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MUFTI MAY CLAIM ECCLESIASTIC IMMUNITY; REFUSE TO TESTIFY IN PUBLIC

Chief Rabbi Kook Will Claim Similar Privilege in Such Eventuality
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Nov. 22.—It is learned here today that the Grand Mufti of Jerusalem and head of the Moslem Supreme Council may claim ecclesiastical immunity against appearing before public sittings of the Inquiry Commission and against being publicly cross-examined by counsel. If the Mufti's attitude is upheld by the Commission he will be heard in the privacy of his own apartment. His objections to a public session are said to be based on old Turkish law. It is expected that Chief Rabbi Kook will undoubtedly claim a similar privilege.

DISTRICT COURT REDUCES SENTENCES OF 2 ARABS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Nov. 22.—The District Court yesterday reduced the sentences of two Arabs of Haifa to two years each. The District Court had previously sentenced one Arab to seven years and the other to five years imprisonment for looting during the riots.

NEWLYWED AMERICANS STRANDED IN POLAND

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Nov. 22.—Many American citizens who have come to Poland to marry now find themselves in an awkward situation because they are unable to return to the United States with their newly married wives and husbands respectively. This is due to the refusal of the Polish government to issue marriage certificates to Americans newly wed in Poland for fear that they have left a family behind in America or that they have gone through a marriage ceremony in order to be able to smuggle Poles into America outside of the quota laws. A warning has been issued that all Americans coming to Poland to get married should bring a certificate showing that they are unmarried.

ARAB BOYCOTTERS ATTACK POLICEMAN

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Nov. 22.—Yesterday when an Arab boycotter, as usual, tried to destroy goods bought by an Arab at a Jewish store in the Old City a policeman tried to arrest him. Immediately a crowd of other boycotters gathered and assaulted the officer. British policemen arrived quickly but the boycotters had already fled.

SECRETARY OF ARAB EXECUTIVE REPLACES STOKER, EXAMINES LUKE; TRIES TO PROVE GOVERNMENT SHOWS FAVORITISM TO JEWS

Secretary Points to Jews in Government Office as Sign of Favoritism; Says Arabs Refused Agency Because They Did Not Want to Be on Same Level with Jews; Merriman Introduces Original Proclamation, Drawn Up by Braude, 12 Hours Before Outbreak Which Might Have Averted Riots Had Moslems Not Refused Signature; Merriman May Re-examine Luke

By GERSHON AGRONSKY

(Staff Correspondent, Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Nov. 22.—The cross examination of H. C. Luke, Chief Secretary of the Palestine Government and Acting High Commissioner of Palestine during the riots, now a witness before the Parliamentary Commission of Inquiry, was yesterday afternoon taken out of the hands of William Henry Stoker, English barrister who had been summoned from London to conduct the Arab case, and placed in the hands of a local Arab attorney, Aouni Bey Abbul Sadi, secretary of the Arab Executive, who had been associated with Stoker as a junior Arab counsel.

With the Commissioners listening attentively to a lengthy cross examination, laborious because it was conducted in Arabic and had to be translated, Aouni Bey Abbul Sadi, cross-examining Luke on the general policy of the Palestine Government, marshalled every point which might be construed as favoritism toward the Jews and against Arab policy, which he interpreted as eventually aiming to deprive the Arabs of both their economic and political status.

Sir Henry Battenon conducted the proceedings, which were, however, attended by Sir Walter Shaw, Chair-

CHANCELLOR GRANTS TEL AVIV TEMPORARY PERMIT TO SLAUGHTER MEAT

No Meat in Tel Aviv for 2 Weeks When Jews Refuse to Use Jaffa Facilities

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Nov. 22.—A temporary permit to allow slaughtering of meat in Tel Aviv has been granted to the Jews of that city by High Commissioner Chancellor. The site of the slaughter house is that of an old tannery owned by Lefkovich where the Jews had been slaughtering ever since the riots until the government forbade it as a result of a protest from the Jaffa municipality. The Jews of Tel Aviv have gone without meat for almost two weeks as a result of the government's ban on slaughtering in Tel Aviv. Yesterday Rabbis Uziel and Aronson went to Jerusalem to discuss the situation with the High Commissioner.

man of the Commission. The stream of questions placed by the Arab counsel were uninterrupted, the Commission evidently desiring to give the Arabs a full opportunity not only to state their counter charges, but to produce evidence of what they consider the immediate and contributory causes to the Arab unrest.

It is believed that Sir Boyd Merriman, counsel for the Jewish Agency, will again cross-examine Luke on points growing out of the interrogation by Aouni Bey Abbul Sadi. The correspondent of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency understands that factual material, disposing of most of the Arab contentions against the so-called Zionist policy, in particular disproving the allegations that Jewish land purchases have injured Arab cultivators, has long been prepared.

The Arab counsel started his examination.

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POLICE DISPERSE DEMONSTRATION OF 2,000 PRAGUE ANTI-SEMITIC STUDENTS

Demand 5% Numerus Clausus; Difficult Entrance Exams

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Prague, Nov. 22.—Thousands of Nationalistic Czech students held an anti-Semitic street demonstration today, despite a police order forbidding it. They demanded a five percent numerus clausus for foreign students and more difficult entrance examinations for them. The police quickly dispersed the demonstrators, arresting some and injuring others. At Bratislava, anti-Semitic students also arranged mass demonstrations and removed Jewish students from the universities.

It is curious to note that the provincial president has promised to carry into effect the demands of the anti-Semitic students, saying that they are just. At the German universities in Prague, where there were recently anti-Semitic riots, quiet prevails.

London, Nov. 22.—Mounted and foot police yesterday broke up a demonstration of 2,000 Nationalist students outside of the University of Prague. Several students were hurt and a number injured, according to a British United Press dispatch in the "Daily Herald."

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"DAVAR" CRITICIZES USSISHKIN FOR HECKLING DR. JUDAH L. MAGNES

Says Speech Contained Nothing to
Justify Act of J. N. F. Head

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Nov. 22.—The action of M. M. Ussishkin, director of the Jewish National Fund, in interrupting the convocation address of Dr. Judah L. Magnes at the opening of the Hebrew University, is criticized today by the labor daily "Davar," which charges Mr. Ussishkin with having created the impression that the Jews are opposed to peace with the Arabs.

While the desirability of Dr. Magnes's attitude may be questioned, nevertheless his speech, says "Davar," contained nothing which justified Ussishkin's action. "The University is a scientific, non-political institution and one could not expect the head of the University to open the new semester without mentioning general conditions in the country. In fact it was the duty of the Chancellor of the University to proclaim that the University is seeking peace and friendly relations with the Arab population."

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE HONORS OCHS AND KAHN

Adolph S. Ochs, publisher of the New York "Times," and Otto Kahn, banker and art patron, were among the seven men, each outstanding in their own field of endeavor, who were honored at the annual dinner of the New York State Chamber of Commerce Thursday night.

In speaking of Mr. Ochs, the toastmaster said that he was a man "who has been a creator of educational values, who has set a standard which every newspaper may well follow, and who exhibits a humanity at home and across the seas in united service."

Of Mr. Kahn, the toastmaster remarked that "his career is convincing

CHRISTIAN STUDENTS DE- CLINE AID FROM SOCIETY BECAUSE MEMBERS JEWS

Starving Christian Students Would
Rather Die than Eat Jewish
Bread, Anti-Semite Avers

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, Nov. 22.—Starving Christian students would rather die than eat Jewish bread, declared an anti-Semitic student leader yesterday in prohibiting Christian students from accepting aid from the Theresienstädte Geselligkeitsklub, a benevolent society for students, and he also asked them to refrain from taking free meals given by the society on the ground that most of its members were Jewish.

After he had pronounced this ban the Christian students actually stopped taking free meals at the society although there had been 200 Christian students registered there for meals. The Hungarian press comments on the incident as being characteristic of the present anti-Semitic situation in the country.

"AMERICAN HEBREW" MARKS FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY

The fiftieth anniversary of the "American Hebrew," the leading Anglo-Saxon journalistic advocate of liberal Judaism, was marked by a dinner Thursday evening in New York in honor of the six living founders of the publication. Dr. Isaac Landman, editor of the "American Hebrew," announced that annual award of a medal will be made to the man or woman in America who achieves the most to bring about better understanding between Jew and Christian in the United States.

A distinguished gathering of representatives of American Jewry gathered at the Hotel Plaza to do honor to Supreme Court Justice Samuel Greenbaum, Cyrus L. Sulzberger, Dr. Solomon Solis Cohen, Rev. H. Pereira Mendes, Max Cohen and Philip Cowen, the six living founders of the "American Hebrew."

All of the speakers paid tribute to the work of the "American Hebrew" in helping to bring about a better understanding between Jew and Christian. The speakers were Prof. John Dewey, Henry Morgenthau, Mrs. Rebecca Kohut, Cyrus L. Sulzberger, Bernard Edelertz, publisher of the "American Hebrew," and Dr. Isaac Landman.

Messages of congratulation were received from President Hoover, Queen Marie of Roumania, Wilhelm Miklas, president of Austria, Tytus Filipowicz, Polish Minister to the United States; Sir Herbert Samuel, Julius Rosenwald, Adolph S. Ochs, Dr. I. Levi, Chief Rabbi of France; Lieut.-Governor Lehman and Mayor Walker. Messages from representatives of religious groups, including those of all shades of Judaism, were also received.

proof that a man may be successful in business and yet be zealous in his devotion to things of beauty and culture."

CHANCELLOR SUGGESTS COM- MISSION ACT ON ARAB BAN ON JEWISH SERVICE AT WALL

Rabbinical Delegation Referred to In-
quiry Commission by High
Commissioner

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Nov. 22.—A delegation representing the Chief Rabbinate of Palestine, consisting of Rabbis Kook and Meier, yesterday visited Sir John Chancellor in connection with the letter addressed to the Chief Rabbinate by the "Akas," Moslem Wailing Wall Society, denying the Jews the right of organized worship at the Wailing Wall, and prohibiting them from "any ceremony or the installation of objects, or the raising of the voice," as an encroachment on Arab religious rights.

The High Commissioner of Palestine, the correspondent of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency is informed, advised the Rabbinical Delegation to refer the letter to the Parliamentary Commission of Inquiry which is now holding its sessions here.

Rabbi Chaim Sonnenfeld yesterday issued an appeal asking for a reconciliation between the Jews and the Arabs in the Wailing Wall dispute, assuring the Arabs that the Jews make no claims to the Mosque area and desire only free access to the Wall for prayers.

CONE ART COLLECTION MAY GO TO METROPOLITAN

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Baltimore, Nov. 22.—The possibility that the widely known art collection of the late Dr. Claribel Cone, Baltimore scientist and art connoisseur, eventually will pass as a unit into the keeping of the new Municipal Museum of Art here, together with a fund of \$100,000 for housing, preserving and maintaining the collection, was learned today.

Under the terms of Dr. Cone's will, filed late yesterday, the large accumulation of paintings, chiefly by famous leaders and representatives of the post-impressionist and modern schools, of textiles, objets d'art, furniture, etc., may be acquired by the museum after the death of Dr. Cone's sister, Miss Etta Cone, or in the latter's lifetime if this should be her wish. It is suggested, however, that this may be done if "the spirit of appreciation of modern art in Baltimore becomes improved."

The will, besides providing for the disposition of her art collection and making bequests to a number of relatives, friends and family servants, sets aside sums for charities and institutions.

LEFT POALE ZION CLOSES ITS PUBLISHING HOUSE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Nov. 22.—The left Poale Zion organ, the "Arbeiter Zeitung," has closed down its publishing house, "Neue Kultur," and the labor club, "Unzer Heim," has been shut down, too.

SECRETARY OF ARAB EXECUTIVE REPLACES STOKER, EXAMINES LUKE; TRIES TO PROVE GOVERNMENT SHOWS FAVORITISM TO JEWS

(Continued from Page 1)

mation of Luke with the statement that the Arab Executive had not once met with Luke, because its secretaries believed such a meeting to be of no avail, since the Government was committed to a Zionist policy.

Luke recollected that the Government had offered the Arabs both a Legislative Council and an Arab Agency, which the Arabs had refused. He agreed, upon being questioned, that the Jews had asked they be employed in the Haifa Harbor construction in the proportions of Jewish to Arab laborers, not in proportion to the general population. The Jews, he said, had also asked for higher wages in Government works, a request which was not granted. The Government was willing, however, to differentiate between skilled and unskilled work.

Luke agreed that the Government had spent during the economic crisis more than sixty-five thousand pounds in behalf of the Jewish unemployed. The Government grants twenty thousand pounds to the Jewish education system, he told the Commissioners, in response to Aouni Bey Abdul Sadi's question. The Arab counsel, in putting his question, neglected, however, to mention that aside from this lump sum granted to the Zionists, the entire educational budget of the Government benefits the Arab schools.

Aouni asked, and Luke promised to produce, the circular to all Government departments requesting the officers to assist the Jewish authorities rendering relief to the victims of the latest disturbances. Aouni charged that the Government spent considerable sums for the feeding of the Jewish refugees, but that no like sum had been expended on the "Arab victims." The Arab counsel declared further that in closing the Ottoman Agricultural Bank, the Government had facilitated Jewish immigration and land purchase. To this assertion, Luke replied that the Government is studying the question of establishing a new bank. He agreed that under the Turks the Palestinians enjoyed a greater constitutional share in the Government than they do now.

Replying to Luke's statement that the Government had offered the Arabs an assembly and an agency, Aouni Bey Abdul Sadi declared that the Arabs had been dictated by the fact that the Arabs considered themselves the masters of the country and objected to being placed on the same level as the Jews.

Luke agreed that there were two Jews and but one Arab in the Government secretariat, to which statement, Aouni added that there were eighty-seven Moslems in the senior civil service as against sixty-eight Jews. Continuing in this vein, he pointed out that Norman Bentwich is a member of the present Executive Council, con-

sisting of the High Commissioner, the Chief Secretary, the Attorney General and the Treasurer, whereas no Arab is represented. There is one Jew in the official Advisory Council, and not one Arab, he continued. The Advisory Council proposed in 1922 would have given British officials and Jewish members a majority, he asserted. Luke agreed with his statement that the Legislative Council elections of 1923 were abortive.

The Arab counsel disclosed that Assistant Secretary Mills of the Palestine Government had conducted private conversations with Arab leaders, concerning a Parliament, and extracted from Luke the admission that Lord Plumer, when High Commissioner, stopped the negotiations because he wanted first to be convinced that the Arabs were capable of administering municipal affairs before he gave them national responsibilities.

Aouni Bey Abdul Sadi indicated to the Commission that Mills should be called in order to produce the "private" letter he had written in connection with these negotiations.

Responding to the Arab counsel's assertions, Luke declared that he was unaware that a thousand Arab families had lost their homes and their means of livelihood as a result of the immigration of Jews. He stated that he knew of certain cases where Arabs were dispossessed, but he had not heard that the Arabs of Nazareth were on the verge of starvation and that Jenin was similarly doomed because

(Continued on Page 4)

DECLARES SPAIN IS NOT SEEKING JEWISH MASS RETURN TO COUNTRY

Explains Jewish Emigration Should Be Same as Other Group

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Nov. 22.—In connection with a report in the "Vienna Journal" that Spain is asking the Jews to return there, the Spanish consul in Warsaw today declared that the Spanish government has not planned to especially invite the Jews to emigrate to Spain but that it would like the Jewish emigration to be carried out in accordance with the immigration regulations for all other peoples. The consul states that only circles interested in historical events desired the return of the Spanish Jews because of historical motives but that that does not mean a mass emigration of Jews to Spain.

PIONEER RUSSIAN INDUSTRIALIST DIES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, Nov. 22.—Louis Hirschman, founder of the Russian match industry in 1878, died today at Goldingen at the age of 79. He was a well known Latvian industrialist.

GREAT BRITAIN PLANS INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE ON PALESTINE SITUATION

Asks League to Approve Such Action; to Supplement Present Commission

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Geneva, Nov. 22.—An international committee of experts, to be appointed by Great Britain with the approval of the Mandates Commission of the League of Nations, to investigate the Arab-Jewish situation in Palestine, is being contemplated by Great Britain. A note to this effect has been received by the Secretariat of the League of Nations, inquiring as to whether the Mandates Commission would object to such a committee. The Commission is expected to act on the request at its present session.

The proposed committee would proceed to Palestine as soon as possible so that its report may be ready for the extraordinary session of the Mandates Commission next Spring. It is planned that this committee will supplement the work of the present British Inquiry Commission. It is quite likely that if the proposed committee is named, it will relieve Britain of some of the responsibility resting upon it if the inquiry is limited to the present British Commission.

Reported criticism by other powers, particularly Italy, concerning the present investigation, is said to be behind the sudden decision of the British Government to name an international commission. The Italian press claims that Great Britain hopes to bury the fundamentals of the Palestine situation in a mass of unimportant details.

JEWS NAMED ON HUMAN RELATIONS BOARD

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

New Haven, Nov. 22.—Among the members of the advisory board named by President James Rowland Angell of Yale University to form the Human Welfare Group which has been organized around the Institute of Human Relations are Franz Boaz, professor of anthropology at Columbia University; Leo K. Frankel, vice-president of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company; David Lawrence, editor of the "United States Daily"; Walter Lippman, editor of the New York "World"; Adolph S. Ochs, publisher of the New York "Times"; and Edwin R. A. Seligman, professor of economics at Columbia University.

63 MEMBERS OF POULTRY TRUST FOUND GUILTY

Sixty-three men were found guilty yesterday of conspiring to violate the Sherman Anti-Trust Law, in the Federal government's suit to smash the kosher poultry trust in New York. In addition to the 66 convicted, the Official Orthodox Poultry Slaughterers of America, Inc., Chamber of Commerce, and Local 167 of the International Brotherhood of Chauffeurs, Teamsters, Stablenmen and Helpers of America, were also convicted.

SECRETARY OF ARAB EXECUTIVE REPLACES STOKER AT INQUIRY (Continued from Page 3)

the Jewish colonists of the Emek had refused to trade with these towns.

When Luke asserted that he was unaware that crime is on the increase in Palestine, Preedy, Government counsel, attributed the present figures, which are higher than under the Turkish regime, to the fact that under the Turkish criminals perhaps were not brought to justice.

The subject of the Wailing Wall was introduced by the Arab counsel, who sought to draw out Luke on the question of the sanctity of the pavement outside the Wall. Luke, however, refused to admit that the pavement at the Wailing Wall was sacred to any one.

At this point, R. Hopkin Morris, member of the Commission, interrupted to point out that the question of the sanctity of the Wall to the Jews and the Moslems is a dispute with which the Commission is not concerned. The Commission is interested only in how, and if, the dispute caused the riots, he stated. Merriman agreed with this interpretation, declaring that another Commission must be named to settle the question of the Wailing Wall.

Answering the Arab counsel's charges that the Government had subsidized Jewish unemployment during the economic crisis of 1927, Merriman quoted from the Palestine Government's report to the effect that "no Jew fell a direct charge upon the country owing to unemployment. The Jewish funds contributed more than the Government funds to the solution of the unemployment. The Government did not contribute to the unemployment dole which the Zionist Organization financed."

Discussion was revived yesterday over the meeting at the house of Luke on the eve of the August outbreaks. Merriman established that the Zionist representative urged the meeting, and drafted the proclamation for joint signature, which the Moslems refused to sign.

The possibilities of averting the Arab outbreak in Palestine were contemplated yesterday by the Parliamentary Commission of Inquiry when the original proclamation drawn up by Braude, representing the Zionist Executive, on the eve of the outbreak, in an effort to calm both sides, but which the Arabs refused to sign, was introduced at the hearing yesterday afternoon by Sir Boyd Merriman.

The document which was identified by H. C. Luke, Chief Secretary of the Palestine Government, read: "We, the undersigned representatives of the Moslem and Jewish supreme institutions wish to inform both the Jews and the Moslems that at a joint meeting we came to the conclusion that the present excitement among the Moslems and the Jews is chiefly due to a misunderstanding. We are convinced that by good will, the misunderstanding can be cleared up. For this reason we de-

mand that both the Jews and the Moslems should do their utmost to attain peaceful and quiet relations. We all deprecate any acts of violence and appeal to everyone to assist their supreme institutions in the sacred work of obtaining peace between both nations."

Luke agreed that the Moslems refused to sign any joint document at the meeting which took place in his house twelve hours before the outbreaks occurred. The Commissioners present in the court room could not help contemplating what might have happened if the Moslems had agreed to sign the above proclamation twelve hours before one of the greatest tragedies in its recent history had gripped Palestine.

The Arab accusation that the Jews had damaged a small Mosque in Zichron Moshe, a quarter in Jerusalem, was countered by Merriman with the reminder that this had happened as a reprisal for the destruction of a synagogue in the Georgian quarter where the Arabs first ran amok.

Referring to the abortive peace efforts on the eve of the riots, Aouni Bey Abdul Sadi asked Luke if he really expected the Arab representatives to sign the proclamation advising friendly relations with the Jews.

Somewhat exasperated, Luke answered: "I have been asked to take responsibility for what I have done, for what the High Commissioner has done, for what the Colonial Office has done. You must not expect me to be responsible for the Arab notables."

The Chief Secretary of the Palestine government admitted having told the Arabs that the discipline among them was better than among the Jews. He said he was aware that the Jews stoned an Arab in Jerusalem, killed a Moslem family in Jaffa, assaulted Arab passersby in Jerusalem, in response to the questioning of Aouni.

Stoker, prior to yielding his place to Aouni Bey Abdul Sadi, insinuated that the Moslems came to Jerusalem armed on the 23rd of August because they feared the Jews would attack them. Stoker asserted that the Grand Mufti was not responsible for what had happened in Hebron because the Arabs of Hebron pay no attention to him, and in fact had entered an action against him in connection with the Wakf Administration. The Chief Arab counsel again stated that the mutilations at Hebron had not been proved.

At this point Merriman intervened to say: "I do not in the least admit that the charges are unfounded, but I have never mentioned this before this tribunal. It is not part of my case."

When Stoker insisted that the official bulletins show that a mutual attack occurred between the Arabs on the Jews, R. Hopkin Morris said: "Official bulletins are like the British Gazette during the General Strike in England." Luke repeated that the official bulletins were intended as sedatives. While they were not untruthful, certain cases were under-estimated.

Pressed by Stoker to tell all he knew

about the Jewish self-defense, Luke said that as far as he knew it was a voluntary Jewish defense force, certainly not officially recognized. He declared his belief that some of these young men helped to keep order at the Wailing Wall on Tisha B'Ab. It is a quasi-secret organization, but not subversive to the government.

Merriman at this point stated: "We do not pretend that the Jewish self-defense does not exist." When Stoker demanded to know defense against whom, Luke replied he prefers not to draw inferences.

Denying that the Arabs hate the Jews, he said they hate rather the policy which certain Jews advocate, but admitted that the fellahen also dislike the Balfour Declaration.

Stoker provoked laughter when he handed around a coin directing the attention to the Hebrew initials of "Eretz Israel," inscribed in brackets. Luke explained that Sir Herbert Samuel, first Palestine High Commissioner, had devised this as a compromise when the Jews objected to Eretz Israel being called Palestine, in Hebrew.

When Stoker referred to the cancellation of the debt of the municipality of Tel Aviv, Luke reminded him that the Government was showing no favoritism, having wiped off the debts of numerous other municipalities, including Jerusalem.

Stoker complained that the government is withholding Palestine nationality from Arab emigrants to South America. Drayton, Assistant Attorney General, who is acting as assistant counsel for the government, explained that pre-war emigrants returning to Palestine are considered Ottomans and must apply for citizenship the same as other immigrants.

Stoker served notice on Luke that he intends examining him on the Pinchas Rutenberg Electrification lease and the Dead Sea concessions. Luke replied that while the former is the subject of an ordinance and the latter of a White Paper, he is ready to answer the questions.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Baltimore, Nov. 22—Raphael I. Levin, who since 1924 has been chief clerk in the office of Amos W. Woodcock, U. S. District Attorney, will shortly be named an Assistant District Attorney.

Utica, Nov. 22—Paul Felix Warburg has been elected a vice-president of the State Conference on Social Work whose convention ended here last night. Dr. I. M. Rubinow, Executive Secretary of the Independent Order B'nai B'rith, was the leading speaker at the closing session.

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