

Agudists Elected to All Offices in Warsaw Kehillah

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WARSAW, July 22—Eli Mazur, Agudist leader, was elected president of the Warsaw Jewish community, the largest in Europe, today at the meeting of the newly-elected executive of the community under the chairmanship of Heschel Farbstein, former president of the community and now a member of the World Zionist Executive and of the Jewish Agency Executive.

Mazur was elected by the close vote of eight to seven. All eight Agudist members of the executive of the community's council voted for Mazur while the four Zionists, two Mizrachists and one representative of the Non-Partisan religious bloc opposed him. The first vice-presidency also went to an Agudist, Moses Lerner. As a result of Lerner's election the Zionists refused to accept the second vice-presidency. The Agudists also won the presidency of the council when Jacob Trockenheim was elected.

The council of the Warsaw community has fifty members, the Agudath having a bare majority of one by having created a united bloc with the Non-Partisan religious bloc, the Folkists and the Assimilationists, who have six seats between them. The other twenty-four seats are divided between the Zionists, the Mizrahi, the Democrats, the Left Poale Zion, the Grodzisker Chassidim and other parties.

At the first two meetings of the executive the Zionists and Agudists came to blows and it was considered unlikely that either of them would be able to create a stable majority to enable it to form an administration to carry on the affairs of the community. It had been suggested that a government commissioner might be needed to take over the affairs of the community.

Arlosoroff to Be in Charge of Relations With Government

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, July 22—Col. Frederick Kisch, chairman of the outgoing Palestine Zionist Executive, today received word from Basle that Dr. Chaim Arlosoroff, one of the five members of the new Zionist Executive and of the Jewish Agency Executive, will succeed him as the member of the Jewish Agency Executive in charge of relations with the government, the Jewish Telegraphic Agency learns.

Emanuel Neumann, an American member of both the Jewish Agency and Zionist Executive is expected to take charge of the London office. At the same time Nahum Sokolow, president of the World Zionist Organization, cabled to Colonel Kisch appreciation of his nine years of work as director of political affairs in the Palestine Zionist Executive.

Hans Schaffer Participating In World Financial Parley To Relieve German Crisis

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LONDON, July 22—Among the lesser known diplomats participating in the seven-power statesmen's conference in London which is seeking to save Germany from a financial collapse is Hans Schaffer, secretary of state to the German ministry of finance. Herr Schaffer is assisting Dr. Julius Curtius, German minister of foreign affairs, who together with his chief, Chancellor Heinrich Brüning, is seeking financial salvation for Germany.

Dr. Schaffer has been secretary of state in the finance ministry since 1929. Born in Breslau 45 years ago, he studied law and practiced in his native city in the early years of his career. For ten years he was advisor and ministerial director in the finance ministry in Berlin. In this position he helped solve many of Germany's post-war economic problems, including matters of exports, credits, reparations and the creation of cartels. He was also a member of the German delegations at the conference leading to the Dawes Plan and the Young Plan.

Dr. Schaffer is an active member of the Relief Association of German Jews and a member of the Pro-Palestine Committee of Germany.

Government Acts to Forestall Motor Strike in Palestine

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, July 22—To forestall the threatened strike of motor and bus operators throughout Palestine scheduled to begin August 1, the Palestine government today informed the union of bus owners and drivers that the secretary of state for the Colonies had been requested telegraphically to approve proposals for relief of the Palestine transportation industry, including remission of taxes. The recommendation to the secretary of state was made at a meeting of the executive council this morning.

The strike was originally supposed to begin on July 1 but the bus operators and chauffeurs agreed to postpone the stoppage for a month when the government agreed to utilize the intervening period to consider the bus men's demands and to put off the imposition of the high license fees.

The strike had been called as a protest against high import duties on gasoline and automobile accessories, stiff license fees and other excessive taxes. When and if the strike goes into effect all motor transportation in Palestine will be halted and some 4,000 Jewish and Arab families will be affected.

200 Greek Jewish Families Seeking Entrance to Turkey

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

ISTAMBOUL, July 22—Two hundred Jewish families from Greece have applied to the Turkish government for permission to settle in Smyrna, the Turkish press reports today. It is believed here that these 200 Jewish families seeking admission to Turkey are from Saloniki where the Jews were recently the victims of serious agitation and attacks.

Should these Jews be allowed to enter Turkey it would be a reversal of the tide of emigration from Turkey. As the result of harsh economic laws, discriminatory school legislation and a variety of official intolerance the Jewish population of Turkey has decreased from 140,000 to 80,000 in the last decade. The migration of Jews from Turkey has become so great that Djimhuriet, one of the leading Turkish newspapers, has called on the Kemal Pasha government to take steps to prevent the exodus of Turkish Jewish citizens who are "distinguished by their creative intelligence and productive activity".

Djimhuriet pointed out that the government must turn its attention to remedying the population deficiency because a populace of 13,500,000 is spread over a territory one and a half times the size of France. Few public works and the unproductivity of the railroads are laid to sparsely inhabited tracts and hence the migration of the Jews should be halted, the paper declared.

The Turkish press and public leaders are now beginning to realize the need for economic development and are also considering opening the gates to immigration. Under the new Turco-Greek agreement, however, any advantages granted to Jews must necessarily also be given to Greeks.

Part of Old Roman Temple of Sacrifice Found in Jerusalem

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, July 22—While working on the development of a spring for the extended Jerusalem water supply about ten miles northeast of Jerusalem, workmen have dug up a mosaic flooring which is believed to be part of an old Roman temple of sacrifice.

A small sacrificial stone about two feet high has been found there. It is believed that this was used for the immolation of animals.

The digging is being continued by the government Department of Antiquities, which expects to find in the vicinity even more significant remains. Proof that there was a human settlement near the springs has already been found.

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Mrs. Henry Harris Heads Coast Hadassah Region

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

SAN FRANCISCO, July 22—Mrs. Henry Harris of this city today was re-elected president of the Pacific Coast region of Hadassah at the second regional conference which was attended by delegates from practically all of the western states. The convention is expected by Hadassah leaders to have a powerful effect in stimulating Hadassah activities in the West.

Other officers elected were: first vice-president, Mrs. Henry Sieroty, San Francisco; second vice-president, Mrs. Joseph J. Schwartz, Los Angeles; treasurer, Mrs. Israel Herven, Portland; recording secretary, Mrs. Joseph Rosner, San Francisco.

State representatives were chosen as follows: from Southern California, Mrs. Adolph Sieroty; northern California, Mrs. Henry Sieroty; Washington, Mrs. Max Silver; Oregon, Mrs. Jacob Lauterstein; representing Junior Hadassah, Miss Miriam Caro, San Francisco.

Los Angeles was selected for the next meeting to be held in August, 1932.

Junior Hadassah, holding its regional convention at the same time, elected the following officers: president, Miss Miriam Caro, San Francisco; vice-president, Miss Regina Benno, Los Angeles; secretary, Miss Pearl Beriman, San Francisco; and treasurer, Miss Betty Nusbaum, San Francisco.

Rosenblum Named Provisional Judge in St. Louis Court

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

ST. LOUIS, July 22—Ira B. Rosenblum, local attorney and Jewish communal worker, has been appointed provisional judge of the St. Louis court of criminal correction. Mr. Rosenblum will sit on the bench during the summer vacation of Judge R. Weinbrenner. Judge Rosenblum is a former president of a local B'nai Brith lodge.

Jewry's Intellectual Contributions to Italian Culture Show What Jews Can Do in Land Where Anti-Semitism Is Non-Existent

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

ROME—One of the finest examples of what Jews can do for the enrichment of culture in lands where barbarous anti-Semitism does not bar the doors to them and where it is not considered necessary to institute a numerus clausus to save the country from the "Jewish menace" is Italy. In the home of Mussolini the Jews have made such tremendous contributions to every phase of social, political and cultural life that it becomes almost difficult to believe that they constitute but one-tenth of one percent of the total population. There are entire provinces in Italy in which millions of people live where there are almost no Jewish families and no organized Jewish communities—Calabria, Sicily, Apulia, Sardinia and the district of Naples.

In the last sixty years, that is, since Italy became an independent kingdom, Italian Jews who received equal citizenship from the new monarchy gave their fatherland names of international importance in science and art. Jewish statesmen and economists helped the young nation to achieve the status of a world power. Italy was not slow to recognize the accomplishments of its gifted Jewish citizens and holds their names and achievements in reverence.

Among such Jews who spread the name of Italy far and wide were Cesare Lombroso, Luigi Luzatti, Alessandro Arton, Professor Enriques, Professor Elias Lattes and Professor Del Vecchio. Lombroso, one of the world's greatest sociologists, created a new school in that science and changed all our ideas about crime, the effect of the social environment upon the development of criminals and on the type of the so-called born criminal. Not only was he an eminent scientist but he was a great social reformer. His daughter, Gina Lombroso, is emulating her distinguished sire.

Luigi Luzatti was a many-sided genius. His fame was not only as a statesman but as a student of religion, literature, art and philosophy. It was he who established the first co-operative banks in Italy and on a number of occasions saved the country from financial bankruptcy. Luzatti was a pioneer social reformer. In statecraft Luzatti, Italy's Jewish prime minister, was not alone among Jews, Senators Marfuro, Wallembargo, Martara and Ancona, having been cabinet ministers and important figures in Italian finance.

It is in the scientific world that we find many distinguished Jewish names. Professor Lattes devoted a lifetime to research into the language, history and customs of the ancient Etruscans who inhabited Italy before the Romans. His dictionary of the Etruscan language is world famous. Thanks to this monumental work, science is now able to carry on further study into the life and language of that mysterious people. Prof. Graziadio Ascoli is also

well known for his studies in Indo-Germanic tongues.

A list of the Jewish scientists of Italy whose fame is not parochial would fill many pages. In some universities, the one at Pisa for example, most of the important posts are held by Jews. In the universities of Padua, Bologna, and Turin one finds such names as Prof. Benedetti, an authority on physiology; Prof. Sanati, Prof. Seramanin-Yakur and Prof. Lustig, who presided at the last anti-cancer world congress. Recently Dr. Eisenstadt has come to the fore.

Until recently, Prof. Del Vecchio, editor of the Inter-National Journal of Legal Philosophy, was rector of the University of Rome. Prof. Del Vecchio, together with the economist, Prof. Arias, who is known as the Fascist Karl Marx, are the two most important Jewish personalities who had been adherents of Fascism since its inception.

Jewish scientific authorities are especially prominent in the physio-mathematical faculty of the University of Rome. Among them are two whose reputation is international, Prof. Enriques, the Italian Einstein, and Prof. Levi-Civita, the only Jewish member of the Papal Scientific Academy. Prof. Levi-Civita always heads the Italian delegation at international philosophical congresses.

In literature, art and music Jews have also contributed to Italian culture. Annio Orvieto, the bard of Florence, is one of Italy's most popular poets. Some years ago he wrote a poem called "A Wind from Zion" which describes the feelings Zion aroused in him. An honored figure in Italian literature is Sabatini Lopez, the president of the Italian Authors' League. Lopez hails from Leghorn although he now lives in Milan where he is active in Jewish affairs and a leading worker for the Jewish National Fund.

Italo Sveto of Trieste, has a special niche in Italian literature. Sveto, whose real name is Schmidt, is now being "discovered" by Italian critics who have dubbed him the Italian Proust. For many years a wine merchant in Trieste, he devoted his leisure time to literary creation. Recently, however, he has gained recognition as one of the outstanding personalities in contemporary Italian literature. Alberto Moravia is another Jewish writer who has achieved recognition as have Guido de Verona and Pitigrilli.

Italy, the land of music, also has its Jewish composers. Castelnov-Tedesco, is a man of real talent, his opera La Mandagola having been presented with great success at La Scala in Milan. Incidentally this famous opera house is now managed by a Jewess, Anita Colombo. Vittorio Rietti and E. Sinigaglia have long since won fame for their musical works.

B'nai Brith Starts \$150,000 Drive for Bellefaire Home

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

CLEVELAND, July 22—Preliminary pledges totalling \$5,000 served to start the \$150,000 membership campaign launched by Bellefaire, the Cleveland Jewish Orphan Home, it was announced by Louis H. Schwarzenberg, chairman of the campaign committee, at the annual meeting of the board of trustees and directors this week.

Of the preliminary pledges announced at the dedication of B'nai Brith Hall, which was attended by graduates of the Home and representatives of the B'nai Brith who came from 16 states, \$2,000 was received from the alumni. The continued support of the graduates in the campaign for maintenance subscriptions to cover the accumulated and anticipated deficit was promised by their president, George I. Wirpel, of Chicago.

The following officers were reelected: Fred Lazarus, Jr., Columbus, Ohio, president; Adolph Finsterwald, Detroit, vice-president; Max E. Meisel, Cleveland, treasurer of the sinking fund; Alfred A. Benesch, Cleveland, treasurer of the general fund; Stella S. Lazarus, Cleveland, recording secretary; Edna Belle Diamond, Cleveland, financial secretary; Samuel Gross, chairman of local board, and George W. Furth, vice-chairman of the local board.

Sol S. Kiser, of Indianapolis, past president of the Home, was master of ceremonies at the dedication ceremony. Samuel Goldstein, of Lorain, first vice-president of District Grand Lodge No. 2, represented his district. He related the history of the Home which was founded by the B'nai Brith sixty-three years ago. William Sultan, of Chicago, past president of District Grand Lodge No. 6 of the B'nai Brith, and a trustee of Bellefaire, spoke on behalf of his district.

The tablet bearing the inscription: "B'nai Brith Hall—Erected as a tribute to the B'nai Brith which conceived and dedicated this Home in consecration of the principle of brotherly love," was unveiled by eight-year old Marian Weimer, one of the three hundred children who live at the Home.

Anti-Jewish Bias Appears At Czech Summer Resorts

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

PRAGUE, July 22—Anti-Semitic discrimination such as that long in vogue at many summer resorts in Germany, has now begun to worry the Jews of Czechoslovakia this summer as the result of a number of similar manifestations at Czechoslovakian vacation places this year.

At Bad Tschernoschice, near Prague, a clash between Jewish and Czech Fascist youths resulted from the posting of a sign "Internationalists and Jews Are Forbidden to Enter Here." The Fascists insulted Jews and Germans. Following a fight the Jews put the Fascists to rout.

One of World's Most Rare Collections of Jewish Art Objects Housed in London

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LONDON—What is perhaps one of the most singular collections of Jewish art objects in the world is to be found in the Jewish Museum, housed at the International Art Galleries in London. The ancient and invaluable Torahs crowned in jewelled splendor and covered with cloths of the most intricate and delicate embroidery in gold and silver, the carved candelabra, the equally delicate and beautiful Menorahs, the brass and gold candles, the gold and silver Kiddush cups, the Chanukah lamps of quaint and beautiful construction—they all stand in silent defiance of the popular assumption that there is no Jewish art.

If Jewish art is to be measured by paintings, etchings, sculpture, and the like, then Jewish art as such is only now awakening to consciousness and artistic creation. Jews have adhered too well to the commandment "Thou shalt not make graven images," so that like "Bezaleel, the son of Uri, the son of Huri, of the tribe of Judah," the Jew has devoted himself rather "to devise curious works, to work in gold and in silver and in brass, and in the cutting of stones, to set them, and in carving of wood, to make any manner of cunning works," and has created instead a living art in his religion.

The articles in the Jewish Museum, numbering sixteen hundred pieces in all, are invaluable not only because they are rare examples of ancient ritual accoutrements, but because they constitute one of the most important exhibits of Judaica now on view. Gentiles as well as Jews have shown a keen interest, and in fact, so enthusiastic has been the reaction of the non-Jew that attendants are continually questioned regarding the religious significance of the various objects.

Jews the world over owe a debt of gratitude to Schachne Moses Salomon, through whose perseverance and generosity this collection has been made possible. Mr. Salomon, who is a well known art collector, has designated part of the International Art Galleries (also known as "Salomon House") as the temporary home of the Jewish Museum. Eventually the British Government will acquire these treasures, but it is Mr. Salomon's hope that his collection will, in the long run, find itself in its rightful home—Jerusalem.

Many of the articles date back to the fifteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth and eighteenth centuries, and are rare examples of their kind. An ancient Torah unearthed in an obscure cellar in Poland, an ark curtain dug out of the earth in Spain, a Torah crown found in Portugal, a "Finger of God" from Venice—they are all the remains of a persecuted people who, driven from their homes, their very lives in danger, still found the courage and the time to bury their holy relics to save them from the desecration of the infidel. If in dollars and cents Mr. Salomon

(Continued on Page 4)

Economic Depression Drives South African Jews to Suicide

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JOHANNESBURG, South Africa, July 22—So hard hit has South African Jewry been by the world-wide economic depression that reports of Jews committing suicide because of financial activities have become increasingly frequent of late and are causing serious concern to communal leaders. South African Jewry's long-established reputation in the Jewish world as being one of the most well-to-do of all Jewries, will soon vanish if conditions do not improve.

No better indication of the difficulties confronting the Jews here can be cited than the fact that South African Jews, who have long been in the forefront of contributors to Palestine and other non-local Jewish causes, are now increasingly heard to say "charity begins at home". At a recent meeting of the South African Board of Jewish Deputies a campaign was launched for \$150,000 to aid the poor Jews of South Africa.

At this meeting many speakers emphasized that the Board of Deputies itself is practically penniless. It was pointed out that forty percent of the 143 Jewish communities in South Africa whom the Board represents have not paid their annual dues of twenty-five dollars. At the same time these communities had donated thousands of dollars for foreign relief purposes.

The economic depression struck South Africa about the same time that the immigration quota bill, which virtually bars East European Jewish immigration, was passed. In the interval between its passage and the date it became operative South African Jews hastened to bring over their relatives but the question of whether these relatives would be able to earn a living here was apparently not given serious consideration.

Thus several thousand additional Jews entered South Africa before the quota law became effective. Handicapped by lack of knowledge of the country's language and additionally burdened by the depression, the lot of these people has not been happy. Many of them have returned to Europe while others, unable to return have remained here in dire circumstances.

J. I. Weiler, Banking Firm of Frankfurt, Closes After 136 Years

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, July 22—The second Jewish banking firm to close as a result of Germany's financial crisis is the house of Jacob Isaac Weiler of Frankfurt which had been in business for 136 years. The Weiler bank was a pioneer in financing Germany's dyeing industry. The Darmstaedter und National Bank, headed by Jacob Goldschmidt, had also been suspended, but it was reopened a few days ago.

Polish Society Adds 2,300 Books to Hebrew U. Library

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WARSAW, July 22—The local society for aiding the Hebrew University in Jerusalem has just gathered 2,300 volumes of every description from Poland for the library of the university. Including these volumes the local society has obtained more than 41,000 books for the Hebrew University library.

At the end of June the Hebrew University library, founded in 1925, had 230,000 catalogued volumes, of which 95,000 were in German, 44,000 in English, 38,200 in Hebrew, 12,000 in French, 9,000 in Russian and 8,700 in Yiddish. In the last year 14,000 volumes were added, 38 percent (5,300) of which were Judaica, including 2,251 in Hebrew; 2,266 were added to the medical department, 1,260 to the collection on sociology and pedagogy and 700 to the natural sciences and mathematical department. The library receives more than 1,500 newspapers and periodicals.

Dr. Henry I. Wachtel, New York dentist, who donated the first free dental health clinic at the Straus Health Center in Jerusalem, has just given an extensive dental library, consisting of numerous standard works in dentistry, oral surgery and oral Roentgenology to the library of the Hebrew University.

The collection includes all of the leading dental journals published in America since 1912 and comprises several thousand copies. The leading dental journals of the German-speaking countries, including Austria, Germany and Switzerland, are being sent regularly to the dental department of the medical department of the library and are subscribed for by Dr. Wachtel.

Carpatho-Russia to Have First Jewish Hospital Soon

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

PRAGUE, July 22—Hard on the heels of the opening of the first Jewish hospital in Slovakia, a similar institution is being planned for Carpatho-Russia, a province in which 120,000 Jews live. The provincial government of Carpatho-Russia has just granted 200,000 kronen for the hospital on condition that the hospital directors raise 2,000,000 kronen. In view of the recent gift of a substantial sum for the hospital by M. Price, an American Jew, its erection is assured.

The Jewish hospital in Slovakia is in Bratislava. It was built by the Orthodox Jewish community of that city with the aid of the Joint Distribution Committee. Needy patients of all religions will be accepted. Dr. Robert Weisz is the director and Dr. Moritz Neumann and Dr. Hugo Roth are the medical directors.

One of World's Most Rare Collections of Jewish Art Objects Housed in London

(Continued from Page 3)

mon values his collection at \$3,000,000, then its historical value is almost incalculable. He has lately purchased from the Soviet Government many of the objects they confiscated from synagogues and has added them to his collection.

Throughout the entire decorative scheme of the Jewish Museum, Mr. Salomon has maintained a consistent Jewish spirit, so much so that even the panels of the doorway leading into the Museum are guarded by the Lion of David, topped by a "Mogen-Dovid." Curiously enough, a primitive and early example of Christ, dating back to the eleventh century, is also hung at the entrance of the Museum. Those who have been struck by the incongruity of seeing the picture amongst such Jewish surroundings and have questioned Mr. Salomon regarding it, received a reply of:

"Well, wasn't Jesus Christ a Jew?" In order to confirm his interest in Christ, as a Jew and as a personality, Mr. Salomon has an equally valuable collection of pictures and altar-pieces of Christ, the Madonna, the Crucifixion, etc. It is Mr. Salomon's contention that some of the greatest authorities of Christian religious art are Jews.

Before a group of newspaper reporters and art critics (most of whom were non-Jews) Mr. Salomon was heard to remark, not without a mischievous twinkle in his eye:

"See, here in this Jewish Museum we have no guns, no cannon, no spears or swords, not even the knives with which we were supposed to have murdered innocent Christian children in order to baptize our own in blood."

Perhaps the greatest tribute that has been paid to him and which sums up his character and personality, was made by a well known Gentile art critic who said:

"A personal friend of many of the most highly placed persons in English and Continental society, a man who has had the entree to the Czarist court . . . Mr. Salomon has never forgotten that he is a Jew. Pride of race, a sincere belief in the future of his people, radiate from this kindly and courteous personality when he talks of the trials and triumphs of his race."

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Alpern Named to Jersey Edison Park Commission

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

TRENTON, N. J., July 22—Governor Larson has appointed Isaac Alpern, banker and communal leader of Perth Amboy, a member of the Edison Park Commission of the State.

This commission will concern itself with the historic task of providing a permanent state memorial to Thomas A. Edison. The memorial will be in the form of a state park, which very likely will be located at Menlo Park, in Middlesex County where the distinguished inventor originally tried out his electric light experiments.

Heads Knights of Pythias

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., July 22—Abraham Segall was elected grand chancellor of the Knights of Pythias of New York State at the convention of the Order here yesterday. Mr. Segall lives in Brooklyn.

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