

Vol. VII. Price 4 Cents.

Tuesday, March 18, 1930.

Entered as 2nd Class Matter
at Post Office, New York, N. Y. No. 1617.

Settlement of 50,000 Families in Palestine Within Ten Years Should Be Agency's Aim, Dr. Ruppin Tells Actions Committee

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Mar. 17.—The settlement of 50,000 families in Palestine within the next ten years should be the aim of the Jewish Agency and for this the Agency would need a budget of about \$7,500,000 annually, declared Dr. Arthur Ruppin, member of the Zionist Executive, speaking at the meeting of the Actions Committee of the Zionist Organization which opened here yesterday.

Morning and afternoon sessions of the meeting were devoted to land purchasing and colonization problems. M. M. Ussishkin, head of the Jewish National Fund, which acquires land as inalienable property of the Jewish people, in proposing suggestions for the strengthening of the J. N. F. and for the raising of money in America and elsewhere through loans for immediate work proposed an internal Zionist loan for the J. N. F. of \$1,500,000, at least \$500,000 from the Palestine Emergency Fund to be allocated for land purchase and that he and Dr. Chaim Weizmann be permitted to go to the United States in the fall with a definitely worked out plan.

Expressing dissatisfaction with the small attendance since only 23 members were present in addition to the Zionist Executive and deputy members, Dr. Leo Motzkin, chairman of the Actions Committee, welcomed the delegates in Hebrew. After pointing out that the meeting had to consider a number of problems vital to Palestine and the Zionist movement he outlined the agenda and indicated that the meeting was called not merely for an

Jabotinsky Discusses Palestine With Gen. Hertzog and Smuts

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Capetown, Mar. 17.—Vladimir Jabotinsky, leader of the League of Zionist Revisionists, now in South Africa, told the correspondent of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that he had had audiences with General Hertzog, premier of South Africa, and General Smuts, leader of the opposition party. In both interviews he discussed the situation in Palestine.

Prof. Leon Blum of Strasbourg U. Dead

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, Mar. 17.—Dr. Leon Blum, a professor at the University of Strasbourg and a former general of inspection in the French medical corps, died yesterday at the age of 52. He was the son of Rabbi Felix Blum. Professor Blum, who was decorated with the Legion of Honor, was a well-known Talmudic student.

exchange of opinion but in the expectation that resolutions regarding the future would be adopted.

While collections had been brisk, it was necessary, in view of the present circumstances, that a greater effort on behalf of the J. N. F. be made, declared Mr. Ussishkin, who reported on the position of the J. N. F. and land purchases. Pointing out that there were many opportunities of effecting land purchases and that the very people who are engaged in agitating against the Jews are offering land for sale, he said that on the whole there was no need to be discouraged by the situation and that if the Jews proceeded at greater speed it is possible de-

(Continued on Page 4)

Arab Newspaper Approves Einstein's Reported Plan for Arab-Jewish Council

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Mar. 17.—Albert Einstein in a letter to the editor of the English edition of the Arab newspaper, "Festlin," dated February 25 and published March 15, is reported to have proposed the formation of a secret council of Jews and Arabs with four representatives of each independent and of any political body. Commenting on the proposal the "Festlin" says:

"It is the duty of Arabs and Jews in Palestine to give their opinion regarding the proposal. It may require some modification but it would be criminal not to explore all channels containing some chance of making the two communities cooperate."

"The paper then goes on to say that 'in the present unfortunate state of tension it is a piece of good fortune to get Dr. Einstein's name attached to a proposal which might otherwise be open to suspicion.'"

"The 'Festlin' suggests that condi-

(Continued on Page 4)

Blame Jewish Communists for Kalinindorf Seed Shortage

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Mar. 17.—The overdoing of grain collection and enforced collectivization by the Jewish Communists is blamed for the lack of seeds in the Kalinindorf region, thus making it impossible for the colonists to start their Spring sowing. The Jewish colonists in the region submitted all of their bread reserves to the government last fall during the grain collections and now they are without seeds. A serious situation has arisen because the entire region has only 51,000 puds of seeds instead of the 104,000 puds that it needs.

Reveal Measures Used in Forcible Collectivization of the Jewish Colonists

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Mar. 17.—That the orders of Joseph Stalin and of the Communist Party to discontinue compulsory collectivization will give Soviet officials plenty of opportunity of telling what measures were employed in collectivizing the Jewish colonists, is revealed in a statement by T. Machlack, land commissariat instructor, who returned today from the Yepatoria and Jankoy regions.

He says: "Special care should have been taken in collectivizing the Jewish colonies in Crimea. There was no reason for taking away everything the Jewish settlers had, including the last cow and chicken. The local authorities should have understood that collectivization must be conducted along voluntary lines, but in Crimea just the contrary was done."

In the Jankoy region, Machlack says, the regional soviet called meetings of the Jewish colonists and behind locked doors announced that every Jewish colonist present must join a collective. "When many protested," he asserted,

(Continued on Page 4)

1,200,000 Roubles More for Artels That Will Include 52,300 Jewish Artisans

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Mar. 17.—Some 1,200,000 roubles were today assigned by the Gosplan, the organization that maps out the Soviet's industrial plans, for the technical equipment needed in connection with the organization of 52,300 Jewish artisans into cooperatives as part of the plan announced in February to improve the situation of the Jews in the small towns. Originally it had been planned to organize 60,000 artisans. The same plans call for 31,000 more to be organized next year.

As worked out by the Gosplan, these artisans will receive vast sums in the form of credits to be allotted, ten million roubles for lumber for wood work, ten million roubles worth of textiles, two hundred tons of flax, one million roubles worth of leather and six thousand tons of metal. These credits will reach a sum in excess of 20,000,000 roubles.

555 Jews Arrived in Palestine During January

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Mar. 17.—During January, 675 immigrants entered Palestine and 229 left. Of those arriving, 555 were Jews, 105 Christians and 15 Moslems, while of those who left, 167 were Jews, 29 Christians and 33 Moslems.

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

Published every day in the week
except Saturday and holidays
by the

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN CO.

Executive and Editorial Office
611 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

Jacob Landau President
Samuel Binstock Treasurer
Sylvan Hirsch Secretary

Vol. VII. Tuesday, March 18, 1930. No. 1617.

Member of Jewish Telegraphic Agency
New York 611 Broadway
London 244 High Holborn
Paris 42 Rue Le Pelletier
Berlin Eisenbahnstrasse 6
Warsaw Ulica Aleja Jerozolimski Nr. 18
Jerusalem Hansloel Bldg.

Subscription Rates

	U.S. and Canada	Foreign
One Year	\$10.00	\$15.00
Six Months	6.00	8.00
One Month	1.00	1.50

Entered as second-class matter Nov. 14, 1929,
at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under
the Act of March 3, 1879.

Copyrighted

Roumanian Gov't Denies Klausenberg and Jassy Anti-Semitic Disturbances

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Washington, Mar. 17—A cable received by the Roumanian legation here declares that the recent reports of anti-Semitic disturbances in Cluj (Klausenberg) and Jassy are of a different character from that which published reports of the incidents indicated.

The cable says: "News about anti-Semitic disturbances at Cluj and Jassy is entirely untrue. The truth is that at Cluj there took place, on the occasion of the communal electoral campaigning, incidents between the Roumanian students and authorities, not one single Jew being implicated. At Jassy two Jewish students, suspected of being Communists, were struck, but not injured. The aggressors were indicted and will be tried. Kindly give a complete denial. The government is energetically meeting any attempt to disturb public order."

On March 13 the Jewish Telegraphic Agency reported that four Jewish students were injured at Jassy, that a number of Jews were beaten at Klausenberg during a demonstration against minorities and that in an anti-Russian demonstration in Bucharest, the demonstrators carried anti-Semitic flags. On the same day the International News Service reported that 100 persons were injured in Klausenberg during a demonstration against Jews and Hungarians.

On March 14 the Jewish Telegraphic Agency reported that the Klausenberg report that 100 had been injured was untrue, and gave the facts.

Palestine Troubles Did Not Affect Holy Land Tourist Traffic

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Mar. 17—The Palestine disturbances have had no effect on the tourist traffic to the Holy Land for the figures for visitors show that there were 60,222 in 1929 and 63,319 in 1928.

Mass Meetings in New York, Boston, Cleveland, San Francisco, Adopt Resolutions Protesting Russian Persecution of Judaism

A resolution protesting against the "cruel, deliberate and unrelenting suppression of the teaching and practice of the Jewish faith in the land of the Soviets, and against the numerous and unprecedented forms of punishment and persecution meted out to those of our co-religionists and of other faiths who are loyal and devoted to their sacred traditions," was adopted by the mass meeting held at the Town Hall, on Sunday afternoon, under the auspices of the American Jewish Congress as part of the national wide demonstration against the anti-religious policy of the Russian Soviet Government.

Adoption of the resolution was preceded by speeches by United States Senator Simeon D. Fess, a member of Senate Foreign Affairs Committee; Representative Hamilton Fish, Jr., former representative Nathan D. Perlman, Dr. Hirsch Masliansky, I. N. Thurman, Carl Sherman, and Bernard S. Deutsch, who acted as chairman of the meeting.

During the meeting there was an announcement made that a great mass meeting "for religious liberty" will be held in the Metropolitan Opera House, Tuesday evening, March 25th, under the patronage of such leaders as Cardinal Hayes, Bishop Manning, Bernard S. Deutsch, president of the American Jewish Congress; the Rev. Dr. Arthur J. Brown, Dr. Nicholas Butler, William D. Guthrie, and Edward G. Richards, secretary of the American Jewish Congress. Leaders scheduled to speak at the meeting are: Rabbi Nathan Krass, Matthew Woll, John W. Davis, and Rev. Edmund A. Walsh, an authority on Russian affairs.

Soviet Russia can never hope to win recognition from this country while it continues its religious persecutions, Senator Fess told the meeting, declaring that the foundation of the government of this country is religious freedom, and it will refuse to have relations with any government denying that right.

The real danger lies not in the persecution of religious elements, the Senator asserted, but in the effort to entice the youth away from their faith. "Martyrdom of an individual or of a race is nearly always a guarantee for that for which he stands in the future," he declared. "But if, by propaganda, the youth of the Jewish people be inveigled away from their faith, there is a danger. If the rising generation of this people is impressed with godlessness at an early age, there may be danger. That is the only danger I can see. The conduct of the Russian Soviet Government will be the basis of my vote on whether it will be recognized or not," Senator Fess concluded.

A powerful attack on the Soviet Government was made by Congressman Fish who described it as a "reign of terror by a small minority," and Communism as requiring the extermination of all religion.

Bernard S. Deutsch, president of the

American Jewish Congress and chairman of the meeting, pointed out that the American Jewish Congress was not attacking or expressing any opinion regarding the Soviet political and economic problem, or any phases of its policies except the religious policy.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Cleveland, Mar. 17—Thousands of Jews participated in a mass meeting which was held in Cleveland on Sunday, March 16th, at the Yeshiva Synagogue, adopting a resolution commending the recent orders given by the Communist Central Committee, and the abolition of the Yevsektsia, the Jewish section of the Communist Party. At the same time, a protest was also made against the dangerous activities of the atheists, and the resolution called upon the Soviet Government to pay more attention to Jewish matters in general. The meeting was called by the Federation of Jewish organizations, and the principal speakers were: Congressman Charles A. Mooney from Cleveland City, Mayor John D. Marschal, Rabbis Jehuda Heschel Levenberg and Israel Poras.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

San Francisco, Mar. 17—A large mass meeting of San Francisco Jews met on March 16th, and joined in a unified protest against religious conditions in Soviet Russia. Jewish and non-Jewish leaders addressed the meeting.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Boston, Mar. 17—On March 16th, a monster mass meeting, held under the auspices of the Boston Jewish Congress Committee, protested against the religious persecution in Russia. Principal speakers at the meeting were: Governor Frank G. Allen, Mayor James M. Curley, Senator Frederick Gillett, Senator David I. Walsh, Cardinal O'Connell, Rev. Root, representative of the Federation of Churches, Rabbi H. H. Rubenovitz, Rabbi Henry Levi and a number of others. Samuel Kalesky, chairman, presided.

First All-Polish Maccabee Sports Conference Held

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Mar. 17—The first all-Polish conference of the "Maccabee" sport societies took place yesterday here. One hundred and eleven delegates representing 37 local societies were present.

The conference decided to organize an all-Polish Maccabee Federation, consisting of all the local Zionist sport clubs in Poland. This Federation will join the "Maccabee World Federation," will participate in the World Maccabee Convention in Antwerp in July of this year and will also take part in the Maccabee "Olympics" that are planned in Palestine in 1932.

If You Are Pleased with the "Jewish Daily Bulletin" Tell Your Friends to Subscribe.

Anglo-Jewish Association and Joint Foreign Committee Protest Russian Persecution of Judaism

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Mar. 17—Protests against the persecution of Judaism in Soviet Russia were voiced here today in a resolution adopted by the Anglo-Jewish Association and in the report of the Joint Foreign Committee of the Board of Deputies and the Anglo-Jewish Association, which revealed that the Committee learned of the arrest of the Minsk rabbis through the Jewish Telegraphic Agency.

The Anglo-Jewish Association deplored the anti-religious policy of the Soviet "which by the wholesale closing and confiscation of synagogues, the restrictions of the activities of congregations, the persecution of rabbis and religious teachers, the suppression of religious instruction to children and the corruption of the state schools by atheistical teaching, is causing intense spiritual suffering to millions of law-abiding Jews and threatens Russian Judaism with extinction."

The report of the Joint Foreign Committee presented at a meeting of the Board of Deputies explained that efforts to get the British foreign office to make friendly representations to the Soviet foreign secretary had resulted in an expression of regret that under the circumstances it was impossible to accede to any request for intervention that might even adversely affect the interests of the prisoners.

Nevertheless, the report stated, the Committee was not altogether unprepared for the decision and was grateful for the sympathetic spirit in which the government had considered the application.

"Apart from this startling incident, throwing a lurid light on the arbitrary conditions in which the Jews are living," all information at the disposal of the Committee shows that in the past year "the sufferings of the Jews have been severely aggravated. The inevitable result must be the extinction of Russian Judaism. Direct appeals to the Soviet have been tried and failed, while diplomatic representations by foreign states, even of the most friendly character, are difficult and in the case of Great Britain forbidden by the protocol by which diplomatic relations were resumed.

"The Committee, however, feels it would be unfair to Anglo-Jewry to advise an entirely passive attitude in the face of so terrible a calamity that has befallen our Russian co-religionists and which seems likely to affect disastrously the whole fabric of Judaism in Eastern Europe. It is at least a satisfaction to add our protest to the great volume of indignation with which the Chief Rabbi is so zealously identified."

Leonard Montefiore, president of the Anglo-Jewish Association, said that "the new decree issued after the denials of persecution, is an admission that persecution existed. It is impossible to judge to what extent the decree seriously modifies the anti-religious pol-

Newspaper Says Jewishness of Hapsburgs Is Proven

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Mar. 17—The Jewish origin of the Hapsburg dynasty has historically been proven without a doubt, declares an article in the local "Arbeiterzeitung." This article traces the ancestry of the Hapsburgs not only to the Italian Perleoni family, but also to the Spanish period, when the Jewess Paloma was the ancestress of the Hapsburgs. Her granddaughter was the second wife of the King of Aragon, Johann Roemisch II. This would make King Ferdinand of Aragon, under whom the Spanish Inquisition took place, also of Jewish origin.

This tracing of the genealogy of the House of Hapsburg shows also that for its rule over Spain and Spain's position as a world power four hundred years ago, it has to thank the Spanish rabbi who became an apostate, Don Abraham Senior, who succeeded during the time of Torquemada in bringing to pass the marriage of Ferdinand and Isabella.

United General Z. O. of Palestine Urges Jews of Galuth to Double Efforts

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Mar. 17—A manifesto to the Jews outside of Palestine from the United General Zionist Organization and the Mizrahi, orthodox Zionist group, declares "the Jewish people as the leading and main factor in the construction of the Jewish National Home must double and treble their efforts. Notwithstanding the irreparable losses of the August events, the Jewish community remains economically and spiritually unshaken.

"In view of these events, we urge a large immigration. Recognizing fully our responsibility, we declare that the country can absorb a large immigration. Jewish capital may profitably invest in town and village and in agriculture, and industry in Palestine will rouse itself only through the pioneering devotion of all classes of our people who are urged to the maximum effort for the Jewish National Fund."

Number of Suicides Among Jewish Bankers in Berlin Increases

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Mar. 17—As a result of the decline of Jewish trade, there have been a number of suicides of Jewish bankers lately in the Federal Province. The latest suicide is the Jewish banker, Gunderman, owner of the oldest Berlin credit business, who made an end of his life by taking poison.

icy, particularly with regard to any mitigation of the prohibition of religious teaching. I consider that the Chief Rabbi voiced the opinion of all when he said he places little trust in the denunciations of the Soviet rulers. We hope that the test of the decree will be an indication that the Russian government itself intends to end the present condition."

American Jewish Congress and American Jewish Committee in Agreement for Joint Action

An agreement for setting up a modus operandi for the discussion of and cooperation with respect to questions of common concern to the American Jewish Committee and the American Jewish Congress, which was reached at a conference held January 11, was ratified at the recent meeting of the Administrative Committee of the American Jewish Congress, according to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency. It had been previously ratified by the Executive Committee of the American Jewish Committee.

The agreement grows out of a resolution adopted at the convention of the American Jewish Congress at Atlantic City in May, 1929, when the appointment of a joint committee was recommended to "arrange for an early conference of representatives of the American Jewish Congress and American Jewish Committee to the end that sorely needed unity of action with respect to Jewish problems may be effected and present and potential causes of discord in Jewish life be thus averted."

The agreement now set up is to the effect that the president of the Committee and the president of the Congress, at such times as they feel cooperation may be desirable, shall call upon the other and discuss with him the appointment, by both, of committees to decide upon a joint policy and to make such arrangements as they can agree upon for joint action, except at such time when the presidents of the two bodies may find it possible to agree upon a joint policy and action without resorting to the appointment of committees.

The conference was participated in by Bernard S. Deutch, Dr. Stephen S. Wise, Nathan D. Perlman, Baruch Zuckerman and Bernard G. Richards, on behalf of the Congress, and Dr. Cyrus Adler, Judge Irving Lehman, Judge Horace Stern, David M. Bressler and Morris D. Waldman on behalf of the Committee.

Jews Arrested for Protesting Anti-Semite Sign in Vienna

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Mar. 17—The police here arrested yesterday, many Jewish students after they, together with some foreigners who were guests at a fair here, demonstrated in front of an anti-Semitic perfumery shop, demanding the removal of an anti-Semitic sign.

As a result of intervention by the Zionist organization, the demonstrators have been temporarily released, but they will probably be tried. Their trial will probably air the entire question of the anti-Semitic propaganda which is being carried on by the shop.

The Austrian authorities have hitherto declared that they are powerless to stop the anti-Semitic propaganda of this shop, because the anti-Semitic pamphlets displayed in its show windows have passed the censorship.

Says Settlement of 50,000 Families in Ten Years in Palestine Should Be Aim

(Continued from Page 1)

spite difficulties to achieve a great deal in land purchase in the near future.

He protested against the difficulties and obstacles imposed by the Palestine administration with regard to land purchases. The obstacles are unwarranted by law, Mr. Ussishkin declared and he mentioned anomalies in the existing administration of the land laws. Welcoming private initiative, he felt certain that all must now realize the importance of strengthening the J. N. F. with a view to obviating speculation.

Concluding Mr. Ussishkin said that the Jewish National Fund was the key to the whole problem and asked that the Administrative Committee of the Jewish Agency give it the greatest attention.

Basing his statement on practical experience arising from 20 years of colonization work, Dr. Ruppin gave a number of facts in connection with the land in Palestine. He categorically denied that any injustice had been done to the Arabs through Jewish colonization as in all Jewish land purchases the utmost consideration had been shown to the needs of the Arabs. Regretting the erroneous impression that had been conveyed as a result of the agitation that the Arab peasants had in any way suffered from Jewish colonization he blamed the government for not having a definite land policy and said that it did not understand that the Jewish colonization was beneficial to the Arab peasant.

Dr. Ruppin declared that there was no difficulty at all in settling another 50,000 Jewish families without doing the slightest harm to the Arab peasant and following an interruption by Dr. Weizmann he said that the Agency's aim should be the settlement of 50,000 families in the next ten years at an annual cost of \$7,500,000.

Dr. Arla Sorloff, on behalf of Palestine labor, declared that he considers the question of colonization of the utmost importance and that labor is basing its political attitude for the future entirely on the results of this session of the Actions Committee with the assurance that practical steps will be taken in land purchase and colonization and immigration. He deplored the fact that a full year had passed without constructive work and urged the necessity of immediate work to make up for lost time.

Polish Jews Anxious to Get to South Africa Before May 1

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Mar. 17—During the past week the Hias office here has been crowded with Jewish emigrants for South Africa, who are anxious to get visas for that country before the South African Immigration Quota law goes into effect in May. Since the Jewish Telegraphic Agency here announced the passage of the South African quota law, 100 Polish-Jewish emigrants have left for South Africa.

Reveal Measures Used in Forcible Collectivization of Jewish Colonists

(Continued from Page 1)

"they were threatened with trial and thus everyone had to give up unwillingly his individual property and become collectivized. This is how in Jankoy we obtained 92 percent collectivization."

He pointed out that now the guilty officials had been removed and the Jewish colonists were getting back their cows and poultry. "The damage done by forced collectivization in the Jewish colonies is so great that it must take much time and energy to return to normal."

Similar reports from the Krivovrog and Zaporozhne regions were wired to the land commissariat by its representative Severov, who admits that many of the collectivized Jews will now return to individual efforts because they were collectivized by force. The White Russian representative Abramov writes that when the collectivization of Jews of Homel and other regions was in process, cattle was taken away even from those who flatly refused to join the collectives. "Much property, including pillows and laundry, was confiscated under the pretext of kulakism, and even from Jewish peasants who should never have been considered kulaks." Abramov's report adds that he is now taking measures to correct the admitted errors.

Dr. Wise Honored by Congregation's \$75,000 Gift

A gift of \$75,000 was presented to Dr. Stephen S. Wise for the work of the Jewish Institute of Religion, of which he is the president and founder, on the occasion of a dinner, last Sunday evening, at the Institute, in connection with the celebration of his fifty-sixth birthday.

After a series of addresses by Judge Julian W. Mack, chairman of the board of trustees of the Institute; Rabbi Louis I. Newman, of Temple Emanuel, San Francisco, and Rabbi-elect of Rodeph Shalom; Joseph H. Hagedorn, president of Congregation Keneseth Israel, Philadelphia; the representatives of the congregations, including Aaron Wittstein of the Congregation B'nai Israel, Bridgeport, Conn., who presided over the exercises, Nathan Goldenthal of the Astoria Center of Israel, and Henry Alperin, Congregation Anshe Amonim, Pittsfield, Mass., presented a gift of \$35,000 as a joint annual congregational contribution for the support of the Institute. Through its president, Rabbi Maurice J. Bloom of Newburgh, N. Y., the Alumni Association added \$30,000 to this gift in the form of endowment insurance, and the senior class, soon to be graduated, added a contribution of \$10,000.

Arab Newspaper Approves Einstein's Reported Plan for Arab-Jewish Council

(Continued from Page 1)

tions in Palestine make it impossible to secure a person estranged from politics because "when nations in the making are both competing in a very small land nearly everyone is a potential politician."

While thus accepting Dr. Einstein's proposal the "Flestin" prints in the same issue an article signed with the initials of G. G. which says "ten years of bloodshed, lawlessness, continuous reign of hatred, terror and misery ought to prove sufficiently the impossibility of a political Jewish state or National Home in the Holy Land. There can be no parley between Arabs and Zionists for the true nature of Zionism and its political extremism has been revealed to the Arab. It would seem not only folly but suicidal for the Arabs to have confidence in Zionist promises and to give ear to their avowals of well-meaning and good faith."

No Hope for Change in English Immigration Policy

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Mar. 17—There is no hope for any change in the immigration policy of England, the British home secretary told the Board of Jewish Deputies at its meeting this week. Former M. P. Samuel Finburgh declared that he felt that permanent officials stood in the way of any change, while Major Nathan, M. P., said it was not a matter of abstract justice but of practical politics and no home secretary could now loosen the present immigration restrictions.

Jews Arrested on Alleged Charge of Smuggling Arms

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Mar. 17—A customs clearing agent and two other Jews were arrested and bailed in Haifa Saturday in connection with the customs office seizure of five safes alleged to contain 150 rifles and 50,000 rounds of ammunition. The report that the safes were consigned to the Haifa bank is untrue.

Although the matter is under investigation the Arabs are capitalizing the seizure by memorializing the authorities that they are unsafe and face an alleged Jewish campaign of aggression.

Government Will Do Nothing to Protect Wailing Wall Worshippers Until Special Commission Arrives

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Mar. 17—The Palestine government will take no steps to prevent the disturbing of Jewish worshippers praying at the Wailing Wall until the Wailing Wall Commission arrives, it was learned here today in connection with the interruption of worshippers Saturday by Arabs.

The disturbance, against which the Jewish community had protested, was due to the Arab religious ceremony of Zikar, which coincided with the time that the Jews were praying.

Keep "regular" with
EX-LAX
The Chocolated Laxative