JEWISH NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD WITHIN 24 HOURS

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

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BODY OF LOUIS MARSHALL TO TRANSFERRED BE TEMPORARILY TO FRIESBERG JEWISH CEMETERY

Arrangements for Transportation to United States Not Yet Made: Zionist General Council Interrupts Sessions: Jerusalem Executive Sends Condolence

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Marshall, who died here yesterday, will be transported today to the Friesenberg Jewish cemetery, where the formalities of sealing the coffin and annulling his passport will take place in the presence of the American Consul General.

It is understood that transportation of the body to the United States will not take place before the middle of the month

At eleven o'clock Wednesday morning it became evident that it would be impossible to save Mr. Marshall's life. During the last hour, the patient slept, breathing more and more slowly until his heart stopped beating at two minutes after 3 P. M. Zurich time.

London, Sept. 12-Dr. Judah L Magnes, replying to an inquiry by telephone told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that arrangements for the transportation of the body had not yet been made, but it is believed that this will be done on the first available steamer to the United States.

The death of Mr. Marshall caused great grief in Zionist circles here. The Zionist General Council in session here interrupted its proceedings when the news of Mr. Marshall's death came.

Jerusalem, Sept. 12-As an expression of mourning at the death of Louis Marshall, the Jerusalem Zionist Execu-Messages of condolence were sent to Jacob Billikopf, son-in-law of the late Mr. Marshall, and to Felix M. Warburg

The message to Mr. Warburg read: "The death of Louis Marshall adds to the Palestine disaster from which the

EXHUMATION OF BODIES OF HEBRON VICTIMS DISCONTINUED Recognition of Mutilations Is Impossible Now

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Sept. 12-Exhumation of the bodies of the Hebron victims was discontinued when it was found that because the bodies had been exposed for two days before burial it was almost impossible to ascertain whether or not they had been subject to mutilations after or during the massacre. Twenty bodies had been disinterred and re-buried when it was decided to discontinue.

Zurich, Sept. 12-The body of Louis | Yishub and the entire Jewish people are only beginning to recover. lament the great loss at a time when Marshall's leadership and counsel were urgently required. To his bereaved we

offer comfort. Our feeling of loss is shared by all Jews.

"Louis Marshall crowned his magnificent career of service to his people by bringing to fruition the Jewish Agency, uniting all people in the reconstitution of the homeland

JUSTICE FOR ARAB OFFENDERS MOVES SLOWLY (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Sept. 12-Thus far only four capital cases have been prepared at Hebron, where more than sixty Jews were murdered. One hundred and seventy Arabs are under arrest, of whom 60 were convicted for looting and sentenced to from £1 fine to six months imprisonment.

At Safed some ninety attackers were arrested. Only trials of minor cases have been begun.

NEW UNREST REPORTED FROM NORTHERN GALILEE AND TRANSJORDANIA

Colony Raided: Cattle Stolen: 2 Jews Wounded; Assailants Unknown

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) Jerusalem, Sept. 12-The peace of Northern Galilee was disturbed during

last night when the colony Mishmar Hayardon was raided and twenty-five head of cattle stolen. At Mahnayim two Jews were wounded, one gravely, but it is as yet uncertain whether it was the result of an Arab attack or through accident. A rumor has it that a meeting of

tribesmen were held on the Transjordanian side of the frontier, in which Bedouins from Palestine participated and that a renewal of the attacks was planned there if the government persists in its punitive measures against the Arab villages.

Ouoting what it terms "authoritative sources" the "Doar Ha'yom", Hebrew daily, declares that despite impressions to the contrary, the Transjordanian frontier force did not distinguish itself during the disturbances. A company of 150, composed of Sudanese and Circassians, commanded by Major Smith. arrived in Beisan after the disturbances. when 20 Jews were already wounded and all others had evacuated the town. The force arrived in the Emek after the burning of the granneries.

PALESTINE GOVERNMENT TREATS JEWISH DEFENDERS AS EQUALLY GUILTY WITH ARAB ATTACKERS

Feeling Grows in Jerusalem that Present Administration, Itself Indicted, Should Not Proceed with Investigation; Recurrence of Outbreaks Three Times Under Luke Has Significance

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

tive office was closed today at noon. I is in a calmer mood and the adminis- ly perturbs the Palestine Jewish poptration of justice has started to move. it is becoming apparent that the policy of vacillation for which the Palestine administration has been blamed is still persisting.

The correspondent of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency learned from Jerusalem that Jewish circles there are greatly agitated over the inflicting of heavy punishment upon Palestine Jews for the possession of arms in self-defense. It is felt that before court sentences are passed on the Jewish defenders, the local authorities should have awaited the results of the investigation of the Commission of Inquiry. In Jewish circles it is declared that no one would believe that an impartial commission would approve of the present tendency of the Palestine administration to treat the defenders and the attackers as of equal guilt. The continued attitude of harshness toward Iewish offenders and the simultaneous imposing of light fines on Arab riot-

ers, as well as the fact that Arab ring-

Cairo, Sept. 12-Now that Palestine | leaders have not been arrested, seriousulation.

The Jewish population of Palestine charges the administration with responsibility for the outbreaks and it is felt that it is unjust that the administration, which is itself under indictment, should proceed with court action and other measures of investigation prejudicing the case. It is pointed out (Continued on Page 5)

JEWS GRADUALLY RETURNING TO SAFED GUARDED AREA (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Sept. 12—The Jewish population of Safed is gradually re-turning to the protected area, which is daily being enlarged. Portions of the Jewish quarter which were destroyed by fire are uninhabitable. The Zionist authorities do not ex-

pect to rebuild the primitive quarters, but plan to replace them with more modern construction. A technical committee for this purpose is to be appointed.

ARAB LEADERS OFFICIALLY DENY RUMOR WIDELY SPREAD AMONG MOSLEMS THAT JEWS OCCUPIED MOSQUE OF OMAR

Col. Kisch Answers Grand Mufti's Charges; Asserts Accusations Ridiculous; Maintains Moslem Chief Consistently Used Position to Provoke Racial Hatred; No Fundamental Incompatibility Between Jews and Arabs

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Sept. 12—The rumor spread among Palestine Moslems, which added to the intensity of the anti-Jewish attacks, that Jews "occupied the area of the Mosque of Omar (the site of Solomon's Temple) and threw bombs on it" was officially denied by the Palestine Arab Executive in a notice made public by Musa Kazim Pasha, chairman of the Executive.

"It was rumored in Northern Palestine that the Jews of Jerusalem have occupied the Haram Sharif and have thrown bombs on it. As this information is entirely unfounded, the Haram not having suffered any damage during the troubles and still remains and will, Mosloms, the premain in the hands of Mosloms, the proper of the properties of the not to listen to such seditious reports and to keep quiet and still," the notice declared.

It was stated in well-informed circles that this proclamation, which was distributed throughout the country, was issued by the Arab Executive at the demand of the Palestine government.

Kisch Replies to Grand Mufti

Jerusalem, Sept. 12—Col. Frederick H. Kisch issued a statement in reply to the allegations made by the Grand Mufti in his interview with Reuter's news agency.

The Grand Mufti in his interview alleged that "Jewish ambition and greed had been deliberately responsible for provoking the Arabs' attack. Col. Kisch

in his statement declared:

"The Grand Mufti's statement corresponds to the record of his activities in Palestine since his return the end of 1920 from exile to which he condemned himself in order to escape a sentence of hard labor passed by the British military court for his responsibility in the riots in Jerusalem in April 1920. The Mufti incessantly used the great powers of his office, to which his accession was made possible through the pardon granted him by the Palestine government, in order to systematically provoke racial hatred by causing and allowing to be disseminated among the Moslem masses charges against the Jews which would be ridiculous, were it not for the fact that they found an audience among the imaginative and fanatical people. This propaganda had been carried on for years unchecked by the government, even though such charges as the Jews menacing or even attacking the mosques, as often alleged, within the Haram area would, if true, have constituted the gravest reflection not only upon the Jews, but also the government.

"Only when extracts from the notorious forgeries, the Protocols of the Elders of Zion, were published in the organ of the Moslem Supreme Council

Sept. 12—The rumor was the government induced to inter-Palestine Moslems, which vene many months before the incident intensity of the anti-Jewhat Jews "occupied the learned as the origin of the recent riots.

"On Tisha B'Ab it has been the custom of Jews since time immemorial to
proceed in large numbers to the Wailing Wall, there to assemble in sad
commemoration of the destruction of
the Temple. On this occasion, under
provocation of a whole series of events
in connection with the Wall, a number
of young people assembled and went in
orderly procession, with the knowledge
and authority of the government, under
police escort, to the Wall in order to
voice a protest against what they felt
to be a prolonged humiliation of the
Jewish religion and Jewry at large.
"The Multi's statement characteris-

is a statement of the terminal procession of August 15th, which be and has associates organized for the following associates organized for the following terminal procession of the statement of

"The action of the authorities in permitting the mass Moslem demonstration at the Jewish place of prayer at the Wall is without precedent in the recorded history of Jerusalem.

"The true character of the disturbances was made clear by the High Commissioner's proclamation of September I, which characterizes them as 'atrocious acts committed by bodies of ruthless, bloodthirsty evildoers and savage murders perpetrated regardless of age and sex."

No Fundamental Incompatability Between Jew and Arab

"These events, however, have not shaken the belief of the Jewish people that there is no fundamental incompatible that there is no fundamental incompatible with the property of the perish of the perish that the development of the Jewish with a florence and will benefit both. We are the property of the perish where it not for the fact that thought of the perish allowed the perish calculated to stir up feelings in matters of religious sentiment, such as the allegations that the Mosque of Omar had been bombed, looted and burnt, the Arabs would continue to live in peaceful relations with their Jewish neighbors as is still the wish of the overwhelming majority of the Arab population."

(Continued on Page 8)

DR. WEIZMANN CABLES MESSAGE TO U. S. JEWRY ON PALESTINE EVENTS Says Arab Violence Will Strengthen Jewish People to Continue Work

The first message to be addressed to American Jews by Dr. Chaim Weizmann, President of the World Zionist Organization since the beginning of the riots in Palestine, was received today by the Zionist Organization of America in the form of a cablegram from London, where Dr. Weizmann is now conducting political negotiations with the British Government. In the cablegram, which was made public by Emanuel Neumann, Chairman of the Zionist Convention assures American Jewry that the British Government is "fully alive to its responsibilities under the Mandate" and that Zionist views on recent events in Palestine will be sympathetically considered.

The attempt to destroy the foundations of the Jewish National Home will only strengthen the Jewish resolve to continue with the work, states Dr. Weizmann, declaring that the answer of Arab attacks must be made in the form of increased Jewish immigration into Palestine. The most immediate duty is to the victims of the outbreak, the Zionist leader continues, but the regular constructive work must not be interented.

interrupted.
Dr. Weizmann's cable reads as fol-

lows:
"The Jews of Palestine in their hour of anguish have displayed a steadfast courage which has evoked a universal admiration. It is for us to show that demonstrate to the world that the attempt to destroy by violence the foundations of the Jewish National Home will only strengthen our unshakeable resolve to continue the work of reconstruction with still greater determination and energy. Our answer to these attacks must be an immediate est possible scale and a quickening of the pace in all branches of our constructive work in Palestine.

"Whatever the shortcomings of the Palestine Administration there can be no doubt as to the good will of the British Government and as to its firm determination to deal with the situation promptly and effectively. This is clearly shown by the vigorous measures it has taken for the restoration of order, by its emphatic reaffirmation of order, by the supplies of the Mandate and the Balfour Declaration, and by the announcement that the causes of the outbreak are to be immediately investigated by a Commission of Inquiry comstead by a Commission of Inquiry comstead by a Commission of Inquiry com-

manding confidence.

"After the conversations I have had with leading members of the Government I am in a position to say without hesitation that the Government is fully alive to its responsibilities under the Mandate and I believe it will not fail to draw the necessary inferences from recent events in Palestine. It will be our task at an early date to lay before the Government our views as to the measures required to insure the more

(Continued on Page 8)

LEADERS HERE AND ABROAD JOIN IN TRIBUTE TO LOUIS MARSHALL

Jews and Non-Jews in Every Field of Activity Voice Grief at Passing and Admiration for Services to Jewry and Humanity at Large; Secretary of State Stimson, Ambassador Dawes, Marquis of Reading, Lord Melchett, Chief Rabbi Hertz, Express Sorrow

here and abroad. Jewish and non-Jewish, voice their grief at the passing of Louis Marshall and express their admiration for his services to Jewry and humanity at large

Secretary of State Henry L. Stimson -"I am deeply grieved to learn of the death of Louis Marshall whose high attainments and sterling character have won for him the respect of his fellow citizens at home and of those of foreign nationalities with whom he has labored. His work for the betterment of the conditions of his fellow men regardless of race or creed has been indefatigable. Our country has lost a faithful and loyal citizen whose death will be sincerely mourned."

Charles G. Dawes, U. S. Ambassador to Great Britain—"Louis Marshall was a constructive force for the good of humanity and his passing is a great loss which will be universally mourned."

Marquis of Reading-"I am greatly grieved by the death of Mr. Marshall, whose loss, especially at this moment, is of the gravest concern to the com-munity. His passing will be felt not only in America but everywhere, for his stalwart championiship and his fine character."

Lord Melchett-"I heard with profound grief of the death of my friend and colleague, Louis Marshall. death was a great blow to Jewry and the Jewish Agency, the foundations of which he laid with the most enormous efforts and sacrifices. His memory will always be with us as a tender and noble hearted Jew. He was loved by all who knew him. I only hope there will be another found in the ranks of American Jewry worthy to take his place and assist us in the great and difficult task which lies before us.'

Dr. Chaim Weizmann—"I am over-come by grief. I can hardly find words to express my sorrow at the passing away of the greatest man Jewry had, at a moment when the blow was struck at our Palestine work by the Arab outbreak. Even the tragic Palestine events do not eclipse the sense of disaster that all Jews must feel at the passing of Louis Marshall."

Dr. Cyrus Adler-"Louis Marshall's death is so great a personal loss to me that I can hardly trust myself to speak of him. He was the most loyal of friends. America has lost a distinguished citizen and the Jewish people their leader.

"He was a man of powerful intel-lect, wide and deep knowledge, not only in his own profession but in many fields, a man of profound religious sentiment, and a lover of the fine arts. Lawyers will know better than I how to appraise his legal standing, but he has been referred to on the floor of the Senate of the United States by one of its leaders as "the great constitu-tional lawyer." He did innumerable ber.

Leaders in every field of activity, services for the State of New York, sat in three State constitutional conventions, served as chairman of its immigration commission, and in other capacities too numerous to mention.

Though a busy and successful practitioner of the law, frequently appear-ing before the higher courts of various states and before the Supreme Court of the United States, his passionate sense of justice led him to take up many causes, sometimes for humble and unknown people, entirely without deriving any advantage or benefit to himself. My own association with him was mainly with regard to Jewish affairs.

"He had a good Jewish knowledge and upbringing and the results of this manifested themselves in the interest he took while still a young man in the Jewish institutions of his native city, Syracuse. When he came to New York City, these interests were enlarged and intensified. He came into close association with Jacob H. Schiff in New York and Mayor Sulzberger in Philadelphia, and in many ways was a successor of these two noble men in his devotion to every Jewish cause, though his principal interests were in the promotion of religious education, in defending the rights of Jews throughout the world when they were assailed, and in the alleviation of their suffering.

"I have known him for forty years, and during the last thirty of these, was associated with him in many of these endeavors. He was a life mem-ber of the Board of Directors of the Jewish Theological Seminary of America, chairman of its executive committee, since 1904 chairman of its board of directors, and was also a governor of the Dropsie College. Through this I was brought in close contact with him on the side of his interest in Judaism and in Jewish learning and education. No professional educator could have been more deeply concerned, and few more fully acquainted with the needs and the methods, in this work; morover, he was entirely fair and never tried to obtrude his personal views upon the curriculum or faculty of the Seminary. Many and many a time during difficult days he advanced the funds necessary to carry on the Seminary, and he was a friend of all scholars. He was one of the founders of the American Jewish Committee, and for the last sixteen years its president. He never omitted an occasion to defend and protect the rights of the Jewish people whenever they were assailed.

"After the outbreak of the World War, he travelled up and down the land in behalf of the American Jewish Relief Committee, of which he was chairman, and gave unremitting atten-tion to the distribution of the funds through the Joint Distribution Com-mitee of which he was an active mem-

"He never shirked a duty, he never wearied in his efforts, he spent himself utterly. He took no thought of his own comfort or recreation and was completely at the service of the

Jewish cause. "Your columns will no doubt recite his many deeds up to the very last, the consummation of the Jewish Agency for Palestine; equally notable was the way in which he fought for the rights of the minorities at the Versailles Conference. He was a man of great vigor and energy, an advocate and a fighter, but he could exhibit, too, softness and sentiment and diplomacy. It is only about a month since we crossed the ocean together with other friends to attend the conference at Zurich. During the three and a half days of this conference he was much before the meeting, and everyone marvelled at the vigor, the energy. the clearness of the voice of this man of seventy-three, hardly to be equalled in a man of fifty.

"The night after the conference closed, a few of us sat together chatting. He was well and comfortable and content that something had been achieved which in his opinion would be to the advantage of the upbuilding of Palestine and would weld the Jewish people into a harmonious unity. And the very next day he was stricken with illness from which, alas, he was not to recover."

Governor John S. Fisher of Pennsylvania-"The death of Louis Marshall takes from the Jewish people their outstanding leader and from America one of its distinguished citi-zens. I feel his loss keenly because on the several occasions when we came into contact I learned to admire and respect him. His was a picturesque personality and it will be most difficult to fill his exalted position in the many benevolent movements in which he was such an outstanding figure."

Mayor James J. Walker-"Mr. Marshall was distinguished not only for his legal attainments but his beneficence and spirit of helpfulness made everybody proud of him. His unfailing in-terest in public affairs and his civic spirit plus his devotion to the religion of his forefathers set for every American an example worthy of emulation."

William P. MacCracken, Jr., Secretary, American Bar Association-"It is with a sense of deep regret that I have learned of the death of Louis Marshall who was a prominent member of the American Bar Association. As a lawyer of international repute he rendered high service not only to the cause of justice, but to his country and his race. He exemplified in high degree the ethics and best traditions of his chosen profession.

Charles H. Strong, Secretary, New York Bar Association-"The organized Bar of the City and State of New York (Continued on Page 6)

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WINSTON CHURCHILL EXPRESSES PROTEST AT

PALESTINE OUTRAGES Sends Message to San Francisco Meeting

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

San Francisco, Sept. 12-A protest against the Palestine outrages and confidence that the British government will fulfill its assurances that the terms of the Mandate will be carried out were expressed by Winston Churchill, former Chancellor of the Exchequer of Great Britain, now visiting here.

In a message addressed to the protest meeting attended by 2500 held here last evening, Mr. Churchill declared: fully share your deep grief at the cruel and unprovoked assaults upon Jewish life and property in Palestine. The British Government has given assurances that the terms of the Mandate will be faithfully carried out and that all steps will be taken towards the maintenance of order in Palestine. The history and traditions of Palestine require that Jew and Arab should live together in brotherhood and peace and re-vive the prosperity and fertility of a

land that is dear to both.' Messages of protest and sympathy were also received from Governor C. C. Young of California, United States C. Young of Cantornia, Online States Senator Hiram W. Johnson, and Pres-ident W. W. Campbell of the Univer-sity of California. Addresses were de-livered by Mayor James Rolph of San Francisco, Hon. Will C. Wodd, State Superintendent of Banks, representing Governor Young, Rev. Chauncey J. Hawkins, Leo J. Rabinowitz, Judge M. Sloss. Congresswoman Florence P. Kahn, Richard Gutstadt, Rabbis Louis I. Newman, Jacob Nieto, M. Hirsch and Judge I. M. Golden, who presided. Rabbis Elliott Burnstein and Michael Fried, delivered the prayers. The me-morial prayers were chanted by Can-tons J. Rabinowitz and B. Liederman. In his message Governor Young de-

CLOSE TO COLONIAL OFFICE STATES "Near East and India" Says to Control Present Situation Without Offending

Arabs Is Capital British Interest; Palestine Problem Transcends Domestic Worries (Tewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Sept. 12—There will be no judgement, the article states, resignation of officials of the Pales-tine Administration, declares the "Near domestic worries, in the opin East and India" magazine, known for its close relations with the Colonial Office. The paper expresses satisfaction with the Inquiry Commission, declaring, however, that despite the Jewish de-mands it will not comprehend the whole situation, particularly in regard to the attitude of the Palestine administration towards the establishment of the Jewish national home. "That hope writes, "has been rudely shattered." Expressing regret that the British

policy regarding the establishment of the Jewish National Home is not to be re-examined, the paper points to the announcement of the Colonial Office that upon the receipt of the report of the Inquiry Commission, it will consider along what lines, within the terms of the Mandate, future policy in Palestine should be directed, referring either to the progress of the Arabs toward self government in Palestine, or the establishment of the Jewish National Home or both. It is well to remember, the "Near East and India" further avers, that

restrictions, arising from the hostility of the Arabs and the consequent ne-cessity of retaining the British garrison are to be added. Now is the time, it continues, when the real seeds of friendship with the majority of the population may be sown anew. To control the present situation. without vitally offending the Arabs, is the capital British interest. It is im-

hitherto the only restrictions against the Zionists were of an economic nature. It

remains to be seen whether political

Arabs sympathy with their co-religion-ists in Palestine. It is the Commission's immediate task

to penetrate through the mass of exaggeration on either side. It is to be hoped their report will not only satisfy the domestic position, but will also be recognized as a model of fair British

in the Holy Land. I feel that people of every nation may well take cog-nizance of present situation in order that a united public opinion may force some action to prevent repitition of the occurrences such as are now being witnessed."

Resolutions of protest were adopted.

Baltimore Sends \$25,000 for Relief

Baltimore, Sept. 12-A check for 25,000, representing the first contribu-tion of Baltimore Jewry to the Pales-tine Emergency Fund was yesterday forwarded to David A. Brown. Fifteen thousand dollars additional, it is ex-pected will be forwarded early next pected will be forwarded early next week, L. Manuel Hendler, Chairman of the Baltimore Palestine Emergency Committee announced. Emergency Committee announced. Hendler is and Germany, who live largely on subsidies of their wealthy kinsmen in America, go to Palestine." he asserts. clared: "I feel very keenly the tragedy Committee announced

The Palestine problem transcends domestic worries, in the opinion of the "Near East and India." By the manner in which it effects extrication from the Arab-Tewish conflict, the statesmanship of the British Government will be judged. Britain's prime duty, it says, is to heal the breach between the Arabs and the lews and not to emphasize the

antagonism between the two races whom it still hopes one day to fuse into

a single whole, it concludes.

Arabs Issue Appeal in London London, Sept. 12-The pro-Arab National League in London today issued an appeal for a drastic English inquiry into Arab grievances. It appeals to all churches and organized bodies through-out the British Empire "to see fair play to this people which were taught to believe in our sense of justice and to lieve in our sense of justice and to call for ceasing of the bombing of in-nocent villages by the Labor Govern-ment. The Arabs are our national al-lies in the middle East," the appeal

JEWISH NATIONAL HOME HAS FAILED, VISCOUNT ROTHERMERE ASSERTS

Urges Britain Give up Mandate; Says Jews Do Not Really Want National Homeland (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Sept. 12-The Jewish Na-tional Home is a folly which has failed, declares Viscount Rothermere, calling for the return of the Palestine Mandate, in a signed article appearing to-day in the "Daily Mail," of which he is the owner. possible to deny that everywhere the

Three hundred million pounds have already been spent by England in mandated countries, he declares. Still, if the Labor Government should hand back the mandates in the Middle East. the national gratitude will be ten times stronger than that evoked by the ne-gotiations at The Hague.

The Jewish people do not really want a National Home in Palestine, he says. Not the Jewish people, but only a handful of Jewish refugees from Russia and Germany, who live on sub-sidies, are peopling Palestine, he declares

"Nobody has greater admiration for the Jews than I," he writes. "If they really wanted a Jewish National Home, and if this were possible without infringing upon the rights of other races, I should have been glad to see the British Government help its realization. But the Jews have not gone back to Palestine, nor will they. To

such an energetic people, the golden opportunities of the West are more attractive than Palestine. Only a

NEW YORK PRESS PAYS TRIBUTE TO LOUIS MARSHALL

Exemplary Services Rendered to City, State, Nation and the World, All-Embracing Character of His Activities Lauded in Editorials

Tribute to the exemplary role played by Louis Marshall in the life of the city, state and nation, aside from his outstanding contributions to Jewish life the world over, is paid in the following editorials which appeared in the New York press yesterday:

New York "Times"-The eminence at the bar of New York which has long been universally accorded to Louis Marshall he attained without adventitious aid. He rose to it, from humble beginnings, solely through native ability and unflagging industry. His reputation as a master of constitutional law not only led to his frequent anpearance in cases before the highest courts but gave him the distinction of being thrice selected as a member of a Constitutional Convention in this State. His services in that capacity, showing as they did that he was thoroughly versed in the higher reaches of the law, received warm commendation from his most competent associates. But Mr. Marshall did not content himself with the activities and rewards of professional practice. He had a keen sense of public obligation. To a wide variety of philanthropic and religious causes, as to civic movements, efforts to establish the rights of minorities, and to political work in its largest and best sense, he gave himself for many years without grudging time or

"Mr. Marshall was a living illustration of America as the land of opportunity. Doubtless in any country his remarkable powers would have made him a man of note, but in the United States they had a freer course than they could have found elsewhere. What he became he made himself by sheer penetration of mind and untiring application. His death removed one whom his fellow-lawyers have long delighted to honor, and a citizen whose usefulness could be measured only in terms of an abounding and gracious per-sonality which cannot itself be meas-

strength.

New York "World"-"Louis Marshall who died yesterday in Zurich at the age of seventy-three, had for many years taken abundant time from his successful professional career to devote to the public service. His services were equally disinterested whether he was settling labor disputes in New York City or acting as a member of international bodies debating the common interests of great nations. As a leader in the legal profession he was deeply interested in the watchfulness of bar associations over the ethics of the bar. Of especial usefulness to the Jewish faith and people were his generosity in material means, his sage advice in time of trouble."

New York "Herald-Tribune"-"In no selfish or narrow sense Louis Marshall stood forth as one of the great

of all lands whose rights were in need militant Jew. Instead of engaging in of assertion. His influence was espetically potent in obtaining the guaran-brought about its abandonment. He of assertion. His influence was espe-cially potent in obtaining the guaran-ties of the League of Nations for the treaty rights of racial and religious minorities. He was a prime mover in raising the \$75,000,000 fund for Jewish sufferers from the World War. Since 1912 he had been the president of the American Tewish Committee, eminent in charity and the sure reliance of manifold projects for Jewish welfare. Not of the Zionist group, his last labor at the session of the Jewish Agency Council in Zurich was to help in bringing about the pact of harmony between Zionists and non-Zionists pledged to the cause of rebuilding Palestine. "Above his Tewish affiliations Mr.

Marshall was intensely American. None had a firmer grasp than he of the scheme of American government. He was in the first rank of constitutional lawyers and expounders of the Federal Constitution. He was a delegate to three constitutional conventions of the State of New York. He was a figure of the New York bar admired for professional ability and for the application of his keen mind to every issue of public interest. Among the wide range of his activities in this state forest conservation was perhaps as ways on guard for the preservation unspoiled of the Adirondacks; he was an earnest advocate of reforestation. He was, indeed, a wholesouled man in whatever he undertook, a fair, courageous man. Apart from his fine contributions to Jewish and to general progress, New York will miss a citizen of uncommon parts and energy, whose character supported his intellectual attainments." New York "American"-"America

has lost an eminent citizen. Louis Marshall served his country as a private citizen and thereby demonstrated a favorite theory of democracy-that the citizen is the important unit.

"Louis Marshall typified in almost every respect the ideals of American citizenship. His ambitions were for public service rather than personal advancement. He achieved success to the end of making it useful to his fellow

"The Nation has lost a statesman in private life. Marshall believed firmly in the Constitution of the United States, and was one of its foremost champions as a declaration of personal rights and of political, social and reli-gious freedom. He studied it pro-foundly and was a leading authority on its interpretations.

"New York State lost a real philanthropist who gave, not only time and money, but the application of constructive genius to its public demands. Thousands of New Yorkers lost a good neighbor, for Marshall was a man of

saw beyond racial and religious preju-"In the field of law Marshall was

regarded as a great judge. Although he never sat upon the bench he determined many legal questions outside of a court room.

"He stamped his wisdom upon the constitution of New York State and upon its codes of civil and criminal procedure.

"Only through his absence from the scene of his many activities will the full scope of his value become fully realized."

SOVIET CONCLUDES AGREEMENT WITH ENGLISH RELIEF ORGANIZATION Will Meet, Pound for Pound, Contri-butions of English Federation (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Sept. 12-A. M. Keizer, Secretary of the Federation of Jewish Re-lief Organizations of Great Britain re-turned today from Soviet Russia, where he concluded an agreement with the Soviet authorities for aid in relief measures carried on in Russia by the Federation.

The Soviet government agreed to meet pound for pound the Federation's contributions during the forthcoming year. The government grant will be placed at the disposal of the Federation representative, both the Federation's and the government's funds being distributed in the following proportion: 60 per cent for reconstructive relief; 40 per cent for the opening and upkeep of kitchens, food centers, medical institutions, homes for the aged and children's institutions. The Soviet authorities will also allow

the Federation to bring into the Ukraine duty free the necessary tools, machinery and materials.

GOVERNMENT TREATS JEW-ISH DEFENDERS AS EQUALLY GUILTY WITH ARAB RAIDERS (Continued from Page 1)

that the first Jewish pogrom in Jerusalem in 1920 occurred at the time when H. C. Luke and Mr. Kust, chief police inspector, were assistants to Sir Ronald Storrs, then Governor of Jerusalem, and again the interference of the police last Yom Kippur with the worshippers at the Wailing Wall ocof affairs and now for the third time, serious disturbances occurred, when Mr. Luke was Acting High Commissioner in the absence of Sir John Chancellor. On all three occasions the High Commissioners was absent from the country. It is further pointed out that all three occasions could hardly be accidental.

The Jerusalem daily "Doar Ha'yom" lewish leaders. He was proud of his the warmest human sympathies.

The fertusaiem daily "Doar Hayom" is particularly outspoken in indicting heritage, proud of his religion. His "International Judaism lost one of Mr. Luke, Mr. Kills. Mr. Richmond, active sympathy went out to the Jews its ablest leaders. Marshall was not a Mr. Kust and Mr. Keith. Roich.

LEADERS HERE AND ABROAD JOIN IN TRIBUTE TO LOUIS MARSHALL

(Continued from Page 3)

will miss Louis Marshall, more than may easily be said. He had participated intensively in its inner councils for many years. He never failed when called upon to speak for the maintenance of the highest standards in the profession in the Association of the Bar of the City of New York. He not only had held high office but for years, to the council may be a supported higher after section, had devoted night after section of all the the scrutiny in committee of all the mormous volume of constitutional and legislative proposals that appeared on the calendar at Albany.

"I have known intimately the last seven Presidents of the Association, Wickersham, Ingraham, Mildurn, Byrne, Taft, Guthrie and Hughes and of the official responsibilities that were theirs and I know how every one of them turned with confidence for counsel at critical moment to Louis Marshall."

Charles Wesley Flint, Chancellor, Syracuse University—"I was greatly shocked by Mr. Marshall's death. He was ever loyal to the city of his youth and devoted to the university serving it efficiently without stint, and as chairman of the Board of Trustees of the New York State College of Forestry, he promoted the interest of the state and of forestry education in that thorough and efficient way which characterized all he undertook. We will sally miss him."

Dr. J. H. Hertz, Chief Rabbi British Empire—"Louis Marshall was an eminent jurist, trasted leader and patron of Jewish learning. He was a loyal lover and defenge of his people. Throughout his life he placed his rare intellectual power and wide-reaching political influence at the service of his brethren in and out of America. "Mr. Marshall was high political influence as the service of his brethren in and out of America." "Mr. Marshall was highly a support of the property of the service of his brethren in and out of America."

pondeal influence at the service of his brethren in and out of America. "Mr. Marshall, as a Jewish statesman, whose consuming desire was to serve Jewry, advanced the cause of Judaism. The whole house of Israel may well mount the passing of this great lew."

Louis Lipsky (on board S. S. "Berengaria," via wireless)-"The report of the death of Louis Marshall comes as a shock to all who saw him in the full vigor of splendid manhood at the Zurich conference of the Jewish Agency. He never, either physically or men-tally, showed the burden of his many years. He carried himself with so much assurance, he seemed to feel him-self a part of the eternal stream of life, so strong were his Jewish interests and enthusiasms. It is too early to appraise all that Marshall meant in the development of American Jewry. His touch is still felt; his guiding hand is still in control. But this may be said now. He was a personality of great distinction. He occupied a high position because of what he gave to his people. He was a sturdy advocate, an uncompromising foe of all his people's enemies, and he was always true to his nature which had in it simple but lasting affections and sympathies and great nobility of expression."

Dr. Stephen S. Wise (on board S. S. Berengaria, via wireless)—"A great Jew' will be the instinctive tribute of millions of his fellow Jews throughout that the second of t

Morrie Rothenberg, Vice President of the Zionici Organization (on beard S. S. "Berengaria," via wireless). "A truly great and noble life has come to an end. Louis Marshall, as an American citizen, a Jewish leader, a lawyer, a humanitarian, represented the finest attainment of human character. His service was so rich and varied as to be incalculable to his own people. He was a tower of strength for generations. His extraordinary life came to the control of the strength of the property of the publiding of Palestine will remain an eternal monument to his name. Israel has suffered a heavy blow. The whole of Jewry mourns at his bier."

Meyer W. Weisgal, Editor of "The New Palestine" (on board S. S. Berengaria," via wireless)—"To those who participated in the meeting of the Council of the Jewish Agency in Zurich, it seems almost impossible to imagine that Louis Marshall, co-creator of Jewish unity, whose personality dominated that historic gathering, is no more among the living. He had aslook over the Promised Land, and he died, died in the service of his people. His death like his life which he dedicated to his people, is a challenge to us to carry on the flag of Jewish consciousness that he unfurled at Zurich. The work that we achieve will be the monument by which he will be remembered."

Vladimir Jabotinsky—"A most remarkable man, a very beautiful spirit, one of the embodiments of Jewish youth, I consider his death as a great blow to American Jewry and also to all those suffering co-religionists in eastern Europe for whose relief Louis Marshall has worked with such devo-

Bishop William T. Manning—"In the death of Louis Marshall the Jew-sish people lose one of their ablest, wisest and most trusted leaders, and the City of New York one of its most influential and useful citizens. By his ability, his high character and his public spirit, Mr. Marshall had won a place such as iew men hold and, he will be sorely missed from the life of our great city."

Alfred M. Cohen, President Inde-

Dr. Stephen S. Wise (on board S. S. pendent Order B'nai B'rith—"A great "Berengaria," via wireless)—"A great man—a great Jew—has gone the way Jew will be the instinctive tribute of millions of his fellow Jews throughout the world. No less will it be the ultimate verdict upon Louis Marshall, vigorous and virtue world. No less will it be the ultimate verdict upon Louis Marshall, winderprivileged is cold in death.

"How strange it will be in future lewish gatherings with Louis Marshall not present! Everywhere he went. he was a leader. He commanded not because he willed so. Jewish causes were inestimably valuable to him. He threw himself into the breach with might and main wherever a Jew was imperiled. His ability was of the highest order and he gave of it unstintedly and unreserverly. He dealt sledge hammer blows when he believed they were called for, yet his nature was kindly and beneficent. To recount his appearances in behalf of the Jews and of others whose rights were assailed within the compass of a brief testimonial is utterly impossible. On both sides of the ocean he was regarded as one of the valiant defenders of the Jew in every crisis.

"All Israel is his debtor. The weight

"All Israel is his debtor. The weight of their obligation will more clearly appear as time recedes. Truly his memory is for blessing.

"Life's race well run; life's work well done; life's victory won. Now cometh rest."

Rabbi Louis Finkelstein, President, Rabbinical Assembly—"The terrible news of the passing of Louis Marshall will come as a severe shock to all members of the Rabbinical Assembly. Together with American Jews we had come to regard him as our natural leader, but perhaps we feel his loss more than others because of the great debt we, as graduates of the Jewish Theological Seminary owe him for his indefatigable efforts in behalf of the he was chairman. He combined with remarkable energy a spiritual outlook on life and intense Judaism, remini-scent of the great lay leaders of the past. It is tragic his end should come just when he brought the organization of the Jewish Agency to a successful conclusion. It remains for us to carry on in his spirit the work he so well began and to which he gave himself so unremittingly in spite of his advancing years."

Judge Horace Stern, Philadelphia, Pa.—Touis Marshall's death creates not only a personal void in my life but leaves me with a sense of bewilderment. The Jewish people have lost their greatest general. His colossal ability and militant energy compelled admiration, his humanitarianism and purity of heart, the love of those fortunate enough to have been given the opportunity of peering into his soul. He truly died on Nebo, with the Promised Land within his spiritual vision."

Henry Morgenthau—"Louis Marshall's death deprives the Jews of their most eminent and painstaking leader. His vigilance on behalf of our people can hardly be equalled by any one, and his many years of devotion to our

(Continued on Page 7)

(Continued from Page 6)

cause equipped him so as to be ready at any moment to jump into the breach, and he did so frequently and most effectively. His departure is a great loss to all of us."

Mrs. Sol Rosenbloom-"The death of Louis Marshall is a distinct blow to me. The late Mr. Rosenbloom was associated with him in many communal activities. His inspiration to all who came within his influence was stimulating. The Jewish community at this time, in the light of the sad events that have transpired in Palestine, will miss his wise counsel and judgment greatly. I feel a deep sense of personal loss which I can inadequately express."

Nathan D. Shapiro, President of the Brooklyn Federation of Jewish Charities-"Brooklyn mourns its great loss with the rest of the world. Louis Marshall is no longer with us, but his name and his accomplishments will live with us forever.

"In the death of Mr. Marshall, American Jewry has lost its leader and foremost invember. He was thoroughly Jewish, as well as American, and died while in the actual service of the Jews of the whole world."

Joseph C. Hyman, Secretary, Joint Distribution Committee—"I am inexpressibly saddened at the news of Mr. Marshall's passing away. It is difficult to believe that this great American, this great Jew, is no more. Only a few weeks ago I saw him in the fullness of all his powers and vigor at Zurich, where he had consummated the crowning achievement of his career-the unification of the House of Israel. He was truly the Tribune of his people. Through him the conscience and ideals of Jewry were made articulate. His name was revered and beloved in every land. In Eastern Europe, where this summer I had the opportunity to meet men and women and children of every type and kind there was one name that always stood out with affection and with pride-Louis Marshall. Everywhere he was acknowledged the leader of his peo-ple. Everywhere the Jews are irreparably poorer for his loss, for his place cannot be taken. It was my privilege to work with him in the activities of the Joint Distribution Committee, where through his indomitable courage, his profound understanding and the inspiration of his leadership, he always exerted his great powers toward a continuance of the work of mercy and reconstruction in behalf of the weak and the down-trodden Jews of Eastern Europe. His was a wondrous personality and genius and pow-er for good. He has bequeathed us an imperishable memory and inspira-

Elihu D. Stone, Boston-"At this time, at a time of strife and struggle, when Palestine is again being sanctified by the blood of our martyrs, the leadership of Louis Marshall was needed more than ever. However, we

shall hear his voice from the grave. I ennobled the name of Jew in the sight He will be reborn through his death. of all the world." From his life, from his deeds, sacrifices and achievements, posterity will derive inspiration for the purpose of going onward and forward to complete the great things which were so nobly begun by him.

Congressman Emanuel Celler-"The death of Louis Marshall is indeed a sad blow to Jews the world over. He was a very fierce champion of constitutional rights and nestor of American citizenship, a patriarch of American Jewry. In the words of the great Jew-ish prophet Micah: 'He did justice, loved mercy and walked humbly before his God'.'

Louis E. Kirstein-"The death of Louis Marshall is a great blow not alone to the Jews but to the lowly and oppressed minorities everywhere. One does not need to await the passage of time to assess his great service in all humanitarian causes. We had come to rely upon him for so much that it is hard at the moment to contemplate how we shall carry on without him."

William Fox-"It is with the deepest sorrow that I have learned of the death of Louis Marshall, whose friendship I have always cherished. great intellectual and spiritual gifts made him an outstanding figure in American life. His passing is a keen loss to all of his many friends through-out the world. In the death of Louis Marshall, the Jews of the world have lost their greatest champion.'

David N. Mosessohn-"In the passing of Louis Marshall, mankind is bereft of an able and valiant defender of the civil and religious rights of all people. His life was in every aspect the true fulfillment of a great leader. America was the fortunate land of his birth, and Judaism the blessed field of his faith, yet he dispensed of his invaluable gifts to men of all nations, regardless of rank or creed. Now that the inevitable has taken him from our midst, we can find no words to culogize him fitly. As it has been said of Abraham Lincoln, 'He now belongs to the ages'.

Bernard Semel-"It is impossible for one who has had the rare privilege of working with Mr. Marshall in the cause of Jewry, as I have had, to give expression at this tragic moment to one's grief and sense of loss. Mr. Marshall's strength of intellect and wisdom were only equalled by the greatness of his heart and soul and the charm of his personality. I recall especially his profound interest and concern in the cause of Jewish education. Any appeal in behalf of this cause which we of the Jewish Education Association addressed to him always found him ready. In the inspiring addresses he delivered at the annual functions of the Association he invariably described Jewish education as the most fundamental need of the American Jewish community. Louis Marshall had the gift of ennobling every cause which he touched. He

Estelle M. Sternberger-"The passing of Mr. Marshall takes from American fewry and world Jewry a man whose counsel and sympathy and support were always a source of strength and inspiration. Jewish womanhood found in him a devoted champion."

J. D. C. Voices Grief

At a special meeting of the Joint Distribution Committee, the following resolution was adopted: "Louis Marshall has been gathered to

his fathers.
"For many years we have leaned

upon the great strength that was in him. "We have heeded the clear call of his voice raised for the weary and the suf-

"We have gained stimulus and inspiration from the great soul, the warm heart that beat ever in sympathy for the

downtrodden and persecuted. "We have tried to follow upon the great heights toward which his lofty purpose, his rugged courage, his un-

swerving dedication to the service of mankind always led him. "We mourn the loss of leader, friend,

counsellor and co-worker. "His life was dedicated to the highest ideals of Judaism and humanity. Strength, courage and wisdom marked

all his undertakings. "His voice is stilled. The Tribune of his people is no more, but his memory and inspiration will ever consecrate us to carry on the work to which he gave

Congress Calls Loss Irreparable

The Administrative Committee of the American Jewish Congress, at a special meeting, adopted the following resolu-tion on the death of Louis Marshall: "In the death of Louis Marshall

American Jewry and Israel throughout the world suffers an irreparable and un-paralleled loss. Distinguished leader and spokesman of the Jewish people, eloquent champion and defender of the oppressed everywhere, relentless foe of all forms of racial prejudice and intolerance, noble promoter of many philanthropic and educational activities, tireless communal worker, equally devoted to the highest ethical ideals of Judaism and American institutions, illustrious representative of his chosen profession, generous helper of the destitute and unfortunate, his life and labors were an inspiration to his brethren in race and faith, as well as to fellow-Americans throughout the community.

"Supporter of Jewish study and scholarship, lover of literature and the arts, friend of the preservation of ancient, Jewish cultural and spiritual values, himself a thorough-going stu-dent and master of all the intricate problems associated with Jewish life. Mr. Marshall's private benefactions and public activities left an indelible imprint upon the modern annals of Jewry.

"Workers for the full political eman-(Continued on Page 8)

LEADERS HERE AND ABROAD JOIN IN PAYING TRIBUTE TO MARSHALL

(Continued from Page 7)

citation of Jews throughout the world will reall especially, that beginning with the early effort to combat the guel persecutions of the Jews under Charles Russia, Mr. Marshall gave most freely of his time, energy and means to the struggle to score justice and equality of legal status for the Jews in Eastern Europe and other lands which still subjected them to oppression; his service in this direction reaching its highest effectiveness at the Peace Con-ference at Versailles, 1919, when to-gether, with the delegation sent by the first American Jewish Congress, he lahored with his wonted real energy, understanding, and enthusiasm for the inclasion of the minorities clauses in the Treaties in favor of Jewish and other racial groups in Eastern Europe, and for the recognition of the historic time, the success of these endeavors orening a new era of hope to the disentranchised in various lands. Continuing his unlagging and damnies efforts for the protection of Jewish minorities alread and the rehabilization of Palestine as a Jewish enhanced and spiritual center, Mr. Marshall's whole-hearted and beneficent consentation given to the leadership of the World Zionist Orgazination, culminated in the fermation at Zurich Switterland, of the extended Jewish Agency, giving promise of nallying larger forces and means to the task of the upbrilding of Palestine.

of the uptrailing or Palestine.

The his sympathy with all constructive jewish effort, his deep knowledge of all questions, his complete develope to the jewish tarsie, and his morasing inhors for the general good Mr. Mrs-shall cose to the height of the unico-genable names in the history of Israel and the linear of his consecuted life. serving to illumine the dark bours of Israel's misfortune, will remain as a beacon-light of faith and fortimite in the future parts of true seas and daugh-ters of Israel?

Ort Moores Loss

At a special meeting of the Board of Directors of the American Ort. the fol-Iswing resolution was adopted:

The executive board of the Amer-tean Ort. for itself and its membership the commer over decay feels the boss to America and world Jewry suffered by the death of Louis Marshall

"By his death America has lost one of his foremost cirizens and Jewry abe

amm comminem or elsewhere his whole was ever beard in delense of the rights ed the Jewish people

We mourn his loss and extend to his family and to Jewry our con-delences."

American Committee, Hebrew Teachem College, Jerusalem. "The American Commutate of the Hebrew Teachers' College of Jerusalem is grieved at the

oginions have done so much for the cause of Jewish education, not only in the United States, but also in Pales-tine and in all quarters of the globe. lewish education to him was a passion. He deployed the fact that millions were being given by Jewry to causes of philanthropy, often to the hurt of movements that were laying the basis for an educated Jewry. He lent generous encouragement through purse and word, to the principal of our institution in Jerusalem, Dr. David Yellin, thus encouraging that fine ed-ucational leader in Palestine to send forth teachers who would lay the foundation for an effective Jewish edneational system. His loss is an irreparable one to those who derived in-spiration from his esponsal of Jewish learning and education." National Council of Jewish Women

—The National Council of Jewish Women deeply mourns the passing of Louis Marshall, whose leadership in some of the most critical hours af-fecting world Jewry, has brought hope, encouragement and succor to millions of our people. His name is one that will be enshrined in our hearts as a challenge to engage courageously and untiringly in every work that is for the weal and enlightenment of the Jews throughout the world. As a citizen he offers an unforgettable standard of what each and every one of us owes to our country. He was the noblest among the noble in Israel; a prophet learlessly calling his people to its causes that won his conscientions support and belief; and a citizen whose deeds served as foundation stones for building a greater American democ-

Canadian Zionists Cable Condolences to Areact

Gewish Telegraphic Agency)

Mometal, Sept. 12—A. J. Friedman, poesident of the Canadian Zionisi Orgardination, desputched the tollowing president of the Jewish Agency: "In the name of my colleagues and

on my own behalf. I wish to entress our despest sorrow at the beneavement sustained by the Jewish recode in the loss of Louis Marshall great leader of American Jewry and chairman of the Jewish Agency Council. This loss is particularly regressable, coming at such a cracial moment. His hielong devoof its foremost crimens and JEWA was been world over this sentime the irreparation of the crimen of the sentiment of the sentiment of the sentiment of defenders. A defender has been effected by denth of the sentiment of the sen

CORRECTION

The "Jevish Daily Dellecia" regress an error which appeared in the statement of Judge leving Labraum in its issue of Squember 12. Instead of "powerless energy" in should have read "bireless energy" and the sentence "Men can take his place" should have read: "None can tribe his time."

If you are pleased with the "Jevish Daily Bulletin" tell your friends to subscribe.

loss of one whose name, influence, and ARAB LEADERS OFFICIALLY JEWS OCCUPIED DENY MOSOUE OF OMAR

(Continued from Page 2)

Asked if he had any comment to make on the fact that the Christian Arabs appeared to support the Moslems, Col. Kisch replied: "I observed this deplorable fact, but would suggest that the Christian Arab minority would be well advised to reconsider their stand-point before letting themselves be car-ried away by anti-Jewish fanaticism which was surred up by the Mosiems by the wildest accusations against the Jews. The Christian Arabs should re-member that the targets of Janaticism of this kind may quite easily change and all communities of Palestine should be interested in 2 return to orderly life."

Malta Sept. 12—The battleship "Roy-al Sovereign," which was standing by for possible orders to Palestine has now been orderd to participate in the Mediterranean fleet's summer cruise. Orders given for army units here to

stand by in readiness to proceed to Palestine were cancelled.

DR. WEIZMANN CABLES MESSAGE TO U. S. JEWRY ON PALESTINE EVENTS (Continued from Page 2) active and effective cooperation by the

Government of Palestine in the establishment of the Jewish National Home. "I am sure that our views will be carefully and sympathetically considered. Meanwhile our first and most immediate duty is to the victims of the outbreak. Without in any way relieving the Palestine Administration of its liabilities both in the matter of re-lief and of compensation we are in honor bound to come promptly and renerously to the assistance of our stricken brothers in Palestine. I feel sure that American Jewry, true to its traditions, will respond whole-heartedly to this appeal

"Not less binding is the duty of insuring that our constructive work shall not be retarded by lack of funds. It would be a tragedy if our activities were crippled at a time when it is of the utmost importance that they should suffer no interruption but should on the contrary be extended. Now is the time for us to show by deeds as well as by words that we have faith in ourselves and in the future of the lewish National Home. I am confident that now as in the past American Jewry will prove equal to its responsibility."

ENGLISH ZIONISTS PLEDGE SADAMO FOR LAND PURCHASE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Sept. 12—The sum of \$400-000 was pledged to the Jewish National Fund for the purchase of land in Pal-estine by the English Zionist Federa-

Leopoid Schen, chairman of the Jewish National Fund, announced the pledge following a stirring address made by M. M. Ussishkin, head of the Jenish National Fund, at a special meeting of the Jewish National Fund executive bere.