

Vol. VI. Price 4 Cents.

Thursday, November 7, 1929.

Entered as 2nd Class Matter at Post Office, New York, N. Y. No. 1509.

## HOSTILITY OF BRITISH OFFICIALS TO JEWS REVEALED AT COMMISSION'S HEARING

Major Foley, Police Superintendent of Northern District, Charged by Merriman as Anti-Jewish and Testimony Therefore Prejudiced; Police Officer Reveals Arab Wedding Procession, Unhalted, Despite Jewish Alarm, Acted as Vanguard of Attack

(Jewish Telegraph Agency)

Jerusalem, Nov. 6.—For the first time since the Commission of Inquiry began its investigation into the Palestine outbreak, the anti-Jewish hostility of British officials in the Palestine administration, long pointed to as a contributing cause of the feeling in the country, was brought to the attention of the Commissioners at the hearing yesterday.

Sir Boyd Merriman, counsel for the Jewish Agency, climaxed his cross-examination of Major Foley, Police Superintendent of the Northern District, with the charge that he was anti-Jewish and therefore, in all probability, his evidence was prejudiced.

"Are you surprised that the Jews of Haifa think there is no love lost be-

tween you and them?" asked Merriman.

"You mean they don't like me?" Foley queried.

"I am instructed that the Jews regard you as their enemy," Merriman replied.

"That is incorrect. But I am not surprised that the feeling exists, because I punished Jews who would not leave the streets," Foley stated.

"You had a number of interviews with Jewish notables?" Merriman then questioned. "Yes," was the reply. Continuing, Merriman queried: "In your last interview on August 27, did you not finish by stating: 'After all, you fellows started the riots,' or words to that effect?"

"I don't think so. No, I didn't consider them the cause," Foley asserted.

"Didn't you say on one occasion that the Jews interfered with the protection policy?" Merriman proceeded. "I may have said that on one or two occasions," was Foley's answer.

"What do you now consider the cause of the trouble?" Merriman demanded. "I think the Arab demon-

(Continued on Page 3)

## MANDATES COMMISSION TO AWAIT INQUIRY REPORT BEFORE DISCUSSING PALESTINE

May Call Extraordinary Session; Express "Consternation" and Sympathy for Victims of Outbreak

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Geneva, Nov. 6.—Pending the report of the Commission of Inquiry the question of Palestine will not come up before the present session of the Mandates Commission of the League of Nations which was opened here today by Marquis Theodoli. A proposal that the session consider only the procedure which the discussion will take when Great Britain will submit her report was adopted. All material which Great Britain will submit to the League of Nations regarding the Palestine events is to be presented to the Mandates Commission in order that the question may be considered at its sixteenth session or at an extraordinary session which may be called.

The discussions in September, at the session of the League of Nations Council, when Arthur Henderson spoke for Great Britain on the Palestine events, were very important from the point of view of the mandates system, Marquis Theodoli declared. The painful occurrences in Palestine, which deeply moved public opinion throughout the world, have certainly made an impression on all the members of the Commission who have for years been following with particular interest the development of this country, he said. "On behalf of the Commission I desire

(Continued on Page 4)

## JEWISH STUDENTS THREATEN SELF-DEFENSE IF EXCESSES CONTINUE IN HUNGARY

Attacks Renewed at Vienna Universities Despite Authorities and Police

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Nov. 6.—Jewish students in Austrian universities voiced protests today against the anti-Semitic riots at the universities which have grown so frequent as to be almost a daily occurrence.

Hakenkreuzler students today terrorized Jewish students in the Vienna University, shouting: "Long live the numerus clausus." Moving in crowds, the anti-Semitic students attacked individual Jewish students. The police intervened only when attacks occurred outside the university grounds.

Jewish students declared their determination to organize self-defense measures if the authorities do not succeed in maintaining order.

Vienna, Nov. 6.—The excesses against the Jewish students in the Vienna universities continue despite the orders of the authorities and the police intervention outside the university grounds.

Jewish students were barred by their Hakenkreuzler classmates from attending the inauguration ceremonies of the new rector, Dr. Gleispach. The new rector is known for his sympathies toward the Voelkische, nationalist, students.

The Vienna Kehillah and a number of other Jewish organizations are planning to intervene with the government in behalf of the Jewish students.

## SOVIET PERMITS SENDING OF RAW MATERIALS DUTY FREE DIRECT TO RUSSIAN KIN

Russian Ort Reorganized; to Change Name; Will Limit Activities to Industrialization of Jewish Youth

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Nov. 6.—Permission to send raw materials, free of duty, to their relatives in Russia, who are now among the "declassed," has been granted Jews in countries abroad, including America. An agreement signed today between the Comzet, governmental department, and the Ort Association, which promotes trades and agriculture among the Jews in Russia, makes this possible.

The great importance of the new agreement was pointed out since a large number of Jewish artisans are lacking work due to the shortage of raw materials. These can now be supplied by Jews abroad, who can send them directly to their relatives here.

Moscow, Nov. 6.—The Russian Ort will no longer carry the name Ort, according to a decision at a plenary meeting of leaders of the Russian,

Ukrainian and White Russian Ort organizations.

The meeting decided, not only to change the name, but to reorganize the work entirely, limiting itself to training and engaging Jewish youth in Soviet factories. The new name of the organization has not yet been announced.

It was stated the reorganized Ort will give up the settling of Jews on the land and the assisting of Jewish artisans, leaving these two activities to the Ort Associations of countries abroad, which operate in Russia as foreign organizations, under I. Zegelnitzky.

The change of name will not affect the future relations between the European and American Ort, working in Russia, and the renamed organization, nor the general work of the Ort Association.

(Continued on Page 4)

# JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

Published every day in the week except  
Saturday and Jewish high holidays  
by the  
**JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN CO.**  
Executive and Editorial Office  
611 Broadway, New York, N. Y.  
Jacob Landau ..... President  
Samuel Blumstock ..... Treasurer  
Sylvan Birnbaum ..... Secretary

Vol. VI. Thursday, Nov. 7, 1929. No. 1509.

Member of Jewish Telegraphic Agency  
New York ..... 611 Broadway  
London ..... 24 High Holborn  
Paris ..... 42 Rue Le Peletier  
Berlin ..... Eisenbahnstrasse 6  
Warsaw ..... Ulica Aleje Jerozolimski N. 18  
Jerusalem ..... Hasolei Bldg.

Subscription Rates  
U.S. and Canada Foreign  
One Year ..... \$10.00 \$15.00  
Six Months ..... 6.00 8.00  
One Month ..... 1.00 1.50

Entered as second-class matter July 19, 1927,  
at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under  
the Act of March 3, 1879.

Copyrighted

## "DAVAR" REAPPEARS UNDER NEW NAME; BARRED AGAIN

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Nov. 6.—The "Davar," Hebrew labor daily which was suspended for the publication of a secret police document carrying the names of 24 persons, including the Grand Mufti and a number of Communists, being watched by the police, appeared today under the title, "Omert." Further publication under this name was prohibited, the authorities declaring the "Omert" is an unauthorized journal.

## DESECRATE GERMAN JEWISH CEMETERY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Nov. 6.—The Jewish cemetery in Roedsee, Lower Franconia, was entered last night by vandals. Eleven gravestones were overturned. Among the graves desecrated was that of a rabbi.

## LONDON HAILS YEHUDI MENEHIN, BOY VIOLINIST

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Nov. 6.—The acclaim of the London musical audience was added to those of European capitals and New York in praising Yehudi Menuhin, twelve-year-old Jewish boy violinist of San Francisco. Making his debut Monday night as the soloist of the London Symphony Orchestra, Yehudi was greeted with so much applause between the movements of the concerto he played that the intervals had to be prolonged. At the end he was cheered by the audience.

## DR. WEIZMANN TO BE LEON BLUM'S GUEST IN PARIS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, Nov. 6.—Dr. Chaim Weizmann, president of the World Zionist Organization and the Jewish Agency for Palestine, will arrive in Paris for a visit. He will be the guest of honor at a tea to be tendered by the Socialist Deputy, Leon Blum, which will be attended by the Italian Socialist leader, Turatti and the French Socialist Deputy, Pierre Renaudel.

## JEWAIN OFFICES IN MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS

The Municipal elections held Tuesday in New York, resulting in the reelection of Mayor Walker, brought into office a number of Jews. Borough President Julius Miller of Manhattan, was re-elected on the Democratic ticket.

Irwin Untermeyer and County Judge Albert Cohn were elected to the Supreme Court bench on the Democratic ticket. Judge Cohn was born in New York City, December 20, 1886. He was appointed by Gov. Alfred E. Smith, County Judge of Bronx County and elected for a full term January 1, 1926. He is a member of the Board of Directors of the Y.M.H.A. of the Bronx and is second Vice-President of I.O. B.B., District No. 1.

Irwin Untermeyer was born in New York City, February 2, 1886. He was graduated from Columbia Law School in 1910 after which he entered the law office of his father, Samuel Untermeyer. His work in the five cent fare case brought by the Interborough Subway Co. recently, in which he was associated with his father, brought public recognition. This is his first public office.

Aron Steuer and Louis Goldstein were elected City Court Justices on the Democratic ticket.

Aron Steuer, son of Max D. Steuer, was born in New York City, October 22, 1898. He attended Harvard University and Columbia University Law School. In his legal work he has been associated with his father.

Mr. Steuer is associate director of the 92nd Street Y.M.H.A., is a member of the Business Men's Council of the New York Federation and a member of the legislative committee of the County Lawyers' Association. This is his first public office.

Louis Goldstein was born in Brooklyn. He attended New York University and New York Law School. For the past sixteen years he has been an Assistant District Attorney. In 1911 he served as a member of the New (Continued on Page 4)

## TO ESTABLISH WORLD INSTITUTE FOR JEWISH STUDY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Breslau, Nov. 6.—A decision to create a world institute for Jewish study was taken by a number of noted Jewish scholars who are here attending the jubilee celebrations of the Rabbinical Seminary.

Another decision was to hold regular conferences to discuss common tasks and to prepare for a world congress devoted to the science of Judaism.

## PAUL LEVIN, NOVELIST, DIES IN COPENHAGEN

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Copenhagen, Nov. 6.—Paul Levin, novelist and writer on the history of literature, died here today at the age of 61. Levin was one of the favorite pupils of Georg Brandes.

## GERMAN STUDENTS DISAVOW ANTI-SEMITISM

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Nov. 6.—Disavowing anti-Semitism as a part of their program, a conference of German Volkspartei students, in session here with representatives from 15 universities attending, decided to secede from the anti-Semitic German Students' Association. The step was determined upon when the association declined to eliminate anti-Semitism from its program.

It was declared that the purpose of the German Volkspartei student groups in this stand is to obtain official recognition from the state.

## STANISLAW NATANSOHN, PHILANTHROPIST, DIES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Nov. 6.—Stanislaw Natansohn, well known Jewish philanthropist, died here today at the age of 72. Mr. Natansohn belonged to one of the most prominent Jewish families in Poland which for many decades exercised a strong influence on Jewish life. He was a vigorous opponent of Zionism and when Zionism became a dominant factor in the Polish Jewish community, Mr. Natansohn withdrew from Jewish activities and from the many institutions to which he had previously devoted himself.

A number of members of the Natansohn family have left the Jewish faith.

## NAME STREET IN HONOR OF SHOLOM ASCH

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Nov. 6.—Sholom Asch, noted American Jewish novelist, has been honored by the city of Siedlce. The Magistrates' Commission decided to rename Tylina Strasse for Mr. Asch. It will henceforth be known as Sholom Asch Strasse.

## SIZE OF TAX TO DECIDE BREAD CARD FOR ARTISANS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Nov. 6.—Artisans paying more than 24 roubles tax will be considered in the same class as traders and will not be entitled to bread cards. A statement to this effect was made by the committee which controls the bread provision.

## WARBURG TO ADDRESS EDUCATION ASS'N. DINNER

Plans for the annual dinner of the Jewish Education Association, were formulated at a meeting of officers and workers of the Jewish Education Association held at the Bankers' Club, called by James Marshall, chairman of the committee. Felix M. Warburg has accepted an invitation to address the guests. The dinner will be held on Sunday, December 8, at the Biltmore Hotel. A committee on arrangements was appointed with David N. Mosesohn as chairman. Among the other members of the committee are Samuel Rotenberg, Joel M. Wachman, Jacob Wener and Bernard Semel.

## HOSTILITY OF BRITISH OFFICIALS TO JEWS REVEALED AT COMMISSION'S HEARING

(Continued from Page 1)

stration on the night of August 24 started the riot," Foley replied.

The police failure, despite the fears expressed by the Jews, to halt an Arab wedding procession, advancing to Hedera and Carmel, which acted as the vanguard in the Arab outbreak in the north of Palestine, was the cause of Arab attacks in the Haifa area, Major Foley testified.

After hearing Major Foley's testimony, the Inquiry Commission adjourned its session this afternoon to continue its tour of the areas attacked. Included in the itinerary were Hebron, Motza and Talpith.

Major Foley, challenged by Sir Boyd Merriman, counsel for the Jewish Agency, conceded that despite the Jewish alarm and demands for aid, an Arab wedding procession, flanked by two Arab policemen, was permitted to proceed unhalted, becoming later the forerunners of the Arab attackers. However, he said, the mob was checked before it had done much harm.

The Police Superintendent declared that as early as August 18, five days before the actual bloodshed took place, uncontrolled rumors were rife that the Jews had bombed the Mosque of Omar and killed Moslems. He failed to mention what steps, if any, were taken to counteract "these most alarming rumors," although as he testified, "he knew that they had produced sufficient unrest to cause the Arabs of Transjordan to contemplate crossing into Palestine." The failure of the police to comprehend the seriousness of the situation was brought out in the testimony of Foley, who stated that the police did not fire the usual danger signal on August 23 and 24, when the attacks were at their height in Jerusalem and Hebron.

Using Foley's written report, William Henry Stoker, Arab counsel, asked the witness whether the Jews in Haifa had used firearms. Foley replied that two armed Jews had halted him while visiting the Neve Shaanon quarter, and that he had heard of other shots from Jewish houses. On Monday, August 26, he declared, three carloads of Jews were reported driving about, firing at Arabs of both sexes. One car was captured, he continued, the occupants of which denied that the Jews had fired from Red Cross cars.

Describing the situation in Nablus, Foley ironically remarked, "the troubles soon ended, there after the police had shot ten Arabs."

For the first time since the inquiry has been inaugurated, the Commission was informed of the case of the forty-four Jews of Haifa, imprisoned for a month in the citadel at Acre and refused bail, because from a flour mill in Haifa, they defended themselves against attackers, as well as the case of Mr. Miller, prominent port contractor of Haifa, arrested for the possession of firearms, with his two sons,

later released on five hundred pounds bail, and ultimately acquitted. Miller, one of the most prominent Jews in Haifa, was led through the streets of Haifa handcuffed, following his arrest. Asked why Miller had been accorded this treatment, Foley replied that it was the customary procedure. He had no satisfactory explanation for the arrest and imprisonment of the forty-four Jews against whom there was no evidence.

In his cross examination, Merriman brought out that inflammatory speeches in the mosque in Haifa were delivered on Friday by two notorious Moslem agitators, who were presumably sent from Jerusalem to stir up the Haifa Moslems. Sheik Yunes of Jerusalem, whose name is included in the previous testimony as one of the sheiks sent by the Grand Mufti to pacify the crowd in Jerusalem, at the very hour he was allegedly on a peace mission, in actuality was inciting the Haifa Moslems.

## THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY MARKS 75th JUBILEE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Breslau, Nov. 6.—The seventy-fifth jubilee of the Jewish Theological Seminary was celebrated here with special services. Rabbi Guttman, the oldest graduate of the Seminary, delivered a sermon.

Others who delivered addresses were Dr. Rabin and Dr. Heinemann, who expressed appreciation for the help the Seminary had received from America.

Greetings were brought by representatives of the Ministry of Education, the President of the University of Breslau, Rabbi Vogelstein, Kammergerichtsrat Wolff, on behalf of the Prussian Federation of Jewish Communities, Dr. Freund on behalf of the Jewish community of Berlin, Dr. Alfred Klee on behalf of the Lea, Dr. A. Baack, Professor Elbogen and Professor Blau.

## DENY SYMPATHY FOR ZIONISM VOICED BY EGYPTIAN CONSUL

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Cairo, Nov. 6.—Contrary to reports which appeared in the Palestine press, the Egyptian consul in Jerusalem did not voice sympathy with the Zionist work in Palestine. A statement to this effect was issued by the Foreign Minister here.

It was reported that during an interview with Chief Rabbi A. J. Kook, who called at the consulate on the occasion of King Fuad's birthday, the Egyptian consul had expressed such sympathy.

Ground breaking ceremonies for the erection of a new synagogue for the Tifereth Israel Community Synagogue, Des Moines, Iowa, were held this week. Louis Oransky, the Congregation's president, turned the spade of soil. Rabbi Lewis B. Grossman is rabbi of the Congregation.

## J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

### Revival of Anti-Semitism in Roumania

By Our Bucharest Correspondent

Bucharest, Oct. 20.—The present government is hardly able to control the difficult situation in the country and this gives subversive movements the opportunity to rear up their heads. The anti-Semites were the first to show activity. In various manifestoes, they make it known that the time has now come to take advantage of the situation, and they are openly speaking of an anti-Semitic dictator. Things have gone so far, that they even specify the date upon which Cuza will take over the power—January 1, 1932, and they have prepared the list of the coming cabinet. It is as follows: Prof. Cuza, Premier; Prince Giko, Minister of the Interior; Prof. Catianianu, Foreign Minister; Jan Codriuanu (murderer of the Prefect of Jassy), Minister of War; his father, Cornelius Codriuanu, Minister of Agriculture; George Cuza (Cuza's son), Minister of Finance; Julius Leks, Industry and Commerce. The same George Cuza is also to be Minister of Justice, the priest Matza, Minister of Religion, Jan Matza, Minister of Education, councillor Georgiu, Communication, Professor Fedelis, Sanitation, and Cutawa, Minister of Labor.

It is characteristic that the anti-Semites have dared to step forth now, especially, under a democratic regime, with the slogan of their own government, and even to designate the time when they expect to come to the helm. They have not remained satisfied with mere declarations and have immediately gone on to actual deeds. On the 14th, 15th and 16th of September the anti-Semitic students held a congress in Bukovina and on their way home inaugurated an "Oradea Mare" on a small scale. In Radaz, Dorneshti, and Darnanesti they made attacks and on the entire stretch of railroad line they gave brutal beatings to Jewish travelers and threw them out of railroad carriages. The police were quite passive during these occurrences, because the entire Congress took place under the unofficial patronage of the government. This Congress was attended in cognito by the cabinet chief of the Minister of the Interior, and a group of official personages made speeches of welcome there. Besides, all the members of the Congress were provided with free railroad fares.

Under pressure of aroused public opinion the Government soon designated an investigation, but the latter only brought about further unpleasantnesses. Several gendarmes were punished for the sake of appearances, and as for the real participants in the attacks, not one of them was discovered. Much more painful and insulting was the report which was presented by the chairman of the investigating committee, Matchelam. According to his report it appears, that the only guilty ones in the bloody excesses were the

(Continued on Page 4)

### SOVIET TO PERMIT SENDING RAW MATERIALS DUTY FREE DIRECT TO RUSSIAN KIN

(Continued from Page 1)

ciation here, which the government considers extremely desirable. Providing of machines for the declassed by relatives abroad, through the Ort, and other activities will therefore continue as normally.

The Ort Association is assigning, for the coming fiscal year, 125,000 roubles to the renamed organization as a subsidy for industrial and research work in conjunction with the Ort Association.

At the plenary meeting, a demand was presented that the reorganized Ort include in its program judicial protection for the "declassified" and artisans. This proposal was not accepted.

The decisions of the conference do not essentially change the situation. The Russian Ort was not a part of the European or American Ort, nor subject to their administrations. It was an autonomous body. The European and American Ort operated in Russia through their own representatives and by arrangement with the Russian Ort.

The decision of the conference creates a more definite division of the work. However, collaboration and financial support will continue to be furnished by the European and American Ort to the Russian Ort.

### JEWS GAIN OFFICES IN MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS

(Continued from Page 2)

York State Assembly. He is president of the Williamsburg Y. M. H. A.

Among the Municipal Court Judges elected were David Morris, Judge Morris Eder, re-elected, Judge Jacob S. Strahl, re-elected, and Frank Wasserman.

David Morris was born in New York City fifty-five years ago. He is a member of the Jewish Court of Arbitration and the Grand Street Boys Association. Judge Eder has served on the Municipal Court bench for the past ten years. Judge Strahl has been Justice of the Municipal Court since 1910.

Aaron L. Jacoby was elected Sheriff for Kings County.

Mrs. Rebecca F. Hoffman was elected Register for New York County on the Democratic ticket. Mrs. Hoffman was born in New York City. She is the widow of the late Municipal Court Justice Benjamin Hoffman. Mrs. Hoffman was a delegate to the Democratic National Conventions in 1920, 1924 and 1928. She is a member of the School Board and is known for her activities among needy school children on the lower East Side.

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Chicago, Nov. 6—Judge Hugo Pam and Judge Joseph David, were among the seventeen Cook County Circuit Court Judges re-elected yesterday. Both are Democrats. Martin J. Isaacs, Democrat, was one of the three elected to the Superior Court bench.

### J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

(Continued from Page 3)

Jews whose conduct was not sufficiently courteous toward the students and who offended the patriotic feelings of the students. As to the facts that Jews were thrown out of the trains, the chairman, a doctor of philosophy, explains this by saying that the courteous students were assisting the Jews to remove the luggage from the trains.

This report provoked a passionate discussion in the Rumanian press. The democratic newspapers, "Dimineata" and "Adiveral," have attacked the government and demanded a second, more impartial investigation. The government organs, "Renaria" and "Dreptatea," accused the Jews of exaggerations, and hint that it is not worth while to get on bad terms with the nationalistic students on account of the Jews. "What are the Jews thinking about?" wrote the Government organ, "Dreptatea." "Do they think that the Government must provide a special guard for every Jewish traveler who uses the railroad? Do the Jews seriously think that the Government is able to predict every trifling incident and know before hand what a few Rumanian hoodlums are planning to do? Is it not sufficient that the Government has condemned such demonstrations, and has taken all kinds of steps that such excesses shall not occur again in the future?"

The attitude of the government toward purely Jewish questions gives courage to the anti-Semites to attack the Jews at every opportunity. The recent bloody happenings in Palestine have given the enemies of the Jews new excuses for blind agitation. The government organ "Kesaru," rehearsed in this connection the "fair tale" of the Protocols of the Elders of Zion, and the anti-Semitic society "Archangel Michael" has published a special "Arabian" appeal. There mention is again made of the legend concerning Jewish world-dominion.

When the Arabian sensation was over, Providence sent the enemies of Israel a new piece of work. The attempt at assassination of the Minister of the Interior, Dr. Vaida Vovody. As is known, this attempt was made by a Jewish Communist and this fact was sufficient to have the anti-Semites accuse all Jews of Communism, and to point them out as enemies of the Rumanian State.

Roumania is now facing a strong anti-Semitic revival, which assumes greater dimensions from day to day. The democratic government has its own internal and economic troubles and pays little attention to the poisonous Jew-haiting which is openly carried on throughout the land. This indifferent attitude of the government to anti-Semitic propaganda, and the growth of the Cuzist movement, are a source of great uneasiness in Jewish political circles and threaten the Rumanian Jewish population of a million souls with new terrors.

### MANDATES COMMISSION TO AWAIT INQUIRY REPORT BEFORE DISCUSSING PALESTINE

(Continued from Page 1)

to express our consternation at the sad news from Palestine and deep sympathy for the victims and their families.

"The first step following these disturbances, the re-establishment of order by the Mandatary, has already been taken. The second step was to appoint a Commission of Inquiry. The deliberations of the Mandatary on the results of the inquiry and the decisions taken in consequence constitute a third phase. Finally, the whole documentation on this subject will be communicated to the League. The Commission, whose duty it is, under the covenant of the League of Nations, to advise the Council on all questions connected with the carrying out of the mandates, will receive this information in due course," he declared.

### AGRICULTURAL WORK OF POLISH JEWS PRAISED

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Nov. 6.—The extension of agricultural activities among the Jewish population of Poland through the efforts of the Ort, society for the promotion of trades and agriculture, was praised during the ceremonies at the agricultural exhibition being held at Baranowice.

The Ort co-operative at Stoilowice was awarded a diploma of honor for the agricultural work done there. The fruit cultivated by the Jewish farmers at Stoilowice excelled that of others on exhibition.

### VICTOR CHENKIN OPENS SECOND SEASON

Victor Chenkin, noted diseur, who was greeted by New York critics and the public when he made his first appearance in New York last year, was welcomed back when he presented the first of eight recitals on Sunday night. Mr. Chenkin gave a program of songs including Russian, French, Italian, Ukrainian and Jewish.

Mr. Chenkin's Jewish songs were received by the audience with the greatest enthusiasm, being masterpieces of characterization, ranging from the fiery intonings of a Chassidic rabbi to the gossiping of an old man.

Jacob Epstein, president of the American Wholesale Corporation, Baltimore, announced the merger of that business with Butler Brothers, of Chicago, to become effective January 3. The merged companies will result in the largest wholesale general merchandise organization in the United States, Mr. Epstein said.

In 1881, when 17 years old, Mr. Epstein opened a notion store in Baltimore with a capital of about \$500.

Keep "regular" with  
**EX-LAX**  
The Chocolate Laxative

If You Are Pleased with the "Jewish Daily Bulletin" Tell Your Friends to Subscribe.