

2,500 GUESTS AND NEARLY 300 DELEGATES HEAR SOKOLOV OPEN 17TH ZIONIST CONGRESS WITH PLEA TO JEWS NOT TO DESPAIR

Tells Congress Jewish Protest Not Against Arabs; Urges Policy of Mutual Understanding and Respect Between Jewish and Arab Peoples; Delegates Greet Weizmann With Prolonged Ovation

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BASLE, June 30—Never in the thirty-four years of its history has a Zionist Congress been so dramatically moved and weighed down by fate, Nahum Sokolow, the seventy-year old chairman of the Zionist Executive, declared in officially opening the 17th Zionist Congress tonight with a plea to the Jews of the world not to despair when they meet with defeat because a fight for a just cause is bound to lead to victory.

Nearly 300 delegates and 2,500 guests from all parts of the world, as well as over 200 newspapermen, were gathered in Mustermesse Hall, Basle, the city where the First Congress was cradled in 1897, when Mr. Sokolow, a veteran of numerous Congresses, appeared on the rostrum to make the opening address.

"Forward, Not Backward"

Saying that some people may call this optimism, Mr. Sokolow declared that "it is in optimism that the secret of the preservation of our people lies. Hopelessness and Zionism are opposite contrasts; forward and not backward is the motto of Zionism. The present Congress is one of realities and means to look facts directly in the face more than ever."

Mr. Sokolow then went on to describe the occurrences since the 16th Congress met in Zurich in 1929: the Palestine riots of that year and the motives that inspired them as well as the work of the various commissions that followed in the wake of the disturbances, and the Jewish protest movement, which he declared was dignified and a preventative.

The Jewish protest was not directed

Berlin Hitlerite Students Renew Attacks on Jews

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, June 30—Although the University of Berlin was closed yesterday for the first time in a decade as the result of anti-Semitic student riots, Nazi students today again attacked Jewish students in the vicinity of the University. When a number of non-Jewish students sought to defend their Jewish classmates the non-Jews were also beaten up by the Fascists.

As fast as the police dispersed the Nazis they reassembled each time growing in numbers and belligerency. A final charge by a reinforced police squad swinging clubs managed to clear the streets around the University of Nazis, a number of whom were arrested.

against the Arab people, he emphasized, because "we believe that the safest basis for peace is a policy of mutual understanding and mutual respect between the Jewish and Arab peoples." Mr. Sokolow then charged the Shaw Commission which investigated the Palestine riots, with conducting a probe outside of its sphere of inquiry and thus creating confusion as a result of which the main purpose of the investigation was shunted into the background. In this connection he recalled that a Jew from Kishinev had said to him: "God save us from commissions and we'll save ourselves from pogroms."

Defines National Home

Towards the conclusion of his address, Mr. Sokolow endeavored to define the meaning of the term Jewish National Home, which he said was identical with the Zionist program of creating a national home for the Jewish people, which should be "a visible embodiment of Jewry in a place where the

Motzkin Named President of Congress; Two Americans Selected as Vice-Presidents

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BASLE, June 30—Nahum Sokolow was automatically excluded as president of the Zionist Congress today as a result of the decision by the Zionist Actions Committee that no member of the Zionist Executive is eligible for the Congress' presidium, although at all past Congresses, in the last decade, Mr. Sokolow, now chairman of the Zionist Executive, nominally presided.

Leo Motzkin, chairman of the Actions Committee, was named president of the Congress with the following vice-presidents: General Zionists—Menachem M. Ussishkin, Palestine; Judge Julian W. Mack, United States; Mizraichi—Dr. Emil Schmorak, East Galicia; Rabbi Meyer Berlin, United States, and Heschel Farbstein, Poland; Revisionists—Dr. Selig Soskin, Palestine and Dr. Z. Tiomkin, France; Laborites—Eli ezer Kaplan, Palestine; Anselm Reiss, Poland, and M. Silberstein. Dr. M. D. Eder, president of the English Zionist Federation and a General Zionist, was also named a vice-president in behalf of the United Kingdom.

Louis Lipsky, former president of the Zionist Organization of America, was excluded from the presidium, by virtue of his being a member of the Zionist Executive.

Jew has not only private rights but public rights and should feel himself at home and not be considered a burdensome foreigner; a Jewish National Home does not mean a home for the aged but a home for creation and for upbuilding which is constantly developing."

The Mandatory Power must bear in mind the possibilities of expansion in Palestine and the necessity for free and undisturbed creation, Mr. Sokolow emphasized. "For such a movement a certain elasticity of its form is of extreme importance," he said. "The

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Actions Committee Curtails Congress Agenda to 7 Days; Lipsky Named to Committee

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BASLE, June 30—Shortly before the 17th Congress opened tonight in Mustermesse Hall, the Zionist Actions Committee, by a majority vote, sharply curtailed the agenda of the Congress and reduced the number of days during which the Congress will be in session from eleven to seven. As a result of this change the 17th Congress will be the first to conclude its deliberations in a week.

The sudden change was the result of a recommendation by Richard Lichtheim, leader of the German Revisionists, who, on behalf of the Revisionists, introduced a resolution asking the Actions Committee to cut the Congress' program and make it more concentrated by curtailing the amount of time allotted to speeches and discussion.

Agenda Revised

As a result of the Actions Committee's decision the revised agenda is now as follows: opening tonight with addresses by Nahum Sokolow, chairman of the Zionist Executive, and Dr. Arthur Ruppin, colonization expert; Wednesday, July 1, will be devoted to the speeches of Dr. Chaim Weizmann, Professor Selig Brodetsky and Felix Rosenbluth and others; Thursday and Friday, July 2 and 3, will be given over to the general debate; commission reports will take up most of Sunday and Monday, July 5 and 6; the adoption of resolutions, election of the new Executive, Actions Committee, Zionist members of the Jewish Agency and the closing of the Congress will be held on Tuesday, July 7.

Louis Lipsky, former president of the Zionist Organization of America, will be the American member on the new Actions Committee. Judge Julian W. Mack was elected as the American member of the presidium.

At the same session at which the

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**Dr. Adler Heads 43 American
Non-Zionist Agency Members**

Dr. Cyrus Adler, acting chairman of the Council of the Jewish Agency for Palestine, who sailed last night to attend the meetings of the Administrative Committee and Council of the Jewish Agency at Basle, announced through the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that the American non-Zionist nominating committee has reported the election of 43 Americans as the non-Zionist members of the Council from the United States. This council is entitled to a representation of 44 such members, and an invitation has been extended to the forty-fourth member.

The 19 of the 43 who are from New York are the following: David M. Bressler, David A. Brown, Dr. Lee K. Frankel, Sidney Hillman, Samuel H. Hofstadter, Joseph C. Hyman, Dr. Leo Jung, Judge Edward Lazansky, Alexander Kain, Judge Irving Lehman, Dr. Emanuel Libman, Dr. Solomon Lowenstein, James Marshall, Henry Morgenstau, Jr., Rabbi Samuel Schulman, A. I. Shiplacoff, Hugh Grant Straus, Felix M. Warburg and Israel Unterberg.

The 24 outside of New York are the following: Dr. Cyrus Adler, Philadelphia; Max Adler, Chicago; James H. Becker, Chicago; Dr. Jacob Billikopf, Philadelphia; Louis J. Borinstein, Indianapolis; Edward M. Chase, Manchester, N. H.; Dr. Solomon Solis-Cohen, Philadelphia; James Davis, Chicago; Meyer Elsassner, Los Angeles; Judge Eli Frank, Baltimore; Harold Hirsch, Atlanta; Rabbi David Lefkowitz, Dallas; Monte M. Lemann, New Orleans; Albert H. Lieberman, Philadelphia; Dr. Jacob G. Lipman, New Brunswick; Simon Lyon, Washington, D. C.; Edwin B. Meissner, St. Louis; Dr. Julian Morgenstern, Cincinnati; A. L. Saltzstein, Milwaukee; Alfred Shemanski, Seattle; Rabbi Abram Simon, Washington, D. C.; Judge M. C. Sloss, San Francisco; Judge Horace Stern, Philadelphia, and Henry Wine-man, Detroit.

**Toronto Acts to Remove
Anti-Semitic Sign in
Town on City's Outskirts**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

TORONTO, June 30—By a unanimous vote the city council of Toronto today adopted a resolution calling for the removal of an anti-Semitic sign displayed at the western entrance to the city and which in huge letters says "bathing suits and lockers. Gentiles only". The sign is not within the city limits and the council's resolution calls on the council of the municipality in which the sign is posted to remove it.

The matter was called to the attention of the Toronto city council by alderman Nathan Phillips who moved the following resolution: "whereas the attention of the council has been drawn to a sign painted on a building on the Lake Shore Road leading to the city of Toronto and which is offensive to Jewish citizens, be it resolved that the council records disapproval of racial and religious prejudice and requests the council of the municipality where the sign is situated to take steps to remove it".

The resolution was seconded by alderman Glass and after a long and heated debate was unanimously adopted.

**Denies Maryland Claim to Being
Home of Religious Liberty**

Denying Maryland's claim to having introduced religious liberty into the New World, the tercentenary of which is now being planned, B. H. Hartogensis, Baltimore Jewish attorney and historian, in a letter in Sunday's New York Times, presents evidence to show that not only is this claim unfounded but that the very opposite is the case, even up to the present day.

Crediting Roger Williams in Rhode Island with first having sponsored religious liberty in the New World, Mr. Hartogensis points out that it was not until 1819 that Catholics were absolved from taking the oaths of abjuration and abhorrence as the test of office and that Jews fell under the same exclusion until 1825.

Saying that it "is time that this misrepresentation be broadcast everywhere as bunk," Mr. Hartogensis notes that in Maryland "the test of office is upon the 'faith of a Christian,' with exception for Jews, who will announce their belief in future rewards and punishments; those of all other creeds and non-believers and atheists alike are excluded from offices of public trust, despite the federal constitution.

"Witnesses and jurors alike are disqualified if unbelieving in a God who will regard and punish; blasphemy, denial of Christ in the very language of the above edict of 'toleration' of 1649 is punishable severely; Sunday, the Christians' Sabbath, the Lord's Day, is established in commemoration of the rise of our Saviour from the grave; religiously consecrated marriages alone are legal and not civil or contract marriages, although the state grants civil divorces."

**German High Court Upholds
Nazi Agitator's Acquittal**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, June 30—The Reichsgericht, the highest German criminal and civil court, today upheld the action of the lower court in acquitting M. Waldmann, a Nazi agitator, who had distributed leaflets in Silesia in which the Silesian Jews were compared to "parasites sucking blood which one usually destroys."

In confirming the lower court's decision the Reichsgericht associated itself with the verdict of the previous court which found that Waldmann had not propagated the use of force against the Jews because in another leaflet he had compared them to "flies which are usually removed but not killed."

Commenting on the decision of the Reichsgericht and the line of reasoning on which it is predicated, the Vossische Zeitung today describes it as "one of the maddest ever pronounced."

**Edenbridge, Jewish Colony
In Canada, Marks 25th Year**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WINNIPEG, June 30—Edenbridge, Saskatchewan, one of the largest and most important of Jewish agricultural colonies in Western Canada, this week celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of its existence. Over a thousand people participated in the celebration, which included a parade two miles long, headed by the original pioneers of the colony riding in ox-drawn carts.

Among the many greetings which the colony received on its silver Jubilee was one from the federal minister of agriculture, from the premier of the province of Saskatchewan, from the Immigration Commission, the Jewish Colonization Association (ICA) and from leading Jews.

This colony is regarded as a great achievement on the part of its Jewish pioneers, who were mostly Russian emigrants from South Africa and garment workers from London who turned a far-away wilderness into one of the most flourishing agricultural regions in the Canadian northwest.

Despite the present agricultural depression in Canada, the Jewish farmers of Edenbridge are today quite optimistic and cheerful, and their crop prospects are fair, despite the general crop failure in Western Canada. The Edenbridge colony occupies about 13,500 acres, of which about 7,500 acres are cultivated. There are today 210 Jewish families in the colony.

**Agudists Get Eight Seats in
New Warsaw Kehillah Council**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WARSAW, June 30—After a stormy session, the council of the recently-elected Warsaw Jewish community today elected a new executive consisting of 8 Agudists, 4 Zionists, 2 Mizrachists and one representative of the Non-Partial religious bloc. The meeting was continuously interrupted by disturbances between the Agudist and Zionist members.

Zionist Congress Delegates Greet Weizmann With Prolonged Ovation As He Enters Congress Hall Five Minutes Before Leo Motzkin Introduces Sokolow

(Continued from Page 1)

Jewish National Home should become as big as can be achieved by honest labor. It is essential also that no assimilation or adaptation to existing circumstances should occur but that the milieu's influence should be reduced to a minimum, this being one of the main purposes and motives of the Jewish National Home.

After dealing with the achievements of the chalutzim (Zionist pioneers), and stressing the necessity for continuing their labor through support of the Zionist funds, Mr. Sokolow concluded his address by pointing out the difference between the fighting methods used by the Jews and those used by other nations.

The large Mustermesse auditorium seating 1,500 people was crowded to capacity when Leo Motzkin, chairman of the Zionist Actions Committee, opened the Congress promptly at 8:30 P. M. (3:30 P. M. New York time). Mr. Motzkin introduced Mr. Sokolow as the opening speaker, who read his address from a paper in German while the delegates and guests sat listening with the greatest of attention.

Applaud Weizmann

Five minutes before the opening of the Congress Dr. Chaim Weizmann entered the hall with the entire Zionist Executive following him to the tribune. As Weizmann entered the hall the entire gathering rose en masse and applauded vociferously for several minutes. The loges were occupied by many prominent guests and diplomatic officials. Among those in boxes were Dr. Maurice Hexter, Dr. Werner Senator, treasurer of the Jewish Agency; diplomatic representatives of Italy, Czechoslovakia and other countries, and M. Marchlewski, Polish consul-general in New York.

Two representatives of the League of Nations were present as official observers, the chief of the information office, P. E. Commerth, and W. C. Weaver, director of the labor office. The British Foreign Office was also represented by a high official observer.

Greetings were brought to the Congress by Sir Howard Kennard, British ambassador to Switzerland, Councilor Imhof, representative of the Basle canton, who attended the first Congress in 1897, Dr. Lucien Levallant, the representative of the Swiss Jewish community, and Dr. Marcus Cohn, president of the Swiss Zionist Organization. All were introduced by Mr. Sokolow.

Ambassador Kennard's address was brief and contained the usual statements about the Mandatory Power's readiness to fulfil its obligations but he failed to make mention of the Jewish National Home.

The Congress concluded its sessions at 11 P.M. (6 P.M. Eastern Daylight Saving Time) with the singing of the Hatikvah, which followed the report of Dr. Arthur Rupp. Dr. Rupp outlined how the world's crisis had affected the income

of the Keren Hayesod and stressed the fact that Palestine's industry was developing.

He pointed out that new markets were necessary for Palestine products and added that the economic situation had been more or less stabilized. He stated that the Keren Hayesod's income for this year was \$1,250,000. Dr. Rupp also reported that out of 45 Jewish colonies, 11 were already self-supporting and the rest will be self-supporting this year when they receive the necessary \$225,000.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BASLE, June 30—Over 2,500 visitors' cards have been sold for tonight's opening session of the 17th Zionist Congress. More than 230 journalists representing the world's leading news agencies and papers, in addition to nearly 300 delegates are here for the Congress. The guests include student groups from various countries as well as a number of uniformed Zionist workers, members of the Palestine Sports Union who came to the Congress on bicycles. The uniformed members of the Brith Trumpeldor, the Revisionist youth organization, are also prominent.

At 5 P. M. all caucuses and conferences were interrupted to hear the immense Mustermesse Hall for the opening, while the delegates and visitors returned to their hotels to dress in evening clothes. Dr. Chaim Weizmann and his wife are staying at a hotel at Rheinfelden, half an hour distant from Basle. Nahum Sokolow and his daughter are at the Dreikoenige Hotel, the hostelry frequented by the late Theodor Herzl, and one that is replete with the earliest Zionist traditions. Vladimir Jabotinsky and Dr. Stephen S. Wise are at the same modest hotel, the Krafft am Rhein.

Canadians Hope for Seats

The Canadian delegation, barred by the credentials committee because of a Revisionist protest, hope to be seated, although they may yield one place to the Revisionists. On the other hand, the Congress Court has annulled the credential of Dr. Max Solowitchik, leading Radical from Berlin. In his place Dr. Alfred Landesberg, former president of the German Zionist Federation, and a prominent General Zionist, was recognized.

The chances for a complete union of the General Zionists were weakened this afternoon when Kurt Blumenfeld, president of the German Zionist Federation, Dr. Landesberg and others walked out of a conference in protest against Dr. Stephen S. Wise's heated attack on the Juedische Rundschau, German Zionist organ, for its alleged Brith Shalom tendencies. It is not yet clear who will lead the Revisionist attack on Dr. Weizmann, as Jabotinsky is understood to prefer to wait until Dr. Weizmann has spoken before de-

German Masonic Leader Sues General Erich Ludendorff For Anti-Semitic Libel

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, June 30—General Erich Ludendorff, former German war lord, suffered another blow to his rapidly dwindling prestige today as a result of his Jew-phobia when Count von Dohna, grand master of the German Masonic lodge, brought suit for libel against the general in the courts of Gotha.

In January, 1928, Ludendorff, in a public address, alleged that Count von Dohna, knew of a plot of Jewish Free Masons to murder the Arch-Duke Franz Ferdinand of Austria-Hungary in order to provoke a world war but that von Dohna did not take steps to prevent it and therefore was guilty of high treason.

In court today Count von Dohna produced a letter from General Ludendorff's first wife, whom he divorced in 1927 after living with her for 25 years, stating that Ludendorff was not pursuing the truth and that he was a neurothesist who, out of hatred for the Jews, had invented the legend that Germany was the victim of a superstate of powers composed of Jesuits, Jews and Masons.

The case was adjourned for further hearings.

Congress Credentials Board Bars Canadian Delegation

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BASLE, June 30—With the opening of the Zionist Congress only hours away, the entire Canadian delegation of four was barred from the Congress today because their credentials were not recognized since the Canadian Zionist Organization did not pay its shekel fee and because the Revisionists complained that the elections were illegal, Rabbi J. L. Slotnik, executive director of the Canadian Zionist Organization and one of the delegates, informed the Jewish Telegraphic Agency.

The delegation consists of two General Zionists, Rabbi J. L. Slotnik of Montreal and Meyer W. Weisgal of Toronto; one Mizrachist, Rabbi Zilberstein of Winnipeg, and one Laborite, J. Hestrin of Winnipeg.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

TORONTO, June 30—The Canadian Zionist Revisionists, whose protest to the credentials committee of the Zionist Congress at Basle was responsible yesterday for the barring of the Canadian delegation of four, today cabled a withdrawal of its protest against the alleged illegality of the elections here to the Congress Court.

cluding who will be the Revisionist spokesman.

The united Labor bloc has been in almost continuous session to determine its stand on the Weizmann issue. A majority of this bloc are unalterably for Weizmann and his policy and wish an Executive based on a broad coalition of all parties except the Revisionists, although S. Kaplansky, one of the Laborite leaders, strongly attacked Dr. Weizmann's regime.

Fire Razes Jewish Quarter in Saloniki; Martial Law Possible

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

SALONIKI, June 30—The larger part of the Jewish quarter of Saloniki was destroyed today by fire resulting from renewed anti-Jewish attacks on the part of the Greek nationalists. Torah scrolls were burned and synagogues desecrated as the anti-Semites spread terror through the Jewish district of the city.

More than 100 Jewish families were homeless tonight as a result of the fire. During the fire several persons were seriously injured. In other parts of the city Jews were also attacked and a number injured. While it is reported that the government is considering the proclamation of martial law to restore order, the situation continues to be extremely serious.

Reports to the United Press yesterday from Saloniki stated that ten have been killed and fifty injured in renewed rioting between Jews and Greeks. Two hundred houses in the Jewish quarter have been destroyed, according to the United Press. The New York Times also reported yesterday from Saloniki that the chief rabbi of that city had appealed to Premier Venizelos and had denied allegations that the Jews had provoked the attacks.

Palestine Bus Drivers Put Off Strike for One Month

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, June 30—The strike of Arab and Jewish bus-drivers, chauffeurs and taxi men scheduled to begin tomorrow throughout Palestine was postponed today for one month on the request of the government which in the meantime undertakes not to impose license fees and to consider favorably the other demands of the chauffeurs and bus drivers.

The strike had been called as a protest against high import duties on gasoline and automobile accessories, stiff license fees and other excessive taxes. If the strike had gone into effect it would have stopped all automobile transportation in Palestine and affected 4,000 Jewish and Arab families.

Refugees Report Persecution Of Jews in Kurdistan

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, June 30—Terrifying descriptions of persecutions of Jews in Kurdistan were given by a group of Jewish refugees who arrived here today from Kurdistan. The refugees state that of 30 Jewish families at Hamidieh five have been wiped out, Jewish houses looted and two Jewish women kidnapped. The attacks, the refugees claim, are the result of anti-Jewish agitation emanating from Jerusalem in which the Kurds were urged to revenge the blood of Moslems spilled by Palestinian Jews.

Actions Committee Curtails Congress Agenda to 7 Days; Lipsky Named to Committee

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Actions Committee voted to curtail the agenda, Professor Selig Brodetsky, a member of the Zionist Executive, outlined the present political situation, especially the relations with the Colonial Office. His address, an hour long, was behind closed doors.

Up to the very hour of the opening of the Congress considerable doubt and speculation was current here as to whether Dr. Chaim Weizmann would be present for the first session or whether he would not arrive until Wednesday, when he is due to render his report. It is feared that the spirit of the entire Congress will be affected if Dr. Weizmann is not present at the opening.

In the meantime conferences of the various party groups are still in progress, with the General Zionists or Centrists holding the center of attention because of their efforts to find a formula for a united front, endeavors which have thus far been unsuccessful. Considerable interest is also being manifested in Menachem Mendel Ussishkin, world president of the Jewish National Fund and one of the General Zionist delegates from Palestine, who has not yet committed himself publicly on the issues facing the Congress.

The first party to organize itself into a united and strong front is the Laborite delegation. After a short conference the Palestine Labor delegates, the Poale Zion and Hashomer Hazair, voted to merge into one disciplined group to vote unanimously at the Congress. They thus form a bloc of about 80 solid delegates representing all three Labor fractions.

The rumors that the Revisionists, official opponents to the Weizmann regime, would leave the Congress in case their demands met with no success, were denied today by Meer Grossman, vice-president of the World Union of Revisionists, after the first meeting of Revisionist delegates which was attended by over 50 delegates.

The meeting was addressed by Vladimir Jabotinsky world leader of the Revisionists; Richard Lichtheim and Mr. Grossman, who read political reports, outlines of the present Revisionist tactics in connection with political Zionism and presented plans for the future. The parley concluded with the decision that the Revisionists are ready to take over the responsibility for the Zionist administration if they are given a chance to form a coalition Executive.

Haam, Palestine Organ of Revisionists, Reappears

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, June 30—The Hebrew daily, Haam, organ of the Zionist Revisionists, which was suspended on June 17 by the Palestine government for publishing a poem which "endangered public peace" was permitted to reappear today. The poem in question had criticized the recommendations of the Wailing Wall Commission.

Shell Oil Company Denies Bias to Jews in Palestine

In the June issue of "The Sign of the Shell," published monthly in the interests of the employes and dealers of the Shell Eastern Petroleum Products, Inc., the company takes occasion to deny published reports that in hiring or discharging employes it has been discriminating against Jews. In a special statement entitled "A Shell Policy," the company's organ points out that "there is no desire or attempt to impose . . . restrictions of race or creed upon their employes."

The statement further adds that "everyone familiar with the history of Shell knows that Jewish capital and able, far-seeing Jewish business men have been and are today factors of the utmost importance in some of the Shell companies" and that "the broad policies of the Shell organization would make impossible any discrimination against Jews, just as it would make impossible any discrimination against Catholics or Protestants."

The statement is the result of reports published in the Jewish press of this country that the Shell Oil Company in Palestine had dismissed all or most of its Jewish employes in Haifa.

Haldeman-Julius, Woolworth of Bookdom, Seeks Senatorial Toga

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

GIRARD, Kansas, June 30—Emanuel Haldeman-Julius, popularly known as the "Woolworth of bookdom" and the man who conceived the daring idea of doing in the book world what Woolworth had achieved in the mercantile world and what Ingersoll had done for watches, now yearns to try his talent in politics and so he has announced that he will be a candidate for the United States Senate next year.

Born Emanuel Julius, Haldeman-Julius was a reporter on the now defunct New York Call some years ago when he went to Girard, Kansas, to help edit another Socialist paper, the Appeal to Reason. There he met Marcet Haldeman, a niece of Jane Addams, the noted social worker. When he married Miss Haldeman he annexed his wife's name to preserve the name of Haldeman, and so became Haldeman-Julius.

Haldeman-Julius is known throughout the country as the publisher of the famous little Blue Books of which he sells 21,000,000 every year and to date has disposed of over 100,000,000.

Berlin Nazis Desecrate Memorial to Rathenau

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, June 30—The memorial marking the spot where Walter Rathenau, German foreign minister, who was assassinated by anti-Semites on June 24, 1922, was desecrated last night by Nazis. The memorial at the corner of Koenigsallee in Grunewald was smeared with paint and Swastika signs by the vandals who also destroyed a wreath placed there by the Republican Union to mark the eighth anniversary of the assassination.