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Builder of Great Turksib Railway for Soviet Greeks American Jewish Workers

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Ainabulak, Russia, May 1—May Day greetings to the Jewish workers of America from the Turkestan desert were conveyed today through the Jewish Telegraphic Agency by Bill Shatov, once a noted Jewish labor leader in the United States, and now the hero of the day throughout the Soviet Union as the builder of the Turksib Railway, the longest in the world, which was opened yesterday.

Shatov sat down with your correspondent at Ainabulak, which is in the Kazakstan hills near Almaata where Leon Trotsky was once exiled, and gladly chatted about his experiences as a leader of the Anarchist movement in America which he left in 1917 at the outbreak of the Russian Revolution. "Hundreds of East Side New Yorkers, and plenty of Jewish workers in Chicago, probably still remember me, just as I remember them here in distant Asia," Shatov said. "I still get letters from American friends with whom we built strong labor unions, especially in the needle trade, painting and printing trades.

"I think of New York's East Side and I am reminded of my starvation days when I was not what you see me now but worked quite hard with pick and shovel doing all kinds of unskilled hard labor. Today, on the day of my greatest holiday, I wish you would tell my American Jewish friends that I haven't forgotten those days when we worked together for the labor cause." Shatov was greeted by Joseph Stalin and had the Order of the Red Banner, the highest distinction in Soviet Russia, bestowed on him.

Cuza Seeking Seat in Roumanian Parliament

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, May 1—Professor Cuza, noted Roumanian anti-Semitic leader, hopes to be elected to parliament at the election May 4. Two other Cuzist followers are candidates. If they are elected they plan to intensify their activities in parliament and to raise again the question of numerus clausus.

In the Marokan region the Jews had submitted their ticket but it was annulled at the last moment on the ground that it had not been filed within the required time.

All Histadruth Schools

Closed for May Day

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, May 1—All of the schools controlled by the General Federation of Jewish Labor (Histadruth) are closed today as part of the May Day demonstration.

Alfred M. Cohen Reelected President as Quinquennial B'nai B'rith Convention Ends

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Cincinnati, May 1—Alfred M. Cohen of Cincinnati was unanimously reelected president of the Constitution Grand Lodge of the International Order of B'nai B'rith at the conclusion of the quinquennial convention here whose four day business sessions were attended by over 500 delegates from all parts of the United States as well as foreign countries.

Other officers elected were Lucius L. Solomons, San Francisco, first vice-president; Archibald Marx, New Orleans, second vice-president; Executive committee members elected were Louis Fabricant, New York, first district; Sidney G. Kusworn, Dayton, second district; Jacob Singer, Philadelphia, third district; Henry A. Alexander, Atlanta, fifth district; Henry Monsky, Omaha, sixth district; Dr. Leo Baeck, Berlin, eighth district, and Dr. David Yellin, Jerusalem, fourteenth district.

Members of the Court of Appeals elected were Joshua Kantrowitz, New York, first district; Karl Vetsburg, St. Louis, second district; Isidor Ro-

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Turksib Railway's Opening Makes Possible Settlement of Jews in Turkestan

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Almaata, Russia, May 1—Jews from White Russia and Ukraina will be able to settle in Turkestan, which is now open to colonization as a result of the completion of the Turkestan-Siberian railway. Turkestan will now become a country where numerous Soviet textile and other factories will be built and where thousands will find employment along the railway line.

In an interview today with the Jewish Telegraphic Agency the Premier of Turkestan declared that he had offered to the Comzet, the government department for settling the Jews, to organize Jews wandering from other territories into Turkestan. He added that Turkestan, which in area is three times as large as the whole of France and has a population of 7,000,000, knows no anti-Semitism.

The Jewish Telegraphic Agency's correspondent, travelling in a special government train along with other newspapermen invited by the Soviet to attend the opening of the Turksib railway, met at small desert stations individual Jews from the White Russian townships who assured him that they feel happier here than they did three years ago in the small towns because now they are fully occupied as barbers, tailors, shoemakers and in other artisan trades. Some are serving in railway offices along the Turksib line.

May Day Quiet in Palestine as Many Proclamations Are Issued, New Groups Formed

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, May 1—May Day in Palestine was accompanied by the creation of a new organization named the Workers' Brotherhood, organized and headed by Hugo Bergmann and David Weissman, author of a pamphlet declaring the abolition of the Balfour Declaration, by a proclamation from the Poale Zion (Radical Zionists) leaders announcing the creation of a League for the establishment of a common Jewish-Arab labor organization, and the arrest of 30 Communists at a scheduled Poale Zion meeting where Arab speakers were to be present. The meeting was forbidden at the last moment.

In Jerusalem all the police forces were mobilized and guarded the streets. District Commissioner Keith Roach published an order forbidding demonstrations, illegal assemblies and provocative songs. The employees of the Hebrew dailies, "Davar" and "Ha-Aretz," were not working. Throughout the country exceptional police measures were taken, particularly in Tel Aviv where red flags with inscriptions were flying over all the buildings of the General Federation of Jewish Labor. Numerous proclamations were

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Jews of India Demand Minority Representation

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bombay, May 1—The more than 25,000 Jews of India have decided to memorialize the Indian Viceroy, Lord Irwin, to accord them representation around the conference tables. At the All-India minorities conference last week they demanded individual representation of all minorities. Hitherto the Jews have been classified as Europeans although they have lived here for many generations.

Sir David Ezra and Meyer Nissim, leaders of Indian Jewry, the latter just retired as Lord Mayor of Bombay, are going to Europe this week to take up the matter with the Colonial Office.

1,070 Jewish Students of Hungary Studying Abroad

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, May 1—Some 1,070 Jewish students of Hungary have been compelled to obtain their education abroad as a result of the numerus clausus, according to statistics for 1929 just made public. The majority of these students are studying in various European universities; 276 are in Austria, 190 in Czechoslovakia, 348 in Italy, 105 in Germany, 88 in France and 163 in Switzerland.

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Montreal Jewish School

Commission in First Session

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Montreal, May 1—The Jewish school commission, recently appointed by the Quebec government to either negotiate with the Protestants or failing in that to establish separate Jewish schools, will hold its first informal meeting tonight to discuss the demands that will be made on the Protestants regarding the education of Jewish children.

Samuel W. Livingstone, chairman of the commission, said he was not yet in a position to make public the Jewish demands, but he pointed out that the members of the commission are eager to reach a satisfactory solution of the problem. He said that "the Jewish community may rest assured that the school commission will do everything possible to safeguard the dignity and interests of the Jewish people.

"We will not suffer the Jewish children to feel that they are in any way inferior to the Protestant children. With the passing of the school bill we are no longer tenants, but landlords. We know what we want. We know what we are entitled to and if we can not get it by negotiation there is no alternative but to immediately proceed with the organization of separate schools."

Pardon Asked for Those

Condemned as Result of Riot

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, May 1—A memorandum urging pardons for those condemned to death as a result of last Summer's riots has been presented to High Commissioner Chancellor by the British Shalom society. In the meantime a joint meeting of the Vaad Leumi and the Zionist Executive decided that the Jews should not intervene in this serious political matter.

Learning Among American Jews on Decline and Ignorance of Things Jewish Is Rampant, Lubawitscher Rabbi Finds

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Detroit, May 1—Learning among American Jews has declined and ignorance is on the increase. "Am Haratzuth," ignorance of things Jewish, is rampant in the United States. "Men vert prost, men vert fargrebt" (One loses all sense of refinement and becomes vulgar and boorish here).

This was the statement made by Rabbi Joseph Isaac Schneersohn, the famous "Lubawitscher Rebbe," to the Detroit correspondent of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency on his arrival in this city, where he was greeted by thousands of people.

Asked to give an impression of his experiences in this country, the Lubawitscher Rebbe said it is difficult for him, who is accustomed to spending his time in learning and writing, to adapt himself to the manner in which America, and therefore also American Jews, plan campaigns and conduct their public business. He compared it to a book. Most books, he said, have very brief prefaces, and the book proper is the matter of importance. In this country, he said, the matter is speedily dispensed with, but the preparations leading up to the matter are lengthy, as in campaigns, which are preceded by much noise and advertising and publicity. To this, the Rebbe said, he finds difficulty in adapting himself.

The interviewer then pointed to the claim that there are more than 200 synagogues of Lubawitscher Chassidim in this country, and asked in what state of devotion to their creed the Rebbe found them. The Rebbe answered that to him Judaism stands high above dogma. "Nusach," he said, the "form" of service is not so important so long as Orthodox Jews stand united in their Jewishness and their traditions. Much more important than dogma, he emphasized, is unity among Jews.

Asked whether he does not believe that assimilation is on the increase, the Rebbe denied it emphatically. Things spiritual, he said, cannot be judged by numbers. In time of war, he said, numbers count; in matters physical, numerical strength is a factor. But not in the spirit. Even if only a hundred retain their devotion against a thousand who do not, the hundred will triumph because theirs is a spiritual, and therefore a superior strength.

The Rebbe expressed the hope that some day the Jewish youth of America will revolt against the prevalent condition of ignorance of things Jewish and will some day turn to their elders and say: "From now on we shall go to the right in the interest of the Jewish people." When this day would arrive, the Rebbe said, he could not foresee, but he pleaded with Jewish leaders to devote themselves to the cause of the Jewish youth activities, in order that that day may come soon. He especially pleaded with the press,

which he considers the most important instrument for good in Jewish life.

Rabbi Samarius Gourary, son-in-law of the Lubawitscher Rebbe, and one of his retinue, said that the call which has come to the Rebbe from a committee formed in Chicago to remain in this country has been temporarily rejected, but that the Rebbe has promised to consider it, with the understanding that if he was to remain here it would be on condition that a large Yeshiva be organized and maintained in this country.

Two Jews Mentioned to Succeed Judge Kalisch

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Newark, N. J., May 1—Almost before Supreme Court Judge Samuel Kalisch, who died Monday in New York, had been buried the matter of a successor to the only Jew ever to serve on the New Jersey Supreme bench was already the cause of much speculative talk. The view has been expressed that should Governor Morgan Larson appoint a Jew, the position may go either to prosecutor Abe J. David of Elizabeth, or to former prosecutor Jacob L. Newman of Newark. Judge Kalisch was a Democrat and Governor Larson is a Republican.

Hundreds of persons from all walks of life today paid their final tribute to Judge Kalisch at the funeral service in Temple B'nai Jeshurun, with Rabbi Solomon Foster officiating. His associate justice and other prominent citizens were among the honorary pallbearers. Judges of other courts also were present and delegations came from Hudson County where Justice Kalisch had presided.

French-Canadian Deputy Proud of Quebec Jewish School Bill

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Ottawa, May 1—Declaring himself a friend of the Jews, Henry Bourassa, a French-Canadian deputy, expressed pride in the attitude of the Quebec government which passed the law giving the Jews the right to have their own schools, during a debate in the Federal parliament. Next year, he declared, the province of Quebec will celebrate the centenary of the granting of equal rights to the Jews of Canada. "I am proud of the influence of my grandfather in helping to pass the law that gave the Jewish minority the same rights as Catholics and Protestants," he stated.

Jewish Religion to Be Made Secondary School Course

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, May 1—The Prussian Minister of Cults, Grimm, has ordered that the subject of Jewish religion be admitted as one of the courses that may be offered in the examinations for teachers of secondary schools in Prussia.

Hessian Kehillahs Protest Failure to Pay Subvention

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, May 1—The convention of Jewish Kehillahs of Hesse, representing 170 communities in that state, has adopted a resolution protesting against the government of the state of Hesse for not granting a subvention to the Jewish communities, though the latter are entitled to 16,000 marks annually, while the Christian churches of Hesse do receive support from the government.

On the occasion of the twentieth anniversary celebration of the Federation of Bavarian Kehillahs, President Neumeyer reported that the Federation includes 50,000 people and that its annual budget is 700,000 marks, towards which it receives a government subvention of 70,000 marks annually. He enumerated the many achievements of the Bavarian Kehillah in the way of education, social welfare and relief for Jews abroad. The economic crisis now existing among Jews in Germany, reported Neumeyer, is forcing the Bavarian Jewish Federation to cut its expenditures.

Pittsburgh Jewesses Aid in Unemployment Relief

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Pittsburgh, May 1—In an effort to help alleviate the unemployment situation of Pittsburgh and hoping that its experiment will result in shops similar to the "Werkbunds" of Austria and Germany in training men to work with their hands, the Pittsburgh organization of the National Council of Jewish Women has opened a Handcraft Guild in Oakland in cooperation with the Federation of Pittsburgh Jewish Philanthropies.

Professionals will teach the men how to re-upholster, refinish, and renovate, and payment will be made on an hour or piece work basis. As work progresses it is planned to add china mending, cane work, and painting to the curriculum. The idea is being carried on successfully in Chicago at the present time. Mrs. Edgar J. Kaufmann is manager of the shop, with a group of seventeen women assisting.

Case Against Judea Insurance Co.'s Directors Continued

The case brought by a group of stockholders against the directors and managers of the Judea Industrial Corporation was continued yesterday before Justice Wasservogel. It is expected that the trial will go over until next week.

At Wednesday's session of the trial the plaintiffs, through witnesses, attempted to show that Judge Strahl and Jacob Ish-Kishor, president and secretary respectively of the corporation, asked that the "Founders" shares be placed in their control so that in this way they might control the activities of the Judea Insurance Company, both in this country and in Palestine.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

Appointment of Jewish School Commission Closes Chapter in Struggle for Jewish School Rights

(By Our Montreal Correspondent)

Montreal, May 1—The appointment of a Jewish School Commission to solve the problem of Jewish education on the island of Montreal has closed an important chapter in the long struggle for the recognition of Jewish school rights in the Province of Quebec.

The commission, which consists of seven representative members, is vested with the power to negotiate with the Protestants for an understanding whereby the Jewish children will continue receiving their education in the Protestant Schools, failing which the same commission will have the right to establish separate Jewish schools and the alliance with the Protestants will be a thing of the past. This understanding must be reached within one year.

The bill creating the Jewish school commission was a result of much litigation undertaken to solve a vexing problem for many years. The question of the status of the Jewish children attending the Montreal Protestant schools was submitted first to the Quebec Court of Appeals, next to the Supreme Court of Canada and finally to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council in London. The Province of Quebec differs from its sister provinces and its American neighbor in that it has a system of Confessional Schools, guaranteed by the laws of Confederation. The Public school system had to make way for religious French Catholic schools and religious English Protestant schools, because the Constitution gave both races the right to carry on separate religious and cultural activities.

At the birth of the Canadian nation no thought was given to the future necessity of establishing a Jewish religious school system, because the Jewish community was then very small. Jews sent children to Protestant or Catholic schools but in 1903 the Protestants and Jews came to an understanding whereby the former undertook to educate Jewish children in return for Jewish taxes. Jews were classified as Protestants for school purposes and this anomaly prevailed until the decision of the Privy Council declared the act of 1903 ultra vires. Although a conscience clause excused Jewish children from taking scripture this clause was not always observed and Jewish girls found very few openings on the teaching staffs of the Protestant schools even when some of the schools have nearly a hundred per cent Jews.

Such a situation aroused dissatisfaction among the Jews who began to see the wrong of taxation without representation whilst the more nationalistic element saw in separate Jewish schools the only way to solve the vexing problem. The Protestants also made things more difficult by incessant demands for larger grants to cover so-called de-

80 Arabs Seek Work from Kfar Saba Jewish Colonist

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, May 1—Eighty neighboring Arab fellahen today came to the Kfar Saba Jewish colonist Druyan and asked that they be registered in the "Jewish Association." They told Druyan that they wanted work and said that some Arabs and Jews in the town had given them leaflets urging them and the workers to unite against the Jewish and Arab enemies.

They declared they were promised work if they joined the "Jewish Association," which would permit them to earn four or five shillings a day and obtain free medical treatment. Druyan explained their mistake to them and they then returned home.

Many Pittsburgh Seek Political Offices

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Pittsburgh, May 1—One Jew from Allegheny County seeks a place in the United States Congress, one is looking for a seat in the Pennsylvania upper house, and eight are candidates for the state legislature according to the announcement from Harrisburg, Pa., as to the order in which candidates will appear on the state primaries ballot for voting on May 20th.

Herbert R. Simon is running for Congress against Stephen G. Porter, incumbent; Morris Einstein is listed as a candidate for the State Senate; and Henry Silverstein, Charles Solomon, Joseph C. Marcus, Abe Levenson, Sidney Sanes, Max J. Spann, Jacob Schulgold, and Ben H. Giffen seek legislative positions at Harrisburg.

Schinasi Will Give Jewish Charities \$100,000

The probator of the will of Morris Schinasi, cigarette magnate, who died in 1928, entitles five Jewish charities to receive \$20,000 each from his estate estimated at \$8,014,962. Mr. Schinasi, who came to this country as an immigrant from Asia Minor some thirty-six years ago, had made his fortune in the manufacture of Turkish cigarettes, and though the bulk of his estate is distributed between his wife and two daughters, \$1,300,000 has been set aside for Jewish and non-Jewish charities.

profits for Jewish education and threats to close the doors of their schools for Jewish children. The government found it necessary to interfere and after much discussion, haggling and compromises, owing to certain antagonism on the part of the Catholics, it has succeeded in passing a bill which gives the Jews the right to create a school system of their own.

Whether this step is to be made depends on the Jewish School Commission. True, there are many difficulties in the way, and the majority of the Jewish commissioners are not favorably inclined toward such a bold move, but much depends on the attitude of the Protestants. The future developments in the Montreal Jewish School question will be worth while watching.

**Alfred M. Cohen Reelected
President as Quinquennial
B'nai B'rith Convention Ends**

(Continued from Page 1)

senthal, Lancaster, Pa., third district; Harry K. Wolff, San Francisco, fourth district; Joseph A. Fromberg, Charleston, S. C., fifth district; Dr. Adolph D. Wiener, Chicago, sixth district, and Ralph J. Schwartz, New Orleans, seventh district.

The machinery of the convention came to a halt for three quarters of an hour during the morning session, in spite of the rush to conclude the work within the scheduled time, to pay tribute to the leaders of the organization called by death during the past five years. Special tribute was paid to the memory of Adolph Kraus, for 20 years president of the Order, to Rabbi Benjamin Frankel, founder of the Hillel Foundations, and to Boris D. Bogen, executive secretary of the Order.

After resuming the regular order of business the convention adopted a motion favoring an amendment to the constitution creating a commission for the control of the Hillel Foundations which are now functioning in eight universities for the religious, cultural and social welfare of Jewish students. The proposed commission is to consist of 15 members, three of whom will not necessarily be members of the B'nai B'rith, thus making possible the appointment of women to the board. An annual budget of approximately \$110,000 for the Hillel Foundations was approved.

The convention also adopted a recommendation providing for the raising of \$300,000 annually for the wide-scope work and the good-will work and the aid of the Mayo Clinic was voted continued.

The value of the Order as a means of international good-will was stressed in an address by Dr. Leo Baeck, president of the German Rabbinical Assembly and of the German B'nai B'rith lodge. Mordecai Caspi, representative of the Palestine district, spoke to the delegates on the value of B'nai B'rith in his district.

**May Day Quiet in Palestine
as Many Proclamations Are
Issued, New Groups Formed**

(Continued from Page 1)

issued by all the labor parties. The All-Palestinian railwaymen's organization published a leaflet in Hebrew and in Arabic calling the railway, postal and telegraph employes to a general strike of the workers. Poale Zion leaders and George Nasar, Arab labor leader, and others, today urged the General Federation of Jewish Labor to convert the Federation into a Jewish-Arab labor federation whose aims would be a rapprochement of the Jewish and Arab workers through common economic and cultural action, propaganda and equal rights for both peoples.

Ibrahim Yunas, a relative of the Husseinis, and Ben Simon were arrested for distributing Communist proclamations to Arab villagers.

**Agudath Denies Difficulties
in Negotiating with Agency;
No Committee Named Yet**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, May 1—The Agudath Israel, World Orthodox Union, has not yet appointed representatives to negotiate with the Jewish Agency's representatives regarding affiliation with the Agency, the Agudath's executive informed the Jewish Telegraphic Agency today in denying the reports that have appeared in the "Jewish Tageblatt" of Warsaw regarding difficulties in the negotiations.

The political executive of the Agudath some time ago informed Felix M. Warburg, chairman of the administrative committee of the Jewish Agency, of the resolution adopted at the Agudath's World Congress in Vienna last September in which the Agudath associated itself with the decision of the Rabbinical Council of the Agudath in agreeing to participate in the Agency only if the latter excludes from its program the financing of cultural institutions, which in view of difference of religious convictions cannot be undertaken jointly.

Last month the Agudath Israel was informed that Mr. Warburg had appointed a committee consisting of Dr. Leo Baeck, Lazarus Barth, H. Farbstain and Leo Motzkin, to prepare jointly with the Agudath members a plan of cooperation. The Agudath executive will appoint a committee of five but the names of the committee members have not yet been decided upon.

**Jew Named to Regional
Council of Bucharest**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, May 1—Chief Rabbi Nimirower has been appointed by the Minister of the Interior as the representative of the Jewish religion in the Bucharest region in accordance with the new administrative law. He is the first Jew to be appointed to this council.

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