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## Jewish Shops Damaged in Bucharest as Students Riot; Foil Invasion of Synagogue

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, Dec. 11.—Scores of Jewish shops in Bucharest were attacked last night by anti-Semitic students during the celebrations attending the eleventh anniversary of the founding of the student movement. While emergency police measures had maintained order throughout the day nightfall was the signal for a gathering of the students who methodically smashed the windows of every store that had a Jewish name on it.

Considerable damage was caused at the Dudesi and Grivtzei store, the largest Jewish-owned shop in the city. The rioting then spread to other parts of the city as the students sought to invade Jewish houses but were checked by the police. A number of the students were arrested and immediately hauled to court.

While order was reestablished within an hour the students gathered again in an attempt to demonstrate in front of the King's palace but were dispersed by the police. A delegation of the students to interview cabinet members at that late hour to protest against the severe measures met but with a sharp refusal.

Throughout the day the peace was kept in all parts of the country. In the evening however, Cuzists invaded the Sephardic synagogue in Klausenberg and sought to steal the Torah scrolls. They were immediately arrested by the police. In Czernowitz a crowd of Cuzists invaded the Jewish quarter and began insulting and maltreating passing Jews but were quickly repulsed by the Jews who organized an impromptu self-defense squad.

## Sees Minorities Problem Solved Only in Russia

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Dec. 11.—The Soviet Union is the only country in the world where the national minorities problem has been completely solved and where Jewish economic prospects are hopeful, said Sh. Diamenstein, presiding director of the Jewish department of the national minorities council of the central executive committee of the Communist party, at the opening of the annual All-Union Conference of the Ozet, society for settling the Jews on the land.

More than 150 delegates, including representatives from the United States, Latvia, Australia and Denmark are in attendance. Dwelling on Zionism, Diamenstein declared it "is completely smashed by the White Paper, notwithstanding the fact that it serves as a tool in the hands of English imperialism."

## Reveal Hitlerite Leader Is Son of Converted Jew

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Dec. 11.—The discovery of official documents today proving that Arnold Broenner, prominent leader of the German National Socialists, is the son of a converted Galician Jew, leaves Broenner open to expulsion from the party. Members of Hitler's party must be able to show that they are descendant from at least ten generations of pure Aryans.

According to the documents found here, Broenner, who is also a poet, is the son of Ferdinand Broenner whose Jewish name was Eliezer Feivel Broenner. Arnold Broenner's paternal grandfather was Usiel Broenner and his paternal grandmother was Esther Hinde. Arnold Broenner was born in the Galician township of Osceim and his father was converted in 1886 in Vienna.

The revelation of Broenner's Jewish origin has aroused tremendous interest here in view of a suit brought by him against the Ullstein Press in Germany which recently said that he came of a Jewish family. Broenner's reply to this assertion was to file suit. The Austrian chapter of the League to Combat Anti-Semitism has interested itself in the matter and through Chaim Block, a Jewish writer, copies of the official records were sent today to the Berlin chapter of the League where they will be used when the suit against Ullstein Press comes to trial.

## Professor Einstein, Returning to America After Nine Years, Defines Forces Keeping Modern Jew United with His Race

Prof. Albert Einstein, his shock of white hair standing like an aura about his head, marched into his cabin and said, "Don't we have to eat?" He looked at his wife, questioning, like a boy asking for more cake after dinner.

The hundred and forty-seven photographers, radio men, reporters, and telegraph men who had invaded the Belgenland at 8 a. m. yesterday morning had departed. Prof. Einstein had stood the ordeal very well. He had bantered, jested good-humoredly with them, astonished them with his facile wit, and posed for almost all the pictures they wanted. The serious questions he had dodged. "I won't answer any questions on Palestine," he had announced, "because every paper will have my answer a different way."

But just now he decided to discuss Zionism and the Jewish question before going down to lunch. Frau Einstein said, "Certainly, you have to eat!" But the mathematician had already seated himself before the glowing fireplace. His first exclusive American interview was given to a representative of the Jewish

## Hitlerites Threaten Tattooing for Christian Women Seen in Company of Jewish Men

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Dec. 11.—The first public protest against the National Socialists anti-Semitic propaganda in restaurants, cafes and other public places was launched here today by the Central Association of German Citizens of the Jewish Faith.

Openly inciting restaurant patrons against Jews in eating places, the Hitlerites have plastered the tables and walls of scores of restaurants with signs saying "German girls ought to be ashamed to sit next to a Jew. Shove him off to his dark Sarahs and Rebecas." Christian women sitting next to Jews or men who look like Jews were handed little cards that say "it is unworthy for a German woman to associate with Jews. If our warning is not effective we will publish your name."

The Nazis' cards go so far as to threaten with tattooing Christian women associating with Jews. The Nazis organ in Ingolstadt today publishes a list of local girls associating with Jews. The president of the Ingolstadt Hitlerite organization, M. Bergler, a prominent railway official, has sent threatening letters to the parents of all girls seen in the company of Jews.

The 97th desecration of a Jewish cemetery was reported today from the Ruhr town of Hattingen. Fourteen tombstones were demolished.

Telegraphic Agency.

He was asked to define the forces that keep a modern Jew united with his race.

**Blood-Stock Factor Among Jews**  
"Every human commonwealth has its roots in a shared tradition or in the observance of a common way of life," he said. "The blood-stock may be a strong factor in the preservation of this sense of unity, as it is among our Jewish people, but a national human group may exist without ties of blood." "For example," said Prof. Einstein, "the American people are emerging as a national type, although they have no common blood-stock."

"A human group-unity," said Prof. Einstein, picking his words, and using long German words that have no exact equivalent in English, "is affected by the common historic past of the group, by certain distinct psychic traits developed in the people by this historic experience, and by a common understanding of morality, and way of life. The basis of this moral understanding is absorbed

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**Jewish Deputies in Sejm  
Demand Repeal of Czaristic  
Laws and Committee Posts**  
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Dec. 11.—A demand that the Sejm annul the Czaristic restrictions against the Jews of Poland which are still operative was made today by the Jewish parliamentary Club in the lower house of the Polish parliament. The leaders of the club pointed out that the last Sejm had passed a second reading of the bill repealing these anachronistic laws.

The club also demanded a change in the Sejm regulations that do not grant membership to minority groups on parliamentary committees unless they have at least ten members. The club urged that minority clubs should receive representation on the committees without regard to their numbers.

At a conference between M. Switalski, speaker of the Sejm, and Deputy Henry Rosmarin, vice-president of the Jewish club, Rosmarin explained the club's demands, emphasizing that even if the Jewish club is small in numbers it is nevertheless representative of a national minority and as such is entitled to committee rights. Switalski promised to consider the club's demands.

**Deny Grant of Manganese  
and Copper Concessions**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Dec. 11.—The report that the Palestine government had granted concessions for the development of valuable manganese and copper deposits in the Akaba region of the Red Sea is not true, it is officially stated. Only prospecting licenses have been granted to the two Englishmen who were alleged to have received exploitation permits. The statement that the copper and manganese deposits are worth \$125,000,000 is exaggerated, the deposits being extremely limited.

**Professor Einstein, Returning to America After Nine Years,  
Defines Forces Keeping Modern Jew United with His Race**

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in youth-time, and therefore its characteristic outlines remain firmly fixed through life."

**Group Unity Active**

"Among our Jewish people, this group-unity is made active not only through our religious tradition, but through certain other factors that we all feel, but which are very difficult to define."

Here Prof. Einstein paused. His life-work, in a sense, is to define things that seem to escape definition. His hand was against his cheek. A tiny shaving-scar showed on the cheek. He rubbed his forehead, and passed his hand along his hair.

He dropped, for a moment, the tone of a man formally formulating thoughts. "It can't be defined," he said. "No, it is a quality that we feel, I feel it, we all feel it. But there are no words for it."

At this moment the cabin-boy, for the second time, announced that lunch was being served. Frau Einstein seemed anxious. But the Professor wanted to go on with his discussion. "What shall the Jew do about this sense of being a Jew?" he was asked.

"The Jew must seek to clarify this feeling, and realize himself as an integral part of his group. He must exert himself, and devote a part of his energy to furthering the determination of that sense of being a Jew. What will be his reward? The labor in itself will be a reward, just as gold is the product of the labor of the gold-miner. How is the Jew to reach this determination of himself as a Jew? Each man must find his own way of expressing that feeling."

**Jews Must Better Moral Good**

Professor Einstein defined two ways in which the Jew may work toward the clarification of his racial feeling. "The first is for him to take part with his fellows, so that their mutual help may aid him in securing the general understanding of Judaism. The second is to try to make secure, and to better the moral good. That is, in every way of human action."

Prof. Einstein was again—and this time anxiously—reminded of his lunch.

He went on. "All this discussion has no relation to the political life of the Jewish people. This is not a form for political determination."

It is generally known that Prof. Einstein is a devoted Zionist. His first public utterance on reaching America was made through Avukah, the American student Zionist association. On Friday, he is to receive a delegation of the Zionist Organization of America and the Jewish National Fund. On Saturday, he will speak again over the radio for Avukah, giving his views on Palestine.

Something of his devotion to Palestine is understood by his explanation of the relationship of Zionism to this general conception of Jew-being. "I think the greatest worth of Zionism is that it builds up again the self-re-

spect of the Jew, that has been weakened through various forces active in the world; it carries the Jew onward toward self-respect, in spite of the strife that the Jew encounters all over the globe. Because of Zionism, a new Jewish solidarity is felt."

Zionism, however, cannot solve the Jewish economic problem, he stated. "The up-building of Palestine can never solve that part of the Jewish question as the size of the country is limited."

**Looks to American Jewry**

He looks to American Jewry as a great power in determining the future of the race, as "American Jewry is more secure in an economic way than any other part of the Jewish people, and American Jewry has suffered less politically in the last ten years than any other part of the Jewish people."

He would not, however, discuss the possible spiritual contribution of the Americans.

He was asked whether he thought

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**Swedish King Bestows Nobel  
Prize on Karl Landsteiner**  
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Stockholm, Sweden, Dec. 11.—Prof. Karl Landsteiner, Jewish medical man from the United States, received two Nobel prizes yesterday from King Gustave of Sweden for the year 1930. Landsteiner received the prizes for accomplishments in the fields of physiology and medicine. During the ceremony Rector Hedren highly praised Prof. Landsteiner's work, declaring that his blood-test discoveries have saved thousands of human lives.

Local newspapers, while mentioning the fact that during the presentation of the prizes Swedish students waved the national flags of Austria, recall the fact that Landsteiner, who was born in Austria, was persecuted in his own country because he was a Jew. They also mention the fact that Landsteiner was not admitted into German universities because he refused to be baptized into Christianity. Prof. Landsteiner had to endure continual hardships in Europe until he was invited by the Rockefeller Institute in the United States, where he could conduct his scientific researches undisturbed.

**Montreal Council Would  
Bar Aliens From City Jobs**  
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Montreal, Dec. 11.—The city council today adopted a motion requesting the executive to take the necessary steps to insert a clause in the by-laws of the city's charter obliging contractors on city works to employ only Canadian citizens. The motion was strongly attacked by Alderman Joseph Schubert who pointed out that it would affect between 20,000 and 25,000 people who are not yet naturalized.

The motion, which is now in the hands of the executive committee, was termed "inhuman" by Alderman Schubert.

## Urges Children Be Told of Louis Marshall's Work On His 74th Birthday, Sunday

That children in Talmud Torahs and Jewish Sunday schools should be told this coming Sunday, December 14th, which is the 74th birthday of the late Louis Marshall, of the achievements of Louis Marshall for the welfare of world Jewry, is the suggestion made by ex-Congressman Isaac Siegel in a letter to the editor of the Jewish Daily Bulletin. Mr. Siegel also suggests that Mr. Marshall's services to Jewry be remembered by Y. M. H. A.'s and Jewish Centers throughout the United States.

"I know of no finer way to remember the extraordinary great service which this Prince in Israel rendered to all of us than to have the various Talmud Torahs and Sunday school religious classes told this coming Sunday and every year thereafter, of his great and unforgettable achievements," writes Mr. Siegel. "He, of all men, tried to impress parents with the great necessity of giving children a true religious education."

"His interest in the Y. M. H. A.'s work and in Jewish Centers was very well known. Would it not be a fitting tribute to also have the Y. M. H. A.'s and Jewish Centers throughout the land have their club leaders on Sunday next refer to his brilliant career both as Jew, citizen and as lawyer? In this manner, the rising generations will have brought home to them very vividly the lovable memory and doings of one who fearlessly participated in every just cause for more than thirty years.

"Next Sunday the Metropolitan League of Y. M. H. A.'s and Jewish Centers, and the Jewish Education Association will hold meetings to advance their work. The name of Louis Marshall, who encouraged both movements, will undoubtedly be in the minds of all those who attend.

"Chanukah comes in the same night. Who amongst the Jews of the past three decades typified that spirit more than Louis Marshall? Indeed, what we need right now in this community is more men of his type who have the courage to unselfishly render public and communal service, and who, by their rugged character, will continue to command the respect of all."

## Margolin to Lecture On Czarist and Soviet Russia (Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Boston, Dec. 11—The Massachusetts State Department of Education invited Dr. Arnold Margolin, former judge of the Supreme Court of Appeals in Ukraine and now a member of the Massachusetts Bar, to deliver at the State University Extension in Boston a course of lectures on "Russia—Czarist and Soviet."

Dr. Margolin intends to deliver in the next semester a special course on "Marxism versus Socialism," with the purpose of bringing some light into this field of confusion and prejudices.

## Professor Einstein, Returning to America After Nine Years, Defines Forces Keeping Modern Jew United with His Race

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Jewish youth should learn to speak Hebrew. "The Jews should certainly have a language," he said. "I am not sufficiently acquainted with that problem to say which language should be theirs."

Then Frau Einstein, with the aid of the cabin-boy on his third or fourth visit, managed to get the Professor to realize that he really should eat lunch. He arose.

"We will speak some more about these problems," he said.

### Greeted by German Consul

Earlier in the morning, as the Belgenland drew near shore, it had been boarded by what seemed to be the hungriest crew of newspapermen that ever pounced on a foreign celebrity. Prof. Einstein, accompanied by his wife, and by his assistant Dr. Walter Mayer, emerged. He was greeted by Dr. von Levisky, German Consul General and by Dr. Carl Schwartz, local German consul. Hendrik Van Loon, celebrated historian, and a fellow-passenger, completed the titanic body-guard.

Prof. Einstein had evidently prepared himself for the ordeal. He remained affable. He answered, or rather cleverly side-tracked, all questions. Such "scientific" queries as "can you define the fourth-dimension in one word?" he gaily parried, saying, "I am not a spiritualist!" His laughter was more easy than that of anyone else in the room. His wife's laughter, too, was free, and long, and good to hear.

Prof. Einstein said that it would take him three days to give a "popular" explanation of his theory of relativity, but he reassured those present, insisting that this theory, or any other philosophical conception, could have "no effect whatsoever on the course of civilization."

He was asked of the force of religion in promoting world peace. "So far," he said, "it seems to me religion has been of no help in promoting peace, but of course I am no prophet."

### No Friend of Hitler

Someone asked him what he thought of Hitler. "I'm no friend of his!" he said, and chuckled. Dr. Mayer amplified the Professor's statement, saying it was his belief that the anti-Semitic utterances of the Hitlerites were not truly representative of German feeling.

Prof. Einstein said, "Hitler is living on the empty stomach of the German people. The instant that stomach is filled, Hitler's party will find no more do."

Then Prof. Einstein was urged to pose for the talkies. He balked. He wouldn't talk. At last he consented to pose, but insisted that his wife and his assistant, and some friends on board go with him. "I can't do it alone," he pleaded. He stood for the talkies, his fine white hair blowing in the cold morning wind. His massive head, in the open of the deck, was strangely powerful. One didn't need to know he

was Prof. Einstein to realize he was a man of genius. To look at the head was enough.

After that, he was rushed into the drawing room to speak his welcome to America. George M. Hyman, executive secretary of Avukah, said, "Professor Einstein is first and foremost a student, and it is a deep satisfaction to know that he unites with American professors and other university authorities in showing his interest in our movement."

Prof. Einstein will remain on the Belgenland as it waits over in New York for four days. Then he will proceed to Pasadena. He will remain in America altogether about six weeks, consulting with mathematicians and physicists.

## 200 Jewish Ex-Nepmen On Trial in Odessa

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Dec. 11—Two hundred Jewish ex-nepmen were put on trial in Odessa today for failure to pay the heavy taxes levied on them when they were engaged in trading. The accused maintain that they are unable to pay the taxes as they have been completely ruined. They also claim that they had not traded for very long.

Most of these on trial were great merchants during the period when private trading was permitted but are now mostly declassed Jews. They owe taxes of between fifteen and fifty thousand rubles each. At present none of them own more than personal and household effects which cannot be confiscated for failure to pay taxes.

The court is to determine which of the accused are to be released as being unable to pay and which are to be considered as deliberate tax-shirkers. Those found guilty of the latter charge face a stiff prison term. At today's session of the trial the state attorney spent considerable time in seeking to establish where the accused obtained the means for livelihood since private trading was abolished several years ago.

## Joseph Schlossberg Back From Palestine Visit

Joseph Schlossberg, General Secretary of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union, returned yesterday to this country from an extended visit to Palestine and Europe. Mr. Schlossberg was a member of the American-Jewish labor delegation which participated in the first world congress on behalf of Palestine Jewish labor.

Mr. Schlossberg spent five weeks in Palestine where he studied the life of the Jewish workers in the various workers' colonies and institutions. Mr. Schlossberg expressed himself very enthusiastically over the things he saw during his Palestine stay. Mr. Schlossberg will report on his trip at a mass meeting which will be held next week under the auspices of the National Labor Committee on Behalf of the Palestine Jewish Workers.

## Jewess Named Justice By Massachusetts Governor

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Boston, Dec. 11—Mrs. Sadie Lipner Shulman, lawyer and civic worker, was today appointed special justice of the municipal court in Dorchester by Governor Frank G. Allen. Mrs. Shulman, who is 39 years old, is the first Jewish woman judge in Massachusetts. An active and successful trial lawyer, she was for four years assistant corporation counsel of the city of Boston. In 1929, she was admitted to practice in the United States Supreme Court.

## Brill Decorated By Emperor of Abyssinia

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, Dec. 11—Sammy Brill, French cameraman today received word from Abyssinia that Emperor Ras Tafari had conferred on him the Order of Negus Negesti for filming the recent coronation ceremonies at Adas Ababa. Brill achieved fame last year by being the only photographer to take actual shots of the Palestine riots.

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## Jewish Health Society Goes to Court for Construction Permit

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Yonkers, N. Y., Dec. 11—The Jewish Mental Health Society has gone to the courts to obtain permission for the construction of a \$150,000 unit at Hastings, near here, the initial move in a \$1,000,000 program planned for the institution. Building inspectors of the village of Hastings have turned down petitions for building permits for the new unit at Hastings Hillside Hospital, conducted and owned by the Jewish Society, on the ground that the proposed addition would be erected in a residential zone. Accordingly the Society has served a writ of mandamus upon the building inspectors, all of whom are members of the Zoning Board, to show cause why the permit should not be issued.

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## Unemployment Adds 2,500 to Free List in Jewish Schools

Reports received from Talmud Torahs of Jewish weekday religious schools in Greater New York and made public yesterday by Bernard Semel, honorary secretary of the Jewish Education Association indicate the fact that the number of pupils in those schools requiring free tuition has increased as a result of the prevailing unemployment by approximately 2,500. The total number of schools embraced in the reports is 282 with a register of 49,000 pupils. This increase, Mr. Semel explained, means an added communal burden of \$125,000 to provide tuition for these children, the cost per annum of instructing a child in a Talmud Torah being \$50.

## Two Jews Elected to Bangor City Council

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Bangor, Me., Dec. 11—In the recent municipal election, two Jews were elected to the Common Council. They are William Viner and Louis Byer, local business men. Both ran as Democrats, while the Republicans carried the mayoralty and most of the other wards.

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