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## **ZIONIST GENERAL COUNCIL BEGINS ITS SESSIONS IN BERLIN**

**Weizmann Absent; Rumor of His Resignation Due to Ill Health Denied in London**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, May 31—The extraordinary session of the Zionist General Council, the legislative body meeting between congresses, otherwise known as the Actions Committee, was opened here at 11 A. M. today.

Forty members of the General Council were present at the opening. Other members are expected to arrive. The absence of Dr. Weizmann, who is now in London, and of Nahum Sokolow, chairman of the World Zionist Executive, who is now in the United States in the interest of the United Palestine Appeal, was noted. Dr. Selig Brodetsky of the University of Leeds, and head of the Political Department of the Zionist Executive in London, is expected to arrive here to render his report.

The session was of an executive nature, newspapermen not being admitted. The session was called, as it was announced earlier, to complete the deliberations on the constitution of the extended Jewish Agency, on the basis of an agreement reported to have been reached between the Zionists and the non-Zionists during the stay of Dr. Weizmann and Felix M. Warburg in Jerusalem during the Passover week. It was reported that Colonel Frederick H. Kisch, a member of the Zionist Executive in Jerusalem, who arrived to attend the sessions, submitted a detailed report on the Agency question, in connection with the recent developments. Felix Rosenbluth, member of the Zionist Executive in London, reported on the history of the negotiations.

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## **GERMAN JEWISH POET HEADS INTERNATIONAL AUTHORS**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Madrid, May 31—Ludwig Fulga, the well known German Jewish poet, was chosen President of the International Authors' and Composers' Society which concluded its congress here yesterday.

Herr Fulga holds the post of vice president of the German poets academy.

## **FIRE CAUSES MUCH DAMAGE IN POLISH TOWN**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Lemberg, May 31—The only buildings left were those of the railway station at Niznow, Eastern Galicia, when a fire swept the town.

Hundreds of families, the majority of whom are Jewish, remained roofless when the town was razed. The entire property of the inhabitants was destroyed.

## **CONCORDAT WITH VATICAN IMPROVES STATUS OF ITALIAN JEWRY, MUSSOLINI DECLARES IN INTERVIEW**

**Clears Up Doubts on Non-Catholic Cults in Kingdom; Tells J. T. A. Director Italy Has No Designs on Palestine**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Rome, May 31—Some of the doubts which arose in the minds of many concerning the legal status of Italian Jews and other non Catholic cults in Italy following the conclusion of the concordat with the Vatican were cleared up by Benito Mussolini in an interview he granted today to Jacob Landau Managing Director of the Jewish Agency.

The concordat, if anything, has improved the status of the Jewish community in Italy. The Jewish, as well as the Protestant churches are officially recognized by the state, and in the exercise of their functions they enjoy an equal status with the Catholic church, the Prime Minister declared.

The rabbi has the same right to perform marriages as was granted in the concordat to the Catholic priest. Similarly, there is no obstacle for a civil marriage between a Jew and a Christian. "This is why I say," Mussolini declared, "that the concordat, is far from harming the Jewish community in Italy. On the contrary, it has improved and strengthened its status. It has regulated the relations between the Jewish community and the State on the same principles and on the same standards as have regulated the relations between the Catholic Church and the State. It was for this reason that the representatives of the Protestant and Jewish churches have expressed their satisfaction with their new status, which was the inevitable result of the conclusion of the concordat. Priest or rabbi may perform marriage ceremonies, but every citizen has a right to give preference to the civil ceremony. Generally, the concordat and its meaning were widely misunderstood. The fact of the matter is that the State and the Church remain separated as they are in the United States of America. The right reserved for every Italian to choose a religious or a civil marriage ceremony is an indication of the fact that the concordat has not changed the situation.

"The concordat regulates the relations between the State and the Church without conceding the Church any influence or power in the affairs of the state. Only in two matters do the Church and State meet, having a common sphere of influence, namely, religious education in the schools and in the performance of marriage rites. However, in both matter, all churches, as I have emphasized before, enjoy the same rights. What is still more important is the fact that religious ceremonies are in no way obligatory. Any

citizen has the privilege of accepting or declining the services the Church wishes to render him.

"Take for instance the case of Jewish parents in the school question," the Prime Minister continued. "The Jewish parents have the right to withdraw their children from attending the religious part of the school program. On the whole, the Jewish population in Italy is a small one. There are altogether 60,000 Jews in the country, of whom 15,000 live in Rome, about 10,000 in Milan, 5,000 in Trieste, and 1,000 in Naples. In the Jewish school of Rome about 100 pupils are enrolled. It is therefore hardly probable that the Jews will establish their own schools, particularly in the smaller towns.

"The Jews of Rome have so far not presented any demands to the government in regard to the school question. In one part of Rome, one section of the four Fascist schools, Balila, is Jewish, and on Saturday, about 600 Jewish pupils, led by their officers and principals, visited the synagogue," Mussolini stated.

Asked whether he was in favor of the Zionist movement and its aims in Palestine, the Prime Minister replied: "In Italy the Jew is free. He is an equal citizen. He is an Italian. The Jewish community in Italy is 2,000 years old; in fact it is the oldest Jewish community in Europe. The Jew wept on Caesar's grave and has throughout a period of more than 20 centuries participated in the history of the country during all of its trials and tribulations."

When the correspondent further

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## **BERLIN CITY COUNCIL WITH DRAWS BILL OF GRANT TO PROFESSOR EINSTEIN**

**Action Taken Following Inability to Make Scientist Reverse Decision**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, May 31—The bill for the authorization of a gift by the City of Berlin to Professor Albert Einstein on the occasion of his 50th birthday was withdrawn by the City Government from the City Council where it was pending since March 14th, causing a protracted discussion and great embarrassment to the City Fathers.

The step was taken by the City Government when it was learned that Dr. Einstein definitely refused to accept the gift and that he could not be persuaded to change his mind. The Berlin press, reporting on the latest development in this case, reiterated the entire history of the offer.

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## TO RAISE HALF A MILLION DOLLARS FOR PALESTINE IN 20 DAYS

Nationwide Effort to Be Launched June 10 for Redemption of U. P. A. Pledges

An effort will be made during the period from June 10th to June 30th to secure \$500,000 in cash, for remittance to Palestine, according to an announcement made by Morris Rothenberg, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the United Palestine Appeal. This period will be known as "Palestine Redemption Weeks" when all contributors to the Palestine fund-raising agency throughout the country will be called upon to redeem their pledges, so that half a million dollars can be secured for Palestine purposes, to be used during the next few months.

The decision to launch the nationwide campaign for cash funds was made by the Board of Directors of the United Palestine Appeal at a meeting last week, when the fact was emphasized that during the summer months it is very difficult to secure funds for remittance to Palestine. In a statement issued by Morris Rothenberg, he says, in part:

"It is imperative for the continuity of Palestine reconstruction work that all those who are interested in the welfare of Palestine redeem in cash the pledges they have previously made to the United Palestine Appeal. We are anxious to secure \$500,000 to be sent to the Jewish Homeland, so that the work can continue uninterrupted during the summer months, when experience proves, it is difficult to secure large sums.

"Every one who has made a pledge to the United Palestine Appeal is genuinely desirous of promoting the progress of Palestine. If the fact is brought to the attention of contributors that if money is sent now it will be more efficacious than if it is sent later, everyone will surely be willing to cooperate in the raising of this \$500,000 between June 10th and June 30th.

## HEARS SOVIET WILL PERMIT TROTSKY'S RETURN

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, May 31—The London "Times" stated yesterday that it learns from reliable sources that Trotsky may be given permission to return to Soviet Russia.

In reply to a request by the exiled communist leader, the Soviet Government declared that Trotsky may return to Russia on July 1st. It is possible, however, that the Soviet Government, under Stalin's influence, may at the last moment refuse to allow Trotsky's return.

The New York "Times" reports that a number of former followers of Trotsky have made overtures to return to the Soviet fold, notable among them Karl Radek, who was exiled to Tomsk on the frontier of Chinese Turkestan, for his opposition to the Stalin policies.

Moscow, May 31—The Soviet press mourns the death of Lilina Zinovieff, White Russian Jewess, wife of Gregory Zinovieff, who died in Leningrad from cancer at the age of 48. Madame Zinovieff was an active communist who returned to Russia on the same train with Lenin. She was the head of the Leningrad Education Commissariat and the author of a number of communist books specially prepared for youth consumption.

Moscow, May 31—Three Jews were named to the Zik, Central Executive committee. They are Simon Diamantstein of Russia, A. Berlin, of White Russia and M. Katel of the Ukraine.

## ADLER NAMES DIRECTOR FOR CHICAGO PLANETARIUM

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Chicago, May 31—Max Adler of the Adler Planetarium now under construction at the north end of the lake front island off Roosevelt Road, announced the appointment of Dr. Philip Fox, professor of astronomy at Northwestern university and director of its Dearborn observatory, as the director of the new institution.

Dr. Fox, who served in France as assistant chief of staff of the 7th division, is prominent in the ranks of American astronomers. He is secretary of the astronomical section of the American Association for the Advancement of Science. His contributions to the field of scientific knowledge include original works on stellar physics and stellar spectroscopy.

Following the opening of the planetarium, Dr. Fox will present a series of fifty lecture-demonstrations intended to familiarize the public with the workings and purposes of the institution.

New impetus was given the work of construction by Mr. Adler's announcement yesterday that the south park board has finally approved plans for the building. It will be opened to the public early next January, he said.

In addition to the planetarium, which is the first to be erected in the United States, the building will provide quarters for an astronomical museum and library.

## MAX LOWENTHAL, SEC'Y OF LAW ENFORCEMENT GROUP

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, May 31—Max Lowenthal of 27 Garden Place, Brooklyn, N. Y., was yesterday elected to serve as secretary to President Hoover's Commission on Law Enforcement. He is the second Jew to serve with the Committee, joining Monte M. Lemann of New Orleans.

Mr. Lowenthal, who was born in Minneapolis, is a graduate of the University of Minnesota and of the Harvard Law School, Class of 1912.

Following his graduation, Mr. Lowenthal served for a year as secretary to Judge Julian W. Mack. Prior to the World War he was active in Zionist circles. Up until 1926 he was a member of the law firm of Lowenthal, Szold and Perkins.

Mr. Lowenthal served as assistant to George W. Wickersham, Chairman of the National Commission on Law Observation and Enforcement as special counsel for New York City in the New York Terminal Rate case before the Inter-State Commerce Commission.

He was Assistant Secretary to President's Wilson's Mediation Commission in 1917, Assistant Secretary to the War Labor Policy Board in 1918 and to the President's Second Industrial Commission, 1919-1920. He is one of the trustees of the 20th Century Fund.

## U. P. A. DRIVES IN SWING IN THE WEST

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Detroit, Mich., May 31—With the \$115,000 reported raised in the first week of the United Jewish Campaign for \$150,000, efforts are now being made by leaders in the Jewish Welfare Federation, which is sponsoring the campaign, to raise the balance needed for the quota. Nathan M. Gross, president of the drive, Abraham Sere, chairman of the special gifts committee, Harry Bielfield, chairman of the general division, Mrs. Samuel R. Glogower, chairman of the women's division, are strengthening their forces for an effort next week to raise \$35,000 needed to complete the quota.

Congregation Shaarey Zedek, of which Rabbi A. M. Hershman is spiritual leader, will open a drive Monday evening, June 3, at a dinner at the old synagogue, for a fund of \$400,000 necessary for the construction of the new congregation at Chicago Boulevard, Lawton and Rochester Avenues.

Harry Z. Brown, brother of David A. Brown, is chairman of the campaign committee.

Denver, Colo., May 31—Judge William M. Lewis of Philadelphia, chairman of the national campaign for the United Palestine Appeal, was in Denver for the opening of the local campaign to raise \$25,000.

Rabbi Samuel S. Meyerberg of Kansas City also was in Denver for the opening of the drive. The opening campaign dinner was attended by about 100 prominent local Jews, and the mayor of the city, B. F. Stapleton.

A. B. Cowen is chairman of the local committee.

# ZIONIST OPPOSITIONISTS

## SUBMIT PROGRAM IN CONGRESS ELECTION CAMPAIGN

Agree to Agency Extension But Only for Definite Period

More clarity on the attitude of the American Zionist opposition group, led by Judge Julian W. Mack, and termed in the Zionist ballot as "Herzl Zionists," is shed in an election circular issued by the group in connection with the forthcoming elections on June 9.

Urging support for its ticket, for delegates to the Zionist Congress, the Association for Zionist Organization Reorganization presents the following three planks as the program of the Herzl Zionists.

"1. We stand for the actual achievement of the Jewish National Home through the early settlement of a Jewish majority in Palestine on a sound economic basis. We are opposed to any policy which envisages or tends to limit the Jewish effort in Palestine to the establishment of a mere cultural or spiritual center.

"2. In any extension of the Jewish Agency we stand for adherence to the underlying principles embodied in the resolutions of the Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth Zionist Congresses, especially with reference to the inviolability of the Mandate and the termination of any Agency Agreement or Pact at some definite period, be it three, four or five years by notice to be given at least one year prior thereto; in default of such notice, the agreement to be deemed renewed for successive periods subject to a similar notice. But such termination may be made effective at any time and without notice on a vote of two-thirds of the entire Council of such Agency.

"3. In order to safeguard and preserve the democratic character of Zionist aims and ideals within the Zionist Organization, we advocate that the statutes of the Zionist Organization should be amended so as to provide that there shall be no ex-officio delegates in any Zionist Congress, and that only such persons as shall have been duly elected delegates by the shchel-payers shall have the right to act and vote as delegates."

The circular explains, however, that under the constitution of the World Zionist Organization binding or instructing delegates to the Zionist Congress is prohibited. The program offered represents the views of those nominated on the "Herzl Zionists" ticket, but if elected, the circular states, "the delegates remain free to exercise their best judgment at Zurich."

Explaining the second plank, dealing with the Jewish Agency question, the circular offers the following comment:

"The risks involved in any discussion of proposed changes in the mandate are too obvious to require emphasis.

"As to the dissolution clause it is a fact that the Zionist Organization has to date interpreted it as meaning dissolution at will while Mr. Marshall and his associates naturally read it as implying 'dissolution by mutual con-

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# J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

## Jewish Education Council Meets in Boston; Educators Consider School Problem

By Our Boston Correspondent

Boston, May 31.—At the close of the session here of the National Council for Jewish Education held at the Copley Plaza Hotel, one of the papers read was that on "Problems in the Teaching of Bible" by Dr. Emanuel Gamoran, President of the Council and Educational Director of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations.

Dr. Gamoran pointed out the role which the Bible played in the world as a whole, and in Jewish life in particular. He stressed the idea that "one of your chief aims in teaching the Bible must be to maintain the loyalty of the Jewish youth to their people. To achieve this, we must devise criteria and standards of selection by which to determine carefully what of the Bible we should teach to our young. We should stress the teaching of universal human values as well as those which have helped the Jewish people to survive.

"The Bible is also one of the great books for the teaching of ideals. These should be taught in relation to classroom activity, dramatization, and lively discussions of the actual experiences of the pupils. Many Jewish children have heard the early Bible stories. But few have been given the opportunity to study enough of the Bible to be able to appreciate either its ideals or its duties. Often the Bible is only taught but not appreciated. It is our duty to teach our young so that they may fully realize the significance of the fact that the Bible is the greatest Jewish contribution to civilization."

Mr. Zvi Scharfstein, instructor at the Teachers Institute of the Jewish Theological Seminary, read a paper on the teaching of Bible. He dealt with the problem of teaching the Bible portions describing miracles and stated that it is best to present them in the light of historical development, especially in teaching children of 12 or over. He stressed the point that whenever Biblical stories present certain characters as acting in accordance with ethical principles which we have outgrown, today, the teacher need not attempt to justify such action but should rather explain it in the light of the ancient time.

Mr. Edward A. Nudelman, Supervisor of Jewish Schools in Chicago, read a paper on a Critique of Individual Instruction. Mr. Nudelman pointed out the advantages and disadvantages of this relatively new method in Jewish education. While the average teacher is more likely to succeed with the individual method of instruction than with ordinary methods because many of the steps are worked out for him, the method has the disadvantage of routinizing the work and making it mechanical to a large extent. Further experimentation is needed to develop

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# ULTRA ORTHODOX LEADERS WARNED AGAINST INDIVIDUAL ACCEPTANCES TO AGENCY

## Alliance Israelite Universelle Declines to Join Agency

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, May 31.—A warning to the branches of the ultra-orthodox Jewish world organization Agudath Israel, and to leading rabbis and institutions affiliated with the organization, was issued by the Agudath headquarters in Vienna against individual acceptances of invitations to join the Jewish Agency.

Such steps should not be taken without previous consultation with the Vienna headquarters of the Agudath. Individual action in this matter will endanger the interests of orthodox Jewry, the circular says.

Paris, May 31.—The Alliance Israelite Universelle, the French Jewish philanthropic organization, will not join the extended Jewish Agency for the upbuilding of Palestine, as the representative of French Jewry, it was stated here on good authority.

The Alliance declined on the ground that it is an international body and cannot therefore represent French Jewry on the Agency.

# MRS. ROSENWALD'S WILL DISPOSES OF \$1,000,000

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Chicago, May 31.—The will of the late Mrs. Augusta N. Rosenwald, disposing of an estate amounting to well over \$1,000,000, was filed for probate.

The will leaves the furnishings of the Rosenwald home to the husband, Julius Rosenwald, and divides the remainder in five equal portions. Two portions are left outright to a son, Lessing J. Rosenwald, and a daughter, Mrs. Edith R. Stern. Three portions are to form a trust fund for twenty years to be divided between William Rosenwald, a son, Mrs. Marion Stern and Adelle Kosenwald Levy.

Julius Rosenwald and Lessing Rosenwald are named executors, and the two with Dr. Edward Stern are trustees of the trust funds.

The will states that the heirs understand her wishes in regard to charities and that she relies on them to carry out these wishes.

# JACOB WERTHEIM'S DAUGHTER MARRIED OUT OF FAITH

Miss Diana Wertheim, daughter of the late Jacob Wertheim, President of the General Tobacco Company, and one of the founders of the Federation for the Support of the Jewish Philanthropic Societies, was married on Thursday to Percival Wixom Whitteley of Middletown, Conn., a Unitarian.

The marriage ceremony of the Jewess and the Unitarian at the home of the bride's mother in Elberon, N. J., was performed by Dr. John Lovejoy Elliott, leader of the Society for Ethical Culture in New York.

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## ZIONIST GENERAL COUNCIL BEGINS ITS SESSIONS IN BERLIN

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tions with regard to the Agency. A general debate on the question resulted.

A cable despatch from London to the "Jewish Morning Journal" yesterday stated that it is definite that Dr. Weizmann will not attend the Berlin sessions of the General Council, his physicians having advised him, categorically, against undertaking the journey.

### (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, May 31—An inquiry directed by the Jewish Telegraphic Agency to circles close to the Zionist Executive in London brought forth the reply that although Dr. Weizmann's health has not been entirely restored, his condition was deemed as not causing anxiety. In the same circles the rumor that Dr. Weizmann intends to resign from the presidency of the World Zionist Organization, when the Zionist Congress goes into session in Zurich on July 28, because of ill health, was declared as entirely unfounded. Dr. Weizmann was seen last week at the executive offices of the World Zionist Organization, 77 Great Russell Street.

The inquiry was prompted by the spread of a rumor in some Zionist circles in New York to the effect that the Zionist leader had decided, at the advice of his physicians, to withdraw from the leadership of the movement. The rumor also had it that no announcement to this effect would be made before the end of July. This rumor, as stated above, could not be confirmed.

A Memorial Day pilgrimage to the three historic cemeteries maintained by the Congregation Shearith Israel was made on Thursday by 25 members of the congregation led by Rabbi David de Sola Pool, its spiritual leader.

The cemeteries visited, where flowers were placed on the graves of the soldier dead and memorial prayers recited, included that at Twenty-first Street and Sixth Avenue, the cemetery in New Bowery and the Shearith Israel Cemetery at Cypress Hills, Long Island.

When the re-elected Board of City Commissioners of Newark, N. J., formally was sworn into office again last week, several well known Jews were appointed to leading municipal posts. Harold Simandl was appointed Police Court Judge; Nathaniel Elin was chosen president of the City Tax Board succeeding Louis A. Fast, who was appointed Legal Assistant in the office of the Corporation Counsel. Bernhard Hollander was re-appointed secretary to W. J. Brennan, Commissioner of Public Safety. Mr. Fast is a former president of the Newark Zionist District and a director of the Deborah Consumptive Relief Society.

Assemblyman Morris E. Barison, of Jersey City, was appointed judge of the newly created Hudson County Traffic Court. Assemblyman Barison, for the past several years, has been minority leader of the New Jersey House of Assembly.

Rabbi Samuel H. Gordon of the Temple B'nai Israel of Salt Lake City, Utah, was chosen as the bachelorette speaker at the Utah State Agricultural College at Logan.

## J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

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suitable content for individual work.

Dr. Jacob S. Golub, Director of the Bureau of Jewish Education of Cincinnati, in a paper on "Individuality in System," urged that education has a lesson to learn from methods of business advertising for effective teaching. The teaching process concerns itself with two phases, the conveying of facts, and the explanation of the bearing of these facts upon present day life. The average teacher succeeds in teaching facts. He needs a great deal of helping in improving his ability in the interpretation of facts.

"My present thought," said Dr. Golub, "is to seek suggestions for the construction of such a mechanism in the field of extra school room affairs. In Modern commerce is dependent in increasing measure upon stimulating the desire for specific commodities. This is partly achieved through personal solicitation, but the greater share is done through sur-charging the environment with the need and the quality of the product. Repeating the idea of a slogan, pictorial representations of it tend to fix certain habits and to rouse responses on the part of people." He found it, however, to be "below the dignity of education to bring advertising methods into the classroom, but there is nothing discreditable in any plan carried on with honesty and dignity. On the contrary, it will be in line with the movement towards a more extensive use of visual aids. We shall try to make these as emphatic as possible. Every phase of content teaching where a simple idea is stressed should be introduced through a carefully worked out visual exhibit. This exhibit should contain pictures, posters, grafts, etc. The explanatory visual material should become as much a part of the teaching routine as any of the other studied steps," Dr. Golub concluded.

### Rabbi Social Justice Commission Recommences Textile Industry Study

Baltimore, May 29—Study of the textile industry by a Government agency has been recommended by the Commission on Social Justice of the Central Conference of American Rabbis, the Commission on Church and Social Service of the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America and the Social Actions Department of the National Catholic Welfare Conference.

The three organizations today issued a joint resolution urging a "scientific study of the textile industry by an appropriate Government agency."

A joint commission of the three denominations has been appointed to present the views of their organizations to "whatever agency of the Government may be authorized to make such a study of the entire textile industry."

Rabbi Edward L. Israel, of the Har Sinai Temple, Baltimore, who is chairman of the Social Justice Commission of the Central Conference of American Rabbis, has been appointed a member of the commission.

## CONCORDAT IMPROVES STATUS OF ITALIAN JEWS, MUSSOLINI STATES

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asked the Prime Minister as to whether there was any truth in the reports appearing from time to time in the press to the effect that Italy has intentions of its own, with regard to Palestine, Mussolini replied: "The League of Nations has granted the mandate over Palestine to Great Britain. Italy has no desire to interfere. So far as Italy is concerned, Great Britain may keep the mandate."

The Prime Minister yesterday received a delegation representing the Jewish community of Turin. The delegation, consisting of Drs. Ovazza, Latte and Servi, presented Mussolini with an album containing the names of Italian Jews who fell during the World War, and with a contribution of 50,000 lire for the Fascist welfare institutions. The delegation expressed its gratitude for the Non-Catholic Culti Law, just promulgated, guaranteeing religious liberty in the country.

## ZIONIST OPPOSITIONISTS SUBMIT PROGRAM IN CONGRESS ELECTION CAMPAIGN

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sent." We believe the Congresses which authorized the Agency extension negotiations were right in requiring a preliminary period. No one can foresee how the extended Agency will shape up. If the pact is consummated the Agency will be a new experience in Jewish life, and if dissolution becomes necessary we would desire to avoid any form that could carry with it the implication that the Jewish National Homeland has failed, when as a matter of fact it might well be that the Agency constitution was unworkable. We, therefore, submit two plans for dissolution. If the occasion arises either can be used without raising questions of good faith or involving Zionist fundamentals.

The Hillel Players of Ohio State University have finished a successful season which included Ansky's "Dybbuk," and the Gilbert and Sullivan operetta, "H. M. S. Pinafore." Of this last performance the University paper, "Ohio State Lantern," said:

"Hillel Players have put to shame anything of a musical or dramatic nature that has been presented in University Chapel in the last two years."

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