Immediately after the riots the Jewish farmers realized that if the Jews were to be a self-sufficient community they had to raise enough vegetables to satisfy the large Jewish population. Thereupon truck gardens were developed in a circle around Tel Aviv. Old vegetables were planted and new varieties were developed.

Many of these truck gardens were started with funds loaned by the Jewish Agency through the Keren Hayesod. The vegetable patches were planted by the Hayarkon, an organization of Jewish truck gardeners. It is the hope of this group to introduce truck gardening into every section of Palestine, so that the Jewish communities can always have their own source of vegetables. Already truck gardening is one of the large industries of Palestine, giving employment to hundreds of men and women.

Julius Rosenwald Ill

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

CHICAGO, July 25—Julius Rosenwald, noted Chicago Jewish merchant and philanthropist, is ill and has been ordered to bed in his home in Ravinia. His condition is not regarded as serious. Last Spring Mr. Rosenwald was also sent to bed as a result of too strenuous activities on his part.

Bank Fails, Frankfurt Jewish Banker Commits Suicide

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

FRANKFORT, Germany, July 25—Emil Weiler, managing director of the prominent Frankfort banking firm of Jacob Isaac Weiler, which closed its doors on July 22 after having been in business for 136 years, committed suicide today by taking poison. The Weiler bank, which had been a pioneer in financing Germany's dyeing industry, failed as a direct result of Germany's financial crisis.

In Jewish circles Herr Weiler's suicide is seen as the latest indication of the post-war decline of the most important Jewish families in Germany. He is the tenth prominent Jew in the last year to take death as the easiest way out of economic difficulties which are gradually impoverishing Germany Jewry.

Dramatic attention to the problem of the economic impoverishment of people once prominent in German Jewry for their wealth and benefactions was directed late in 1930 by the suicide of Dr. Eduard Simon, cousin and business partner of James Simon, president of the Hilfsverein der Deutschen Juden. In January of this year Erich Goldschmidt, former head of the Berlin banking house of Joseph Goldschmidt, Inc., and Fritz Steinfeld, another Jewish banker, shot themselves.

Last April, Anna Goldschmidt, her daughter, Martha Valentine, and Toni Weissman, widows of well-known German Jews, died together of gas suffocation in a suicide pact which was blamed on economic troubles. Shortly after Adolf Mannheimer, once the owner of the leading dressmaking firm in Germany, shot himself. The recent closing of the Darmstaedter und National Bank, prompted Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Jaffe, long prominent in Berlin society, to kill themselves.

Hail Storm Wrecks Only Bulgarian Chalutz Colony

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

SOFIA, Bulgaria.—A devastating hail storm has destroyed more than three-quarters of the crops of the only Bulgarian Chalutz colony, located near the south Bulgarian city of T-Pazardschik. Twenty chalutzim were being trained there for future farm work in Palestine.

The damage wrought by the hail storm to the chalutz colony is estimated at around 100,000 leva.

Louis Costuma Named N. Y. Police Inspector

Louis F. Costuma, first Jewish police inspector in New York City, took over his new office on Friday after having been sworn in a day earlier by Police Commissioner Mulrooney. Harry Cooper, secretary of the Jewish Theatrical Guild, greeted the new police inspector and congratulated the Police Commissioner for recognizing Jewish achievements in the New York Police Department. Many prominent New York Jews were present at the inauguration ceremony.

Zeppelin Leaves on Arctic Flight With Samoilovich Heading Scientific Group

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, July 25—Professor Rudolph Samoilovich, scientific director of the Graf Zeppelin's Arctic flight, took so long to shave that he was almost left behind this morning when the great airship left for Leningrad. The present expedition to the Polar regions is purely for scientific purposes and while Dr. Eckener is in command of the ship, Professor Samoilovich is in charge of the scientific work.

In heading the scientific work of the expedition, Professor Samoilovich continues his notable Arctic exploration. Professor Samoilovich, who is the director of the All-Union Arctic Institute, was the rescuer of General Nobile and other members of the ill-fated Italian expedition that failed when the airship Italia crashed.

Professor Samoilovich, who received world-wide acclaim on the occasion of his heroic rescue of the Italian explorers, is the founder of the All-Union Arctic Institute, and has made 200 expeditions to the north, some of them of great importance scientifically.

Judge Lester Roth Heads National Sanatorium

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

LOS ANGELES, July 25—Judge Lester Wm. Roth of the superior court here was elected president of the Jewish Consumptive and Ex-patients Relief Association at the first meeting of the newly constituted board of directors held here last night. Other officers elected were Harry Sherr, Abraham Horwitz and J. A. Rosenkrantz, first, second and third vice-presidents, respectively; Dr. M. I. DeVorkin, financial secretary and Irving H. Hellman, treasurer.

Benjamin Warner, father of the Warner Brothers of motion picture fame, was elected to the board of directors at the annual meeting of the Association held at the Biltmore Hotel here last week. Other additions to the board were Harry Sherr, formerly of Detroit, and Samuel C. Rudolph and Samuel Abramson of this city. Directors re-elected were M. I. DeVorkin, Charles Beaver, Philip Goldstone, Nahum Kavinoky, I. Irving Lipsitch, Harry Sherr and H. M. Silverberg.

Reports presented at the annual meeting stressed the necessity of meeting pressing debts totalling almost \$100,000 which menace the existence of the Sanatorium and Ex-patients Home. The medical reports revealed that, of 320 patients treated in these institutions since January 1st, 155 came from the Pacific coast, 64 from the midwest states, and 102 from the eastern states. The budgetary requirements for the ensuing year are \$275,000, on the basis of the present capacity of both institutions—one hundred and fifty at the Sanatorium and sixty at the Ex-patients' Home.

Finds Alphabet Invented by Semites, Not Phoenicians

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

CHICAGO, July 25—The alphabet was invented by Semites, not by Phoenicians, as scholars have thought. This is the conclusion reached by Professor Martin Spretling of the University of Chicago, who has deciphered the inscriptions on Mount Sinai, where according to the Bible, Moses received the tablets of the Ten Commandments. Dr. Spretling has just published a monograph on the subject.

Dr. Spretling believes that the alphabet was invented between 1850 and 1800 B. C., or more than 3,700 years ago, by a Bedouin mine foreman who was working in the Sinai desert for the Egyptians. This Bedouin is believed to have devised a simple system of twenty-one symbols in order to keep records of mine operations, and to have discarded entirely the complex system of hieroglyphics, or picture symbols, then in use by the Egyptians.

There are fourteen known examples of the Mount Sinai inscriptions. Professor Spretling has shown that most of them are dedicatory inscriptions to Baalat, the feminine form of the god Baal, against whom Moses and the Israelites warred and a priest of whose cult the prophet Elijah killed.

While most of the inscriptions express thanks for favors rendered by Baalat or are petitions for favors from the goddess, there are also some references to Seir, the land just to the east of Sinai, proving that the people who made the inscriptions and who were working the mines under Egyptian direction were from that land. One inscription Professor Spretling translated to read: "I am the badger (miner) Sahmlat, foreman of mine shaft No. 4."

Professor Spretling believes that a friendly Egyptian scribe taught an ambitious Semite foreman the rudiments of the hieroglyphic method so that the foreman could keep the records incidental to his work, but that the simple Bedouin, unable to master the intricacies of the Egyptian picture language, took a bold step and produced an alphabet by representing actual single sounds with a single symbol which might be combined with others. When an industrial depression hit the Sinai region, the desert people, migrating in all directions, took the alphabet with them, according to Professor Spretling.

One group, he believes, went to Palestine and Syria, becoming the Canaanites and the Phoenicians, whom the Israelites encountered 350 years later, while others went into southern Arabia, becoming the Minaeans, and a third group went north, to become the Arameans. The latter group, he believes, carried the alphabet to India, and this same branch of the alphabet was taken by the Arabic conquest of 650 C. E. into Turkey and Europe.

Court Acquits Nazi Deputy Who Alleged Jewish Ritual Murders Were Proved Fact

(Continued from Page 1)

the court at Manau, Bavaria, with Otto Hellmuth, Nazi member of the Bavarian parliament as the chief character.

In ruling on Goebbels' blood libel charge against the Jews, the West Berlin court declared that to accuse Jews of practicing ritual murder is not to abuse them but to state an historic fact. After pointing out that many of martyrs who were murdered by their religious opponents, the court explained that when Goebbels abused the Jewish religion it was not established that he had referred to the religion itself, but that he had meant only fanatics belong to the Jewish religion.

Hellmuth, while lecturing at Manau, asserted that a child who had been mysteriously killed had been murdered by the Jews as part of their ritual. In his lecture he gave so-called circumstantial details of Jewish use of Christian blood and circulated among his audience picture postcards supposedly showing the use of Christian blood by Jews. He also published an article with similar details in the Bavarian Nazi paper, Stuermer.

Availing himself of parliamentary immunity to avoid appearing in court until the witnesses against him were no longer certain of the evidence they had given against him in the police court when the charge was first made, Hellmuth was finally found not guilty when the prosecution could not produce the witnesses.

German Non-Jewish Observer Says Zionist Movement Has "Worked Very Well Indeed"

Anyone who has seen in Palestine "the marvelous new Jewish development and material improvements" must agree that the Zionist movement "has worked very well indeed," according to Charles H. Sherrill, an American business man who recently visited Palestine, and who gives his impressions in an article in the July Review of Reviews. Mr. Sherrill expresses the hope that harnessing the water power of the Jordan River will help the Holy Land just as the distribution of the water of the Nile did Egypt. "Anyone who has seen the glorious view from the Mount of Olives can well understand the homeland appeal which Jerusalem, and indeed all Palestine, make to Jews," he says. "The Zionist movement has the deepest religious and racial reasons behind it."

With regard to the friction between Jews and Arabs, Mr. Sherrill says:

"Although three-quarters of Palestine's population are still Arabs, the Jewish one-quarter has much the better of it in education, business acumen and financial backing from abroad. So this one-quarter is fully as powerful as all of the Arabic three-quarters."

"We onlookers are today witnessing the useful cooperation in Palestine of two notable races—the Jews, than whom history can show no wiser traders, and the British, equally distinguished for their uniform success in governing backward peoples. Combining the business

Jews of Saar District Free of Anti-Semitism

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

PARIS.—The Saar District, which after the war was made temporarily independent of Germany and placed under the supervision of the League of Nations and the aegis of France, now contains more than 3,000 Jews, a large proportion of whom came there since the war from Eastern Europe. Of this number, 2,600 live in Saarbruecken, the capital of this little republic.

Jews are prospering today in the Saar District, which is virtually free from the anti-Semitic virus. Recent attempts to import Hitlerite propaganda into the Saar District from Germany have failed. Of the sixty aldermen in the City Council of Saarbruecken, only one belongs to the anti-Semitic National-Socialist party.

German Jews play a prominent part in the business life of Saarbruecken, being well represented there as factory owners, exporters and proprietors of department stores. Ninety percent of the Polish Jews are peddlers, who go from house to house with a pack on their back and sell on installment.

A year ago the Jewish community of Saarbruecken called Rabbi Dr. Rueff to be its spiritual leader. He has already accomplished much in his endeavor to achieve unity between the German and East-European Jewish elements in the town. Rabbi Rueff is devoting much time to the Jewish education of the young.

There is also a B'nai Brith lodge in Saarbruecken, which does fine cultural and philanthropic work. A Jewish women's organization arranges regular lectures and discussions on Jewish topics. A year ago a Jewish sport organization was also founded. The Polish-Jewish immigrants have their own organization in Saarbruecken, which carries on an intensive cultural and social activity among its members. A local branch of the Central-Verein of German Jews carries on an intensive campaign against anti-Semitism.

acumen of the Jewish race with the imperial abilities of the British will surely advance material conditions in Palestine. One wonders what chance remains for the unbusinesslike and old-world Arab! Backward in commercial methods, his superiority in numbers means no more than that of the Russian peasant today."

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Lodzzer Tageblatt, Oldest Yiddish Daily Outside of Warsaw Discontinues Publication

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LODZ, July 25.—The Lodzzer Tageblatt, oldest Yiddish daily in Poland outside of Warsaw, has suspended publication.

A few weeks ago Emanuel Hamburski, the editor of the Lodzzer Tageblatt, died. Since then all efforts to continue publishing the paper have failed. Mr. Hamburski was a wealthy merchant, president of the Lodz Merchants' Union, an active Zionist worker and founder of and collaborator in many cultural institutions.

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