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## Meeting of Z. O. Actions Group and World Congress, Among Demands Made by Revisionists

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Oct. 22—Immediate convocation of the Zionist Actions Committee, the removal of the World Zionist Executive and the creation of an emergency committee entrusted with the conduct of Zionist affairs pending elections for a new executive and the summoning of an ordinary World Zionist Congress are among the demands made by the Zionist Revisionists in view of the crisis in the Zionist movement.

In a statement issued here today the executive of the Revisionists, the opposition to the Weizmann regime with-

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## 15 Polish Jews Arrested as 1,000 Parade Before British Embassy

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Oct. 22—Fifteen Jews were arrested by the Warsaw police last night after a thousand or more Jews had organized an impromptu demonstration in front of the British embassy. The crowd, which included many Zionist pioneers, marched to the embassy shouting anti-British sentiments. The police quickly dispersed the demonstrators.

The Right Poale Zion, the Socialist Zionist Party, today cabled a protest to the Labor Party against the British government's statement. A similar protest was sent to the American Federation of Labor. All of the Zionist groups in the country headed by the Polish Zionist Organization, the Mizrachi and the Histadruth have joined in issuing a call for an All-Poland conference tomorrow to discuss the situation.

As a gesture of defiance 100 immigrants left for Palestine today. A cheering crowd of several thousand gathered at the railway station to bid them God-speed.

## Britain to Announce Measures For Enforcing Passfield Plan; Agency, National Council Meet

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Oct. 22—Announcement of measures definitely restricting or entirely suspending immigration to Palestine as well as prohibiting land sales will probably be made tomorrow in order to give effect to the policy laid down in the British government's White Paper, the Jewish Telegraphic Agency learns.

A fully attended meeting of the Executive of the Jewish Agency and of the Jewish National Council last night which was presided over by Pinchas Rutenberg, chairman of the Council, debated over the White Paper until

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## British Plan Violates Mandate American Members of Agency's Administrative Body Charge

Charging Lord Passfield, British Colonial Secretary, with being blind to the benefits which have flown from Jewish settlements and industries to the whole of Palestine, Jews and Arabs alike, the American members of the Administrative Committee of the Jewish Agency, in an authorized statement issued today through the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, declared that if the British government's statement of its future policy in Palestine is acted upon it will constitute a flagrant violation of the Mandate and a repudiation by the British government of its covenant with the Jewish people and its obligations to the League of Nations.

The meeting of the American members of the Committee also adopted a unanimous resolution regretting the events and circumstances which yesterday compelled the resignation of Felix M. Warburg as chairman of the Administrative Committee. The meeting was attended by Dr. Cyrus Adler, Dr. Lee K. Frankel, Alexander Kahn, Rabbi Gedaliah Bublick, Bernard Flexner, Felix M. Warburg, Judge William M. Lewis, Morris Rothenberg, Berl Locker and Rabbi Wolf Gold, and by invitation Dr. Solomon Lowenstein, David M. Bressler, James N. Rosenberg, Robert Szold, Julius Simon and Joseph C. Hyman.

The authorized statement issued follows:

"With deep regret the American members of the Administrative Committee of the Jewish Agency for Palestine are compelled to express their protest against the future policy in Palestine just announced by the British government. If acted upon, it will constitute a flagrant violation of the Mandate and a repudiation by the British government of its covenant with the Jewish people and its obligations to the League of Nations.

"The new policy purports to be based on a report of a single individual made without special knowledge of conditions in Palestine before the recent

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## Equal Rights for Jews Demanded By Polish Jewish Deputy

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Oct. 22—The abolition of the Czaristic restrictions, a revision of the Sunday closing law, the admission of Jews to all professions, the organization of the Jewish communities in accordance with the requests of the Orthodox leaders, and the use of the Premier's authority to assure actual equal treatment for the Jews of Poland, are demanded by Deputy Kirschbaum in a letter to Premier Pilsudski.

## German Zionists Prepare to Fight Limitations Set by Britain on Palestine Work

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, October 22—"We are ready to take up the fight against the new limitations which the British government has announced with regard to our upbuilding work in Palestine," German Zionist leaders announced here today at an extraordinary session held at the central office of the German Zionist Federation.

Every group in the Zionist movement in Germany was represented at this emergency meeting. In a spirit of unity it was decided that the Jewish upbuilding work in Palestine should be continued in the face of the new obstacles. It was also agreed that it was necessary to strengthen the practical political activities of the Zionist movement.

A telegram expressing sympathy with the Jews in Palestine in this hour of crisis was sent to the Jewish National Council by the session. The telegram declared that the Zionists of Germany will not give up working for the cause of Palestine.

Kurt Blumenfeld, president of the German Zionist Federation, in a statement to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency today said, "The British bureaucracy has been fighting the idea of establishing a Jewish National Home in Palestine from the very first day when

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## London Times Reports U. S. Jews Unanimous in Resenting British Statement on Palestine

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Oct. 22—Reports to the London Times from New York point out that the British government statement on Palestine has stirred American Jewry to a pitch of resentment and bitterness against the British government scarcely reached even at the time of last year's Palestine riots.

"There is indeed reason to believe," the Times correspondent continues, "that the opposition of multifarious Jewish organizations in the United States to the British government's policy will prove more coherent, vigorous and uncompromising than it has ever been before."

The lines along which further action is to be taken were worked out today by the various representatives of Jewish organizations working in a degree of unanimity rare among the Jews in this country.

One Jewish leader in America, the Times' correspondent adds, declared that an anti-British movement will be created in the United States which will be more widespread, more powerful and more dangerous for Great Britain than the Sinn Fein was in the height of its political power.

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## Lehman Fears British Policy May Retard Jewish Palestine Work

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Rochester, Oct. 22—Fear that the work of upbuilding and reconstruction in Palestine will be greatly retarded because of the declaration by the British government of its future policy in Palestine was expressed here today by Lt. Gov. Herbert H. Lehman, a member of the Administrative Committee of the Jewish Agency.

Mr. Lehman, who is making a campaign tour of the state, told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency here today that he was "deeply disturbed and grievously disappointed at the declaration by the British government of its future policy in Palestine. I had looked forward to further comprehensive and successful efforts towards making Palestine a great cultural and spiritual center, to the redeeming of waste spaces and making them fertile again, to developing industry and agriculture, to reforestation, to further successful elimination of disease and to the building up of factories and workshops.

"This program, to which the Jews of the world have eagerly looked forward and which was of incalculable benefit to all of those who live in Palestine, Mohammedan, Christian and Jew alike, will, I am afraid, be greatly retarded."

## Cuzist Parley Banned By Roumanian Government

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, Oct. 22—The scheduled congress of Cuzists, followers of the anti-Semitic Professor Alexander Cuzza, at Soroca and Balta in the next few days will be prohibited by the government. In the meantime the Cuzists are zealously distributing Hitlerist booklets which contain anti-Roumanian propaganda as well as anti-Jewish propaganda since the booklet is for use only in Germany. This has led to a press campaign here against the Cuzists for conducting anti-Roumanian agitation in Roumania.

## 4,000 Jews Boo British Government at Mecca Temple as Speakers Flay British Statement, Terming It "Treacherous Blow"

Four thousand Jews assembled at the Mecca temple on Tuesday evening, booed their resentment at the government of what almost every speaker characterized as the "falling British empire" for its treacherous denial of the promises made in the Balfour Declaration through the new "Passfield program" for Palestine.

With ominous insistence, one speaker after another insisted in pointing out that all the great empires of the past found a Nemesis when they began to "meddle with the Jews." Orators called up the shades of fallen Egypt, and of Syria, and of Rome, and called out to England: "Where are they? And we are here!"

After the crowd had been addressed in English and in Yiddish by Jewish leaders from every sector of Jewish life, left, center, and right expressing themselves with equal violence against "perfidious Albion," and after Louis Lipsky, honorary vice-president of the Zionist Organization of America, had read the scathing resolution to be adopted by the meeting in denunciation of the government of Great Britain, with each speaker seconding the resolution and heaping more burning coals on the heads of the British government, John Haynes Holmes, pastor of the Community Church, raised the crowd roaring to its feet with a remarkable series of virulent accusations. "What has England done to you?" he cried. Then quoted, "When Joab said to Amasa, 'Is it well with thee, my brother?' and took Amasa's beard in his right hand to kiss him, and then smote him with the sword in the body, so that his bowels were shed on the ground," this cruel and perfidious soldier struck no fouler a blow than the cabinet of Great Britain has this day struck at you!"

### De Haas Continues Attack

Jacob de Haas, of the Zionist Organization of America, continued the attack on the labor government, pointing out the tragic irony of the fact that "it had to be a liberal government" that sounded this most imperialistic of pronouncements. "It is not in me to forgive easily this Passfield who was my teacher in radicalism," said the veteran Zionist leader.

Louis Lipsky was no milder. "This is the statement of a weak and falling government that doesn't know its own mind and recedes from one position to another, each position more ignoble than the previous."

Berl Locker, of the Poale Zion thrilled the audience with his insistence on the unyielding stand of the Palestinians. "We have no cannons and no army, we have a stronger force," he said. "We have the force of the undying Jewish will. We have 100,000 Jewish chaltzim in all lands waiting to come to Palestine. And they will come. We will be in Palestine, and not only in Palestine but in the country over the Jordan. We will make the country populous with Jews. We were there before the Mandate, and if

necessary we will be there after the Mandate."

### Szold Presides

Robert Szold presided over the meeting for the Zionist Organization of America. Mrs. Szold, president of Hadassah, was among the speakers. Other speakers were K. Israel of the Jewish Legionnaires of America, Johann Smertenko for the Revisionists, Gedalia Bublik, president of the Mizrahi, Abraham Goldberg, David Rabalsky of the Zeire Zion, and Dr. Louis I. Newman, rabbi of the Temple Sholom, who read a message from Rabbi Stephen S. Wise of the Free Synagogue, who is ill, and closed the meeting with his own observations on Lord Passfield's action, charging that Lord Passfield, "smarting under the rebuke administered by the Mandates committee of the League of Nations, issued this White Paper in retaliation. But England is trifling with destiny when it seeks to bar the Jews from Palestine. Nor the English, but the Jews have an historic right to the land of Israel, and it is not because of the English that the Jews are there, but because of the Jews that the English hold the Mandate. England will find that there is a Nemesis in the persecution of the Jews."

## Appeal to League Is Only Remedy, Says Morrison

"It seems to me that our only remedy lies in an appeal to the League of Nations," reads a statement issued yesterday by Isidore D. Morrison, prominent American Zionist leader, in commenting on the new situation which has arisen in Zionism as a result of the declaration of policy by the British government on Monday. Mr. Morrison does not believe that the American government can do anything, since it is not a member of the League of Nations. An expression of indignation from the American Congress, however, he thinks, may help to arouse British public opinion.

## French, English Oil Interests Compromise on Pipe Line

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Oct. 22—A compromise arrangement by means of which the oil from the Mosul fields in Iraq will be piped in two lines one going to Haifa in Palestine and the other to Tripoli in Syria by way of Aleppo has settled the protracted disagreement between French and English oil interests, according to Paris reports in the London press.

The British controlling Palestine sought to have the Mediterranean pipe line end at Haifa while the French controlling Syria were equally insistent on having the line terminate at Tripoli. The compromise provides that at some as yet undetermined point the pipeline will branch out in two directions, one going to Haifa and the other to Tripoli.

# American Press Advises Jews to Exercise Patience, Frowns On Plan to Move World Zionist Center to U. S., Explains Virtues of Passfield Plan Which Cleveland Plain Dealer Calls "Bungling Remedy"

"The morning after" the shock occasioned by the publication of the "Passfield policy" on Zionism was characterized throughout the United States by a curbing of angry outbursts as the American press and a large section of the Jewish press in America advised the Jews to "swallow the insult," give up forever any hopes of political authority in Palestine, and set themselves to use the world renowned "Jewish patience" in trying to realize, at a much slower pace, the hope of settling a few more Jews in the land of Israel and developing a Hebrew culture there. The American press was quick to take up and fling away the suggestion made "in a moment of haste" by Dr. Chaim Weizmann, the resigning president of the Zionists, that the headquarters of the World Zionist Organization might be transferred from England to America. At this intimation that America might become involved in the Palestine situation, cries of "hands off" were raised.

## Expain Overlooked Virtues

The American press editorials were largely given to explaining the overlooked virtues of the Passfield statement, and advising the Jews to make the best of Zionism within the new limitations. Thus, the New York Times stated, "The claims of 'political Zionism' were always inadmissible. . . . It must have been evident from the first that the building of the Jewish homeland must take the form of colonization. . . . Here, too, experience has shown that the work has moved forward too swiftly. An influx of Jewish immigrants beginning soon after the armistice and reaching a peak of more than 30,000 arrivals in 1925 was followed by a severe economic crisis of which the effects have not yet disappeared. It is far from certain that British cooperation has been withdrawn from a Jewish homeland program based on sober realities."

"One feature of the White Paper is in danger of receiving insufficient attention. That is the government established for Palestine in the form of a legislative Council with virtually a safe appointive majority. That is certainly not a concession to Arabs, who have insisted on the creation of a Parliament. The real danger that such a Parliament would be employed against the legitimate Jewish activities has been met by the British government at the cost of inviting Arab resentment."

The New York Herald-Tribune, after recalling the words of the Churchill Declaration of 1922, in which the British Government stated: "it is essential that (the Jewish People) should know that it is in Palestine as of right and not on sufferance. . . . it is necessary that the Jewish community in Palestine should be able to increase its numbers by immigration" pointed out that while these words are "not explicitly disavowed" by the Passfield statement, "the emphasis is on Arab rights."

"Arab nationalism touches the British Empire at many sensitive points far from Jerusalem. Whatever the reasons, the British government has evidently de-

cided that in the future it will not give much support to Zionism as it has done in the past. The Jews will protest. They have a right to protest, as the Arabs have in the past had a right to protest. But the suggestion made by Dr. Weizmann that Zionist headquarters might be transferred from London to the United States must have been a mere hasty impulse, not at all typical of the Jewish statesman. The Zionist quarrel is with the British government, not with America. Britain is and will continue to be the mandatory power for Palestine, and the Zionists will have to co-operate with Britain in any possible policy concerning the national home in Palestine. To transfer the headquarters to this country, which is to be sure supplies most of the Zionist capital, is not a suggestion which would be welcomed by either the British or the American government; it might even increase the anti-Semitic currents in the world which thoughtful Jews and Gentiles so heartily deplore."

The same fear of America's being involved was expressed by The Star of Washington, D. C. "Dr. Weizmann, possibly in the comprehensible first blush of irritation over yesterday's developments, suggests the eventual result of them may be the transfer of the World Zionist Organization's headquarters to the United States. Now and then the notion has been put forth that Britain's Mandate in Palestine might some day be transferred to the United States. It required little gift of prophecy to predict that there would be slender hope of inducing either the government or the people of the United States to take such a plunge into the bottomless pit of world turmoil."

## Washington Post Agrees with Times

The Washington Post took the views of the New York Times. "A strong admixture of prudence with the zeal of the Zionists will probably reconcile them to the slow pace of development that will be necessary under the new policy," it stated editorially. "Every policy in Palestine must be a compromise. One purpose of the mandate is to establish a national home for the Jews, but this must be done in a way that does not prejudice the position of the Arabs. In attempting to establish a balance between the demands of the two nations, Britain is between the devil and the deep blue sea. The new policy, which has created such a furore in Zionist circles, seems to be an absolute necessity if Palestine is to be developed without further bloodshed."

## World Continues Apologia

The New York World continued the apology for Great Britain. "In 1922 the British Government sought to clarify its understanding of the phrase 'national home'. At that time the government declared that it did not intend to make Palestine 'as Jewish as England is English', and that it did not contemplate 'that Palestine as a whole should be converted into a Jewish national home, but that such a home should be established in Palestine.'"

"With this statement of purposes the latest decisions of the government are not in conflict," says the World.

Arthur Brisbane, in the New York American, said, "The British do not mention it, but they have more than 100,000,000 Mohammedans in the empire, and, at most, three of four million Jews. They do not want to annoy the Mohammedans by irritating Arabs, who are also Mohammedans."

## "Bungling Remedy"

The Cleveland Plain Dealer, however, stood out for the Zionist side. "Impelled by the hostility of world wide criticism of the bungling of the mandate in Palestine, the British government in its White Paper proclaims a remedy much more bungling than the errors of former governments. It is a repudiation of the Balfour agreement and a heavy blow to Zionism. Acceptance of the Palestine Mandate and solemn promises extended to Jews of the world places responsibility on British shoulders. Harassed by many other physical problems, the Labor government shelves the Palestine problem without any settlement at all. It is a shifty move which will unquestionably weaken the popular support of Macdonald and his associates."

The American Hebrew stood with the American press, refusing to despair. "Great Britain puts a final and irrevocable quietus on the political aspiration of those Zionists who still continue to agitate for a Jewish state. Insofar as the policy will affect the economic rehabilitation of Palestine, in the making of a homeland for those Jews who may wish for any reason to go there, all that is lost is a little time—and the Jews are a people inured to patience."

The Jewish Tribune calling upon the English people to save the honor of their country and prevent the enactment of the Labor Party's announced policy, said, "The new restrictive measures make it utterly impossible to carry out the program for the establishment of a Jewish homeland."

## Cahan, Forward Chief, Calls Labor Party to Account for Breaking Faith with Jews

The Socialists of England have lost their usual sense of justice, declares Abe Cahan, editor of the Jewish Daily Forward, in a signed front-page editorial in Wednesday's issue of the Forward, which is the leading Socialist daily in America. The British Socialists believe that their latest decision on Palestine is in the interests of their own people, but Jewish Socialists must in this critical moment stand by their people too, says Mr. Cahan, according to a summary prepared by the Jewish Telegraphic Agency.

"We all deplore the difficult situation in which England finds itself today," the Forward editor says. "But why should our unhappy people be the scapegoat? When the Czarist government of Russia used to make us the

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## British Plan Violates Mandate American Members of Agency's Administrative Body Charge

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Jewish effort there and after a study of but a few months, formulated in camera and without discussion with the Jewish Agency, as provided by the Mandate. Such procedure for evolving a new Governmental policy affecting the destiny of peoples is contrary to the best traditions of the British government and undermines the very foundations of the undertaking explicitly assumed in the Balfour Declaration.

### Disregards Facts and Truths

"What is now proposed disregards facts and truths and rests on a series of mistaken assumptions and unwarranted suspicions. Lord Passfield is blind to the benefits which have flown from Jewish settlements and industries to the whole of Palestine, Jews and Arabs alike. No informed comparison between the conditions of the Arabs before 1920 and their present status can escape recognition of the immense improvement of their lot due directly to Jewish enterprise, resources and devotion enlisted in the upbuilding of the Jewish National home.

"The proposed policy threatens the whole Jewish effort in Palestine. Such a policy would be in defiant disregard of the recent report of the Permanent Mandates Commission of the League of Nations, approved by the Council of the League. Charged with the duty of facilitating actively the upbuilding of the Jewish National Home, nevertheless the government is now proposing a plan, the effect of which will stifle that purpose.

"The Jewish people cannot yield to such a policy. The American members of the Administrative Committee of the Jewish Agency representing both Zionists and non-Zionists call upon all Jews to press forward with renewed vigor the work of rehabilitating the Holy Land with full confidence that the attempted repudiation of Jewish rights of immigration and settlement in Palestine will not be tolerated by the spirit of fair play of the British people and the enlightened opinion of mankind."

### Regret Resignation of Warburg

The following resolution was also adopted: "The American members of the Administrative Committee keenly regret the events and circumstances which have compelled the resignation of Mr. Felix M. Warburg as chairman of the Administrative Committee of the Jewish Agency.

"They are deeply appreciative, as they are certain the entire membership of the Administrative Committee must be, of the great value of the service which he has rendered at all times. They are happy to know that, notwithstanding his resignation his interest in the work of the upbuilding of Palestine will be continued. They are gratified at the suggestion which Mr. Warburg has made that he would participate in and lend his support to the establishment of such machinery as will assure that there may be no interruption of the work at hand."

## Britain to Announce Measures For Enforcing Passfield Plan; Agency, National Council Meet

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the early hours of the morning. While it was decided to take no action until the full text was available the unanimous sentiment of the meeting was to repudiate the entire statement.

As regards the proposal for a legislative council opinion is divided with a substantial number favoring non-participation. Last night's meeting, which adjourned early this morning, will be reconvened at noon today after the members of the executive of the Jewish Agency have met. The directors of the Jewish National Fund will also meet today to formulate a reply to Sir John Simpson's criticisms of the Fund's methods of leasing and purchasing land.

Reports from all parts of the country indicate the tremendous excitement and resentment that the government's statement has aroused in Jewish quarters. All sorts of bitter words are heard and public demonstrations and mass meetings are being considered. The government itself is anxiously watching the reaction to the White Paper and is taking special precautions to prevent any incidents.

Plainclothes detectives are quietly patrolling the Jewish cafes in Jerusalem and Tel Aviv where heated impromptu discussions have been going on since the statement of policy and the Simpson report were published. The police patrols in the Jewish quarters of all towns and cities have been noticeably strengthened.

## German Zionists Prepare to Fight Limitations Set By Britain On Palestine Work

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the Mandate was granted by the League of Nations to Great Britain.

"The new White Paper," Herr Blumenfeld continued, "is an act of revenge on the part of the British government for the criticism which the Zionist leaders have been leveling against the British policy in Palestine for several years. It is also a victory for the reactionary officials of Great Britain against the present Labor government. The Zionist Organization, however, will fight with all means possible against the White Paper.

"Millions of Jews will organize a political resistance by doubling their energy for Palestine, just as Lord Rothschild did when establishing a Jewish Yishub in Palestine under the unfriendly attitude of the Turkish government."

## Suroskey Reappointed to Accountants' State Board

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Paterson, Oct. 22—William Suroskey, of this city, has been re-appointed by Governor Larson (Republican) to the State Board of Examiners for Certified Public Accountants. The appointment holds special interest because Mr. Suroskey was originally appointed three years ago by Governor Moore, a Democrat.

## Forward Chief, Calls Labor Party to Account for Breaking Faith with Jews

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scapegoat for all its difficulties, it was natural for a Czarist government. But how is such an attitude appropriate to liberal, just England? And with a bleeding heart I must ask: How can a Labor Party lose such a policy?

### Lost Sense of Justice

"In the present tragedy of England our comrades there have, it seems, lost their ordinary coolness, common sense and deep Socialist sense of justice. They believe that the decision which they have made is in the interests of their country, of their people. We, the Jewish Socialists, can only have one standpoint in this sad moment. We must stand by our people, the Jewish people.

"We demand our rights in Palestine. We demand that England should keep its word and not break its solemn vow.

"Let us hope that the League of Nations will have sufficient courage to fulfill its duty. Palestine doesn't belong to England. She was entrusted with it according to a definite mandate and with the clear understanding that Jews in Palestine should have a home, with no less rights than the Arabs.

"Let us hope that the League of Nations will reject the decision of the Colonial Office and demand of England that it fulfill its contract.

"On this question there can be no difference of opinion among Jews."

## Meeting of Z. O. Actions Group And World Congress, Among Demands Made by Revisionists

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in the Zionist Organization, also urge the appointment of a central election board for the supervision of election of delegates for the Congress, the raising of an emergency fund to be placed in the hands of an emergency committee for the maintenance of the work in Palestine and pending the session of the Actions Committee the Zionist Executive should confine itself to administrative affairs.

The need for the reconstruction of the Zionist Organization and the adoption of political and colonization methods suited to the new circumstances are the immediate tasks confronting the Zionist leaders, the statement continues. The Revisionists appeal to the Jewish people not to become downhearted but to maintain fully its determination to continue the work of reconstruction in the national home.

"Governments come and go, empires are built up and dissipated but the will of the Jewish people to regain Palestine remains unaltered. No temporary crises, no betrayal, neither by empires nor by governments can prevent the fulfillment of the historic Jewish destiny," the statement concludes.

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