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JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

ONLY ENGLISH
DAILY RECORD
OF JEWISH
NEWS.

Vol. VI. Price 4 Cents.

Wednesday, October 9, 1929.

Entered as 2nd Class Matter at Post Office, Long Island City, New York. No. 1486.

TWO JEWISH POLICE- MEN DISMISSED FROM JERUSALEM FORCE

Safed Murderers Go on Trial in Haifa; 65 Arabs Summoned
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Oct. 8.—The two Jewish policemen of the Jerusalem force who refused to go on duty in unsafe Arab quarters without being permitted to carry firearms were dismissed from the force.

The Hebron police informed the Chief Rabbinate that thirty-two Scrolls of the Law had been saved during the massacre. The Scrolls are now at the Hebron police headquarters.

The trial of Arabs charged with murder in the massacre perpetrated at Safed opens today in Haifa. Sixty-five Arabs have been summoned to appear.

The Moslem Christian Association of Jaffa despatched a cable to the British Colonial Office and a telegram to the Palestine government demanding the abolition of the collective punishment ordinance, providing the imposition of payment for damages on villages guilty of participating in the riots.

The Arab Executive is sending delegations to the Moslems of Iraq, India and Hedjaz to conduct propaganda and raise funds for purchasing land in Palestine to be added to the Waqf property (religious foundation).

The Arab paper, "Felestin," reproducing a summary of the appeal issued by the Brit Shalom, Palestine Jewish organization seeking amity with the Arabs, mocks at the organization and alleges that the latter was established for the purpose of "misleading the Arabs and concealing the true Jewish aims."

JEWS EXEMPT FROM TURK- ISH RESTRICTIVE ORDER

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
Constantinople, Oct. 8.—Turkish subjects belonging to the national minorities are forbidden to leave the city of Constantinople for other towns, even in the adjoining provinces, according to an ordinance issued.

Only Jews are exempt from this restriction, being permitted to travel anywhere.

JEWISH MERCHANTS SEEK TO BREAK ARAB BOYCOTT

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
Jerusalem, Oct. 8.—Jewish merchants again visited Mr. Keith-Roach today, urging that measures against the Arab anti-Jewish boycott be strengthened. The Jerusalem District Commissioner promised action.

Many cases are occurring daily, particularly in the Old City, where the boycott agitators forcibly draw Arabs away from the entrances of Jewish shops or damage goods purchased from Jews.

ARABS SEND TO CAIRO FOR ENGLISHMAN TO REPRESENT THEM WITH COMMISSION

Arab Executive Asks Former Palestine Chief Justice Haycraft to Act as Counsel
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Cairo, Oct. 8.—Members of the Palestine Arab Supreme Council and Abdul Hadi, barrister, secretary of the Council, who is to represent the Arabs before the Commission of Inquiry, arrived here today. The purpose of their visit is to find a suitable British lawyer to represent the Arab side to the Commission.

An important part of the Egyptian press has intensified its anti-Zionist attacks. The daily "Patrie," in an editorial, states: "After we have passed our own crisis, it is our duty to awaken Egyptian and Moslem public opinion to assist our Arab brethren."

Jerusalem, Oct. 8.—Former Palestine Chief Justice Haycraft was asked by the Arab Executive to act as the Arab counsel before the Inquiry Commission or to recommend another lawyer.

RULES BIALIK JUSTIFIED IN ATTACKING BRAININ, BUT EXPRESSIONS TOO SHARP

Dramatic Trial in Berlin Between Famous Hebrew Poet and Reuben Brainin
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Oct. 8.—Chaim Nachman Bialik, famous Hebrew poet, was justified in his attack against Reuben Brainin in connection with the latter's attitude toward the Russian Jewish question, but he used too sharp expressions in the statement he signed on May 21 in behalf of a group of Hebrew writers in Tel Aviv.

This was the verdict handed down by the Zionist Congress Court acting as a court of honor, under the chairmanship of Dr. S. Gronemann. The trial, in which Brainin was the plaintiff and Bialik the defendant, lasted all night Monday. Mr. Brainin is to pay nine-tenths and Mr. Bialik one-tenth of the court expenses.

The trial grew out of the issuance of a statement by Mr. Bialik in which Mr. Brainin was charged with being "a traitor" to the Zionist cause and "a falsifier" because he allegedly kept quiet, following his visit to Soviet Russia two years ago, about the persecutions of the Hebrew language and Zionism in Soviet Russia. Instead, the declaration asserted, Mr. Brainin praised the policy of the Soviet government in regard to Jewish questions.

The proceedings were public and a large number of Berlin Zionists were present during the all night session, during which the tragedy of Russian

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AUSTRIAN PRESS LAUDS VIENNA ROTHSCHILD FOR SAVING CREDIT INSTITUTION

"Schober and Rothschild Saved Austria," Recurrent Note in Press
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Oct. 8.—The action of the Vienna branch of the Rothschild house in saving from bankruptcy one of the leading Austrian credit institutions which was formerly the Imperial Court Bank, is praised highly in the Austrian press as an act of high patriotism coupled with business caution.

The bank, which specialized in land credit, was beset by difficulties and the new Prime Minister, Schober, appealed urgently to Louis Rothschild who was away on a hunting trip to return and see what he could do to save Austria's credit abroad. Mr. Rothschild complied with the Prime Minister's request and confidence was restored when the government issued a communique stating that the Rothschild house is lending its support to the credit institution and that the depositors at home and abroad are guaranteed payment.

It is stated that the Rothschilds are carrying through this transaction with the cooperation of their American business friends.

The laborite press took the occasion to attack the anti-Semitic government parties and in particular the Christlich-Soziale party which "had to call on a Jewish bank to save Austria."

"Rothschild saved Austria" or "Schober and Rothschild saved Austria" is the note running through the Austrian press, including even the "Arbeiterzeitung." It is pointed out that Rothschild's action prevented the collapse of the second largest bank in Austria which would have inevitably ruined many important industries causing the unemployment of tens of thousands of workers. This is openly admitted by the Hakenkreuz press which, however carried simultaneously appeals for anti-Semitic meetings against "the Jewish capitalists and swindlers."

DR. CHAIM WEIZMANN TO VISIT PALESTINE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
Jerusalem, Oct. 8.—Dr. Chaim Weizmann, president of the World Zionist Organization, will visit Palestine. He is expected to arrive shortly.

Bernard Lecache, French Jewish writer, arrived in Palestine today.

Major Hopkin, Labor M.P., returned to England. While in Palestine Major Hopkin visited all the scenes of the recent rioting and spoke with Arab and Jewish leaders and government officials.

A reception in honor of Justin Godard was given yesterday by the Tel Aviv municipality.

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

Published every day in the week except
Saturday and Jewish high holidays

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN CO.

Publication Office:

29-28 - 41st Avenue, L. I. City, N. Y.

Address: A. Mail to

Executive and Editorial Office

611 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

Jacob Landau President

Samuel Biensstock Treasurer

John Simons Secretary

William Z. Spiegelman Editor

Vol. VI, Wednesday, Oct. 9, 1929. No. 1486.

Member of Jewish Telegraphic Agency

New York 611 Broadway

London 244 High Holborn

Paris 34 Rue de Provence

Berlin Eichenstrasse 6

Warsaw Ulica Aleje Jerozolimski Nr. 18

Jerusalem Hasolel Bldg.

Subscription Rates

One Year U.S. and Canada Foreign

Six Months \$10.00 \$15.00

One Month 6.00 8.00

One Month 1.00 1.50

Entered as second-class material July 19, 1927,

at the Post Office at L. I. City, N. Y., under

the Act of March 3, 1879.

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GIFTS TO EMERGENCY FUND CONTINUE

The attitude of the Jews of America regarding the disorders in Palestine, as evidenced by their immediate and generous response to the Palestine Emergency Fund, and the vigorous protests by Christians as well as Jews against the riots there, prevented further atrocities, according to a cable to David A. Brown, chairman of the Palestine Emergency Fund, from Jonah J. Goldstein, New York lawyer, who is now in Jerusalem. Mr. Goldstein left for Palestine recently at the request of Felix M. Warburg, chairman of the Administrative Committee of the Jewish Agency, in order to render advice and assistance to Col. Frederick H. Kisch, the head of the central relief committee in Palestine, through which relief is being extended to the Jewish refugees in Jerusalem and Tel Aviv. He is accompanied by Mrs. Goldstein.

Mr. Goldstein's cable to Mr. Brown is as follows:

"Jerusalem, Oct. 6.

"The attitude and spirit of American Jewry as evidenced by its generous and immediate response to the Palestine Emergency Fund, and also the vigorous protests of Christians and Jews in America against the barbarous massacres here saved the day, and doubtless prevented further atrocities. More important is the fact that these things gave courage to the Jews of Palestine who are most grateful and send New Year greetings to their brethren in America."

"Jonah J. Goldstein."

Contributions totalling \$18,935.81, increasing the total to \$1,841,433.04, were in the mail received by the Palestine Emergency Fund during Rosh Hashanah, but which remained unopened until yesterday. Among them was an additional check for \$3,700.61 from the Chicago Committee, one for \$3,500 from the Buffalo committee, representing its second remittance, and a second remittance from Indianapolis for \$2,000.

JEWS IN LITHUANIA HELPLESS, AMERICAN DELEGATION FINDS

75% of Jewish Population Dependent on Funds from U. S.

The Fact-Finding Commission which the Federation of American Jews of Lithuanian Descent sent to Lithuania, has just returned. The Commission consisted of Herman L. Winer of New York, Judge William M. Lewis of Philadelphia, Elihu D. Stone of Boston, and Maurice Rosenblum of Flint, Mich.

The Commission, which was sent to Lithuania by the Federation to make a thorough investigation of the Jewish situation, reported as follows:

The situation of the Jews in Lithuania is almost helpless. The country has practically no trade relations with the important centers of Europe. As a result, exports have shown a great decrease, and the Jews have almost no means of making a livelihood. It is hardly an exaggeration to say that about 75 per cent. of the Jews await impatiently the funds which are sent from America.

The political situation is more cheerful. There is no parliament in Lithuania at present, but from the conversations the Commission had with Premier Valdemaras and other officials of the Government, there seemed to be the impression that an understanding could be reached between the Government and the Jews. Such regrettable occurrences as the recent disturbances in Slobodka can be avoided in the future. As a result of the Commission's interview with Premier Valdemaras, the police official in the Slobodka district was punished. Prof. Valdemaras promised to acquaint himself with other Jewish demands, as he had not been in direct contact with the Jewish leaders for some time. The Jewish leaders in Lithuania feel that the interviews of the Commission with the Government authorities were important steps toward the betterment of the political situation of the Jews.

The Commission also conferred with the Jewish leaders and representatives of all Jewish organizations regarding the economic situation. As a result of the failure of the crops last year the conditions had grown far worse, and had it not been for the relief funds sent over by the Federation of American Jews of Lithuanian Descent, many people would probably have starved.

The only economic institution of the Jews is the Folks Banks. There are 86 branches throughout Lithuania. These banks lend money to the Jews who can afford to pay interest and have some sort of collateral to offer. But there are many Jews who are unable to borrow from these banks and the only hope for them is the establishment of free loan institutions. The Commission proposes that the Federation begin a campaign to raise funds to increase the capital of the Folks Banks and to establish free loan banks.

The cultural situation is much better than was expected. The Commission is convinced that there are more

84 POULTRY DEALERS FACE 3 YEARS PRISON, \$15,000 FINE FOR VIOLATING TRUST ACT

Trial Ends in Mistrial on Second Day; Resumed After 40 Minutes

A mistrial, because Juror No. 7 recognized Benjamin Simon, one of the principal defendants, as a friend, brought to a temporary end, yesterday, on its second day, the trial of 84 poultry dealers charged with violation of the Sherman Anti-Trust Act and with maintaining a reign of terror over the \$50,000,000 live poultry business in the metropolitan area.

The trial was resumed 40 minutes later before Judge John C. Knox in the U. S. District Court, when a twelfth juror was chosen, and attorneys for both sides had consented to accept the remaining eleven jurors.

The defendants face a possible sentence of 3 years in prison and a fine of \$15,000 each. The trial is expected to last six weeks.

Of eighty-four defendants, seventy-seven are officers and members of the Greater New York Live Poultry Chamber of Commerce, three officers of the Official Orthodox Poultry Slaughterers of America, Inc., and four officers of Local 167 of the International Brotherhood of Chauffeurs, Teamsters, Stablemen and Helpers of America.

A grandstand was erected in the court, on which the defendants were seated in six rows, each banked higher than the other.

The first day's proceedings were enlivened by the protests of the counsel for the defense, Arthur N. Sager, who contended that the structure was not only uncomfortable but unconstitutional. Declaring that the men in the upper rows were deprived of their constitutional right to consult with counsel because of the seating arrangement, he moved that the trial be adjourned until the stand, erected as a cost of \$417 be taken down and replaced by chairs with backs. Without disposing of this motion, Judge Knox proceeded to impanel the jury.

Benjamin and William Simon of the Live Poultry Chamber of Commerce pleaded guilty after the jury was chosen. A third defendant, David Wernick, pleaded guilty last week, and a fourth, Louis Cohen, absent because of illness, will be tried separately later.

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PREMIER MacDONALD TO CONFER WITH BRANDEIS (Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, Oct. 8.—Prime Minister MacDonald will confer with Supreme Court Justice Louis D. Brandeis at the British Embassy on Wednesday, October 9. Senator Borah, it was stated, will participate in the conversations. Nothing official is known as to the topic of discussion, but it is presumed that the present situation in Palestine will be taken up.

educational institutions in Lithuania, in comparison with the Jewish population, than in any other Jewish community.

HEBRON, FIVE WEEKS AFTER THE MASSACRE

By Gershon Agronsky

(Staff Correspondent, Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Oct. 8.—If the Jewish world considers it has heard enough regarding Hebron, it is not purposed to add descriptions of the gruesomeness accompanying what is going down in Jewish history as the "Hurban Hebron." The destruction was in the minds of all Jews reciting the Nessianetekef on Saturday and Sunday, a stricken people adding the massacres of Hebron and Safed to the insufferably long martyrdoms of a hunted race.

On the eve of the New Year an expedition went on Thursday to Hebron to prepare a report on behalf of the reconstruction committee, to inspect the ground whereon, should the Hebron survivors or others desire it, a new Jewish quarter would be reared as soon as expedient, replacing the ancient murder traps of the old ghetto. H. Wolofsky, publisher of the "Canadian Jewish Eagle," Montreal; M. M. Ussishkin, two Jerusalem businessmen, Mohl and Perlman, a representative of the Sephardic community and one of the Ashkenazic community, as well as one Hebronite, were members of the expedition, which did not intend to examine the horror striking evidence of the inexplicable visitation of seven Fridays ago. It practically avoided the deserted ghetto, which has been boarded up on all sides by the authorities, pending the Commission of Inquiry's probable visit. We did not expect to visit Slonim's and the other houses of slaughter, to which entrance is allowed by special permission of the Chief Secretary.

We closely inspected the empty lots belonging to Jewish societies in the Jewish quarter overlooking the smiling olive groves and vineyards just under the windows of antiquated tenements, where modern cottages and gardens are planned if, when the wounds are healed, when the memory of the sixty-six victims ceases to haunt them, when the Jews will become reconciled, as they undoubtedly will, once more to reside amidst the neighbors, friends and lifelong associates who suddenly became slaughtermen of men and rappers of women.

But the practical commission could not help seeing things such as the wrecked and charred Hadassah clinic, which for more than a decade cared the Arabs who turned around and despoiled the premises, pillaged the medicaments which had saved them from decimation by loathsome diseases; it could not help hearing reports of the mob's demand that A. D. Slonim should surrender the "foreigners," meaning the Yeshiva students sheltered in his house if his and his family's lives were to be spared and the martyr's historic answer, "We Jews are one."

We lingered in the former home of the Slobodka Yeshiva, a large, well-ventilated, bright, white, square hall, with windows overlooking the fertile valley. The hall, which accommodated

170 Talmudists, is now denuded of every particle of furniture, showing as a sign of the tragedy shattered window panes, battered-down doors, the bloodstained floor marking the spot where the first Yeshiva "bocher" was killed on Friday afternoon, after which the blood-lusting mob ran through the streets shouting, "We found only one in the Yeshiva. He lives no more, but the future will yield more." Up a narrow winding stone staircase I climbed alone to the attic, where a monastic Mathmid, perhaps a secret Kabbalist, had pencilled such mystic Hebrew inscriptions as: "Soeini I was born for a given purpose and life turned out to the contrary, what use is life?" Or, "Come let us reckon up the meaning of the world," wondering whether this monastic scholar is alive and still speculating on life's purpose or whether his speculations were terminated by a knife.

Through winding, labyrinthian passages leading from the ghetto, we groped our way to the Cave of the Machpelah and mounted the seven steps permitted to Jewish and Christian "heretics," while Perlman, his

(Continued on Page 4)

YESHIVA COLLEGE MAKES FACULTY APPOINTMENTS

Several additions to the faculty of the Yeshiva and Yeshiva College were announced today by Dr. B. Revel, president of the faculty. Dr. Chaim Heller, internationally famous Biblical scholar, of Berlin, Germany, has been appointed Professor of Bible at the Yeshiva. He will lecture during the winter months, and head the Bible department. Professor Heller is the author of many important works, especially studies on the Pashitto.

Rabbi B. L. Levinthal and family, the Rabbinical College, "Tachkamon," of Warsaw, Poland, has been appointed Professor of Talmud at the Yeshiva. He arrived in America on September 25 to assume his duties.

On the associate faculty of the Yeshiva College, Solomon Liptzin, Ph.D., has been appointed to teach German, and Raphael Kuzrook, M.D., Ph.D., to teach Physiology and Hygiene.

Jacob Fabian, of New York and Patterson, N. J., has been elected a member of the Yeshiva College Council, which includes Frederick B. Robinson, President of the College of the City of New York; Nathan Isaacs, Professor of Law at Harvard University; B. Revel, President of the Faculty of the Yeshiva and the Yeshiva College; David Eugene Smith, Professor at Columbia University; Charles C. Torrey, Professor of Semitic Languages at Yale University; Louis Gold; Herbert S. Goldstein, Samuel Levy, and Charles H. Silver.

Rabbi B. L. Levinthal and family, of Philadelphia, have established a \$5,000 scholarship, the interest of

4,000 VISITED WAILING WALL DURING ROSH HASHANAH

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Oct. 8.—Four thousand Jews came to worship at the Wailing Wall during the two days of Rosh Hashanah. No incidents occurred to mar the services.

Benches were not allowed in the area before the Wall, nor was there any table on which to lay the Scrolls of the Law.

During the month of Elul just ended only 300 persons visited Rachel's Tomb on the outskirts of Jerusalem. Usually, many thousands make the pilgrimage to the tomb during the last month of the year.

SOLD \$6,000 BEQUEST FOR \$120: RABBI TO DECIDE VALIDITY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Oct. 8.—"I, Chaim Ben Moshe sell to Moshe Ben Yisroel Halevi, the inheritance which I will receive after 120 years for 1200 Zlotys."

This was the text of an agreement entered into by Chaim Greenblatt and Moshe Feirman of Falenice, a Warsaw suburb. Greenblatt, complaining to Feirman of his extreme poverty, the latter suggested the transaction whereby he would pay 400 Zlotys to Greenblatt immediately and the remainder of the 1200 Zlotys in installments over a period of two years, in return for which he would receive any inheritance coming to Greenblatt from his father.

On the eve of Rosh Hashanah Greenblatt was informed of his father's death in America. As his share of his father's estate he is to receive \$6,000. The amount Greenblatt received from his agreement with Feirman was 1200 Zlotys or the equivalent of \$120. The rabbi of Falenice must now decide whether the transaction was proper. In the meantime, the subject caused excited speculation among Falenice Jews as they gathered for the holiday services.

EXTEND AGREEMENT FOR JOINT IMMIGRATION WORK

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, Oct. 8.—Official announcement of the prolongation for another three years of the working agreement for aiding Jewish migrants between the Jewish Colonization Association and the Emigdirekt, was made here today. The present agreement, which expires in April 1930, will be extended to 1933.

Aaron Benjamin, the European representative of the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society of America, sailed for the United States to submit the agreement for the signature of the Hias president, Abraham Herman.

which is to be awarded annually to a worthy student of the Yeshiva, preference to be given graduates of the Philadelphia Yeshiva Mishkan Israel. The scholarship is in memory of Rabbi B. L. Levinthal's wife, Mrs. Minnie Levinthal, who died on June 27th of this year.

RULES BIALIK JUSTIFIED IN ATTACKING BRAININ, BUT EXCEPTIONS TO SHARP (Continued from Page 1)

Jewry was unfolded in the testimony presented.

Mr. Bialik, turning his defense plea into an accusation stated that Russian Zionists handed over to Mr. Brainin material concerning the martyrdom of Russian Zionists for transmission to the proper Zionist bodies but Mr. Brainin failed to deliver the material. On the other hand, Mr. Brainin praised in the most laudatory terms the Russian Jewish colonization although the Jewish colonies there are nothing but Jewish colonies, Mr. Bialik stated. Mr. Bialik further charged that Mr. Brainin accepted praise from the Soviet press and failed to deny reports published in the Yiddish Communist daily, "Freiheit," of New York wherein he was quoted as having made anti-Zionist references at a public mass meeting. He therefore felt that the reproach against Mr. Brainin was justified. He wished to add, however, that there occurred an error in the published text of the declaration. Instead of "Boged" (traitor) "Moel" (one who abuses confidence placed in him) the correct version was that Mr. Brainin was guilty of a "Boged Maal" (faithless treason), Mr. Bialik stated.

Dr. Seadiah Mase and Mr. Jehudi were heard as witnesses supporting Mr. Bialik's description of the persecutions of the Zionists and the Hebrew language in Russia.

Mr. Brainin, in a moving address, referred to his forty-five years of work in Hebrew literature and in the Zionist movement to which he has always maintained a hundred per cent loyalty and devotion. He found it necessary, however, to say that the body of Russian Jewry must be saved from starvation so that the Jewish spirit may survive. He therefore thought that the colonization work, being an action to save large masses of Russian Jews, was in accordance with the meaning of Zionism. On the other hand, he realized that protests would be of no avail. He has submitted the material given him by Russian Zionists to competent Jewish bodies, such as the "Freiheit" and the "Freiheit" concerning his alleged addresses at public meetings were false, but he found it unimportant to issue denials. "I am weak and at the decline of my life. How could Bialik dare hurl at me the term of traitor? I demand justice!" Mr. Brainin exclaimed.

The verdict, issued at five o'clock in the morning and read by Dr. Gronemann, stated that Bialik's attack was to the point and justified, since a great Hebraist and old Zionist as Mr. Brainin has been, quiet about the persecutions of Zionism and the Hebrew language in Russia and, on the other hand, has ascribed an exaggerated importance to the advantages of the Jewish policy of the Soviet government. In so acting Mr. Brainin has created dangers for Russian Jews. Nonetheless, the court disapproves of Bialik's sharp words.

HEBRON, FIVE WEEKS AFTER THE MASSACRE (Continued from Page 3)

mouth at the orifice through which, for centuries, the Jews inscribed written petitions destined for Abraham's Tomb, whispered a prayer. In and out through the bazaars we went, the Moslem shopkeepers endeavoring to exchange compliments with our two Hebronite guides, who remained remarkably cool and almost haughtily aloof. Bejaia, our Sephardic mentor, a Mizrahi school teacher, walked unafraid, feeling that Hebron belongs to him more than to any murderous inciter, for his family has resided in David's City for three hundred and fifty years. Schneerson, our Ashkenazic friend, the son of a hotel keeper whose premises opposite the Slonim house was one of the moral fortresses of Hebron, protested against the onslaught because of his excellent relations with his neighbors, listened skeptically as one after another Moslem assured him they were not anywhere near Hebron on the fateful days. We heard again the now old story that the Moslems are burning many extra lamps to appease the spirits of the murdered Jews.

An Arab police corporal asked me when I thought complete calm would be restored, to which I answered, "When said, at least of the two hundred prisoners will expiate their crimes, serving as an example and warning to others. But even this is not altogether certain, since it is rumored the Mufti gave an undertaking to the family of Sheikh Taleb Markah, chief instigator of the Hebron massacre, that the sheik will not pay the capital penalty."

Leaving Hebron hours later, we took along an unerasureable picture not only of the destruction, which is repairable, but a haunting reminder that an unspeakable tragedy occurred in one of the four holy cities where the Jews were physically and morally incapable of self-defense. Massacres happened to us before, but as Mr. Ussishkin, after the Jerusalem riots of 1920, told Ronald Storrs, who tried to comfort him that the loss of life was not very great, gravity of a given disaster depends upon the time and place, reminding him that more than nineteen centuries ago one Jew was executed in Jerusalem, but the world never forgot nor is likely to forget.

Palestine Preparing for Inquiry Commission

In the proceedings of the Commission of Inquiry, the Jews are anxious that the most searching investigation be conducted and that arrangements be made such as will afford adequate opportunity not only to present the Jewish case but also to refute the challenge of evidence from the other sides. There will be at least two other sides as, for the purposes of the inquiry, the Palestine government is treated as a party called on to give and reply to testimony, the same as the Zionist and Arab Examiners, which have been invited to submit their cases.

It is perhaps significant that the three bodies are reported to have re-

84 POULTRY DEALERS FACE 3 YEARS PRISON, \$15,000 FINE, FOR VIOLATING TRUST ACT (Continued from Page 2)

The prosecution is in the hands of Assistant U. S. Attorney General, Israel B. Oseas, Walter L. Rice and Seymour D. Altmark.

Assistant U. S. Attorney General Oseas charged the defendants with being conspirators, declaring that "They made it as much as a man's life was worth to go down to Washington Market in defiance of their regulations and attempt to buy poultry. They maintained and still maintain a reign of terror over the \$500,000 live poultry business of the metropolitan area, practically all in chickens, whereby they assessed the market not less than \$300,000 a year, and pushed the price of freshly slaughtered kosher chickens up 10 to 15 cents a pound."

The defendants who are held on \$500,000 bail, asked Judge Knox to recognize that the supply of chickens for Thanksgiving, Christmas and the New Year will be paralyzed if the trial continues for six weeks as anticipated.

Judge Knox consented however to adjourn the trial only on Thursday, Friday and Monday to make provision for Yom Kippur.

Counsel for the defense, in addition to Mr. Sager including S. H. Kaufman, Julius Halheimer, Abraham Mennan, Edward W. Drucker, John W. H. Crim and Samuel Abrahams.

ceived similar communications from the Commission after its last meeting in London on September 28, although it is already clear that the government is privileged to have some of its evidence presented to the Commission in camera, when the representatives of the other parties will be excluded.

The procedure as now laid down permits two representatives of each side, one of whom is to be the counsel without being called such. The representatives, as they are called, will be allowed to examine their own witnesses and those of the other sides and also sum up the evidence at the end of the Commission's hearing. Although not sitting as a court of justice, the Commission will take evidence on oath and call any witnesses they require.

The Zionists were the first to choose their counsel, who is understood to be an eminent K.C., and it is probable the Arabs will follow suit. What will come as a surprise is a report current in Jerusalem today that the Palestine government has selected a noted English counsel, thereby confessing, perhaps, that it has a case to defend.

The Commission is not arriving before the end of the month, but the Zionist counsel is expected to leave London on Thursday.

Wonderful opportunity for right congregation. Ordained Rabbi, inspiring Anglo-Jewish orator, sincere, energetic, sterling spiritual leader—successful organizer and promoter in every angle of communal life—experienced pedagogue, impressive pleasing personality, seeks suitable post. Jewish Daily Bulletin, Box No. 12.