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JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

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AMERICAN STATESMEN, REGARDLESS OF PARTY AFFILIATION, GIVE UNEOUIVOCAL SUPPORT TO PRESIDENT HOOVER'S STAND ON PALESTINE SITUATION

15 Governors, Members of the United States Senate and House, Express Concern Over Anti-Jewish Massacres in Holy Land, Shocked Mankind; Strong Stand Must Be Taken that Atrocities Be Stopped and American Citizens Given Full Protection; Express Hope Britain Will Take Adequate Measures to Insure Peaceful Development for Jewish Homeland; England as World's Agent Must Fulfill Obligations Under Mandate: Reparation for Loss of Life and Property and Effective Measures for Future Demanded; Secretary of War and Secretary of Labor Comment: Outbreaks May Draw New Sympathy for Jewish Struggle

REVISIONISTS ASK APPOINT-MENT OF EMERGENCY POLITICAL COMMITTEE

Demand Extraordinary Session of Zi-onist Congress; Weizmann Appears at Paris Meeting (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Sept. 4-The immediate appointment of an emergency political committee to be composed of three representatives of the Zionist Opposition and three of the Zionist Executive with a seventh agreed upon by both was demanded in proposals submitted to the Zionist Executive by the League of Zionist Revisionists.

The League also saks for summoning an extraordinary session of the Zi-onist Congress to be held the latest in onist congress to be need the latest in December 1929. Until that time the present Zionist Executive is to remain in power in all Zionist matters with the exception of political matters which are to be conducted by the emergency committee. The League submitted its program as outlined in resolutions previously adopted and added the demand that the Zionist Executive now insist on the abrogation of the Churchill White Paper of 1922 and the opening of Transjordania for new Jewish immigration.

Paris, Sept. 4-Dr. Chaim Weiz-mann, president of the World Zionist Organization, made an unexpected appearance at the protest meeting held here last night where Dr. Wise was the principal speaker. Addressing the audience for several minutes Dr. Weizmann said: "All I have to say I said at the Albert Hall meeting in London. The British government will this month send a committee of inquiry to Palestine. No change will take place. Pro-testing is good, but insufficient. We must act. For every Jew killed thou-sands must immigrate to Palestine.

GOVERNMENT ISSUES LIST OF CASUALTIES (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Sept. 4-The sixth bulletin issued by the government gives the following figures of dead and wounded. Killed: Moslems 87, Christians 4, Jews 119.

Seriously wounded: Moslem 121, Christians 11, Jews 175.

Unequivocal support for the stand taken by President Hoover in his statement on the Palestine anti-lewish massacres perpetrated by the Moslem Arabs, in which the hope was expressed that the Jewish National Home will emerge with greater strength from the present tragedy, was given by many leading American statesmen, regardless of party affiliation, religious leaders and educators in statements made by them to the lewish Telegraphic Agency as the result of an inquiry directed by this lewish news gathering and distributing agency.

Governors of 15 states in the Union, 23 members of the United States Senate, and 72 members of the House of Representatives, expressed approval of President Hoover's message to the Zionist Organization of America and uttered strong words of condemnation for the attacks on the Jewish population of Palestine.

The duty of Great Britain to accord adequate protection for the population of Palestine was pointed out, and the hope expressed that the British government will take proper measures to secure such protection, and to carry out, in accordance with the spirit and the letter of the Balfour Declaration and the Mandate for Pales-

(Continued on Page 2)

PALESTINE HIGH COMMISSIONER YIELDS TO MOSLEM ARABS' THREATS, SAYS HIS FIRST PROCLAMATION WAS MISUNDERSTOOD

"Guilty of Both Parties" Was His Meaning, He Says; Jerusalem Jews Issue Statement, Blame Government for Bloodshed (Tewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Sept. 4-Yielding to the Shaw, former Chief Justice of the threats of the Moslem Arab agitators, who resented the High Commissioner's first proclamation in which he branded the Moslem atrocities on the defenseless Jewish population and promised stern justice for the offenders, Sir John Chancellor today issued a second proclamation in which he declares that

his first statement was "misunderstood." "The guilty of both parties and not of one party only will be punished," he says was the meaning of his first proclamation. This statement which is an obvious move in deference to the Moslem Arab leaders' demands was contained in the proclamation issued by the High Commissioner reproducing the statement issued yesterday by the London Colonial Office concerning the appointment of a Commission of Enquiry police were dismissed from the force to investigate the Palestine outbreaks today for refusing to go on duty in under the chairmanship of Sir Walter

Straits Settlements.

The Jewish community of Jerusalem, through the Kehillah, issued a statement today declaring that the Holy City became the scene of bloodshed three times during the British rule. The fault has been entirely with the government officials who knew of the hooligans' preparations, the statement declares, adding that the Kehillah demands first that security be restored; second, that the ringleaders of the riots be punished; third, that the payment of damages be imposed on the villages which participated in the looting; fourth, that the officials responsible for the situation be dismissed; fifth, that the composition of the police he changed, in

order to restore confidence in it. Three lewish members of the Haifa

AMERICAN STATESMEN, REGARDLESS OF PARTY AFFILIATION, GIVE UNEQUIVOCAL SUPPORT TO HOOVER'S STAND ON PALESTINE SITUATION

(Continued from Page 1)

tine, the obligations it has undertaken in behalf of the civilized world to aid in the establishment of the Jewish National Home when it accepted the Mandate over the Holy Land from the League of Nations. Though the majority of those who have replied to the inquiry evinced full confidence in the British government that it will cope with the situation adequately and will carry out its obligations under the Mandate, many members of the United States Congress expressed their readiness to initiate and to support constitutional action by the Congress of the United States to restore peace to the Holy Land and to safeguard the country's free and unhampered development through the efforts of pioneering Jews who proceed there in pursuance of the Baliour Declaration to reclaim and rebuild the land.

Indignation was the prevalent note in the responses of the American statesmen at the barbarities and horrible massacres committed on the Jewish population and in particular against those American Jewish students who fell as victims of the Hebron mas-sacre. The protection of American citizens in Palestine under all circumstances was insisted upon as an undoubted duty of the

government of the United States.

Sympathy with the aims of the Jewish movement which seeks to rebuild Palestine as a Jewish National Home and praise for the Jewish pioneers, coupled with appreciation of the Jewish contribution to the development of America's industry and commerce and along other fields of endeavor, was likewise manifested in the statements. Sympathy for the families of the victims, and words of encouragement for the future progress of the Palestine work were expressed.

Many members of the United States Congress expressed the view that the American nation is greatly interested in the present Palestine situation, and should developments call for it, a strong stand should be taken by the United States government, in coopera-

tion with the government of Great Britain.

Adequate reparation for the losses of life and property sustained, sufficient precautionary measures to prevent the recurrence of similar events, were insisted upon as an indubitable condition for

the settlement of the present situation in Palestine.

Among the governors who responded are Governor Dan Moody of Texas, Governor R. C. Dillan of New Mexico, Governor Bibb ple. Graves of Alabama: Governor Grant G. Allen of Massachusetts. Governor Doyle E. Carlton of Florida. Governor Arthur J. Weaver of Nebraska, Governor F. Larson of New Jersey, Governor Myers Y. Cooper of Ohio. Governor John S. Fisher of Pennsylvania, Governor H. C. Baldredge of Idaho, Governor John G. Richards of South Carolina, Governor I. L. Patterson of Oregon, Governor Flem D. Sampson of Kentucky, Governor William T. Gardiner of Maine. Governor Norman F. Case of Rhode Island.

Among the Senators who responded are Senator C. C. Dill. Washington: Senator R. B. Howell, Nebraska: Senator William H. King, Utah; Senator Tom Connally, Texas; Senator Jos. E. Rans-dell, Louisiana; Senator Hamilton F. Kean, New Jersey; Senator PALESTINE HIGH T. H. Caraway, Arkansas; Senator Arthur R. Robinson, Indiana; Senator Daniel F. Steck, Iowa: Senator David I. Walsh, Massachusetts; Senator Henry D. Hatheld, West Virginia; Senator James E. Watson, Indiana; Senator E. S. Broussard, Louisiana; Senator F. C. Walcott, Connecticut; Senator Guy D. Goff, West Virginia; Senator Cole L. Blease, South Carolina; Senator Smith W. Brookhart, Iowa; Senator Walter F. George, Georgia; Senator John J. Blaine, Wisconsin; Senator Felix Herbert, Rhode Island; Senator Lee S. Overman, North Carolina; Senator Duncan U. Fletcher, Florida; Senator B. K. Wheeler, Montana.

The following replies were also re-ceived from Cardinal O'Connell, of Boston; Bishop Ernest M. Stires, Garden City, L. I. and former New York Governor Alfred E. Smith.

Bishop Ernest M. Stires, Bolton. New York,-"I feel a profound sympothy for our Jewish brethren. I am convinced England will quickly protect them and redress their wrongs

Cardinal O'Connell (Massachusetts). Boston, Mass.—"My deepest sympathy goes to those who have suffered by the unfortunate conflict now going on in Palestine. I regret profoundly that peace and order have been so ruthlessly disturbed, with the loss of many innocent lives, especially of the young men studying in the Holy Land. I pray to God that peace and order may be soon restored and that the rights of all be conscientiously respected."
Alfred E. Smith (by Josef Israels),
New York—"In the absence of former

Governor Smith from the city, I repeat to you the following statement on the Palestine situation issued by him last week: 'I have read with the greatest regret of the massacre of the Jews in Palestine, and it is hard to believe that such uncivilized methods still exist in this modern world. I extend to the Jews of the entire world my deepest sympathy in this hour of SOFTOW

James J. Davis, Secretary of Labor-While sharing with all America the regret and horror it feels at the kill-ings of Jews in Palestine, I am confident my friend, the Right Honorable Ramsay MacDonald, Prime Minister of England, meant what he said when he told the League of Nations at Geneva that England will do her duty in protecting the population of Palestine under her mandate. Undoubtedly the promise will be kept and order re-

"Deplorable as these outbreaks have been, they may yet serve a purpose in drawing new sympathy and support to the struggle of the Jews to bring progress to the Holy Land and make it a home and cultural center for their peo-

James W. Good, Secretary of War-I am deeply concerned for the safety of American citizens residing in the Holy Land, but there is an interna-tional phase of this question which properly comes with in the jurisdiction of the State Department and I believe, therefore, I should not express an offi-cial opinion regarding it."

Statements by the Governors appear

on Page 4, by the Senators on Page 5, by the members of the House on

YIELDS COMMISSIONER TO ARAB THREATS

(Continued from Page 1) Arab quarters without being in posses-

sion of firearms. Arab leaders of Haifa and Jaffa Arao seaders of riaita and Jalia despatched eables of protest against Sit John Chancellor's first proclamation to the League of Nations, Pope Piux XI and to Prime Minister MacDonald. They demand, they declared, an impartial commission of inquiry.

INCITING PROCLAMATIONS AGAINST PALESTINE JEWRY ISSUED BY ARAB LEADERS

Proclamations Spread in Jerusalem Urging Further Murder and Pillage; Skirmishes Continue in Galilee; British Troops Engaged in Battles with Bedouin Marauders; Day of Mourning Observed in Stricken Land

(Tewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Sept. 4—British troops Dr. Yaski, a member of the Hadas-were engaged in a fierce battle last sah Medical Staff who returned from night near Gaza with a Bedouin tribe. Several of the Bedouins were killed and wounded.

Bedouins yesterday raided the herds of the Jewish settlement Meshka, in ruins. Galilee. The troops intervened prompt-

ly, returning the loot.

Inciting proclamations were disseminated last night in Jerusalem by the Arabs. The proclamation, bearing the signature of a "Committee Which Wants War", called upon the Arabs to "exterminate all Jews and to destroy all Tewish homes and other property.

More arrests were made among the members of the Jewish self-defense

body. Skirmishes between the British troops and the rioters continue in Northern Palestine. The Jewish settlement Kfar Tabor was attacked and the cattle taken by the raiders. Twelve Arabs were killed by the troops when they repelled the attack on the settlement Hittin, Galilee. A new attack on the Jerusalem Jewish suburb, Talpioth, was likewise repulsed by the troops. The troops continue their searches for loot and arms.

Jewish settlers who were in possession of arms in the colony Yavneel, 16 kilometers south of Tiberias, were ar-

While the Arab leaders continued to be indignant over the proclamation of the High Commissioner condemning the atrocities, sending telegrams and cables of protest against the proclamation, the Jews of Palestine were today in mourning for the victims of the massacres. As the day was observed as a fast day, the synagogues throughout Palestine were overcrowded with worshippers who came to recite the lamentations of Jeremiah and the other rituals prescribed for Tisha B'Ab, commemorating the

destruction of Jerusalem.

Before the prayers were started in the Jerusalem Synagogue, the Jerusa-lem Kehillah despatched a cabled mes-sage to the University of Oxford and to the British press expressing Palestine Jewry's appreciation for the valiant action of 40 Oxford students who happened to have been on a tour in Palestine and who risked their lives to join the Jewish youth in Jerusalem in defending the population against the Mos-

lem attacks. The Jerusalem office of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency was officially informed by the American Consul here, Paul Knabenshue, that the American students at the Haifa High School, the Realshule, who have been on a bicycle tour in Northern Palestine, have all been returned safely to Haifa from

Metulla where they were in danger. An attempt to photograph the mutilated bodies of the Hebron massacre victims was checked by the authorities, who prohibited the taking of such photographs.

Safed, reported that the houses to which the Arabs set fire are still smouldering. The odor suggests that a great many victims may be among the

Eve witnesses are horror stricken at the sight of the dismembered bodies of the victims. One woman was found burnt, tied to a window grill. A child called out to a visitor: "Come see my slain father and mother."

London, Sept. 3-Captain Edward Joseph Bulfin, whose death was reported from poisoning while the British troops were marching to Safed, was well known in England. He was the son of General Sir Edward Bulfin. He served in France during the World War and later commanded the 21st Army Corps in Palestine and Svria. His death was mourned in London circles.

FELIX M. WARBURG, AGENCY ADMINISTRATIVE COMMIT. TEE CHAIRMAN, RETURNS My Feelings Are Torn, He Says on Arrival; Work Must Go On Unabated

Felix M. Warburg, Chairman of the Administrative Committee of the Jewish Agency Council, returned yester-day from Europe on the steamer "Homeric."

In a statement to the press, Mr. Warburg declared that the work in Palestine will go on unabated. have always made it clear that no one in the Jewish world wants to obtain what belongs to his neighbor. Nothing is desired but good will and cooperation," he said.

"I return after a stay of only three weeks with torn feelings. What hor-rible, unnecessary suffering and cruelty caused by misunderstanding and false agitation not prevented by those who could have done so if watchful. I am quite sure that the better part of the Mohammedan population resents this uprising.

"I am delighted to learn of the interest and enthusiastic sympathy manifested in the statements of our wonderful President, Mr. Hoover, Senator Borah, and those who have already shown by their contributions their willingness to help rebuild.

"As I see it, we who are united in the Jewish Agency stand solemnly pledged to the following guiding prin-ciples: No political ambition but cultural, social and economic 'live and let live' for all," Mr. Warburg stated.
"A meeting of the Executive Com-

mittee of the Joint Distribution Committee was held in Zurich. We found great encouragement in the reports. Dr. Rosen was optimistic about Jewish colonization in Russia," he concluded.

HOOVER SENDS SECOND MESSAGE OF SYMPATHY FOR PALESTINE JEWRY

Addresses Statement to Mrs. A. J. Frieman, Chairman of Canadian Palestine Emergency Fund (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Ottawa, Sept. 4-"I am glad of the opportunity to express my profound sympathy with those who have been bereaved and who have suffered through these disturbances," declared President Herbert Hoover, in a message today to Mrs. A. J. Frieman, of Ottawa, who is chairman of the Palestine Emergency Fund in Canada.

"Good citizens in every country deplore these outbreaks and the loss of life," President Hoover declared. "Our Government is deeply concerned, not only in the broader sense, but in the narrower sense, of the protection of the lives of American citizens.

Our advices are that the vigorous action taken by the British Government has restored a large measure of protection, although that government is still faced with great burdens from this outbreak of fanaticism. I know the whole world acknowledged the fine spirit shown by the British Government in accepting the Mandate over Palestine in order that there might, under their protection, be es-tablished a homeland so long desired by the Jews. Great progress has been made in this inspiring enterprise over these last ten years, and to this prog-ress the American Jews have made enormous contributions. They have demonstrated not only the fine senti-ments and ideals which inspired their activities, but its practical possibilities.

"I am confident out of these tragic events will come greater security and greater safeguards for the future, under which the steady rehabilitation of Palestine, as a true homeland, will

be ever more assured.

"An immediate and pressing question is the relief to those who are suffering. The fine sympathy of the American people is well evidencing itself in this purpose, and it should receive the most generous support."

Today was observed as a day of fast and prayer throughout the Dominion.

COLONIAL OFFICE STATEMENT ISSUED AS PROCLAMATION (Iewish Telegraphic Agency)

lerusalem, Sept. 4-The statement issued yesterday by the London Colonial Office concerning the appointment of a Commission of Enquiry into the Pales tine outbreaks and the continuation of the policy embodied in the Balfour Declaration, will be issued here in the form of an official proclamation to be distributed among the population.

The proclamation will also contain an assurance of the High Commissioner's impartiality.

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GOVERNORS OF 15 STATES EXPRESS INDIGNATION AT ARAB ATTACKS AGAINST JEWS OF PALESTINE

Voice Support for Jewish Position in Present Pal stine Disturbances; Hope Great Britain Will Carry Out Its Obligations Under Mandate

Governor Bibb Graves (Alabama), ka), Lincoln, Neb.—"The massacres in Montgomery, Ala,- This shedding of innocent blood is deplorable and the hate in which it is done adds insult to injury. In this matter of world con-cern it is well for the world that the issue is in England's hands, for she has the head and the heart as well as the hand to meet the emergency. whatever betides, there must be no interrupting of the perfect accord be-tween our peoples, for I believe that this perfect accord between America and Great Britain is God's earthly instrument for the security of the peace and progress of mankind. If our government in a spirit as altruistic as the dominant heart of our people would indicate to England we would second a movement by England to make Jerusalem and its environs neutral territory under the guarantee and protection of the Great Powers, such a consummation would doubtless result in the prevention of the recurrence of such a dangerous and deplorable situ-

Governor Doyle E. Carlton (Florida). Tallahasse, Fla. - "World peace is now the paramount undertaking and it behooves every nation to do its part to settle the strife now prevalent in Palestine. It is the hope of Florida that this unfortunate misunderstanding of men will be short-lived and the injustice to your people will be immediately brought to an end.

ation as this.

"I am sure that your people will emerge an even greater people. You have my very best wishes.

Governor H. C. Baldredge (Idaho), Boise, Idaho—"It is to be hoped the deplorable conditions in Palestine will be corrected by prompt intervention. All the civilized world regrets this terrible tragedy."

Governor Flem D. Sampson (Kentucky), Frankfort, Ky .- "I attended a large meeting of the Jewish people at Louisville last night in protest of the outrage against Jewry in Palestine and considerable money in free-will offer-ing was raised. We voiced the sentiment that our government should encourage the British government possessing the mandatory authority in Palestine, to supply the necessary military forces to give protection to both life and property in that region and pretucky is heartily behind this sentiment."

Governor William T. Governor William T. Gardiner (Maine). Augusta, Me.—"I shall support President Hoover most heartily in any view or action he takes concerning the matter."

In the absence of Governor Grant G. Allen of Massachusetts. John D. Wright, secretary to the Governor, wired: "I can assure you of the Governor's deep interest and sympathy for the lewish people in view of the present distressing situation in Palestine."

Palestine constitute both an outrage and a tragedy. I concur in the views ex-pressed by President Hoover. World public opinion condemning the mas-sacres as murders, will be helpful in securing from the Mandatory Fower protection of an innocent population comprising citizens of many nations.

Governor F. Larson (New Jersey), Trenton, N. J .- I regret very much that in this day of civilization, racial discrimination is so apparent. Every effort should be made to protect not alone American citizens residing or visiting the Holy Land, but also all others there. Acts of this kind cannot pass unchallenged if civilization is to continue. Your paper is to be congratulated for the active part it is taking in this matter."

Governor R. C. Dillan (New Mexico), Sante Fe, New Mex.—"All sense of justice has been outraged in the recent murder of the Jewish people in-cluding American citizens in Palestine. In New Mexico we feel this very keenly because our Jewish citizens are practically 100% industrious, law-abiding, intelligent and progressive people. Nothing should be left undone by the authorities in charge of Palestine to stop these crimes that appal the civil-ized world."

Governor Myers Y. Cooper (Ohio), Columbus, O .- "The people of Ohio extend their most sincere sympathy to those who have been victims of out-rages perprated by the Arabs upon the Jewish people of Palestine. They approve most sincerely the sentiment and the attitude expressed on the 30th by President Hoover."

Governor I. L. Patterson (Oregon).

Salem. Ore.—"I am in accord with President Hoover's utterances in his message to the Zionist Organization of America, I believe that the present regrettable occurrances in Palestine will enlist widespread sympathy for the Zionist movement.

Governor John S. Fisher, (Pennsylvania), Harrisburg, Pa .- "My sympathy goes out to the Jewish people in Palestine. Religious tolerance is a cardinal doctrine of the American Republic. It is our urgent desire that the Jews be life protected from familical persecution in pre-the Holy Land. I have confidence in vent a repetition of the wrongs. Ken- the humanity and strength of the British government to restore order and establish peace."

Governor Norman F. Case (Rhode Island), Providence, R. I .- Citizens of Rhode Island deplore the tragedy in the Holy Land and express deepest sympathy for all who have suffered through loss of relatives and comrades, injury or loss of property. The questions involved are international well. Our second duty is to enquire in-President Hoover's expression of the to all conditions in order that the concern of the Washington government is that of all the people of the Governor Arthur J. Weaver (Nebras - United States)

Governor John G. Richards (South Carolina), Columbia, S. C .- "The Jewish people of Palestine have my sympathy and that of the entire state of South Carolina in the recent tragedy there. This, however, is an interna-tional question. I feel sure that the United States government will take the necessary and proper steps in connection therewith."

Governor Dan Moody (Texas), Austin, Tex.-"The Jewish population in Palestine who are now suffering massacre are entitled to the sympathy of the civilized world. Civilization and the civilized world. Civilization and Christendom, let me say, owe much to the Jewish people. The massacre of these people is a crime against all civilization. It is my hope that the constituted authority supported by an enlightened world will give these people the protection which they deserve and bring the tragedy now being enacted to an end by restoring law and order.'

FULL TEXT OF REFERENCE TO PALESTINE SITUATION BY RAMSAY MacDONALD No Civilized Nation Would Ever Yield to Outburst of Criminality, Premier Says

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) Geneva. Sept. 3—The full text of Prime Minister Ramsay MacDonald's references to the Palestine events in his speech before the League of Nations Council at its opening session today iollows:

"I am sure you will expect me to give you assurance about the situation in Palestine. I believe I am speaking the mind of every national representa-tive in this assembly when I say that we offer to the victims of the recent events in Palestine and to their families and relatives our sympathy and we assure them of our support. There is no racial conflict in what happened in Palestine the other day. There was no conflict between Moslems and Jews. I do not care what their race or religion is, whether they are Moslem or Jew, Christian or non-Christian, there is no differentiation in my mind.

"No civilized nation with any political responsibility and no nation cooperating with other nations to do the best for the people of the world will ever yield to the outbursts of criminality and murder because that would be the triumph of forces that the League of Nations was formed to control. "I appeal to the leaders of those peo-

ple to condemn what has been done and to unite with us to see what the sit-

uation demands.

"Our first duty is to get the situation in hand and that has been done pretty well. Our second duty is to enquire in-

MEMBERS OF UNITED STATES SENATE, IRRESPECTIVE OF POLITICAL ALIGNMENT, SUPPORT PRESIDENT HOOVER'S STAND ON PALESTINE

Many Express Sympathy for Aims of Zionist Movement, Insist on Speedy Restoration of Order and Safety for American Citizens, Reparation for Losses of Life and Property; Demand Effective Measures for Future: U. S. Dansly Concerned: Urge Prompt Action

gation to protect the life, property and liberty of the Iews in Palestine rests upon Great Britain. She assumed that when she took the Mandate of that country. If she is either unwilling or unable to act promptly and decisively in this matter, the United States gov-ernment should do so at once. We have a greater responsibility upon us to protect the American Jew in person and property in Palestine than American citizens in any other foreign country, because tacitly we invited the lews to re-establish themselves in Palestine. This government cannot escape the responsibility if it does not exert every bit of its power to make safe the life, liberty and property of the American Jews settled in Pales-tine. Beyond that, from sentimental reasons, as well as for humanity's sake, we should protect all of the Jews so settled there

Senator F. C. Walcott (Connecticut), Norfolk. Conn .- "The sympathy of the civilized world will go out to the Jews of Palestine who are being attacked and persecuted. But this will be useless unless financial assistance can be promptly contributed to relieve the suffering and enough force to keep the Arabs quiet. The force must come from the government which assumed the mandate as part of its responsi-

Senator Duncan U. Fletcher (Florida), Jackson, Fla.—"The establishment of the Iewish National Home in Palestine deserves encouragement. The safety of American citizens in or visiting the Holy Land concerns us greatly. Since the day of Joshua, the people coming from Egypt to rebuild Jerusalem have had a foothold there. One must sympathize with their attachment and sentiments of devotion. The mandate authorities will no doubt increase their efforts and afford adequate protection. I believe their responsibilities and obligations will be met."

Senator Walter F. George (Georgia) Vienna. Ga .- "Americans are profoundly concerned for the safety of American citizens residing in or visiting the Holy Land."

Senator Arthur R. Robinson (Indiana), Indianapolis, Ind .- "The attacks against the Jewish population in Palestine are atrocious and have shocked dications Great Britain is complying with the Mandate to the best of her ability and will be equal to her responsibilities."

Senator James E. Watson (Indiana). Rushville, Ind.—"I fully concur in the views admirably expressed on the Jewish situation in Palestine by President Hoover. I do not believe, however, that a move should be made for other willing to aid in any constitutional way any movement that can be made by our country to restore orderly government in that land."

Senator Smith W. Brookhart (Iowa), Washington, Ia.—"I have great symnathy and a deep concern for the safety of American citizens and all Jews in the Holy Land and I sincerely hope speedy measures will be developed for their protection."

Senator Daniel F. Steck (lowa), Ottumwa. Ia. - "All civilized peoples have been shocked by the failure of Great Britain to protect the Jewish people in Palestine. Having accepted the Mandatory Power for the protec-tion of this territory, England should immediately bring in sufficient forces to protect the Jewish people. If England fails in its duty other world powers should assume responsibility."

Senator E. S. Broussard (Louisiana). New Iberia, La,-"Great Britain having voluntarily assumed the mandatory power over Palestine, it would seem its clear and bounden duty to have used such force as is necessary to stop the slaughter and massacre of the Jewish population and the wanton destruction of their homes and property by cruel religious fanatics.

"The American Government has a right to demand and should insist upon the protection of American citizens. Moreover humanitarian considerations should move Great Britain more effectively to protect those who have gone to live in Palestine, solely relying upon her for complete protection.'

Senator Jos. E. Ransdell (Louisiana). Lake Providence, La.-"I have been greatly shocked at the awful persecution of lewish people in the Holy Land. Please convey to them my pro-found sympathy and assurance that whatever lies in my power to assist in relieving their distress will be promptly undertaken."

Senator David I. Walsh (Massachusetts). Clinton, Mass.—"The great lewish tragedy now being enacted in Palestine is shocking and in every way reprehensible. Prompt action should be taken by Great Britain, backed by our own nation and other powers, in demanding immediate cessation of interference and assurance that those who have already died shall not have died in vain by providing greater strength and security for the Jewish nonulation of Palestine."

Senator B. K. Wheeler (Montana). Butte, Mont .- "Every believer in religious liberty must feel concern at the outbreak of intolerance and the orgy of persecution that occurred in Palestine. America's concern for the safety of American citizens who are devoting nations to take over the mandate until themselves to the sacred task of regen-

Senator T. H. Caraway (Arkansas), England either fails or refuses to dis-Johnsboro, Ark.—"Primarily, the obli-charge her obligations there. I am turies long lapse into barbarism must not be satisfied with a mere expression of sympathy for the victims of the outrages. Many of our own citizens have been made to feel the woe of fanatical attacks by the Arabs. The British government under a mandate of Palestine must bear the blame for its failure to preserve order and to protect the Jews who, with faith that that mandate would be efficiently exercised. returned to the country of their ancestors. It seems incredible that it should be true, as the cabled reports suggest that the Jews were prevented from restrictions were placed on their barbarous assailants

"The outrages ought to be the concern of the whole world. The Palestine movement promised to be one at least of the outstanding gains of civilization resulting from the world war. Whatever the reason for the failure of the Governors to make life and religious freedom safe in Palestine, the world can hardly be convinced in the light of recent events that the sacred trust assumed by Great Britain was not either neglected or betrayed.

"Wretched and discouraging as is the wretened and discouringing as is the incident, it can mean only a temporary setback. The principle of a Jewish National Home in the Holy Laund is too great to be checked by any flaming of the spirit of persecution. The history of the race surmounting thousands of years of proscription is alone a guarantee of the ultimate success of the project. It must be the duty of the whole civilized world to watch and to insure that this shall be the last of the pogroms."

Senator R. B. Howell (Nebraska), Omaha, Neb.—"I greatly deplore the tragedy that has befallen the Jewish population in Palestine and they indeed have my sympathy. I trust and am confident that the United States government will take every necessary measure justified by the circumstances and in-ternational law for the protection of American citizens in that region.

Senator Hamilton F. Kean (New Jersey), Elizabeth, N. J.—The Jewish people are builders. They have accomplished many and great things in these United States, and we are proud to number them among our citizenry. That same thought and ambition was imbued in those pioneers who went to Palestine to establish a national home. From the war-torn lands of Europe they went, and from this country as well, to build for themselves a place of their own, seemingly in accordance with a sacred tradition, to again take possession of the country of the ancient Hebrew race. It was a rare and moving thing, this pilgrimage to the home-land. Millions of dollars were

(Continued on Page 11)

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JEWRY THROUGHOUT WORLD OBSERVES FAST DAY FOR PALESTINE VICTIMS Mass Protest Meetings Continue Abroad

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Constantinople, Sept. 4-Memorial services for the victims of the Pales tine massacres were held in all Jewish Synagogues and temples in this city Today, the fast day proclaimed joint-ly by European and American rabbis was observed.

Antwerp, Belgium, Sept. 4-Three thousand persons representing lewish communities and institutions here were present at a mass meeting to protest against the Palestine outrages. Jean Fisher, Chief Rabbi Ginsburger, Rabbi Amiel, Dr. Kubowitzki and Dr. Torczyner were the speakers. Resolutions adopted were transmitted to Emile Vandervelde, Belgian statesman. Pres-ident of the Senate Magnette and Prof Speyer.

Paris, Sept. 4-The sympathy of lead ing French statesmen was conveyed to a mass meeting held here last night at the Salle Wigram to protest against the Palestine outrages. Five thousand per-sons were present at the meeting which was addressed by Dr. Stephen S. Wise

Joseph Caillaux, eminent French statesman, in his message said that he was "always protesting against injus-tice." Pierre Renauled, Socialist deputy, said: "I deplore the victims on both sides." Messages were also received from Justin Godart and others.

Dr. Stephen S. Wise, who was given a great ovation by the meeting declared. "Jews are no strangers, no intruders in Palestine, no schungers, no metaters in Palestine, no schunorrers' but partners with the Britain who must keep her solemn promise. A thousand Hebrons and Safeds won't keep the Jews from building Palestine, which must remain a British mandate. The administration (Continued on Page 12)

PALESTINE HEBREW PRESS, APPEARING AFTER NINF DAYS, SOUNDS FEARLESS NOTE

Criticizes Government and Declares Jews Will Not Permit Uproofing from Their Native Soil

(Tewish Telegraphic Agency)

and fearless language characterizes the Hebrew press which has resumed publication after nine days of enforced silence

Berl Katzenelson writing in the "Davar" of which he is the editor, de-clares: "Now that the incited mob has receded having met not only defenseless sheep, but men fighting for life, killing the assaulters, now that our stifled voice has pierced the barriers and horrified the world, compelling the enemy to drop arms, we have received the right to speak." Quoting the words of High Commissioner Chancellor, "These crimes have brought upon their authors the execration of all civilized people," the writer points out if this refers to the blinded, incited ignorants, then "seven fold be execrated the real authors, instigators, and incendiaries whether Moslem priests or British officials."

Continuing, he says: "While the governors of Jerusalem, Hebron and Safed are still in their seats of power, our battle continues unabated. they will give us safety and peace of mind. The enemy aimed not only at the destruction of life and property of individuals, but aimed at killing the hope of Israel, intending to tell the Jewish people, 'Give up your Zion! Your toil is scattered to the winds!' But however vast our losses, the infernal plot has been frustrated. defense of our work must continue. In our blood we shall live. The injured and aching shall not bow. We will not accept murder and robbery as a national liberation movement or the manifestation of religious fervor. Through all locked doors we shall tell the world the truth of our creation and our tortures. Let it be known that we are stubborn people. We will not be uprooted from our native soil."

Yavneeli, another member of the staff of the "Davar," writes: "The rul-ers ought to be led in chains into state jails."

Beilinson, also writing in the "Da-var," says: "Chancellor's proclamation is only a half truth, calling for the revelation of the whole truth and appropriate action. Otherwise the calm in the country will be like the calm in the cemeteries of Hebron and Safed.

Ben Chorin writes in the "Doar Hayom": "The youth of Israel, persecuted by a malicious administration for daring to stand up against the assaulters, succeeded not only in defending themselves, their mothers and sisters, but also the British government, Palestine, and British prestige in the East.

In an unsigned article appearing in the "Ha'aretz," it is stated: "Chancellor's proclamation is appeasing, but the Yishub expects deeds, the first of which is the administration of justice. Palestine, in which Jew Typical of the reports of the at- have their rightful part.

Cairo, Sept. 4—An undaunted spirit tacks are the accounts which appeared and fearless language characterizes the in the "Davar." Describing the attack on Nahalal, the paper writes: "Arab gang attacked vineyards. Shots exchanged. Assaulters fled, leaving Wounded tended in Moone behind. shay Clinic. Police informed. Since then quiet.

ZIONISTS EXPRESS GRATITUDE FOR HOOVER ACTION ON PALESTINE Telegram of Thanks Says President's

Statement Will Bring Consolation to Bereaved A telegram of thanks for the state-

ment addressed to the Madison Square Garden protest meeting against Arab outrages in Palestine held last Thursday night has been sent to President Herbert Hoover by the Administrative Committee of the Zionist Organization of America. The message was signed by Dr. David J. Kaliski, Acting Chairman of the Zionist Organization, and Emanuel Neumann, Chairman of the Bronx Committee on Public Informa-

Similar messages of thanks have also been addressed to Vice-President Curtis, Secretary of State Stimson, Senator William E. Borah, Senator William H. King and Senator Robert H. Wagner for their public expression of sympathy with the Jews in Pales-tine and for their active aid in strengthening the Jewish position.

The telegram to President Hoover read as follows:

"We are requested to convey to you the profound gratitude of the Zionist Organization of America, the United Jewish Organizations of New York and of the members of the delegation whom you so kindly received on August 27th last for the note of hope and optimism which you struck in your message to the Madison Square Garden protest The Jews of America feel meeting. heartened by your statement saying, I am confident out of these tragir events will come greater security and (Continued on Page 12)

JEWISH EX-SERVICE MEN ASK PALESTINE POSTS

(Tewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Sept. 3-One thousand Jewish ex-service men held a protest meeting at Grand Palais. Commercial Road, East, to protest "against the savage at-tack on our brethren in Palestine." Nearly all who attended wore war medals.

The meeting formulated the following demands: Formation of a Jewish defense corps, preference given to Jewish ex-service men in the civil and military administration, formation of a permanent garrison for the defense of Palestine, in which Jewish units shall

CONGRESSMEN OF BOTH PARTIES VOICE SENTIMENTS ON THE JEWISH TRAGEDY IN PALESTINE

Many Members of House of Representatives Declara Readiness to Support Constitutional Action If Needed: Laud President Hoover's Statement

sas), Malvern, Ark.—"I regard the treatment being given the Jews by the Arabs in Palestine is a national tragedy and all the civilized nations of the earth should use their best influences to prevent further bloodshed and death."

Congressman Tilman B. Parks (Arkansas), Camden, Ark.-"The horrible outrages against the Jews in the cities of Palestine puts upon England the sacred duty to give not only adequate but immediate protection on account of her being the Mandatory Power. Every civilized country should offer not only moral support in this tragic hour but should call upon the Mandatory Power to exhaust every effort to immediately put an end to this crime against civilization. England's failure to act promptly may cause suspicion on account of the former relations with Arabs. America should demand ample protection for her nationals while extending her sympathy.

Congressman Herbert J. Drane (Florida). Lakeland, Fla .- "My opinion is that the entire civilized world, regardless of religion, race, or political affiliation, is interested in terminating the atrocities in Palestine. The people of the United States are particularly interested because of the large population of American citizens there whose lives are endangered by the present disorders, in addition to the probable waste of the large funds sent there for humanitarian purposes. I further believe that the British authorities are able and willing to compel law and order until such a time as the final decision is reached as to the propriety of extending and enlarging the Mandate."

Congressman C. R. Crisp (Georgia), Americus, Ga.—"In common with the civilized world I am shocked and grieved at the persecution of Jews in the Holy Land. No race has a greater history or has contributed more to the civilization of the world. They have my admiration.

"America is not a member of the League of Nations and I am opposed to her assuming any Mandate anywhere. I am in sympathy with our citizens contributing financially to ameliorate conditions in Jerusalem."

Congressman Charles G. Edwards (Georgia), Savannah, Ga .- "Our government should protect American citizens the world over. If it has not done so already our State Department ought to call on Great Britain to stop the slaughter of Jews by the Arabs in Palestine, regardless of what the issues are. Humanity throughout the earth is shocked by the cruel and brutal murders committed by the heartless Arabs. Immediate redress should be demanded and paid by this govern-ment for the American lives already lost, and the Arabs put upon immediate notice that American citizens

tected.

"No feeling is deeper nor fight more bitter, than those growing out of religious persecutions and it is so un-American that protests from every quarter should be made and so inhumane that civilized peoples everywhere should denounce the brutality of the blood-thirsty Arabs. You are at lib-erty to repeat this telegram to the State Department at Washington, if you like. An outraged humanity demands that the high-handed Arabs be called to their senses and that the shocking and terrible tragedies be ended at once. My deep sympathies go out to the persecuted Jews and to those who have had sorrows growing out of this deplorable persecution.'

Congressman S. Rutherford (Georgia), Forsyth, Ga.—"President Wood-Wilson evidently looked with a prophetic eye when he urged the adop-tion of the League of Nations to amicably adjust differences that might arise in foreign lands growing out of the rearrangement of territory. He evidently knew that if his policies were adopted America could assert a most wholesome influence over the other powers of the east. Religious differences have brought about disturbances that should have been righted in the beginning. It is my opinion that the world powers should offer their friendly aid to England in bringing about an early settle-ment of the differences between the Jewish population and the Arabs in Palestine and I am willing to use my best efforts in this direction."

Congressman M. C. Tarver (Georgia). Dalton, Ga .- "I wish to say that, of course, my sympathies are with the lewish people in the disturbances occurring in Palestine.

"The attitude of the American government should be one of expectation and insistence that the lives and property of American citizens in Palestine will be properly protected by the British government and offenders in recent rioting punished. Today's press dispatches indicate that Great Britain is slowly but surely restoring order.

"I shall be very much opposed to the assumption by the United States of the Mandate for Palestine either by itself alone or in conjunction with other world powers. The United States should, however, exhaust every means available under international law to secure proper protection for its na-tionals."

Congressan Burton L. French (Ida-ho), Moscow, Idaho-"I am profoundly shocked that the 20th century finds any people capable of unrestrained fanaticism against the Hebrew people, and I trust the responsible authorities may speedily establish order."

Congressman John C. Allen (Illinois), Monmouth, Ill .- "The tragedy in Pal-

Congressman D. D. Glover (Arkan-| must not be harmed and must be pro-| estine appears to be caused by lack of British forces.

Congressman William H. Hull (Illi-nois), Peoria, Ill.—'I have been in sympathy and have subscribed to funds to assist the Jewish population in Palestine. Poor people as they are need the consideration and sympathy of all American citizens. Some of the best people we have in this country are related to the Jewish people in Palestine. The travel of American citizens through Palestine should be protected by this country.

"The protectorate of England over Palestine should be enforced, the same as the United States government enforced the protectorate over Nicaragua. I hope at least our government will extend a moral message to those who have jurisdiction and power over

Palestine.

Congressman James T. Igoe (Illinois), Chicago, Ill .- "It is the duty of other world powers to take over the mandate for Palestine. Americans are most keenly interested, aside from condemning brutality and murder, be-cause it has been largely through American liberality that funds have been provided for the rehabilitation of the Holy Land. I am confident that the ultimate reaction of this outburst of savagery will bring greater strength to the creation of the Jewish national center in Palestine, with the consequent more effective spread of western civilization and prosperity. Our heartfelt regret is that so many precious lives have paid the supreme sacrifice at the hands of brutal savagery in order that this magnificent result may be accomplished.

"I am confident that the British government will take speedy measures to restore order and to appoint such officials in Palestine as will administer that land in the spirit of the mandate to Great Britain. The world expects it

Congressman Ed. M. Irwin (Illinois). Belleville, Ill .- "I deeply deplore the religious intolerance in Palestine. I endorse President Hoover's views expressed last week and trust the British government will discharge its obligation under the mandate."

Congressman Elliott W. Sproul (IIlinois). Chicago, Ill.—"I believe that our government should in every way possible guarantee safety to American citizens in any country. I am deeply grieved over the tragedy in Palestine.

Congressman Richard N. Elliot (Indiana), Connersville, Ind .- "I am opposed to the persecution of the people in Palestine. However, I have not yet received sufficient information about the matter to advise interference on the part of the United States."

Congressman A. J. Hickey (Indiana). La Porte, Ind.-"My sympathies are with the Jewish population of Pales-(Continued on Page 8)

(Continued from Page 7)

tine in their present emergency. The Mandatory Power upon which is imposed the duty in maintaining orderly government in the Holy Land should use every reasonable effort to protect life and property. Humanity and jus-tice will be satisfied with nothing less."

Congressman Will R. Wood (Indiana), Lafayette, Ind.—"With all right thinking people I greatly deplore the Palestine tragedy and concur in the message of the President with regard to same. If Great Britain cannot give the protection that it has undertaken over there, the other civil powers of the earth should provide it before greater outrages are permitted."

Congressman William F. Kopp (lowa), Mount Pleasant, Ia.—"The great tragedy in Palestine is a shock to civilization and my deepest sympathy goes out to the Jewish people who have achieved so much for mankind. I hope the persecution of the Tewish people will be brought to a speedy end and that Palestine may become a real homeland for them.

Congressman F. Dickinson Letts (lowa), Davenport, Ia.—"The tragedy now being enacted in ralestine is an offense to civilization, if indeed it is not also the shame of civilization, and the civilized world has a positive duty to end it. If the mandatory power does not or cannot restore peace and order. other world powers should take over the Mandate for the preservation of life and property. The people of the United States are deeply concerned in the re-Holy Land and earnestly desire that justice and fair play be accorded the Jewish race the world over. It is the wish of America, I am sure, that intolerance which has caused this mania be uprooted and that peace and good will may prevail for Jews and all men. The United States government should do its part, whatever that part may be, and do it now to justly and fully meet the demands of outraged humanity."

Congressman Robert Blackburn, (Kentucky), Lexington, Ky.—"I deeply concur in President Hoover's concern for the safety of American citizens in the Holy Land, and the conviction that out of the present crisis the Jewish National Home will emerge with greater strength for further spreading of Western civilization and prosperity in Palestine. I sincerely hope that steps will be taken immediately to create some plan to prevent further bloodshed, and cure conditions, which, if let alone, may lead to worse tragedies and prolonged conflict.'

Congressman Maurice H. Thatcher (Kentucky), Louisville, Ky .- "Great Britain should live up to and fulfill her obligations to give protection to life and property in Palestine and if she fails further to do this, I believe she fails further to do this, I believe the civilized powers should immediate by confer with the idea of meeting the of and order, but to justic upon of Jawa and order, but to justic upon situation in an adequate way."

J. Zach Spearing (Louisiana). New Orleans, La.-"We are in thorough accord with President Hoover in his expression and attitude towards the lamentable massacre of the Jewish people in Palestine. It is needless for us lo say that our whole-hearted and sincere sympathy goes out to the Jewish people of the world in this new affliction which has aroused the profound sorrow of all people regardless of creed."

Congressman William P. Connery, Jr. (Massachusetts), Lynn, Mass.—"I believe that the United States government, through our State Department, should make it plain and unmistakable to the British goernment that the United States expects Great Britain to give absolute protection to American citizens in Palestine and also expects and demands that Great Britain will immediately take means to put a stop to the horrible massacre of inoffensive people whose only crime is their desire to live peaceably and amicably with all other peoples.

Congressman John W. McCormack (Massachusetts), Boston, Mass.—"I have already wired the Secretary of State urging adoption of an American policy which will assure the continuity of the Jewish settlement in Palestine. The present situation is disgraceful. Not only should those who are responsible for the present outburst be punished ,but the origin should be investigated to prevent further recurrences. If the nation entrusted with the duty of protecting life and property under the mandate of the League of Nations is unable to do so, America should assure protection at least to its own citizens. The settlement should not be permitted to be destroyed through intolerance or any similar influence. You can rest assured that I will do everything that I can to assist not only in the present sitnation but to obviate future recur-

Congressman Joseph W. Martin, Jr. (Massachusetts), North Attleboro, Mass.—"The civilized world has been shocked at the stories of the massacres which have come out of Palestine. It confidently expects Great Britain, having put its hand to the plow, will not withdraw but will quickly restore order and will give the Jewish people the protection in their aspirations to which they are entitled by agreement of the nations. Out of all this suffering will emerge a stronger Palestine which can go forward with its reconstruction plans with a greater certainty of security."

Congressman George R. Stobbs (Massachusetts), Worcester, Mass.-I greatly deplore the tragedy and right the resolution of any protest or resolution to the State Department not only to some stabilized system of protection

Congressmen James O'Connoer and | which will take care of the situation permanently and for all time to come.'

Congressman Allen T. Treadway (Massachusetts), Stockbridge, Mass.— "I am in hearty accord with the views expressed by President Hoover in his message to the Zionist Organization of America. All citizens of this country are naturally concerned for the safety of their fellow citizens in the Holy Land. I regret the existing crisis. Whatever can be done through our State Department or through governmental agencies in accordance with our general obligations will, I am sure, be ably handled by Secretary Stimson and the proper representative of our government."

Congressman Edgar C. Ellis (Missouri), Kansas City, Mo.—"The amazing and shocking tragedies happening in Palestine demand the exercise of all the good offices of the American people and their government. It is to be hoped British forces will adequately cope with the situation. I am in accord with the view that it is humanity's duty to supplement the ef-forts of the Mandatory now charged with this responsibility.

Congressman Robert S. Hall (Missouri). Hattiesburg, Mo .- "The Jewish people deserve and must have ample protection in Palestine. Many American citizens are involved in the unlawful assault of the Arabs. I favor this nation standing firmly with a demand that the massacres cease at

Congressman Rowland L. Johnston (Missouri), Rolla, Mo.—"I concur in President Hoover's expressed views on the Palestine situation. The immediate prevention of further outrages is a responsibility of the civilized world. Guaranteed protection of the inhabitants of Palestine should be the Mandate of all nations.

Congressman Ralph F. Lozier (Missouri), Carroliton, Mo.—"The unprothe Jewish population in Palestine has shocked all right-thinking people the world over and calls for immediate and aggressive repressive and punitive acaggressive repressive and punitive ac-tion by the British government, the Mandatory Power. It is unthinkable that in this tolerant and enlightened age, fanaticism and murder should run riot as has been the case recently in Palestine. All races, creeds and peoples should in no uncertain or hesitating manner express their horror at and condemnation of the brutalities inflicted on the helpless and unoffending Icws of Palestine and immediate and aggressive action should be taken by the nations of the world to prevent a recurrence of these unspeakable atroc-

Congressman Edgar Howard (Nebraska), Columbus, Neb .- "The appalling tragedy now being enacted under the Mandate flag of Great Britain and France in Palestine calls for more action and less diplomacy than hitherto

(Continued on Page 10)

WAVE OF INDIGNATION AND PROTEST CONTINUES IN JEWS THROUGHOUT UNITED JEWISH COMMUNITIES OF UNITED STATES

All Parties and Groups Join in Protest Mass Meetings and in Collection for Palestine Emergency Fund; Non-Jewish Representatives and Leaders Join (Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Chicago, III., Sept. 4—Severe condem-ation of what was termed Great Brit-lin's failure to carry out the Balfour famdate and the Mandate in Palestine claims to a National Homeland in Palnation of what was termed Great Britain's failure to carry out the Balfour Mandate and the Mandate in Palestine was voiced by 4000 Chicagoans at a huge mass meeting held here last night.
Judge Harry H. Fisher presided.
Speakers included Rabbi A. Cardon, who spoke in behalf of the Kehillah, Rabbi Solomon Goldman of Anshe Emes Congregation, Rabbi Solomon B. Freehof of the Zeire Zion, and Miss Pearl Franklin, Chairman of the Chicago Hadassah, who preesnted the resolutions. Rabbi Ephraim Epstein

opened the meeting with a prayer.

An Emergency Relief Committee will be formed to raise funds for the victims of the Arab massacres will be formed. Prayers to memorialize the Jewish dead in Palestine will be held in all the synagogues of Chicago today.

it was announced.

In a series of resolutions adopted which will be forwarded to the British Colonial Office it was charged that responsibility for the outrages rests with the Palestine Administrative officials

and Arab agitators.

Palestine officials were held inefficient and criminally culpable in failing to uphold British rule in peaceful manner. Their actions were characterized as breach of trust to their own gov-Confidence ernment and the world. Confidence was expressed that British will spare no efforts to restore law and It was urged that all offenders be brought to justice and dealt with accordingly; that negligent and incompetent British officials be re-moved from office; that the Palestine police force be so organized that lawlessness be suppressed immediately and enough Jews on the force to insure such action; that compensation be not an added burden on Jewish farmers and merchants in Palestine who had nothing to do with disorders; that the doors of Palestine be opened to all Jews; that disagreement over the Wailing Wall be settled judiciously and quickly and that the British restate to the world their obligations in Palestine on both the Mandate and Balfour Note and to insure establishment in Palestine of Jewish Homeland. by their determination to build up Palestine as the Jewish Homeland.

A resolution was also adopted conveying to Jews of Palestine the assurance that Chicago Jews are heartened by the manifestations of devotion and heroic struggle to unswervingly stand by their determination to build up Palestine as the Jewish Homeland.

Detroit, Sept. 4-Ten thousand Jews demonstrated in a monster protest meeting last night against the outrages perpetrated against the Jews in Palestine by the Arabs. The sum of \$10,000 for the relief of the victims was raised

In a spirited address Congressman

Expressing the indignation of the Christian community, Judge Frank Murphy urged that a Jewish battalion in Palestine would be the safest guarantee for the Jewish people.

Other speakers included Hershman, Rabbi Ashinsky and Joseph Haggai. Milford Stern presided. Brit-ish failure to guarantee Jewish security was condemned by Rabbi Ashimsky.

In messages received from Mayor John C. Lodge of Detroit and Senator A. H. Vandenberg, the certainty was expressed that Palestine will be the Iewish National Home.

Newark, Sep. 4-Fifteen thousand dollars was raised for the Palestine Emergency Relief fund at a protest meeting held at the Y. M. H. A. here last night and attended by two thou

In resolutions adopted the Palestine administration was held directly respon sible for the events which have transpired and the rights of the Jews to self defense upheld.

Speakers included Mayor Jerome T Congleston, Schator Hamilton Fish Kean, Congressman Fred Hartley, Rab bi Solomon Foster, Aaron Levinstone Baruch Zuckerman, Rabbi Louis Sil-berfeld, Judge Bernard Rosenblatt, Leon J. Rosenthal, Philip J. Schotland Cantor Berel Chagy chanted the memo-

Among the principal contributors ere: Michael, Albert and Benjamin Hollander \$2500; Joseph Stern \$1000, Louis Schlesinger \$500; Hadassah \$500, Bloomfield Camp of the Order Sons of

Zion \$500.

rial prayer.

Alton, Ill., Sept. 4-Five hundred dollars for the Palestine Emergency Relief Fund was raised at a protest meeting held here, following an appeal for funds by Mendel Fisher of Boston J. J. Rubenstein, Chairman of the Arrangements Committee, presided. Our answer to the perpetrators must be to build Palestine, Mr. Fisher declared.

British officials were condemned for the outrages and the civilized world called upon the stop of the massacres Copies of the resolutions were forwarded to United States Secretary of State Stimson, Sir Esme Howard, British Ambassador to the United States and Arthur Henderson, British Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Allentown, Pa., Sep. 4—Jews from all parts of Eastern Pennsylvania attended a protest meeting here tonight in the Jewish Community Center against the Palestine Massacres and also held a memorial service for those Jews who died in the Holy Land. Senator Horace W. Schantz, of Al-

(Continued on Page 12)

STATES OBSERVE DAY OF FAST AND PRAYER "Our Father in Heaven Is Our Help," Is Rabbinical Body's Call

Yesterday, "Small Yem Kippur" in the Jewish calendar, was observed as a day of fast and prayer by the joint action of all Orthodox Rabbinical organizations in the United States and Canada.

The synagogues were largely attended for the morning and afternoon prayers, the day having been declared as a "legal day of fast." Contributions to the Palestine Emergency Fund were made. Only the aged and sick were exempt, according to the rabbinical decree.

Characteristic of the feelings obtaining in many Orthodox Jewish circles in connection with the Palestine events are the following paragraphs from the proclamation issued by the Knesseth Ha' Rabbanim, Federation of Orthodox Rabbis, over the signature of Rabbi Gabriel Zev Margolics, Rabbi of Adath Israel Congregation, New York, and president of the Federation.

"As we Jews are too helpless to rely upon our own strength and as we are far from being able to rely on the protection of other peoples, there should be no misconception that 'Assyria' or anybody else, even those of the most civilized nations in the world, will take up the cudgels for us.

"Therefore, we have reached the conclusion, the conviction and the consciousness that 'We have no one to depend upon but Our Father in Heaven. We have, first of all, to resort to our old and long tried method of proclaiming a fast, to summon all Jews to the synagogue, to fast, to cry and to mourn, to shed our tears before Our Father in Heaven.

The fast was also proclaimed by the Union of Orthodox Rabbis in the United States and Canada.

WEIZMANN CANCELS TRIP AFTER MacDONALD SPEECH (Tewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Sept. 3-Dr. Chaim Weiz-mann, president of the World Zionist Organization, will not proceed to Geneva but is returning tomorrow night to London. The reason for Dr. Weizmann cancelling his trip to Geneva is given to be Premier MacDonald's favorable speech in Geneva and the Colonial Office's statement today, appointing a Commission of Enquiry and declaring it does not contemplate any change in the tenure of the Mandate for Palestine.

In Zionist circles here it is felt that the Colonial Office's statement is satisfactory as far as it goes but that much more should have been added in the way of satisfactions of the Zionists's demands. There is hope, however, that the Colonial Office will, in a normal administrative manner, answer the questions left open.

A trust fund for the establishment of four perpetual scholarships to educate the young Jewish men and women of Bohemia, was one of the prysions of the will of Morris Adelberg, filed for probate in civil court, New Orleans. Mr. Adelberg was a native of Bohemia. He also included several other endowments.

CONGRESSMEN OF BOTH PARTIES VOICE SENTIMENTS ON THE JEWISH TRAGEDY IN PALESTINE

(Continued from Page 8)

exerted by those two governments holding Mandatory powers in Pales-tine. The fear of the wiles of Turkey and her secret allies seems more potent with the Mandatory Powers than the desire to shield the helpless Tews of Palestine from the murderous Moslems. The nations of the earth should unite in both plea and demand for instant action by England and France to stay the crimsoned scimitar of Moslem fanaticism in this hour and to render impossible further persecution of the Jews in Palestine.'

Congressman Isaac Bacharach, by Robert J. Bourke (New Jersey), Atlantic City, N. J.—"Mr. Bacharach is away on his vacation. However. I may say to you that Mr. Bacharach is very deeply concerned with the deplorable state of affairs existing in Palestine and is very much in sympathy with the efforts now being put forth by the Jews of America for the relief of the Jewish population in the Holy Land. In this connection he has accepted the Chairmanship of the local Committee organized for this purpose. I might say to you that the Congress-I might say to you that the Congress-man is very much in accord with the views of President Hoever, and it is hoped that the British Government, through the mandatory powers conferred upon it, will, without further delay, take such action as will once and for all put an end to such outbreaks."

Congressman Harold D. Hoffman (New Jersey), Perth Amboy, N. J.— "Civilization demands that England as Mandatory Power take immediate and effective steps to bring about the ses-cation of the tragic outrages in Palestine and to perfect military and police organization to prevent a recurrence. Should Great Britain fail in this duty other steps must be taken by the world powers to insure adequate protection for Palestine during the reconstruction and the rehabilitation period.'

Congressman Emanuel Celler (New York), Brooklyn, N. Y.—"It is apparent from the continuation of the Arab onslaughts on the Jews and new at-tacks upon Christians that law and order have not yet been restored in Palestine. Further loss of life and property are hourly occurring. Directly upon the heels of news that quiet had been restored to Palestine came the news of massacres at Hebron and Safed. British promises of safety do not square with performance. Not one further drop of blood should be shed or a stick of property further destroyed. British forces in the Palestine zone are woefully inadequate to cope with the situation.

"The British Foreign Office continues to flout the solemn obligation assumed by the League of Nations' Mandate. This matter is of special concern to the American public, which is now prepared to pour millions of relief funds into Palestine. American citizens have been murdered and oth-

powers have not given suitable guarantees of protection. In the name of common humanity, I, as representa-tive of the American Congress, demand of the British government such guarantees forthwith. These guarantees can only take the shape of sufficient troops, aeroplanes and warships. Great Britain has pussyfooted long enough with the Moslems; now is the time for action."

Congressman John D. Clarke (New York), Delhi, N. Y .- "Every right thinking person abhors the atrocities now being perpetrated in Palestine and it does seem as if our boasted civilization is a failure unless, through proper instrumentalities, a permanent peace cannot be evolved between the Jews and Moslems. We already know the sympathetic attitude of President Hoover, the great humanitarian with years of good deeds on his record. It will be my duty to support him in every recommendation that he makes."

Congressman S. Wallace Dempsey (New York), Lockport, N. Y.—"The whole civilized world sympathizes with the Jewish people in the sudden and wholly unjustifiable attack made upon their people in the Holy Land. The British Empire has deservedly enjoyed for centuries, the reputation of pro-tecting those entitled to look to it to safeguard them against unlawful ag-gression. The attack in this case seems to have taken the British by surprise. As soon as they realized the situation, it is inconceivable that they will not afford the adequate protection they have always given their citizens and those who have the right to look to them for protection. That they per-form this obligation is the wish and the expectation, I am sure, of the civilized people throughout the world.

Congressman Samuel Dickstein (New York), New York City, N. Y.—"Not-withstanding continued assurance by the British government that it is taking all steps to restore order in Palestine, the latest reports received by the public press do not bear out this as-sertion. The Jewish population of Palestine is living in continuous dread and fear and does not know whether its salvation is near at hand or whether it will be compelled to bear the brunt of Arab outrages for some time to come. The tragedy of our people has now reached its second week and almost every hour we hear of a new Jewish settlement being attacked by Arab bands. I am not one of those who will place the entire blame for who will place the entire blaine on this unhappy situation on the British government. Perhaps it is not entirely the fault of that government and per-haps any other Mandatory Power, if placed in a similar situation, would be subject to the same trouble. But the situation was not unforeseen, and the British government, by the use of proper safeguards, might have pre-vented a great deal. Something must citizens have been murdered and oth-ers are still imperilled. The British able situation. I have heretofore com-and the welfare of the Jewish people."

municated with the Secretary of State and requested him to order American war ships to proceed to Palestine in order to remove therefrom all American citizens who feel that, in view of what has happened, their lives and property are in immediate danger. After all, it was the British government which invited the Jews to come to Palestine, and it is up to the British government to ameliorate conditions and restore Jewish conditions and property in that unhappy country to its former status. Nor must England alone be compelled to take the necessary steps to restore conditions in Palestine. The entire civilized world has been looking at the Jewish experi-ment in Palestine with interested eyes and our own American Jewry has contributed very largely both financially and morally to make the Jewish set-tlement in Palestine a success. We cannot permit that this experiment should be allowed to die. We must see to it that Jewish colonization of Palestine proceed apace and that all be done both by this government and the governments of all civilized countries to give Palestine proper police protection and to make the Balfour Declaration not merely an empty phrase but a reality."

Congressman James M. Fitzpatrick (New York), Bronx, N. Y.—"I think the Arab attacks on the Jews in Palestine is one of the most shocking crimes not only against the Jewish people but against the civilized world, and it is hard to believe that such a thing could occur at this date. I also lining could occur at this date. I also believe that our government should do everything possible to prevent a recocurence, and if it is necessary for President Hoover to have a special resolution passed by Congress giving him power, that I would be ready at a minute's notice to return to Washington to vote for it. If, at any time, I can be of any assistance or service, I am ready. I am in sympathy with the people in Palestine."

Congressman C. E. Hancock (New York), Syracuse, N. Y.—"Civilized peo-ple of all creeds and nations are outraged by the barbaric outbreaks against the Jews in Palestine. This is particularly true in America, whose citizens are more concerned with the success of the Zionist movement than those of any other land. The senti-ment of this country demands that England take prompt and adequate measures to fulfill its obligation under the Palestine mandate.

Congressman Grant E. Mouser, Jr. (Ohio), Marion, O .- "As a member of the United States Congress, I deeply deplore the suffering taking place in Palestine as the result of the atrocities of the Arabs. I am in hearty accord with the message of President Hoover extended to the Zionist Organization of America on the occasion of the mass meeting held at Madison Square Garden last week. I assure

MEMBERS OF UNITED STATES SENATE, IRRESPECTIVE OF POLITICAL ALIGNMENT, SUPPORT PRESIDENT HOOVER'S STAND ON PALESTINE

(Continued from Page 5)

sent to enable these pioneers to carry out their program of building and establishing this dream place in Palestine, conceived and being carried forward without the slightest detriment to a single Arab. I have unbounded faith that your Jewish brethren will triumph because they are in the right. Every great forward movement of this kind, I regret to say, has always been attended with bloodshed, but from it all arises a great and lasting structure. My deepest sympathies go out to you because of the unspeakable outrages upon your friends and brethren, and l voice the hope that those guilty of these terrible things upon a defense-less people will be brought to justice and that the hopes and aspirations of the Jews in Palestine will be fulfilled and carried out to a full completion."

Senator Lee S. Overman (North Carolina), Salisbury, N. C.—'I deeply sympathize with the United States citizens and others in the outrageous onslaught by the Arabs. I regard this as one of the greatest tragedies of the age. I trust that the people of Palestine as well as their homes and property may be fully protected and safe-guarded and that peace may again

Senator Felix Hebert (Rhode Island), West Warwick, R. I .- "As I expressed last week in a letter to the Jewish people of Rhode Island, I deeply regret that members of your faith have suffered so frightfully in the present crisis in Palestine and it is my hope that the Jewish people of this and other countries in calling upon the world powers to take cognizance of the plight of their brethren in the Holy Land may help to bring back peace to

Senator Cole L. Blease (South Carolina), Columbia, S. C.—" I am opposed to all killings except in defense of life or to prevent serious bodily harm or for the protection of the virtue of womanhood. I will introduce in the Senate this morning a joint resolution requesting the President to submit a proposal to the nations of the earth for the establishment of permanent

Senator Tom Connally (Texas), Marlin, Tex .- "The atrocities and savage cruelties inflicted upon the Jewish pop-ulation of Palestine by the fanatical Arabs have shocked the civilized world. Great Britain, as the Mandatory Power, is under international obligation to restort order and punish the perpetrators of these terrible outrages. In addition to our humanitarian interests, the presence of American citizens in Palestine makes the situation one of direct and national concern. Massacre and pillage must stop. Civilization demands that it stop.

Senator William H. King (Utah), Salt Lake City, Utah—"The Palestinian problem assumes international as-pects. Following the World War, the allied and associated nations assumed

responsibilities in connection with Sy-| Foreign Relations Committee of the ria and Palestine. A Mandatory system was formulated and Great Britain given a Mandate over Palestine, as France was given a Mandate over Syria. In accepting these Mandates both Great Britain and France assumed responsibilities which, as honorable nations, they must discharge.

"The Balfour Declaration relating to Palestine was approved by the League of Nations. It recognized that the Jewish people had a right to aid in redeeming the wastes and deserts in a land that once was the home of mil-lions of the lewish race. Thousands of lews from various lands, relying upon the Balfour Declaration, and all of its implications and guarantees, have gone to Palestine where, by their industry and thrift, homes have been built, towns have been founded and waste and desert lands have been made fertile. They are rightfully in the Holy Land, and are entitled to the fullest protection at the hands of the British Government.

"If protection is denied them, in my opinion, the League of Nations is under the obligation to take immediate steps to enforce the letter and the spirit of the Balfour Declaration. I spirit of the Battom Declaration. I can not believe that the British government will fail in its duty. Order should be restored, protection should be afforded the Jewish inhabitants of Palestine, and reparation made for the wrongs which they have suffered. The atrocities committed by the Arabs and their menacing attitude, call for adequate military forces to cope with

every possible contingency.

"The people of the United States approve of the Balfour Declaration. President Wilson gave it his hearty support. American citizens are right-fully in Palestine. Some have been butchered by Moslem fanatics. American people are concerned in the Palestinian situation, and our government has the right to ask of Great Britain and the League the fullest protection for American citizens who are still in Palestine.

Senator C. C. Dill (Washington), Spokane, Wash.-"I consider the tragedy of the Jewish massacres in Palestine by the Arabs as the most terri ble thing that has happened since the World War and I believe our State Department should insist, in the most vigorous language permissible under diplomatic rules, that the English govern-ment protect the people there, as it is bound to do under he Mandate of the League of Nations. This kind of mur-der in the Holy Land should be stop-ped for all time."

Senator Guy D. Goff (West Virginia), Clarksburg, W. Va.—"Needless to say I am deeply concerned for the safety of American citizens of Jewish descent in the Holy Land. The conditions prevailing there are as disheartening to those who stand for a progressive civilization as they are dis-couraging to peace and order throughout the world. As a member of the

Senate, you may be assured this mat-ter will receive my most serious con-sideration and undivided attention."

Senator Henry D. Hatfield (West Virginia), Huntington, W. Va.—"Knowing as I do what the Jewish people and the Zionist Organization have accomplished in Palestine during the last decade. I was at first surprised and then strongly indignant at the cruel outrages inflicted against the Jewish people in Palestine in recent days. It is difficult for me to understand the unpreparedness of the British Government to meet this emergency in view of its obliga-tions under the Balfour Declaration.

"The U. S. Government is deeply concerned in the rehabilitation of Palestine by Jews since it officially en-dorsed the sentiment expressed in the Balfour Declaration. Moreover millions of our citizens are giving of their energy and means toward the upbuild-ing of the Holy Land. Furthermore, American citizens have been slaugh-Therefore, do I feel that this serious situation in Palestine is of concern to all world powers and in particular the United States. I have faith in the honor of the British government that it will meet this crisis speedily and ef-fectively. Should the government fail in its responsibility, then, in my opinion, would it become the duty of other world powers to take over the Man-date of Palestine."

Senator John J. Blaine (Wisconsin), Boscobel, Wis.—"As I understand the situation Great Britain has a certain mandate over Palestine or at least some authority arising out of the World War conditions. Just what America can do in the premises under such circumstances is somewhat in doubt. Of course our country has certain obligations toward American citizens quite regardless of the status of mandates or other understandings to which America is not a party. Within such limitations, I will be very glad to do what I can that is properly fitting under the circumstances.

HADASSAH APPEALS FOR CLOTHING FOR THOUSANDS OF PALESTINE VICTIMS Hadassah Medical Organization Ad-

ministering Relief in All Parts of Palestine

An appeal from Palestine for clothing, linens and blankets for the destitute victims of the attacks was receivtute victims of the attacks was received by Hadassah, the Women's Zionist Organization of America. The cable states that thousands of families are naked, disease is rife, and large quantities of supplies are needed immediately.

Mrs. A. H. Fromenson, chairman of the Hadassah Palestine Supplies De-partment, which sends supplies monthly to Palestine is issuing a special appeal to all the 287 chapters of Hadassah and 800 sewing groups throughout the country, asking for contributions.

(Continued on Page 12)

JEWRY THROUGHOUT WORLD OBSERVES FAST DAY FOR PALESTINE VICTIMS

(Continued from Page 6) of Palestine, however, must loyally ex-

ecutive it," he said.

Dr. Wise paid high tribute to the lewish self-defense who, he said, "feel like men, arms in hand, defending their country.

Among the other speakers were Hille Zlatapolsky, Russian Zionist leader, and Bernard Lecache, who blamed the Palestine administration.

Warsaw, Sept. 4-Collections for the Palestine Emergency Fund continue in all Jewish communities throughout Poland. Contrary to the action of the local branches in the provincial towns where the Agudists joined the general Palestine emergency fund, the Warsaw branch abstained from participation in the fund, demanding that a special distribution committee be formed in Terusalem.

The Polish Zionists and the non-partisans who are cooperating in the Pal-estine emergency fund decided to remit the moneys to the National Council of Palestine Jews with the recommendation to co-opt representatives of other organizations in the distribution com-

The Jewish community of Vilna allotted the amount of 10,000 Zlotys for the emergency fund by a unanimous

HADASSAH APPEALS FOR CLOTHING FOR THOUSANDS OF PALESTINE VICTIMS (Continued from Page 11)

Scores of women eager to go to Palestine as nurses have volunteered their

services to Hadassah.

Cables about the situation in Safed. which is still in flames, state that "the sanitation is horrible," sickness is in-creasing and food is difficult to obtain. Children of the city are being fed by Hadassah. A Hadassah commission has been sent to Safed to organize relief work there. More beds are needed in the Safed Hospital, the message states. Fearing for the safety of the Hadassah clinic in Haifa, Hadassah officers have transferred it to Mount Carmel, which is easier to defend.

Mrs. A. H. Vixman, a member of the national board of Hadassah, who is in Jerusalem, states in a message that the Hadassah Medical Organization is administering relief work in all parts of the country, pending the organization of a central relief committee. Another cable states that Meier Shfevah, the children's village maintained by Junior Hadassah, which was in danger of attack, is now safe and under adequate protection.

WARSHIPS KEPT AT MALTA FOR PALESTINE EMERGENCY (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Malta, Sept. 4—The battleship "Royal Sovereign," the aircraft carried "Eagle," and the destroyers "Wolverine" and "Witherinton," did not leave with the British fleet for the last period of the summer cruise. They are being kept at Malta, standing by in the event of their presence being needed in Palestine.

WAVE OF INDIGNATION

AND PROTESTS CONTINUES (Continued from Page 9)

lentown, voiced a protest against the massacre of innocent and defenseless men, women and children in Palestine.

Other speakers included: Benjamin L. Rubinsohn of Philadelphia, Chairman of Region No. 4 of the Palestine Foundation Fund, and Dr. Isaac Bucha-

The memorial services were con-ducted by Rabbi H. Kaplan and Rabbi L. Krevksy, of Allentown, assisted by Cantor Merin.

Easton, Pa., Sept. 4-A protest meeting was held here to protest against the massacres, the speakers being Rabbi David Alpert and Meyer Feinberg, president of the Temple Covenant of Peace.

Jews in the Lehigh Valley are coming to the rescue of their suffering brothers and sisters in Palestine and have raised a substantial sum, which was sent to relief headquarters. Many benefits have been arranged for this and next week to raise funds.

Troy, N. Y., Sept. 4—A protest and memorial meeting was held Tuesday night by the Jewish Community of this city, in the Beth Israel Synagogue. The speakers were the Rabbis Joel S. Geffen, Myron Jacobs and H. Lasker. Fifteen hundred dollars was raised for the Palestine Emergency Fund.

Hartford, Conn., Sept. 4-Almost every Jewish community in Connecticut, aroused by the persecutions of members of their race in Palestine, has risen in protest and is calling mass meetings. Among the cities passing resolutions and creating funds to as-sist the victims in the Palestine area are Hartford, New Haven, Bridgeport, Waterbury, Colchester, Manchester, Norwich, New London,

In Hartford thousands packed into a small hall, where they were addressed by U. S. Congressman E. Hart Fenn, Rev. Sherrod Soule and former Senator Herman P. Koppleman. Despite the public announcement that no funds would be solicited, the sum of \$2,600 was donated within a few minutes by the spontaneous insistence of the audience.

Pending the organization of a State Emergency Relief Committee, contri-butions are being received by Elik Nirenstein of Hartford, who has been named temporary treasurer.

State newspapers are bitter in their editorials against the marauders, and have supported the Zionists in urging England to assume a better stand towards the protection of the Jews in Palestine.

Brooklyn Jewry last night held a memorial meeting to honor Jewish martyrs of the Arab outrages in Palestine. A huge audience which filled to capacity the two auditoriums of the Brooklyn Jewish Center, attended. Supreme Court Justice Mitchell May presided.

The speakers included Congressman Hamilton J. Fish, Jr., David A. Brown,

ZIONISTS EXPRESS GRATITUDE FOR HOOVER ACTION ON PALESTINE (Continued from Page 6)

greater safeguards for the future under which the speedy rehabilitation of Palestine as a true homeland will be even more assured.'

"We hail these words as expressing the mind of America and the resolve of the civilized world that the great work of reconstruction which has been so well begun in Palestine must not retreat, much less surrender, before the onslaught of fanaticism and savagery. Your forward looking statement which accords with utterances made on previous occasions by Presidents Wilson, Harding and Coolidge and with the unanimous resolutions adopted by both Houses of Congress in September, 1922, approving these aims and purposes will bring consolation to the bereaved and renewed hope to the forces of progress and reconstruction. You have carned the eternal gratitude of an unforgetting people. Believe us to be, Mr. yours."

Congressman Emanuel Celler, and Rabbis Louis D. Gross, Israel H. Lev-inthal and Alexander Lyons.

Leading cantors of the borough chanted Jewish prayers for the victims. Resolutions of protest and condemnation were adopted.

tion were adopted. In charge of the meeting was headed by Albert D. Schanzer, and included Isaac Allen, Rabbi Burack, A. Seidman, Congressman Emanuel Celler, J. H. Cohen, Dr. Louis D. Gross, Max Hertzfeld, Rabbi B. Leon Hurwitz, and Samuel Kramer.

Borough Park to Raise \$25,000

The Jewish community of Borough Park will in the course of the next week be asked to contribute the sum of \$25,000 to the Palestine Emergency Relief Committee.

A Committee, comprising representatives of forty-eight Jewish congrega-tions and associations in Borough Park has been formed for the purpose. Special meetings of all Jewish organizations in Borough Park will be held throughout the week and appeal for funds made in the synagogues on Saturday. The campaign will wind up with a

huge mass meeting Sunday night in the Temple Beth-El at Borough Park at which time reports of the progress of the fund will be rendered.

Officers of the committee are: State

Sepator Philip M. Kleinfeld, Chairman, Harris L. Selig. Executive Chairman, I. Lieberman, Treasurer, A. Soshier, Secretary, Rabbi I. M. Kovalsky, and S. Erberg.

A Women's Committee has also been organized under the chairmanship of Mrs. S. Firestone and Mrs. A. Radin which will organize a house to house campaign for funds.

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