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ZIONIST EXECUTIVE IN PALESTINE REDUCES DEFICIT BY \$140,000

**Sacher Tells Story of Budget Cuts,
Aiming Towards Consolidation**
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, June 7.—The deficit of the Palestine Zionist Executive has in the period dating from October 1927 up until the present been reduced \$140,000, by the Keren Hayesod, Palestine Foundation Fund, bringing the total indebtedness of the Executive down to \$260,000 from its previous \$400,000, Harry Sacher, member of the Palestine Executive, made known at a conference of press representatives here.

Despite its new borrowings and its depreciated income, the Palestine Foundation Fund has been able to effect this reduction, at the same time wiping out its indebtedness to the teachers and officials, Mr. Sacher declared. "These figures indicate that there has been a substantial advance toward an economy administration and a sound financial status on the part of the Zionist Organization. An outstanding effect of this new state of affairs has been the improved financial credit available to the Executive, which renders possible further administrative economies and releases money for constructive expenditures," Mr. Sacher explained.

The cut in the indebtedness of the Executive was made possible by the reduction of the budgets, the principal reduction being in the budget for colonization. According to Mr. Sacher, the Executive confined itself to maintaining the existing settlements, pending the arrival of additional revenue, and set itself the task of solving the

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BERLIN KEHILLAH ADOPTS \$11,000,000 MARK BUDGET

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, June 7.—The Berlin Kehillah Council at its session yesterday adopted a budget calling for the expenditure during the coming year of \$11,000,000 Marks, at the recommendation of Herr Kareski, a Zionist, recently chosen president of the Kehillah.

In explaining the increase in the budget, Herr Kareski stated that the greater expenditure was necessary due to the growth of the religious, social and cultural activities carried on under the auspices of the Kehillah. Important items in the increase are the generous remuneration of the Kehillah officials and the support granted to the Jewish youth movement. The Berlin Kehillah is to develop into a strong factor in Jewish life in Germany and in the solution of Jewish problems in the present generation. It is only regrettable that one-half of the Jewish population in Berlin is indifferent religiously, Herr Kareski declared.

LEMBERG SITUATION THREATENING AS BISHOPS' ISSUE STATEMENT SUPPORTING CHARGE AGAINST JEWS

**New Attempt at Riots Frustrated by Police Intervention; Government Assures
Deputy Measures Taken to Maintain Order; Jews Advised to
Hide During Corpus Christi Processions**
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Lemberg, June 7.—The danger of new anti-Jewish disturbances in Lemberg was enlarged when three high church dignitaries saw fit to issue a statement supporting the unfounded charge that unnamed Jewish girls were guilty of mocking at the Catholic Corpus Christi procession on Sunday.

Three Archbishops, Twardowski, Teodorowicz and Lisowski, issued a statement declaring that they "condemn the first case in Poland when our religion was insulted and interfered with." This statement is in direct contradiction to the statement made by Father Lawinski to Rabbis Freund and Lewin that there was no offense on the part of Jews during the procession on Sunday.

As a result of the anxiety caused by the high church dignitaries' statement, Deputy Rosmarin conferred with the Lemberg Wojewoda, Goluchowski, who stated that he is informed that the situation was serious but that he had taken precautionary measures. "I am responsible for the maintenance of order," he declared. Thereupon, Deputy Rosmarin was in telephone communication with Minister of the Interior, General Skladkowski, at Warsaw. The Minister authorized Deputy Rosmarin to declare that the government has taken all measures necessary.

Four of the arrested students were released today because it was found that they did not participate in the demonstrations. Simultaneously the authorities decided to hold 28 of the students. When this decision became known the national democratic students held another demonstration and started to break the windows in many Jewish houses. The police intervened and dispersed the demonstrators.

Warsaw, June 7.—The possibility of a general students' strike throughout Poland was forecast when the Central Committee of the students organizations held a meeting here today with the participation of a delegate from Lemberg to consider a solidarity strike in the Polish universities. The committee decided to call a mass meeting of Polish students for Saturday although the university authorities declare they will not permit such a meeting to be held.

It is further reported here that at a secret meeting of national democratic leaders it was decided to undertake the defense of the arrested students in

Lemberg, Stanislaw Grabski, of Ugoda fame, participated in the meeting.

Warsaw, June 7.—As in the Middle Ages the Jewish population in Polish cities, towns and villages, was advised to retire from the streets and their businesses during the hours when the Corpus Christi church processions are held.

Following the Lemberg outbreaks during the Corpus Christi church procession there on Sunday, precipitated by the spread of a false rumor that Jewish girls had "profaned or mocked" the religious procession, a communique was published in the Jewish press here, urging the Jewish population to "close windows and balconies of homes facing the streets and to keep the doors of

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WARSAW RABBINATE DECIDES TO PETITION HOOVER TO ADMIT 200 WOMEN TO U.S.

Possibility of Their Remarriage Depends on Trip Here
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, June 7.—The Rabbinate of Warsaw at its meeting yesterday decided to address a request to the President of the United States for his intervention in the plight of two hundred Jewish women in Poland whose husbands died without issue and who, in accordance with Biblical law, cannot remarry until they go through a ceremony in which they are released by their late husbands' brothers.

In the cases of the 200 women, in whose behalf President Hoover is to be petitioned, the brothers of their late husbands reside in the United States. Under Jewish religious law the brothers must personally go through the ceremony known as "Chaliza." In this ceremony the brother receives the rebuke of his former sister-in-law for his refusal to comply with the Biblical law that he marry her. By the acceptance of this rebuke the widow is freed to remarry. Acceptance of this rebuke by proxy is not permissible under the law and the 200 brothers-in-law have refused to come to Poland to go through with the ceremony. The Rabbinate has therefore applied to the American consul to issue visitors visas for these women for the purpose of effecting their release to remarry.

When the Rabbinate learned yesterday that the Consul refused definitely to grant the visas, it decided to attempt to relieve the plight of the women by a petition to President Hoover.

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GERMAN PRESS LAUDS DAVID SARNOFF'S PART IN REPARATIONS SETTLEMENT

Devote Much Space to Life Story of
Sarnoff, Who Came to U. S. from
Vilna at Age of 8
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, June 7.—The part played by David Sarnoff, American Jewish financier and vice-president of the Radio Corporation of America, is emphasized in accounts in the German press on the occasion of the affixing of signatures at Paris today to the reparations settlement.

The newspapers state that the conclusion of the negotiations was greatly expedited by the service of David Sarnoff, who took the place of Owen D. Young when the latter was taken ill. By his energetic intervention and skillful conduct of the negotiations, he brought about the agreement.

The press devotes a great deal of space to a description of the life story of Sarnoff who, as a boy of eight, a student of the Talmud, went to the United States from Vilna, starting his American career as a telegraph messenger.

DR. HARRIS BOOMED FOR NEW YORK MAYOR

Dr. Louis I. Harris, former Health Commissioner of New York City, is being put forward as a suitable fusion candidate for Mayor. Choice of Dr. Harris, a Democrat, is being urged upon Republican leaders.

Dr. Harris is said by friends to be in a receptive mood. His experience of over 21 years in the Health Department is urged as a qualification for him. The Bronx County Republican Committee is expected to declare itself in favor of fusion. Manhattan and Brooklyn have already reached such a decision.

The United Palestine Appeal for Toronto's quota of \$75,000 will begin on Sunday, June 16. The campaign will be opened with a banquet at the Royal York Hotel with Nahum Sokoloff as the principal speaker.

NATIONAL FUND FLOWER DAY OBSERVED TODAY

The value of land in Palestine now owned by the entire Jewish people amounts to \$10,000,000, according to an announcement made by Emanuel Neumann, president of the Jewish National Fund, on the eve of the sixteenth annual Flower Day which will be conducted by the Jewish National Fund today, Sunday, June 9, throughout the United States.

The Jewish National Fund secures its revenue through small contributions on various Jewish festivals and celebrations. A large part of its income is secured by the amounts raised on Flower Day.

The Board of Directors of the Jewish National Fund have announced prizes to those who bring in the largest amounts for the day's collection. In New York City the one who brings in the largest amount of receipts will be given a free trip to Palestine and maintenance for several weeks. The next two winners will be given trips to Washington, D. C. Prizes are also to go to the next twenty-five winners.

Flower Day has annually brought in more than \$200,000 for the Jewish National Fund.

ORT SENDS MACHINE CONSIGNMENT TO RUSSIA

The steamer Hilversum, sailing for Leningrad on Monday, June 10, will carry machines valued at \$50,000 consigned to Jews in Russia who are being set up in industry by the Ort, the society for the promotion of agriculture and trades among the Jews of Eastern Europe.

The shipment contains 125 sewing, hemstitching, and other machines for home and factory industries, and is the largest single shipment made since the formation of the Ort Tool Supply Company last September. By arrangement with the Soviet government, the machinery enters the country duty free. It will be distributed by Jacob Zegelnitzki, the Russian representative of the Ort, to persons in 30 cities. Another shipment of machines will be made the end of June.

Two hundred European Jewish orphans have been "adopted" by Americans, according to the report of the Guardian Bureau of the American Ort. Groups in Sunday schools, Councils of Jewish Women and congregations have raised the \$50 necessary to provide one child with a year's training, and have become the corporate guardians of an orphan.

A farewell luncheon was tendered to Professor Harry Torchner, Professor in Bible at the Hochschule, Berlin, Germany, on Tuesday, June 4th, by the Alumni Association of the Jewish Institute of Religion, where Dr. Torchner was visiting professor of Biblical science and Semitic philology. Members of the Board of Trustees of the Institute, faculty, alumni and student body were present. The speakers included Dr. Stephen S. Wise, president of the Seminary; Professor Henry S. Slonimsky, Professor Saul Baron for the faculty and Maurice J. Bloom. Dr. Torchner sailed on the steamer Berengaria for Germany.

BROOKLYN JEWISH CLUB BARS NON-DONORS TO FEDERATION

The Unity Club of Brooklyn, oldest and most influential Jewish club in the borough, will close its doors to applicants for membership who do not contribute to the Brooklyn Federation of Jewish Charities a sum at least equal to the amount of the annual dues to the club. Announcement of this regulation, which has been incorporated into the by-laws of the club, was made by Benjamin C. Ribman, president of the club, who stated that the adoption of the regulation was in keeping with the club's traditional policy to cooperate with Federation.

"It is a fact," Mr. Ribman said, "that Federation does not receive adequate support from the well-to-do class of Brooklyn Jews. If a person can afford to pay dues to a social club, he can afford to contribute to the major Jewish charity of Brooklyn. If he does not contribute in accordance with his means, it is a reflection against his character."

The Unity Club has a membership of six hundred and fifteen. Its annual membership dues are \$150. It was organized in 1896. Four of its presidents, Nathan S. Jonas, Justice Edward Lazansky, Justice Mitchell May and the late Louis L. Firushki were also presidents of Federation.

Nathan D. Shapiro, the present president, in a public statement recently charged the Jewish population of Brooklyn, representing the largest Jewish population group in the United States, with failure to support adequately the work of the Brooklyn Federation of Jewish Charities. Difficulties were encountered in raising the \$200,000 deficit of the recent campaign. The amount was finally subscribed. Many Jewish charity organizations exist in Brooklyn which function outside of the Federation.

RABBINICAL ASSEMBLY TO MEET IN JULY

The annual meeting of the Rabbinical Assembly of the Jewish Theological Seminary will be held at Long Branch, N. J., July 8-10.

Dr. Louis Finkelstein, president of the Rabbinical Assembly, will deliver an address on "Traditional Law and Modern Life." The paper will be discussed by Rabbi H. Rubenovitz of Boston, Rabbi D. Aronson of Minneapolis, Rabbi E. Kohn of Youngstown, O. The "Place of Spiritual Ideals in Modern Judaism" will be the subject of a symposium led by Dr. Jacob Kohn of Congregation Anshe Hessed of New York, Dr. Israel Goldstein of Temple Bnai Ieshurun of New York, and Rabbi Solomon Goldman of the Cleveland Jewish Center. Dr. Kohn will speak on the "Menace of Secularism," and Rabbi Goldman on "How to Meet the Challenge."

Dr. Cyrus Adler, president of the Jewish Theological Seminary, is expected to address the convention on his views on Palestine. Professor Alexander Marx will discuss "the recent contributions to Jewish literature by members of the Seminary faculty."

MINORITIES QUESTION MAIN POINT ON LEAGUE COUNCIL AGENDA

Body Considers Committee of Three
Report in Private Meeting
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Madrid, June 7.—Not much light could be secured on what the Council of the League of Nations in session here will do to satisfy the demands of the national minorities in Europe for changing the procedure so that speedier relief may be obtained for minorities which submit complaints against the governments of the countries in which they live.

The question is one of the major points on the agenda of the League Council, since the Council's "Committee of Three," composed of Sir Austen Chamberlain, former British Foreign Secretary, Senor Quinones de Leon of Spain and M. Adachi of Japan, submitted a report rejecting the proposals made by Canada and Germany to radically change the procedure in the minorities complaint and to strengthen the role of the League of Nations as a guarantor of the minority clauses. The committee was appointed by the League Council at its March session when a sharp conflict between Foreign Minister Stresemann and the Polish Foreign Minister, Zaleski, was averted by the intervention of Aristide Briand.

Due to the change in the British government, action by the Council on the Committee's report was delayed. At a meeting of the Council held in the building of the Spanish Senate, the report of the Committee of Three was rejected. The meeting was of a preliminary and private character, it being explained that the matter will later be taken up at the public session of the Council which is scheduled for Monday. M. Adachi of Japan will preside at the session, according to the procedure.

PERMIT MME. SCHWIMMER TO GO ABROAD AND RETURN

Madam Rosika Schwimmer, who was denied citizenship because of her statement that she would not bear arms in defense of America in case of war and found herself in the position of being unable to leave the United States, having renounced her Hungarian allegiance and unable to obtain an American passport, has been granted emergency papers to enable her to go abroad. By special permission of the immigration authorities she left for Europe to attend the International Women Suffrage Alliance twenty-fifth anniversary meeting in Berlin with the assurance that she will be permitted to return to the United States.

It was pointed out that the recent Supreme Court decision refusing to accept Madam Schwimmer as an American citizen resulted in confining her to this country. For this reason the immigration authorities issued the emergency papers.

Rabbi Ferdinand Isgrain of the Holy Blossom Synagogue, Toronto, tendered his resignation, accepting a call to the Reform Temple of St. Louis, Mo.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

Jewish Centers Have Their Problems

By Our Atlantic City Correspondent

Atlantic City, N. J., June 7.—How shall the Jewish Center undertake to reach its educational objectives? This was the subject of discussion at yesterday morning's session of the National Association of Jewish Community Center Secretaries at the Jewish Community Center of Atlantic City. N. J. E. J. London, New Jersey Field Secretary of the Jewish Welfare Board, introduced Dr. Horace M. Kallen of the New School of Social Research, New York City, who opened the discussion.

Dr. Kallen pointed out that the type of Jewish Center as was represented by the Y. M. H. A. had a program similar to that of the Y. M. C. A.; that another development of the Jewish Center type was the social settlement and Educational Alliance whose object was the Americanization of the immigrant; that the Jewish Center had now arrived at a stage where it was changing its objective to that of Judaization. The Center was therefore justified in reaching out to large numbers in order that it might bring to bear its influence on the largest possible group, with the view to the preservation of Jewish group life. The Jewish Center had arisen in the context of Jewish life because of the failure of the Synagogue adequately to provide means for its preservation. In this respect it was not different from the church. It therefore has become the mission of the Jewish Center to provide for activities both Jewish and non-Jewish in character, for even those whereby Jewish groups affiliate. The Jewish Center must establish a relationship with the home and the educational program must begin with the children of pre-school age in order to be most effective.

A group of delegates conducted a round-table on Child Study under the leadership of Mrs. Rose Kahn, of New York City.

At the evening session William Pinks, superintendent of the Jewish Educational Alliance of Savannah, Ga., read a paper entitled "Membership Turn-Over in a Small City." The paper pointed out that members secured through intensive campaign do not stay as long as members attracted to the Center by its program or by a sense of civic responsibility; that there should be every effort to continue a member on the rolls of the Center for two years or more so that there will be a tendency to become a permanent member; that while it was obvious that the problem of turn-over is more important for the small city Center, very few Centers keep records that enable them accurately to study the trend of their yearly losses; that whatever material is available for a comparative study, merely shows that the problem varies in each community. Mr. Pins-

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HOUSE REVERSES ITSELF; ANTI-ALIEN AMENDMENTS DROPPED FROM CENSUS BILL

Strong Sentiment Persists, Nevertheless, for Registration of Aliens

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, June 7.—The alien registration and exclusion of aliens from Congressional representation amendments were both defeated yesterday in the final vote upon the Congressional Census Reapportionment bill. Although the amendments were tentatively adopted on Tuesday they were defeated when the bill came up for a final vote on Thursday.

There was a debate before the vote on the constitutionality of the exclusion of aliens from the Congressional apportionment and the vote indicated the general conclusion was that such an amendment would be unconstitutional. Judging from the large vote on Tuesday in favor of alien registration a very strong sentiment exists in favor of registration and there is no doubt that during the next session of Congress a strong effort will be made to obtain the adoption of such a plan. Its final defeat as a proposed amendment to the census bill was not based on a lack of sympathy with its underlying object, but was purely a practical means to end the controversy on the bill.

SEEK LAW SUPPORT IN "MUSH-ROOM" SYNAGOGUE FIGHT

Plans for a campaign against the "mushroom" synagogues will be considered Monday, June 10th, at the monthly meeting of the Association of Presidents of Jewish Congregations in Brooklyn, according to an announcement by H. Louis Jacobson, president.

Consideration will be given at this meeting for the introduction of an amendment to the Religious Corporation Laws of the State of New York. The Association, in its campaign to eliminate the "mushroom" synagogues, Mr. Jacobson stated, will endeavor to incorporate in this amendment a provision, that no Jewish congregations shall be organized without the sanction of some governing or ecclesiastical board. This amendment would be offered at the next session of the Legislature.

RETI, FAMOUS JEWISH CHESS CHAMPION, DIES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Prague, June 7.—The famous Jewish chess champion of Czechoslovakia, Richard Reti, died here yesterday at the age of 40. Death was due to scarlet fever.

Reti had participated in many chess tournaments and held the world record of twenty-five blindfold games played simultaneously. He was the author of a book on chess, "The New Idea in Chess."

Among the newly appointed Kings Councilors announced by the Attorney General of the Province of Ontario, is the name of Nathan Phillips, Toronto lawyer, who is also a representative in the City Council, serving there as Alderman of Ward Four, chiefly populated by Jews.

LEMBERG SITUATION GRAVE; BISHOPS REITERATE CHARGE OF JEWISH PROVOCATION

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stores closed" during the Corpus Christi procession scheduled to be held here today. The communiqué states that this precaution is necessary in order to prevent the possibility of any provocation similar to the one perpetrated by the anti-Semitic clique in Lemberg. The church procession was scheduled to pass through a part of the Jewish quarter.

Lemberg, June 7.—Although no new disturbances of an anti-Jewish nature occurred on Thursday the streets continued to be patrolled by strong police guards.

The anti-Semitic organ, "Kurjer Poranny," was confiscated today. The strike of the national democratic students in the University of Lemberg continues. Several Jewish student girls who came to the University were severely beaten and driven away.

A delegation of the national democratic students called on the district attorney, Mr. Swoboda, reiterating the demand for the release of the arrested 40 students. The district attorney refused, declaring that their release may be possible only after the investigation is completed.

The Association of Polish Attorneys in Lemberg decided to undertake the defense of the arrested students without fee as an expression of solidarity.

The executive committee of the Lemberg Kehillah issued a new appeal to the population to remain calm as the Lemberg authorities have given emphatic assurances that every step is being taken to safeguard law and order and that any attempt at new riots will be suppressed.

Wednesday did not pass without incident. A group of students attempted to wreck the cafe, De La Paix, owned by a Jew, but the police intervened in time. A group also attempted to set fire to the clubhouse of the Jewish sport organization, Haschmonai, but were prevented by the members of the club.

The action of the national democratic students does not represent the spirit of the entire Polish student body. A protest against the Chauvinistic excesses was issued by the Polish democratic student association which declares that it will not join the student strike.

The Minister of the Interior issued instructions to the police authorities in the university cities Warsaw, Cracow, Lemberg, Posen and Vilna to increase vigilance against possible student disturbances.

A forecast of new disturbances in Lemberg was seen in the decision of the St. John Church of Lemberg, which, according to report of the Catholic press agency, convened a protest meeting to be held on June 9 against the "Jewish provocation." The St. John Church was the starting point of the Corpus Christi procession on Sunday which preceded the riots.

Two rabbis, Drs. Freund and Lewin, who supervised instruction of Jewish

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sker pleaded for a greater standardization of membership records and a further study of problems relating to membership.

Gilbert Harris, Executive Director of the Y. M. H. A.-Y. W. H. A. of St. Louis, Mo., presented a paper entitled "Membership Problems of Centers in the Larger Communities." He referred to the importance of the membership secretary of the Center having supervision of the membership activities; to the desirability of dealing with a member individually so as to retain his affiliations with the Center; to follow up the members so as to secure their attendance; to invite the public to certain functions with the view to recruiting members. He said, "We need a national membership office whose work would be membership research and the interpretation of that research." He raised questions which included the following: How many members can buildings accommodate according to facilities, program and staff? What turn-over in membership should be expected annually? What membership can be expected according to the size and character of the community?

4 JEWS NAMED TO RELIGIOUS PEACE CONFERENCE

Four Jewish representatives have been selected to join the preliminary conference of the Universal Religious Peace Conference sponsored by the Carnegie Foundation which will meet at Frankfurt-on-Main, August 19-23 of this year. They are Dr. Joseph H. Hertz, Chief Rabbi of the British Empire, and Senator Rubenstein of Vilna, representing European Jewry, and Dr. Stephen S. Wise and Dr. D. de Sola Pool, representing American Jewry.

The committee consists of seventy men representing nineteen of the world's religions. The preliminary conference will arrange for the Universal Religious Peace Conference to be held in 1930, will name a world committee of one thousand and decide on a place of meeting. The purpose of the conference and the subsequent congress is to awaken public opinion and to influence the population of the world towards peace through religion.

religion in the high school concerning whose pupils it was alleged that they were guilty of mockery or profanation, called on Father Lawinski. They declared that after a thorough investigation made among the pupils, they were convinced that the Jewish girls were absolutely without guilt in the charge ascribed to them. Father Lawinski agreed with the rabbis, declaring that he rejects any suspicion that Jews were guilty of mocking at the Catholic faith.

Several foreign consuls stationed at Lemberg, including those from Czechoslovakia, Roumania and Soviet Russia, addressed communications of sympathy to "Chwila," the Polish Jewish daily whose editorial offices were wrecked in the riots.

ZIONIST EXECUTIVE IN PALESTINE REDUCES DEFICIT BY \$140,000

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problem of the 8,000 unemployed, which was the outstanding problem it faced at that time.

Mr. Sacher indicated that there would be further economies. When the present Executive took over its duties, it had been estimated by its predecessors that the sum of \$347,000 would be required to bring about the consolidation of the existing Zionist colonies. The present Executive reduced the estimate to \$275,000 through contemplated economies in the costs of buildings, plantations, etc., which would not, however, affect the economic status of the colonists or the efficiency of the colonies. In his statement to the press representatives, Mr. Sacher indicated that the next budget for colonization would be only 75,000 pounds, and that complete consolidation would therefore not be possible.

The outlook for the future is such that not only will a complete consolidation of existing colonies be possible, but the Zionist organization will be able to begin a new colonization, he said. The latter, however, depends on the land reserve which, he stated, is "the most urgent problem facing the next Executive."

Lieb Yaffe, of the Keren Hayesod, declared that the Palestine Foundation Fund has raised the sum of \$4,000,000 net since 1920, which has been used for immigration, colonization, urban development, education and health. The Palestine Foundation Fund has overcome enormous difficulties, he stated. Those constantly working for the fund are convinced that its prospects of development are limitless and that "our work will succeed as we increase educational and national activities among the Jews of the Diaspora. We must find our way to every Jewish element, community center, synagogue, school and public institution," Mr. Yaffe urged. He warned against the multiplicity of appeals for Palestine through agencies other than the Keren Hayesod.

A gift of \$150,000 contributed by the Julius Rosenwald Foundation to the Massachusetts General Hospital of Boston established a new schedule of rates for persons of moderate means for its Baker Memorial Building, now being constructed.

The Rosenwald Fund, Dr. Michael M. Davis, director of medical service of the hospital, said, will be used to meet an expected deficit until all the beds of the new building are occupied. He believed, the institution will be self-supporting.

A check for \$25,000 was sent to Judge William M. Lewis, National Chairman of the United Palestine Appeal, who is now in San Francisco, by Irving H. Hellman, Chairman of the United Jewish Welfare Fund of Los Angeles, Cal., as the first installment of the appeal. It is the first of the United Palestine Appeal as a result of the campaign launched last week for \$200,000 for all national and international Jewish causes.

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