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RELATIVES INFLUX EXPECTED IN PALESTINE, DEMAND GROWS TO FORMER BOOM FIGURES

Number of Requests for Visas Approaches Proportions of 1925
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, June 8—A new influx of Jewish immigrants to Palestine, principally relatives of Palestine residents, is within sight.

The demand for the issuance of relatives' visas has grown to a proportion resembling the days of the Palestine boom in 1925. The headquarters of the Zionist Immigration Department, the Tel Aviv Kehillah and the labor organizations are crowded with applicants seeking visas for their relatives.

TO NAME GERMAN NON-ZIONIST AGENCY MEMBERS JUNE 26

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, June 8—The representatives of the German non-Zionists on the Council of the extended Jewish Agency will be named on June 26, it was learned today.

The selection will be made by a special committee which was formed by several groups and organizations. The Hilfsverein der Deutschen Juden has delegated to the committee Max Warburg of Hamburg, Berthold Israel, department store owner, and Prof. Mittwoch.

RUSSIAN JEW INVENTS NEW TALKIE APPARATUS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, June 8—A new apparatus, said to be a great improvement on the American ones now in use for "talkie" films, was invented by David Shorin, formerly a Jewish merchant of Leninograd.

The apparatus has found the approval of motion picture experts in Russia and is now being manufactured for distribution in the theatres, it is announced here.

MOVE FOR PEACE AMONG STUDENTS IN VIENNA FAILS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, June 8—An attempt to bring about peaceful and cordial relations between the students of the University of Vienna was made by the University authorities, but was unsuccessful.

The authorities convoked a conference of the representatives of the Hitlerite student organization and the Zionist student organization, declaring that if a reconciliation is effected the students will be permitted to hold the traditional Saturday meetings on the University campus. Since the effort failed these meetings will be prohibited in order to prevent the recurrence of recent clashes.

WARSAW GOVERNMENT CLEARS LEMBERG JEWS OF CHARGES OF PROFANATION DURING PROCESSION

Minister of Interior Flies from Warsaw to Lemberg as Situation Continues Turbulent; Many Injured in Clash Between Students and Police

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, June 8—An official statement issued today by the Ministry of the Interior, following the visit by aeroplane to Lemberg by Minister of the Interior, General Skladowski, cleared the Jewish population of Lemberg from the charges of profanation or mockery at the Corpus Christi procession there on Sunday, which charges were the pretext for an assault on Jewish life and property in the capital of Eastern Galicia.

Contradicting the statement made yesterday by three Lemberg bishops, the Ministry of the Interior declares that an investigation conducted in Lemberg by the police and by the school authorities established the fact that there was no provocation on the part of the Jewish school girls, who watched the procession as it passed the Jewish high school. Forty-two witnesses were heard and there can be no assumption that the Jewish girls consciously desired to provoke the participants in the religious procession.

The statement declares further that the Minister of the Interior has issued emphatic instructions not to permit further anti-Jewish riots which, he declares, contrary to the interests of the Republic and will be suppressed relentlessly. One policeman was seriously injured and six, including Police

Commissioner Szydowski, received slight injuries in a clash with a students' demonstration today in Lemberg. Eight students were taken to the hospital.

The clash occurred when the national democratic students formed a street demonstration carrying placards with inscriptions against the government. Mounted police at first attempted to disperse the demonstrators but without success. The police then charged into the demonstration, meeting with a counter-attack on the part of the students who used knives, stones and iron bars in the fight. This was the second skirmish with the students within twenty-four hours. On the previous occasion a number of persons were injured.

The student demonstration was formed following a huge church procession held in the morning. In this procession 3,000 students participated. No disturbances occurred at that time.

The Minister of the Interior spent two hours in Lemberg and conferred with Governor Gluchowski and District Chief Klotz.

REPORT ROUMANIA ALLOTS 25,000,000 LEI FOR MINORITIES SCHOOLS

Interpellation in Parliament on Order
to Dismiss Police Officials
Belonging to Minorities

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, June 8—An allotment of 25,000,000 Lei to be used as subventions for the maintenance of minorities' schools in Greater Roumania was made by the government, according to a report in the Roumanian press. The subventions are to be distributed according to a population key.

In parliament several days ago, the Jewish Socialist deputy, Pistiner, introduced an interpellation to the government concerning the statement made in Czernowitz recently by Baron Miro, general police inspector, who told the Bukovina police authorities to dismiss from service, "Jews, Germans and other officials belonging to the minorities." Deputy Pistiner asked the government whether the secret order to the same effect issued by the former Minister of the Interior, Octavian Goga, is still in force. The Understate Secretary, Joan Itescu, replied that he knows nothing about the Goga order and that the government will institute an investigation concerning the Bukovina affair.

VILLAGERS EXPROPRIATE PEASANTS' LAND FOR SETTLERS' COLLECTIVES

Jewish Settlers Dispossessed; Land to
Go to Jewish Collectives

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, June 8—Measures to further the development of collective farms instead of individual settlements have been taken in various parts of the Union by local village Soviets.

The Soviets voted to expropriate land now held by individual peasants, including Jews, and to transfer it to collective farms, in the case of Jewish peasants to Jewish collectives.

These steps were taken on the pretext that the individual settlers are "speculating Kulaks" who do not work the land themselves but hire laborers to cultivate the land. This policy is being carried out on farms situated near the towns. It has not been applied in the colonies where the Agro-Joint, the agency of the American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, the Ort or the Jewish Colonization Association are operating.

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RELIGIOUS BODIES CANNOT CONTROL CEMETERIES IN RUSSIA, NEW LAW RULES

Cemeteries to Be Transferred to Jurisdiction of Local Soviets
 (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, June 8—A new law, depriving religious bodies, of any denomination, of the right to supervise or to control burial grounds, was promulgated today.

Under the law, religious communities are prohibited from maintaining cemeteries for their membership. The cemeteries are to be transferred to the jurisdiction of the local Soviets. The law recommends to the Soviets that burial expenses be collected from the relatives of the deceased in accordance with their economic situation.

The measure was viewed as another step to undermine the influence of religion, as the new regulations will undoubtedly tend to create in Russia a "Soviet burial," just as there is a Soviet marriage. The provisions, one of which is that no burial be allowed before forty hours after death occurs, will greatly affect the rituals of different denominations.

PAPER TRIES TO STIR UP ANTI-SEMITISM IN VILNA

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
 Vilna, June 8—An attempt to stir religious prejudice in Vilna, was made by the "Dziennik Wilenski," anti-Semitic daily, which published a report that two Jewish boys, Isaac Katz and Mendel Waratz, of Witel Street 43, had buried a dead bird, erecting a cross on the grave. This report was found to be without foundation.

The paper makes an issue of the invented report, asserting that Jews had profaned the Catholic religion.

Plans for a hospital, in Newark, N. J., to be known as The Home for the Chronic Sick, were announced by the Friendly Sisters, a Jewish women's organization. The site will be selected in the autumn.

BILL ASKS CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE TO EVOLVE NEW SELECTIVE IMMIGRATION PLAN

Aliens Exclusion, Killed in House, Introduced as Amendment to Constitution
 (Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, June 8—A new proposal to solve the national origins clause question and for the working out of a new immigration restriction plan based on the idea of selective immigration, was introduced into the Senate by Senator Allen of Kansas.

The bill provides for the establishment of a joint Congressional committee which is to be instructed to make a scientific survey upon which would be based a selective immigration policy. Certain select classes of immigrants are to be admitted to the United States in accordance with the needs of the country. Under this plan priority would be given to immigrants on the basis of their individual qualities and occupations. Under the present law the immigration cannot be adapted to the needs of the country. Senate.

(Continued on Page 4)

GERMAN PRO-PALESTINE COMMITTEE FETES VISCOUNT CECIL

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
 Berlin, June 8—A reception in honor of Viscount Cecil, famous British statesman and president of the Palestine Mandates Society, was given by the German pro-Palestine Committee on the occasion of the viscount's visit here. The reception was held at the home of Prof. Ludwig Stein, and members of the German government, diplomats and Jewish leaders were present.

Replying to the addresses of welcome by Dr. Stein, Kurt Blumenfeld and Col. Frederick H. Kisch, Viscount Cecil stated that he was a convinced champion of the Zionist movement since 1920. He became convinced of the vitality of the movement and its unusual inspiration for the Jewish masses when he addressed a mass meeting of 10,000 persons in that year in Albert Hall, London. He described the history of the Palestine Mandate and stated that the League Mandate over Palestine given to Great Britain was a fortunate solution since the Zionist work is the fruit of the League of Nations idea. "I have a double interest in Zionism; first, because of the Palestine work itself, and second because it proves the practicability and the constructive value of the League of Nations. It is because of this that the nations of the world ought to be interested in a greater Palestine work, since it symbolizes a new phase in the history of the world," he declared.

HIAS GETS \$10,000 BEQUEST FROM SAMUEL GLOCK ESTATE

The Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society received a bequest of \$10,000 left to the institution by the late Samuel Glock, of Port Chester, N. Y. Mr. Glock was for many years a member of Hias.

Other bequests recently received by Hias was \$1,000 each from Max Stone, Max Robinson and Solomon Stein.

PALESTINE POLICE TAKE EXTRAORDINARY MEASURES AS MOSLEMS MARK NEW YEAR

To Prevent Demonstrations Against British Rule and Land Sale to Jews
 (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, June 8—Extraordinary measures of precaution to safeguard law and order were taken by the Palestine police for the entire southern district. Greater vigilance is to be maintained during the period June 7 to June 10, when the Moslem New Year is celebrated.

It is believed that the measures were taken to prevent contemplated public assemblies and demonstrations planned by certain Arab leaders to protest on this occasion against British rule in the country and the sale of lands by Arabs to Jews.

Interesting details concerning the ratification this week of the British-Transjordanian treaty are contained in a report of Mena, the newly established Middle Eastern News Agency. According to the news agency, Sir John Chancellor, High Commissioner of Palestine, declined the offer of certain Transjordanian deputies to negotiate with them with regard to the treaty. Transjordanian nationalist elements opposed the treaty. The High Commissioner told the deputies that the Transjordanian Assembly may have its choice of accepting or rejecting the pact. The Assembly finally ratified the treaty by a vote of 14 to 5 with three deputies absent.

HITLERITES RENEW ATTEMPT AT NATIONALIST PUTSCH

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, June 8—A special issue of the Hitlerite organ published in Munich, "Der Voelkische Beobachter," is now being distributed widely, causing anxiety in governmental and democratic circles.

The issue contains the full text of an address delivered by Hitler in which he urged the members of the Reichswehr to help the anti-Semitic national socialist party "seize power."

The democratic paper urged the authorities to stop the distribution of the issue.

PROTEST JERUSALEM POLICE INSPECTOR'S BRUTALITY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, June 8—A formal complaint against the British police inspector, Duff, was filed with the police commandant by Dr. Thon on behalf of the Vaad Leumi, National Council of Palestine Jews, and Mr. Meyuchas for the Vaad Ha'ir of Jerusalem.

Inspector Duff is charged with brutality during the recent Lag Bomer celebration. The Jerusalem commandant promised a full investigation.

RAIN CAUSES CROP DAMAGE IN JERUSALEM

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, June 8—Unusual late rains caused crop damage amounting to £2,000 in the colony Roshpina.

CHURCHES FEDERAL COUNCIL LEADERS CRITICIZED FOR TOO LIBERAL ATTITUDE TOWARD GOODWILL WORK AMONG JEWS AND CHRISTIANS

Secretary of Goodwill Committee Issues Statement Making Disclosure; Presbyterian Assembly Cuts Appropriation to Council; Is Goodwill Movement to Collapse?

That some leaders in the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America are being criticized for their liberal attitudes and actions regarding Jews, was brought out at a conference of Jews and Christians at work on the goodwill program, declared Everett R. Clinchy, secretary of the Committee on Goodwill Between Jews and Christians of the Federal Council, in a statement made to the Jewish Daily Bulletin. Last week at the United Presbyterian General Assembly, that denomination cut its appropriation to the Federal Council in half, because of objections to the "liberal" policies of the Council, including its goodwill program.

Criticism of the Committee on Goodwill by Christians themselves were reviewed by Dr. S. M. Cavert, one of the General Secretaries of the Federal Council, under three heads:

1. The far-reaching influence of the Committee is seen in the fact that an editor of the syndicating processes of Methodist papers consulted the Committee respecting the publication of an article favoring proselytizing, and the article was rejected, or, if subsequently used, much modified.
2. Two denominational papers, conservative and fundamentalist in character, have printed editorials objecting to the friendly and cooperative attitude toward Jews of the Federal Council's Committee.

3. When the United Presbyterian General Assembly threatened to bolt from the Federal Council, one of the chief reasons, as given by some of their members, was that Dr. Cadman, former president of the Council, and now chairman of the Committee on Goodwill, "made mention over the radio more favorable about Jews than about orthodox Christians."

Dr. Anthony called attention to the plain significance of such criticism, as evidence that the Committee's program is a genuine movement for goodwill and not a smoke screen for conversion.

The minutes of the conference of December 30, 1924, when representatives of the Federal Council and of the Central Conference of American Rabbis held their first joint session, were examined in detail. Dr. Anthony, as stated in the minutes, "emphasized the fact that there were no ulterior motives behind the meeting, that the Federal Council's representatives were not trying to change the Jews." He listed three main aims: (1) To combat anti-Semitism (there is also anti-Christianism to combat); (2) To discover a way of life for our American people; (3) To find, far more than just a mode of life, the things that we can do together, the possibilities of cooperative service for the common good.

Dr. Philipson, acknowledged that many of his people "had a suspicious complex. Men of affairs asked if there

was not something behind the proposal"; later he asked that a pronouncement be made respecting the Ku Klux Klan, and this was done in the platform subsequently adopted by the conference.

Dr. Silver acknowledged "that this was a groping program," and added "that the Jewish group clearly understood that the movement was not prompted by missionary proclivities but entirely by good fellowship."

Dr. Atkinson pointed out the difficulty of using phrases and terms which would express religious purposes and plans common to both Jews and Christians.

The platform adopted plainly indicates that no permanent Joint Committee was then contemplated. The famous plank in which proselytizing is referred to uses these words: "These committees have no proselytizing purposes."

Dr. Simon "called attention to the fact that the present conference had no permanent organization and did not know how many representatives there should be of each group." Later on it was stated "it was the sense of the meeting, however, that 'it' was better for the two committees to remain separate."

At the conference, which was held in the offices of the Federal Council, Rabbi Abram Simon and Rabbi Solomon Foster were present representing the Central Conference of American Rabbis.

GERMAN NATIONALIST PRESS CARICATURES SARNOFF (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, June 8—Simultaneously with the announcement of the signature of the debt settlement pact the German nationalist press published today caricatures of David Sarnoff, vice-president of the Radio Corporation of America, who played an important part in the settlement.

The papers describe Mr. Sarnoff as the plenipotentiary of Owen D. Young and the initiator of the plans "to enslave Germany through international high finance."

PROF. EINSTEIN GETS GIFT WHICH IS NOT "RELATIVE" (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, June 8—A gift promised to Prof. Albert Einstein on the occasion of his fiftieth birthday March 14, announced by his Jewish friends, materialized sooner than the gift of the Berlin City Council.

The famous scientist today was presented with a sailing boat, given him by the bank directors, Meidels and Biber, and Goldman, New York broker. Dr. Einstein is an expert sailor and will use the boat on the Wannsee and the Havel River.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

Mid-Eastern News Agency Created Special Correspondence

Jerusalem, May 20—The Palestine Telegraphic Agency on June 1st will commence the distribution of Reuter's News Service in Palestine, Mr. Jacob Landau announced prior to his departure from Jerusalem. Reuter's Service will be supplemented by special P.T.A. cables, which will carry, as heretofore, news of special political and economic interest to Palestine.

Mr. E. D. Goitein, well known London journalist, will arrive in Palestine in August to join "The Palestine Bulletin." The "Bulletin" will be considerably enlarged in size, a number of departments being added in order to make the paper more comprehensive and more useful to the country.

Mr. G. Agronsky, who when the paper is reorganized, will join "The Palestine Bulletin" as contributing editor, will be in exclusive charge of the newly established Middle East News Agency (Mena). This agency will maintain its own correspondents in the neighboring countries, particularly Iraq, Syria, the Lebanon, Egypt, Arabia and Transjordan, and in due course, Persia and Turkey. The enlarged "Palestine Bulletin," as well as the Palestine press, will be supplied with the Mena service, which will consist of wire, mail and feature news from the above mentioned countries. This service should be of particular value to Palestine, fostering, it is hoped, a better knowledge of conditions in the neighboring countries, and promoting closer economic and cultural relations.

Mena service is intended primarily for the press of Europe and the United States, and will aim to place at the disposal of the newspapers throughout the world full and authentic information with regard to political, cultural, and commercial conditions in Palestine and the other Middle East territories.

Mr. Sch. Schwartz remains in charge of the Palestine Telegraphic Agency and of "The Palestine Bulletin."

On June 1, cable despatches reported, the Palestine Telegraphic Agency started the distribution of the Reuter Service to the Palestine press in accordance with a recently concluded agreement.

The inauguration of the news service coincided with the British elections in which the Palestine population took a great interest. The P. T. A. offices in Jerusalem were besieged by inquiries as to the results. Jewish labor organizations in Palestine were jubilant at the coming into power of the labor government.

The inauguration of the Reuter Service through the P.T.A., coinciding with the reorganization of "The Palestine Bulletin" was welcomed in messages to "The Palestine Bulletin" from Attorney General Norman Bentwich, District Commissioner Keith Roach, Bishop Macinnes and Mr. Shelly,

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CHICAGO KEHILLAH WORK EXPANDS

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Chicago, Ill., June 8.—The activities of the Chicago Kehillah have expanded recently to such a degree that Rabbi M. Sacks, executive director, has announced that it was necessary for the Kehillah headquarters to move to larger offices. The new office is centrally located in the Jewish community of the west side, at 3600 W. Roosevelt Road.

The Kehillah is now working on the appointment of a Central Committee, which, acting as an agency, will make a drive once a year for the Yeshivahs and delegations from Europe and Palestine, who come to raise funds. It is expected in this way to eliminate much expense, duplication of effort, and often unauthorized solicitations.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

(Continued from Page 3)

president of the Chamber of Commerce.

Russian Notes

Moscow, June 8.—Protests from a number of Jewish workers in the factory Dubrovna in White Russia were heard upon the announcement of the factory administrators' decision to keep the factory closed on Thursday instead of Saturday as the day for rest. The factory, established by the Jewish Colonization Association, Ica, was originally exclusively for Jewish workers. Now, of the 740 employed, 35% are Russians since the factory has been converted by the local authorities into a collective.

Minsk, June 8.—The attempt on the part of Communists to ban kosher meat in the city of Minsk has led to a fight here between the Communists on the one hand and religious bodies on the other.

While the religious bodies are collecting signatures to a petition for the continuance of the sale of kosher meat, the Communist organ "Oktiabr" continues its propaganda against it.

A Cherin (religious ban) was declared by rabbis in the town Klimovich, Minsk region, against all those who participate in meeting of the Yevsektsia, the Jewish section of the Communist party, called for the purpose of fighting religion.

Minsk, June 8.—Three hundred and fifty Jewish men and women assembled before the house of the Jewish worker, Simcha Grushki, protesting against his marriage to a Gentile woman following the death of his Jewish wife.

Two children from his previous marriage refused to leave with Grushki and their step-mother for Bira Bidjan, declaring that they object to the intermarriage. The quarrel within the family became known in the city and caused a stir. When the father left the house with the luggage for the train yesterday, hundreds of Orthodox men and women surrounded the house, broke the windows and assailed the woman, shouting, "You can't take the Jewish children with you." The

BILL ASKS CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE TO EVOLVE NEW SELECTIVE IMMIGRATION PLAN

(Continued from Page 2)

tor Allen said. Senator Allen's bill likewise proposes the postponement of the national origins law for one year pending the result of the Congressional committee's survey.

The effort to exclude aliens from the Congressional count, frustrated on Thursday in the House of Representatives, refuses to die. The supporters of this proposal have now decided to attempt to accomplish the same purpose by introducing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

Representative Hoch, Republican, of Kansas, introduced an amendment which would strike from the Constitution, the word "persons" and substitute the word "citizens," thereby leaving aliens out of the population count as it applies to apportionment of the House of Representatives. If it should be passed by Congress, it would still have to be ratified by the Legislatures of three-fourths of the forty-eight states.

Similar Constitutional amendments have been presented before, in both House and Senate, but none has reached a vote. It appears improbable that efforts to bring about a vote will succeed at this time, although unquestionably a strong support for alien exclusion has developed at both ends of the Capitol in connection with consideration of the reapportionment and census legislation passed by the House.

The two main questions before the conference will be whether November, 1929, or May, 1930, will be the date for taking the census and whether the 100,000 or more enumerators shall be under civil service. Other differences between the two branches are of a technical character and will require little discussion.

Representative Hoch said that many members of Congress who had voted against alien exclusion as a part of the reapportionment census bill, have told him they will support it as a separate proposition.

"The fight on alien representation is not over," he declared. "And let me say again that I have not made this fight as an opponent of reapportionment. On every vote for ten years, I have voted for reapportionment even though my own State would lose one member, and I have opposed increasing the size of the House. But I shall continue to insist that it is grossly unfair to count 7,000,000 aliens—foreign-born and un-naturalized—congregated largely in a few States, to increase the Congressional representation and the electoral votes of those States, at the expense of the States where representation would be based upon citizenship."

police made several arrests.

The Yiddish Communist daily, "Oktiabr," reporting this incident, asked the local authorities to make a thorough investigation. The newspaper presents the case as a planned attack of the Jewish clericals to prevent Grushki from going to Bidjan.

A. W. ROSENTHAL, PRESIDENT ASS'N OF CENTER SECRETARIES

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Atlantic City, N. J., June 8.—Abraham W. Rosenthal of New York City was elected president of the National Association of Jewish Community Center Secretaries at the concluding session of its meeting at the Jewish Community Center here yesterday. E. J. London of Newark was chosen first vice-president; second vice-president, Abram S. Magida, Kansas City, Mo.; third vice-president, Mrs. Esther Jameson, Newark, N. J.; secretary-treasurer, Maurice Bisgier, Washington, D. C.; Moses H. Chaseman, Albany, William Cohen, Brooklyn, S. I. Rodman, Perth Amboy, Mrs. Celia S. Stakosch, New York, Ronetta Mayer, Louisville, Edward Kahn, Atlanta, and Frank J. Rubenstein, Baltimore, were named to the executive committee.

Harry L. Gluckman, executive director of the Jewish Welfare Board, summarizing the proceedings of the conference, said: "The central thesis of the Jewish Center program is undoubtedly the educational work, using that term in its broadest sense. Work with juniors has been emphasized, but to exclude or minimize work with seniors is to deny the implications of adult education. If we accept re-education of the adult individual as it is implied in the adult educational movement, we have a direct, important, and continuing responsibility toward the seniors and adults of our community."

Mr. Gluckman said that the Jewish Welfare Board would cooperate with the National Association of Jewish Community Center Secretaries in promoting such experimental studies; that he had in view the appointment of an advisory body from the membership of the Association to agree upon plans for the studies, to meet currently for the purpose of reviewing the results achieved from time to time, and to decide as to the reports to be presented thereon at the annual meetings of the Association.

Among the resolutions adopted was one that a committee be appointed to recommend such studies as would assist the Association to formulate a Jewish Center program calculated to carry out the accepted Jewish Center objectives. Another resolution was to the effect that the Program Committee be asked to arrange for the next Conference a major session be devoted to the problem of membership fees, dues, and privileges for girls and women.

"Standards of Physical Education" was the subject of a session attended by directors of physical education of Jewish Centers, as well as by other delegates of the conference. Samuel Leff, of the staff of the Jewish Welfare Board, presided. The discussion was led by Dr. Charles J. Prohaska, Director of Physical and Health Education of the State of Connecticut.

The general conference adopted a resolution approving the organization of a section of physical directors of Jewish Centers for the purpose of discussing their professional problems and a section was organized.