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ROUMANIAN GOVERNMENT TO ACT AGAINST ANTISEMITIC TERRORISM?: INSTRUCTIONS ISSUED ON KING'S INITIATIVE SAYS REPORT TO PLACE ANTISEMITIC AGITATORS ON SAME PLANE AS COMMUNISTS WHOSE ORGANISATION IS ILLEGAL AND TO PUT THEM ON TRIAL AS REBELS: ANTISEMITIC ORGANISATIONS TO BE CLOSED DOWN AND STUDENTS CAUGHT ENGAGING IN ANTISEMITIC OUTRAGES TO BE EXPELLED PERMANENTLY FROM UNIVERSITIES AND HIGH SCHOOLS: ATTEMPT ON M. SOCOR'S LIFE MAY HAVE EFFECT OF AT LAST RESTORING PUBLIC ORDER TO ROUMANIA PRESS COMMENTS SAY.

Bucharest, Jan. 3rd. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

The Government has decided to take drastic measures to put down the antisemitic terrorist movement in Roumania, it is stated here, the initiative, it is added, having come from the King himself, who insisted on firm action by the Government so that there should be an end to the constant hooliganism which is occurring in Roumania. According to this report, the Government has issued instructions to the local authorities to adopt severe measures against all subversive organisations, treating the antisemitic organisations as illegal bodies in the same way as the Communist organisations, which are not permitted to function in Roumania. In all matters of public security the antisemitic societies will be treated in the same way as the Communist organisations - the societies will be dissolved and their leaders will be placed on trial before the ordinary courts as rebels. Students of the University and the High Schools will be expelled permanently from their schools or universities if they are caught taking part in disturbances, conducting agitation or distributing inflammatory publications. Antisemitic clubs and cells all over the country will be suppressed. The Ministry of Education, it is stated, has sent out instructions to the University and High School authorities throughout the country to carry these measures into immediate effect. On the orders of the Ministry of the Interior a search was made this evening at the Club House of the antisemitic Iron Guard Organisation, headed by Zelea Codreanu. The archives of the Organisation were seized and the doors of the premises were sealed. Several of the leaders have been arrested. All proprietors of public halls have been warned that they will be subjected to severe penalties if they rent their halls for meetings of the Iron Guard.

The attempt made by the antisemitic student Dumitrescu upon M. Socor at the office of the "Adeverul", may turn out to have been a good thing, the Press comments, if it is going to result in the Government taking really effective action to restore public order in the country.

In 1928, after the devastations at Oradea Mare, the then Government of the Liberal Party dissolved the Union of Christian Students, whose Congress was the starting point of the disturbances. It was explained at the time that the Union of Christian Students had been functioning without permission of the University Senates and the Government in dissolving it warned the leaders that any attempts to continue their agitation would result in their arrest and trial by court martial. The student organisations remained suppressed until the Maniu Government restored their permission to function on the ground that it could not suppress an organisation because of its opinions, and could only take action against definite outbreaks.

ANTISEMITIC DEMONSTRATIONS IN VIENNA AGAINST "ALL QUIET" FILM:  
SYNAGOGUE WINDOWS SMASHED; JEWISH SHOPS ATTACKED; DEMONSTRATIONS  
WILL CONTINUE TILL FILM IS WITHDRAWN HITLERISTS DECLARE.

Vienna, Jan. 4th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

The demonstrations which the Hitlerists announced would be organized if the "All Quiet" film was permitted to be produced in Vienna took place this evening, continuing all through the night. As in Berlin last month, they took the form of an antisemitic outbreak, the demonstrators shouting "Down with the Jewish film" and other antisemitic cries. Attempts were made to start attacks on Jews in many streets, the Hitlerists repeatedly breaking through the police cordons. In a number of streets the windows in Jewish shops were smashed and an attack was also made on the synagogue in the Schmelzhof Street. Large police reinforcements were called out, preventing the excesses becoming widespread. The fighting in some places, was, however, very serious and many policemen have been injured. It is alleged that soldiers were seen in the ranks of the Hitlerists, some of them even wearing military uniform.

The Hitlerists announce that they intend to continue the disturbances until "All Quiet" has been withdrawn, as in Berlin.

Uriel Birnbaum, the well known Jewish artist and writer, son of Dr. Nathan Birnbaum, the prominent Agudist, who was one of the early Zionists and the organizer of the first Yiddish language Conference held in Cernowitz over a quarter of a century ago, has published an article in the Catholic daily "Reichspost" joining in the protest against the "All Quiet" talkie and against Remarque and those associated with him in this presentation of war happenings. Uriel Birnbaum lost both his legs in the war.

Jews ARE DRIVING GERMANY TO CIVIL WAR AND ANARCHY HITLERIST PAPER  
SAYS: TRIES TO WORK UP FEELING OF SOLDIERS AGAINST JEWS BY  
ALLEGING THAT THREE SOLDIERS BEATEN IN LAST FEW DAYS WERE  
VICTIMS OF JEWISH ATTACKS.

Berlin, Jan. 4th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

The Jews are driving Germany into civil war and anarchy, with the Socialists protecting them in their attack upon the Germanic spirit, the "Voelkischer Beobachter", the chief Hitlerist organ says, launching a furious campaign against the Jews, in the course of which it tries to work up feeling in the army against the Jews by alleging that three Reichwehr soldiers who were assaulted in the last few days were the victims of Jewish attacks.

SHECHITA PROHIBITION LOOMING IN FREE CITY OF BREMEN: MAY CAUSE  
DIFFICULTY NOT ONLY TO JEWS BUT ALSO TO NORDDEUTSCHE LLOYD  
WHOSE TRANSATLANTIC LINERS SAIL FROM BREMEN PORT: WILL BE  
UNABLE TO PROVIDE KOSHER MEAT FOR JEWISH PASSENGERS.

Berlin, Jan. 3rd. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).

Shechita is to be prohibited in the Free City of Bremen, according to the statement made in the Bremen Parliament by the Social Democratic Rapporteur for the Commission in charge of the question. In replying to an enquiry by a Hitlerist Deputy as to when the prohibition of Shechita was to be enforced, he stated that his Commission comprising representatives of all parties had decided to recommend to Parliament that Shechita should be prohibited. The Social Democrats, the German Nationals and the Hitlerists have a majority in the Bremen Parliament, so that the recommendation of the Commission is sure of acceptance.

The prohibition of Shechita in Bremen would affect not only the Jewish population, but also the great German Transatlantic shipping company, the Norddeutsche Lloyd, by making it impossible for its liners which sail from Bremen to provide kosher meat as at present for its Jewish passengers.

ZIONIST CONGRESS NOT TO BE HELD IN FEBRUARY PALESTINE MEMBERS OF  
ACTIONS COMMITTEE URGE.

Jerusalem, Jan. 3rd. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

The Zionist Congress will not be held in February, as has been arranged, if the opinion held in Palestine on the subject prevails, the J.T.A. is informed. The Palestine members of the Actions Committee who held a meeting to-day, before going to London for the Actions Committee emergency meeting opening on Monday week were divided as to the advisability of the Congress. The Labour representatives declared themselves against holding the Congress in February. The Mizrahi members are divided among themselves, and the General Zionists are half-heartedly in favour. The representatives of the Left urged the postponement of the Actions Committee meeting until the completion of the negotiations with the Government, and the postponement of the Congress until after Passover, so that there should be no interference with the work of raising funds.

ELECTIONS TO PALESTINE JEWISH ASSEMBLY NOT TO BE POSTPONED: POLLING  
ON MONDAY: HOPE REVISIONISTS WILL WIN SAYS ARAB PRESS BECAUSE  
IT WILL MEAN END OF ZIONISM: BRITISH GOVERNMENT LISTENED TO  
DR. WEIZMANN FOR TEN YEARS BUT WILL NOT STAND MR. JABOTINSKY  
FOR ONE DAY.

Jerusalem, Jan. 4th. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

The elections to the Assefath Hanivoharim (the Elected Jewish Assembly of Palestine), will take place on Monday, the Vaad Leumi declining to postpone the elections, as it has been urged to do by the Union of Sephardic Jews. A few changes will be made in the lists, however, in an attempt to meet the views of the Sephardim. The Farmers' Union is calling its members to abstain from the polls, complaining that all its efforts to secure equitable representations have failed. Some of the outstanding colonists are standing for election, however, on other lists.

The "Felestin" and other Arab papers express the hope that the Revisionists will have a victory, because that will spell the end, they say, not only of political but also of cultural Zionism. Britain dealt with Dr. Weizmann for a decade, they write, but she will not stand Mr. Jabotinsky even for one day.

The Hebrew Labour daily "Davar" replies to this: Let our enemies' intercession fail. It shall not avail.

NEW PERSECUTION OF ZIONISTS IN RUSSIA: FRESH ARRESTS BEING MADE  
ACCORDING TO REPORTS REACHING PALESTINE.

Jerusalem, Jan. 2nd. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

A new wave of political arrests has been sweeping over Soviet Russia for the past few months, says a report received by the "Kogen", a society for the succour of Russian Zionists, and many Zionists are among those who have been imprisoned. The authorities seem to be anxious, the report says, to keep the exiles under the thumb of the G.P.U. as long as possible, and with that end in view the G.P.U. is planning to prepare new charges to enable them to continue to keep imprisoned such exiles whose term of "minus" is drawing to an end, so that they shall not regain their liberty. By far the greater number of arrests end in sentences of further exile and imprisonment in political prisons. Each of the new arrestees has six to eight years of imprisonment and banishment behind him.

At the beginning of September, the report says, there were arrests at Samarkand, Ashkhabad (Central Asia) and Great Ostiug (North Russia). Zionist, Social-Democratic and Social-Republican exiles were arrested. The names are not yet known. Recently three Zionist women exiles were stopping temporarily at Krasnoarsk on their way to the place of banishment designated for them by the authorities,

a place called Torokhensk, one of the very worst places of banishment. These unfortunates were galutzoth from the agricultural settlements of the illegal Hehalutz Organisation. One of the exiles applied to the labour exchange for work that would be a little easier for her, because she is physically weak, and she was told that exiles ought to be glad to have work no harder than hers.

The mail of the exiles is held up for a long time and sometimes never delivered. The officials of the Passport Department, it is stated, tried to dissuade one of the women who had received a permit to enter Palestine as a political refugee from going there on the ground that "people are starving in Palestine".

#### PLACING JEWS IN SOVIET INDUSTRY: 5,000 YOUNG JEWS TO BE TRAINED AS METALLURGICAL WORKERS.

Moscow, Jan. 3rd. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

The intensive penetration of Jews into Soviet big industry which was promised for the new year was given an impetus to-day with the announcement that the Comzet (Government Commission for Jewish Settlement) has concluded an agreement with the Supreme Economic Council, and with the Ministry of Labour for the immediate placing of 5,000 young Jews in the technical schools and factory schools at the metallurgical steel mining centres of Magnitogorsk, in the Urals, in the Don Basin and in Kertsch, in the Crimea, where they will undergo special training to fit them as qualified workers and experts in these trades.

#### JEWS FIRST AMONG WHITE RUSSIAN NATIONAL MINORITIES IN NUMBER OF SCHOOLS AND SOVIETS SAYS PRESIDENT OF WHITE RUSSIAN REPUBLIC.

Moscow, Jan. 3rd. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jews hold the lead among the minority nationalities in White Russia in the number of their schools and their Soviets, M. Alexander Chervyakov, the President of the White Russian Soviet Republic, declared to-day in opening "White Russian Week".

The Jews of White Russia, he said, have 141 four-year-course schools, exclusive of other seven and nine year course schools, to which their children are admitted, and there are 22 Jewish village Soviets, the largest number of Soviets possessed by any national minority.

M. Chervyakov also reported striking development in the industrialisation and agricultural movement among the Jews. Thus, prior to the Revolution, he said, only 1,964 Jewish families with a total of 10,751 persons were engaged in farming, while at present there are 9,303 Jewish families with a total of 49,296 persons engaged in farming, as for industry, Bobruisk, which is wholly a Jewish town now has large lumber works, Pomet, likewise with a large Jewish population has become a manufacturing centre for farm machinery, and Mohilev has a new electric station, which forms the nucleus for other industries. The general trend of industrialisation in White Russia, M. Chervyakov said, is indicated by the figures of the growth of the working class. In the pre-war period, White Russia had only 23,000 workers exclusive of railway workers. The figures for 1931 indicate that the working class numbers approximately 93,000, with the Jews predominating in numbers. M. Chervyakov referred also to the great educational advance made by the Jews. Illiteracy, he said, has been reduced from 68 per cent. in 1928 to 27 per cent. in 1931. There are twelve higher schools of learning, and 65 technical schools and factory schools with a total of 26,000 students.

NEW HEAD OF SLOBODKA YESHIBA.

Kovno, Jan. 3rd. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Rabbi Joseph Susmanovitch has been elected to the Rabbinate of Slobodka, which carries with it the position of Principal of the world famous Slobodka Yeshiba. Feeling ran very high in the elections and strong police guards were posted at the polling stations to prevent fighting between the partisans. Every effort was made to get as many people to record their votes as possible, and the infirm and the aged were brought to the polling stations in sledges.

The position has been vacant for several years, since Rabbi Moses Mordecai Epstein, the head of the Slobodka Yeshiba went to Palestine at the end of 1927, establishing a new Slobodka Yeshiba in Hebron, many of its students being killed there by Arabs in the outbreak of August 1920.

Rabbi Epstein, when he went to Palestine, appointed Rabbi Susmanovitch, who is his son-in-law to be his successor, but an opposition movement was organized, and Rabbi Joseph Baksh was put up as a counter-candidate. Wrangling between the two parties has continued ever since, and feeling still runs very high.

JEWISH WOMEN KILLED IN BOILER EXPLOSION IN MIKVAH.

Warsaw, Jan. 3rd. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Three Jewish women and a child of three have been killed and ten Jewish women have been so injured that there is no hope of their recovery by a boiler explosion at the Mikvah (Jewish ritual bath) in the town of Horodenko, in Eastern Galicia, which occurred on the eve of the Sabbath. There were 20 women in the Mikvah at the time. The boiler attendant was killed outright. The explosion, it is stated, was due to a defect in the construction of the boiler.

MORRIS APPLEBAUM WELL-KNOWN LONDON JEWISH PAINTER DIES IN POLAND AT AGE OF 44.

Warsaw, Jan. 3rd. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Morris Applebaum, the Jewish painter who lived in London some years ago, has died of pneumonia at Kattowitz at the age of 44.

Applebaum was born at Amshenov, near Warsaw, the birthplace of the famous Yiddish writer, the late H.D. Nomborg, whom he knew well in his early days. He came to England as a young man, living at first in Liverpool, where he has a brother, who is a prominent Esperantist (he has been President of the English Esperantist Association) and afterwards at Swansea. He was opposed to the war, and when Russians were called up to the army, he refused to serve and went to prison as a conscientious objector. On his release he settled in London, painting and exhibiting, and occasionally writing on art in the "Jewish Times". He was also active in the Poale-Zion organisation. He held an exhibition in London in 1920, which was opened by the late Dr. Max Nordau, who spoke of his work with praise. The same year he was deported to Poland for a technical failure to register a change of address.

In Poland Applebaum continued his work, painting and exhibiting his pictures from time to time, and occasionally writing articles on art and criticisms of art exhibitions for the Yiddish press.