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AUSTRIAN PRESIDENT REPLIES TO WASSERMAN LETTER ASK- ING JUSTICE FOR HALSMANN

Says Position Bars Him from Inter-
fering. Although He Has Definite
Opinion

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Oct. 29.—Public opinion is marshalling to the demand for justice in the case of Philip Halsmann, sentenced to four years imprisonment on the charge of perjury. Following the appeal to the President Miklas published in the Austrian press today by Jacob Wasserman, noted writer, an anonymous donor contributed 10,000 schilling (\$1,400) to start a fund to seek the truth and justice in the case. The fund is being sponsored by the "Neue Freie Presse."

The feeling prevalent in Jewish circles is now spreading to the entire population that the sentence against the Jewish young man was influenced by religious prejudice. Innsbruck, where the trial was held as well as the appeal, although change of venue had been asked, is known as a seat of anti-Jewish prejudice.

A statement by the President of Austria on the Halsmann case was made today following the open letter directed to him by Jacob Wasserman. "I have my own definite opinion with regard to Halsmann," the Austrian president said, "but the position of president of Austria enforces upon me silence. Besides, it is impossible for me to express myself regarding the extending of clemency to him because this depends on the proposal being made by the Government. It is also impossible because the case is not yet closed. A third trial may take place and the law prohibits anyone intervening in a pending court process. It would hardly be right for the president to interfere, although his opinion on the case might be definite."

ASK NEW ELECTION IN JEWISH DEPUTIES CLUB

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Oct. 29.—The election of a new praesidium of the Kolo, Club of Jewish Deputies in the Polish Sejm, was demanded by the group headed by Dr. Leon Reich, Galician deputy. As a demonstration of their opposition to the praesidium under the leadership of Deputy Isaac Gruenbaum, the Reich group remained away from the Kolo sessions. The demand for a new election was made in connection with the opening of the Sejm session.

ARREST YEMENITE JEWS SEEKING PALESTINE ENTRY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Oct. 29.—Several Yemenite Jews who attempted to emigrate to Palestine were arrested here. Imam Yahya issued an order forbidding all Jewish emigration to Palestine.

SOVIET COMPELS PLEDGE AGAINST MAINTAINING YESHIVAS AND CHEDORIM

Hebrew Teachers Forced to Sign
Pledge: Violators to Be Brought
to Trial

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Minsk, Oct. 29.—Acting on a special government order, the Minsk Soviet exacted signatures from former Hebrew teachers that they will no longer maintain Yeshivas, institutions of higher learning, and Chedorim, where rudimentary instruction in Hebrew and the Talmud is given. Violators of the pledge will be brought to trial, the Minsk Soviet warned all signing the pledge.

STUDENT OUTBREAK OCCURS IN VIENNA

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Oct. 29.—Student riots started yesterday in the Vienna universities, clashes taking place between Heimwehr students and Socialist students. During the riots, the bulletin boards of the Jewish students in the University lobby were demolished. The University authorities and the police succeeded in quieting the rioters.

TWO KILLED IN AUTO ACCIDENT NEAR MOTZA

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Oct. 29.—Jacob Godhart, 23, and Benjamin Hosenberg, 40, were killed in an automobile accident which occurred near the Motza Sanatorium. Two other Jews, passengers in the car, were injured.

EXECUTED FOR SMUGGLING IN SOVIET RUSSIA

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Oct. 29.—The death sentence imposed by the Soviet court on Abram Kleiner and Samuel Taitz was carried out yesterday.

The praesidium of the Wzsk. Central Executive Committee, rejected their appeal for a stay of sentence. Their trial, on the charge of smuggling, was held in September.

AIME PALLIERE TO VISIT UNITED STATES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, Oct. 29.—Aime Palliere, French priest who was converted to Judaism, will sail for the United States on November 2, to deliver a series of lectures in this country. M. Palliere is proceeding to the United States at the invitation of Dr. Stephen S. Wise of the Free Synagogue and the Jewish Institute of Religion. His first lecture will be delivered at the Free Synagogue on November 10.

FOLKIST PARTY MAY BE REPRESENTED ON JEWISH AGENCY

Not Identified with Zionist Movement
Hitherto; May Delegate Oscar
Gruzenberg

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vilna, Oct. 29.—Representation in the Jewish Agency for Palestine is being considered by the Folkist party. Jewish national party which has not been identified with the Zionist movement. A party conference in session here, attended by representatives from Poland and neighboring countries, heard the report of Dr. Latski-Bertholdi, in which he emphasized the advisability of delegating Oscar Gruzenberg, Jewish Agency member from Latvia, to represent the Folkist party.

Establishment of a general party council and consolidation of the Folkist groups in all countries was decided upon at the conference.

ASKS SPECIAL TREATMENT FOR POLITICAL PRISONERS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Oct. 29.—The demand that the British Labor Government take action to give special treatment to political prisoners is made by the "Davar," Hebrew publication. Commenting upon the hunger strike of the Communists who for the past month have been held in jail without food for belonging to an illegal organization, the "Davar" declares: "It is inconceivable that the Labor Government is aware of the indignities inflicted upon the prisoners. While we are opposed to the Communist policies and tactics, we hope the Labor Government will realize the justice of the demand for special treatment for political prisoners."

Jerusalem, Oct. 29.—The Arab organ, "Serat Mustakim," was suspended by the government for one week for publication of an inflammatory article entitled: "The Present Points to the Past." This is the second time the paper has been suspended.

CONVERTS RETURN TO JEWISH FAITH IN HUNGARY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, Oct. 29.—Figures of the movement of converts returning to the Jewish faith in Hungary are published by the Budapest paper, "Egyenloset." From August 1, 1919 until July 31, 1929 567 men, 481 women and 88 children, returned to Jewish faith.

The 567 men consisted of 52 artisans, 121 merchants, 193 clerks, 51 physicians, 35 lawyers, 27 engineers, 14 farmers, 6 teachers, 60 writers, 70 students, and 45 of various professions.

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J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

Balfour Declaration Subject of Debate Between Arab and Jewish Spokesmen

By Our Elmiria Correspondent

Elmiria, N. Y., Oct. 27.—The Arab contention that the Balfour Declaration be abolished was brought before the meeting of the Elmiria branch of the Foreign Policy Association by Ameen Rihani, protagonist of the Arab cause in the United States. Maurice Samuel, author and Zionist leader, speaking at the forum of the Association replied: "Certainly there is no need for the Balfour Declaration if the Arabs will agree to Jewish immigration restricted only by the economic possibilities of the country."

The speaker's subject was "Recent Occurrences in the Near East." Mr. Samuel declared that he was not speaking for any organization, but had come to Elmiria to present the views of an individual observer, having recently returned from Palestine.

"It is not the Zionists as much as the policy inherent in Zionism that they resist," Rihani said, speaking of the Arabs. "If the Jews came to Palestine only as settlers there would not be trouble. It is the charge in the Balfour Declaration which tells of their right to the land that has caused the ill feeling."

Rihani stated that "Zionism, with the Balfour Declaration as a shield and money as a weapon is another form of conquest." The speaker said that the statement in the Declaration, that the Jews had a right to have a national home in Palestine had lesser significance than it would have had were it stated that the Jews had a right to "have Palestine as a national homeland."

Rihani said the population of Jews in Palestine would be increased to 1,000,000 in 20 years. "When that time arrives the Arabs will be driven from the country, since the land cannot hold more than that number."

The speaker admitted that Arabs and Jews have always been friendly toward each other for many centuries. "But by that I am speaking of the native Jews. The Zionists are vanguards of the belief of Empire. They are not content with anything but empire. So long as there is suspicion of Jews by Arabs I am afraid there will be disturbances. The peace of the world depends on the peace of the Near East. Peace in the Near East depends upon peace in Palestine. Zionism cannot exist without the military force of Great Britain. If Britain complies with the Zionists and maintains a great force in Palestine uprising will continue not only in Palestine, but also in Syria and the Arab borders."

Mr. Samuel emphatically denied that Zionists were antagonistic to their Arab neighbors, or wanted to drive Arabs out of Palestine. "The Jews don't want an empire. They only want

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SOVIET GOVERNMENT WILL MAKE NO FURTHER ALLOT- MENTS FOR BIRA BIDJAN

Rykov Says Question of Proclaiming
Jewish Republic Depends Entirely
on Success of the Work
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Oct. 29.—The Soviet Government will make no additional allotments to the development of Bira Bidjan, the Far Eastern territory which it has announced, is ready to aid in developing.

Before the departure for America the American Commission headed by Professor Franklin Harris, which studied the colonization possibilities in Bira Bidjan submitted questions as to whether the Government would not like to increase the colonization tempo of Bira Bidjan, adding to it an industrial angle. A reply has just been issued by Rykov, Soviet leader declaring: "An increase in the tempo of the work for Bira Bidjan is desirable. However, the Soviet Government has not the possibility now to assign new funds to it. Rykov explains that "the interest of the Soviet industry as a whole demands that the Government should spend funds firstly in those regions where there are natural resources and communication is better. This principle will be applied to Bira Bidjan as well, insofar as its rich, natural sources are concerned."

"Bidjan is already included in the five year plan according to which twelve thousand Jewish families are to be settled in Bidjan during five years."

Replying to the query: "What national perspectives can the Jews expect in Bira Bidjan," Rykov declared: "The question of proclaiming there a Jewish autonomous territory depends entirely upon the success of the Jewish settlement work. The general national minority policy of the Soviet Government is such that no hindrances exist for creating national autonomous districts so long as there is ground for it."

STERN, VICE-PRESIDENT EDUCATION BOARD, DIES

M. Samuel Stern, vice-president of the Board of Education for the last six years and a member for all but three years of the last quarter century, died Monday. He was 63 years old.

On the Board of Education Mr. Stern was particularly active in matters of finance and the construction and care of schools.

The flags on all school and administration buildings will fly at half staff for thirty days to honor the late Mr. Stern.

The son of Lazarus Stern and Fannie Strauss, Mr. Stern was born in New York City on May 31, 1866.

Dr. William J. O'Shea, Superintendent of the New York City Schools, paid tribute to Mr. Stern's work on the education and pension boards. The funeral will take place tomorrow from the Park Avenue Temple, Rabbi Gabriel Shulman officiating. Burial will be in Mount Hope Cemetery.

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ZANGWILL MEMORIAL FUND IN OPERATION

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Oct. 29.—The friends of Israel Zangwill, wishing to set up a fitting memorial to the genius of one of the most distinguished of modern Jewish writers, says a letter signed by Lord Reading, Professor Sir Israel Gollancz, and Professor Redcliffe N. Salaman, appearing today in the "Times," initiated a fund which, with the help of generous subscriptions, chiefly from America, England and France, is now in a position to undertake the task for which it was established, to assist Jewish literary workers in the spirit so richly and sympathetically displayed by him. The committee takes this opportunity of announcing to subscribers, and to all interested, that the proceeds of the appeal are now funded with the Charity Commissioners, and that the Israel Zangwill Memorial Fund is in operation.

It is intended to devote the income to assisting the publication of literary works by Jewish writers in English or Hebrew. For the present it is proposed to exclude technical works of a scientific nature and to confine the activities of the fund to creative literature, poetry, biography, history, or such further forms as Israel Zangwill himself would have desired to receive encouragement. A special advisory committee has been formed.

PUBLISH LIST OF CITIES WITH LARGEST JEWISH POPULACE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Oct. 29.—Nine cities of different countries having the largest number of Jewish inhabitants are mentioned in a report regarding the growth of the Jewish population in larger cities, published by the Jewish community of Berlin.

According to the report, the following cities have the largest Jewish communities: New York, with 1,750,000 Jews; Chicago, 325,000; Warsaw, 322,185; Philadelphia, 275,000; Budapest, 212,736; Vienna, 201,513; London, about 200,000; Berlin, 172,672; and Lodz, 150,000.

POLICE COMMANDANT SAUNDERS, FIRST WITNESS BEFORE COMMISSION, REVEALS IMPORTANT DETAILS OF PALESTINE OUTBREAK

Discloses Unpreparedness on Fateful Friday of August 23; Declares Situation Saved Before Arrival of Troops by Fast No Bedouin Movement from South, No Invasion from Transjordan, No Influx from Syria and Attacks Did Not Occur Simultaneously

By GERSHON AGRONSKY

(Staff Correspondent, Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Oct. 29.—Major Alan Saunders, Acting Commandant of the Police at the time of the riots, testifying before the Commission of Inquiry all day yesterday, the first day of the hearing, revived the well-known history of the anti-Jewish attack. Adding details of the greatest importance, hitherto the property of the police and which now become the property of the civilized world, Major Saunders revealed the unpreparedness on the fateful Friday of August 23, and that the authorities, with only two mounted police at the Damascus Gate attempted to stem the murder bent mob. In his testimony he showed the valor of the Jews in repulsing the Moslem attack on Meah Shearim and disclosed that the rioting continued for hours before the British police were allowed to open fire. He made it known that the house of the Grand Mufti, Amin el Hussein, was suspected as a brigand's nest.

The authorities learned of the Hebron massacre too late to be of any help, he said. He revealed that while the Arabs soured into Jerusalem fully armed, both Jews and Englishmen were disarmed because the Arabs demanded it, although the police were unable to afford adequate protection.

The situation was saved before the arrival of troops, Major Saunders declared, by four factors. First, no Bedouin movement occurred, rioters being from the Dead Sea area and the vicinity of Hebron. Secondly, there was no invasion from Transjordan. Third, there was no general movement from Syria towards Palestine. Fourth, the disturbances did not occur simultaneously.

Major Saunders covered the period from August 14 to 26th, prodded by Government Counsel Preedy and only occasionally questioned by the Arab and Zionist counsel.

The witness stated that he received a report that fosefms, armed with sticks and clubs were pouring in through the Jaffa Gate, but that he had not heard of the invasion at the Walling Wall, where a considerable number of British police were stationed. He stated that shortly after twelve o'clock on the Friday of the beginning of the riots, August 23, he saw Moslems breaking into Jewish shops. Realizing the gravity of the situation, he requested the government to enlist special constables to cope with simultaneous attacks on Meah Shearim, at the Jaffa Gate, the Damascus Gate, and the Jaffa Road, and the six Jews were killed, which was followed by the evacuation of the Jews from all isolated quarters.

Saunders stated that the Arabs did the firing. Preedy, counsel for the Palestine Administration received the reply, upon questioning, that the Government

prohibited Saunders from arming the Jews for protection "if the military could afford them a measure of protection," because the Government had promised the Arabs not to arm the Jews "against the Arabs."

"Is there a copy of the order to disarm the Jews?" asked Preedy. "No, it was given verbally, during a consultation," Saunders replied.

Major Saunders admitted that the night before the riots occurred the Zionist Executive had asked permission that a number of specially selected Jews be armed, on the ground that a number of Arabs were waiting in ambush to attack the Jews enroute to the Hebrew University on Mount Scopus.

He received reports that there had been a mob attack upon the police at Nablus, and that the day before one Jew had been killed at Hebron, but it was not until nearly twelve o'clock of the day of the Hebron massacre that the police heard of its occurrence. Reinforcements were sent more than three hours too late. Troops enroute to Hebron met Moslems bound for Jerusalem armed with clubs and daggers.

The old City of Jerusalem was quiet all day Friday, he continued, but the New City resembled a state of siege with shooting going on around Romema, the Bukharin quarter, the Hebrew University and Talpith. Firing continued

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BORAH ENDORSES

KAHN APPOINTMENT

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, Oct. 29.—The appointment of Otto H. Kahn as treasurer of the Republican Senatorial Campaign Committee was endorsed by Senator Borah of Idaho, leader of the progressives in the Senate. Certain progressives in the Senate raised a storm over the appointment, declaring the international banker's selection would identify the Republican Party with "big business."

Senator Borah is quoted as telling Senator Moses, Chairman of the Committee who announced Mr. Kahn's appointment, "I am for Kahn."

In a statement to the press Senator Borah said:

"I have made no objection to the appointment of Mr. Kahn and I have no objection to him. I do not know of any one in the progressive group who has any objection to him."

"While Mr. Kahn is a very wealthy man, he is a man of the highest character, and it is character, and not wealth, that counts."

The same sentiments were echoed by other progressive Senators, who declined to be quoted in the matter.

COMPLETE PLANS FOR TRAINING 10,000 JEWISH WORKERS IN BUILDING INDUSTRY

Ort and Comzet Combine in Project to Be Submitted to Joint Conference, November 2

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Oct. 29.—An extensive plan for the training of 10,000 Jewish workers for the building industry has been prepared by the Comzet, governmental department for Jewish land settlement and placing Jews in productive industries, and the Ort, society for promoting trades and agriculture among the Russian Jews. The plan is to be submitted for approval at a joint Ort and Comzet conference on November 2. Representatives from Ukrainian and White Russian cities are expected to attend.

The project provides for cooperation with the government technical schools at Charkoff, Odessa, Homel, Minsk, Vitebsk, Borisov, Kamenez-Podolsk, Smolensk, Briansk, Kostov, Moscow and Ural, where Jewish youth will be accepted for training on the orders of the Ort or the Comzet. This cooperation has already been agreed upon. The forthcoming conference is to decide on the number of students to be sent from each region.

JUDEANS MARK MENDELSSOHN-LESSING ANNIVERSARY

The celebration this year of the two-hundredth anniversary of the birth of Moses Mendelssohn and Gotthold Ephraim Lessing was observed at the meeting of The Judeans Sunday night at the Hotel Astor. Professor Stephen P. Duggan, director of the Institute of International Education, read a paper on the life of the Jewish philosopher, Professor Ernst Hiess of Hunter College spoke on Lessing.

Tribute to the late Louis Marshall was paid by Samson Lachman, president of The Judeans, in opening the meeting at which he presided.

ANTI-SEMITISM PART OF ANTI-YOUNG PLAN AGITATION

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Oct. 29.—Continuing anti-Semitic agitation as a part of the anti-Young Plan agitation, vandals last night besmirched the walls of the synagogue at Elberfeld and hung posters urging a general referendum on the reparations proposal.

A brochure against the Young Plan containing anti-Semitic propaganda was confiscated by the District Attorney in Berlin.

JULIUS PEYSER NAMED BAR VICE-PRESIDENT

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, Oct. 29.—Major Julius I. Peyser, was elected vice president of the American Bar Association. He will represent the District of Columbia at the organization's convention at Memphis, Tenn. Major Peyser is a member of the law firm, Peyser, Edlin & Peyser.

SAUNDERS REVEALS IM- PORTANT DETAILS OF PALESTINE OUTBREAK

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in the New City. All sections of the Jewish community begged the police to help them evacuate the isolated Jewish quarters for the densely populated Jewish sections.

It was not before late Friday evening, that the authorities decided to ask for reinforcements, although Ben Zvi, who led the Jewish self defense, earlier in the day had begged that Jewish ex-soldiers and other Jewish youth be permitted to participate in the defense of Jewish quarters. Eighteen ex-soldiers were armed, and sixty were given clubs. The police, during this night dealt with many emergencies, such as the night march of Arabs from Birah, near Ramallah, preparatory to attacking Atarot.

Saturday, Saunders searched—he said “inspected”—the house owned by the Grand Mufti of Jerusalem in the garden of which a large number of Arabs armed with sticks were reported concealed. Later he observed a large number of Arabs fall upon the Georgian quarter of Jerusalem, where there were but two mounted local policemen to control them. He heard that Moslems were marching on Meah Shearim where about three hundred Jews of all classes were massed for self defense. He heard an explosion of a bomb in the direction of the Jewish quarter and saw Jews fire at Arab groups crouching in an empty space preparatory to another attack. The Jews obeyed when ordered to return to their quarters after repulsing the attack with the help of unarmed police.

The first time the British police opened fire was at Yemin Moshe where Moslems attacked en masse. That same afternoon, thirty Arabs from Lifta encountered about one hundred and fifty Jews within the Russian compound. The Arabs asked the police to escort them back to their village.

The danger shifted outside Jerusalem after the arrival of armored cars.

The looters of Talpitho carried German and English rifles, Major Saunders disclosed. Twenty-five British Jews were disarmed in Jerusalem and 200 Jews in Tel Aviv, who enlisted as special constables, armed with sticks on Friday, were disbanded on Monday, following the outbreak in Jaffa on Sunday. Major Saunders testified.

A bequest of \$30,000 to the Montefiore Hospital, of which he was an honorary vice-president, and \$2,000 each to fourteen other Jewish philanthropic organizations were left by the late Leopold, Earl of Edgemoor, merchant, who died last December. The residuary estate of \$2,979,546 went to two sons.

Eight hundred guests attended a banquet given by the Los Angeles Tuberculosis Sanatorium Sunday night. Al Tolson delivered an address, speaking into a microphone connected up to the bedside of patients in the sanatorium. Mr. Tolson contributed \$10,000 to the Sanatorium's fund.

More than 1,500 persons attended a testimonial dinner given by the Jewish Theatrical Guild in honor of George Jessel, Sunday night, at the Hotel Commodore. Speakers at the dinner included Mayor Walker, Rabbi Nathan Krass, Father Martin Fahey, of the Catholic Actors' Guild, and Edna Cantor, who was toastmaster. An entertainment, in which many prominent stage stars participated, followed the dinner.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

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a place in the sun, a corner of the world where they will be at home. And they do not claim Palestine because they lived there two thousand years ago, but because in the misery of their exile they have never forgotten that place in the world which gave them their national being, and still corresponds to their national character.”

Mr. Samuel stated further that the Arabs in Palestine had not been fighting the Jewish homeland, but had attacked the Jews in the belief that the Jews had attacked the Mosque of Omar.” Mr. Samuel quoted at length from the Arab press and from Arab proclamations in proof of this contention. “The only way Arab leaders can get an imitation revolt of the Arabs,” he said, “is by asserting that the Jews—including Albert Einstein and Lord Melchett want to rebuild the Temple of Solomon on the site of the Mosque of Omar. This has been stated publicly by the Grand Mufti of Jerusalem, and it has made a strong impression on the Arab mind.”

In the course of the rebuttal the Balfour Declaration formed the main topic of discussion. Mr. Rihani asserted that the Declaration had fired the belief of the Arabs that the Jews were coming to Palestine not merely for the purpose of settling in the land.

“The Balfour Declaration is not necessary,” said Mr. Samuel, “if the Arabs would only understand that the building of Palestine as a Jewish homeland is to the mutual benefit of Jews and Arabs. If on this point Jews and Arabs could reach an agreement, no declaration matters or is necessary. It is the wild rumors and the false statements set floating by Arab leaders which make these formal declarations and assertions necessary. I would be for the scrapping of the Balfour Declaration if the Arabs would admit the legal and moral right of the Jews to build themselves a homeland in the country side by side and in friendly relations with the Arabs.”

Weissal Replies to Arab "Grievances"

Replying to the “extravagant Arab grievances,” Meyer W. Weissal, secretary of the Zionist Organization of America, presented the Zionist case in one of the two articles in the November issue of “Current History.” The other article is by Ameen Rihani, repeating the arguments made by him previously. The pledge of the British Government to establish a confederation of Arab States was never intended to include Palestine, since the whole of that country west of the Jordan was specifically excluded from that pledge, Mr. Weissal writes. Nor is it fair to accuse Great Britain of having “betrayed” the Arabs after their revolt against the Turks, he holds. “The Arabs in Palestine,” Mr. Weissal adds, “did not revolt against the Turks as did the Arabs of Hejaz and Mesopotamia. The Jews, on the other hand, supplied the British forces with three battalions whose exploits in the Palest-

GUGGENHEIM AVIATION FUND ENDS WORK

Having spent nearly \$5,000,000 in the development and fostering of safe aviation, the Daniel Guggenheim Fund for the Promotion of Aeronautics will finish its work at the end of the year.

The fund, which has become internationally known for its fostering of independent aeronautical engineering prospects, for its large grants to American universities for the establishment and maintenance of aeronautical engineering schools, and for its work in the field of fog flying and aerial navigation, will conclude its existence with additional grants to schools and colleges and with the establishment of an airship institute.

A additional donation of half a million dollars will be made to the fund immediately by Daniel F. Guggenheim, its founder, to round out this work.

JEWISH MANAGER REPLACED BY ARAB

The Jewish manager of the Singer Sewing Machine Company branch in Jerusalem was dismissed and an Arab appointed in his place, reports the correspondent of the “Jewish Morning Journal” from Jerusalem.

Included in the newly acquired canvases of men prominent in the history and development of Columbia University is a portrait of Prof. Richard L. H. Gottlieb. The painting is by Louise Waterman Wise.

tine campaign received official recognition.

“The historic right of the Jewish people in Palestine implies no violation of the rights of the Arab inhabitants of the country. These rights are safeguarded in the Balfour declaration and in the Palestine mandate. Nevertheless, we are advised to revoke the Balfour declaration; to sweep away any and all rights granted to the returning sons of Israel. Then the Arabs would raise no objection to the development of a ‘spiritual centre.’ But there is no reality behind the bare words ‘spiritual centre.’ Spiritual centres do not exist in the air. They are born of political freedom and economic security. Commerce, industry, agriculture and the free exercise of the rights of the people to land that they can call their own are the props upon which a spiritual centre is built,” Mr. Weissal declares.

Dr. Wise Repeats Charge Against Palestine Officials

Abolishing the British government of all guilt in the recent Palestine disturbances, Dr. Stephen S. Wise, in his sermon at the Free Synagogue attacked the local authorities in Palestine and placed upon their shoulders the entire responsibility for the trouble.

“We should not arraign a government for the weakness of its appointed officials.

“I caution patience, in so far as the government of Great Britain is concerned, and I feel certain that the Lokes and other appointive officials responsible for the Palestine outbreak will be dealt with by that government, which we have every reason to respect.”