

Vol. VI. Price 4 Cents.

Friday, May 24, 1929.

Entered as 2nd Class Matter at Post
Office, Long Island City, New York. No. 1373.

MRS. JULIUS ROSENWALD SUCCUMBS IN CHICAGO TO ILLNESS OF TWO YEARS

Wife of Philanthropist Victim of Can-
cer; Husband and 5 Children
at Beside

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Chicago, May 23—Mrs. Julius Rosen-
wald died at 3.30 this afternoon, Chi-
cago time, at her Ellis Avenue home,
from cancer, from which she had been
suffering for the last two years. Dr.
Maurice Goodkind was in attendance.

With her at the end were her hus-
band and their five children. A son,
Lessing J. Rosenwald, is enroute to
Chicago from Philadelphia, and a
daughter, Mrs. Esther Stern, is on her
way from New Orleans.

No arrangements have been made
for the funeral.

Mrs. Rosenwald was born in Platts-
burg, New York, on December 27, 1868.
Prior to her marriage April 8, 1890, in
Chicago to Mr. Rosenwald, she was
Miss Augusta Nusbaum.

Shortly before her death her social
service work was crowned with her
election to the office of vice-president
of the Girl Scouts of America, a dis-
tinction conferred at the same time on
Mrs. Herbert Hoover.

JEWISH LABOR RIOTS OCCUR IN WARSAW

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, May 23—The division be-
tween the Right and Left wings of the
Jewish labor group in the Polish capital
again assumed an acute character and
led to street riots resulting in many in-
juries.

During a skirmish on Leszno Street,
Wednesday afternoon, a great number
of Jewish workers were wounded.
Knives and clubs were used in the
fight. Among those injured and taken
to the Hospital are: Ben Zion Steinberg,
Chaim Golombek, Solomon Sarne, and
Joseph Adamczyk. An interesting fea-
ture of the occurrence was the fact
that those injured refused to disclose
to the police the names of their assail-
ants.

CLOSE ALL SYNAGOGUES. EXCEPT 2, IN LENINGRAD

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, May 23—All Jewish houses of
worship in Leningrad were closed by
the order of authorities, with the ex-
ception of two, reports received here
state.

The exception was made for the
Leningrad Main Synagogue, and a
small-congregation bearing the name
"Zemach Zedek."

GREAT BRITAIN GRANTS DEAD SEA CONCESSION TO NOVOMEJSKY AND TULLOCH

Signatures to Agreement Affixed in London by Crown Agents; Brandeis-Mack
Group Financed Concession; \$500,000 Raised in U. S.; Jewish Inter-
ests Completely Protected on Directorate

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, May 23—The efforts begun
in 1921 by Moses Novomejsky, a Jew-
ish engineer, a citizen of Palestine, in
association with Major Tulloch, to se-
cure the concession for exploitation
of the mineral salts of the Dead Sea,
were brought to a successful conclu-
sion Wednesday afternoon when the
agreement to grant the concession was
signed at the Crown Agents' office.

The agreement was signed in behalf
of the governments of Palestine and
Transjordan by the Senior Crown Agent
and by Novomejsky and Tulloch
in behalf of the concessionaires.

The negotiations for the grant of the
concession and the terms which would
secure the interest of the Jewish Na-
tional Home in the exploitation of the
vast natural resources were carried on
uninterruptedly since 1921. Many ob-
stacles and difficulties raised by var-
ious opposing elements, had to be
overcome.

Brandeis-Mack Group Guaranteed All the Capital Required

The disclosure that the Brandeis-
Mack group of American Zionists,
otherwise known as the opposition
group, is financing the concession of
the Dead Sea and that the group last
November raised for this purpose the
sum of \$500,000, was made in a state-
ment issued by Jacob DeHaas to the
Jewish Daily Bulletin, in commenting
on the cable on the signing of the
final grant of the concession. Mr.
DeHaas disclosed further details of
the negotiations preceding the grant of
the concession and the financial operation
involved.

In his statement, Mr. DeHaas de-
clared:

"With the signing in London on
Tuesday of the Dead Sea Concession,

JEWISH TEACHER INVENTS TURKISH STENOGRAPHY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Constantinople, May 23—Turkey has
made another step forward in its pro-
cess of westernization with the intro-
duction of a stenographic system in the
Turkish language.

The system was invented and per-
fected by Mr. Ben Aroya, a Jewish
teacher. No such system had existed
previously. The Ben Aroya system has
been adopted for recording the pro-
ceedings of the Turkish Parliament. In
recognition of his service to the coun-
try the Turkish Government has pre-
sented him with a special certificate
of merit.

there was achieved what is, in all prob-
ability, the most remarkable effort
ever undertaken by a group of
American Zionists. The victory, which
assures Jewish national dominance in
the management and direction of the
exploitation of the Dead Sea belongs
to the group variously known as the
Mack-Brandeis group, the Association
for the Reorganization of the Zionist
Organization of America and more
generally referred to in Zionist circles
as the "Opposition."

"Mr. Novomejsky, who had been
struggling with the problem of the
concession since 1921 came to America
in 1925 and obtained support to the
extent of \$50,000 for the experimental
work, through the efforts of Judge
Julian W. Mack, from the Palestine
Economic Corporation. From then on,
until the end of 1927 Mr. Novomejsky
was confronted by many difficulties—

(Continued on Page 4)

SUPPORT OF U.S. RELATIVES IS CONSIDERED REVENUE BY POLISH AUTHORITIES

Their Income Tax Increased Five
Fold; Jewish Deputies Protest

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, May 23—"Arc charity funds
taxable" was the question raised in the
Polish Parliament in an interpellation
introduced today by the Club of Jew-
ish Deputies.

The document concerns itself with
the case of the Jewish community in
the township of Liskow, near Wol-
kowysk, where the Jewish population
derives its entire livelihood from
moneys sent from the United States to
relatives. The population has of late
been completely ruined economically.
The Polish Government authorities,
however, considered the American
charity funds as "increased income,"
and have increased the income tax of
the small town Jews five fold.

The Club of Jewish Deputies pointed
out that far from having an increased
income, the Liskow population has lost
its source of livelihood since the bi-
weekly fairs have been abolished and
instead one fair day a month insti-
tuted.

ACTIONS COMMITTEE TO MEET IN BERLIN INSTEAD OF LONDON

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, May 23—The meeting of the
Actions Committee, Zionist General
Council, scheduled to be held in Lon-
don on May 31, will be held in this
city instead on the same date.

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

Published every day in the week except
Saturday and Jewish high holidays

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN CO.

Address All Mail to

Executive and Editorial Office:

611 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

Publication Office:

316 Bridge Plaza South, L. I. City, N. Y.
Jacob Landau Treasurer
Samuel Biensstock Treasurer
Berlin Secretary
John Simons Secretary
William Z. Spiegelman Editor

Vol. VI. Friday, May 24, 1929. No. 1373.

Member of Jewish Telegraphic Agency
New York 611 Broadway
London 214 High Holborn
Paris 31 Rue de Provence
Berlin Eckenbushstr. 1
Warsaw Ulica Jerozolimski Nr. 18
Jerusalem Hasolei Bldg.

Subscription Rates

	U.S. and Canada	Foreign
One Year	\$10.00	\$15.00
Six Months	6.00	8.00
One Month	1.00	1.50

Entered as second-class matter July 19, 1927,
at the Post Office at L. I. City, N. Y., under
the Act of March 3, 1879.

Copyrighted

PROSKAUER URGES MORE PSYCHOLOGY IN ADMINISTRATION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE

**Criminal Justice in a Bad Way, He
Says; Science Needed**

Psychology and Psychiatry as the
two assistants in the administration of
criminal justice were advocated by Su-
preme Court Justice Joseph M. Proskauer.

Addressing 700 social workers, at-
tending the annual New York City
Conference of Social Work at the Beth
Israel Hospital, Justice Proskauer de-
clared that if less law and more of the
science of psychology and psychiatry
were applied to criminal cases, more ef-
fective rehabilitation would occur.

The administration of criminal jus-
tice can and should be changed to cor-
respond to the new teachings of the
psychiatrist and the psychologist," he
said. "We have arrived at a time and
place when we must tell the jurist and
the lawyer as well as society in general
that criminal justice is in a bad way
and to improve it we must graft the
teachings of science into our work of
handling the wrongdoer."

The function of the law, he stated
should not be to punish the criminal
as it too often seems to be, but to
remedy conditions which breed crime.
"About 75 per cent of the inmates of
our prisons are boys and girls under
twenty-one years of age," he stated.
With scientific handling, these young
people could be redeemed to good citi-
zenship. Instead our administration of
criminal justice often converts them in-
to veteran crime makers.

"The trouble is that we deal out pun-
ishment according to the severity of the
crime. We must learn that the crime
itself is one of the less important fac-
tors in the problem of determining the
malignity of the criminal. We must
deal out punishment not according to
the crime but according to the criminal,
especially with regard to his environ-
ment, mental hygiene and other teach-

TEMPLE EMANU-EL MAKES GIFT TO HEBREW UNIVERSITY

The American Advisory Committee
of the Hebrew University announced a
gift of \$3,000 from Temple Emanu-El,
New York, through its President, Mr.
Louis Marshall. This gift will be used
for synagogue excavations by the
Archaeological Department of the He-
brew University. Under the leadership
of Dr. L. Sukenik, Field Archaeologist,
the remains of a synagogue dating from
the time of Justinian have been un-
covered this spring at Beth Alpha. A mon-
ograph is being prepared under the di-
rection of Dr. Sukenik describing the
discoveries, which have proved of the
utmost historical interest. In addition
to the gift from Temple Emanu-El, the
Hebrew University has received funds
for its archaeological work from the In-
stitute of Jewish Religion in New
York and the Hebrew Union College of
Cincinnati.

The American Advisory Committee
also announces that Mr. Mortimer L.
Schiff of New York has sent the
School of Oriental Studies photographs
of Moslem art objects in his private
collection. In addition to 2500 photo-
graphs from the famous Creswell col-
lection, photographs of Moslem art and
art objects have been obtained from
the Metropolitan Museum of Art, the
Pennsylvania Museum, the Museum of
Fine Arts of Boston, the Fogg Mus-
eum, Cambridge, the Art Institute, Chi-
cago, and the Detroit Museum. Baron
Rothschild has also presented the Uni-
versity with photographs of the Moslem
art objects in his possession and the
University is in touch with the leading
museums of Europe, from which it al-
so expects to receive photographs. The
collection now at the University repre-
sents one of the largest in the world.

Recent gifts received at the Hebrew
University also include the library of
the late Dr. Spivak of Denver. His be-
quest consists of 1600 books on medi-
cine, Judaism, Hebrew and a collection
on books in Yiddish. Dr. I. M. Rubi-
now, Executive Director of the Zionist
Organization of America has sent seven
cases of books to the Hebrew Univer-
sity Library, including some valuable
pamphlets on the World War and a
shipment of books in Russian.

SOIL EXPERTS ASK FOR PALESTINE SURVEY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Danzig, May 23—Professor Prasso-
lov, of the Leningrad Academy of Sci-
ence, was commissioned by the Inter-
national Soil Experts Congress, in ses-
sion here, to undertake a survey of the
Palestine colonization problem. He
was requested to submit his report at
next year's session.

The decision was taken at the initia-
tive of Dr. Hissing, Director of a Dutch
Agricultural College.

ings of psychology and psychiatry.
When we do that we shall have ceased
to turn out men and women from our
prisons, more serious menaces to soci-
ety than on the day when they entered
prison," he concluded.

J. C. MORGENTHAU, BROTHER OF HENRY MORGENTHAU, DIES

Funeral services will be held today
for Julius C. Morgenthau, brother of
Henry Morgenthau, former U. S. Am-
bassador to Turkey, and distinguished
as a philatelist and stamp collector,
who died Wednesday from cancer after
an illness of four weeks. Services,
which will be private, will take place
from his late residence, 161 W. 91st
Street, New York. Rabbi Isaac Lan-
man will officiate. Interment will take
place at the Salem Field Cemetery.

Mr. Morgenthau, who was seventy-
one years old, was one of the foremost
dealers and collectors of stamps in the
world, nearly every great collection of
stamps, in the past twenty years hav-
ing passed through his hands. During
his career he sold more than \$4,000,000
worth of stamps at auction.

Regarded as the dean of philatelists
in America, he served as chairman of
the judges at the Philatelic Exhibition
in Cleveland last year, and was also
president of the Association of Stamp
Exhibitions. In 1912 and again in 1926,
he was president of the International
Stamp Exhibition held in this country.

Mr. Morgenthau was the son of
Lazarus and Babette Guggenheim Mor-
genthau of Mannheim, Germany, where
he was born on August 2, 1858. He
came to America in his youth, and re-
ceived his degree in 1878 from the Col-
lege of the City of New York, where
later he was a teacher of Latin and
logic for about ten years.

His career in rare stamp collections
began in Chicago in 1895. The next
year he returned to New York, orga-
nized the firm of J. C. Morgenthau and
Company, ten years later holding his
first auction, selling the famous stamp
collection of J. M. Andreini, which
was regarded as one of the most no-
table sales in the history of philately.

Mr. Morgan is survived by his
widow, Mrs. Regina L. Morgenthau, a
daughter, Mrs. Lucy M. Heineman,
three grandsons, and two brothers,
Henry and Maximilian Morgenthau.

INQUIRY INTO MONOPOLY OF JEWISH UNDERTAKERS ASSN

An investigation into the Jewish
Undertakers' Association of Greater
New York, charged with conducting a
monopoly, has been ordered by Su-
preme Court Justice Faber, acting upon
the petition of Attorney-General Ham-
ilton Ward.

Hearings will start next Wednesday,
at the New York office of the Attorney-
General. John F. Moorey will act as
referee, while William B. Groat, Jr.,
Deputy State Attorney-General, has
been designated as prosecutor.

The specific charge made by the at-
torney-general's office is that "the
Jewish Undertakers' Association of
Greater New York was organized with
the sole purpose of effecting an un-
lawful combination among its member-
ship."

The following have been subpeo-
naed: Simon Alpert, Charles Bauman,
Harry Nieberg, Sigmund Schwartz,
Abraham Brettschneider, Louis Cohen,
Abe Gordon, Louis Hirsch and Jacob
B. Misikoff.

SOCIETY TO COUNTERACT CHRISTIAN MISSIONARY ACTIVITIES IN TURKEY

1,400 Jewish Children Attend Missionary Schools in Constantinople
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Constantinople, May 23—A Turkish Society to counteract the activities of the Christian Missionary Groups in the Republic has been formed here. The Turkish press, in announcing the formation of the new Society, lauds its purpose, expressing resentment of the methods of conversion employed by the missionaries.

Fourteen hundred Jewish children are enrolled in the missionary schools in Constantinople. It is expected that Turkish Jews will cooperate with the new Society.

LIPSKY, RECOVERED, GOING TO SWITZERLAND TO REST

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
Jerusalem, May 23—Louis Lipsky, President of the Zionist Organization of America, who was operated on in the Hadassah Hospital on April 28 for throat trouble has recovered from his illness. The improvement in his health has been to such an extent that he is now able to make short journeys outside of Jerusalem.

Upon the advice of his physicians, Mr. Lipsky will depart on June 1 for Switzerland where he will rest until July 28th, when the World Zionist Congress will go into session in Zurich. He will not proceed to the United States to attend the annual convention of the Zionist Organization of America, scheduled to be held in Detroit, June 30th.

EAST GALICIAN ZIONISTS UPHOLD AGENCY EXTENSION

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
Lemberg, May 23—A peace pact and a resolution to again endorse the policy of the extension of the Jewish Agency to include Zionists and non-Zionists were the major events at the annual convention of East Galician Zionists concluded yesterday at Stryp.

The convention was marked at the outset by a relentless fight between the followers of Dr. Leon Reich and the opposition groups. During the proceedings, an agreement was reached to conclude a peace pact to the effect that henceforth the warring factions will cease their polemics in the press. A special commission was chosen to seek ways of smoothing out the difficulties. By a majority vote, the extension of the Jewish Agency was again endorsed and a vote of confidence was given to the Reich administration. The new executive director consists of nine Reichists, four Opponents and one Revisionist.

Over 200 athletes, representing 29 Y. M. H. A.'s, Y. W. H. A.'s and Jewish Community Centers in the metropolitan area, will complete the annual Track and Field Meet of the Metropolitan League of Jewish Community Associations, to be held next Sunday afternoon at the Lewisham Stadium of the College of the City of New York.

If you are pleased with this "Jewish Daily Bulletin" tell your friends to subscribe.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

Palestine Fruit in London; Scientists Examine Experimental Shipments

By Our London Correspondent
London, May 13—Grapes, shaddocks and potatoes from Palestine have, during the past year, been the objects of special investigations by the Empire Marketing Board. Experimental shipments of these commodities have been consigned direct to scientists in London and Liverpool, who have met the shipments on the docks, examined and reported on them, and made recommendations likely to be of great value to Palestine producers who aim at supplying the United Kingdom with fruit and vegetables which will be thoroughly acceptable to Covent Garden.

A full account of these experimental shipments is contained in three reports just issued by the Empire Marketing Board, one dealing with grapes, one with pomeles, or shaddocks, and one with potatoes.

The consignment of grapes was the second to be examined by the Board's scientists, and arrived at the Tilbury docks, London, on August 13th of last year. The majority of these were of the Dabouki variety from Berbera, and this is, in the opinion of the scientists, the most suitable variety for the British market. After a general examination, the fruit was sold in London, Liverpool, Birmingham, Manchester and Glasgow, in order to test the market in different parts of the country; and reports were made on the condition of the fruit by leading firms of brokers and distributors in the various centers.

Wastage, the scientists found, was mainly due to dropping of the berries and to fungal rotting. In some cases as much as 80-90 per cent of the fruit dropped from the bunch on removal from the case. Both types of wastage were associated, to some extent, with over maturity of the fruit, and the experts concluded that it could be considerably reduced by earlier harvesting. They recommend strongly that the keeping qualities of grapes picked at various stages of maturity should be investigated in Palestine.

Shorter reports on shaddocks and potatoes have also been issued by the Empire Marketing Board. A case containing 16 shaddocks in excellent condition was received on January 10th, 1928, but leading fruit salesmen in London and Liverpool considered that the fruit would have difficulty in creating a market for itself, largely on account of its size. A consignment of Palestine potatoes—"King Edwards" and "Royal Kidneys"—arrived on May 26th, 1928. "Royal Kidneys" won the approval of the trade, in spite of the fact that both varieties were rather over mature, and the advice of the Board is to concentrate on this variety for the British market. A trade in early potatoes from Palestine—provided the tubers are lifted earlier—appears to have distinct possibilities, and the

(Continued on Page 4)

ORTHODOX RABBIS SEEK MEANS TO STEM TIDE OF SYNAGOGUE MODERNIZATION

Annual Convention Closes; Adopts
Resolution to Remedy Situation
(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Belmar, N. J., May 23—The apparent preference on the part of American Jewry for conservative and reform religious affiliation is menacing the earning capacity and livelihood of the elder members of the orthodox Rabbinate, was the opinion expressed at the convention of the Union of Orthodox Rabbis of the United States and Canada, which concluded its sessions on Wednesday at the Hotel Carlton here. The present state of the Rabbinate on questions of Kashruth and Sabbath observance shared importance in the discussions.

A number of rabbis unhesitatingly painted verbal pictures of the deplorable conditions extant in communities throughout the country where rabbis, suffering loss of congregational adherents, are beginning to feel the effects, through decline of income and position. Rabbi Daichowitz, of New York, asserted that "conditions in general, of Orthodox rabbis in this country are worse than in Russia."

The discussion was climaxed with a proposal and ratification of a number of palliative measures which include among others the following: a committee of seven members to be appointed to meet bi-weekly during the year for the consideration of the state of the Rabbinate; to encourage congregations now without spiritual leaders to engage Orthodox rabbis; to endeavor to place rabbis with country communities; to institute a membership aid fund, each member to pay into the fund \$10 per year in addition to his dues. There are about 375 rabbis in the Union.

The convention went on record as favoring the appointment of a field secretary accepting the proposal made by Rabbi N. M. Ehin, of New York, and

(Continued on Page 4)

NATHAN LOWENSTEIN, POLISH JEWISH LEADER, DIES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
Lemberg, May 23—Nathan Lowenstein, former member of the Austrian Hungarian Parliament, and member of the first Polish Sejm died here yesterday at the age of 71.

Dr. Lowenstein, who was a well known jurist, was the leader of the so called Assimilationist group in Polish Jewry. During the trial of Stanislay Steiger, the Jewish student, who was charged with conspiracy against the life of the president of the Polish Republic, but was later acquitted. Dr. Lowenstein acted as one of the counsel for the defense. It was during this trial that Lowenstein, in a critical moment, uttered a phrase which became famous in Poland. Pleading for his client, he turned to the tribunal, declaring: "I, an aged man, in the face of the majesty of death, declare my belief in Steiger's innocence and appeal to you for his acquittal."

GREAT BRITAIN GRANTS DEAD SEA CONCESSION TO NOVOMEJSKY AND TULLOCH

(Continued from Page 1)

non-Zionists, anti-Zionists and purely capitalistic forces attempted to get the concession. On the other hand, such support as Mr. Novomejsky was promised abroad was not encouraging from his idealistic standpoint. The hope, therefore, of his obtaining the concession and making it dominantly Jewish practically disappeared until in July, 1928, an investigation by one of the leaders of the "Opposition," Mr. Israel B. Brodie, inspired his associates with the belief that it would be possible to rescue the concession for Jewish interests. Accordingly in August Mr. Brodie and Mr. Abraham Tulin were authorized to proceed to Paris and there negotiated an agreement with Mr. Novomejsky assuring him of definite support. Among the conditions that Mr. Novomejsky laid down was that he required a guarantee of almost one-half million dollars by November 1st as evidence of financial support, to the authorities in London. The details of the arrangements made by Messrs. Brodie and Tulin were reported to Judge Mack and his associates in mid-October with the information that the guarantee must be fulfilled by November 2nd. The whole sum required was privately subscribed through the personal efforts of Judge Mack, Mr. Brodie and Mr. Jacob de Haas. The negotiations were continued throughout the winter and the concession became a question of continuous debate in the British Parliament. Acting in the fullest cooperation with Mr. Novomejsky, the American group, having incidentally enlisted the support of the Palestine Economic Corporation, sat tight.

"One of the big problems was the adjustment of what seemed to be, but were not conflicting interests. On the one side it was properly felt that the Board of Directors of the Corporation which should own the concession should be dominantly British; on the other side it was felt that the Board should be dominantly Zionist. This problem has been successfully solved. The Board is to be composed of eleven persons of whom Lord Lytton, the Chairman, is one. Apart from Mr. Novomejsky, who is to be a Director, the Jewish group in Europe for whom the Jewish Colonial Trust is acting as Trustee will have one director; the Palestine Economic Corporation is represented by Mr. Felix M. Warburg, and Mr. Bernard Flexner, the Mack group is represented by Mr. Israel B. Brodie and Mr. Edward Friedman of Cedarhurst, L.I. and a third representative who will be a British subject. Mr. Brodie is now in Palestine discussing the legal technicalities involved in the incorporation. Major Tulloch, Mr. Novomejsky's co-concessionaire, is studying transportation problems. Mr. Novomejsky will shortly leave for Palestine to start activity and it is anticipated that in a few days Judge Mack's associates will announce the date on which they will celebrate their achievement."

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

(Continued from Page 3)

best time of arrival would probably be March or April.

The work of the Board's scientific officers is already familiar to Palestine through their research into the wastage of Jaffa oranges, and the experimental orange shipments arranged with the object of estimating the extent of damage, and finding out how best to check such troubles as blue mould, green mould and stem-end rot.

Palestine is not, however, the only country to benefit by the fruit department of the Empire Marketing Board. Experimental shipments reach the London and Liverpool docks from all corners of the Empire. Peaches, plums and pears from Canada, fruit and orange pulp, almonds and grapes from Cyprus, pineapples from Zanzibar and Kenya, potatoes from Bermuda, tomato puree from the Bahamas, have been examined and reported on.

Covent Garden is a magnet which attracts fruit from all parts of the world, and the United Kingdom imports more than any other country. A colony or mandated territory anxious to start the export of a new fruit to the British market must face keen competition; and during the early stages of its career the new export trade needs careful nursing. It is here that the Empire Marketing Board steps in, and acts as guide, philosopher, and friend to the infant industry. By examining and reporting on small experimental cargoes, the experts can give valuable advice to the grower as to the requirements of the market, for "study your market" is the first axiom in the laws of success. They can also indicate in what directions the fruit should be improved; they have their fingers on the pulse of the trade, and can form an opinion as to the most helpful lines of development; and they can save the trouble and expense of a big commercial consignment which might, through lack of knowledge of some detail, result in nothing but a loss to the producer.

In this way the Empire Marketing Board is working steadily to help the Colonies and mandated territories to develop to the full their natural resources, and to avoid the pitfalls which yawn before all newcomers to a sternly competitive market. Of course, the activities of the Board do not end here. The fruit department's investigations are but one aspect of the work undertaken to further the marketing of Empire products in the United Kingdom. To achieve this object the Imperial Government has set aside a sum up to £1,000,000 a year to be administered by the Empire Marketing Board in various ways. Up to the present the Board's activities have been directed mainly towards an extensive poster and press advertising campaign, the financing of scientific research calculated to improve the production and transport of Empire commodities, and economic inquiries and reports; and the smaller colonies and mandated territories have benefited from the Board's work in these three fields no less than the Dominions.

ORTHODOX RABBIS SEEK MEANS TO STEM TIDE OF SYNAGOGUE MODERNIZATION

(Continued from Page 3)

also the organization of all Orthodox congregations into a federation.

Rabbi Rosenberg, of Cleveland, urged the appointment of a committee to vigorously combat, through propaganda, both the reform and conservative elements. Rabbi Fredmesky of the Bronx, urged the convention to declare its opposition to the practice whereby some rabbis are forced to pay a fee to secure positions.

The convention declined to favor a recommendation made by Rabbi Chaim Fishel Epstein, of Brooklyn, that a federation be formed to supervise Kashruth nationally.

Some rabbis, who were outspoken in their opposition declared they "didn't want 'Balabatim' intruding in the domain of Kashruth." They did, however, urge active agitation in the synagogues to have congregation members insist upon Kosher products when making purchases.

A proposal was accepted that meat in slaughter-houses hereafter have specified on the stamp either "kosher" or "treifa," whichever the case may be. In order to facilitate the enforcement of Kashruth, the rabbis decided henceforth that there shall be one Vaad HaKashruth in each section of a large city.

The rabbis declared their opposition to the endorsement of kosher food products by cantors or reverends, stating this to be solely within the domain of the rabbi with "S'Micha." They declared, however, that the Union cannot protest against the endorsement of any product by one of its members because in this respect it has no power over the individual rabbi.

Dr. Bernard Revel presided at the Wednesday afternoon session, when the question of Sabbath observance was considered. The outstanding feature of this discussion was the endorsement of the five-day week in industry, special greetings being conveyed to the building trades which are now beginning to introduce it.

CHRISTIANS JOIN JEWS IN SYNAGOGUE DEDICATION

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Millville, N. J., May 23.—Jewish and Christian communities joined in the dedication of this city's first synagogue, Keneseth Beth Israel. The building was erected as a cost of \$4,000, and many contributions were received from Gentiles of the city.

Among the speakers at the dedication were Rev. Hugh Massey, Catholic, and Rev. David W. Berry, Presbyterian, of this city, many of the city and county officials and Irving Kotok, president of the Millville Hebrew Association.

The New York State Federation of Y. W. and Y. M. H. and Jewish Community Centers will hold their 14th annual convention in Albany on May 29 and 30. The national oratorical convention will take place concurrently.