

Vol. VII. Price 4 Cents.

Wednesday, September 17, 1930.

Entered as 2nd Class Matter
at Post Office, New York, N. Y. No. 1766.

German Jewry Anxious Over Hitlerites' Reichstag Program; Threaten War Against Jews

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Sept. 16—Difficult times are expected for German Jewry in connection with Sunday's Reichstag elections as a result of which the Hitlerites, now the second largest party in the Reichstag, are expected to be encouraged in their ultimate desire to establish a dictatorship. What is disturbing Jewish leaders here most is the fact that even if the Socialists join a coalition government with the bourgeois parties the Hitlerites will nevertheless constitute a great power.

The tremendous election gains, proving that millions are backing him, may, it is feared, encourage Hitler's known ambition for a dictatorship. While such an event today appeared to be improbable it has now become quite possible. Serious anti-Jewish events were forecast by Hitler at a public meeting in the course of his campaign, and he has even advocated the revival of the Inquisition against the Jews.

There is considerable anxiety in Jewish circles as to Hitler's program when the new Reichstag meets, it being feared that the Hitlerites 107 deputies will try to rush through the policy which they proclaimed throughout the campaign that all foreigners who settled in Germany after the declaration of war should be deported. This de-

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Jews Ask Protection During Trial of Anti-Semites

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, Sept. 16—Fearing trouble during the forthcoming trial of 85 anti-Semitic agitators charged with participating in the disturbances at Borscha and Marmoreash, the Jews of these and neighboring towns are demanding that the government take strenuous measures to protect the Jewish population on the day of the trial which is still undecided.

Among the 85 under arrest are the anti-Semitic priests, Fathers Dumirescu and Berindei and Mrs. Berendei. Seventeen Jews will also face charges. The anti-Semites have demanded that 300 witnesses be called on their behalf.

Fear Arab Bankruptcies May Lead to Economic Depression

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Sept. 16—The growing number of bankruptcies among the leading Arab merchants of Jerusalem is causing fear in Jerusalem's commercial circles that they may cause a serious general depression, the Daily Telegraph reports. A number of the bankruptcies are said to be fraudulent. Last week several Armenian merchants filed bankruptcy petitions.

King Feisal Declares Himself Ardent Advocate of Arabian Federation Including Palestine

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Geneva, Sept. 16—Conflicting statements were issued today to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency and to the Manchester Guardian by King Feisal of Iraq just before he left for Italy. While he stated definitely to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that he had come to Geneva only in the interests of Iraq, he indicated to the correspondent of the Manchester Guardian that he was a whole-hearted advocate of an Arab federation as the logical means of assuring the political, social and economic future of the Arabian peninsula.

Emphasizing at the beginning of his half hour interview with the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that he regretted that he would be unable to answer all the questions on the political situation that might be asked him, King Feisal discussed Zionism and his own attitude toward the question of Arab-Jewish relations and then issued the following authorized statement:

"I came to Geneva this time only in the interests of my country. During the Peace Conference I represented my father and due to this position came into contact with the delegates of all nations, meeting also several Zionist leaders. At that time I had several interviews with Dr. Chaim Weizmann and exchanged letters with him which were of a purely personal nature. At that time I wanted to find means of arriving at a rapprochement but events prevented a continuation of these efforts. Since then, as I understand, Zionist policy has undergone a change after the Peace Conference."

Asked about the letter which he wrote to Professor Felix Frankfurter of the Harvard Law School, King Fei-

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Victory of Hitlerites Revives Austrian Anti-Semitism

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Sept. 16—The sensational victory of the Hitlerites in Germany has revitalized the Hakenkreuzler, the Austrian anti-Semitic organization, and it has begun great propaganda mass meetings in the industrial towns and in Vienna. While it is generally believed that the Hakenkreuzler has small chances of duplicating the feat of the Hitlerites because the Heimwehr, Austria's private nationalist army is dominant in Austria, a more active period in the history of the Hakenkreuzler is believed to be beginning.

The Hakenkreuzler is now seeking to have the Heimwehr adopt the Hitlerites' program and the Hakenkreuzler leaders are hopeful of the assistance of the new Heimwehr leader, Prince Ernest von Starhemberg, who has close connections with Hitler.

Jews and Moslems Split Over Right of Jews to Worship at Wailing Wall

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Sept. 16—If the Jewish representatives to the Wailing Wall negotiations will sign a protocol disclaiming Jewish ownership to the Wall, waiving their claim to conducting congregational services with appearances at the Wall and undertake not to interfere with Moslem services in the Mosque area, the Grand Mufti will sign another protocol recognizing the right of the Jews to make pilgrimages to the Wall either individually or in groups and will guarantee that the Moslems will not disturb the Jewish visitors, while both sides agree to keep the place clean.

The above sums up the protracted pourparlers between Moslem and Jewish representatives initiated by the Palestine government and in which Norman Bentwich, the attorney-general, is playing the most important part, the Jewish Telegraphic Agency is reliably informed. The negotiations have been going on in the hope that a voluntary and mutually satisfactory agreement can be reached, in accordance with the urgent suggestion of the Wailing Wall Commission.

The most difficult point in the negotiations is the Moslems' refusal to recognize the right of the Jews to organized worship at the Wailing Wall, while the Moslems claim that the Sharia law prohibits such worship on Moslem religious property or on Moslem holy places. The government is most anxious that the Jews and Moslems should reach an agreement on the essential right of Jewish access to the shrine, for the government feels that if the Grand Mufti agrees to this a much greater accommodation will perhaps be possible in the future.

In the event that an agreement is reached the government is prepared to safeguard the access of the Jews to the Wall for devotions, but it is said to be uncertain as to its ability to enforce greater freedom, even if the Wailing Wall commissioners recommend it in the face of Moslem opposition. Both sides are now deadlocked over the question of the right of worship at the Wall but the government has not yet abandoned hope that ultimately a minimum agreement will be reached.

Samson Rosenbaum Decorated by Lithuanian Government

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Kovno, Sept. 16—Dr. Samson Rosenbaum, Lithuanian consul-general in Palestine, was today decorated with the Order of Gedimin by the Lithuanian government. Dr. Rosenbaum is a former minister of Jewish affairs in the Lithuanian Diet.

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

Published every day in the week
except Saturday and holidays
by the

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN CO.

Executive and Editorial Office
611 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
Jacob Landau President
Samuel Binstock Treasurer
Sylvain Birnbaum Secretary

Vol. VII. Wednesday, Sept. 17, 1936. No. 1766.

Member of Jewish Telegraphic Agency

New York 611 Broadway
London Ludgate House, Fleet St.
Paris 42 Rue Le Pelletier
Berlin Eisenbahnstrasse 6
Warsaw Ulica Aleje Jerozolimski Nr. 18
Jerusalem Hasolel Bldg.

Subscription Rates

	U.S. and Canada	Foreign
One Year	\$10.00	\$15.00
Six Months	6.00	8.00
One Month	1.00	1.50

Entered as second-class matter Nov. 14, 1929,
at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under
the Act of March 3, 1879.

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Jewish-Owned Bank in Cleveland Is Closed

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Cleveland, Sept. 16—The Merchants Trust and Savings Bank of this city, the only bank in Ohio controlled by Jews, was closed yesterday by order of G. C. Gray, state superintendent of banks. The bank was organized in 1916 by a group of Jewish merchants with a capital of \$400,000 and had deposits of nearly \$2,000,000. It is estimated that the loss will total \$1,000,000, several hundred small Jewish merchants and workers being most seriously affected.

The slump in the real estate market is blamed for the failure of the bank to meet its obligations. Maurice Gussman, president, offered his personal real estate valued at \$2,000,000 to cover the bank's deficit and save the institution, but the state rejected the offer because of the low price of realty. The bank will probably be sold or liquidated.

Charity Federation Starts Drive for \$5,499,000 Oct. 19

The Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies yesterday announced that it faces a deficit of \$2,221,000, which sum is necessary for the fulfillment of its obligations to its ninety-one affiliated institutions until the end of the current year. The \$2,221,000 still lacking, it was said, must be secured to attain this year's goal of \$5,499,000, the largest sum ever asked by any local group of charitable agencies for maintenance purposes.

In commenting on the federation's financial situation, Samuel D. Leidesdorf, chairman of the Business Men's Council, declared that "the business and professional men of New York, spurred on by the greatest needs in the federation's history, are evidencing marked interest and desire to participate in the effort to erase our deficit. More than 2,400 men and women have already pledged themselves to help make our work a success."

Says G.O.P. Sought "Jewish Vote" in N. Y. by Releasing Increased Permits for Wine

A charge that Republican politicians in an effort to obtain the "Jewish vote" in New York City during the last presidential campaign had pressed former prohibition administrator of New York, Major Maurice Campbell, to increase the issuance of sacramental wine permits, is made in the course of the series of articles by Major Campbell in the New York World. Major Campbell states that in 1927 Seymour Lowman, assistant secretary of the treasury in charge of prohibition had informed him that he would be justified in permitting the issuance of two or three million gallons of wine to the Jews of New York for ceremonial purposes.

"This," says Major Campbell, "would have meant a return to the scandalous conditions of 1923 when more than 3,000,000 gallons were issued and flooded the bootleg market of New York. I refused to do it." Only a few months before, he stated, he had been offered a proposition by which "it was said I could make \$250,000 if I would thus loosen up on the sacramental wine, cloaking the distribution behind a commission of rabbis."

Protests were made by politicians to Mr. Lowman, Major Campbell charges, because of the curtailment of sacramental wine. "In August, 1927, Emanuel Hertz, a New York attorney representing the rabbis, filed 'a protest with Assistant Secretary Lowman regarding the cutting down of the wine withdrawals. Hertz, protesting against the treatment given the rabbis and obtaining Lowman's approval of his desire for 3,000,000 gallons a year, volunteered to get together four or five representative rabbis in New York, who, as a committee would certify to me a list which would comprise about 400 rabbis who had congregations and synagogues; but Mr. Hertz was never able to make good on this proposition."

Still later, Major Campbell states, he himself laid before treasury officials a plan to distribute sacramental wine to Jews similar to the procedure adopted for medicinal whisky, which is done by prescription or order. The procedure was approved but the plan failed, the former prohibition administrator states, because the wineries could not be prevailed upon to establish distribution depots.

Jewish Banker Tells Carol of Roumania's Financial Status

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, Sept. 16—King Carol today received Aristide Blank, noted Roumanian-Jewish financier, and head of the Marmoreash-Blank Bank, the largest in Roumania, in a three hour audience at Sinaia, the royal Summer home. M. Blank, who had seen the King several times before, gave him a detailed report of the country's financial status, laying particular stress on Roumania's position in European economies.

Vatican Urges League to Solve Long Unsettled Issue of Palestine Holy Places

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Sept. 16—The active interest in Palestine that has of late been manifested by the Vatican is further advanced by the publication of a communique on Palestine in connection with the meeting of the Assembly of the League of Nations. In this communique the Vatican voices the hope that the League of Nations' favorable action on the Mandates Commission's report on Palestine will also lead to a solution of the problem of the holy places in accordance with the Vatican's proposals, the Catholic Reichspost reports from Rome.

Commenting on the uninterrupted attention that the Vatican has been giving to Palestine, the Reichspost asks whether the Assembly will now attempt to solve the problem of the holy places after Great Britain had rejected the Vatican's proposal for a permanent commission charged with the supervision of the holy places. The Reichspost also recalls that the Vatican had turned down an offer of the late Lord Balfour for the administration of the holy places, an offer Britain later withdrew. Since then neither the League of Nations nor the British government has submitted a new project, leaving the entire question unsolved.

Raps Imperial Chemical Works for Dismissing Arab Manager

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Sept. 16—Attacking the Imperial Chemical Industries for dismissing the Arab manager of its Jerusalem branch, the English edition of the Arab paper Falastin, intimates that the Arab countries may boycott British goods imported through Jewish agents. In commenting on the dismissal the paper says, "Nothing else could be expected from the head of the company's Palestine office, the brother of Dr. Chaim Weizmann."

Jews in Small German Towns Fear Attacks of Hitlerites

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Sept. 16—The Jewish population of the smaller German towns, which has hitherto been terrorized from time to time by bands of anti-Semitic National Socialists, now fears greater excesses in the immediate future as a result of the Hitlerites' tremendous victory in Sunday's Reichstag elections. In many of these towns the Jewish merchants are just beginning to reopen their shops which had remained closed all day Monday because it was feared that the Hitlerites, flushed with their triumph, might begin looting.

The depression of German Jewry is particularly evident in the provinces where the Jews fear that the economic boycott against them will be extended and that anti-Semitic local officials will be encouraged in their activities by the success of the Hitlerites.

Satisfied with Jewish Agency's Progress, Warburg Reiterates Confidence in British Promises and Urges Continuance of East Europe Reconstructive Work; Adler Hopeful of Jewry's Future

Satisfaction with the progress made at the recent sessions of the Administrative Committee of the Jewish Agency in Berlin, reiterated confidence in the assurance given of sympathetic British governmental cooperation in the solution of the problems and the development of Palestine, and an appeal to continue the work of reconstruction in Eastern Europe were voiced by Felix M. Warburg, honorary chairman of the Allied Jewish Campaign, chairman of the Administrative Committee and also of the Joint Distribution Committee, in a statement to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency on his return Monday from Europe.

Dr. Cyrus Adler, president of the American Jewish Committee and a member of the Administrative Committee, who also returned from abroad on Monday, reported that the League of Nations will become an increasingly effective bulwark for the protection of minorities, that the situation in Roumania presents a problem most difficult to cope with, that the effect of the discipline brought into the Jewish Agency by the new forces associated with it was already noticeable and that the work of the Joint Distribution Committee must go on. Joseph C. Hyman, secretary of the Joint Distribution Committee, also returned home on Monday.

"When we left for Berlin we did so with many worries," said Mr. Warburg. "We return encouraged by certain reassuring factors. Among these is the courageous statement of Dr. Weizmann that we are not concerned with political aims which should create any fears among the Arabs. His clear expression that the problem of Palestine is common to both Arabs and Jews, should make the road easier for the Mandatory Government to initiate and carry through a program of development and peaceful cooperation in Palestine.

Sees Confidence Reestablished

"Further, the renewed intention of Max Warburg, Oscar Wasserman, Simon Marks and others abroad to provide the supplementary funds for the inauguration of the 1,000 Family Plantations Settlements, reestablishes confidence in a conservative and constructive extension of agricultural opportunity and employment for experienced farmers.

"The decision to adopt a budget within the realms of practical possibilities, coupled with the plan to fund the debts of the Agency, will, if carried out, commend itself to all who are interested in the future of Palestine, and will afford them a channel through which to provide for the next ten years for a limited series of land purchases which ought not to arouse any anxieties on the part of our neighbors.

"Again, the reduction of the number of the Executive and their present personnel, is most promising. Dr. Kahn of Berlin will devote his splendid capac-

ities to the organization of the work in the social, civic and financial fields of administration. Dr. Rupp in the sphere of agriculture and colonization should give satisfaction to all, especially the workers' groups. Dr. Senator, as Treasurer and Financial Administrator, has shown marked ability. Dr. Hexter has established excellent relationships with members of the Government and Administration, and will serve both in Jerusalem and in London in simplifying our task. Col. Kisch will continue to devote himself to measures for the safety and the establishment of law and order in relation to our people in Palestine. Prof. Brodetsky will use his splendid equipment to advise with Dr. Weizmann and the Political Committee. Rabbi Berlin, we trust, will represent the views of the entire Orthodox element and minister to the peaceful religious development and philosophy so necessary if Palestine is to prosper as a land of neighborly love.

Jews of East Europe Unhappy Lot

"With reference to Jewish needs in Eastern Europe," continued Mr. Warburg, "as chairman of the Joint Distribution Committee, I had occasion, in conference with Dr. Cyrus Adler, Bernard Flexner, J. C. Hyman, and others associated with our work, to meet with the representatives of our organization with Dr. Kahn, with Dr. Rosen, with delegations from the lands of Eastern and Central Europe, and to consider the reports of Mr. Waldman, the Secretary of the American Jewish Committee who had just returned from Roumania. In this way and through the regular reports which have come to our offices, we have the latest information with respect to the Jewish situation in Roumania, in Poland, in Lithuania, and in other sections. Economic depression and political uncertainties render the lot of the Jews in these countries a most unhappy one. Disturbances and excesses in Roumania, increasing unemployment and lack of the very means of livelihood there and in the other countries, coupled with their proverbially unfavorable position and the burdensome taxes that fall upon the Jews as city dwellers, have combined to weaken the structure of self help which American Jewish generosity contributed so much to build up.

"While the American Joint Reconstruction Foundation, organized by the Joint Distribution Committee and the Jewish Colonization Association, has developed into an instrument of great constructive usefulness, and through its 700 loan societies extends small credits to hundreds of thousands of Jewish families, the other branches of vital self help activity in these countries cannot rely for their continued existence solely on the impoverished local peoples. They are already carrying a heavy load, with great effort and with genuine sacrifice. For instance, the

King Feisal Declares Himself Ardent Advocate of Arabian Federation Including Palestine

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sal said, "I exchanged letters with many people but I cannot recall such a letter." In this letter King Feisal spoke of the Arabs and Jews as cousins and pointed out that the Arabs looked with favor on the Zionist movement. He also said that the Arabs welcomed the Jews "back home" and noted that the Arab Nationalist movement could not succeed without the Zionist movement and vice versa.

To the Manchester Guardian, the King said, "There is nothing new in the desire to establish a Pan-Arab federation including Palestine, Syria, Hedjaz and Transjordan under Arabian hegemony. This ideal, which is the hope of the Arab people, was recognized by the entire world at the Peace Conference and officially pledged by Sir Henry MacMahon. Without this political, cultural and economic unity the Arabs remain helpless to defend their interests against their enemies. A unified Arabia can play an important role in the development of the Near East and also in the preservation of world peace."

German Jewry Anxious Over Hitlerites' Reichstag Program

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mand is directed against thousands of Jews from Russia and other East European Jews who have been living in Germany since the War and enjoying complete freedom.

It is also expected that Hitler will now seek to carry out his plan that no Jews should be employed in the government offices, that no Jews should be engaged as professors or employed in any of the other free professions. What German Jewry has to look forward to is clearly formulated in Hitler's organ, the Voelkischer Beobachter, which says, "For twelve years international Jewish capital has brandished a whip over us, killing German trade and industry, driving German men and women into the streets, ruining the German peasantry and forcing upon us the Young and Dawes Plans.

"Boycotting Jewish shops is only child's play. A great war against Jewish domination will begin in Germany and we shall liberate our people from the yoke of the Elders of Zion." Making no secret of the Hitlerites' aim of a dictatorship, the Voelkischer Beobachter says, "We do not believe in liberating Germany through the ballot box, but today such a box is still needed. We shall soon have other methods."

work of the hospitals and medical sanitary service. The care of orphans, the training of the youth in crafts and manual vocations, the readjustment of thousands of young men and women from handwork to skilled factory operation and to the new requirements of the industrial current, these and other such, religious and lay, which are not supported by the state, are not

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Satisfied with Jewish Agency's Progress, Warburg Reiterates Confidence in British Promises and Urges Continuation of East Europe Reconstructive Work; Adler Hopeful of Jewry's Future

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within the present ability of the people in these lands to do alone.

"Despite our depression in the United States, we are infinitely better off in this blessed country than the distressed and overburdened peoples of Eastern Europe.

If Louis Marshall, whose death we commemorated a few days ago were with us now, he would bid us go forth and send the word to every Jewish community in this land that we must rally to the support of these two great causes—the upbuilding of Palestine and, in Eastern Europe, the restoration of the lives of millions of our people.

"He would feel gratified at the clarification of the goal of the Jewish Agency in Palestine; at the renewed assurances of Great Britain at the meeting of the Council of the League of Nations that it purposed actively to fulfill the terms of the Mandate and was already taking practical steps to lay the foundation for such a program of development and peaceful cooperation.

"He would urge us to continue the work of reconstruction in Eastern Europe, and, for some time to come, supplement the heroic efforts of our people overseas to help themselves."

Adler Discusses Roumanian Situation

After pointing out that he had spent a good deal of time in familiarizing himself with the machinery of the League of Nations, particularly with that section of its work dealing with the Minorities Treaties and saying that the personnel of this section is made up of idealists actuated by a high sense of obligation who pursue their difficult task steadily, Dr. Adler turned to the Roumanian situation. He said, in that connection, "It is an unhappy state of affairs which, even allowing for press exaggerations of the Jewish situation, presents a problem most difficult to cope with, for while it appears that the enemies of the Jews are also the foes of the present government, the government itself has some officials who sympathize with the anti-Semites, a condi-

tion of weakness bound to result in disorder."

Tracing the gloomy events immediately preceding the recent meeting of the Administrative Committee, Dr. Adler found that these were offset by the report of the Mandates Commission and by the fact that in Palestine economic conditions were more nearly normal than in most countries of the world. Dr. Adler saw a good omen in the Commission's report in that the Mandatory Power is "held as a trustee whose acts may be reviewed before the opinion of the world."

The prevailing note in the Agency's meeting was the need of understanding and cooperation among all the sections of the population of Palestine, Dr. Adler said, adding that "a more sober view has come to be taken of the possibilities of the development of the Jewish population of Palestine in the near future. The approaching of the Rutenberg hydro-electric plant gives promise of an early development of industry. Budgets were carefully pruned, overhead cut down and there is an assurance that a larger percentage of every dollar actually given to the cause will go to work in Palestine."

Wall Commissioners Urge Compromise

As the author of the Jewish memorandum on the Wailing Wall which was submitted to the Wailing Wall Commission, Dr. Adler said that no decision had been reached on the issue of the Wall because the commissioners "feel that a decision superimposed may hold within itself the seeds of future dissension and they have urged the Jews and the Moslems to come to an agreement; such an effort is being promoted by the Palestine government. One thing is certain—both sides will have to yield on some points, and the pity is that all this might have been done ten years ago and much strife and bloodshed avoided."

Turning to East European Jewry, Dr. Adler praised the work of the Joint Distribution and noted that the Jews of Eastern Europe are making heroic efforts to carry on their educational work but without a "supplement from us it will gradually fall back. So intent are they upon this work . . . that I feel convinced that if we do not continue our organized efforts America will be overrun with hundreds of small collections for individual institutions which will cost American Jews in the long run more than they are now giving, with a greatly diminished result."

All in all Dr. Adler said he returned with renewed confidence in the future of the Jewish people, a confidence based largely "on the courage of their leadership and of the rank and file, a courage evident not only in the steadfastness with which we pursue our aims in the presence of hardship and disaster but also in the recognition of our own mistakes and the endeavor to rectify them."

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