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## Proposed Lithuanian Law to Cost Jews Their Livelihood

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Kovno, Dec. 22.—The Lithuanian government is contemplating the enactment of a law prohibiting all persons not Lithuanian nationals from engaging in any occupation that would net them a livelihood. Great anxiety prevails in Jewish circles because this proposed law will effect thousands of Jewish families in the country.

The Yiddish Stimm points out that if the law is actually passed the Jews will be exposed to starvation or charity or else will have to throw themselves into the river. While the government measure to restrict work to citizens only may be justified in view of the acute economic crisis, it is pointed out that most of the Jews who are not citizens have been living in Lithuania for decades. Some of them even possessed Lithuanian citizenship at one time but they lost it because of technicalities since most of them have no proof of their residence, the various foreign occupations during the war having destroyed official documents.

## Arrest Bedouins for Ploughing Jewish Land at Kfar Yehoshua

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Haifa, Dec. 22.—Seven Bedouins were arrested today for trying to plow the land at Kfar Yehoshua, the scene of last week's fracas. The prisoners are said to belong to a tribe other than that which invaded the American Zion Commonwealth land last week.

## Police Ban Jewish Ploughers on Jewish-Owned Infat Lands

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Dec. 22.—The police of Hederah today ordered the Jewish cultivators to discontinue plowing the land at Infat, but did not interfere with the Arab ploughers doing the same. A recent court decision regarding this dispute of land had decided that it was the property of Jews who had bought it. Last week a group of Arabs sold 35 dunams of the Infat lands.

## Paterson Y's Emergency Drive Goes Over Top

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paterson, N. J., Dec. 22.—The local Y. M.-Y. W. H. A. which on December 1st, instituted an emergency campaign for \$50,000 has concluded the drive with nearly the entire amount subscribed.

Represented in the grand total were four \$1,000 contributions from prominent Gentiles. Also in the final total is the ten per cent of the amount subscribed, which was promised by Philip Dimond, president of the institution and also the New Jersey Federation of Y. M.-Y. W. H. A's.

## 65 Jewish Laborers Arrested in Dispute Between Planters and Laborers at Petach Tikvah

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Tel Aviv, Dec. 22.—The negotiations between the orange-planters and the Jewish laborers initiated by the Vaad Leumi have thus far been unproductive of results, Pinchas Rutenberg reported to the Vaad Leumi meeting here which heard reports from both sides on the conflicts at Ness Ziona and Petach Tikvah. The labor representative intimated that labor was willing to negotiate all controversial issues if the planters undertook to engage all the unemployed.

The conflict between the Jewish workers and the orange-planters at Petach Tikvah has led to wholesale arrest and conviction of workers by a magistrate especially brought from Tel Aviv to try the cases, following a charge that the laborers had attacked the houses of two planters. British police were also rushed there from Jaffa.

Sixty-five laborers were arrested at Petach Tikvah for picketing the orange-groves and sentenced to one month in prison or ten dollars for security for good behavior during the year. Two members of the labor secretariat were remanded for trial on a charge of threatened murder.

The difficulties between the workers and the planters resulted from the latter's unwillingness to pay what the laborers consider a wage compatible with minimum requirements.

## Comzet to Settle 6,000 Jews on Land at Bira Bidjan, Crimea

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Dec. 22.—Plans for the 1931 campaign to settle city Jews on land in Crimea and in Bira-Bidjan were formulated at today's session of the Comzet, the government department to settle Jews on land, following the closing of the conference of the Ozet, a society occupied with similar settlement work.

The Comzet decided to transport 4,500 Jews to Crimea and 1,419 to Bira-Bidjan during the year. It also decided to rush the campaign in order to enable the newcomers' participation in the spring sowing.

The army of newcomers to the land will be accompanied by a special brigade of expert workers as instructors in farming. The Comzet also voted that the sowing area in 1931 be increased to 42,500 hectares in Crimea and to 4,000 hectares in Bira-Bidjan, amounting to an increase over last year of 7,000 hectares in Crimea and 1,350 in Bira-Bidjan. It was also announced today that a large lumber plant was opened in Bira-Bidjan where the newcomers will find immediate employment.

## Weizmann Says 17th Z. O. Congress May Be Postponed

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Dec. 22.—The 17th Zionist Congress, scheduled for next February, may be postponed, according to a statement made today by Dr. Chaim Weizmann, resigned president of the World Zionist Organization, reporting at a meeting of the political Commission of the Jewish Agency for Palestine.

Dr. Weizmann said that there is no useful purpose in holding the Congress in February because the negotiations between representatives of the Jewish Agency and the English government are likely to be unfinished until April, since the Cabinet committee must submit its conclusion to the Cabinet for approval and for publication. Dr. Weizmann expressed the opinion that the actual negotiations with the Cabinet committee will be concluded by the end of February and was in general optimistic about the outcome of the negotiations.

Dr. Weizmann also reported that Arthur Henderson, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, will have another meeting with representatives of the Jewish Agency before he proceeds to Geneva to participate in the sessions of the Council of the League of Nations, where the Palestine question is expected to come up.

It is likely that some kind of an agreement on certain points will be reached at the next meeting, before Henderson reports to the League Council. He also said that before the next meeting takes place, probably on the 9th of January, he will see Premier MacDonald regarding the Zionist problems.

The question of the coming 17th Zionist Congress was discussed Sunday at a meeting of the administrative committee of the Zionist Organization of America. The opinion of the body was evenly divided concerning the date of the Congress, half insisting that it take place in February as scheduled, the other half favoring postponement, saying that a congress in February would interfere with the Zionist activities, because the active Zionist leaders would have proceeded to the Congress.

## Czech Y.M.C.A. Blames Jews for Crucifixion of Christ

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Prague, Dec. 22.—The publication of an article in the Christmas issue of the Czech-Slovakian Y.M.C.A.'s organ, of an article repeating the legend that the Jews are responsible for the crucifixion of Christ has aroused great indignation among the Jews of this city, and particularly among those who have actively supported the work of the Y.M.C.A.

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### Jewish Question in Germany Discussed in Rathenau Letters

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Dec. 12.—A new series of letters by the late Walter Rathenau, in many of which he discusses the Jewish problem in Germany and elsewhere, has just been published by Carl Reissner of Dresden. In a letter to Von Jagow, dated Berlin, July 7, 1917, Rathenau discusses at length the Jewish problem as follows:

"I see the political side of the Jewish question in the following way. In Germany there live a little more than a half-million Jews, that is, less than one per cent of the population. These can be divided into three equal parts. One-third is thoroughly assimilated or, as I would rather say, regenerated, since a pure race does not breed new characteristics but rather repeats its original ones. Of this regenerated part you know several examples. You know that externally they hardly show any peculiar characteristics and that internally they are devoted and useful German citizens, and that they, as they themselves truly state, have done much more for the upbuilding of German culture and civilization than their number would indicate.

"The other third stands about on the same level as the German middle class, is a bit wealthier than the latter and has preserved a number of specific characteristics, which are spiritually akin to those of the Middle Ages. These people are temporarily getting on our nerves, since their unpleasant characteristics come to the surface while their good qualities are latent. Politically they are part of liberalism and cannot, as I believe, be regarded as harmful to the state. Economically they are indispensable to us.

"The last third is the Jewish proletariat, it too more prosperous than the

### Board of Jewish Deputies Takes Up Problems of Czech Jews

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Dec. 22.—Reports on the Jewish situation in Germany, Austria, Poland, Roumania and Czechoslovakia were considered at today's meeting of the Board of Jewish Deputies.

The Board decided to take a hand in procuring further particulars of the ritual murder libel case now pending in Czechoslovakia and also to consider the difficulties encountered there by Jewish Staatenlose, Jews who lost their citizenship due to the map changes as a result of the World War. Another decision taken was to assist the Czechoslovakian Jews with materials to combat the projected compulsory Sunday closing law, which the Czechoslovakian government intends to enact.

The Deputies also resolved to continue the representations to the Greek government for securing the modification of the Sunday Trading Law, which presses harshly on 80,000 Salonican Jews.

### Palestine to Aid Printing and Shoe Industries by Tariff

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Dec. 22.—Early next year the Palestine government is expected to take action to adapt its custom tariff to meet the needs of the printing industry of the country which employs a considerable number of workers in Tel Aviv and other towns. The boot and shoe industry is also expected to be afforded further protection as a result of the recent protest on the part of shoemakers of all communities against the importation of foreign products.

Meanwhile the Egyptian government has not been moved to reconsider its decision regarding its prohibitive tariff on bananas and oranges from Palestine. As a result of the over-production of cotton the Egyptian government is determined to encourage the growing of fruit. Many prominent Egyptians have begun to grow fruit since the cotton market slumped.

non-Jewish one. Here one finds all medieval Jewish characteristics. They conduct their lives according to ritual and have something oriental in them. A closely-knit family, or clique, spirit keeps them together socially. In a political sense they are, insofar as they do not throw themselves into the arms of extreme radicalism, of practically no consequence, but in no wise anti-national, as the Danes, Poles and certain Alsations.

"Anti-Semitism attacks all three groups, the first because all the faults of nouveau-riche can be ascribed to it, the second because of its competition in trade and the third because of its radicalism. But if one sums up all the negative characteristics of these three groups, one finds that a similar number of Poles carries with it greater civic and cultural dangers, and that it lacks the compensatory qualities which are of benefit to the country."

### San Francisco Mayor Names Committee to Greet Einstein

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

San Francisco, Dec. 22.—Mayor James Rolph Jr., governor-elect of California, has appointed a committee of leading citizens to extend the city's welcome to Prof. Albert Einstein when he arrives here January 3rd on his way to Pasadena. Cooperating in the welcome is the Board of Jewish Ministers of Northern California of which Rabbi Eliot M. Burstein is chairman. That body will present him with a suitable token.

Among those named on the mayor's welcoming committee are Supervisor Jesse C. Colman, Recorder Edmond Godchaux, Mrs. M. S. Koshland, Mrs. Sigmund Stern, Mortimer Fleishhacker, and Raymond Dannenbaum, publisher of The Jewish Journal.

### 2 Leading Conservative Newark Congregations May Merge

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Newark, Dec. 22.—A notable religious merger may be effected here in the possible amalgamation of Temple B'nai Abraham, the largest Conservative Jewish edifice of worship in New Jersey, and Oheb Shalom Synagogue, an equally prominent Conservative congregation. Rumors current here of the probable merger became even more pronounced last night, despite lack of confirmation from congregational officers, when it was learned that a private meeting of leaders of both congregations has been called for next Monday night.

Albert Hollander, president of Temple B'nai Abraham, was reluctant to discuss the proposed plans but he did acknowledge that a meeting has been called. Samuel Schechner, president of Oheb Shalom Synagogue, could not be reached last night, but Ira I. Schwartz, vice-president, termed the proposed action as "very vague" and affirmed his belief that "there is nothing to it."

Like Mr. Hollander, Herman Kussy, former president of Oheb Shalom Synagogue, also acknowledged the fact that a meeting will take place, but asserted that he did not know its purpose. Among those with intimate knowledge of Jewish affairs, the rumors of a possible merger have been persisting for some time.

Temple B'nai Abraham, erected several years ago at a cost said to have exceeded \$1,500,000, includes among its congregants the Hollander family, Louis V. Aaronson, Philip J. Schotland, William S. Rich, and others well known among the local Jewish community.

Oheb Shalom Congregation last April observed its 70th anniversary. The Kussy family, Joseph Stern and others are prominently identified with it.

Those among whom the rumors persisted, advance economy as the basic reason for any possible merger. It would ease any existing financial strain and give Newark a united Conservative Jewry, they assert.

## Argentine Raises Visa Price to Restrict Immigration

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Buenos Aires, Dec. 22—In order to restrict immigration to the Argentine the government today issued a telegraphic decree to all its European consuls ordering them to raise the price of visas to \$33.00. The government also asked its consuls to inform all prospective immigrants of the difficulties of obtaining employment in the Argentine due to unemployment and the economic crisis.

## Jews Manhandled at Showing of Monarchist Talking Film

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Dec. 22—A score or more of Jews were manhandled yesterday by Hitlerites during the showing of the film "The Flute Concert of Sans-Souci." When some persons in the audience raised audible objections to the monarchist propaganda in the picture, the Hitlerites raised the cry of "out with the Jews."

The performance was interrupted until the police ejected the trouble-makers. After the performance an altercation ensued in front of the theatre and order was not restored until the police had arrested 12 persons.

## Yiddish Theatres Reopen as Managers and Unions Settle

Eight Yiddish theatres in Greater New York opened last night after being closed for two weeks owing to differences between theatrical managers and labor unions over wage scales. Last night benefit performances, which will be repeated tonight, were given in these theatres, which will open their regular performances tomorrow night, Christmas eve. One of the nine theatres which closed two weeks ago will not as yet re-open.

The theatres which have reopened and their attractions are: Maurice Schwartz's Yiddish Art Theatre, "Uncle Moses"; Public Theatre, "Eretz Yisrael," starring Boris Thomashefsky; Molly Picon Theatre, "The Girl of Yesterday," the Downtown National Theatre, "Russian Love," starring Aaron Lebedeff; Prospect Theatre, "I Want a Child," starring Michael Michalevsky; the Rolland Theatre, Brooklyn, "I Want a Child"; the Brooklyn Lyric Theatre, "The Jolly Bridegroom"; and the Odeon Theatre, "A Wife Like My Mother."

## Chancellor Rejects Plea to Appoint Jewish Judge

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Haifa, Dec. 22—High Commissioner Chancellor today told a Jewish delegation that he saw no reason for supporting their demand that a Jew be appointed to fill the vacant judgeship in the northern district court. The post was formerly filled by a Jew who has resigned.

## Hope for Improvement in Economic Situation of Polish Jewry Seen by Fishman

Hope for an improvement in the present economic situation of Polish Jewry as a result of last week's conference in this country between the American Jewish Committee and the Polish Ambassador to the United States, is seen by Jacob Fishman in an editorial in yesterday's Jewish Morning Journal. The establishment of friendly relations between representative American Jews and the Polish Ambassador here is the only way which can lead to the amelioration of the present terrible economic sufferings of Polish Jewry, in the opinion of Mr. Fishman.

"One should first of all bear in mind," says Fishman, "that the Pilsudski government will in all probability remain in power for quite a few more years. For the first time Pilsudski's government has received a clear majority in the last elections to the Polish parliament."

"It is again a fact that Jewish politics in Poland, as it was formerly represented in the Jewish Parliamentary Club, is completely paralyzed and will probably remain in this condition as long as the present Sejm will be in existence. Thus the Jewish political leaders in Poland have virtually lost their contact with the leaders of the Polish government and with the governing spheres."

"Fortunately there are two factors which are of some comfort for the Polish Jews. First is the fact that Pilsudski, in spite of all his faults, is still far from being an anti-Semite. He is not in agreement with the Jewish political leaders of Poland, but there is still a great difference between him and the other Polish politicians. In the second place there is the fact that Poland wishes to maintain the good will of the Jews in America, since Ambassador Filipowicz understands very well the considerable Jewish influence exerted in American political and financial circles."

"We therefore greet with satisfaction the steps which have been taken here for better Polish-Jewish relations. The promises to abolish the Tsaristic laws and to relieve the enormous tax burdens of Polish Jewry mean something, and we hope that Poland will soon fulfill the promises given by its Ambassador here."

## Says First Woman Doctor Was Jewess, Rebecca Zerline

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Amsterdam, Dec. 22—The first woman physician in the world was a Jewish girl, Rebecca Zerline, it was disclosed here by Dr. Oscar Leibowitz, director of the Hamburg Sanitarium, in an address before the Historical Society of Netherland Jews. Dr. Leibowitz said that Dr. Zerline was considered a famous oculist in her time. As early as 1430 she practiced at Frankfurt and her name is well known in the history of medicine in the middle ages.

## Contradictory Reports as to Status of Yemenite Jews Being Probed by Alliance Israelite

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, Dec. 12 (By mail).—Contradictory reports as to the conditions of the Jews of Yemen are being investigated by the Alliance Israelite Universelle. A committee of Yemenite Jews who had made their way to Palestine came to Paris recently to seek aid for their friends in Yemen. They stated that the ruler of Yemen, Iman Yahia, was a despot, that the Jews were practically slaves, that Jews are forbidden to emigrate, and that Jewish orphans are forced to adopt the religion of Islam. Reports of recent Jewish and non-Jewish travellers who passed through Yemen do not support this picture, as they declare the Jews of Yemen to be unpersecuted, and not badly off.

The Alliance sent an investigator to Yemen in 1910 to study the Jewish tribes, who are said to be descendants of tribes of Biblical times. M. Y. Semach, the investigator, recommended the establishment of a school in Sanaa, the capital. "But," says the Alliance, "the unfavorable attitude of the Iman Yahia, despotic ruler of that country, prevented us from executing that project."

### Many Emigrate

During recent years several thousand of Jews have found their way from that far, difficult country to Palestine. A number of them were recently stranded in Aden, in the most abject misery. The Alliance sent a hundred pounds to their relief.

Joseph Kessel, a noted Parisian journalist, is quoted for having, on a recent trip through that country, investigated that charge that the Jews were virtually slaves.

"The Jews are restricted in the possession of property, and are not permitted to hold government office or to be in the army. But they suffered more stringent restrictions under the czars of Russia," says Joseph Kessel. "Though the native mountain warriors, the Arabs, consider the Jews as an inferior people, they nevertheless do not hold them as slaves."

A non-Jew who travelled in Yemen this year reported to the society that "Under the Turkish regime no Jew had a right to ride a horse, but might only ride a donkey, and the Jew had to descend from his mount when he passed an Arab. But these humiliating laws have disappeared. The Jews live freely and are on excellent terms with the Arabs. The Arabs look down on them, but that is the case in all Arabia."

"It is said their children were taken from their arms and converted. A rabbi assured me that he had never heard of such a case."

"The Jewish quarter of Sanaa is remarkably clean. The Jewish women take better care of their children than do the Arab women. The Jews take more care with their food, and eat better than do the Arabs."

## Draft of Arab Reply to White Paper Rejects Legislature and Demands Immigration Ban

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Dec. 22.—An intimation of the contents of the long-delayed official Arab reply to the White Paper is given by the Arab paper, Al Hayat. A full session of the Arab Executive yesterday spent the entire day considering the reply and it is expected to be made public shortly. The organ of the Grand Mufti, Al-Jamea Al Arabia, considers the reply, as revealed by Al Hayat, useless, because of the numerous explanations by the British government to calm the Jews.

Sir Herbert Samuel left Palestine in 1925 with a horizon as dark as when he came in 1920, the Arab statement says, according to the Al Hayat. The civil administration is unnecessarily large, the fellah is too heavily taxed and prices fell when Sir Herbert banned the export of cereals, the Arab statement says. It recalls that the visit of the first Arab delegation to London resulted in the White Paper of 1922 which the MacDonald government has now confirmed, recognizing that the acquisition of 1,000,000 dunams by the Jews has injured Arab interests.

Dr. Weizmann's objections to the latest White Paper are inconsistent with his acceptance of the previous document which exceeded the Mandate when it envisaged assistance for the Jewish National Home to which there is no end unless Great Britain intends to remain in Palestine forever, the statement says.

The Arabs also reject Arab-Jewish cooperation, insisting that peace will not be restored until national government is granted the same as in Syria and Iraq. The British government has increased the garrison and elaborated plans for defense of the Jewish colonies, the statement complains, but all policies resting on force are bound to fail, it adds. The Arabs are dissatisfied with the proposed legislative council which they are ready to oppose until their demands are fully granted. They also demand a law forbidding the transfer of land to the Jews without the High Commissioner's approval and a ban on immigration so long as a single Arab is unemployed.

## Sees Acquittal of Anti-Semites Encouraging More Hooliganism

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, Dec. 22.—The acquittal of all the students who participated in the anti-Semitic riots on December 9th and 10th on the occasion of the anniversary of the establishment of the anti-Semitic Student Movement is considered "a premium encouraging hooliganism" by the Bucharest newspaper Lupta. "If stern measures are not taken the students will soon become the terrors of the entire country," the Lupta opines.

## Krass Rejects Holmes' Idea Christ's Name Be Inscribed On Walls of Synagogues

"The modern Jew does not reject Jesus because the church monopolizes him, as Dr. Holmes says, but because our ancestors found no place for him in our tradition."

This was the statement made by Dr. Nathan Krass, rabbi of Temple Emanu-El, in a sermon delivered on Sunday which was in answer to a sermon delivered on November 16th by Rev. John Haynes Holmes, pastor of the Community Church, in which Mr. Holmes had discussed the question, "If I Were a Jew." Rabbi Krass insisted that Mr. Holmes, as a Gentile, was incapable of comprehending the "inner feeling" of the Jewish race, and criticized Mr. Holmes' suggestion that Christ's name be inscribed on the walls of the Jewish synagogue as the "greatest of Israel's prophets."

"How can a Jew be loyal to his tradition and be a Jewish Christian and a Christian Jew?" said Rabbi Krass. "Dr. Holmes does not understand the psychology of the Jewish religion. It is not a religion of men, but for men. The Jewish tradition consists of the ineluctable conception of God which no struggle in Israel's history, no conflict with idolatry, could ever change. We do not put the name upon our walls of Moses, or Isaiah, or Jeremiah, because we are not interested in the prophet, but in what he said. We do not celebrate men, from a religious point of view. The central figure in our religion is God."

"The great psychological fallacy which lies in thinking oneself into somebody else is the reason why John Haynes Holmes can never hope to understand what it means to be a Jew. To be a Jew means to have an inner experience, not merely the outward recognition that the inner experience is there. To know Judaism by reading a Jewish book no more makes one a Jew than my reading the New Testament made me a Christian."

## Haint Attaches Importance to Filipowicz' N. Y. Statement

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Dec. 22.—Great importance is attached by the Yiddish daily, Haint, to the statement by Titus Filipowicz, Polish ambassador to the United States, that Poland intends to increase the percentage of Jews employed in state enterprises and in state offices. In a conference with officials of the American Jewish Committee in New York, Mr. Filipowicz admitted that the proportion of Jews in these offices was not just and that his government was planning to increase the percentage and to influence the various municipalities to do likewise.

Seeing only a moral value in the promised annulment of the Czaristic restrictions and finding it remarkable that Mr. Filipowicz' statement was made in the United States instead of in Poland, the Haint says that the Jews can now expect actual deeds.

## 1,000 Parents Urge New Hebrew Classes in City High Schools

About 5,000 parents of high school and under-graduate elementary school children attended a demonstration Sunday night at the Thomas Jefferson High School, Brooklyn, which was arranged by the League of the Jewish Youth for the purpose of familiarizing the community with the experiment of teaching Hebrew in the city high schools which is now being tried by the Board of Education of New York.

The speakers appealed to the parents and children to support the experiment and to demand that more classes be opened in other high schools. Although the audience was warned that no college entrance recognition has yet been procured for Hebrew the enthusiasm for Hebrew in the high schools was unlimited. When a message was received from Dr. Elias Lieberman, principal of Thomas Jefferson High School, testifying to the successful experiment which is being made in his school the applause lasted for many minutes.

About 1,000 parents signed cards requesting further information and indicating a desire to have their own children take Hebrew in the schools.

Judah Lapson, director of the League, acted as chairman. The speakers were Joseph Bragin, principal of the Hebrew High School and Chas. A. Cowen, Zionist orator.

## TO THE HOLDERS OF Estimated 20-Year Sinking Fund 6½% Public Improvement Sterling Bonds of the Township of Tel-Aviv, Jaffa, Palestine

Notice is hereby given that the Township of Tel-Aviv has called for drawing as of January 1, 1931, the following bonds for payment at par:

Class A—\$100 Denomination				
No.	76	223	230	311
77	224	300	308	330
212	229	304	309	366
Class B—\$50 Denomination				
No.	45	47	38	61
82	205	258	318	493
84	209	262	320	494
145	253	264	384	495
147	254	316	490	509
Class D—\$10 Denomination				
No.	5	8	154	170
6	137	169	173	291
Class E—\$5 Denomination				
No.	21	164	259	319
53	184	276	334	408
55	250	284	345	420
159	258	308	382	424

Bonds can be presented for payment at the office of the Anglo-Palestine Company, Limited, of Jaffa, Palestine, or at the office of Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Trust Department, 140 Broadway, New York City. Payment will be made in the event bonds are presented at the office of Guaranty Trust Company of New York, at par based on the current rate of exchange of Sterling for the day of presentation. Coupons due January 1, 1931, are to be detached and collected in the usual manner.

Holders are further notified that interest on the called bonds ceases on and after the drawing.

By order of Council of the  
TOWNSHIP OF TEL-AVIV,  
JAFFA, PALESTINE.  
Dated: Jaffa, Palestine, December 23, 1930.

Keep "regular" with  
**EX-LAX**  
The Chocolated Laxative