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## First Recognized Synagogue in Spain Since 1492 Is Dedicated in Madrid

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Madrid, Dec. 24—The first recognized synagogue to be established in Spain since the Jews were exiled in 1492 was opened here today with 30 members present who will form the first official Jewish community in Spain. A representative of the Spanish police was also present and he announced and signed the draft of the constitution for the community and recorded its establishment.

Ignacio Bauer, a local banker, was elected president of the community in recognition of his personal endeavors to obtain the legalization of the community and for obtaining a plot for a Jewish cemetery despite the objections of church officials. Bauer also undertook the financial responsibility for maintaining the synagogue which is located in the central section of Madrid.

The synagogue has a library adjoining it where a number of old religious articles collected from government museums and private collections are housed.

## 5,883 Jews Entered Palestine from Sept. 1929 to Oct. 1930

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Dec. 24—A total of 5,883 Jews entered Palestine during the Jewish year 5690, October 1, 1929 to September 30, 1930, the executive of the Jewish Agency announced today. In August there were 182 immigrants, in September 257 and in October 175. Of the 614 immigrants who entered during these three months, 305 were admitted under the Labor schedule, 224 were relatives of Jews already resident in Palestine and 85 were immigrants possessed of means.

The statement also notes that the executive undertook during the past year an extensive program of hygienic improvement in the housing conditions of the workers in the colonies. The sum of \$47,500 was allocated for building residences for 750 workers and barracks for 400 Yemenite families. This year a sum of \$27,750 has been set aside for the same purpose.

## Says Moslem Supreme Council Is Facing Bankruptcy

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Dec. 24—The Moslem Supreme Council, headed by the Grand Mufti of Jerusalem, is facing bankruptcy, according to a statement made today by Abraham Kamal, a Moslem leader, who charges the Council has spent funds on excessive salaries. Asserting that the Council's Wakf has an income of \$400,000 he demands an accounting.

## Lord Melchett's Health Is Giving Serious Concern

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Dec. 24—A statement from the residence of Lord Melchett today said that his condition is giving some cause of anxiety because he has suffered a relapse after the prolonged illness to which he was subjected since October. He has been staying indoors and not participating in any public or political affairs. His recent resignation as president of the English Zionist Federation is attributed to the state of his health. The annual conference of the Federation, Sunday, will accept his resignation.

## British Press Urges Prof. Einstein to Live in England

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Dec. 24—"Einstein must be induced to remain permanently in England." Such was the comment that ran yesterday in several British newspapers in connection with the report that Professor Albert Einstein has accepted the invitation of Oxford University to be its Rhodes Memorial Lecturer for the year 1930-31. As a consequence of this Einstein will have to reside in Oxford during the next summer term.

The movement to induce Prof. Einstein to settle permanently in England after his summer stay in Oxford has gained momentum here as a result of the recent report from Berlin to the effect that Einstein may not return to Germany in case the Hitlerites obtain control of that country.

## Jabotinsky Heads Revisionist Congress List in Czechoslovakia

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Prague, Dec. 24—Vladimir Jabotinsky, leader of the Zionist Revisionists, arrived here today for a tour of Czechoslovakia on behalf of the Revisionists' campaign to elect delegates for the forthcoming Zionist Congress. Jabotinsky himself heads the list of the Czechoslovakian Revisionists.

## Farbstein Withdraws Candidacy for Post on Swiss High Court

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Geneva, Dec. 24—Dr. David Farbstein, well-known Jewish lawyer and a member of the Swiss parliament, has withdrawn his name as a candidate for the Swiss high court for which he stood a good chance of election. He has withdrawn because he does not desire to give up his legal and political connections which would be necessary as a member of the high court.

The vacancy occurred through the death of Camille Guggenheim, a Jewish member of the court. Farbstein is a brother of Heschel Farbstein, president of the Warsaw Jewish community.

## Allied Jewish Campaign to End Dec. 31; Plan Drives for J.D.C. and Agency in January

The termination of the Allied Jewish Campaign as of December 31 and the launching of two new campaigns, one for the Joint Distribution Committee and another for the American Palestine Campaign of the Jewish Agency for Palestine, early in 1931 were announced tonight by Felix M. Warburg and Dr. Cyrus Adler, on behalf of the Joint Distribution Committee and the American members of the Jewish Agency, respectively, in a statement issued through the Jewish Telegraphic Agency.

The Joint Distribution Committee's drive will open in January while that of the American Palestine Campaign will start early in 1931. A national conference to initiate this latter campaign will be held in New York on January 25.

The full text of the statement issued by Felix Warburg and Dr. Cyrus Adler is as follows:

"The Allied Jewish Campaign, of which the Joint Distribution Committee and the American members of the Jewish Agency for Palestine are the constituent bodies, was formally launched at the National Conference in Washington, D. C. on March 8th and 9th of this year. It was created in compliance with a widespread sentiment to establish a common ground for unified effort to ameliorate the lot of suffering Jewry overseas and to give support to the movement for the up-building of a Jewish National Home in Palestine.

"Since the inception of this campaign forces in Jewish life in this country, which had heretofore worked separately, have labored side by side in harmony and with mutual goodwill for both of the causes unified in the Allied Jewish Campaign. Important communal values have been created by these joint efforts and the foundation has been laid for enduring cooperation in many communities on behalf of Jewish causes—local, national and overseas.

## Campaigns in 230 Cities

"During the nine months that have elapsed since the Allied Jewish Campaign began, interrupted only by the enforced lull of the summer months, local campaigns on behalf of this unified effort, have been held in upward of 230 cities and towns. Neither the prevalent economic depression, the Arab disturbances in Palestine at the end of August, 1929, the Shaw Commission Report, nor the Passfield White Paper concerning the Jewish work in Palestine, were permitted by the leaders of the Allied Jewish Campaign to abate their efforts.

"In addition to these factors, the lead-

(Continued on page 4)

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**Lily Montague Here to Address  
Union of Hebrew Congregations**

"Personal Religion" will be the first topic upon which the Honorable Lily H. Montague, J. P., will speak in the United States. Her contributions to liberal and progressive Judaism are known the world over, and her American followers have been anxious to hear from her at first hand.

Miss Montague, who arrived this week from London on the Olympic, is the guest of Mrs. Henry Moskowitz. She will remain in New York until January 1st, and then will visit other American cities to fill speaking engagements. His first talk is tonight at the West End Synagogue, where she will discuss "Personal Religion."

On Saturday morning, Miss Montague will speak at the Central Synagogue. Her subject then will be, "Know Before Whom Thou Standeth." And on Sunday morning, she will be heard at the Temple Emanuel on "Why Pray?"

The distinguished woman speaker, writer, and religious and social worker's chief purpose in coming to the United States is to attend the biennial council of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations, which is to meet in Philadelphia January 18th to 22th, 1931. Miss Montague is honorary secretary of the World Union for Progressive Judaism.

The Hon. Lily Montague was the first woman to receive the honorary degree of Doctor of Hebrew Law from the Hebrew Union College. The degree was conferred upon her in absentia at the 45th graduation exercises of the institution. She is also the first woman Justice of the Peace in England.

As part of her social work, Miss Montague was the organizer of a Jewish Girls Club in London, which has some 900 members. "Many of them have come to America and settled, and married," she said on her arrival here. "And I shall be very happy to meet them while I am here. Oh, yes, I have been corresponding with them."

**Moses Gomberg Named President  
of American Chemical Society**

Professor Moses Gomberg of the University of Michigan has been elected president of the American Chemical Society for the year 1931. Prof. Gomberg will assume the office on January 1st.

Professor Gomberg, who is 65 years old, was born in Elizabetgrad, Russia, where he graduated from the Gymnasium. He received the degree of Doctor of Science from the University of Michigan in 1894, and later on studied in the Universities of Munich and Heidelberg. Prof. Gomberg has been on the teaching staff of the University of Michigan since 1893 and has also been connected with the United States Bureau of Mines. For his work in chemistry he received medals in 1914 and 1927. Prof. Gomberg is a Fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science and a member of the National Academy of Science.

**Newark Congregations to Talk  
of Proposed Merger Next Month**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Newark, Dec. 24—The board of directors of Oheb Shalom Synagogue will probably consider action pertaining to the proposed merger with Temple B'nai Abraham, at their regular meeting next month, Samuel Schechner, president of the former institution intimated last night.

Mr. Schechner denied that anything concrete in the way of amalgamation was accomplished Monday at a conference of representatives of both edifices.

"There is nothing to it as yet," he declared. "Any talk pertaining to it comes from individuals. If we decide to do anything about it then our board will consider it next month."

**Savannah Congregation Dedicates  
Tablet to Joseph Rosenheim**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Savannah, Ga., Dec. 24—A marble tablet to the memory of the late Joseph Rosenheim was unveiled here this week by the Brotherhood of Temple Mickve Israel. For 55 years, Mr. Rosenheim, who died October 5, 1929 at the age of 88, served as an officer of the congregation. He was a prominent merchant of Savannah and was president emeritus of the congregation at the time of his death.

Regular services in the synagogue conducted by Rabbi George Solomon preceded the unveiling ceremonies. Dedication of the monument was made by Jacob Gazan, while Morton H. Levy, president of the recently formed Brotherhood, presided.

The tribute to Mr. Rosenheim was the fourth tablet to be placed in the synagogue to noted Jews of Savannah. The other so honored men of early history of the community were Jacob La Motta, former president of the congregation; Judah Touro, Jewish philanthropist of the last century, and Issac P. Mendes, former rabbi who served the congregation for 27 years.

**Late Figures Set Number of  
Jews in Morocco at 120,000**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, Dec. 15 (By Mail)—The latest statistics which have been gathered about the Jews of Morocco show that 120,000 Jews are now living in that North African country. Not until 1912, when France took over the protectorate over Morocco, did the Jews of that country receive equal rights. Until then a Moroccan Jew was not allowed to wear shoes or other than black clothes or ride on horseback. The Jewish ghetto, the so-called "Mellán," was even as late as 1920 locked up every night and Jews were then forbidden outside the ghetto walls.

By abolishing all these restrictions, the French government earned the sympathy of Moroccan Jewry. But at the same time this led to an increase in the hatred of the Arabs toward the Jews.

The question of naturalizing Moroccan Jews as French citizens, which has troubled Moroccan Jewry for a long time, has recently been discussed by the representative of the French president in Morocco, M. Ourbach-Blon, in an interview with a representative of the "Israelitische Familienblatt." M. Blon expressed the opinion that it is premature as yet to issue such a decree, since most of Moroccan Jewry still lives under terrible hygienic and cultural conditions in the century-old houses of the ghetto.

Moroccan Jews have a limited right of self-government in their ghettos. A council of 6 members, presided over by an Arab Basha, has the right to levy taxes upon the community.

Among Moroccan Jews themselves there is much difference of opinion as to whether French citizenship is desirable for them. Many Jewish leaders feel that this would increase the hatred of the Arabs toward the Jews and doubt whether the French will always be able to protect the lives and property of Moroccan Jews.

**Governor Meier Receives Chofetz  
Chaim Yeshivah Delegation**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Portland, Oregon, Dec. 24—Governor Julius L. Meier of Oregon yesterday received a delegation of the "Chofetz Chaim" Yeshivah in Poland, and after listening with great interest to the story of the work that is being done by this Yeshivah in educating rabbinical scholars for Eastern Europe, the Governor decided to donate a scholarship for this Polish institution.

The delegation which visited the Governor and which is now touring the country on behalf of the "Chofetz Chaim" Yeshivah consisted of Rabbi Koppel Kanano of Bilwies, Poland, and Rabbi L. Sapir of Palestine. The delegation was introduced to the Governor by the local rabbi, J. B. Fain.

"Chofetz Chaim" is the name of one of the most famous Orthodox rabbis in Poland, who heads the Yeshivah and after whom the institution is named.

## Winnipeg Boasts Largest Jewish Parochial Schools; 70% Jewish Children Enrolled

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Winnipeg, Manitoba, Dec. 24.—The only city on the North American continent which has established a network of Jewish parochial or "day" schools, outside of New York, is Winnipeg, a city with a Jewish community of less than twenty thousand souls. This city now has four such Jewish day schools, where secular as well as Jewish subjects are taught and where Yiddish and Hebrew are the languages of instruction.

Winnipeg's remarkable Jewish educational system is led by the "Peretz Schule," a secular Yiddishist institution, now in its 18th year. This is the largest Yiddish school in North America, having nearly 600 pupils. This school was the first to establish a Jewish kindergarten and a day school, where children go through five years of public school work, after which they are admitted to the sixth grade of the regular public schools. The largest local Talmud Torah and the two other Yiddish schools of Winnipeg have also established kindergartens and day schools on the model of the "Peretz Schule."

The two other Yiddish schools are the "Arbeiter Ring Schule," which counts about 200 children, and the Poale-Zionist "Folk-Schule," which counts about 175 children. In all the Talmud Torahs of Winnipeg too, Yiddish is either taught as a special course or is used as a language of instruction.

Altogether between 60 and 70 per cent of all Winnipeg Jewish children of school age, perhaps the largest percentage of any Jewish community in the United States and Canada, attend these Jewish educational institutions. But a large part of those Winnipeg Jewish children who do not attend these institutions also get some Jewish instruction, through private teachers mainly.

In the smaller Jewish communities of Western Canada, like Vancouver, Calgary, Saskatoon and Edmonton, Jewish educational institutions are also very well developed. Winnipeg Jewish teachers are experimenting with various new methods of Jewish education, some of which have been adopted and have brought very fruitful results.

## Candidate for Swiss Council Launches Anti-Semitic Drive

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Geneva, Dec. 24.—In connection with his campaign for election to the council of the Geneva canton, Dr. Paul Oulmare, editor of an anti-Semitic weekly, has set afoot a campaign of anti-Semitic propaganda. Although he stands little chance of being elected he has succeeded in gathering around him all the anti-Semitic forces in the Canton, particularly the reactionary youth organization, Helvetia.

This organization has been active in circulating the canton with anti-Jewish posters and handbills.

## International Conference to Fight Anti-Semitism Postponed

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Geneva, Dec. 24.—The second international student conference to discuss ways and means of fighting anti-Semitism in the European universities has been postponed from January 4 to some time in April, it was announced today by the International Student Service under whose auspices the conference will be held in Lausanne.

The agenda will comprise a discussion on the Jewish people and their independent existence, the basis principles of the present attitude of the Jewish students, the Jews in politics and economic life and the Jews in the cultural development of the nations.

Among the patrons of the International Student Service are Thomas Masaryk, president of Czechoslovakia, Professor Albert Einstein, Viscount Cecil and Paul Painlevé.

## Veterans Charge Reich Failed to Protect Jewish Citizens

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Dec. 24.—Charging that the government did not take sufficient measures to protect Jewish citizens during the disturbances in connection with the showing of the American talking picture, "All Quiet on the Western Front," the official organ of the Jewish War Veterans Association complains that timely orders by the police to reestablish order were not issued.

Pointing out that even persons who looked like Jews were abused, the War Veterans' paper says that if the government does not protect the Jews because they form only 550,000 of the electorate while the National Socialists number 6,500,000 then the state is undermining its own ethical basis.

## Stern Named Under-Secretary of Navy in French Cabinet

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, Dec. 24.—Prime Minister Steeg has appointed Jacques Stern as under-secretary of the navy. When Stern's appointment was first broached, the Nationalist press protested because Stern was born in Germany and did not become a French citizen until 1902.

## 20 Jews Elected to Budapest Council on Various Tickets

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, Dec. 24.—First returns from Sunday's municipal elections show that 20 Jews were elected on the various tickets. While this means that the chances of the present anti-Semitic-controlled municipality to continue its hold on the city government are appreciably weakened the final results will depend on the political complexion of the 100 councilmen to be appointed by the federal government.

On the eve of the elections the Jewish ticket and a number of other opposition lists were disqualified on technical grounds by the election commission in order to ensure the election of an anti-Semitic municipality.

## Polish Jews Wed to U.S. Girls Who Left After July 11 Not to Get American Visas

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Dec. 24.—Polish Jews who married women who are American citizens will not get American visas if their wives left for the United States after July 11, 1930 leaving their husbands to follow them later. This was announced today at the American consulate after a consultation with the Polish government.

Of late there has been a great increase in the number of Polish Jews marrying American girls, the newly-married wives leaving for America first without waiting until their husbands receive the Polish documents necessary in order to obtain an American visa. Suspecting fictitious marriages the consulate this week refused 60 applications of husbands who are to follow their American wives to the United States.

The consulate also made arrangements with the Polish government that henceforth every Jewish marriage involving American girls must be sanctioned by a rabbi and legalized by the cults department which stamps the passport of the married woman thus enabling the American consulate to check up at any time on real and fictitious marriages with American citizens.

## Jewish Press in Poland Voices Scepticism at Envoy's Promises

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Dec. 24.—Promises to improve the economic situation of Polish Jewry made last week by Titus Filipowicz, Polish ambassador to the United States, in conference with leaders of the American Jewish Committee and the Federation of Polish Jews in America, are taken with great reserve by the Jewish leaders and the Jewish press here. The papers point out that Polish Jewry should not be too optimistic about these assurances which the press sees as being intended to impress American Jewry.

"Filipowicz' promises seem funny compared with the actual Jewish situation here," says the Yiddish daily, Moment. "Jews are starving here and abroad our Polish diplomats are not stingy in sweet words." The other papers are openly skeptical and hint that the promises are part of a plan to stimulate Polish exports.

"Filipowicz broke the good news on the other side of the ocean but why don't we hear it here," the Jewish papers ask, emphasizing that the promises may be nothing but words. The press says the Jews do not want to be fed with compromises but want the Polish government to confirm and carry the promises into effect or else they will be a mirage spelling disappointment for impoverished Polish Jewry.

At the same time the press praises Dr. Cyrus Adler's statement at the conference as statesmanlike and containing no compliments for the Polish government but telling the truth of how world Jewry aided Poland's fight for independence and how it is now disappointed.

## Allied Jewish Campaign to End Dec. 31; Plan Drives for J.D.C. and Agency in January

(Continued from Page 1)

ers of the Campaign were faced by the large and unusually successful collections of the Palestine Emergency Fund in this country, which in the short space of several months, raised a sum in excess of \$2,000,000 and rehabilitation of the victims of the Palestine disorders and for the purpose of assuring them of a larger measure of security.

"In the face of the exceptionally unfavourably economic and other adverse factors which confronted the Campaign since its inception, it has succeeded in securing pledges in the amount of \$2,500,000, of which almost \$1,500,000 has been paid into its treasury.

### Terms of Agreement

According to the terms of the agreement between the Joint Distribution Committee and the American members of the Jewish Agency for Palestine, the Allied Jewish Campaign is to terminate on December 31st of this year. Representatives of the two organizations have had many conferences during the past two months on the question of the continuance of combined fund-raising. The increasingly pressing need for immediate funds for the activities of both organizations, the differing budgetary requirements and the advisability of permitting as much freedom of choice and support as possible during the present trying economic period, have made it desirable, in their opinion, to separate their fund-raising activities. It is hoped thereby to enable each organization to emphasize its own requirements in those quarters where it may meet the most sympathetic response. Funds for these organizations will, after December 31st, be raised separately, save in those communities where local campaigns have already been scheduled."

"In such communities where preparations for Allied Jewish Campaigns are under way and dates have been fixed for the campaigns, these are to be conducted in accordance with the arrangements already made. The funds raised in these campaigns will be distributed to the beneficiary organizations in the same manner that they have been distributed during the period of the life of the Allied Jewish Campaign.

To raise the funds for the program of the Jewish Agency for Palestine, a campaign will be conducted early in 1931, and will be known as the American Palestine Campaign of the Jewish Agency for Palestine. A national conference to initiate this campaign will be held in New York on January 25th.

The Joint Distribution Committee will, likewise, inaugurate its campaign in January 1931, to continue its program of reconstruction, cultural, health and sanitation, child-care, credit and industrial aid in Eastern Europe.

"Every endeavor will be made by both organizations so to conduct their campaigns as to keep intact the harmony, the mutual goodwill and co-operation which have been such important by-products of the Allied Jewish Campaign. To promote harmonious relationship between the Joint Distribution Committee campaign and

## Jewish Deputies Vote Against Roumanian Budget as Protest Against Cut Jewish Subsidies

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, Dec. 24—The Jewish parliamentary club today voted against the government's budget. During the debate on the budget, deputy Joseph Fischer protested against the appropriation of only 9,000,000 lei for Jewish religious purposes, one half of one per cent of the sum set aside for all religious groups. He said that the Jewish appropriation should have been 45,000,000 lei even with the various reductions.

Fischer demanded greater government help for the Jewish student houses and payment of damages to the Jews who suffered from the riots in Borscha and Barlaccans. Because of the government's attitude toward the Jewish demands the club voted against the budget, Fischer said.

## Bercovici Talks on Conditions in Roumania at Congress Dinner

Konrad Bercovici, author of gypsy novels and magazine writer, discussed the situation in Roumania at a dinner of the American Jewish Congress Tuesday night at the Hotel New Yorker. Other speakers were Bernard Deutsch, president of the Congress; Bernard G. Richards, executive secretary; Abe. Goldberg and George Z. Medalie.

the American Palestine campaign of the Jewish Agency, a Committee on Campaign Relations has been established, which will assume its duties early in 1931.

To the four National Chairmen of the Allied Jewish Campaign, Messrs. Paul Baerwald, David M. Bressler, William M. Lewis and Morris Rothenberg, and to their associates and co-workers throughout this country, the Joint Distribution Committee and the Jewish Agency express their profound gratitude for their splendid labors and accomplishment and especially for the high plane of harmonious cooperation and the mutual goodwill upon which they have conducted the entire effort."

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## Book Issued by Publisher Aided by Czecho-Slovakia Attacks Jews

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Prague, Dec. 24—In a book published here today by a publisher partially subsidized by the ministry of education the Jews are made the target of a vicious attack. "Robbery in trade, ignorance of artisanship and agriculture are the chief characteristics of the Jewish race," writes Josef Ulehal, head of a government school, in his work on "Research in Human Development."

The fact that such sentiments are voiced in a volume issued by the Komenisky Co., which receives a subvention from the government, has caused surprise in Jewish circles here that the government should officially associate itself with anti-Semitic propaganda. The book also alleges that "the Jews are a blood-thirsty people. Forty to fifty of the Bolshevik leaders are Jews. Jews also headed the German revolution after the abdication of the Kaiser."

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