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JEWISH KILLED, 9 JEWISH SETTLERS' HOUSES PLUN- DERED IN PEASANT ATTACK

**Moscow Hears Local Communist Or-
ganization Was Indifferent to
Dangerous Agitation**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Oct. 9.—Zlata Bychowski, a Jewish woman colonist, was killed and the houses of the rest of the Jewish colonists at the village Strugovo-Bude, in the region of Klynezy, were plundered on Sunday afternoon in an organized anti-Jewish attack by a group of the village peasants.

A report received here today states that the leader of the anti-Jewish attack, Afanasi Shkapa, who attempted to escape, was arrested by the police, together with two peasants of the village, who are held for trial on the charge of having organized an anti-Jewish pogrom.

Mrs. Bychowski, who was a widow, tried to save herself, when her house was attacked, by jumping from the window. She was followed by Shkapa, who smashed her head with an iron bar in the street while the villagers looked on. The peasants under Shkapa's leadership surrounded every Jewish house, breaking open the doors and windows, beating the inhabitants, their wives and children, and pillaging. The village Soviet, as well as the Communists to whom the victims appealed for protection, did not interfere. After murdering Mrs. Bychowski, Shkapa left the village on horseback. He was caught the next day.

The village has 600 peasants, among whom there lived 9 Jewish colonist families, who settled on land granted to them in 1924. It is reported that since they first settled, the Jewish colonists were subjected to persecution by the neighboring peasants, who held that the Jews took away their soil. As the result of this feeling, the Jewish colonists were boycotted, their children

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JEW ACQUITTED OF LOOT- ING; 1 TO BE SENTENCED

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jaffa, Oct. 9.—An Arab of Jaffa has brought charges against several Jews that they looted his house during the disturbances. One Jew was acquitted today. Sentence will be pronounced later upon the other.

VILLAGERS ATTACK MUKHTAR, PEACE CHAMPION

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Oct. 9.—The Mukhtar of the Arab village, Bittir, an advocate of peace, collected signatures of Arab villagers against the instigators of the anti-Jewish outbreak.

The Mukhtar was attacked by a group of Arabs, who took from him the paper with the signatures and \$35.

GRAND MUFTI OF JERUSALEM CONTINUES ANTI-JEWISH PROPAGANDA

**Repeats Allegation Jews Have Designs
on Mosque of Omar**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Beirut, Oct. 9.—The "Aliph Ba," Arab paper of Damascus, reports that wealthy Syrians are being canvassed by the Jerusalem Grand Mufti to aid the Palestine Moslem Supreme Council "to withstand Zionist machinations."

The Mufti repeats his allegations that the Jews "have designs on the Mosque of Omar and on the Cave of the Machpelah at Hebron, where the Hebrew patriarchs are buried." This allegation has been formally denied by Musa Kasim Pasha in Jerusalem, who submitted a written declaration to this effect to the Palestine government.

Rumors of Jewish designs on the Mosque of Omar have been so sedulously circulated that it is still necessary for the Zionist Executive to bring the sheiks of Gaza and Hebron regions to Jerusalem to convince them the Mosque of Omar is still standing and in Moslem control.

3 TO REPRESENT EACH GROUP BEFORE COMMISSION

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Oct. 9.—The Palestine government informed the Arab Executive that each party will be allowed three representatives before the forthcoming investigation of the Parliamentary Commission of Inquiry.

Three weeks ago a spokesman for the Arab Executive stated to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that they were informed that each party would have only one representative, against which they protested, demanding three. It is believed that the government cabled the Commission, urging it to grant the Arab Executive's demand.

JEWISH COUNSEL ENROUTE TO PALESTINE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Cairo, Oct. 9.—Lord Erleigh, son of the Marquis of Reading, and Sir Boyd Merriman, Solicitor General in the late Baldwin cabinet, passed through here today on their way to Palestine, where they will act as the Jews' counsel before the Commission of Inquiry.

DR. ELBOGEN REFUSES CALL TO COLUMBIA JEWISH CHAIR

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Oct. 9.—Dr. Ismar Elbogen, well-known German Jewish scholar, declined the invitation of Columbia University, New York, to occupy the chair for Jewish History, Literature and Institutions, established by Mrs. Nathan J. Miller of New York.

Dr. Elbogen decided to remain with the Hochschule fuer die Wissenschaft des Judentums, it was stated.

PRISON FOR 11 MEMBERS OF LENINGRAD KEHILLAH BOARD FOR RELIGIOUS WORK

**Break-up of Kehillah Considered Blow
to Russian Jewry; Former Editor
of "HaMeletz" Among Prisoners**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Oct. 9.—Eleven elderly Jews, comprising the administrative committee of the Leningrad Kehillah, were sentenced today to prison and hard labor terms on the charge of having conducted illegal Kehillah activities. Some of the accused were sentenced to six and others to four months of compulsory labor.

The trial was started on the first day of Rosh Hashanah and was concluded today, causing a stir among the entire Jewish population of Leningrad, bringing into the courtroom aged, grey-bearded Jews as well as young Communists, both elements having a deep interest in the trial.

The charge of which the prisoners were found guilty, stated that the Kehillah of Leningrad violated its by-laws by issuing an appeal to the population to assist in the remodeling of the Choir Synagogue which the Soviet authorities had ordered to be remodelled at a time when the Kehillah had no funds of its own. The Soviet authorities at the time notified the Kehillah that if the synagogue building is not remodelled it will be converted into a labor club. The second charge of which the prisoners were found guilty was that the Kehillah having had a lease from the Soviet authorities on a building housing a Mikveh, ritual bath, subleased three rooms in the building to an artisans' cooperative thus entering into business. The third charge was that the Kehillah collected funds for the purchase of a new Jewish cemetery, which is contrary to regulations as cemeteries are government controlled. Among other charges were also the accusations that the Kehillah maintained connections with persons abroad receiving for Passover 80,000 kilos of

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EPSTEIN PANEL IN HYDE PARK AGAIN DISFIGURED

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Oct. 9.—The marble panel of Rima, the character in W. H. Hudson's book, "Green Mansions," which was erected in Hyde Park as a memorial to the great naturalist and writer, was again disfigured last night by unknown vandals, who tarred and feathered it.

The panel, the work of Jacob Epstein, noted sculptor, was the subject of much controversy when it was set up, many objecting to its extreme modernistic sculpture. In 1925 unknown vandals disfigured the panel with green paint.

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PRESS LAUDS J.T.A. SERVICE DURING PALESTINE EMERGENCY PERIOD

Says Jews of the World Owe It Debt
of Gratitude

Praise for the service rendered by the Jewish Telegraphic Agency during the recent Palestine outbreak, keeping the press of the United States and Europe informed of the events as they occurred, was voiced in a number of newspapers throughout the country.

The "Wisconsin Jewish Chronicle" writes:

"It will be surprising to most people that in 1921 there were as many Jews killed in Arab uprisings in Palestine as there were in 1929, and yet it is not generally known. The news of the massacres was just as horrible that year as the recent tragedy but the news was not emblazoned on the front pages of the daily press for weeks as was the case this year. Even the Jewish people were not aroused and there was no emergency appeal for relief funds. Certainly Jewish feelings were just as sympathetic then as now, and the world at large was not less calloused to human suffering.

"The difference is due to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency which, at enormous expense, cabled detailed news of the catastrophe. This valuable news-gathering organization was not in existence in 1921 and there was no available news service in Palestine to tell the sad story then. Many of the early cables were transmitted at straight rates of 85 cents a word and the cable tolls alone throughout the period of bloodshed mounted to over \$60,000. It was through the correspondents of the J.T.A., who risked their lives in the dangerous zones, that the great world-wide news gathering organizations were able to get the news, and much of it was given without compensation. The J.T.A. felt that the civilized world ought to get the news at once and it is so at a great sacrifice.

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CARDOZO, WARBURG, LEHMAN JOIN EXECUTIVE BOARD OF JEWISH COMMITTEE

Annual Meeting to Be Held in New
York, November 10

The American Jewish Committee, through its secretary, Morris D. Waldman, announced that Judge Benjamin N. Cardozo, Lieutenant-Governor Herbert H. Lehman, and Felix M. Warburg, for many years members of its General Committee, have accepted election to membership on its Executive Committee to fill existing vacancies. One of these vacancies was caused by the death of Louis Marshall, an executive member since the committee's inception twenty-three years ago and its President since 1912. As is well known, it was to the work of the American Jewish Committee, engaged in efforts to protect the Jews against infringement of their civil and religious rights, that Mr. Marshall devoted the greater part of his energies.

The election of these men is expected to strengthen substantially the efforts of the Committee in important directions. Judge Cardozo, presiding justice of the Court of Appeals of the State of New York and universally recognized as an eminent jurist, is expected, in association with other distinguished lawyers on the Committee, to be especially helpful in the legal matters with which the Committee is continuously dealing. Colonel Lehman's experience in public affairs and in constructive post-war relief work in Eastern European countries will be serviceable in the Committee's relations with government authorities in connection with situations involving the welfare of Jews here and abroad. Mr. Warburg's acknowledged leadership in Jewish philanthropy, covering relief work for many years in the United States and European countries and, more recently, constructive work in Palestine, will, it is anticipated, aid the Committee in exercising an influence toward uniting the diverse elements in Jewish life, a unifying influence which Mr. Warburg has so notably effected as president of the Joint Distribution Committee and chairman of the Administrative Council of the Jewish Agency for Palestine.

The Executive Committee has received letters from many of the members expressing their sorrow at the news of Mr. Marshall's death and emphasizing the importance of carrying on the work of the Committee with redoubled effort. The Committee has also received telegraphic messages from many national and foreign Jewish organizations expressing sympathy and offering continued cooperation, notably the Joint Foreign Committee, London; Alliance Israelite Universelle, Paris; Centralverein Deutscher Staatsbuerger Juedischen Glaubens, Berlin, and the Hilfsverein der Deutschen Juden, Berlin. Cables of sympathy were also received from other foreign organizations, among them the Central Office of Ort Verband, Berlin; Russo Jewish Community Ohel Jacob, Paris; Consistoire Israelite France, Paris; South African Jewish Board of Deputies, Jo-

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DR. MARGOSHES, EYE-WIT- NESS, DESCRIBES PALESTINE EVENTS AT MASS MEETING

Says There Is No Retreat in Palestine, Reconstruction Uninterrupted

An eye-witness account of recent events in Palestine, of Arab atrocities the Palestine administration's negligence, and Jewish heroism, was presented to a large audience at Mecca Temple Tuesday evening by Dr. S. Margoshes, editor of the "Day," who has just returned from Palestine. David A. Brown, chairman of the Palestine Emergency Fund, presided.

Dr. Margoshes arrived in Palestine three hours before the massacres began, remained for thirty days, visiting the Jewish settlements during the outbreaks, and later touring the devastated area with Colonel Frederick H. Kisch, member of the Jerusalem Zionist Executive.

Despite the devastation which has been wrought, he declared, the work of reconstruction has not ceased for one moment. "I stood with bowed head in wonderment at the heroic spirit manifest throughout—the will to go on. There is no retreat in Palestine."

Sir John Chancellor, High Commissioner of Palestine, said to him, Dr. Margoshes declared: Your people are unconquerable. No obstacle can defeat you. With such a spirit, you cannot help advancing, even in Palestine.

"Less than 5 per cent of the adult male population of Arab blood rose against the Jews, and this despite the lying propaganda that was conducted among the masses for months and months previous," Dr. Margoshes said. "This shows that as far as the Arab masses are concerned, they harbor no hatred towards the Jews and that, given a chance, friendly relations between Arab and Jew are not only likely but highly plausible and natural.

"With the Arab murderers, be they Muftis or Effendis, we can never make peace. But with those Arabs whose hands are not stained with Jewish blood, we can and will make peace. That is the feeling of Palestine Jewry," he asserted.

The responsibility for the excesses clearly attaches to the Palestine administration, he maintained. There is no more palpable lie, he said, than the assumption of ignorance on the part of administration officials with whom he talked. Keith-Roach and the superintendent of the Palestine police professed ignorance. The Jews of Cairo knew and the Palestine administration did not know! he exclaimed. On the Wednesday before the riots, fellaheen coming into Jerusalem warned the Jews to put in provisions for several days because riots were scheduled to take place on Friday. For weeks proclamations were circulated urging the Musselmenn to mass for an attack on the Jews on August 23. Not only did the Palestine officials take no precautions, but the British police stayed comfortably in their barracks playing cards while the cries of the victims

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FIRST GROUP OF ARAB MURDERERS IN SAFED MASSACRE FACES TRIAL AT HAIFA

Inaccurate Translations of Testimony Objected to During First Day; Arabs Marshal Array of Legal Counsel

By Gershon Agronsky

(Staff Correspondent, Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Haifa, Oct. 9.—Chained and handcuffed, seven Safed Arab bandits, accused of the murder of two Jews on August 29, were today brought from and returned to the Acre Citadel, heavily escorted by British police riding with the prisoners in the same car, followed by an armored car, while a platoon of the Green Howards regiment, steel-helmeted, reinforced the mounted and foot British and Palestine police. All were armed and kept guard around a small villa in the German colony of Haifa which was converted into the Criminal Court for Assizes.

Chief Justice Sir Michael MacDonnell came from Jerusalem to try these first murder cases arising from the anti-Jewish riots. He was assisted by Judge Litt, whose verdicts, on the one hand against 37 Arabs of Tيره, whom he gave the maximum sentence, and on the other hand against Jews accused of the possession of firearms or firing during the riots, whom he gave minimum sentences, earned for him the reputation of a firm judge.

Today only three of the seven prisoners faced trial, all for the murder of Isaac Mamaan, Hadassah mechanic of Safed, the government prosecutor adding the charge of conspiracy to that of first degree murder at the outset of the trial.

The scarlet-robed Chief Justice and his associate gave the diminutive courthouse in the German colony the appearance of a British court of justice, where "Red Judges" try criminal cases, but their impressiveness and earnestness did not prevent the trial from assuming a tragic-comic aspect, owing to the absence of a suitable interpreter for English, Hebrew and Arabic, resulting in mistranslation and misunderstanding, with inevitable suppressed hissing when the tense Jewish spectators heard the evidence mutilated.

The procedure reached an impossible pass when Jacob Fishman, managing editor of the New York "Jewish Morning Journal," ventured to speak to Government Advocate Sherwell about the insufferable misrepresentation of the evidence of Jewish witnesses, and the Advocate officially informed the court for record. The difficulty is due to the fact that the regular Hebrew court interpreter was disqualified because he is distantly related to the murdered man, while the Arab counsel objected to many excellent translators who volunteered, evidently preferring the benefit of the doubt arising from mistranslation, and the court was forced to sustain, if irritably, all objections. The counsel for these defendants includes the best Arab legal talent, while the court was occupied by leading Arab notables and politicians, including the muftis of

Acre and Safed and the principal sheiks of Haifa, the brilliant Arab galaxy showing determination to prevent by all legal technicalities, the three first accused from expiating the crimes, more for political reasons than in justice to the three cited ne'er-do-wells.

The accused, in a cage with two armed policemen, looked on practically indifferent, while their counsel, Moghannan and Asfour, both Christian Arabs, battled to batter down the evidence of the two witnesses, taking more than seven hours.

Dr. Bordiansky, Hadassah physician, was the first witness. Dr. Bordiansky, who treated Mamaan, held his ground firmly as the Arab counsel tried to assail his testimony and question his medical standing by references to his small salary. Never once losing patience at his tormentors, the doctor, cross-examined about the language the victim spoke when he kept repeating, "Isaac dying," fired back: "I am not an ethnographer. I don't know what languages the Sephardic Jews usually speak, but they speak Hebrew to me." He withstood the half-baked medico-legal assaults about the cause of the victim's death, whether a knife or club, causing concussion of the brain, or the operation performed the next day as a last desperate resort.

Joseph Benderly proved a less satisfactory witness, wailing after a three-hour third degree, uncertain whether he identified one or two of the prisoners as those whom he saw stab and club Mamaan and later with the mob which attacked a Jewish house.

The intolerable translations doubtless contributed to the Arab counsel's efforts to compel Benderly to contradict partly the evidence given before the examining magistrate.

There are somewhat better prospects for Wednesday, when the Chief Justice promised a qualified interpreter and, among others, the widow will testify that her dying husband named two of the prisoners as his assailants.

The accused are between 25 and 30 years of age. They are all mustached, and were clean shaven evidently for the trial. Two were dressed in European clothes and one in the Arab costume. All three sported cheap pocket handkerchiefs. They clearly belong to the low class city Arabs of no definite occupation.

ZIONIST EXECUTIVE AC- QUIRES "PALESTINE WEEKLY"

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Oct. 9.—"The Palestine Weekly," English publication, has been acquired by the Zionist Executive, it was announced here by the Executive. The weekly will in the future be edited under the Executive's control.

GOVERNMENT WITNESS IN POULTRY DEALERS' TRIAL TELLS OF SABOTAGE Was Unable to Secure Merchandise in New York After Break with Organization

With 81 defendants pleading not guilty, the motion overruled of defense counsel that the trial be held by proxy in order not to block the supply of kosher poultry, half of whose \$50,000,000 business the defendants control, the seating arrangements settled, the trial of the poultry dealers charged with maintaining a monopoly in Greater New York through a reign of terror, got into full swing yesterday in the United States District Court, with Judge John C. Knox presiding.

Practically the entire day's proceedings were taken up with the examination of the government witness, Max Harnett, of 439 Hegeman Street, Brooklyn, by Assistant United States Attorney General Israel B. Oses, who is prosecuting for the Federal Government.

Upon cross examination, Mr. Harnett testified that in July of 1926, an association of poultry dealers was formed in Brooklyn, later affiliated with the Greater New York Live Poultry Chamber of Commerce, defendant in the case together with Local No. 167 of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Stablemen and Helpers, and the Official Orthodox Slaughterers of America, Inc.

This Association, according to Mr. Harnett, was formed to better business conditions. On the ground that poultry dealers were losing money, it was decided that a 7 and 8 cent profit above the commission man's price was to be made. An organization was perfected whereby members were warned not to sell to customers other than those allotted to them by the organization. For the support of the organization and the payment of the salaries of the men who were directing it, each member was required to pay weekly an assessment of one cent for each pound of poultry sold.

Mr. Harnett testified that to his knowledge several thousand dollars in dues were paid weekly, at open meetings of the organization, to Samuel Lipkin, a defendant, in some cases individual checks being as high as \$300 for one week's assessment. The principal organizers, he said, were David Hirshon and Samuel Sahn, two of the defendants.

When he failed to abide by the rules and persisted in selling to customers not on his list, he testified, he was prevented from obtaining poultry at the West Washington Market, or at any terminals in New York being forced to obtain poultry from Newark, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Bridgeport, West Virginia.

Following his break with the association in April 1928, Harnett stated, a watch was kept over his place of business, his shochem were ordered to quit work, the tires of his truck were cut, in addition to being refused the purchase of poultry. As principals in

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PRESS LAUDS J.T.A. SERVICE DURING PALESTINE EMERGENCY PERIOD (Continued from Page 2)

"It is due to this tremendous service of the J.T.A. that the Jewish people of America were aroused to rush to the assistance of their brethren with a relief fund which now totals over \$1,600,000. Without the stories in the daily press, this outpouring of sentiment would have been impossible. The Jewish papers could not have handled the situation with any degree of effectiveness. The weekly Anglo-Jewish papers were swamped with news matter that they could not publish for lack of space, and such news a week did so at a great sacrifice.

"The Jewish Telegraphic Agency now finds itself in dire straits and is making an appeal for funds to save it from extinction. It fully merits support. It would not be amiss for the national committee of the Palestine Emergency Fund to allocate a portion of its funds to assist the J.T.A., without whose prompt action American Jewry would not have contributed nearly as much money as it did. The J.T.A. should not be compelled to make personal solicitation for assistance in this emergency. It is a world-wide Jewish institution that has proved its value to the Jewish people on many other occasions and should be supported by the larger Jewish organizations."

"The New Palestine" declares: "The Jews of the world owe a debt of gratitude to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency for the huge task which it carried out so well during the disturbances in Palestine. Faced with the necessity of bringing out of Palestine news which local authorities made every effort to censor or suppress, the agents of the J.T.A. often sent the dispatches at the risk of their lives. Practically every newspaper in the country was indebted in some way or other to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency for the source of its information of the Palestine events. Had the task of transmitting the information been in the hands of any other news distributing organization it is problematical whether the complete news would have been given and whether the Jewish aspect would have been emphasized. The daily accounts of the outrages awoke Jewry and the world at large to the responsibility of giving protection to the Palestine Jewish community. The J.T.A. may therefore be credited to some extent with the assurance of safety to the Jewish Homeland. Not only did this news agency arouse public opinion by distributing the news, but it engaged special writers of international importance to go to Palestine to survey the situation, and prevailed upon leaders of public opinion to express their views. In the latter category is included the article by Winston Churchill, which has had a profound effect, coming as it does from a famous British statesman. It is to the J.T.A. also, that the American reading public owes the splendid cable dispatches which Pierre Van Passen has sent to this country from Palestine."

CARDOZO, WARBURG, LEHMAN JOIN EXECUTIVE BOARD OF JEWISH COMMITTEE (Continued from Page 2)

hannenburg; Hias, Ica, Enigdirect, Paris.

The Annual Meeting of the American Jewish Committee will take place on Sunday, November 10th. A communication has been directed to the 175 Corporate Members of the Committee throughout the country announcing the election of these new executive members.

The members of the Executive Committee, as at present constituted, are Dr. Cyrus Adler, Philadelphia, Pa., Ill.; David M. Bressler, New York, N. Y.; Leo M. Brown, Mobile, Ala.; Judge Benjamin Cardozo, New York, N. Y.; Judge Abraham I. Elkus, New York, N. Y.; Judge Eli Frank, Baltimore, Md.; Max J. Kohler, New York, N. Y.; Judge Irving Lehman, New York, N. Y.; Colonel Herbert H. Lehman, New York, N. Y.; Hon. A. C. Ratshesky, Boston, Mass.; Prof. Milton J. Rosenau, Boston, Mass.; Julius Rosenwald, Chicago, Ill.; Judge Horace Strauss, Philadelphia, Pa.; Lewis L. Strauss, New York, N. Y.; Cyrus L. Sulzberger, New York, N. Y.; Colonel Isaac M. Ullman, New Haven, Conn.; and Felix M. Warburg, New York, N. Y. Morris D. Waldman is Secretary and Harry Schneiderman, Assistant Secretary.

PRISON FOR 11 MEMBERS OF LENINGRAD KEHILLAH BOARD FOR RELIGIOUS WORK (Continued from Page 1)

Matzos (actually Leningrad received only 1800 kilos).

The accused, including Leon Rabinovitch, 77, former editor of the famous Hebrew daily in Czarist Russia, "Ha-Melitz," were charged with having violated article 125 of the Soviet code dealing with religious bodies, as having been active in work outside of the jurisdiction granted to the Kehillah.

The sentence will be appealed, but the Kehillah of Leningrad has, by the result of the trial, been practically liquidated. This is regarded by the Jewish population as a great blow to Russian Jewry since the Leningrad Kehillah, next to the Kehillah of Moscow, was a pillar of Orthodox Jewry in Soviet Russia.

JEWESS KILLED, 9 JEWISH SETTLERS' HOUSES PLUNDERED IN PEASANT ATTACK (Continued from Page 1)

were never admitted to the village cinema. At village meetings, the Jewish colonists were always annoyed by open acts of anti-Semitism. It is charged that the local Communist organization, aware of this situation, was indifferent to the growing danger, although agitation at peasants' public meetings was going on to drive the Jewish colonists out of the village. The investigation now started brought out the fact that before the attack on Sunday, a meeting was held in one of the peasants' houses under Shkapa's chairmanship, where the attack was decided upon and organized.

GOVERNMENT WITNESS IN POULTRY DEALERS' TRIAL TELLS OF SABOTAGE (Continued from Page 3)

this activity against him mentioned and identified David Hirshon, formerly President of the Greater New York Live Poultry Chamber of Commerce, Arthur, Harry and Charles Herbert Karl Firestone, Jacob Kaslow, all defendants.

He mentioned that in 1927, his firm was receiving \$200 weekly from David Hirshon as payment for not selling to butchers. These payments ceased when the agreement was broken. In 1928 Hirshon again offered him \$150 weekly not to do a wholesale business, and was refused.

Arthur N. Sager, member of the defense counsel, said in outlining his case, that the charges against the defendants were weird. The poultry Chamber of Commerce was designed to help chicken dealers who were "not entirely familiar with our institutions and language, by means of an organization that could get things from our politicians—I mean our office holders."

There will be no sessions of the court today, Friday, Saturday and Monday, in order to permit defendants to make provision for the Yom Kippur holiday. The opinion was expressed privately by a number of defendants that they would rather pay the \$15,000 fine involved, if they could make sure of avoiding a prison sentence, rather than run the risk of loss involved in long litigation such as the trial promises to be.

DR. MARGOSHES, EYE-WITNESS, DESCRIBES PALESTINE EVENTS AT MASS MEETING (Continued from Page 2)

and the blood-thirsty yells of the murderers rent the air. This, Dr. Margoshes declared, he saw himself, from the windows of his hotel, overlooking the barracks.

It is to be hoped that Great Britain will see how unbelievable this ignorance is, and the Commission of Inquiry will see likewise, to the end that the Palestine officials will be ousted, he said.

David A. Brown asked for a policy of moderation in regard toward the attitude to Great Britain. He thanked the "Day" for arranging the meeting, pointing out that this newspaper has, already, through its columns, raised \$40,000 for Palestine relief. The proceeds of the mass meeting were given to the Palestine Emergency Fund.

A dramatic and musical program was offered by Maurice Schwartz, director of the Yiddish Art Theatre, Cantor Mordecai Herschman, and the choir of the Jewish National Workers' Alliance under the leadership of Leo Leov.

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