

ENTHUSIASM MARKS CONCLUSION OF JEWISH AGENCY COUNCIL SESSIONS IN ZURICH

Baron Edmund de Rothschild Chosen Honorary President, Weizmann President, Marshall Chairman of Jewish Agency Council; Felix M. Warburg Elected to Head Council's Administrative Committee; Unanimity and Harmony Manifested in Decisions; Prominent Americans Serve on Zionist and Non-Zionist Parts of Council Bodies; "Mazel tov!" and Tears of Joy as Historic Sessions Come to End Before Tisha B'ab Is Ushered In.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Zurich, Aug. 15.—The Administrative Committee of the Jewish Agency Council under the chairmanship of Felix M. Warburg held its first meeting Wednesday evening following the close of the four day sessions of the Jewish Agency Council when the pact of harmony between Zionists and non-Zionists for the rebuilding of Palestine as the Jewish National Home was consummated amidst memorable scenes.

The Administrative Committee confirmed the election of Mr. Warburg as its chairman. Nathan Straus of New York was chosen honorary chairman and Oscar Wassermann of Berlin, director of the Palestine Foundation Fund.

The Administrative Committee also chose from among its members three sub-committees, on finance, on policy and a special committee for the contemplated Palestine finance corporation. The next session of the Committee is to be held in March 1930 in Palestine.

The historic session of the Jewish Agency Council came to a close Wednesday at 4:30 P. M., several hours before sunset when the Jewish chandler calls for the observance of Tisha B'ab, commemorating the destruction of the Temple and the fall of Jerusalem at the hands of the Roman legions more than eighteen hundred years ago.

Baron Edmund de Rothschild was chosen honorary president of the Jewish Agency Council, Dr. Chaim Weizmann president, Louis Marshall chair-

man and Lord Melchett of London associate chairman.

Felix M. Warburg was chosen chairman of the Administrative Committee of forty, which is composed of twenty Zionist and twenty non-Zionist members. The following Americans were included in the non-Zionist part of the Committee: Dr. Cyrus Adler, Philadelphia; James Becker, Chicago; Meyer Elsassner, Los Angeles; Dr. Lee K. Frankel, New York; Alexander Kahn, New York; Herbert H. Lehman, Lieutenant-Governor of the State of New York; Louis Marshall and Felix M. Warburg. Members from other countries chosen include Robert Pollack, France; Major Harry L. Nathan of London; Dr. Samuel Goldflam, Warsaw; Karl Halpern and Mr. Schleicher, Poland; Oscar Wassermann, director of the Deutsche Bank, Berlin; Rabbi Leo Baeck, Berlin; Dr. William Filiderman, Bucharest, Roumania; Oscar Gruzenberg, Riga, representing Latvia, Lithuania, Estonia and Finland; Rabbi Emanuel Loew, Hungary, Joseph Popper, Czechoslovakia.

The following Americans were elected in the Zionist part of the Administrative Committee: Morris Rothenberg, New York; Judge William M.

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BRITISH POLICE STAND GUARD AT WALLING WALL AS JEWS MAKE TISHA B'AB PILGRIMAGE No Disturbance; Chief Rabbi Warned; Demonstration in Tel Aviv

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Aug. 15.—Strong detachments of British police under the command of the Police Superintendent and the District Commissioner of Jerusalem stood guard last night at the Western Wall of the Temple commonly known as the Walling Wall, when the Jews of Palestine made their annual mass pilgrimage to the remnant of the Temple to recite the Lamentations of Jeremiah over the fall of Jerusalem and the destruction of the Temple.

Ten thousand Jewish worshippers participated in the pilgrimage and in the prayers offered all night at the Wall. In view of the recent sharp controversy between the Jews and the Moslem over the right of access to the Holy Site, special precautionary measures were taken and the mounted and foot police kept vigilance as the pilgrimage proceeded. No disturbances occurred.

Before the pilgrimage started the District Commissioner of Jerusalem warned Rabbi A. J. Cook, Chief Rabbi of Palestine, against any disturbances. The

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LITHUANIAN LEGATION IN PARIS DENIES ANTI-JEWISH EXCESSES OCCURRED IN KOVNO

Contrary to Facts, Officials Assert Disturbances Were Caused by Communists; Physicians Testify to Injuries of Twenty-seven Jews

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, Aug. 15.—An attempt to deny the occurrence of serious anti-Jewish excesses in Slobodka, a suburb of the Lithuanian capital and to depict the event as a Communist disturbance was made by the Lithuanian legation here in a statement it gave to the correspondent of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency.

The assertions of the Lithuanian Legation is contrary to the proven facts. According to the Lithuanian Legation the events on August 10th were caused by young Communists, the majority of whom were Jews, who attempted to disturb the work in the railway shop and force the workers to participate in a demonstration. A fight then developed in which a few Communist railway workers were slightly hurt. Later, the Legation asserts, Communists desiring to provoke anti-Semitic disorders

threw stones at the windows of Jewish houses. "The provocation was, however, unsuccessful and we are happy to add that the events were not such as were reported," the Legation stated.

Evidence which reached the office of the Jewish Daily Bulletin shows the events in a different light. It includes a list of 27 Jews who were injured during the Slobodka pogrom. The victims are in possession of certificates issued by local physicians testifying to their injuries. Among the 27 injured, there are old men, including a seventy-year-old synagogue sexton and an elderly member of the Slobodka Chevra Kadisha (Jewish burial society). A Communist demonstration took place on that day, not in Slobodka but in Schanz, another Kovno suburb. The

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MENDELSON'S CHRISTIAN DESCENDENTS HONOR MEMORY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Aug. 15.—The direct descendants, now all Christians, of Moses Mendelsohn, German Jewish philosopher and leader of the school of enlightenment in Central and East European Jewry, decided to honor his memory on the occasion of the two-hundredth anniversary of his birth on September 6, 1729.

Jewish societies and groups in various parts of the world are preparing to commemorate the occasion. Mendelsohn's heirs, under the leadership of Franz Mendelsohn, president of the Berlin Chamber of Commerce, have decided to establish a fund of a quarter of a million Marks to be used for scientific purposes. The fund is to be administered under the direction of Prof. Adolf von Harnack, Christian theologian.

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LOS ANGELES RAISES \$100,000 FOR JEWISH HOSPITAL

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Los Angeles, Aug. 15—A total of \$100,000 has been contributed toward construction of a Jewish hospital to replace the Kasparek Cohn Hospital here, it was announced by the Federation of Jewish Welfare Organizations.

Donors included Mr. and Mrs. Ben R. Meyer and Mr. and Mrs. Milton E. Getz. Earlier, they gave \$30,000 for the purchase of a site. The new hospital will be known as the Cedars of Lebanon Hospital.

Montreal, Aug. 15—The first steps towards the realization of a Jewish hospital in Montreal was taken at a dinner of representatives of Jewish organizations, held at the Montefiore Club, at which plans were discussed for the opening of the Jewish Hospital Campaign to be held from September 22 to September 30. Allan Bronfman and Michael Hirsch, joint chairmen, presided. Peter Bertovitch and Dr. Max Wiseman, spoke. Alderman J. Schubert assured the campaign committee of the cooperation of the business community in Montreal.

JEWISH CANDIDATES ON NEW YORK PARTY TICKETS

Dr. Israel Fineberg was nominated for Sheriff of New York County by the Republican Party, and Irwin Kurtz as Justice of City Court.

In Richmond, the Republicans have nominated Clarence C. Jacobson for the Assembly.

Harry Bijur, son of Supreme Court Justice Nathan Bijur, was nominated by the Republican Party of New York County for Municipal Court Justice.

Paul A. Kahn of Brooklyn was named for Borough President of Brooklyn by the Independent Dry Party headed by William M. Bennett.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

State Department Will Forward Calendar Reform Report to League

Jewish Organizations, Opposing Move, Taken by Surprise

By Our Washington Correspondent

Washington, D. C., Aug. 15—The United States State Department yesterday issued an official announcement calling attention to the report of the National Committee on Calendar Simplification stating it has been forwarded to the Secretary General of the League of Nations for his information and for such use as he may wish to make of it. The State Department also announced that it is distributing copies of the report to newspaper correspondents. The announcement also makes public endorsements of calendar reform received by the State Department from Secretary of the Treasury Mellon, Secretary of War Good; Acting Secretary of the Navy Hughes, Secretary of the Interior Wilbur, Secretary of Commerce Lamont, Secretary of Labor Davis, Comptroller General McCarl and E. I. Lewis, Chairman of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Secretary of the Treasury Mellon stated: "The report appears to be quite comprehensive and the treasury does not have any further information which would be of use to the League of Nations in its study of this question. Nor do I desire to offer any comments or suggestions other than those contained in my letters of October 16, 1922, and June 2, 1924, in which the question of calendar reform is reviewed from the standpoint of its effect on treasury operations."

Acting Secretary of the Navy Hughes: "I have caused the report of the National Committee on Calendar Simplification for the United States to be examined critically at the Navy observatory and have myself considered its outstanding features.

"The recommendations set forth in the Department's letter of December 2, 1927 continue to represent the views of the Navy Department in the premises. The report in its present form satisfactorily meets these recommendations.

"It is the desire of this Department to be represented, either directly or in an advisory capacity, in any international conference that may be convened for Calendar modifications. On account of the intimate connection of the American Ephemeris and Nautical Almanac with calendarization."

Secretary of War Good: "With reference to your letter of August 3, 1929 in which you request information as to whether there is any objection, from the point of view of the War Department, to the transmission of the report prepared by the National Committee on calendar Simplification to the League of Nations, I am pleased to advise you that there is no objection on the part of the War Department to such action."

Secretary of the Interior Wilbur: "The report of this committee has now

been received. The committee seems to have conducted its investigation in a thorough and impartial manner and to have established clearly that widespread interest exists that is based upon business and social considerations of importance. This interest would, in my opinion, appear to justify participation by the United States in an international conference upon the subject, if such a conference is called."

Secretary of Commerce Lamont: "This Department endorses the report of the committee and considers that the chairman of the committee, George Eastman, and his associates have done a very creditable piece of work in bringing to a focus opinions from various national groups and interests widely concerned with questions relating to the calendar."

Secretary of Labor Davis: "The report of this committee impresses me as a comprehensive survey of the public sentiment in the United States on the subject of reform of the calendar. I believe that the efforts of the Department of Labor to perform its functions in the field of statistics, labor statistics in particular, will be materially promoted and facilitated under a better calendar than the one now in use, and it is my opinion that the United States is justified in participating in an international effort to bring about an adoption of an intelligent simplified calendar."

Chairman E. I. Lewis of the Interstate Commerce Commission: "Although the Interstate Commerce Commission as a whole has not acted on this report, I personally am impressed by the comprehensive survey that has been made of the sentiment in the United States on the subject of calendar simplification and hope it may lead to an international conference to consider the subject. Without at this time expressing a view as to the details of any particular plan, I believe that in the matter of revising a calendar, in daily use by million of persons, a thorough discussion of international scope seems eminently advisable."

Comptroller General McCarl: "I have to advise that as the report is understood to be submitted primarily for the purpose of increasing interest in the simplification of the calendar and to suggest an international conference for that purpose, without finally recommending any definite form or method of simplification, there would appear to be no reason why this office should offer any objection to its transmission to the League of Nations as proposed. This office heretofore has expressed the view that Plan I as designated in the report, contemplating a year of thirteen equal months of twenty-eight

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Lewis, Philadelphia; Gedaliah Bublick, New York; Rabbi Aaron Teitelbaum, New York; Archibald Freiman, Ottawa. The Zionist members from other countries are: Lord Melchett, London; M. M. Ussishkin, Jerusalem; Kurt Blumenfeld, Berlin; Dr. Leon Reich, Lemberg; Lazar Margulies, Czechoslovakia; Berthold Feiwel, London; Dr. Leo Motzkin, Paris; Deputy H. Farbstein, Warsaw; Dr. Max Solowetschik, Berlin, and the labor leaders: Dr. Chaim Arlosoroff, Berl Locker and S. Kaplan.

Non-Zionist Personnel of Executive Not Announced Yet

The non-Zionist personnel of the Agency Executive was not announced as yet. According to an announcement by Mr. Marshall, who presided at the concluding session, the question was settled in the following manner: for the first year the Agency Executive is to consist of twelve members, eight Zionists and four non-Zionists. The names of the four candidates will be submitted later to the Administrative Committee. Should the non-Zionists fail to submit the names of their candidates for the Executive within six months, the Zionist candidates elected by the Zionist Congress may succeed to these places. Until that time the eight Zionist members will constitute the Executive. Beginning October, 1930, the Agency Executive will consist of only eight members, 4 Zionists and 4 non-Zionists, with the proviso that should the non-Zionists fail to appoint their candidates within six months, the Zionists will have the right to fill the empty seats. The agreement on this point was regarded by the Zionists as a generous move on the part of the non-Zionists.

Scenes of Joy and Cries of "Mazel tov" as Pact of Harmony Is Signed

The Town Hall, where the final session, lasting one hour, was held, was filled with cries of "Mazel tov!" as the representatives of the Zionist Organization and the leaders of the non-Zionist groups in fifteen countries, following the lead of the Americans, affixed their signatures to the final text of the constitution of the Jewish Agency embodying the pact of harmony between the Zionists and the non-Zionists. Moving scenes of joy were enacted when the leaders of the various groups and the delegates embraced and kissed each other in exultation over the brotherhood and unity among Jews of all shades of opinion in support of the ancient dream and ideal of the rebuilding of Palestine. There was an added element of historic drama in the event as it was recalled that at this very hour observant Jews throughout the world were about to gather in their synagogues and temples to recite the Lamentations of the Prophet Jeremiah and the poems and prayers of Jewish poets and sages over the destruction of Jerusalem and for a Zion rebuilt.

Dr. Weizmann embraced Mr. Marshall during the signing ceremony, and

many of those who walked up to the small table on the platform where the text of the constitution was being signed were overcome with emotion, shedding tears and unable to speak as they were called upon to say a few words before signing the constitution.

The exercises were brief and simple, but they raised the participants to a high pitch of emotion and solemnity.

The Signers of the Constitution

On behalf of the American non-Zionists, the pact was signed by Louis Marshall, Felix M. Warburg and Dr. Lee K. Frankel; on behalf of the World Zionist Organization the document was signed by Dr. Chaim Weizmann and Nahum Sokolow. The representatives of the non-Zionists were then called up in alphabetical order of the countries they represented. Among them were Joseph Meyuchas on behalf of Palestine, Oscar Wassermann on behalf of Germany, Dr. Samuel Goldflam for Poland, Chief Rabbi Alkalay for Yugoslavia, Grigori Wolf for Lithuania, Oscar Gruzenberg on behalf of Latvia, Mr. Friedman on behalf of Hungary, Mr. Dreyfus-Brodsky on behalf of Switzerland, O. E. D'Avigdor Goldsmid for England, ex-Senator Bercovic for Roumania.

The signatories were affixed with a gold pen which will be presented to the Jewish Museum in Palestine. The event will be inscribed in the Golden Book of the Jewish National Fund.

During the ceremonies, Dr. Weizmann, Mr. Marshall, Mr. Warburg, James N. Rosenberg, Nahum Sokolow and Col. Frederick H. Kisch made short addresses.

Marshall Announces Enlarged Jewish Agency Formed

The signing ceremonies took place following the reading of the constitution by Mr. Marshall, who concluded emotionally, declaring: "I have the honor to announce the enlarged Jewish Agency formed." When the constitution was signed, he said: "I have the honor to announce Dr. Chaim Weizmann as the first president of the enlarged Jewish Agency."

Dr. Weizmann, radiating happiness, cried out: "I hope to live to see Eretz Israel Ha'bennyah (Palestine rebuilt). There are two Jerusalems, one above and one below. We aim to achieve the Yerushalayim Shel Mallah (Jerusalem above). Here we proclaim 'Shalom, Shalom lera'oh velekarov!' (Peace, peace to the distant and to the near)."

Nahum Sokolow, who was the second signatory, recited the benediction of Shehiyonu, whereupon the non-Zionists were called.

Constitution Adopted Unanimously

Before the signatures were affixed, the final text of the Jewish Agency constitution, long the subject of negotiation, was adopted unanimously.

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WARBURG, WEIZMANN AND LIPSKY COMMENT ON AGENCY CONSUMMATION

Fixed Basis for Uplimbing Work Needed, Morrison Says

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Zurich, Aug. 15—"For the first time in two thousand years, the largest number of leading Jews have united in the work for Palestine," declared Dr. Chaim Weizmann in an interview with the correspondent of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency immediately on the conclusion of the Jewish Agency Session. "This is a great day. The event has not only an economic importance, but also a moral importance.

"Until now we were a relatively small force," Dr. Weizmann continued. "Now we have allies, and I hope that soon there won't be a division between Zionists and non-Zionists. We know and understand each other. A real sympathy exists between both groups, and this is the best guarantee for success.

"I will inform the British government of the result of this session and convince her that the Jews are ready to fulfill their duty with full force and we expect the Mandatory Power to carry out the Mandate in spirit and letter.

"What we shall create as a work of peace will be harmful to nobody and an honor to Jewry and contribution to the culture of mankind," Dr. Weizmann declared.

Felix M. Warburg said: "We do not wish to introduce new lines of procedure. We wish to learn as much as possible from our masters and gain more friends for this cause. I particularly desire not to permit a wrong impression to go about. We wish no infringement upon the rights of the other part of the population of Palestine. They will only benefit by our work as in the past. Every inch of soil we acquired or will acquire will also advance the interests of our neighbors and it should be like that. If Palestine was made safe against malaria it benefits the Jews and non-Jews alike.

"We look forward with pleasure to working with our new colleagues, and I hope that later somebody will fill my position, which was undeservedly given me. We shall follow the principle, as in the United States, that nobody occupies a position of leadership in a movement without training a successor. This should be easy in my case," he said.

Replying to a question, Mr. Warburg stated that the Joint Distribution Committee will continue its work in all other countries as heretofore.

"There were two streams in the Jewish world, one desperately attempting to maintain Jewish life in the Golith, the other engaged in the recreation and the establishment of a fixed center," Louis Lipsky said, summing up the result of the Agency meeting. "The first stream possessed calmness, patience and deliberation; the second was adventurous and reckless, bearing the signs of disorder pre-

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ENTHUSIASM MARKS CONCLUSION OF AGENCY COUNCIL SESSIONS

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when Louis Marshall put it to a vote in the American parliamentary manner, calling for ayes and nays. A fervent "Aye" resounded throughout the hall, since, to everybody's knowledge, all outstanding difficulties in connection with the constitution were settled in the committee during the preceding night.

Amendments Agreed Upon

Among the amendments agreed upon is one calling for the inclusion in the constitution of a clause making it a part of the program of the Jewish Agency for Palestine to care for the satisfaction of the religious needs of the Jewish population, without infringement upon the freedom of conscience. Another amendment fixes the term of office of the delegates to the Council, Zionists and non-Zionists, at two years.

During the reading of the constitution, Mr. Marshall commented on various points. Concerning the dissolution clause, he declared that "We dislike talking of dissolution before the Agency is born. It is like attaching a divorce clause to a marriage certificate.

"No constitution was more carefully considered. The negotiations have been very difficult, because the two sides were on opposite sides of the ocean. Since arriving here we have been working day and night. Outstanding lawyers, much experienced, were doing everything to make the document as perfect as possible, although we know that a perfect constitution does not exist," he said.

Weizmann Pays Tribute to Marshall

Dr. Weizmann paid tribute to Mr. Marshall as the man with whom he started the negotiations for the Jewish Agency seven years ago. "He presided fairly and ably at this session of the Council," Dr. Weizmann said, presenting Mr. Marshall with an album of Palestine pictures, expressing the hope that he will come to Palestine to see the country.

Thanks for Being Enabled to Share in Work

Mr. Marshall, responding to Dr. Weizmann, and addressing himself to the assembly: "My friends, and now we are friends," thanked the Zionist Executive and especially Dr. Weizmann whose presence in the United States enabled the non-Zionist Jews of America to share in the work. "I appreciate the gift. I have always felt in my soul the spirit of Palestine. Unity among the warring elements of Israel was accomplished. We reached a mutual understanding on the basis of concessions and in an effort to bring about the great thing we have in mind. You made it possible to do this work speedily and, I hope, well," Mr. Marshall said.

At the motion of Dr. Chaim Weizmann, Dr. Leonard Stein, political secretary of the Zionist Organization, was elected honorary counsel of the Jewish

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

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days each, with an additional day to complete the year, would eventually prove advantageous rather than the contrary in so far as the work of the general accounting office is concerned. It is not understood that there is desired any expression at this time by this office as to the merits of any other plan or method of simplification of the calendar."

Jewish bodies opposing the proposed blank day calendar advocated by the National Committee on Calendar Simplification were evidently caught napping in connection with the report that committee made public, it was pointed out here in quarters interested in the calendar reform question. Acceptance of the report by the State Department as its answer to the questionnaire of the League of Nations regarding calendar reform in effect places the American government's stamp of approval on this report, which strongly favors the blank day plan, so long and vigorously espoused by George Eastman of Rochester, Chairman of the Committee. Curiosity was expressed here whether any of the Jewish bodies interested in this question made any representations to the State Department prior to the issuance of the report with the object of at least causing a declaration by the State Department freeing itself of any commitment to the blank day plan. It is pointed out that it is not yet too late for representations to be made to the State Department with this end in view in order that the impression may not be given to the world that the United States government is backing the blank day plan.

Agency in recognition of his devoted work in the drafting of the constitution.

The delegates, unable to restrain themselves, rushed to the platform, to shake the hands and embrace the leaders, especially Dr. Weizmann, Mr. Sokolow, Mr. Marshall, Mr. Warburg, Louis Lipsky and others.

In his telegram read at the meeting accepting the post of honorary president, Baron Edmund de Rothschild expressed his hope that "with the aid of God great accomplishments will be made in the upbuilding of Jewish Palestine."

The entire praesidium of the session was seated on the platform during the signing of the pact, among them Deputy H. Farbstein, Dr. Lee K. Frankel, Oscar Wasserstein, Dr. Leo Motzkin, Oscar Gruzenberg, Nahum Sokolow, Louis Marshall, Dr. Weizmann, Prof. Albert Einstein, Felix M. Warburg, M. M. Ussishkin, David Ben Gurion, and Dr. Chaim Arlosoroff. Immediately behind them were seated the members of the Zionist Executive.

His face shining happily, a sixteen-year old Zionist youth of Vienna, blotted the signatures of the Jewish leaders as, one by one, they signed the pact. The session was concluded with the singing of the "Hatikvah."

WARBURG, WEIZMANN AND LIPSKY COMMENT ON AGENCY CONSUMMATION

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ceding creation. At the first Agency Council meeting both streams attempted to merge. The colors are still distinct, the several temperaments discernible, but both are convinced that in order to establish the center, the complementary effects of both are needed. Undoubtedly the colors will eventually fuse and ultimately a common ideal and a united purpose will emerge.

"A great deal of credit is due to the patience and forbearance of the non-Zionists, who contributed greatly to this fusion," Mr. Lipsky declared.

Isidore D. Morrison, veteran Zionist leader in the United States who recently contributed \$100,000 for an ophthalmic hospital at the Hebrew University, when interviewed in New York stated:

"The consummation of the enlarged Jewish Agency calls for congratulation to Palestine, to Jewry as a whole and particularly to these indefatigable statesmen, Dr. Chaim Weizmann and Louis Marshall.

"Whether the Agency will be able to coordinate the various elements interested in Palestine upbuilding only time can tell, but at least a beginning has been made to put this vast project on a common sense basis. The Agency will have to bear in mind that intensive campaigns cannot go on indefinitely and that a fixed basis for the upbuilding work must be found."

LITHUANIAN LEGATION IN PARIS DENIES ANTI-JEWISH EXCESSES IN KOVNO

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Slobodka riots had no connection whatsoever with the demonstration in Schanz.

Another report from Lithuania states that the official denial issued by the Lithuanian government caused great amazement among Lithuanian Jewry, not being able to understand how the government can deny abroad facts so well known in the country, giving the impression that the Fascist pogrom is officially encouraged and covered up.

BRITISH POLICE STAND GUARD AT WAILING WALL AS JEWS MAKE TISHA B'AB PILGRIMAGE

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Chief Rabbi promised to do everything in his power.

"At the same time a Jewish demonstration to assert the right of the Jews to unmolested and unhampered worship at the Wall was held in Tel Aviv, the all-Jewish Palestine city. The demonstration proceeded peacefully to the Tel Aviv Town Hall.

Henry M. Hyams died at his home in Brookline, Mass., on Tuesday. His interests in Jewish movements was marked by generous donations to many charities.

If you are pleased with the "Jewish Daily Bulletin" tell your friends to subscribe.