

FELIX M. WARBURG AND LORD MELCHETT CONTRIBUTE HALF MILLION DOLLARS EACH FOR PALESTINE WORK

Louis Marshall Chosen President of Jewish Agency Council Session; Settlement of 100,000 Jews During Next Five Years to be Agency's Task, Weizmann Proposes; \$15,000,000 Palestine Finance Corporation Planned to Put Colonization on Business Basis; Warburg, Frankel and Kisch Address Second Session; Communities Throughout World Greet Distinguished Gathering

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Zurich, Aug. 12—An amount of \$1,000,000 toward the Palestine reconstruction work, under the provisions of the Palestine Mandate for the establishment of a Jewish National Home there, was placed at the disposal of the newly created Council of the Jewish Agency for Palestine, at its second session here, which was opened this morning.

Felix M. Warburg of New York, and Lord Melchett of London, subscribed \$500,000 each towards a Palestine finance corporation, through which the Jewish Agency is to carry on its upbuilding work. Announcement of these subscriptions was made this morning by Dr. Lee K. Frankel, vice-president of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York, who is one of the 44 American non-Zionist delegates attending the session. Dr. Frankel stated in his report that the finance corporation would require an amount exceeding \$15,000,000 to place the Palestine work on a purely business basis, instead of the philanthropic character it had until now. Dr. Frankel urged the acquisition of a great land reserve and an intensive industrial development, especially in the fields of the textile and orange industries.

The Zionist and non-Zionist delegates enthusiastically welcomed the announcement of Mr. Warburg's and Lord Melchett's subscriptions, which came as a surprise to the assembly.

At the first business session of the Jewish Agency Council this morning, Louis Marshall, leader of the American delegation, was unanimously chosen president of the session, at the suggestion of Dr. Chaim Weizmann, president of the World Zionist Organization. Lord Melchett was chosen vice-president. Twelve other members of the praesidium were elected, representing the various groups composing the conference.

Upon assuming the gavel, Mr. Marshall gave the floor to Dr. Weizmann to present a report on the Jewish Agency's program of work for the next five years.

Wants 20,000 Immigrants Annually

The immigration and settlement on land and in the cities of 100,000 Jewish immigrants during the next five years, at the rate of 20,000 per year, was the task outlined to the Council of the Jewish Agency by Dr. Weizmann. One thousand families are to be settled on the land and 2,000 helped to absorption in the industries and in other branches of work annually. "Were this goal achieved by the Jewish Agency, all Jews and myself would regard it as a great achievement. The next five years ought to bring at least similar results," Dr. Weizmann said.

Formulates Demands to Britain

The president of the Zionist Orga-

nization stated that he fully shares the views expressed at the opening session by Lord Melchett in regard to the attitude of the British government.

"We are entitled to much more than we received. I will propose to the Council at the close of the session a number of demands with which the extended Jewish Agency ought to come to the Mandatory Power. These will include a decision concerning the state lands of Beisan, and I am confident that a firmer attitude of the Jewish Agency toward the Mandatory will bring more concrete results," he said.

Basing the program on the recommendation of the Joint Palestine Survey Commission, Dr. Weizmann pointed out five lines along which the Jewish Agency is to carry on its work. The first is to secure a more full co-operation on the part of the Mandatory Power; the second, to secure a speedy completion of the land survey now being carried on by the Palestine government, so that the Jews may receive the state lands to which they are entitled; third, the creation through purchase of an extensive land reserve; fourth, compact Jewish settlement of the land through a comprehensive colonization system; fifth, the adoption of a colonization program for the next five years.

Dr. Weizmann emphasized that in
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JEWISH UNION FOR PALESTINE CONSUMMATED AT FIRST MEETING OF AGENCY COUNCIL IN ZURICH

Community Leaders from Four Continents Attend Most Distinguished Jewish Gathering in 1,000 Years; Weizmann Opens Historic Assembly Marking Beginning of Partnership Between Zionists and Non-Zionists; "Let Us Be of One Spirit," Marshall Urges; Einstein, Melchett, Samuel, Warburg, Blum, Asch, Sokolow, Ussishkin, Rabbi Lipschitz and Uziel, Sound Unity Keynote

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Zurich, Aug. 12—East and West, long separated in Jewish life on the question of Palestine, were brought together at the first meeting of the Council of the Jewish Agency for Palestine, which was opened here Sunday afternoon, six hours after the Sixteenth Zionist Biennial Congress, which ratified the compact between the Zionists and non-Zionists, adjourned its sessions. The assembly, which represented the most distinguished Jewish gathering in a millennium, included delegates from Jewish communities on four continents. Leading statesmen, bankers, philanthropists, veteran Zionist leaders, writers and poets, mingled with humble farm workers from the new Jewish settle-

ments in the Valley of Jezreel, Palestine.

The Zurich Town Hall was crowded to capacity by an audience in which the sounds of twenty languages were heard, when Dr. Chaim Weizmann, president of the World Zionist Organization and prime mover of the Jewish Agency extension plan, called the meeting to order. Hebrew, English, German, French and Yiddish were the languages in which the opening addresses were delivered. The speakers included Dr. Albert Einstein, Sir Herbert Samuel, Lord Melchett, Louis Marshall, Felix M. Warburg, Louis Ussishkin, Rabbi Ezekiel Lipschitz, Poland; Rabbi Ben Zion Uziel, Tel

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JEWISH UNION FOR PALESTINE CONSUMMATED AT FIRST MEETING OF JEWISH AGENCY COUNCIL IN ZURICH

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Aviv, Palestine; Leon Blum, French Socialist leader; O. E. D'Avigdor Goldsmid, president of the Board of Jewish Deputies of London; Oscar Wassermann, director of the Deutsche Bank, Berlin; Nahum Sokolow and Sholom Asch.

Swiss Government and League of Nations Extend Greetings

The gathering was welcomed on behalf of the Swiss government by Minister Benitherk. Mr. Dreyfus-Brodsky, president of the Union of Swiss Jewish Communities, brought greetings from Swiss Jewry.

A member of the Secretariat of the League of Nations read the following message from Sir Eric Drummond, who is now absent from Geneva: "An event such as that of today when, as a result of negotiations which have taken place during the last few years, it is possible to hold the first meeting of the enlarged Jewish Agency, cannot be but of interest to the League of Nations. It is true that the matter comes under the Mandate and therefore entertains direct relations only with the Mandatory Power, but the Jewish Agency is exclusively mentioned in the Palestine Mandate as an advisory to and collaborator with the Mandatory administration in matters affecting the establishment of the Jewish National Home and the interests of the Jewish population of Palestine. The Palestine Mandate recognizes the principle of the establishment of the Jewish National Home in the country. It seems evident that the steps now being taken to put the Agency, and thereby the efforts to carry out the ideals of Zionism, on a larger basis, cannot but be favorable to the accomplishment of the aims laid down in the Mandate. I sincerely hope that this may prove to be the case and today's event will always be regarded as a happy one in the interests of both Palestine and the Jewish people in all parts of the world."

Assembly Cheers Famous Jewish Leaders

The tone of enthusiasm for the new Jewish unity on Palestine was set when the colorful and varied assembly roared a unanimous welcome to Dr. Chaim Weizmann when he entered the hall a few minutes after three o'clock, together with Dr. Albert Einstein, Sir Herbert Samuel, Louis Marshall, Lord Melchett, Felix M. Warburg, Max Warburg and Oscar Wassermann.

There was a marked difference in the appearances of the two parts composing the gathering. The Zionists who, six hours earlier, had concluded their Sixteenth Zionist Congress after a twelve-hour session throughout the night, culminating two weeks' proceedings, appeared exhausted, while those described as non-Zionists, just arriving, appeared physically fresh and

prepared for the new tasks of the Council sessions.

"Let Us Be of One Spirit" Despite Differences, Marshall Says

The pivotal point of the proceedings was the address of Louis Marshall, president of the American Jewish Committee, who, together with Dr. Weizmann, was mainly instrumental in bringing about the unity between the Zionists and non-Zionists for the Palestine work. The leader of the American delegation, constituting the largest single delegation in the assembly of representatives from 21 countries, was given a rousing ovation when he ascended the platform following the address in Hebrew of Rabbi Ben Zion Uziel.

Addressing himself to "Dr. Weizmann, brothers and sisters," the leader of the American non-Zionists stated:

"This is the most extraordinary meeting I have ever attended. Jews from four continents came together as Zionists and as non-Zionists. In spite of our differing ideas and ideals, the result of this union will be a rebuilt Palestine, without anyone being asked to sacrifice his conscience or his principle," Mr. Marshall said, turning to the Zionists, among whom there was apprehension for their Zionist principles as a result of their pact with the non-Zionists.

"Everything depends on how the problem will be approached," Mr. Marshall continued. "It is not necessary to make an inventory of our difficulties, but rather to find a point on which we agree. I trust the good sense of the Jewish people that we will find a way of agreement. The misgivings are due to the fact that we are not known one to another. The time for dreaming is over—not the time for ideals is over, but for dreams. Talk is valuable at times, but work is always valuable," he said.

"Not Money Bags"; American Jews Have Done and Will Do Duty

"We American Jews are unknown to you," Mr. Marshall continued. "Our traditions and habits differ. The idea prevails among some of you that Americans are 'money bags.' We are not 'money bags.' We are flesh and blood. We are Jews—Jews who respond to every cause in Judaism. We have done our duty to our brethren in eastern Europe; we will continue to do so. We have done our duty to Palestine and will continue to do so, if you will let us. We feel confident that you will let us."

Mr. Marshall paid tribute to Dr. Weizmann stating that "we have been united through Dr. Weizmann's statesmanship" and indicated that the non-Zionists find no difficulty because of the amendments to the Jewish Agency constitution enacted by the Zionist Congress, sponsored by the Mizrahi, for greater consideration by the Jewish Agency of the religious needs in the Palestine settlements and for a greater religious education in the Palestine schools. Mr. Marshall concluded,

exclaiming: "We have one God, we are one people, let us be of one spirit!"

Weizmann in Opening Address Envoies All-Jewish Union for Palestine

Dr. Weizmann, who called the meeting to order and delivered the opening address, started in Hebrew, proceeded to English and concluded in German.

"In this solemn moment it is fitting that my first words be uttered in the language which forms a precious part of our historic heritage. The task of the Jewish Agency will be to preserve and enrich the heritage of the past generations and to establish the Jewish National Home on sound foundations. We are drawn together by our pride in our common tradition. We are met to dedicate ourselves to the service of a common ideal. The road before us is a long and arduous one, but we are resolved to follow it without faltering until it brings us to our goal," Dr. Weizmann said in Hebrew.

"In behalf of the Zionist Organization, I feel honored to extend a cordial welcome to our friends and colleagues from far and near who came here to participate in the inaugural meeting of the Council of the Jewish Agency for Palestine," Dr. Weizmann continued in English.

"In doing so I recall with deep appreciation the labors of those who, together with the Zionist Executive, have taken the lead in the movement which brought us together. Large as is the number of the Jewish communities already represented in the Council, it is not yet complete. It goes without saying that the doors remain open. I know the Council will agree with me when I say that there is not a Jewish community, great or small, to which suitable representation has not been gladly accorded. Our one desire is that in and through the Jewish Agency for Palestine, all Jews who respond to the call of Palestine shall have an opportunity to play their part in the reconstruction work. The task to which we dedicate ourselves today is not a monopoly of any section of Jewry. It is a common privilege and a common responsibility of Jewry as a whole.

"The Zionist Organization, which has so long borne the heat and the burden of the day, has never ceased to hope for a union of constructive forces of which the Jewish Agency for Palestine will henceforth be the symbol and the instrument. There is not one among us who is not deeply conscious of the lofty responsibility which we are about to assume here. I earnestly trust that the labors of the Council will redound to the lasting advantage of the Jewish people and to the honor of the Jewish name," Dr. Weizmann said.

Wilson, Originator of Mandate System, Under Which Palestine Administered

Dr. Weizmann then proceeded to sketch the legal international basis for the Jewish Agency as provided for in

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LORD MELCHETT VOICES JEWS' DISAPPOINTMENT AT SLOW PROGRESS OF PALESTINE RECONSTRUCTION WORK

Full Weight of Agency Under Mandate Not Exercised Under Any British Government or High Commissioner, He Says; Cause of Palestine Safe with British, Sir Herbert Samuel Says; Einstein, Warburg, Rabbi Lipschitz, Ussishkin and Others State Views

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Zurich, Aug. 12.—A vigorous note, voicing disappointment at the attitude of the Mandatory Power, was sounded by Lord Melchett, British Zionist, when he, following Sir Herbert Samuel, former High Commissioner of Palestine, addressed the Jewish Agency constitution meeting here Sunday afternoon.

Besides Dr. Weizmann and Mr. Marshall, the opening session was devoted to the addresses of outstanding Jewish leaders throughout the world.

Lord Melchett disagreed with the view expressed by Sir Herbert who declared that "the cause of Palestine is safe with the British government."

"It is a great disappointment to me that under no government and under no High Commissioner were we able to exercise the full weight which the Palestine Mandate provides for the Jewish Agency," Lord Melchett stated. "The political position requires eternal vigilance," he added.

"I am glad to be present at the foundation of the Agency. I believe we ought to take stock of our situation. I hope that the Jewish Agency will make vigilance of the political situation more possible. If Palestine were an empty country, the only question that would have to be solved would be that of money and immigration. But there is more to it. I am confident that the Jewish people can and will succeed.

"From Basle to Zurich and from Herzl's book, 'Judenstaat,' to a reality, to the possibility of recreating Eretz Israel was not a chance but a miracle, but I hope that the Great God who is watching over us will guide us and help us with the strength which maintained us from before the Temple days up to the time of the Balfour Declaration," Lord Melchett stated.

Lord Melchett expressed his regret at the division of the ranks of the Zionists into Left, Right and Center groups, where "united hands for the upbuilding of Palestine are required." He stated he hoped that the Jewish Agency will "make us more powerful."

All Jews Must Enter Agency, Sir Herbert Samuel

"Not only some Jews but all Jews are necessary for the rebuilding of Palestine," stated Sir Herbert Samuel, former High Commissioner of Palestine. "It was for this reason that Article IV was inserted in the Mandate. Today, this Agency has been born. For the first time representatives of the entire Jewish people, the world over have gathered, more numerous than ever before. Let us pay tribute

to the work of the Zionist Organization," he said.

Z. O. Will Not Lose Strength

"The Zionist Organization will not lose its strength," Sir Herbert continued. "It will rather double its strength. It will not lose its identity, but retain its Congress, its problems, its crises. (Laughter). What ought to be guarded against is that Zionism should not become bureaucratized. When you do that you kill it. We are grateful for the spirit of sacrifice which the Zionist Organization is able to invoke in the Jewish masses. The Zionist Organization has proven to profess reason in offering fifty per cent of the seats on the Jewish Agency Council to the non-Zionists. However, the president of the Zionist Organization must remain the president of the Jewish Agency. When we remember that it is Weizmann who is the president of the Zionist Organization, no other course is conceivable," he said.

Lauds American Jews' Generosity

The former High Commissioner of Palestine then paid special tribute to the generosity of American Jews for the Palestine cause, to Lord Balfour and to Lord Melchett. Continuing, he said: "The position in Palestine is good. The economic depression is over. The political position, although difficult, is not formidable. The cause of Palestine is safe with the British government. I am certain that all difficulties will be overcome, although it is said that where there are three Jews there usually are to be found four opinions. Those entrusted with the work for the Agency will feel their great responsibility. They are makers of history whose names will go down into the annals with praise or reproach, depending on how they will fulfill their task. A hundred thousand Jews who entered Palestine during the last ten years will watch them," he said.

Einstein Pays Tribute to Herzl, Lauds Weizmann

Prof. Albert Einstein, who was given a tremendous ovation by the assembly, declared that August 11 will be a great day in the annals of the modern Jews. A new era is dawning, he said, launching a glowing tribute to the memory of Dr. Theodore Herzl. At the mention of Dr. Herzl's name all Zionists in the assembly rose, followed by the others. "The Jewish people before Herzl were atoms. He brought them together. Herzl possessed a rare political instinct. He inaugurated this work when it was enormously difficult, when it seemed impossible and it was opposed by everybody. Today, we witness the triumph of this work. It was followed by our great leader, Weizmann, from whose work in the

Agency much may be expected," Prof. Einstein declared.

Palestine Rabbi Speaks of Wailing Wall Happenings

Rabbi Ben Zion Uziel, Rabbi of the Sephardic community of Tel Aviv, after welcoming the inauguration meeting, described in strong terms the recent occurrences at the Wailing Wall, voicing a vigorous protest.

Warburg Relates Negotiations; "Do Not Want Small Ruling Class"

Felix M. Warburg, who devoted a part of his address to a description of the negotiations between the leaders of the Zionist Organization and the American non-Zionists, paid tribute to the work, devotion, patience and understanding of Louis Marshall, and the broad-minded attitude of Dr. Weizmann, Col. Kisch and the other Zionist leaders with whom negotiations were conducted.

Innumerable conferences between Mr. Marshall and the non-Zionist Committee of Seven, together with a similar Zionist committee, were held. The final meeting took place at Mr. Warburg's house on February 22, 1929, when Mr. Marshall and Mr. Warburg, as chairman of the non-Zionist Committee of Seven, were empowered to work out the future details. Col. Kisch and Morris Rothenberg, on one side, and Mr. Marshall and Mr. Warburg on the other side, continued with great patience to straighten out the points on which there was not a complete agreement. "All I wish to report at the present time is that I appreciate tremendously Mr. Marshall's work, devotion, patience and understanding and Dr. Weizmann's and Col. Kisch's broad-minded attitude," he said.

"We are endeavoring to put our shoulders to the wheel, to bring into Palestine a genuine, sound business management, together with the prevailing idealism of such extraordinary degree, in order to stabilize the progress which we all hope the country will make in a natural way. Nobody wants an eruption of enthusiasm which will die out, but we hope that every inch of that small but beautiful country called Palestine will do its share, that every man, woman and child interested in Palestine will try to improve conditions, disregarding the many little vanities to which human beings are prone.

Palestine Urge Is Tremendous

"The urge of Palestine is tremendous. Whoever has been there must feel it in his bones, he must feel in his heart the love of the soil. Every blade of grass, every growing flower, every orange produced in perfect form, will add to the esprit de corps and

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JAMES MARSHALL CONFERS WITH SOVIET LEADERS AFTER VISIT TO JEWISH COLONIES

Soviet President Visualizes Bidjan as
Future Jewish State

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Aug. 12.—The Soviet Government's view of Jewish conditions in Russia was presented today to James Marshall, son of Louis Marshall, who is making a tour of Russia. Mr. Marshall will leave for the United States next week. He intends to join his father in Paris.

In a conversation, which lasted an hour, M. Kalinin, President of the Soviet Republic, described Jewish conditions to Mr. Marshall, laying particular emphasis on the Bira-Bidjan project. The Jews, he said, satisfy themselves with very little, requiring only a means for a livelihood, while he thinks they ought to increase their national cultural demands. To meet the all-around Jewish demands the Bira-Bidjan idea was originated, Mr. Kalinin stated, adding that Bira-Bidjan is the only place where the Jews can develop not only economically but as a nation with an independent culture. In other places in Russia where Jewish colonization is conducted, this is impossible, he said, because other nationalities reside there. The Bidjan project is a guaranteed success if foreign funds and technical aid will be invested there, he continued.

Mr. Kalinin invited Mr. Marshall to visit Bidjan and become acquainted with the possibilities for the planned Jewish republic there.

Peter Smidovitch, Vice-President of the Soviet Union, in a two hour interview, explained many details to Mr. Marshall with regard to Jewish colonization and industrialization.

Mr. Marshall also spoke with A. Merezhin, leader of the Ozet, who also dwelt chiefly upon the Bidjan project.

Following the interview, Mr. Marshall stated to the correspondent of

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J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

Racial Discrimination Charged at County Tuberculosis Sanatorium

By J. D. B. Correspondents

Newark, N. J., Aug. 12.—The Board of Chosen Freeholders, which governs all public institutions in Essex County, will meet in special session this week, to consider action on alleged intolerable conditions, among them discrimination against Jewish patients at the Essex Mountain Sanatorium in Verona, the county institution for tubercular persons.

The county hearing will come as a result of the stir created in this city during the past several days, when County Supervisor Ernest Reed, in a communication to Director Hines of the Board of Freeholders, demanded action and a clean-up of alleged administration irregularities, including racial discrimination.

As concerns the latter, the county supervisor revealed that charges of unfairness had been made by Jewish patients, who declared they were forced to leave the institution because they were "persecuted" until they could "neither sleep nor rest in comfort."

Mr. Reed declared he first received complaints of discrimination against Jewish patients from the Newark Board of Health. He obtained several statements from complainants, one of whom was a woman. She declared she was placed in Ward No. 2 at the sanatorium, where other patients continually harassed her because of her religion. One woman, she said, told her "all Jews should die."

A man patient informed the county supervisor that he had been similarly harassed and served with poor food. This same patient also told of an incident where a colored man once attacked him, grabbing him by the throat. A physician who interceded, he said, told him he would have to go home and, accordingly, he finally left the institution.

Dr. Byron M. Harman, superintendent of the institution, in a letter to Mrs. Elizabeth A. Harris, chairman of the Board of Freeholders committee on the sanitarium, denied that Jewish patients had been victims of racial discrimination. Dr. Harman included a statement to this effect in a formal reply to Mr. Reed's demand for action in terminating alleged intolerable conditions at the sanitarium. Dr. Harman recently was dismissed from his post by Mr. Reed, following a trial before the county supervisor on charges involving neglect of duty. The superintendent appealed his dismissal, is now serving without pay, and the case is pending for decision in the State Supreme Court. Meanwhile, the superintendent asked for greater authority in dismissal of staff employees at the sanitarium. This brought the counter-demand from Mr. Reed for a cleanup of alleged conditions regardless of personalities or politics.

Inference of racial discrimination,

Dr. Harman stated in his letter to Mrs. Harris, is "unfair and unjust," in so far as he had personal knowledge. He added:

"Since I have been superintendent the service rendered by me and the staff has been without any discrimination by reason of race, color, creed or religion and such a condition would not be tolerated by me for one moment."

"The only exception I know of was a complaint made to the supervisor and with which he is entirely familiar and which originated by the teasing of a certain patient by other patients under treatment and had nothing whatever to do with any member of the staff of the sanatorium. The day following the episode mentioned Dr. Bennet, first assistant physician, heard of the incident and immediately investigated and reprimanded those who took part in this prank. Apparently, a complaint was made by the patient or by a relative of the patient, because at a subsequent date Supervisor Reed gave the chairman of the Verona committee a statement which she immediately placed in my hands and we immediately had an inquiry."

"As members of the committee making the inquiry we had Dr. E. Edward Gluckman, president of the supervisory and consulting staff; Freeholder Lindeman, Supervisor Reed, the chairman, and myself. The first meeting was attended by the chairman, Dr. Gluckman and myself and thereafter a meeting was held which was attended by the chairman, Freeholder Lindeman and myself and it was the unanimous decision of those connected with the inquiry that there was nothing of serious import. Supervisor Reed did not attend any of the meetings of this investigating committee, but the chairman wrote him on July 15, 1929, as follows:

"In enclose information which explains itself. Mr. Lindeman tells me there is nothing to it but gossip."

Dr. Gluckman and Freeholder Lindeman are Jews.

The charges and counter-charges that have been hurled about in this case, have taken on special significance in view of the fact that the Freeholders are now proceeding with the erection of new sanatorium buildings to cost the taxpayers of the county \$3,000,000, and such a proceeding, of course, requires the advice and cooperation of the superintendent.

As concerns the proposed hearing by the Freeholders, Mr. Reed is quoted as follows:

"Of course any one making an investigation now into my charges would find that conditions at the sanatorium at this moment are practically ideal. The kitchens and wards have been cleaned up, there is no sign of any fighting between patients and as all of

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LORD MELCHETT VOICES JEWS' DISAPPOINTMENT AT SLOW PROGRESS OF PALESTINE RECONSTRUCTION WORK

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strengthen the desire to work shoulder to shoulder and hand in hand. This will tend to produce a unified and strong Jewry in Palestine. The Hebrew language has done wonders, but still more could be done to work out a common basis in education and, sooner or later, to evolve a method of cooperation in the many ways of educating the growing generation. All little congregations should come together by and by and form the most beautiful and the most perfect world congregation," he said.

"Our interest in joining this movement was to strengthen and to unify our forces, to subordinate our wishes to the wishes of the larger number. We do not desire to create a small ruling class. Every one of those who is entrusted with positions of importance will be glad to prepare someone else, who may take his place a short while later, in rotation. The more people who work for Palestine, the more people become acquainted with its problems and their solutions. The happier the future, the sooner will be the feeling of a healthy democracy which will be developed.

"The problem of reaching this unification was to prepare the ground through working out the constitution of the Jewish Agency. The task, while not easy, was made pleasant by the splendid people who collaborated in its fulfillment," he said.

Mr. Warburg, at the conclusion of his address, expressed thanks for the confidence shown and cooperation extended. He expressed appreciation to those with whom he has come into contact. In conclusion he stated that he hoped that "the fond expectations which many of us harbor by this time will come true to the satisfaction of our children and our grandchildren. We hope that Palestine's word of greeting, 'Shalom' (peace), will become the watchword throughout the country. However, placid peace can prevail only if we show consideration to our neighbors of other states who have their own attachments, their own reverences and their own rights of property in Palestine, and whose feelings must be considered as carefully as our own. From them we naturally expect a similar spirit of friendly understanding."

Credentials Committee of Five Appointed

A credentials committee of five was appointed by Dr. Weizmann at the first session. It is composed of Dr. Cyrus Adler, Philadelphia; Max Shulman, Chicago; S. Gronemann, Berlin; Nathan Laski, London, and Berl Locker, Poale Zionists.

Ussishkin Arouses Assembly's Enthusiasm, Praises Weizmann

M. M. Ussishkin, head of the Jewish National Fund veteran Zionist leader since the days of Herzl, stirred the assembly to enthusiasm when he turned to the non-Zionists recounting what the Zionists had brought into the

partnership. "We bring to this meeting the Balfour Declaration, the Palestine Mandate, one hundred Jewish colonies in Palestine, a revived Hebrew language, and the Hebrew University. We want you to build on this foundation."

Mr. Ussishkin who was not scheduled as a speaker on the original program, substituting Chaim Nachman Bialik, gave unstinted praise to Dr. Weizmann as the creator of the Jewish Agency. The applause became deafening when he exclaimed: "We brought these things to you because we must increase the tempo of our work until Palestine stops being Palestine and becomes Eretz Israel."

Palestine No Luxury to Polish Jewry, Sholom Asch

Sholom Asch, the famous Yiddish novelist, who declared that he represents at the Agency Council "the poverty of Poland," stated that to whomsoever Palestine may be a spiritual luxury, to the Jews of Poland it is a bitter necessity.

"With hungry eyes they pray to us to give them stable ground under their feet. The president (Dr. Weizmann) asked several years ago: 'Jewish people, where are ye?' Today's assembly brought the reply from the four corners of the earth. Not only the Jewish people of the present generation are assembled here, but all the generations whose martyrs we again sanctify through our present deeds. Only Eretz Israel had the power to gather all Jews into this historic conference. The aim of this conference must be not only to rebuild Palestine but to build the Jewish people through Palestine."

Mr. Asch concurred his address by quoting the Bible: "'Cleanse our hearts to serve you.' This phrase is included not only in our prayers but in the Chaluzim songs in resurrected Palestine. Let us forget our party differences, but remember the poor Jewish masses and the wasted Palestine which longs for cultivation."

Dean of Polish Rabbis Blesses Assembly

Rabbi Ezekiel Lipschitz of Kalisch, Poland, president of the Federation of Polish Rabbis, patriarchal in appearance, expressed his confidence in the successful development of the Agency's work. He blessed the assembly and stated that "one language, one people, one spirit" must be the slogan.

Socialist International Interested in Palestine

Leon Blum, French Socialist leader, and one of the moving spirits in the Second Socialist International, stated in his address, in French, that the reconstruction of Palestine needed not only capital but labor as well. It also needs the support of international public opinion. The Socialist International takes a lively interest in the rebuilding of Palestine, he said.

"The presence here of Albert Einstein on one hand and S. Kaplansky

on the other, sitting in together on the question of Palestine, is the greatest tribute to the genius of the Jewish race. I am glad to see here my international friends, the Palestine workers. This evokes the admiration not only of the Jewish world but of mankind," M. Blum said, adding that he was proud of being a member of the Jewish race.

Jews in England Will Support Agency

Mr. D'Avigdor Goldsmid, president of the Board of Jewish Deputies in England, stated that the Jewish masses of Great Britain are in sympathy with the aims of the Jewish Agency. The unanimity of the decision by the Board of Deputies was an indication of the feeling of responsibility toward Palestine.

Unity Greatest Need—Oscar Wassermann

Oscar Wassermann stated that some non-Zionists bring to the Palestine work a better understanding than some Zionists. "What we need most in Palestine is unity. Not capital alone is essential, but the political and moral unity are possible when there is youth and enthusiasm. We will not do anything which will repel the youth. Our work will be for the Yishub, with the Yishub and not against it or above it," he said.

Audience Bursts Into "Hatikvah" After Sokolow Address

The Zionist and non-Zionist audience burst into the singing of the Zionist hymn "Hatikvah" when the first session closed, following the address of Nahum Sokolow. He expressed praise of the "Zionist speeches of the non-Zionists. They might have been delivered at the Zionist Congress," he said. "We are going from strength to strength, uniting under the Herzl banner for Eretz Israel, not against Herzl but with Herzl. We bring with us a great dowry, the Herzl symbol. Palestine was always there. It is perhaps premature to declare already August 11 as an historic day, but the hope is justified that today will be remembered in history as a day on which Jewry united under the flag of Eretz Israel," he said.

TURKISH JEWS BARRED FROM SHIPPING WORKS (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Constantinople, Aug. 12—Jews hitherto regularly employed as shipping clerks have been barred from continuing their employment. Upon coming to their regular posts, the Jews who are Turkish subjects, were prevented from entering by the police who informed them that in the future only Moslem Turks will be employed in any shipping works.

Under the Turkish Constitution religious discrimination between Turkish subjects is not permissible. It is understood that the prohibition also extends against Greeks.

FELIX M. WARBURG AND LORD MELCHETT GIVE HALF MILLION DOLLARS EACH FOR PALESTINE WORK

(Continued from Page 1)

furthering Jewish immigration to Palestine, both Jewish workers and those possessing means are to be given consideration. The Jewish workers' settlements are to be situated near the older and already established colonies so that the workers may not be entirely dependent on wages. This will also remove the rivalry of wages between the Jewish and Arab workers.

Dr. Weizmann offered an apology for tackling a subject which belongs to an expert, declaring that "Tzores (troubles) will teach you many things." The spirit displayed at the first session of the Council augurs well for the future unity and will become a source of joy and pride in Jewish life everywhere, he said.

Palestine Must Emerge from State of Philanthropy

Dr. Frankel, in outlining the program of the contemplated finance corporation for Palestine laid emphasis on the need of Palestine to emerge from the state of philanthropy. "We need a financial corporation capitalized in the amount of \$15,000,000 or more which is to conduct its affairs on pure business principles," he said, announcing the subscriptions of Mr. Warburg and Lord Melchett. "Failing that, the Palestine work would be doomed to a continuation of an opportunist policy. Heretofore an opportunist program was at work. The Zionist Organization depended on the extent of its money raising each year. Such a program does not permit any thinking ahead. It compels the spending of money when it is obtained or running into debt. The Jewish Agency must think ahead, perhaps for a period of ten years. The Zionist Congress adopted a \$1,000,000 budget. The Jewish Agency must think along these terms," he said, receiving the applause of Zionists and non-Zionists alike.

"I take idealism for granted," he continued. "None of us would be here were it not for idealism," he said. "Zionist and non-Zionist efforts must be combined towards creating in Palestine democracy, equality and opportunity, towards developing better social conditions and finer industrial relations as the ideals for which Eretz Israel must stand." The speaker enumerated the acquisition of a land reserve, an intensive industrial development, the exploitation of the Dead Sea and exploration for other minerals, and the development of tourist traffic as the immediate tasks of the Jewish Agency.

Warburg Expects Greater Cooperation from Palestine Government

"We wish to work as much as possible and criticize as little as possible," declared Felix M. Warburg in his address at the Monday morning session of the Jewish Agency Council. The finding of a middle road is necessary, he said. "The Palestine finance corporation which is contemplated must be conducted along the lines of other business enterprises, by a board which

tries its best for the shareholders, without a large apparatus. The business must be conducted calmly without hysterics or indiscretion. We want to employ as many workmen as possible in agriculture and industry and acquire as much land as possible," Mr. Warburg said.

"The workmen must have an opportunity to acquire land. I am in agreement with Dr. Weizmann's proposal that the older colonies be surrounded with Jewish workmen's settlements, giving them a chance to acquire the land. On land which I should own I would wish to have as many Jewish partners as possible," he said.

Speaking on the extent of the Palestine budget which the Jewish Agency is to adopt, Mr. Warburg stated that its extent depends on whether the Palestine government will take over partly such obligations as are the government's. "The government should contribute a certain minimum towards the education and health work, equally distributed among all the Jewish, Arab and Christian institutions in Palestine. Our task would be to supply the additional funds and to improve the standards of our institutions, adapting them to our requirements. The funds which will thus become available, because of the government's contributions to health and educational work, we will be able to use for the development of the Technicum and other institutions."

Col. Kisch Agrees with Melchett's View

Col. Frederick H. Kisch described the vastly improved conditions of security in Palestine owing to measures of the British authorities. A great deal of the work done by the Zionist Executive until now will pass into the hands of the Executive of the enlarged Jewish Agency. He expressed his agreement with the opinion of Lord Melchett. "We are entitled to say to the Mandatory that it takes two to cooperate, one to advise and one to give a willing ear to the advice," he said.

The speaker said he was not afraid that because of the new partnership the social service work in Palestine will suffer. "I know that the so-called non-Zionists share this view. We have not ignored nor neglected private initiative, but the enlarged Agency will have a greater scope. Every Zionist understands that side by side with public development, there must be a maximum of private initiative," he said.

Hungarian Jews Greet Agency Council

Messages of greetings from Jewish communities in many parts of the world continued to pour in, particularly the messages from Kehillahs in Polish towns. Rabbi Emanuel Loew of Hungary, member of the Hungarian Senate, welcomed the Jewish Agency Council on behalf of Hungarian Jewry. Hungarian Jews will cooperate with the Agency Council as they see no conflict between their Hungarian patriot-

RABBI REHABILITATED AS SECRETARY CONFESSES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Aug. 12.—Rabbi Jacob Silberstein, who was held and later released in connection with the charges against Maurice B. Baskin, said to be a United States citizen, of arranging fictitious marriages in order to circumvent the United States quota law, was rehabilitated when his secretary, Rosenberg, was arrested by the police.

Rosenberg confessed that he abused Rabbi Silberstein's trust, using the rabbi's stamp on the fictitious marriage certificates.

Despatches from Cherbourg published in the press here state that Baskin was arrested there before his attempt to embark for the United States. He was said to be accompanied by two women, declared to be among those involved in the fictitious marriages.

IRWIN UTERMAYER MAY BE SUPREME COURT JUSTICE

Irwin Utermayer, son of Samuel Utermayer, may be appointed Supreme Court Justice by Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt of New York State, upon the creation of a vacancy by the resignation of Judge Thomas C. T. Crain, who was nominated on the Democratic ticket for District Attorney.

Mr. Utermayer's appointment is favored by former Governor Smith and Mayor Walker, it is understood. It was said that endorsement of Mr. Utermayer's appointment is under consideration by John F. Curry.

Mr. Utermayer was associated with his father in the Transit Commission's negotiations for the five-cent fare in the New York City subways.

JULIUS ROSENWALD MARKS SIXTY-SEVENTH BIRTHDAY

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 12.—Julius Rosenwald spent his sixty-seventh birthday at his home in Highland Park today, surrounded by members of his family.

The party consisted of Mrs. David M. Levy of New York, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Stern of New Orleans, Mr. and Mrs. Lessing J. Rosenwald and William Rosenwald of Philadelphia, and Mr. and Mrs. Alfred K. Stern, of Ravinia, Ill. Five of his eleven grandchildren also were present.

SOKOLOV RE-ELECTED EXECUTIVE PRESIDENT

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Zurich, Aug. 12.—The transmission by cable of the list of the new Zionist Executive resulted in an omission, Nahuim Sokolov was re-elected president of the Executive.

Bids have been opened on erection of a one-story hollow tile, brick and stone synagogue building to be built in Goose Creek, Texas.

ism and their obligations rising out of their Judaism, he said.

The morning session was adjourned to be re-opened at 3.30 in the afternoon.

JEWISH UNION FOR PALESTINE CONSUMMATED AT FIRST MEETING OF JEWISH AGENCY COUNCIL IN ZURICH

(Continued from Page 2)

the Palestine Mandate, to outline the progress of the negotiations which led up to its creation and the tasks which the new Jewish body will face.

The president of the World Zionist Organization abstained from Zionist oratory, limiting himself to a recital of facts. He declared that the participants in the assembly are living through a great historical moment. He continued:

"The Zionist Organization which is recognized in Article IV of the Palestine Mandate for the purpose of co-operating with the Palestine government in all affairs concerning the Jewish National Home has invited you, representatives of Jewries of all countries. You have accepted the invitation in the preceding negotiations in order to create a new instrument for carrying out the work for which the Zionist Organization, as the Jewish Agency, has so far carried the responsibility alone. This gathering has the task of constituting itself as the Council of the Jewish Agency for Palestine and in your hands shall henceforth be the responsibility for the functions of the Agency.

"The Balfour Declaration stated: 'His Majesty's Government view with favor the establishment in Palestine of a national home for the Jewish people, and will use their best endeavors to facilitate the achievement of this object, it being clearly understood that nothing shall be done which may prejudice the civil and religious rights of existing non-Jewish communities in Palestine or the rights and political status enjoyed by Jews in any other country.'

"The administration of countries which were not ripe for self-government, according to the opinion of the Powers gathered at the Peace Conference, formed a great international task which required a solution. For this purpose a system, whose originator was the great American statesman, Woodrow Wilson, was evolved, that is, the system of Mandates. This system, with its international legal form, was applied to Palestine and to the establishment of the Jewish National Home. Thus, the Jewish cause was connected with the communities of all nations. According to a decision of the League of Nations, the Mandate of Palestine was entrusted, on June 22, 1922, to the British government, with the idea that the Mandatory Power be responsible for carrying out the Balfour Declaration. Article IV of the Mandate stated: 'An appropriate agency shall be recognized as a public body for the purpose of advising and cooperating with the Administration of Palestine in such economic, social and other matters as may affect the establishment of the Jewish National Home and the interests of the Jewish population in Palestine, and, subject always to the control of the Administration, to assist and take part in the development of the country.'

"The Zionist Organization, so long as its organization and constitution are in the opinion of the Mandatory appropriate, shall be recognized as such agency. It shall take steps in consultation with His Britannic Majesty's Government to secure the co-operation of all Jews who are willing to assist in the establishment of the Jewish National Home."

50-Year Period of Palestine Work Concluded

"The effort which has been concluded stretches over a period of almost fifty years. Within this time the Jewish population of Palestine, out of small beginnings, grew into what it is at present, with its own economic and social structure, with the rudiments of an original, national culture, whose instrument was the revived Hebrew language.

"During the time of the persecutions of Czaristic Russia, the first pioneers of this new Jewish life went to Palestine, driven by the age-long hopes and dreams which have shimmered in the Jewish soul throughout thousands of years and which live as an unshakable belief among the faithful to the old sacred prophecies, namely, the ideal of the resettlement of Jews in Palestine. There, after centuries of restlessness, they found a home and re-established the continuity of our own traditions, amalgamating large circles of Jewry.

Pays Tribute to Baron Rothschild

"When the first colonists were fighting for their material existence in a thoroughly backward country, when they were harassed by untold difficulties, the Jews throughout the world rose to a recognition of their duty to the Palestine pioneers. Before all others, we must mention here the name of that great Jew and great man to whom Jewish Palestine is infinitely indebted and to whom we send from this platform our greetings—Baron Edmund de Rothschild.

"At a later period the longing to Zion of the Jewish people found its expression in the Zionist Organization.

Describes Zionist Renaissance Theory

"We Zionists have always connected the Jewish renaissance with the re-establishment in Palestine. We have connected with it the hope of a new Jewish creativeness which will enrich the world and human culture through its own creation, thus changing the fundamental status of Jewry in the world. Our ideal was a vision of a new people, free from the ghetto's narrowness, free from the eternal fear of being misunderstood, living its own life on its own soil. We believe that this was not an artificial thought, but a logical result of the peculiar meeting between the original Jewish world and the European spirit of the past century. It was an elemental movement for national self-affirmation. Its most evident symptom was the development of the modern Jewish literature, especially in the Hebrew language. This

movement led to the immigration of Jews to Palestine.

"We Zionists fought for some decades for the realization of this ideal without meeting, however, the cooperation of whole Jewry. We met with antagonism and misunderstanding. However, in this historical hour, we may say that the troubles were only a part of the historical process. History develops through such processes. Thanks to the political events mentioned before, the situation today is essentially different.

Facing Different Situation Today

"We face, today, facts whose compelling force no one can escape. The first fact is the Palestine Mandate and the expectations which the entire world connects with the upbuilding of Palestine; the second fact and, perhaps, the most important, is the change which the World War brought about in the situation of the Jews in the world. East European Jewry which, until 1914, was the strongest reservoir of Jewish power, has been reduced as a consequence of the war to a state of misery. Jewish mass immigration to the United States has been stopped. Palestine appears, therefore, in an entirely new light, offering itself as a central Jewish task. We believe that Palestine has the possibilities for creating Jewish life on a large scale, for establishing and securing a Jewish existence and simultaneously creating an original Jewish culture, a Jewish home feeling whose spiritual value will overcome all difficulties.

"We Meet as Free and Equal Men"

"We have established the extended Jewish Agency in the conviction that we meet as free and equal men and that our partnership rests on mutual respect. The question of convictions cannot be regulated by articles of constitution, but what we can and wish to regulate here is the system of practical work. May it be that what we create here shall be an honor to the Jewish name and a blessing to the future generations.

"In this sense we believe that this day, the fifth day of Ab, in the year 5689, will be recorded as an historical day in the annals of Jewish history. I declare the constitution meeting of the Council of the Jewish Agency for Palestine open," Dr. Weizmann concluded.

O. KAHN TO VISIT PALESTINE; OTHER RUMORS PREMATURE

The statement of M. Golinkin, head of the Palestine Opera Company, to the effect that he had obtained the support of Otto H. Kahn to secure the perpetuation of the Palestine Opera Company on a sound basis, was premature, the Jewish Daily Bulletin learns on reliable authority.

Mr. Kahn intends to visit Palestine in the near future. Rumors associating Mr. Kahn with intentions to give large financial support for the establishment in the Hebrew University of a music school were likewise termed premature.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

(Continued from Page 4)

the Jewish patients have left the institution there will be no sign of racial discrimination.

"But this," continued Mr. Reed, "is no indication that the situation has been cleaned up permanently. It is possible that as soon as the present furor is over and conditions there have subsided the place will again develop the obnoxious conditions I have complained about."

Jews Seceding from N. J. Eastern Star Form New Order

Atlantic City, N. J., Aug. 10.—Word has just been received that a charter of incorporation has been granted to the "Grand Link of the Order of the Golden Chain," State of New Jersey.

This is the result of the break in the Order of the Eastern Star, caused by the passage of a mandatory resolution which changed the status of the organization from what formerly was non-sectarian, Masonically affiliated, to a specifically Christian organization. Heretofore, it had been generally accepted throughout the State of New Jersey, that anyone who was the wife, sister, daughter, mother or widow of a Master Mason, or any Master Mason in good standing, was eligible to membership in the Order of the Eastern Star, without regard to religious ideals and beliefs. This was the practice of this organization and under which it prospered.

At the fifty-sixth annual session, held in Newark, in May 1927, a resolution was presented and adopted which made it inconsistent for any member of the Jewish faith to remain in the New Jersey Eastern Star, but upon the persuasion of the Grand Chapter, they consented to have the issue taken up at the following sessions, which were held in Trenton and Atlantic City in 1928 and 1929 respectively. At each of these sessions, this mandatory resolution was sustained, and at the session held in Atlantic City, where, despite the pleas of the various Grand Chapter officers that this mandatory resolution be made optional with the subordinate chapters, this recommendation and the arguments thereon, were jeered at by the majority of the non-Jewish members present, and it was openly and specifically declared that the Order of the Eastern Star was basically a Christian order, intended only for Christians, but that Jews, as members, would be tolerated.

Plans were shortly afterward formulated for the organization of a new body, to be independent of the O. E. S.

E. M. Biron, of Atlantic City, was elected temporary head of the new organization, which has now been incorporated as the Grand Link, Order of the Golden Chain, State of New Jersey, and the trustees are as follows: Mrs. Ruth Stanberg, Jersey City; David Longfield, Newark; Norman Schenkel, Atlantic City; Mrs. Sophie Schenkel, Newark; Mrs. Roselle Leopold, Union City; Mrs. Celia Goldstein, Bayonne; Mrs. Celia Workman, Passaic; Benjamin Cohen, Newark;

Mrs. Gussie Feldman, Hoboken; Mrs. Irene Weiss, Perth Amboy; Mrs. Deborah Veinberg, Asbury Park; Mrs. Celia Ponger, Bradley Beach; Mrs. Ida Salls, New Brunswick; Mrs. Bertha Littauer, Union City; Mrs. Irene Greenberg, Bound Brook; Mrs. Florence Maron, West Caldwell; Mrs. Paula Burstein, Orange; Mrs. Anna Taub, Newark; Miss Lucille Jessurun, Newark; Mrs. Ruth Cohen, Bayonne; Dr. Herman Popkin, Trenton.

The Order of the Golden Chain will be, according to the charter and constitution, a specifically non-sectarian order, admitting to membership the wives, sisters, half-sisters, mothers, daughters and widows of Master Masons, and Master Masons in good standing, without reference to their religious ideals and beliefs. It is the plan of the officers and committees that there shall be nothing in the ritual or work of the Order that shall be inconsistent with this.

There will be no attempt made to prohibit membership in the O. E. S. From present indications, the board of trustees stated it will be able to report a total membership of approximately 8,000 members and twenty subordinate Links, at the first annual grand session planned in October.

Jewish Consumptives' Relief Society Convention to Open Aug. 18

Denver, Col., Aug. 12.—The twenty-fifth annual national convention of the Jewish Consumptives' Relief Society of Denver, will be held here August 18. Large delegations will be present from Jewish communities throughout the country to celebrate the quarter-century birthday of the institution, to witness the dedication of the new buildings, including the new Texas Women's Pavilion for 150 women patients, and discuss plans for the completion of the New Eastern Branch at Highland Mills, New York.

JEWS NOMINATED FOR OFFICE IN NEW YORK CITY

The Republican and Democratic municipal elections to take place this fall, will decide the fate of a number of Jewish candidates who have been nominated on the Democratic ticket.

Aaron Steuer, the son of Max D. Steuer, is nominated for Justice of the City Court. The incumbent, Julius Miller, is redesignated for Borough President of Manhattan. The present appointee, Judge Harry Stackell, has been nominated for County Judge of the Bronx.

In Brooklyn, Aaron Jacoby, Superintendent of the Brooklyn Orphan Asylum and well-known Jewish social worker, has been nominated for Sheriff of Kings County. Louis Goldstein received the nomination for City Court Justice. For Municipal Court Justices in Brooklyn, Jacob S. Strahl, president of the Judea Life Insurance Company of New York and Palestine has been renominated, and Frank Wasserman and Nathan Sweedler, nominated.

On the Republican ticket, Harry Geist has been nominated for County Judge in the Bronx and Joseph J. Farber for Register.

JAMES MARSHALL CONFERS WITH SOVIET LEADERS AFTER VISIT TO JEWISH COLONIES

(Continued from Page 4)

the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that he was much impressed following his talks with Mr. Kalanin, Mr. Smidovitch and Mr. Merezhin and with his first visit to the Jewish colonies in Crimea. He also surveyed the Jewish small towns, visiting a number in the Belotzerkov, Kiev and Odessa districts.

TISHA B'AB TO BE OBSERVED WEDNESDAY

Tisha B'Ab, the day on which the destruction of the Temple is commemorated, will be observed in the synagogues beginning Wednesday at sunset.

Gives Roumanian Official View on Communities Law

(Communication to the Editor)

Sir: An official statement received today by cable from Bucharest, brings new explanations in regard to the law concerning the organization of Jewish communities, a matter which some of the American newspapers still continue to discuss.

This statement explains, especially to the Jewish organizations in this country, that the modification of the religious law, the Jewish communities are given the liberty to organize themselves according to rites, in the same fashion as in other countries—including the United States. This modification has been approved by many Jewish groups in Roumania.

Following discussions in Parliament, the Government has granted important concessions demanded by the Jews.

Emil D. Fagure, Jewish Congressman, has suggested that the Jewish religious communities be consulted before enacting the statutes governing the application of the new law. The suggestion has been adopted. This action has appeased the Jewish population.

It should be emphasized that the new law does not compel the Jews to organize themselves in several separate communities in any one locality; this is more a question of their liberty and right to do so, if they themselves want to.

Premier Maniu's statement, published by the Bucharest newspapers, announces that the decisions of a special congress of the Jewish communities will be taken into consideration before drafting the final statutes governing the application of the law.

I. ROSENTHAL,

Technical Counsellor to the Roumanian Legation.

New York, Aug. 6, 1929.

A dinner in honor of Israel Unterberg, President of the Jewish Education Association, who has just returned from abroad, will be given by Mr. and Mrs. Jonah J. Goldstein at their summer home in Neponset, L. I. on August 20. Mr. Unterberg will be welcomed back to the country by his friends and associates of the Jewish Education Association. The dinner will be followed by a regular meeting of the Executive Committee of the Association.

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