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Failure to Rid Country of Anti-Semitism May Cost Roumania Huge Legacy

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Oct. 11.—Legal action that may cost the Roumanian government a huge legacy because of its failure to abolish anti-Semitism was begun here today by the relatives of the late Jacques Elias, a Roumanian Jewish banker and industrialist. Elias, at the time of his death before the War, was the wealthiest man in Roumania, and left the bulk of his fortune to the Roumanian government for the establishment of a Roumanian Academy of Science whose chief purpose should be to rid the country of anti-Semitism, particularly among the intellectuals and students.

Now it is learned that Elias' relatives have instituted legal action in the Roumanian courts to obtain the return of the legacy on the ground that the principal condition on which the government was named the legatee has not been complied with. The renewal of anti-

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Jewish Community Elections in Salonica Split Party Groups

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Salonica, Oct. 11.—The Jewish community elections which will be held tomorrow are occasioning bitter struggle between Zionists and anti-Zionists, as well as between the Zionist Federation, the bulk of the General Zionists and a handful of Mizrachists on the one hand and the Mizrahi Federation, a handful of dissenting Zionists and various groups of anti-Zionists on the other.

The elections, in which every Jew is entitled to vote, will select the general assembly of 70 members and an administrative council of twelve. The elections being based on proportional representation the fact that five parties are contesting for votes makes it quite possible that no party will obtain an absolute majority in the next general assembly. It may also mean that the new community council will meet with serious difficulties resulting in a coalition and a compromise between the strongest groups.

Several Thousand Jews Now Own Land in Latvia

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, Oct. 11.—That several thousand Jews of Latvia are now landowners was made known today by minister of agriculture Gulbis in connection with Latvia's celebration of the tenth anniversary of its agrarian reform. M. Gulbis pointed out that hundreds of Jews who participated in Latvia's war of liberation received state lands. The Jews who held land as tenants before the War became its full owners, the minister said. These Jewish landowners now have a special representative on the government's land distribution committee.

Z. O. Executive Neither Denies Nor Confirms Report Congress Is to Be Held in January

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Oct. 11.—Reports that the coming 17th World Zionist Congress will take place in January were neither denied nor confirmed today by the World Zionist Executive following inquiries made by the Jewish Telegraphic Agency.

It was officially indicated to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that in view of the expected declaration by the British government of its future policy with regard to Palestine as well as in connection with the Simpson report which is expected to be published at the end of this month it is likely that the Zionist Executive will avail itself of the opportunity to utilize the recommendation made by the Zionist Actions Committee.

This recommendation, which was adopted at the recent session of the Committee in Berlin, stated that if outstanding developments take place which make it desirable to call a Congress the Executive should then issue a call for the Congress.

It is not excluded, however, that the Congress will take place in January in the event that circumstances require, it was pointed out to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, since January is a month during which delegates could more conveniently attend a Congress than during the other busy months of the year.

Paris Scene of Second Anti- Semitic Attack in Fortnight

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, Oct. 11.—The second anti-Semitic attack within a fortnight in Paris occurred today when a crowd of Royalists attacked a group of Jewish war veterans who were placing a wreath on the memorial plaque outside of the town hall. The Royalists, armed with sticks, rushed at the Jewish war veterans who were defended by the crowd witnessing the ceremony.

The Jewish war veterans were defended by a large number of Christians in the audience. The clash led to a severe brawl in which a number of the Royalists were badly beaten. Some of the Royalist ringleaders were arrested by the police but were later released on the request of the Union of Jewish Soldiers.

Two weeks ago six members of the Royalist League ran through the Carreau du Temple, the Jewish quarter of Paris, shouting "Down with the Jews" and distributed among passersby copies of L'Action Francaise, the Royalist organ.

Students Educated Abroad and Russian Emigre Colony Spread Anti-Semitism in Bulgaria

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Sofia, Oct. 11.—Of the 1,500 invitations to participate in the Congress of Russian Scholars which opens here shortly not one was addressed to a Jew. The Consistoire of Bulgarian Jews, a state organ, was also snubbed. Bulgarian Jewish leaders are not surprised at this slight because they have been aware for some time that the large colony of Russian emigres in Bulgaria has been assiduously spreading anti-Semitism.

Further indications that anti-Semitism is growing in Bulgaria are seen in the anti-Jewish bias of Bulgarian students returning from foreign universities in Germany, Austria and Poland where they have been subjected to the anti-Semitic influences of their Polish, Austrian and German colleagues. Bulgarian Jewish students returning from Vienna and Leipzig report that their Bulgarian classmates are just as much anti-Semites as the Austrian and German students.

This anti-Jewish feeling is also filtering into certain official quarters. A recent law signed by the minister of education and approved by the King authorizes the use of textbooks in the primary schools only by authors of Bulgarian origin and nationality.

Czarist Restrictions Against Jews Still in Force in Poland

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Oct. 11.—The expectations of Polish Jewry that the still legal Czarist restrictions against the Jews were about to be abolished have not been realized, the Jewish Telegraphic Agency learning that the discriminations are still in force. The report which appeared three weeks ago in a part of the Polish press that the minister of justice had signed the decree abolishing the law was somewhat premature. It is now understood that the voiding of the anachronistic legislation is still under consideration.

The premature report credited the minister of justice with signing the decree which could not take effect until President Moscicki signed it.

Wailing Wall Commission to Meet at End of Month

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Geneva, Oct. 11.—The first meeting of the international Wailing Wall Commission will not take place before the end of this month, Charles Barde, the Swiss member of the Commission, told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency today. The first sessions of the Commission will probably be held in Stockholm, M. Barde said.

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Roumanian Zionist Chief Says Weizmann Should Remain as President of World Z. O.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, Oct. 11.—Dr. Chaim Weizmann should remain as president of the World Zionist Organization, according to Adolph Bernhardt, president of the Roumanian Zionist Organization, who, in an interview with the Jewish Telegraphic Agency stated that Weizmann's recent declaration with regard to a "bi-national state" in Palestine, made at the meeting of the Zionist Actions Committee in Berlin, has been interpreted in a wrong light.

"I understand that the masses who allowed themselves to be swayed by their emotions need slogans," stated Herr Bernhardt. "The slogan of a 'Jewish state' arouses deep national feelings among the Jewish masses. But it is sad that some of our Jewish leaders who should be expected to understand the sense of complicated thoughts, should also allow themselves to be swayed by slogans."

It is the opinion of Herr Bernhardt the future political status of the Jews in Palestine is not the important question today; what is important, according to him, is to build the foundations for the Jewish National Home as energetically and quickly as possible. Asked whether Dr. Weizmann should continue as world Zionist leader, he said:

"Yes! The notion that Weizmann has less confidence in the future of the Jewish people than any one of us, that he is less willing than any one of us to give his all for this future, doesn't even bear discussion. Because of his lively temperament he has not always, especially in the heated atmosphere of our congresses and conferences, maintained a diplomatic tone and has therefore unnecessarily exposed himself to misunderstanding. But his tact, his ready grasp of a situation, his dignified appearances before the Mandatory Power and before the other diplomats, will be appreciated fully only after we shall one day be forced to miss them."

Luzzatti's Notable Work on Church and State Appears in English Edition

The monumental work of Luigi Luzzatti on the history of religious liberty under the title of "God in Freedom," has been made available to the English reading public, through a translation published by the Macmillan Company. Max J. Kohler, in the editor's preface, states that this volume is the enlarged work of the author, completed in 1926. Luzzatti wrote, not as a student standing at a distance from the scene he described, but as one who had hurled himself into the thick of the battle. He championed the Scotch church, fought for the cause of religious liberty in Italy and raised his voice in behalf of his co-religionists in Russia and Roumania.

In his preface to this work, Luzzatti writes: "I am outside of all the churches; the Jewish creed, into which I grew into manhood, and all the others. . . . My favorite ancestor is the prophet Isaiah. I am proud of the understanding to which I have attained of the greatness of Christianity. . . ."

Among the chapters that hold special interest for the Jews are: "The Jewish Martyrs of the Middle Ages and St. Bernard of Clairvaux," "The Jews in Roumania," "The Jews in Poland," "A Message to the Hebrew University in Jerusalem," and "The Jewish Question at the Congress of Vienna and Aix-la-Chapelle."

There are several "American Supplementary Chapters" from the pens of the Hon. Irving Lehman, Max J. Kohler, Louis Marshall, and the Hon. William H. Taft.

Young Israel to Make Plea for Jobs for Sabbath Observers

In accordance with past custom, Tuesday, October 14, the eighth day of Succoth, has been set aside as "Appeal Day" by the Council of Young Israel Employment Bureau in aid of the unemployed Jewish young men and women Sabbath-observers. Because of the critical situation among the unemployed, particularly among those who are Jewish Sabbath-observers, the Council of Young Israel Employment Bureau for Sabbath-observers intends to appeal through the pulpits to every Jewish employer and businessman to do everything possible to create Sabbath-observing positions for those men and women, young and old, who are Sabbath-observers.

Strict adherents to the Jewish Sabbath, thousands of young men and women between the ages of sixteen and twenty-one, are finding it increasingly difficult to get employment. Of 10,000 who sought work during the past year only 1,000 were placed in Sabbath-observing jobs. The Sabbath-observing field is not large enough to supply the demand. The appeal will therefore also be directed to non-Sabbath-observing employers. With practically no loss to themselves they can make it possible to employ Sabbath-observers in their own business.

Battle Finds No Bias Against Jews in N. Y. Legal Circles

"Discrimination is the wrong word. The division between Gentiles and Jews comes only from lack of understanding."

This is the opinion of George Gordon Battle, eminent New York lawyer, as expressed in an interview with Evelyn Seeley in Friday's New York telegram. As ignorance diminishes the barriers which divide races will gradually break down and complete assimilation of the Jew into New York life will come in time, Mr. Battle believes.

"This discrimination against the Jew—or misunderstanding, rather—comes chiefly from ignorance," said Mr. Battle. "Ignorance on the part of both Gentiles and Jews. They don't sympathize with one another because they don't really know one another. Christians, accepting an old prejudice, have not tried to know the Jews. The Jews have consciously held themselves aloof from the Christians."

Mr. Battle does not believe that there is any discrimination against the Jew in the legal profession in New York. The trouble with New York Gentiles, he believes, is that they are exceedingly provincial, being "as afraid of the new and unknown as if we lived in an isolated village and had never met a stranger."

Pointing out some good Jewish qualities, Mr. Battle said:

"The Jew is heir to an old civilization, compared to which you are just an upstart. He has centuries of culture back of him. He was a civilized man when you were just a savage."

"The Jew has a fine mind, the ability of quick perception."

"Adversity has sharpened the Jew's wits. That is fair enough. The Gentile must sharpen his."

"And finally, is he not a fellow-New Yorker up against the same difficulties that you are? Hath not a Jew eyes? Hath not a Jew hands, organs, dimensions, senses, affections, passions?"

Jewish, Protestant, Catholic Good-Will Parley at Bucknell

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Baltimore, Oct. 11.—The Rev. A. W. Gottschalk, pastor of the First Christian Church here and regional secretary of the Middle Atlantic Area of the Religious Education Association, is arranging a conference among Jews, Catholics and Protestants, November 20 and 21 at Bucknell University, Lewisburg, Pa.

The speakers will be Rabbi Abram Simon, of the Washington Hebrew Congregation, Washington, to represent Jews; the Rev. F. Fay Murphy, Georgetown University, Washington, representing the Catholics, and Dr. George W. Richards, president of the Theological Seminary of the Reformed Church in the United States, Lancaster, Pa., to represent Protestants.

The problem to be considered will be "The Extent of Discrimination and What We Can Do About It." The session will be held in cooperation with the National Conference of Jews and Christians of New York City.

Rabbi Philip Bernstein Raps Victor Cadere's Statement on Status of Jews of Roumania

October 9, 1930.

To the Editor of the Bulletin:

This morning's Jewish Daily Bulletin contains a statement on the status of Roumanian Jewry by Victor G. Cadere which is so plausible, and at the same time so false, so typical of the ingratiating lies with which the Roumanian Government has sought to conceal its sins, that it compels one, who through a recent extended visit to that land knows the truth, to reply. I will confine myself to those glaring falsehoods which are so shocking because they must be deliberate. For Mr. Cadere who has actually investigated the situation must know that he is not speaking the truth.

He declares, "There are no anti-Semitic elements whatsoever in the present government." Has he forgotten the anti-Semitic record of Mr. Vayda Voevod, Minister of the Interior, who has been subsidizing the anti-Semitic activities of the Student organization? Has he forgotten Mr. Tasleanu, chief de cabinet in the Ministry of the Interior, who is himself a leader in these vicious societies?

Government's Intentions

He speaks of the government's "intentions of continuing to combat to the utmost extent the activities of all extremist propaganda including that of anti-Semitic groups." We are anxious to check anti-Semitic propaganda as such even if it does not express itself in accompanying public disorders." This contradicts the statement which Minister of Justice Junian made to me (I quote his words exactly as the Bucharest correspondent of the New York Times repeated them to me): "The holding or expressing of anti-Semitic ideas is not a crime in Roumania." The facts speak even louder than Mr. Junian's words. Before me, as I write, is a cartoon which appeared in a leading Bucharest newspaper. It shows two Jews gleefully stripping the last garments of clothing from a peasant's back, and is typical of the hundreds of

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Consistoire of Bulgarian Jews Resigns Over School Question

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Sofia, Oct. 11.—The members of the Consistoire of Bulgarian Jews which represents Bulgarian Jewry in its relations with the government and Jewish organizations abroad, resigned today because of its failure to get the government to adopt its point of view with regard to support for Jewish schools. The Consistoire had complained because the Jewish schools in the towns and cities were not receiving maintenance equal to the Bulgarian schools.

To discuss the situation the Consistoire has called a conference of the Jewish communities throughout the country to meet November 1. The conference will also take up the matter of electing a new Consistoire and the problem of Jewish teaching.

Greece to Establish Five Schools for Jewish Students

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Salonica, Oct. 11.—Five new schools will be established in Salonica by the Greek government, according to a decision reached today by the ministry of education following an agreement with the Jewish community. The curriculum of these schools will provide for at least ten hours weekly for the teaching of Hebrew and other Jewish subjects.

The teachers to be employed for the specifically Jewish courses will be paid by the government but named and supervised by the Jewish community. The upkeep of these schools is estimated to cost about 2,500,000 drachmas. These government Jewish schools will be able to accommodate about 1,600 pupils.

These pupils have hitherto been attending the foreign schools, chiefly the Congregational schools, the schools of the French Laïque Mission and the Italian schools. Children of Greek citizens are now forbidden to attend the elementary classes of these foreign-managed schools. The new legislation prohibiting the children from attending the foreign schools does not apply to the schools operated by the Alliance Israelite Universelle, a French organization. These schools will be permitted to function as in the past.

Jews of Poland to Vote for Five Tickets as United Zionist of Jewish Bloc Efforts Fail

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Oct. 11.—All endeavors to create either a united Zionist bloc or a united Jewish bloc for the forthcoming parliamentary elections have definitely failed and the Jews of Poland will be voting for five different Jewish tickets or for the non-Jewish tickets. There are thirteen groups competing for the votes of the Polish electorate, five of them Jewish, according to the final lists confirmed today by the government election commission.

The five Jewish tickets are the so-called united Zionist bloc which includes the General Zionists, the Hitachduth, non-Socialist Zionist labor party, and the Mizrach, Orthodox Zionist party; the united list of the Agudath Israel, merchants, small traders and artisans; the Jewish Socialists and independent Socialists; the Left Poale Zion; and now the East Galician Zionists have named a ticket of their own.

Thus is created the situation of the Jews having failed to establish not only a united Jewish bloc but even a united Zionist bloc.

King Boris Decorates Two Bulgarian Jewish Leaders

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Sofia, Oct. 11.—King Boris today conferred high honors upon Luka Moskowitsch, president of the Ashkenazic Jewish community of Sofia, and upon Joseph Haimoff, prominent tobacco merchant.

Dr. Vayda Voevod, Anti-Semite, Out, as Mironescu Organizes New Cabinet in Roumania

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, Oct. 10.—The oft-repeated predictions that Dr. Alexander Vayda Voevod, minister of interior in the recently resigned Maniu cabinet, would be dropped when the new government was formed because of his relations with the anti-Semitic leaders, are borne out by the complexion of the new cabinet in which Dr. Vayda Voevod has no place. The former minister of the interior had kept in his employ a notorious anti-Semitic leader and had maintained close connections with the leaders of the Iron Guard.

Vayda Voevod's relations with the anti-Semites and his failure to curb the anti-Semitic agitation and anti-Jewish disturbances aroused King Carol. Even before Premier Maniu resigned there were indications that Vayda Voevod's tenure of office would be short.

The new cabinet which has been formed consists of the following men, the Jewish Telegraphic Agency is reliably informed; Gregory Mironescu, premier and minister for foreign affairs; Jon Mihailache, minister of the interior; Gregory Junian, minister of justice; Mihail Popovici, minister of finance; General Condrescu, minister of war; Virgil Madgearu, minister of agriculture; M. Costasescu, minister of education; Ion Logujano, minister of industry; Voicu Nitescu, minister of labor; Pan Halippa, minister for Bessarabia.

Seven of the new cabinet ministers were members of the Maniu government while one was a minister without portfolio and one was an under-secretary of state. There are two newcomers, General Condrescu and M. Manulescu.

Urges Jewish Education for Rural Children

An appeal has been addressed to the Jewish farmers in several states and to families in the rural districts, by the department of Farm and Rural Work, of the National Council of Jewish Women, to enroll their children in classes for Jewish education. Mrs. Abraham H. Arons, National Chairman of this Department, stated in this message to the Jewish farmer, that the Council's Department seeks to give every child a knowledge of Judaism, Jewish traditions and Jewish literature.

Where conditions make it possible, classes will be conducted, as for several years past, in communities that are the center of a large farm and rural Jewish population. In instances of isolated Jewish families, special provision is made for the consideration of the children. The Jewish educational program of the National Council of Jewish Women in the farm and rural districts, is directed by Miss Sarah L. Liebert, Supervisor of Jewish Education.

In addition to organizing classes, the Council's Department of Farm and Rural Work trains the children in dramatic presentations for the holiday programs given in the course of a year.

Rabbi Philip Bernstein Raps Victor Cadere's Statement on Status of Jews of Roumania

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equally vicious cartoons and articles which appear in the press. Why doesn't the Government which is "anxious to check anti-Semitic propaganda as such" begin with the newspapers? One who knows that the violent Jew-baiting propaganda and activities of the student organizations which are largely responsible for the recent outbreaks, are encouraged and even subsidized by members of the present government, finds it hard to write calmly of Mr. Cadere's "intention of continuing (italics mine) to combat to the utmost extent the activities . . . of anti-Semitic groups." In heaven's name when will he begin?

Mr. Cadere's worst misstatements were concerning the Bukovina disorders which he personally investigated. Maintaining that the cause of these attacks was economic, not racial, he states as facts (1) "Not only Jews but non-Jews of wealth were attacked; (2) No poor Jews whatever were molested." I was in Balaceano, which suffered an outbreak on July 11. Not a single Christian was attacked but every Jewish home in the village was smashed. Of these thirty Jewish families only four owned shops. The balance were peasants, barely wresting a living from the soil. In the town of Borscha the fire destroyed every Jewish home (poor and rich alike) and did not even touch the house of a Christian.

Mr. Cadere knows these things, but still has the brazenness to say "It is a matter of conscience for me to place right first,—and as my first objective in my public capacity." This only confirms what I learned in his country last summer:—Roumanian official sources cannot be trusted,—and American Jews who have the interests of their Roumanian brothers genuinely at heart, must be eternally vigilant.

PHILIP S. BERNSTEIN,
Rabbi of Temple B'rith
Kodesh, Rochester, N. Y.

Leon Schwarz Once More Named Mayor of Mobile

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Mobile, Oct. 11—Leon Schwarz, prominent Jewish leader of Mobile, has been named mayor of Mobile for the second time. He will serve from October 15 to October 15, 1932. Mr. Schwarz was elected a city commissioner in 1926. In accordance with the rotation system used by the city commission, he was nominated mayor by the outgoing Mayor, Harry T. Hartwell. Before Mobile adopted the commission form of government Mr. Schwarz was also mayor.

The new mayor is a trustee of the Government Street Temple, a past president of district No. 7 B'nai B'rith, a member of the Anti-Defamation Commission and chairman for Alabama of the Southeastern Conference of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations. Mayor Schwarz has also had a distinguished military career.

Finds Educated American Jew Sees No Reason for Maintaining Jewish Affiliations or Interests

The educated American Jew sees no reason for maintaining his Jewish interests or affiliations, since he sees in the Jewish religion, race or literature no ties to bind him. This is the opinion expressed by Don Gordon in an article, "The American Jew Revolts," in the October issue of *The Thinker*, a monthly magazine devoted to popularizing philosophy.

Criticizing Ludwig Lewisohn for the latter's intense Jewish consciousness, Mr. Gordon says:

"If we are to believe Ludwig Lewisohn, the Jew is only happy when he is most completely Jewish. It is for him to cultivate his Jewishness. This is the peak of the reactionary attitude. In this country today it is unsound as a doctrine and impractical as a program. It would be more difficult for the average Jew of American birth to become a Jew than to become an Afghan. He would have to make a deliberate effort to find out what a genuine Jew is. He must search the past to discover wherein his Jewishness is to lie. He knows not the tongue nor the customs nor the dress nor the thought nor the faith of the Jew. He is Jewish only in his bloodstream. In all else he is American.

"Even today in this country, no doubt, the mass of Jewry is reactionary, thoughtless, bound by habit and incapable of mobility. If some of us feel that we are beyond the reactionary stage, are we then to be held back by this inert mass? If sentimentality is responsible for Jewish consciousness in America today, must we therefore be sentimental? Are we to pretend, as those about us pretend, that there is some vast and inescapable power that draws us to each other as Jews and that will not permit us to live our lives apart from a rankling Jewish consciousness?"

Worcester Raises \$110,000 of \$125,000 Drive for Aged Home

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Worcester, Mass., Oct. 11—With approximately \$110,000 in pledges already announced, the city-wide drive to secure a new \$125,000 home to house the aged and orphans of Worcester will be officially brought to a close Sunday evening, October 12. The victory rally scheduled for that night has been indefinitely postponed.

A committee of workers, however, will continue at the task until the sum originally set by the campaign directors is realized. Although the goal set fell short of the mark, officials expressed gratification at the result of the campaign in view of the depressive period through which this section of the state is passing.

Non-Jews aided greatly in putting the drive across. Over \$8,000 in pledges was received from 120 Gentile contributors, the largest non-Jewish contribution being \$1,000.

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Failure to Rid Country of Anti-Semitism May Cost Roumania Huge Legacy

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Semitic agitation and disturbances in the last six months determined Elias' surviving relatives to appeal to the courts for the cancellation of the legacy on the plea that the country has not been freed of anti-Semitism and hence the provisions of the legacy have not been carried out. Vienna members of the Elias family are also consulting counsel with a view to submitting a similar claim to the Roumanian government.

On the basis of the pre-War lei the Elias estate at the time of his death was estimated to be in the neighborhood of \$100,000,000. As a result of the tremendous deflation in the lei since the close of the War, the estate is now worth less than a million dollars. As a result of this falling off in the estate's value it has been the subject of litigation on a previous occasion. In addition to the money he bequeathed for the Academy of Science, Elias made the Academy the trustee for a foundation, the proceeds of which were to go to the Sephardic Jewish community of Vienna. In view of the tremendous post-War deflation in the value of the estate the Academy declined to pay the Sephardic community more than a negligible sum as compared with the amount specified in Elias will. The matter was finally settled out of court when the Academy agreed to pay 60,000 schillings, in addition to costs, to the Sephardic Jewish community.

The claim of the Elias family is strengthened by the fact that last July, at the height of the anti-Semitic disturbances, the Roumanian Academy of Science in Saskut, Moldavia, was badly damaged by fire. It was this building that was erected with funds from the Elias legacy.

Milton Diamond Named "Czar" of Music Producers' Association

Milton Diamond, who for a number of years has been legal representative for foreign cinema companies here, has been appointed "Czar" of the Producing Music Managers Association, Inc., which carries with it the almost absolute power for concert and radio performances that Will Hays enjoys in the motion picture world.

The organization, formed by several leading managers who control about two-thirds of all concert bookings in the country, and include such artists as Jascha Heifetz, Mischa Elman, Efram Zimbalist, Yehudi Menuhin, and Harold Bauer, was formed with the purpose of presenting "a united but friendly front to the radio and the sound film."

Mr. Diamond, who is a graduate of New York Law School, has for many years been the legal representative for the Wolfsohn Musical Bureau, Metropolitan Music Bureau, Arthur Judson, Inc., and Concert Management. Last year he was instrumental in bringing about an agreement in Paris between the American and German sound film companies whereby the patent interests were pooled and the world rights properly distributed.