

Vol. VII. Price 4 Cents.

Tuesday, January 28, 1930.

Entered as 2nd Class Matter
at Post Office, New York, N. Y. No. 1576.

SECURITY OF LIFE AND PROPERTY REESTABLISHED IN PALESTINE, BRODETSKY AND SACHER DECLARE AT CONFERENCE OF ENGLISH ZIONIST FEDERATION

**No Difficulties Between Zionists and Non-Zionists; Arab Problem Important
But Not Paramount; United English Jewry Turns to Support
of Keren Hayesod's Activities**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Jan. 27.—"We go to Palestine not to build another Galuth but as Jewish citizens of Palestine returning to our own home and under no conditions can the Jewish Agency or the Zionist Organization consider Jewish immigration as dependent on any other consideration than a determination of the capacity of the Jewish people to send Jews to Palestine nor can we admit any political consideration to limit Jewish immigration, which must be free and determined only in so far as the country can absorb immigrants," declared Prof. Selig Brodetsky, member of the London Executive of the World Zionist Organization, addressing the conference of the English Zionist Federation, which marked the 30th anniversary of the Federation.

After pointing out that it was futile to discuss future work and problems in Palestine unless security was assured, Prof. Brodetsky remarked that the Jews can look forward to a radical change with regard to the security question in Palestine, for since last September the British government has dealt energetically with this problem. He emphasized that the security of the Jews depended on first, a larger number of Jews on the police force and

Jewish policing of Jewish colonies and Jewish districts in the cities, as well as the right of the colonists to take self-defense measures.

He expressed the hope that while the Jews welcomed the decision of the League of Nations to appoint an impartial committee to settle the Wailing Wall issue, the Zionists and the Jews of the world should have full confidence in the League's commission as a result of which Palestine in the future would be untroubled by the difficulty of religious fanaticism.

Says Immigration Increasing

Discussing the problem of immigration, Professor Brodetsky said that despite the serious August events, it

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People's Tool Campaign to Raise \$2,000,000 for Jews of East Europe and Soviet Russia

A decision to include the impoverished Jews of Poland and other East European countries, as well as those of Soviet Russia, in its work of supplying the "declassed" Jews with tools and machinery, was adopted after much debate at Saturday's session of the People's Tool Campaign convention, attended by 715 delegates. Hitherto the People's Tool Campaign has restricted its activities to Soviet Russia. It is planned to raise \$2,000,000 within the next four years at the rate of \$500,000 a year, for relief work.

B. Vlodeck was reelected national chairman of the Campaign, and a vote of thanks for the services rendered by him during the past year for the work of aiding the "declassed" Jews was given Vlodeck at the closing session of the convention Sunday morning. Other officers who were elected for the ensuing year were: J. Baskin, treasurer; Meyer Brown and Jacob Ginzburg of Philadelphia, vice-chairmen, and N. Feinerman, secretary.

At the closing session the convention decided to call upon its affiliated organizations, such as Arbeiter Ring branches and others, to tax themselves one dollar per year per member for the benefit of the People's Tool Campaign. A National Council of 100 members was elected to conduct the work of the People's Tool Campaign throughout the United States and Canada.

Soviet Soul Can't Tolerate Ex-Traders, Ozet's Reply to Thousands of Ruined Jews

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Jan. 27.—"The Soviet soul can't tolerate the former traders." This is the Ozet's reply to the thousands of Jewish ex-traders who have been ruined and who are now besieging the Ozet office with applications to be settled in the Crimea.

Thousands of Jews, including many from Siberia and the Volga region, where Jewish trading has been flourishing since the Nep was declared legal, are now storming the Ozet offices and demanding that they be transferred to the land. The "Emes," Yiddish communist daily, relates that their applications are simply flooding the Ozet office.

"We trusted the Soviet when the Nep (New Economic Policy) was declared and entered into trading because it was legal. Why should we suffer now?" these people are lamenting. They add that they are in danger of physical extermination if they are not settled on the land.

The Ozet, however, is rejecting their applications without ceremonies. Its standard reply is, "The Soviet soul cannot tolerate your type," according to the "Emes."

Wall Dating to Bronze Age Found in Palestine Ruins

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Jan. 27.—An early Bronze Age wall, probably the most magnificent yet found in Palestine, has been uncovered on the site of the ancient city of Jericho, where explorations are going on. About fifty meters of the wall, which is twenty feet high, have been cleared. It apparently was part of a city dating back to 2000 B.C. Before the war, German archaeologists began excavating these ruins near Elisha's Fountain, a favorite tourist site.

Hungarian Government Sends Gift to Hebrew Library

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, Jan. 27.—The Hungarian government has sent a gift to the Hebrew National Library in Jerusalem as a token of sympathy, declared Count Klebelsberg, Hungarian Minister of Education, as a result of his interview with the Zionist representative, Wilensky, in which the latter told him of the progress that Hebrew culture has made in Palestine until now.

Hungarian literary circles are preparing a reception for the Palestinian Hebrew poet, Hamciri, who was a former Hungarian poet. Hamciri is coming to Budapest to work for the Keren Hayesod.

Three Creeds in Third Annual Fellowship Dinner

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Montreal, Jan. 27.—The third annual Fellowship Dinner between the three great denominations, Jewish, Protestant and Catholic, sponsored by the Temple Emanu-El Brotherhood, was held on Wednesday evening, January 22, under the chairmanship of Rabbi H. Stern. The addresses, delivered by J. T. Hackett, K.C., Louis Fitch, K.C., John MacMillan and Rev. L. Clare, representing the Catholic, Jewish and Protestant faiths, as well as the Unitarian church, respectively, were in the main a plea for religious tolerance, emphasizing that there is no necessity for conformity of religions in order to have good fellowship.

Rabbi Wasserfisch Dead

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Jan. 27.—Rabbi Jacob David Wasserfisch, aged 67, the rabbi of Schumlewinza, a suburb of Warsaw, died today. He was a noted Talmudist and the author of several scholarly works.

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

Published every day in the week
except Saturday and holidays

by the
JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN CO.

Executive and Editorial Office

611 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

Jacob Landau President
Samuel Binstock Treasurer
Sylvain Birnbaum Secretary

Vol. VII. Tuesday, Jan. 28, 1930. No. 1576.

Member of Jewish Telegraphic Agency
New York 611 Broadway
London 244 High Holborn
Paris 42 Rue Le Pelletier
Berlin Eisenbahnstrasse 6
Warsaw Ulitsa Aleje Jerolimski Nr. 18
Jerusalem Hasolel Bldg.

Subscription Rates	U.S. and Canada	Foreign
One Year	\$12.00	\$15.00
Six Months	6.00	7.50
One Month	1.00	1.50

Entered as second-class matter Nov. 14, 1929,
at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under
the Act of March 3, 1879.

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Prepare to Transfer Halsmann to Prison for Dangerous Criminals

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Jan. 27.—The Innsbruck court is preparing to transfer Philip Halsmann on Thursday to the prison for dangerous criminals, called "Stein-an-Donau," where Hilsner was incarcerated years ago.

In the meantime the Innsbruck rabbi is, paying daily visits to Philip in prison and seeking to comfort him, to which Halsmann replies bitterly that though he is forced to wear prison clothes he will continue his fight for justice until his last breath. He insists that he will never sign an application for a pardon, although he realizes how much grief this attitude on his part causes his mother.

Professor Mager, a priest of the Benedictine Order, is the latest prominent Christian to join the defence of Halsmann. The leader of the Women's Organization of the Christian Socialists of Tyrol has also joined with those who are fighting for a new trial for Halsmann.

Bedouin Tribes Battle on Syrian Boundary

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Jan. 27.—Reports from Beirut say that the Bedouin tribe of Ruallah, roaming the eastern boundary of Syria, has attacked the Sabah and Amraat tribesmen, with 40 casualties to the Ruallah men.

Commits Suicide Rather Than Return to Soviet Russia

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, Jan. 27.—Pinchas Sarandu, a Jewish emigrant from Russia, committed suicide here today when the American consul refused to give him a visa. Sarandu preferred suicide to returning to Russia.

\$250,000 Drive to Carry Yeshiva Through Crisis Will Begin This Week

A drive for \$250,000, which is needed to help carry through the Yeshiva College in its present financial crisis, will be begun this week and will continue until the amount is raised. At a conference of about 150 representatives of orthodox Jewish congregations held Sunday afternoon in the Yeshiva College synagogue at 186th Street and Amsterdam Avenue, it was decided to aid in every way possible the success of this drive.

Leading orthodox rabbis spoke at the conference and told of the present critical situation of the Yeshiva, emphasizing its great value for the preservation of Orthodox Judaism in this country and the great blow that traditional Judaism in this country would receive if the Yeshiva should have to close its doors. Peter Wiernik, editor of the "Jewish Morning Journal," presided, and Harris L. Selig, executive director of Yeshiva College, made the opening address. A letter from Mayor Walker to Samuel Levy, chairman of the emergency fund committee, in which the Mayor gives his full endorsement to the campaign for funds, was read at the conference.

The conference decided to issue a solemn call to orthodox congregations in New York City and vicinity to rally to the support of the Yeshiva College. A resolution was also adopted declaring that contributions may be made in three forms—annual membership, patron dues and establishment of scholarships of \$250 a year. Among the contributions that were announced at the conference was one by Lieutenant-Governor Lehman.

Former Mexican Rabbi Now With Chicago Congregation

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Chicago, Jan. 27.—Rabbi Elias Gamze, formerly chacham of the Sephardic Congregation of Mexico City, was elected rabbi of the Chicago Loop Orthodox Synagogue.

Rabbi Gamze is known for his intensive work in the organizing of a strong Jewish community in Mexico City. Because of his linguistic ability, he was of invaluable service to the Hebrew Immigrant Aid and Sheltering Society in Mexico, where Jews from every part of the world are now flocking. It was through his efforts that the B'nai B'rith was organized in Mexico.

500 Jewish Youth To Be Apprenticed in Factories

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Jan. 27.—Five hundred of the unemployed Jewish youth of Moscow will be placed in the Soviet factories in industrial regions as apprentices. This decision was reached yesterday at the meeting of the Communist Youth Party.

\$5,000,000 Endowment Fund for Hebrew Union College Is Nearing Its Goal

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Cincinnati, Jan. 27.—That the campaign for a five-million dollar endowment fund which is being sought by the Hebrew Union College of Cincinnati is nearing its goal was the announcement made here yesterday in a report from Adolph S. Ochs, chairman of the endowment fund campaign, rendered at the final session of the meeting of the executive board of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations.

A total of \$4,339,512.16 has already been pledged to the fund, Mr. Ochs stated. David A. Brown, chairman of the union's board of finance, submitted a report in which he praised the spirit of cooperation in which most of the reform congregations throughout the country have been working for the success of the endowment fund.

The possibility of publishing a magazine devoted to Reform Judaism was discussed at the meeting, and it was decided to appoint a committee to consider cooperation with the Central Conference of American Rabbis on this matter.

The next meeting of the executive board will be held at Atlantic City on June 14 and 15.

French Government Shows Interest in Dead Sea Grant

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Jan. 27.—Arthur Henderson, British foreign secretary, replying to Howard Bury, said he has not received any further communications from the French ambassador regarding the Dead Sea concession, nor has an agreement been reached with the French government. Henderson was also unable to say whether the question would be referred to the Hague.

Howard Bury further inquired as to whether this meant that in view of ratification of the optional clause, the matter will have to come before the international court of appeal. Henderson, however, had nothing to add to his previous answer. He did ask for notice on Major Nathan's question, "how is it that the French government is interested in this matter?"

Mark 4th Yahrzeit of Dr. Kaufman Kohler

In memory of the fourth yahrzeit of the death of Dr. Kaufman Kohler, a sermon on "The Lessons from the Life of a Modern Rabbi" was preached by Dr. Hyman Enelow at Temple Emanu-El last Saturday. The yahrzeit lights, illuminated only on the anniversary of the death of leaders of Temple Emanu-El, were placed on the pulpit, and the entire congregation rose to recite the kaddish prayer. Dr. Kohler was the rabbi of Temple Beth El, recently merged with Temple Emanu-El, for 24 years.

Security of Life and Property Reestablished in Palestine, Brodetsky and Sacher Tell Conference of English Zionist Federation

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had not been stopped, but had grown larger since September. Nevertheless, he believed that the whole scheme of immigration regulation in Palestine has not been satisfactory or in any sense welcome to the Zionist Executive. The problem of immigration must be settled not by the government or by the Palestine administration, said Professor Brodetsky, but depends on the Jews themselves. "They can open the gates to Palestine or close them."

Discussing the status of the Jewish Agency as laid down in the Mandate, he declared it was an extraordinarily difficult thing to define because it was vague and open to many interpretations. "After eight or nine years of experience in interpreting the functions of the Agency by ourselves and political authorities, the time has come to get a clear notion of what the Agency should be and what advising and cooperating should mean in practice." Referring to reports of difficulties between Zionists and non-Zionists, Professor Brodetsky declared them to be unfounded but he admitted that "there are differences of opinion affecting organization. These things must be settled at the March meeting of the Administrative Committee."

Speaking of the Arab-Jewish problem, Professor Brodetsky said: "It may be true that the Zionist Executive did not pay sufficient attention to the problem of Jewish-Arab relations, but it would be equally a mistake if we allowed ourselves to be completely obsessed by the Jewish-Arab question in the future. It is an important and fundamental problem that has to be faced and solved quickly. It is a problem of the relations of two peoples, one living in Palestine for centuries that has a claim to the country as all people living in a country for many generations, and the Jewish people who have been associated with Palestine for over 3,000 years, and in all parts of the world consider themselves not immigrants but homecomers and future citizens."

Jewish Immigration Important

"This problem cannot be solved by the Zionist Executive by a single formula or in a short time. Therefore if we devote all our energies to the Jewish-Arab problem exclusively, we shall make a serious mistake. Our intensive immigration to Palestine is an important contribution to solving the problem. The Arabs should know that the Jews are determined to rebuild the National Home. To ignore the Arab problem would be a first class political mistake. That is the answer to that section of the Zionist Organization which bases its program upon ignoring the Arab population."

"The Arabs are there. We shall have to live with them in the country. That section which says no sacrifice is too great to pacify the Arabs is a very serious source of danger to our whole

work. It would be a fundamental political mistake to show the Arabs that if they want political gain they must make further attacks on the Jews. It is essential that the Arabs recognize that the policy of the National Home has come to stay and is not subject to discussion."

Also laying stress on the Arab-Jewish relations problem, Harry Sacher, chairman of the Palestine Zionist Executive, told the 300 guests at the English Zionist Conference, that the "Palestine Arabs understand only firmly established facts and if there is brought home to them clearly and unmistakably that any question of a change in policy of the Mandate and the Jewish National Home does not exist, then we have the beginning of a foundation for Jewish-Arab relations."

Land Question Not Cause of Trouble

Declaring that he did not want to foretell the findings of the Inquiry Commission, Sacher said that the Commission "manifestly extended its activities into fields unembraced in the terms of reference. You may hear in the coming months something regarding the land question in Palestine. It is my conviction that the land question had nothing whatsoever to do with the troubles. It was perfectly natural and inevitable that given the opportunity, the Arabs should try to suggest that the land question was directly or indirectly the cause of the troubles, but I am quite convinced that this is entirely remote from the truth."

"Search the records of settlement of any country on the globe and you will find that no settlement upon the land by a people from outside has been carried out with the same regard for the interests of the native population, with the same effort for justice and generosity and general benefit to the native population as in Palestine."

Sacher had high praise for the courage of the Jewish community. He said that he arrived in Palestine in September, after the outbreaks, and he "found the population in a state of serious anxiety, not anxiety for the future or for political consequences, but anxiety regarding public order and security for life and property, an anxiety which in an ordinary civilized community does not exist. Not only the Jews, but also the Arabs, felt that the government had ceased to govern, had failed to maintain control of the administrative machine to impress the population with the conviction that it had the will and resolution to exercise power."

Acts of Violence Ceasing

A noticeable change for the better was evident, he said, when he left Palestine a fortnight ago. "Incidents of violence had practically ceased, and the conviction was beginning to revive that the government meant to rule and had the power to rule, which has re-

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Brooklyn Federation Enters 20th Year With Budget of Close to \$900,000

Justice Joseph M. Proskauer and Nathan D. Shapiro, addressing the annual meeting of the Brooklyn Federation of Jewish Charities yesterday afternoon at the Union Temple, Brooklyn, described the proposed merger of the Brooklyn and Manhattan Federations, as the most important development in the field of American Jewish philanthropy in recent years, but warned that the project places an added responsibility upon the Jews of Brooklyn to support their Federation, since one of the conditions of the amalgamation is that "neither Federation shall have any deficit at the time that the merger becomes effective."

Justice Proskauer praised "the distinguished record of achievement" of the Brooklyn Federation of Jewish Charities, while Mr. Shapiro, in his report as president of the organization, traced the growth and development of the Federation from the time of its organization in 1910, when it had a total budget of \$90,000, to the present year, when the Federation spent \$874,603.98 in carrying out its philanthropic work.

Mr. Shapiro, in describing the accomplishments of Federation in the past twelve months, pointed out that the membership had increased to 12,442, an increase of 3,000 members over 1928, and that the receipts from membership dues reached \$692,185.15 during 1929, an increase of over \$35,000 over the previous year. The allotments to the twenty-five societies affiliated with Federation mounted to \$790,100 in 1929, an increase of almost \$50,000 over 1928.

Mr. Shapiro then cited the following figures to show how the money collected by Federation in 1929 was spent: Relief of poor, sick, widow and aged, 29.2 percent; medical care, 26.2 percent; orphan and child care, 10.1 percent; Hebrew education, 7.5 percent; boys and girls delinquency work, 8.7 percent; immigrant aid and education, 1.5 percent; Y.M.H.A.'s, 8.3 percent; aged and incurables in institutions, 3 percent; Federation office, collection and administration expense, 6.5 percent; deficit campaign, 3.3 percent, and interest on loans, 4 percent.

Among the new activities undertaken during the past year, Mr. Shapiro mentioned the Junior Federation, now

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Urges Moslems to Boycott Wailing Wall Commission (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Jan. 27.—All Moslems in Palestine are urged to boycott the Wailing Wall commission which the League of Nations has agreed to let Great Britain name to settle the question, in an editorial appearing today in the "Jamal El Arabic," the Arab daily newspaper, organ of the Moslem Supreme Council, of which the Grand Mufti is the head.

Security of Life, Property Reestablished in Palestine, English Zionist Body Told

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sulted in a definite improvement in confidence and an easing of the mind of the people." Sacher declared that a less civilized people than the Jews might have been provoked to acts of retaliation which would have had grave political consequences as well as serious results to themselves.

The moral to be derived from the troubles, explained Sacher, was that "the job of upbuilding the Jewish National Home must go on faster in order to put ourselves in a position of unshakable strength so that a phase of external agitation and external criticism ceases."

He declared that justice must be done to the Jewish agricultural worker and emphasized the need of increasing the activities of the Keren Hayesod and he expressed the hope that American Jews would take the lead and be followed by the Jews of England and the continent.

Speaking of the extended Jewish Agency, Sacher said that he did not "doubt that it gives us a contribution for which we had hoped. During the March meeting of the Administrative Committee there will doubtless be cleared away any differences which have arisen and the road to fruitful efforts will be opened."

J. K. Goldbloom was chairman of the Conference. Simon Marks submitted the report of the Keren Hayesod and L. J. Schen made a statement on behalf of the Jewish National Fund calling for coordination of Zionist propagandist activities between the Jewish National Fund and the Keren Hayesod.

Joint Conference Held

Following the English Zionist Federation Conference a joint conference between the Keren Hayesod, the delegates to the English Zionist Conference and members of the Jewish Agency in the interests of the Keren Hayesod was held. D'Avigdor Goldsmid presided and read a letter from Dr. Chaim Weizmann, president of the World Zionist Organization, describing the conference as a unique occasion of the cooperation of all sections of Anglo-Jewry and stressing the imperative necessity of the Keren Hayesod's work being resumed which had been interrupted since the riots, in order "to show the world by deeds that our spirit remains unbent and we are determined to go ahead with our program which will be best expressed by increased immigration and more rapid colonization."

Goldsmid proposed a resolution expressing satisfaction with the demonstration of Jewish unity and practical

cooperation of all sections of Anglo-Jewry and called on the Jews to assist the united effort on behalf of the Keren Hayesod which is the financial instrument of the Jewish Agency. He also said that money of the Palestine Emergency Fund would be spent on real and constructive relief and improvements and housing those rendered homeless; in restoration of the colonies to their former position with protective measures to guard them against any future attacks, and assistance to those who suffered from the boycott.

England to Raise \$250,000

Simon Marks and Sir Meyer Spielmann seconded the resolution, asking that England raise \$250,000 of the total budget of \$3,750,000. Berl Katzenelson and Rabbi Berlin supported the resolution. Katzenelson urged more immigration as a safeguard against a repetition of the massacre.

All of the proposed resolutions but one were adopted at the Zionist Conference. The first expressed indignation at the Palestine outrages, the second expressed determination to carry on the construction of the Jewish National Home under the British Mandate and the international guarantees of the civilized world, the third expressed appreciation for the action of Lloyd George, Lord Balfour and General Smuts in calling for searching examination into present administration of Palestine machinery, fourth declared that establishment of National Home can only be carried out on the fundamental and immutable basis of the Balfour Declaration, the fifth deplored that owing to a lack of understanding the support of Jewish rights under the Palestine mandate on the part of certain officials of the administration the riots had not been prevented, the sixth asked the British government to consult the Jewish Agency in the future regarding effective security and protection of life and property for all law-abiding inhabitants of Palestine and the seventh declared it to be essential that the personnel of the Palestine administration be so constituted that the British government will be able to fulfill its undertaking in the spirit and letter of the Balfour Declaration.

During the debate on the resolutions, Meer Grossman, leader of the Revisionists, was interrupted with shouts for facts and he finally sat down without finishing his speech. He complained that while the Revisionists offer the Zionist Executive their sincere cooperation the offer has been rejected. Grossman declared that they are now making a renewed offer for the establishment of a united front under the conditions of first, an extraordinary Zionist congress, second, the establishment of a political emergency committee wherein the opposition will be represented. After a reference to the growth of the Revisionist movement, Grossman complained that even the Jewish counsel at the Inquiry Commission was restricted by the Zionist Executive in submitting his case for the Agency and the Jewish community.

Brooklyn Federation Enters 20th Year With Budget of Close to \$900,000

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having a membership of 1,350 young men and women; the Women's Division, which was organized in May, 1929, and which already has a membership of 450; and the Children's Federation, with a membership of over 300.

Calling attention to the fact that the Federation is entering the year of 1930 with a deficit of \$130,078.53, Mr. Shapiro warned that unless this deficit is wiped off and the obligations of 1930 are fully met during the next fiscal year, the proposed merger will be imperiled.

Hugo H. Piesen, treasurer, reported total receipts of \$844,525.45 for the year. Disbursements, \$874,603.98; notes payable, \$100,000; total deficit for the year, \$130,078.53.

Brief addresses were also delivered by Justice Edward Lazansky, Nathan S. Jonas, founder and first president of the Brooklyn Federation; Major Benjamin H. Namm, Justice Mitchell May, Justice Harry E. Lewis, Dr. Samuel C. Kohs, executive director of the Federation; Joseph J. Baker, and Aaron L. Jacoby.

The following officers were elected for 1930: Nathan D. Shapiro, president; Walter N. Rothschild, first vice-president; Morris Salzman, second vice-president; Hon. Grover M. Moscovitz, third vice-president; Hugo H. Piesen, treasurer; Benjamin C. Ribman, assistant treasurer; Mrs. William Linder, secretary; Max Ahelmann, assistant secretary; Herbert Posner, assistant secretary. The fifteen members of the board of directors whose terms expired yesterday, were all elected for next year. They are: Max Blumber, James J. Brooke, Hon. Emanuel Celler, Morris Dlugasch, Benjamin B. Englander, Adolph Feldblum, Herman Gabbe, Moses Ginsberg, Nathan S. Jonas, Hon. Edward Lazansky, Aaron William Levy, Hon. Harry E. Lewis, Alfred W. Norek, Nathan Strauss, and Hyman Zeitz.

J.D.C. Overseas Legion to Observe 10th Year of Departure

The "J.D.C. Overseas Legion," consisting of the survivors of the army of Jewish relief workers who went over to Eastern Europe in January, 1920, to do post-war relief work among the Jews there, under the auspices of the Joint Distribution Committee, will celebrate the tenth anniversary of the departure of the first unit from New York with a dinner at the Commodore Hotel on Saturday, February 1.

At the head of the relief work in Eastern Europe ten years ago was Dr. Boris D. Bogen, who died a few months ago.

At the dinner on Saturday evening members will recount their experiences of ten years ago. Miss Emma Redell, operatic star, will sing Silbert's "Yahrzeit," in memory of Dr. Bogen and the other deceased members.

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