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CLOSE VIENNA UNIVERSITY FOR WEEK END TO AVOID ANTI-JEWISH RIOTS

Police Prevent Demonstration; Five Expelled

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, June 15—The University authorities ordered the closing of the University buildings and campus for the week end, due to the inefficacy of the guard and the fear of the renewal of anti-Semitic riots on the campus on the part of the Hakenkreuzer students.

During last week end, fifteen Jewish students were injured in the fray which resulted from the Hakenkreuzer attack.

Vienna, June 15—An attempt to hold an anti-Semitic demonstration in the vicinity of the University was frustrated today by the intervention of the police.

The University authorities expelled for a period of six months three students who were the leaders of the anti-Semitic riots last week.

REPORT EINSTEIN SOLVES ANOTHER SCIENTIFIC RIDDLE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, June 15—The Roumanian and Hungarian press today carry a sensational report said to be based on correspondence between Prof. Albert Einstein and Melanie Serb, a clerk in a department store at Kronstadt.

According to the story, Prof. Einstein wrote to Miss Serb that after research work of thirteen years he had succeeded in finding a solution to a very important scientific problem. The famous scientist and the working girl have kept up a correspondence on scientific subjects, it was said.

STATE THEOLOGY STUDY IMPOSSIBLE WITHOUT HEBREW

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, June 15—The study of theology is impossible without a knowledge of Hebrew was the opinion expressed at the conference of theologians held here.

The conference rejected a proposal for the abolition of Hebrew as a compulsory subject on the curricula of Theological colleges. The delegates, including representatives from universities in Koenigsberg, Helsingfors, Dorpat and Riga, discussed the proposal. A number of professors argued that the Hebrew language was difficult to teach and that authorized translations were a perfect substitute. The majority of the delegates disagreed, defeating the proposal.

NOT ALL IS WELL WITH RELIGIOUS EQUALITY IN ITALY UNDER CONCORDAT

Change from Tolerated to Recognized Status Makes Little Difference; Plea for Annulment Right Rejected

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Rome, June 15—Not all is well with religious equality in Italy under the conditions created by the Concordat between the Vatican and the Italian state, notwithstanding the assurances of Premier Mussolini. The Catholics and non-Catholics in Italy are in agreement on this point. Catholic newspapers and Catholic spokesmen repeatedly point out that the change in the status of the non-Catholic denominations, resulting from the Concordat, that is from the status of tolerated religions to recognized religions, actually makes little difference. Jewish religious leaders hold a similar point of view and some uneasiness is felt as it is realized that the conditions created by the Concordat are a step backward in the equality of treatment policy.

The advantages conferred on the Catholic church under the Concordat are most evident in the privileges accorded to it in the field of education and matrimony.

A point which illustrates the inequality is in the jurisdiction of the respective denominations in matters pertaining to marriage, divorce and marriage annulment. At a time when the Italian state, under the Concordat, recognizes as valid a marriage ceremony performed by a Catholic priest, officiating in behalf of the Catholic church and deriving his authority from the Canon law, a non-Catholic minister or a rabbi performs the marriage ceremony only as a deputy representing the state, carrying out this function in accordance with the civil code.

The difference of status makes itself evident when the question of divorce or marriage annulment arises. As the legal situation stands today neither the canon nor the civil law allow divorce. The only way open for dissolution of marriages which proved failures is annulment. The prerogative of annulment, however, is held by the Catholic ecclesiastical court. A rabbinical court, or, for that matter, any non-Catholic ecclesiastical authority has no authority to grant annulment decrees on similar grounds. A non-Catholic may obtain annulment only through application to the Civil Tribunal which is a difficult and complicated procedure. This creates not only a difference of jurisdiction, but a difference in treatment, since the Catholic canon law sanctions annulment in cases which the civil law does not admit.

It was because of this condition that the Jewish community of Italy ap-

(Continued on Page 4)

GERMAN RABBIS ASS'N SENDS DELEGATES TO AGENCY COMMITTEE

Delegate 3 Representatives; Believe Act Forecast of Unity

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, June 15—Notwithstanding the differences prevailing among German Jews with regard to the extension of the Jewish Agency for Palestine, a promise of unity was seen in the announcement made by the German Rabbis Association, comprising all shades of religious opinion.

The Association delegated three representatives to the special committee which is to meet on June 26 to designate Germany's representatives to the Agency Council. The delegates appointed are Dr. Leo Baeck, president of the Association, Rabbi Dienemann of Offenbach, general secretary, and Rabbi Horowitz of Frankfurt am Main.

EXPEDITIONS SET OUT TO STUDY JEWISH FOLKLORE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, June 15—Jewish folk lore in White Russia and Caucasia will be studied by two expeditions which have set out from here. The expeditions were organized by the Jewish Historic Ethnographical Society, founded by the late S. Ansky. The noted playwright, author of the "Dybbuk," devoted a great many years of his life to systematic research in Yiddish folklore in the various parts of the Russian Empire.

One hundred and seventy journals, dailies, weeklies and monthlies, are now being published in the Soviet Union, it was seen from an exhibition which was opened here in the building of the Jewish Government Theatre. The journals come from all parts of Russia and include those published in factories and clubs.

5 JEWS ELECTED TO SOUTH AFRICAN PARLIAMENT

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Capetown, June 15—Five Jewish deputies were returned to the South African parliament in the national elections just concluded. In the previous parliament the number of Jewish deputies was seven.

Morris Alexander, Constitutional Democrat, active in Jewish communal affairs, was defeated. Sir David Harris, member of the South African party and a deputy in the last House of Assembly, did not stand for election, retiring at the age of seventy. The elected members are Sir Ernest Oppenheimer, Eli Buirsiki, Emile Nathan and Charles P. Robinson of the South African Party, and M. Kentridge, Jewish labor member.

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BISGYER NAMED TO U. S. EDUCATION COMMISSION (Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, June 15—Secretary of Interior Ray Lyman Wilbur, announcing the personnel of the U. S. Advisory Commission of Education, consisting of leading educators, included as a member of the Commission, Maurice Bisgyer, director of the Jewish Community Center of Washington, recently elected secretary-treasurer of the National Association of Jewish Community Center Secretaries.

The Advisory Commission, which held its first meeting in Secretary Wilbur's office last week, has undertaken the study of the education forces of the national government with the possibility of bringing them together under an assistant secretary or under-secretary of one of the departments.

Mr. Bisgyer was active in the early period of extension education and has served on the faculty of New York University. He was associated prior to the Presidential election with the Republican National Committee, with headquarters at Washington, while on leave of absence from the Center. He also served as a member of the Hoover Inaugural Committee and of President Coolidge's Commission on Recreation several years ago.

OFFER \$2,000 PRIZE FOR JEWISH NOVEL

The Stratford Company of Boston and the "Jewish Tribune" of New York City are offering jointly a prize of \$2,000 for the best novel on a Jewish subject to be submitted on or before January 15, 1930.

The contest is open to all Jewish writers. Rules for the contest may be obtained from the Stratford Company, Publishers, 289 Congress Street, Boston, Mass.

ADJUSTMENT OF JEWS IN AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRY PRESENTS MANY PROBLEMS

Various Measures Launched in Different Regions of Russia Slow to Bring Relief

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, June 15—The first groups of Jewish workers sent to Kertch, where industrialization of Jewish workers in the factories of the Ukrainian town is planned, have not met with the success expected, states Mr. Brill, the representative of the Comzet, governmental department for Jewish land settlement, upon his return to Moscow.

The principal difficulty, Mr. Brill said, is that the new arrivals sought to become locksmiths, avoiding other trades. Also, he said, when the Jewish workers arrived in Kertch, rumors were spread that it was intended to convert the local synagogue into a workers' home. Immediately, a delegation of Jewish residents, headed by the rabbi, presented to the Comzet representative a list of sixty rooms in Jewish houses available for the workers. They begged that the synagogue be spared. The workers have been placed in the private homes until the Ort and Agrojoint, will have prepared houses being rebuilt for 214 Jewish workers.

Fifteen Jewish artisans in the small towns are facing what virtually amounts to a crisis due to the lack of raw material, mainly leather and cotton as the majority of those affected are tailors and shoemakers. The low standard of the rouble on foreign exchanges has compelled the Soviet trade delegations abroad to reduce the amount of raw material purchases. As a result the local cooperatives are empty and the Jewish artisans' only source of raw material is the Ort. However, due to the large number, reaching many thousands, who have lately become artisans, the Ort supplies are insufficient.

The Jewish Communist press, drawing attention to the situation, suggests that the Jews turn to such work which does not require foreign raw material.

The Ort, in conjunction with the Agrojoint, has arranged with the Comzet for the importation of cotton valued at quarter of a million roubles within the coming three months. These supplies will be divided among 110 institutions and artisans in the small towns.

Another activity of the Ort, the society for the promotion of trades and agriculture, is the renovating of old machines, substituting the worn out parts. By this the Jewish artisans who own machines since before the war and which were no longer fit for use can now renew their activities. Engineers with new parts for the machines have been sent to the small towns to start this work immediately.

The creation of special government economic organs to aid in the economic rehabilitation of the small towns in the Ukraine is demanded by the "Emes," Moscow Yiddish Communist daily.

The paper points out that while the economic reconstruction of the small town in White Russia is part of the government's five year program and is being systematically effected, this is not so in the Ukraine where there is no centralized plan.

A great many prospective Jewish migrants whose names were placed on the lists for settling on the land have not taken advantage of the opportunity, declares the "Stern," Charkoff Communist Yiddish daily. The paper states that many in the districts of Proskurov, Podol and Volyn hesitate because they fear bad crops this year.

The paper complains that rumors were spread that it was better to remain in the towns this year than settle on the land. As a result a number of families refused to proceed to the Crimea and Ukraine.

The Comzet, the governmental department for settling Jews on the land, is not utilizing the full opportunity offered by the land reforms in Crimea in order to secure more land for Jewish settlement purposes, complains J. Kroup, agronomist, in an article he published in the Moscow "Emes."

Considerable tracts of land adjacent to the Jewish colonies in the region are now vacant due to the land reform and could be easily obtained for extension purposes, he writes.

The correspondent of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency was informed that this charge was unfounded as the Comzet has asked the Soviet government to secure the tracts for Jewish settlement purposes in such cases in which the present owners are not entitled to the land.

Considerable unemployment among Jewish workers prevails in Zwenigrodsk, Umman district. A large percentage of the unemployed have been without work for considerable time. Many of them are qualified artisans. The number of Jewish unemployed reaches a thousand in the region.

A Yiddish correspondence school for the benefit of the Jewish settlers on the land is being organized by the Commissariat of Education. Fifty Jewish teachers and social workers are to comprise the faculty which is to instruct the settlers by mail in arithmetic, natural science, agriculture and political economy. The Ozet, society for settling Jews on the land, is subsidizing the work.

Contributions of \$5,000 from Col. Michael Friedsam and of \$2,500 from Mortimer L. Seidman to the Ort Campaign for Industrial Reconstruction were announced by Howard S. Cullman, national chairman of the Ort drive. Justice Albert Cohn and Commissioner Albert Goldman, co-chairmen of the Bronx campaign committee, will launch activities in that borough with a dinner at the Commodore Hotel. The event will be a campaign officers, Howard S. Cullman, Paul Felix Warburg, national treasurer and Mark Eisner, New York City chairman.

Mrs. Cecilia Bacharach Kirschbaum, founder of the Industrial Home for Jewish Working Girls in Philadelphia, died Friday night in Germantown. She was ninety-two years old. She took an active leadership in Jewish community affairs and founded the "Home for Jewish Girls." Her husband, Dr. Kirschbaum, clothing manufacturer, who died thirty-five years ago.

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY AND SEMINARY TEACHERS INSTITUTE TO CO-OPERATE Combined Courses of Study Will En- title Students to Two Degrees Upon Completion

The Teachers Institute of the Jewish Theological Seminary has effected a plan of cooperation with Teachers College of Columbia University, whereby students of the Teachers Training Department will be able to obtain a degree of Bachelor of Science from Columbia University and a degree of Bachelor of Jewish Pedagogy from the Teachers Institute after pursuing the following course of study at both institutions:

1. Two years of study at the Teachers Institute covering 90 credits of work. During these two years students will have to devote their entire time to Jewish study. Students will be taken on observation tours to progressive Hebrew and secular schools in order to become acquainted with the best current methods and practices. Students will also be afforded opportunity to engage in practice teaching and to lead clubs in Jewish institutions.

2. Two years of teaching under the supervision of the instructors in Education. During these two years students must pursue a part-time program at an accredited college and will be required to complete thirty points of work, an average of seven and one-half points a semester. These thirty points must include first and second year college English to the extent of twelve semester hours, eight semester hours of work in natural science and elective work chosen from the fields of history, economics, sociology, general psychology, philosophy and languages other than Hebrew. During this period students will also be expected to devote part of their time to studies at the Teachers Institute to the extent of eight points a semester. The work at the Teachers Institute during their two years will be largely seminar and conference work.

3. A full time program at Teachers College covering thirty points of work

(Continued on Page 4)

"MISS EUROPE" PROTESTS GALVESTON CHOICE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, June 15—Miss Elizabeth Simon, holder of the title "Miss Europe," who did not go to the United States to participate in the Galveston beauty contest, protested here her choice of Miss Lisl Goldaberger, holder of the title "Miss Austria," as "Miss Universe" at the Galveston pageant.

In a statement to newspapermen Miss Simon, who is here on a visit from Budapest, declared the Galveston choice was not valid. "The election of 'Miss Universe' can be held only at Deauville. I am ready to take up the challenge of the New York girl, Irene Ahlberg, who was chosen 'Miss America.' I remained away from Galveston because the main purpose of the contest there was to select movie stars," she said.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

Glicenstein's "Jeremiah" Presented to Cleveland Library by Jewish Community

By J. D. B. Correspondents

Cleveland, O., June 16—Ceremonies on the occasion of the dedication of Enrico Glicenstein's bronze statue of "Jeremiah" and its presentation to the Cleveland Public Library as a gift from the Jewish community of Cleveland will be held tomorrow evening in the Euclid Avenue Temple Auditorium.

Rabbi Stephen S. Wise will be the guest speaker. His subject will be "If Jeremiah Were Alive Today."

Glicenstein's "Jeremiah" has been exhibited in the museums of Europe and in New York. It will now become a permanent possession of the Cleveland Public Library.

At the dedication exercises A. A. Stearns, president of the Cleveland Public Library Board will receive the statue in behalf of his board. Addresses are to be delivered by Rabbi Solomon Goldman, Rabbi Barnett Brickner, Rabbi Abraham Nowak, City Manager William R. Hopkins, Miss Linda A. Eastman, City Librarian, and Isaac Carmel, Secretary of the committee.

New England Notes

Chelsea, Mass., June 15—The laying of the cornerstone of the new \$125,000 Temple Beth El was held in the presence of several hundred people. Attorney General Joseph Warner, Rabbi Irving Miller and George E. Gordon, president, were the principal speakers. Harry Cohen is the chairman of the building committee. The exercises were concluded with a dinner in the evening at which Mayor Lawrence F. Quigley was one of the principal speakers. The Temple will be completed before next September.

The new congregation was organized over a year ago when Rabbi Irving Miller of Youngstown, Ohio, received a call from the Chelsea Jewish community.

Justice Louis D. Brandeis of the United States Supreme Court arrived here from Washington to spend the summer in Massachusetts. Justice Brandeis called on Governor Frank G. Allen. This was his first visit to the Governor's office in 14 years.

Henry Morgenthau, former United States Ambassador to Turkey, was the principal speaker at the valedictory dinner of the Near East Relief Committee held at the Hotel Statler. He sounded the keynote message when he declared America's place in the future is to assume "the moral leadership of the world." Appealing for aid in behalf of the unfortunate in the Near East, he said that if "we fail to help them it destroys their faith in God."

Boston, June 15—Five hundred prominent citizens, Jews and non-Jews, gathered at the Coppy Plaza Ho-

(Continued on Page 4)

URGE 5-YEAR CAMPAIGN AGAINST RELIGION IN SOVIET RUSSIA

Atheists Congress Revives Hostility; Communists Resent J.T.A. Reports on Synagogue Consecrations (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, June 15—A five-year campaign to wipe out religious sentiment, paving the way for the Soviet secular conceptions of life and society, is being urged in the Communist press in connection with the sessions of the Atheists' Congress now being held here.

The Yiddish Communist daily, "Emes," emphasizes the need of combatting the Jewish religion and says that this is the more necessary since the greater part of the Jewish members of the Communist party is not connected with the Jewish section of the party. These neutrals object to a specific campaign against the Jewish religion, the paper says. Such an attitude is harmful, it argues.

M. Bucharin in his address before the Atheists' Congress gave what might be regarded as the official pretext for the contemplated campaign against religion. The defense of the Soviet and the safeguarding of the political situation are the reasons given by Bucharin. "The fight on religion is one of the most important links in the cultural revolution. Every shade of our class enemies seeks to fortify itself in organizations of the religious type," he said.

Resentment of a feature in the Jewish Telegraphic Agency service from Russia, recording accurately the Communist authorities' actions in the confiscation of synagogues and their conversion into workmen's clubs, was expressed in an editorial in the Yiddish Communist organ, "Emes," on the occasion of the Atheists' Congress.

The editorial attempts to give the impression that the synagogues are nowadays converted into workmen's clubs in Russia not by compulsion but with the consent of the Jewish population. As a proof of this contention the paper says that even the "Moscow Jewish Telegraphic Agency correspondent discontinued reporting synagogue conversions." The conclusion which the paper derives from its assertion is that "synagogue conversions have become such a widespread fact and everyday occurrence that even those Jewish Telegraphic Agency busybodies who are eager for kosher anti-Yevsekizta sensations have stopped cabling about the desecrations of Jewish sanctuaries."

The decision of the Moscow Soviet to close the synagogue at Pimenov (Continued on Page 4)

ZIONIST LABOR GROUPS SEEK AMALGAMATION

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, June 15—Two of the Zionist labor parties, Hitachduth and Poale Zion, will consider the possibility of merging into one world federation at a meeting called for July 23 at Zurich, Switzerland.

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY AND SEMINARY TEACHERS INSTITUTE TO CO-OPERATE

(Continued from Page 3)

which include four semester hours of philosophy of education or principles of teaching, four semester hours of educational psychology and a minimum of eighteen points of work in Religious Education or in courses specifically designed as General Education. During this fifth year students will continue teaching under the supervision of the critic teachers of the Teachers Institute. In order that students may not lose contact with their Jewish studies, they will also be expected to attend the Teachers Institute two periods weekly.

Upon the satisfactory completion of the above course of study and upon the recommendation of the teachers, students will be granted a B.J.P. degree from the Teachers Institute and a B. S. degree from Teachers College. The B. J. P. degree will qualify students for graduate work at the Teachers Institute leading towards higher degrees. The B. S. degree will enable students to pursue graduate courses leading towards higher degrees at Teachers College of Columbia University or at any other graduate institution.

The details of the arrangements have been made known by Columbia in "School and Society" and by the Teachers Institute in its new Register for 1929-30.

"YELLOW BIRD" STOWAWAY'S PARENTS RELIEVED, HAPPY

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Portland, Me., June 15.—Mr. and Mrs. Morris R. Schreiber, parents of 22-year-old Arthur Schreiber, stow-away on the "Yellow Bird" on its trans-Atlantic flight, were relieved and happy to learn of the safe landing of the plane near Comillas, Spain, and that although it was said that because of his extra weight the flyers missed their goal at Le Bourget, the world press hailed Arthur for his courage.

"He is like all boys," remarked his father to newspapermen here. "I know I, myself, when a boy, did things that gave my father and mother anxiety," he said.

The Schreiber family are members of the Etz Chaim synagogue here. Arthur is a member of the Young Men's Hebrew Association.

Seven New York Jewish charities will receive \$500 each by the will of the late Alfred Steckler, former Supreme Court Justice, who died June 10. They include the Monifore Home for Chronic Diseases, the Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, the Home for Hebrew Infants, the Hospital for Deformities and Joint Diseases and the New York Guild for Jewish Blind. The major portion of his estate, estimated to exceed \$275,000, was left to his widow, Gussie M. Steckler, and his son, Alfred Steckler.

Esser Rabinowitz, founder and for ten years president of the United Hebrew Schools of Detroit, died in Detroit at the age of 62. Since 1919, when he organized the first of a chain of eight Hebrew schools in Detroit, Mr. Rabinowitz devoted himself to Hebrew education.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

(Continued from Page 3)

tel to honor Albert A. Ginsburg, president of the Beth Israel Hospital.

Mr. Ginsburg asked for support for the hospitals. A group headed by Peter L. Carvitz pledged the sum of \$125,000 on condition that the entire sum of \$500,000 needed would be raised by July 1. Mr. Ginsburg asked for assistance to conduct a two-weeks' drive in order to raise the amount needed. Three hundred seventy thousand dollars have already been pledged towards the \$500,000 to meet the building debts.

Judge Walter Collins of the Superior Court was a speaker. A. C. Ratchesky was toastmaster, and the other speakers were Dr. Charles Willinsky, former Mayor James M. Curley, Dr. Harry Linenthal, Henry Penn, and Judge A. K. Cohen.

Chicago "Loop" Synagogue for Business Men Dedicated

Chicago, Ill., June 15.—Chicago's "loop" synagogue founded to provide Jewish business men in the downtown district with a house of worship where they may attend religious services three times a day, was dedicated here with about 600 local business and professional men participating. The new synagogue has been fitted out on the third floor of the old Oxford Building on 110 N. LaSalle Street.

Rabbi Saul Silver, of Congregation Anshe Sholem, made the dedication address. Alderman Jacob M. Arvey delivered an address in behalf of the city. The new congregation has 600 members. The officers are: Maurice J. Nathanson, president; Archie L. Bernstein and Sol M. Zechman, vice-presidents; Albert Goldberg, financial secretary; Walter J. Bloch, recording secretary; Samuel Barnett, treasurer; Samuel B. Blanksten, chairman of the board of directors.

Regular services will now be held three times a day by Rabbi Martin Baum. The congregation was formed several months ago. Plans for a kosher restaurant in connection with the synagogue are being formulated.

Plans for the establishment of a Jewish national war memorial, dedicated to the memory of all Jews who served in the army, navy or marine corps during the wars of the United States, are being undertaken by the Yarmo-DeVere Post, American Legion of Chicago, commanded by Joseph R. Dorfman.

Samuel Dulsky, president of Oakridge Cemetery, has donated a plot for the burial of Jewish soldiers, and the officials of the post, the committee consisting of Commander Dorfman, H. Rittman and Benjamin L. Smith, vice-commanders, plan the erection of a massive shaft.

It is planned to dedicate the shaft next Armistice Day, with the national, state and city officials participating.

Oakland, Cal., June 15.—Plans for the convention of District No. 4, Independent Order B'nai B'rith, have been completed by the convention committee consisting of representatives of

NOT ALL IS WELL WITH RELIGIOUS EQUALITY IN ITALY UNDER CONCORDAT

(Continued from Page 1)

proached the government with the request that rabbinical courts be likewise permitted to grant annulment decrees, but the government has refused to comply with this request. It was pointed out that such a grant of privilege would create the impression that the Jewish religion in Italy has a status of equality with the Catholic religion, which is exactly the point the Catholics are eager to prevent.

It is further recalled in Italian Jewish circles that the sufferings of Italian Jewry during the Middle Ages was due to the power exercised by the church within the state and the supremacy of the church over and against the secular law and the civil government. It is recalled that the political emancipation of Italian Jewry was effected only after the separation of state and church.

URGE 5-YEAR CAMPAIGN AGAINST RELIGION IN SOVIET RUSSIA

(Continued from Page 3)

was confirmed several days ago by the presidium of the Wziz, Central Executive Committee.

A decision to close ten synagogues in Ukrainian cities was taken by the Ukrainian Zik, Executive Committee, according to a report of the Tass, official Soviet news agency. Synagogues in Tchernigoff, Elisavetgrad, Konotop and other cities will be closed.

Michael Kalinin, in his address before the closing session today of the All Soviet Atheists' Congress, declared: "While fighting religion, we should be especially careful in using administrative measures. We should not forget those working masses who, regrettably, are still religious. Therefore, we must be very elastic in our methods. The easiest thing is to destroy religion from outside, but it is harder to root it out of the minds of the people."

Oakland Lodge No. 252 and Oakland Auxiliary No. 72, headed by Monroe Friedman and Mrs. Ella Wise.

Delegates from eight western states and British Columbia will meet in the sixty-sixth annual convention at the Hotel Oakland from Friday, June 21st until Tuesday, June 25th.

A special B'nai B'rith service at Temple Sinai, will be held. Rabbi Edgar F. Magnin, President of District Grand Lodge No. 4, who will come from Los Angeles, will deliver the sermon.

On Saturday evening, June 22, there will be a dinner at the Hotel Leanington, Oakland. The convention will open its deliberations on Sunday morning, June 23, the first order of business being the initiation of past presidents attending the session for the first time.

If you are pleased with the "Jewish Daily Bulletin" tell your friends to subscribe.