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Mandates Commission's Report to Be Published Wednesday; Britain's Reply Included

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Aug. 16.—The report of the Permanent Mandates Commission of the League of Nations on its recent extraordinary Palestine session together with the observations of the British government on this report will probably be published Wednesday, the "Manchester Guardian" learns from Geneva. What is considered extremely significant concerning the British government's observations is the reported promise contained in the observations that a second section of the observations will be forthcoming shortly in which there will be outlined a constructive program for the future administration of the Palestine Mandate.

It is understood that this document will reveal the proposals that the Arab delegation to London announced would be forthcoming through High Commissioner Chancellor when he returns to Palestine. According to the secretary of the Palestine-Arab Congress, Great Britain will offer the Arabs a legislative assembly which will be accepted by the Arabs without their surrendering their other demands for complete self-government and for the abolition of the plan for a Jewish National

(Continued on Page 4)

Jews of Argentina

Planning First Yeshivah

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Buenos Aires, Aug. 16.—If the plans of an organization committee of rabbis and orthodox Jews are successfully carried out, the Jewish community of the Argentine will soon have its own yeshivah (rabbi's training school). The yeshivah has been tentatively named Tifereth Isaac. For a number of months the committee has been carrying on a campaign throughout the country urging the establishment of the yeshivah. The committee members have spoken in all the synagogues of Buenos Aires and the neighboring towns. In view of the large number of orthodox Jews in the Argentine it is believed that the yeshivah can be self-supporting.

The 200,000 Jews of the Argentine, most of whom are of East European origin, are now dependent for their rabbis upon Europe and the United States. These rabbis, who come from Eastern Europe and America are not familiar with the needs of the Argentine Jews and require some time to familiarize themselves with the country. Consequently it is believed a yeshivah in the Argentine will be able to train Argentine rabbis who will have little or no difficulty in obtaining congregations among the various Jewish communities.

Wailing Wall Commission's Report Ready in October

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Geneva, Aug. 16.—Charles Barde, the Swiss jurist who is a member of the international Wailing Wall Commission which recently concluded its labors in investigating Moslem and Jewish claims to the Wailing Wall, on his return here today, told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that the report of the Wailing Wall Commission would be ready by the end of October and submitted to the British government then.

Explaining that the Commission has voluminous material to study, the minutes of the various meetings filling a thousand typewritten pages, M. Barde said that the first consultation of the commissioners would be held during September either at Geneva or Stockholm.

Dr. Martin Buber Named to Professorship at Frankfurt

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Aug. 16.—Dr. Martin Buber, internationally famous Jewish scholar and philosopher, has been appointed professor of religious sciences at the University of Frankfurt.

Martin Buber was born in 1878 in Vienna. As a child he came to Galicia where he was brought up by his grandparents. His grandfather taught him the Bible and Talmud. Upon the completion of his philosophical studies in Vienna he went to Berlin, where in 1916 he founded the monthly magazine, "Der Jude", a periodical devoted to the study and furtherance of Judaism, still in existence under his editorship. From 1920 to 1925 he was literary editor of the "Jüdischer Verlag" (Jewish publishing house) of Berlin, which under his direction published a large number of important scientific and literary works on Judaism.

Buber himself became famous through his works on Chassidism, works which first made the German reading public acquainted with the depths of the East-European Jewish soul. In his "Stories of Rabbi Nachman" and "The Legend of the Baal-Schem", Buber revealed Chassidism in a new light. He has published many other works on the philosophy of Judaism, all of which reveal a fine literary style, scholarship, depth and an original view point. A book containing his lectures, in which he treats Judaism from the ethical, metaphysical and religious standpoints and in which he seeks to lead the Jewish youth back to the original sources of Judaism, was published in 1925.

European Immigration to Canada Barred; Kin of Resident Aliens Exempt

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Ottawa, Aug. 16.—All immigration to Canada from Europe except the wives and children of immigrants already in the country and experienced farmers able to maintain themselves has been discontinued by the new Canadian government, according to an announcement made here. W. A. Gordon, minister of immigration, declared that the new restrictive policy is made necessary by the unemployment in Canada.

While the government regards the situation as only temporary it is proposed to use an effective remedy until the situation has improved and to control immigration in the future so that it will no longer be a factor in unemployment. The restriction of immigration is aimed at cutting off the entrance of persons who will be unable to find work.

George Hoadley, acting-premier of Alberta, earlier in the week sent a telegraphic protest to Premier Bennett against the "flooding of the province of Alberta with Europeans." In a conference preliminary to the announcement that the gates to Canada had been to all intents and purposes closed to European immigration it was indicated that exceptions will probably be made for immigrants from Great Britain and the near relatives of Canadian residents.

There is a considerable probability that Canada will entirely bar all immigrants, even those from the United States. The previous liberal government of Premier MacKenzie King had announced that the provinces would have delegated to themselves the problem of immigration.

Postponement of King Carol's Coronation Disturbs Jews

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, Aug. 16.—Considerable disquietude has been aroused in Jewish and governmental circles by the report in the Bucharest paper, "Cuvantul," that King Carol's coronation, scheduled for September, has been postponed until the Spring of 1931. When the peace of the country will be assured it is hoped by an improvement in economic conditions. The "Cuvantul," whose authority for the report is reliably informed court circles, says that the King is not inclined to go through with the coronation ceremony in view of the worries that are disturbing the government and oppressing the population.

This is seen as an indication that the peace of the country, and particularly the immediate oppression of the anti-Semitic disturbances are uncertain for the near future, and the Jewish population is consequently worried.

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J. N. F. Raises \$342,000

Here in Ten Months

American Zionists have raised a sum close to \$350,000 during the past ten months for the benefit of the Jewish National Fund, according to a financial statement made public by Emanuel Neumann, president, covering the period from October 1, 1929 to August 1, 1930.

The statement shows a large increase in the collections as compared with those of last year. The Jewish National Fund, though not included in the Allied Jewish Campaign, and notwithstanding the fact that it has conducted no campaigns or "drives," has succeeded in raising this amount due to the ever-growing popularity of the Fund among American Jews. Mr. Neumann stated, pointing out that the result, represented by the \$342,317.42, is the outcome of efforts made by Jewish National Fund committees and groups of volunteers in 750 Jewish communities throughout the United States.

An interesting feature in the report is the almost even result of the street collections held by the Fund during the period under review. The report shows that the Flag Day collection held in December and the Flower Day collection held in June, brought in each a sum in the neighborhood of \$23,000.

The total of \$342,317.42 as compared with \$258,941.54 of the preceding year, was derived from the following sources: Baroness Memorial Fund, \$700; Bazar, \$2,000; Bequests, \$25,067.04; Boxes, \$47,572.64; Collections, \$40,323.73; Flag Day, \$23,161.80; Flower Day, \$23,763.48; Golden Book, \$36,495.23; Kaarah, \$2,186.85; Land donations, \$1,944.15; Purim, \$16,055.46; Rokeach Endowment Fund, \$50,000; Stamps, \$12,479.80; Tisha b'Av, \$1,818.72; Tree donations, \$13,523.26; Voluntary Tax, \$200; Unspecified Items, \$5,025.26.

**Compromise Settles Dispute
Between Hebraists and
Yiddishists in Esthonia**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Reval, Esthonia (By Mail)—The war which has been raging during the past few years between the Yiddishists and Hebraists of Esthonia over the question of what the language of instruction in the Jewish Gymnasium (high school) of Esthonia should be, has finally been settled. As a result it has been finally agreed that both languages be used in the various courses of instruction.

The Jews of Esthonia, who are not much more than 3,000 in number, have what is known as cultural autonomy, that is, they are allowed to have their own school system in either Yiddish or Hebrew, with a Jewish Cultural Council to supervise this system. For years it was impossible to reconcile the warring Yiddishist and Hebraist elements. Since the majority of the first elected Jewish Cultural Council was Hebraist, it was decided that the language of instruction in the Jewish Gymnasium, which formerly taught everything in Russian, be Hebrew. The Yiddishists protested, even after the Hebraists wanted to meet them half way by stating their willingness to have some subjects taught in Yiddish.

As a result of this fight, the Yiddishists established their own Yiddish high school. The Jews of Esthonia being numerically a very small group, it was impossible for two Jewish Gymnasias to exist side by side. Then, too, this fight endangered the entire cultural autonomy which the Jews had received from the Esthonian government, since two Jewish school systems would not be recognized and supported by the government.

Last month the Jewish Cultural Council convened and after much bickering by both sides it was decided that beginning with the school year of 1931-32 both gymnasias will merge and parallel classes in Hebrew and Yiddish will be conducted. Such subjects as drawing, music, athletics, etc., will be taught in either language or in Esthonian.

And so, temporarily at least, the Jewish school autonomy in Esthonia has been saved.

**Bernstein Sends Campaign
Gift from Albania**

A contribution of \$100 was received yesterday by the Allied Jewish Campaign from Herman Bernstein, United States Minister Plenipotentiary to Albania. Mr. Bernstein's gift came in a letter addressed to Jonah J. Goldstein, chairman of the executive council of the New York Allied Campaign.

Mr. Bernstein's letter follows:

"Dear Mr. Goldstein:

"I enclose herewith my check for \$100 as a contribution to the Allied Jewish Campaign. I know how great the cause is and how dire the need, and I am confident that generous American Israel will respond nobly especially now that unity has been established.

"With best wishes,
(signed) "Herman Bernstein."

**Plan Memorial Services for
Palestine Martyrs in Cities
Throughout United States**

Orthodox, Conservative and Reform Jews, forgetting their religious differences, will unite in a nation-wide series of memorial meetings, beginning next Sunday evening, to commemorate the first anniversary of the death of 125 Jews in the Palestine riots of last August, according to a complete program for the services prepared and issued by the Zionist Organization of America through its chairman of organization, Jacob de Haas.

The purpose of the nation-wide memorial services, the first of their kind since the World War when services of a similar type were conducted for the victims of East European pogroms, is to pay homage to the valor of the Jewish martyrs of Palestine, who were pioneers in the upbuilding of Palestine as the Jewish National Home. It is emphasized by the Zionist Organization that the exercises are not restricted to Zionists but are to be conducted by the entire Jewish community in a body. The principal memorial service in New York will be held at Temple Rodeph Shalom, of which Dr. Louis I. Newman, member of the Zionist Administration, is Rabbi.

In instructions for the conduct of the services which were forwarded last week to the officers of all Zionist districts, it is requested that the services be held in synagogues and temples and that they should not be conducted in the form of mass meetings, where it might not be possible to "create a sense of that solemnity, earnestness and reverence with which we should approach the memory of the victims of the Palestinian excesses," says Mr. de Haas in his outline of the program.

In urging that the services be conducted in a spirit of utmost reverence, Mr. de Haas says that "there is more than one way of winning Jews to our cause, and there is more than one way of expressing indignation. A protest from all parts of the United States, couched in the language of the Bible, will be as well understood at this time as any set of resolutions." Mr. de Haas referred to the indignation among American Jews at the policy that has been followed by Great Britain in Palestine ever since the August disturbances.

**Poland Awards Order to
Vice-Consul at Tel Aviv**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw (By Mail)—B. Hausner, the Polish vice-consul of Tel Aviv, has been requested by the Polish Foreign Ministry to come to Poland on service matters in connection with the activities in promoting trade between Poland and Palestine.

Mr. Hausner has on this occasion been decorated by the Minister for Trade, M. Kwiatkowski, with the Officers' Order of Polonia Restituta.

Schwartz Not to Return Here Unless Support for Yiddish Art Theatre Is Assured

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Buenos Aires, Aug. 16—Maurice Schwartz, noted Jewish actor and former director of the Yiddish Art Theatre of New York, will not return to America unless an organization is founded in New York which will finance a Yiddish art theatre for him there. This was the statement made yesterday by Mr. Schwartz, who has been appearing in Buenos Aires in Yiddish plays for the past couple of months, to the Argentine correspondent of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency.

Mr. Schwartz revealed that while here he received cables from several large Jewish centers in various parts of the world in which he is offered the financial support necessary for the upkeep of a Yiddish art theatre. From New York too, he said there came a cable signed by influential people in which he was asked to return and continue his Yiddish theatrical work in the North American metropolis.

Must Suggest Plan

"I answered my New York friends that they must first suggest a concrete plan whereby a Yiddish art theatre there would be able to maintain itself financially, before I would consent to return," declared Mr. Schwartz. "After twelve years of work in New York and after presenting ninety plays there which were duly appreciated by the theatrical world, I have this year for the first time been forced to play outside of New York without my regular troupe. It was heart-breaking for me when I had to leave the city where the Yiddish Art Theatre was founded. Because of the high rentals in New York and because of lack of adequate support from the great Jewish com-

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Jewish Book of the Month Club Formed in Chicago

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Chicago, Aug. 16 — A "Jewish Book-of-the-Month Club" has been organized in Chicago. It has for its chief aim the fostering of Jewish culture through the encouragement of Jewish authors by creating a greater demand for their works and by recommending books of Jewish value to its membership. The idea was brought to fruition by Ralph H. Goodman of Chicago. Others instrumental in organizing the "Jewish Book-of-the-Month Club" are, Dr. Gerson B. Levi, editor of the "Chicago Reform Advocate," and Rabbi G. George Fox, chairman of the board of judges, also of Chicago.

The "Jewish Book-of-the-Month Club," which aims to cooperate with the various Jewish cultural agencies, and particularly with the Jewish Publication Society, has among its judges Dr. David Philipson, Mrs. Rebekah Kohut, Dr. Felix A. Levy, Prof. Louis I. Strauss, Dr. Louis I. Mann, Prof. Harry A. Wolfson, and Louis Lipsky.

193 Jewish Pupils of Polish Technical Schools Pass Exams

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris (By Mail)—One hundred and ninety-three Jewish pupils attending the Technical schools in Poland subsidized by the Jewish Colonization Association have passed their obligatory vocational examinations out of 209 pupils who stood for examinations. This high percentage of passes—92 per cent—of Jewish boys all of the age of about 14, must be considered as highly satisfactory, especially when the unfavorable conditions under which the examinations were held are taken into account.

In spite of the excellent results which the young pupils have achieved in their examinations, authorization to hold these tests in their own schools is still withheld by the Polish authorities, with few exceptions, so that most of the Christian students enjoy most favorable conditions as compared with their Jewish colleagues. The majority of the Jewish students are compelled to appear before the examiners in Christian schools, and in some instances this means that they have to travel to other districts for the purpose.

The members of the examining commissions are often unfavorably disposed to the Jewish students who have to have their examinations in conditions with which they are not acquainted and on machines which are not always in good condition.

In view of these difficulties the conclusion can be drawn, in face of the success of the Jewish students in their examinations, that the instruction given to the Jewish youth in the Jewish Colonization Association schools is really designed to turn out expert technical students.

58% of Arabs Implicated in Riots Convicted, 12% of Jews Guilty

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem (By Mail)—Some 58 per cent of Arabs summoned in connection with the riots of last August have been convicted while only 12 per cent of Jews summoned were found guilty. The "Palestine Bulletin," in publishing these facts, quotes also the number of cases which came up before the court up to June 1 this year. A total of 724 Arabs were summoned in the course of the last nine months for offenses connected with the August events, of which 55 were sentenced for murder, 50 for attempted murder, 130 for instigation and looting, 7 for instigation, and 212 for miscellaneous offenses. As compared with these, 161 Jews were summoned, of which only 19 were sentenced, two for murder, one for attempted murder, 7 for looting and arson, and 9 for miscellaneous offenses.

Collective fines were imposed on Hebron and other villages to the extent of \$70,000. The villages that were found guilty of sacking Beertuvia were fined \$23,500, while those that destroyed Hartuv were ordered to pay \$10,000. The collective fine imposed on the attackers of Motza was \$7,500.

International Students' Service to Hold Conference of Jews and Non-Jews at Locarno in 1931

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London (By Mail)—With a view to promoting an understanding between Jews and non-Jews attending universities, the ninth annual conference of the International Students' Service held at Oxford last week and which concluded yesterday, decided to hold a conference of Jews and non-Jews at Locarno in January, 1931. Professor Zimmern of Geneva will open the conference and both Jews and anti-Semites will address the conference as well as experts on the Jewish question, both Jews and non-Jews. It was also decided to afford material support to the Jewish students at the conference.

A full day out of the seven days of the conference was devoted to a discussion on the Jewish question at the Oxford conference, James Parker, the secretary of the I.S.S., emphasizing in particular the importance of an understanding between Jews and non-Jews. Jewish delegates who also participated were Alexander Teich, the leader of the delegation representing the World Union of Jewish students; M. I. Handelman of Paris, Jules Stone of London, and Dr. Bron Levi.

The next conference of the International Students' Service will be held in America in September of 1931. Two Jewish representatives from New York will serve on the Committee organizing the conference and the Avukah, the Zionist students' organization of America, will be represented at the conference. The question of anti-Semitism is to be discussed. A suggestion made at the conference that an Arab delegate should be invited to attend was rejected, the general feeling being that the Palestine question should be held distinct from European problems, in view of the numerous controversies it raises, and therefore it would be difficult to include this matter. At the same time, the Conference found it desirable at a later stage to work for the promotion of an understanding between the Jews and Arabs in Palestine.

9 Jewish Charities Benefit by Will of Herman Littman

Nine Jewish and four other charities will benefit equally from the estate of Herman Littman, late New York investor, who died October 5. He left all but \$100 of his estate of \$360,296 to his mother and sisters. His mother having since died his sisters get the money which on their death passes to the charities mentioned in his will.

They are the Home for the Aged and Infirm Hebrews, the Downtown Talmud Torah, Hebrew Technical Institute, Beth Abraham Home for Incubables, the Home of the Daughters of Jacob, Blythedale Home, Beth Israel Hospital, Hebrew Sheltering and Guardian Home, Convalescent Home for Hebrew Children, Salvation Army, St. Johns Guild and the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor.

Schwartz Not to Return Here Unless Support for Yiddish Art Theatre Is Assured

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munity, I had to keep perpetually moving from one theatre to the other and was constantly burdened with financial worries. Then when I got my own theatre at last after a hard struggle, I lost it, again due to lack of support."

Because of his disappointments in New York, Schwartz said, he has recently been thinking of establishing the Yiddish Art Theatre on an international basis. He is planning to spend some time in all the larger Jewish centers of Eastern and Western Europe, play with the local Jewish troupes and attempt to elevate the standards of the Yiddish theatre in each city. His experiences in Buenos Aires during the past few weeks, where he has appeared in Yiddish plays with the assistance of local Jewish actors, have convinced him of the feasibility of this plan.

Has Rejected English Stage Offer

Asked by the Jewish Telegraphic Agency correspondent whether he expects to appear on the English-speaking stage in the near future, Mr. Schwartz answered that he has received offers from an English and a German theatre, but that he has rejected both offers. During the next few weeks he will make a more definite announcement about his plans for the near future.

The appearance of Mr. Schwartz before the Buenos Aires Jewish theatrical public have met with great success. He made his debut here on June 19, and since then he has presented nine plays in Yiddish, all of which have been enthusiastically received. He has appeared in plays by Sholem Aleichem, Asch, Hirschbein, Ibsen, Feuchtwanger and Toller. On his way to Buenos Aires Mr. Schwartz appeared in Rio de Janeiro, and Montevideo, Uruguay, in both of which centers a considerable number of Jewish immigrants from Europe have settled during the past few years.

Jewish Ideals Are World Peace, Brotherhood, Einstein Says

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Geneva (By Mail)—Jewish ideals are world peace, brotherhood and justice, Professor Albert Einstein told the third congress of the world Union of Jewish Youth which recently closed here. Dr. Einstein, whose message was delivered through the general secretary of the Union, expressed the hope that the youth conference would pave the way towards these ideals.

The conference, which was held in the Hall of the Geneva University, was presided over by M. A. Palliere, the speakers were the rabbi of Geneva, Dr. Balizer, representatives of the canton government and of the Geneva municipality, M. Popovitch of the League of Nations and Dr. Victor Jacobson of the Zionist Organization. The conference discussed various tendencies of the Jewish youth, anti-Semitism, national education and religious problems.

Mandates Commission's Report to Be Published Wednesday; Britain's Reply Included

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Hone in so far as it envisages the supplanting of the Arabs by Jewish immigrants.

In the meantime the Syrian-Palestine Congress has offered to place at the disposal of the League of Nations the originals of the famous MacMahon-Hussein correspondence in which Sir Henry MacMahon is alleged to have promised Palestine to the Arabs. The secretary of the Syrian-Palestine Congress in his letter to the League of Nations refers to the recent announcement by Dr. Drummond Shiels, undersecretary for the colonies, in the House of Commons, concerning the MacMahon-Hussein correspondence that no reason exists which prompts the British government not to reveal the text of the correspondence so far as the Arabs are concerned and pointing out that all matters referring to Palestine are contained in this correspondence. The secretary offers to produce the full texts of the letters exchanged between Sir Henry MacMahon and Hussein if the League of Nations desires.

The announcement of Dr. Shiels concerning this matter declared that the British government would not make public the correspondence because of reasons of state and not because of anything dealing with Palestine. In Jewish circles it was sometime ago revealed that the Jews had no fear of the consequences of the correspondence being published and were not opposing its publication.

World Congress on Palestine Labor to Open September 27

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin (By Mail)—The World Congress in the interests of labor in Palestine will open on September 27 in Berlin. Preparations for the conference are taking place in various countries where delegates to the conference are being elected. A number of prominent Socialist and Jewish leaders in Germany are participating in the preparations for the conference in Germany, among them the veteran Socialist leaders, Eduard Bernstein, Dr. Martin Buber, Oscar Cohn, J. N. Steinberg, Dr. Arnold Zweig, and Dr. Robert Weltseh.

The leaders of the movement from Palestine are Josef Baratz, Zalman Rubashov, David Remes, and Joseph Sprinzak. The member of the Jewish Agency Executive, S. Kaplansky, has participated in conferences in the interest of the movement, which took place in Belgium, Lithuania, Latvia, and other countries.

The World Congress will culminate the activities of two years' standing, which have been going on in the interest of labor in Palestine. One hundred and fifty thousand Congress cards were issued, describing the movement and its work. The purchase of such a card signifies an expression of sympathy with the movement. Sales of cards are in progress in various parts of the world.

Rabbinical Decision Ends Year-Old Kashruth Fight in St. Louis

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

St. Louis, Aug. 16—The long and bitter struggle within the orthodox Jewish community has ended after a four day hearing before Rabbi Eliezer Silver of Springfield, Mass., president of the Union of Orthodox Rabbis, Rabbi Chaim B. Natalovitz of Harrisburg, Pa., and Rabbi Joseph Rosen of Passaic, N. J., the three arbitrators who arrived a few days ago to settle the kashruth controversy that has raged here for more than a year. Two thousand people were present when the rabbis rendered their decision.

The rights of the Vaad Hair, the centralized authority of orthodox Jewry, were challenged by Rabbi J. J. Grodsky, who employed scab schochit and under his own supervision conducted an independent organization counter to the authority of the Vaad Hair. A proclamation was recently issued by the Vaad Hair condemning Rabbi Grodsky and calling for his excommunication and charging him with taking funds from the slaughter houses without the knowledge of the Jewish community.

This proclamation resulting in a petition for an injunction to restrain the Vaad Hair and Leon Gellman, editor of the "Jewish Record," from publishing notices tending to interfere with the business of the butchers not under the Vaad Hair's control. Although the local courts refused to issue such an injunction, the controversy was not ended.

The decision of the Lonuzar Gaon, who issued an edict on his visit to St. Louis, that the authority of the kashruth board in matters dealing with kashruth is final, was sustained by the three rabbis. They ruled that the Vaad Hair must remain the final authority in the city and that the butchers who defied its authority must be punished. Upon payment of twenty-five dollars each as proof that they are repentant they will be reinstated together with the schochit hired by the Vaad Hair. Rabbi Grodsky was ordered not to meddle in the affairs of the Vaad Hair and was granted a bonus of \$2,000 on the express understanding that he is to have nothing to do with the kosher meat business in St. Louis.

The rabbis' decision has met with the almost unanimous approval of the community. The Vaad Hair has announced that it will live up the decision.

Boruchov Schools of Argentine Mark 10th Year

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Buenos Aires, Aug. 16—The Boruchov Jewish schools named after the late Poale Zion leader, B. Boruchov, are now celebrating their tenth anniversary. There are five such schools in Buenos Aires and several in the provinces. They were organized before the Poale Zion split and were then taken over by the Left Poale Zion. The schools have done much to counteract the assimilationist tendency among the Jewish youth. A representative alumni committee is aiding in the celebration.