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MEXICAN ANTI-JEWISH DEMONSTRATION PASSES WITHOUT DISORDER:

PRESIDENT AND MEMBERS OF GOVERNMENT DECIDE AT LAST MINUTE NOT TO TAKE PART: BANNERS CARRIED DENOUNCING "VORACIOUS ISRAELITES" AND DEMANDING DEPORTATION OF ALL JEWS FROM MEXICO: MEXICO CITY LITERALLY COVERED WITH POLICE MOUNTED AND ON FOOT KEEPING EYE ON DEMONSTRATORS TO PREVENT SMALL GROUPS BREAKING AWAY AND STARTING RIOTS: ALL JEWISH SHOPS CLOSED AND ADEQUATELY PROTECTED: DEMONSTRATORS TRYING TO COMPEL BRITISH SHOP TO CLOSE DISPERSED BY POLICE.

Mexico City, June 1st, (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

Thousands of Mexicans attended to-day the mass demonstration arranged by the Union of Mexican Small Traders, ostensibly against foreigners, but actually against Jews. The marchers assembled near the American Consulate with bands and banners, slowly moving through the central district towards the National Palace where the President of the Republic, Senor Rubio, and all the members of the Government were present.

Although they had promised to attend the demonstration, the President and the members of the Government decided, however, at the last minute that they would not take any part in it, probably realising the complications which might ensue.

The demonstrators carried banners with inflammatory inscriptions, mostly anti-alien, although some were definitely anti-Jewish. The "voracious Israelites are the plague of our country", one banner read, and another demanded wholesale deportation of all Jews from the country. Speeches were delivered denouncing the foreigners and accusing them of taking the bread out of the mouths of the Mexicans, and swallowing up all the riches of the country.

Almost all foreign businesses were closed to-day, and it is understood that the Government is deeply impressed by the importance of the foreign business interests in the country revealed by this demonstration. All Jewish shops in the city were closed and adequately protected. A group of demonstrators who tried to force a British shop to close was quickly dispersed by the police.

Extraordinary precautions were taken by the authorities to prevent trouble. The city literally swarmed with police, mounted and on foot, armed with rifles and fixed bayonets. No excesses occurred, the police taking stringent precautions and keeping a particularly watchful eye on the demonstrators while they were dispersing to prevent any small parties getting away and starting rioting.

ANTWERP JEWS EXCITED OVER MEXICAN ANTI-JEWISH MOVEMENT:
PROTEST MEETING ARRANGED BUT POSTPONED ON INTERVENTION
OF MEXICAN CONSUL PROMISING TO OBTAIN STATEMENT FROM
HIS GOVERNMENT ON MEASURES TAKEN BY IT TO STOP ANTI-
JEWISH PERSECUTION.

Antwerp, June 1st. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

The reports of anti-Jewish persecution in Mexico have caused a great deal of excitement among the Jewish population of Antwerp. A protest meeting was arranged, but was postponed at the last moment on the intervention of the Mexican Consul, who promised to notify his Government of the feeling of indignation existing among the Jews of Antwerp, and to ask it what measures it has taken to prevent such anti-Jewish persecution recurring.

Antwerp Jews have also recently experienced a similar movement to that which has been going on in Mexico. Many Jews who have been unable to earn their livelihood at their own trade, because of the crisis in the diamond industry in which the Jews of Belgium have been largely represented, have taken to street-trading, and (according to a report in the J.T.A. Bulletin of May 21st.) the Belgian street-traders resent their competition, and clashes between Belgian and Jewish market-traders have been frequent in the last few weeks, resulting at times in serious fighting. The local authorities in several of the Antwerp suburbs have taken a hand, it was added, and are refusing to allow the Jewish dealers to stand at the pitches they have held in the market-places.

HITLERISTS APPEAR IN AMSTERDAM: INSULT JEWS PASSING IN STREET
AND HAVE TO SEEK POLICE PROTECTION TO ENABLE THEM TO
ESCAPE FROM INCENSED JEWS AND NON-JEWS.

Amsterdam, June 1st. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

Amsterdam has had an unaccustomed experience this week, with a number of Hitlerists from Germany descending upon the city and trying to engage here in the kind of molestation of Jews in the streets that has become frequent in Germany. A German motor car drew up outside a restaurant in the Rembrandtplein, flying the Hitlerist flag, and the occupants displaying big swastika badges. People of Jewish appearance were insulted, and they kept up a continuous shout of "Dirty Jews! Down with the Jews!" Finally a crowd of Jews and non-Jews made a rush at the Germans, and it was only under strong police protection that the Hitlerists were able to make their escape.

ECHO OF PALESTINE 1929 MASSACRES: THREE ARABS SENT TO PRISON
FOR RAID ON HOME OF JEWISH COLONIST BROZA IN MOTZA:
JUDGE SAYS IF BROZA FAMILY HAD NOT BEEN ARMED THEY "COULD
HAVE SHARED FATE OF MACLEFF FAMILY IN SAME COLONY "HO
WERE MASSACRED."

Jerusalem, June 1st. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

Saleh Zier has been sentenced to 5 years' hard labour and Mohammed Khader and Mohammed Assad to 3 years' imprisonment each, being found guilty of having taken part in the attack on the house of the Jewish colonist Broza, in the Jewish colony of Motza, near Jerusalem, during the riots of August 1929.

If the Broza family had not been armed they would have shared the fate of the Macleff family in the same colony, who were massacred, Judge Plunkett said in passing sentence. There were altogether 14 Arabs accused of being concerned in the attack, but the other 11 were discharged on the ground that there was not sufficient evidence to prove their guilt.

NEW PALESTINE ORDINANCE FOR PROTECTION OF TENANTS ON LAND AND SQUATTERS IS IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRIME MINISTER'S FEBRUARY LETTER TO DR. WEIZMANN DR. DRUMMOND SHIELS EXPLAINS IN HOUSE OF COMMONS: BUT CONTROL OF LAND TRANSACTIONS WILL TAKE EFFECT ONLY FROM DATE LAND DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY BEGINS TO OPERATE.

London, June 2nd. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

In accordance with the last sentence of paragraph 12 of the Prime Minister's letter to Dr. Weizmann of the 13th. February, an ordinance was promulgated on Friday last to protect tenancy and occupancy rights including the rights of squatters throughout Palestine, Dr. Drummond Shiels, the Under-Secretary of State for the Colonies, said in the House of Commons this afternoon, in reply to Colonel Howard-Bury, who asked whether any ordinance had been promulgated in Palestine to stop the alienation of Arab holdings or what steps had been taken to prevent further additions being made to the number of landless Arabs.

As stated in the preceding part of that paragraph, Dr. Shiels went on, the centralised control of land transactions will take effect as from such date only as the authority charged with the duty of carrying out the policy of land development shall begin to operate.

In giving effect to the policy of land settlement, as contemplated in article 11 of the Mandate, it was said in the paragraph in question in Mr. MacDonald's letter to Dr. Weizmann, it is necessary, if disorganisation is to be avoided, and if the policy is to have a chance to succeed, that there should exist some centralised control of transactions relating to the acquisition and transfer of land during such interim period as may reasonably be necessary to place the development scheme upon a sure foundation. The power contemplated is regulative and not prohibitory, although it does involve a power to prevent transactions which are inconsistent with the tenor of the scheme. But the exercise of the power will be limited and in no respect arbitrary. In every case it will be conditioned by considerations as to how best to give effect to the purposes of the Mandate. Any control contemplated will be fenced with due safeguards to secure as little interference as possible with the free transfer of land. The centralised control will take effect as from such date only as the authority charged with the duty of carrying out the policy of land development shall begin to operate.

The High Commissioner will, pending the establishment of such centralised control, have full powers to take all steps necessary to protect the tenancy and occupancy rights, including the rights of squatters, throughout Palestine.

Dr. Shiels' statement appears therefore to refer to two distinct ordinances, one for establishing some centralised control of land acquisition and transfer, which will take effect only from such date as the authority charged with the duty of carrying out the policy of land development in Palestine begins to operate, and the other, which was enacted on Friday, giving the High Commissioner of Palestine full powers, pending the establishment of such centralised control, to take steps to protect the tenancy and occupancy rights, including the rights of squatters throughout Palestine, which has entered into force immediately.

RELIEF FOR PALESTINE GROWERS SUFFERING FROM CROP-DESTRUCTION
ON ACCOUNT OF DROUGHT LOCUSTS AND FIELD MICE: REMITTANCE
OF TITHE PROCLAIMED: ORANGE GROVES NOT INCLUDED IN ORDER.

Jerusalem, June 1st. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

With the return to Palestine this morning of the High Commissioner, Sir John Chancellor, a Gazette Extraordinary will be published to-night, the J.T.A. learns, notifying a 20 per cent. remission of the tithe for 1930, in addition to the 30 per cent. remitted last July and a 50 per cent. remission for 1931. The reduction does not apply to the orange groves, but further relief is being considered for both years on the crops destroyed by locusts, field-mice and drought.

ALIEN REGISTRATION IN AMERICA HELD UP BY INJUNCTION OBTAINED
IN FEDERAL COURT BY OPPONENTS OF MICHIGAN BILL: FIGHT TO
BE STARTED NOW TO ABOLISH BILL ON GROUND OF UNCONSTITUTIONALITY.

New York, June 1st. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

The setting up of machinery for alien registration which had been started in the State of Michigan under the provisions of the Alien Registration Bill adopted by the State Legislature and signed by the Governor of the State, Mr. Brucker, has been temporarily stopped, the opponents of the Bill obtaining an injunction to-day from the Federal Court, restraining the Governor of Michigan from enforcing the Registration Act.

This temporary injunction will be followed by a legal fight in the Federal Court by the opponents of the Bill, to endeavour to get the Registration Act abolished on the ground that it is unconstitutional.

AMERICAN DELEGATES TO ZIONIST CONGRESS DO NOT REPRESENT AMERICAN
ZIONISM NEW YORK YIDDISH DAILIES COMPLAIN: ADMINISTRATION
CHOSE ITS OWN PEOPLE ELECTED ITSELF AND TRAMPLES ON
CONVICTIONS OF ZIONIST MASSES: MOST DELEGATES ANTI-
WEIZMANNIST WHICH IS CONTRARY TO VIEWS OF RANK AND FILE.

New York, June 1st. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

The list of American delegates to the Zionist Congress is not representative of American Zionism, the New York Yiddish dailies, "Morning Journal" and "Day", complain in editorial articles to-day.

Most of the American delegates are anti-Weizmannist, the "Day" says, which is contrary to the views of the rank and file of American Zionism. The small group which is now administering the Zionist Organisation of America, it says further, chose its own people, elected itself, and tramples upon the feelings and convictions of the Zionist masses.

The list of the American delegates to the Congress certainly cannot be regarded as really representative of the American Zionist masses, the "Morning Journal" writes. The fact remains, it says, that no one chose them, except the minority of people who in turn selected the 20 delegates and 20 alternatives. The Administration of the Zionist Organisation of America exploited the privilege which the Congress election regulations give in cases of agreement for presenting a unified list. We think that the whole problem of the Congress election regulations ought to be revised.

The following are the names of the 20 General Zionist delegates from America selected under the arrangement (reported in the J.T.A. Bulletin of May 27th.), by which a contest is avoided, and of the 38 seats to which America is entitled: 20 are allocated to the General Zionists, 8 to the Mizrachists, 5 to the Poale Zionists, 3 to the Zeire Zionists and 2 to the Revisionists;

Judge Julian W. Mack, Mr. Louis Lipsky, Mr. Robert Szold, Rabbi Dr. Stephen S. Wise, Mr. Perl Franklin, Mr. Morris Rothenberg, Mr. Israel Brodie, Mr. Jacob de Haas, Mrs. David Greenberg, Mr. Ab. Goldberg, Judge William M. Lewis, Mrs. Schulsinger, Mr. Emanuel Neumann, Mr. Abraham Tulin, Mrs. William M. Lewis, Mrs. Archibald Silverman, Mrs. Nathan Rome, Mr. Jacob Fischman (editor of the "Jewish Morning Journal"), Mr. David Podolsky and Mr. Elihu D. Stone.

At the time of the elections to the last Congress in 1929, the Mack group, which has since secured control of the American Zionist Organisation, contested the results of the American elections, which gave 20 seats to the General Zionists, ten to the Mizrahi, seven to the Poale Zion, four to the Zeire Zion and the Hitachduth, and only one to the Mack group. Mr. Jacob de Haas, one of the leaders of the group went to the Congress and lodged a formal protest which was rejected by the Congress Court, however, on the ground that it had been presented too late.

At the 1927 Congress at Basle, the opposition lodged a protest with the Congress Court against the American delegation on the ground that it was not an elected body. The 64 American delegates, it was complained, were not elected by the Shovel payers of America, but were appointed in an unrepresentative manner. The Congress Court decided, however, against the protest of the Opposition, and confirmed the American representation.

ONE ROUMANIAN ANTISEMITE FOR EVERY JEW VOTING FOR JEWISH LIST IN ROUMANIAN ELECTIONS: JEWISH PARTY POLLS 27,500 VOTES AND CUZISTS POLL SAME NUMBER: CODREANU ANTISEMITES POLL ANOTHER 8,000: UNION OF ROUMANIAN JEWS CALLS ITS SUPPORTERS TO VOTE FOR GOVERNMENT LIST INCLUDING LIBERALS: GOVERNMENT SECURES 65PER CENT. OF VOTES AND NATIONAL PEASANTS COME SECOND.

Bucharest, June 1st. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

The Jewish List formed by the Club of Jewish Deputies in the last Parliament, has obtained 27,500 votes in the Parliamentary elections, as far as the results already available indicate, and by a coincidence the antisemitic list of the Christian League under the leadership of Professor Cuza obtained about the same number of votes, in addition to which the even more militant antisemitic group of the Iron Guard led by Zelea Codreanu obtained 7,864 votes.

The Government has secured over 65 per cent. of the entire poll, and the National Peasants' Party, which formed the Maniu and Mironescu Governments which preceded the present Jorga Government, obtained the second largest number of votes. The other parties had a very small poll.

(There are about 150,000 Jewish voters in Roumania, ex-Senator Dr. Mayer Ebner wrote in his paper, the "Ostjudische Zeitung", a few days ago - reported in the J.T.A. Bulletin of May 29th. - and judging from past experience about 50,000 Jewish votes will suffice to give us the necessary two per cent. quota with four seats in Parliament. The probabilities are, however, that we shall far exceed the figure. The 27,500 votes which the Jewish Party appears to have obtained is about half the required number of 50,000 votes needed) to

Convinced Government Will Carry Out Jewish Programme Demands
Dr. Filderman Says in Communiqué To Jewish Population
Calling Them To Vote For Government.

The Union of Roumanian Jews issued a communiqué on the eve of the elections, calling upon the Jewish population of Roumania to vote for the Government list, the "List of National Unification", as it is called, in which the Liberal Party is represented.

The communiqué was issued following a letter which the Minister of the Interior, M. Argetoianu, addressed to Dr. Filderman, the President of the Union of Roumanian Jews, and two letters addressed to him by M. Duca, the leader of the Liberal Party, assuring him of their continued sympathy and support for the demands of the Jewish population.

Dr. Filderman is convinced, the communiqué said, that the Government will carry out the programme demands put forward by the Jewish representatives.

I have received your letter of May 20th. concerning the discussion which took place in my presence between yourself, the representative of the Jewish National Party, M. Zissu, and the General Secretary of the Union of Roumanian Jews, M. Sarateanu (reported in the J.T.A. Bulletin of May 13th.), M. Argetoianu writes in his letter. It was only a discussion of views. The hurling of personal insults which were reported in many newspapers did not occur in my office. The report of the discussion which appeared in the "Curierul Israelit" (the organ of the Union of Roumanian Jews) on the 11th. inst. is correct, the Minister adds.

The fact that circumstances beyond my own wishes prevented the conclusion of the election pact with the Union of Roumanian Jews, he proceeds, does not prevent me from assuring you that I hold the same feelings and respect for you as before and that it is the wish of the Government that I should repeat now that it will solve all Jewish questions in a way which will accord with the rights of the Jews within the framework of the interests of the Roumanian State.

I regret very much that the election pact of the Union with the Government could not be upheld, M. Duca's first letter says. It would have been of general benefit. So far as I am concerned, I want to make use of this opportunity to express my most cordial feelings towards you and the cause which you represent. These feelings are well known to you, and, of course, remain entirely unchanged.

I consider it essential, irrespective of whatever decisions the Union of Roumanian Jews may adopt with regard to the elections following the abrogation of the pact with the Government, M. Duca's second letter said, to assure you that the Liberal Party which places the interests of the country higher than the interests of an election, remains loyal to the programme of practical realisation of Jewish demands which was worked out by the late Jonel C. Bratianu, and remains loyal also to our friendly feelings and relations which are well known to you. The National Liberal Party will always defend the policy of fraternisation and the fulfilment of just demands, since it holds that this policy is of benefit both the country and to the Jewish population.

**JEWS IN THE HONOURS LIST: KNIGHTHOODS FOR LEON SIMON AND
MONTAGUE BURTON: DISTINCTIONS FOR ALBERT HYAMSON AND
HOOFIEN.**

London, June 2nd. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

The names of several well-known Jews appear in the Honours List issued to-night for the occasion of His Majesty's Birthday to-morrow.

Mr. Montague Burton, the prominent Leeds Jewish social worker, who is also active in the Zionist movement, where he is a Provincial Vice President of the English Zionist Federation, and has been a delegate to several Zionist Congresses, receives a Knighthood. Mr. Burton receives the award as "a generous benefactor to Leeds and other universities, and for public services in the cause of industrial relationships". Mr. Burton established in 1929 the Weissmann Chair of International Peace at the Hebrew University in Jerusalem.

Mr. Leon Simon, who was recently appointed Director of Posts and Telegraphs to the General Post Office, receives a Knighthood in the Order of the Bath. Mr. Simon is the outstanding authority on Achad Ha'am, whose works he has translated into English, and the leading exponent of his ideas. He was a member of the Zionist Commission which went out to Palestine after the promulgation of the Balfour Declaration.

Mr. Albert Montefiore Hyamson, the Chief Immigration Officer to the Palestine Government, becomes an Officer of the Order of the British Empire.

Mr. Hyamson who was at first in the British Post Office Service and was transferred to Palestine in 1921, was at one time the Joint Editor of the "Zionist Review" which was published in London. He was the first Honorary Secretary and afterwards Vice-President of the Jewish Literary Societies in England and was editor of the Jewish Literary Annual. He has published a number of books, among them "A History of the Jews in England", 1908, a revised edition appearing in 1928; "The Jubilee of Jewish Emancipation in England", in 1908; "Palestine, the Rebirth of an Ancient People", in 1917; and "Palestine, Old and New", in 1928. A question about Mr. Hyamson's one-time Zionist views was put during the sessions of the Shaw Enquiry Commission in December 1929, the Counsel for the Arab side, Mr. Stoker, asking Mr. Harry Sacher whether Mr. Hyamson was a Zionist. No, Mr. Sacher replied, but he was. You had better ask him for his views.

Mr. Siegfried Hoofien, the President of the Jaffa and District Chamber of Commerce, is made Honorary Member of the Order of the British Empire. Mr. Hoofien is the Manager of the Anglo-Palestine Company, and was a member of the temporary Zionist Executive in Palestine at the time of the outbreak in August 1929, when the members of the Executive were absent at the Zionist Congress in Zurich, and in that capacity he was one of the Jewish witnesses called before the Spaw Commission, whom he told in his evidence that the Jews had brought 45 million pounds into Palestine, and the Jewish immigration had brought great benefits also to the Arab population, the country having entered as a result on a new stage of development, despite some inevitable dislocation consequent on cultivation replacing grazing.

Mr. Mark Aitchison Young, the new Chief Secretary to the Palestine Government, who was Acting High Commissioner during Sir John Chancellor's leave of absence till yesterday, also becomes a Knight Companion of the Order of the Bath. An Honorary Commandership of the Order of the British Empire is conferred on the former Prime Minister of Transjordan, Faysal Khalid Pasha, an Officership of the Order of the British Empire on Captain Buller of the Palestine Transjordan Frontier Force, and Honorary Membership of the Order of the British Empire on Zahi Haddad, the Medical Officer of Health in Haifa.

**JEWISH PARTY IN ROMANIA GETS QUOTA OF VOTES ENTITLING IT TO FOUR
SEATS IN PARLIAMENT.**

Bucharest, June 2nd. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

The Jewish Party has exceeded the 50,000 votes needed to provide the 2% quota necessary to obtain representation in Parliament and may have even more than the four deputies obtained by reaching the quota.