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## ANONYMOUS DONOR FOUNDS INTERNATIONAL PEACE CHAIR AT HEBREW UNIVERSITY

**Creates \$15,000 Endowment in Honor  
of Dr. Chaim Weizmann**  
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, May 10—An endowment fund of approximately \$15,000 was created by an anonymous donor, a Zionist residing in England, for the establishment of a chair for International Peace at the Hebrew University on Mount Scopus.

The chair is to bear the name of Dr. Chaim Weizmann, president of the World Zionist Organization. The donor has presented to the board of governors of the Hebrew University a block of 15,000 7/4% cumulative preference shares of a well-known public company.

Dr. Weizmann, informed here of the endowment, sent a cable accepting the gift and expressing his pleasure that the chair would be established in his name.

## MOSLEMS BUILD MOSQUE NEAR WAILING WALL; JEWS SUBMIT JOINT PROTEST

**Make Demand to Government Infringement of Status Quo Cease**  
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, May 10—All factions of Palestinian Jewry joined in a common protest to the government of Palestine against the infringement of the status quo at the Western Wall of the Temple, commonly known as the Wailing Wall, by building activities undertaken by the Moslems.

The memorandum voicing this protest was signed by the Sephardic and Ashkenazic chief rabbis, the Council of Palestine Jews and by the Orthodox organization, Agudath Israel. The memorandum urges the government to order the Moslems to discontinue the work they undertook to erect a mosque on the right side of the Wailing Wall and to open a way to the Mosque of Omar through the ancient Wall, the only relic of the Temple.

## BUDAPEST TO HONOR HERZL ON 25th ANNIVERSARY OF DEATH

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)  
Budapest, May 10—Jewry of Budapest, the birthplace of Theodor Herzl, has decided to honor the memory of the late leader and founder of political Zionism on the occasion of the twenty-fifth anniversary of his death this summer.

The Budapest Kehillah adopted a resolution to undertake the erection of a Jewish community center to be known as the Culture House, in memory of the illustrious son of Budapest.

Theodor Herzl was born in Budapest May 2, 1860. It was in that city that he encountered great opposition to his political conceptions of Zionism when he formulated it.

## CITY COMMISSION OF WARSAW SEEKS TO CONTROL SCHECHITA

**Would Permit Schechita Only to Extent Corresponding with Proportion of Jewish to General Population**  
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, May 10—Questions pertaining to the schechita and to the place occupied by Warsaw Jews in the meat industry in the Polish capital will soon come up before the plenary session of the City Council.

The City Council last year appointed a special commission to inquire into the meat industry problem and into the advisability of taking steps with regard to the schechita. The commission included Jewish members of the Council.

Over the opposition of its Jewish members the commission now submitted a report containing a recommendation that the schechita be permitted in Warsaw only to the extent corresponding to the proportion of the Jewish population to the general population. The commission also recommended that the meat industry be reorganized and that a system be introduced eliminating the middleman from the industry. Any one of these recommendations if enacted into law will greatly affect the position of the Jews in the industry.

## ZIONISTS SOLVE TEACHERS SALARY ARREARS QUESTION

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)  
Jerusalem, May 10—One of the irritating problems which affected the normal functioning of the Hebrew educational system in Palestine was solved today by an arrangement concluded by the Zionist Executive with the Keren Hayesod, Palestine Foundation Fund.

By the arrangement all arrears in salaries of the Hebrew teachers and officials, due since 1927, will be fully paid up within the next fortnight. The situation created by the non-payment of the salaries often caused interruptions in the school work leading to threats of strikes.

These officials who are charged with the collection of taxes impose taxes on the cooperatives as high as those demanded of private enterprises. Such action brings the cooperatives to ruin and annihilates the constructive relief being carried on for the declassed Jews in the small towns, the paper complains.

## COMPLAINS SOVIET OFFICIALS HARASS CO-OPERATIVES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)  
Moscow, May 10—The Yiddish Communist daily "Emes" complains today to the Soviet authorities that the work of the Jewish cooperatives, encouraged by the government, is being interfered with by the Soviet finance inspectors.

These officials who are charged with the collection of taxes impose taxes on the cooperatives as high as those demanded of private enterprises. Such action brings the cooperatives to ruin and annihilates the constructive relief being carried on for the declassed Jews in the small towns, the paper complains.

## RELIEF GROUPS IN RUSSIA COMBINE TO TRAIN JEWS IN THE METAL INDUSTRY

**Plant in Kertch, Crimea, to Be Enlarged to 15,000 Capacity**  
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, May 10—A joint undertaking on the part of the Agrojoint, agency of the American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, and the Ort, society for the promotion of trades and agriculture among the Jews, to train Russian Jews in the metal industry is now in progress.

The two relief organizations are jointly remodelling a number of buildings of the Kertch Metal Factory, Crimea, where the number of workers employed will be increased from 3,000 to 15,000. Young Jewish men and women from the small towns of the Ukraine and White Russia will be sent to the factory. This move is a part of the plan put forward by the Comzet, governmental department for Jewish land settlement.

The remodelled buildings will serve as dormitories for the arriving Jewish workers, who will have to undergo a period of special training, at a minimum wage, until they are qualified for work.

The first group of 120 young men and 100 young women has already arrived, and they are being trained at the factory. They were greeted by a friendly attitude on the part of the non-Jewish workers, who are aware of the plan to convert the factory into a project to help the small town declassed Jews.

## TAKE AMERICA AS EXAMPLE; PROMINENT HUNGARIANS ARE TOLD

**Visitor Advises Compatriots to Abandon Discrimination**  
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, May 10—Take America as an example, was the advice given to 200 prominent Hungarian personages who were present at a reception given in honor of Edmund Horwath of New York, president of the American-Hungarian Chamber of Commerce, who is on a visit here.

America is prosperous and is progressing because discrimination in business is not applied on the basis of race or religion, only merit counting, the Hungarian leaders were told.

Former Minister Hegedus made a direct plea against anti-Semitism in Hungary. "Look at America," he said, "where no one argues about race, where everybody is valued not according to his religion or origin, but according to what he can do."

Mr. Horwath warned his compatriots against the "ruinous luxury of discord" which he works against the political and economic welfare of the country.

The guest of honor sat between Deputy Paul Sandor, Jewish member of parliament, and Mrs. Sandor.

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## 600 INDUSTRIAL FIRMS EMPLOY 6,000 WORKERS. NEAR EAST EXHIBIT SHOWS

Variety of Products Point to Remarkable Development in Recent Years  
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Tel Aviv, May 10—Six hundred industrial firms employing 6,000 workers now comprise the industries of Palestine, initiated and developed by Jewish settlers, it was brought out in the Palestine and Near East Exhibition which was closed here this week.

The exhibition was regarded by all as an unqualified success. The industries represented included textile, furniture, agricultural and other machinery, soap, matches, tobacco, chocolate and novelties including ladies' leather bags. Some of these products have a market in the European capitals and the ladies' handbags have even been sold in Paris. At the exhibition goods amounting to 40,000 were sold outside of the important orders filled previously for foreign markets.

A feature of the exhibition was the thorough participation on the part of the Palestine government. The government had two pavilions containing the exhibits of the health department and the post office department. The government encouraged the participation of foreign firms by reducing fares and custom duties. The fair was opened by the High Commissioner, Sir John Chancellor, and closed by Civil Secretary H. C. Luke. Perfect order was observed during the entire time. The Jewish youth organization B'rith Trumpeldor and the Hapoel sport association, were in charge of traffic.

The city of Tel Aviv derived an income from the exhibition of £150,000, 1,200 workers and standmen having been employed.

The net profit resulting to the organizers of the exhibition was ten times as great as the actual cash outlay. The profit is to be shared by the Mishcar

## RAISE \$860,000 AT OPENING OF BRONX HOSPITAL DRIVE

The \$1,000,000 campaign to complete the financing of the Bronx Hospital was inaugurated at a banquet at the Hotel Astor, New York, Thursday night, at which \$860,000 were pledged.

The total cost of the structure will exceed \$2,000,000, more than \$1,000,000 of which was raised in a previous campaign. The present fund will cover cost of equipment and furnishings, as well as the balance of construction costs.

Among the large contributors were Mrs. Fannie Blumenstein and Brown family, \$107,000; Ladies' Auxiliary of Bronx Hospital, \$100,000; Benjamin Beneson, \$37,500; Medical Staff of Bronx Hospital, \$55,000; L. Altschul and Samuel Golding, \$30,000; Bernard London, \$42,500; Philip Pearlman, Alexander Selkin and John Shevell, \$37,500; Felix Lacks and Abraham Wechsler, \$30,000; Jacob and Emil Leitner, \$25,000; Joseph G. Abramson, \$20,000; M. Smolenoff, \$17,500; Abraham Weisman, \$15,000; Junior League of Bronx Hospital, \$12,500; Nathan Greenberg and anonymous, \$10,000.

Assistant Corporation Counsel M. Aldwin Fertig, was toastmaster. Other speakers included Alexander Selkin, president of the hospital board; Supreme Court Justice Albert Cohn; Commissioner of Plant and Structure; Albert Goldman, Samuel Minskoff; David A. Brown, who made the appeal.

## CHANCELLORS FETES FOREIGN PRESS CORRESPONDENTS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)  
Jerusalem, May 10—A tea to the foreign press correspondents in Jerusalem was given at the Government House by Sir John and Lady Chancellor.

Sir John stated that he will leave Palestine on June 22 to attend the session of the Permanent Mandates Commission of the League of Nations, where he will give explanations on the report of the Palestine administration.

In one of the most hotly contested school elections held in the Southern Tier of New York State in many years, Attorney Harry Mosson, representing the First District of Elmira, was one of the three who were elected school commissioners of the Elmira Board of Education.

James Chessen, 17 year old student at the Superior, Wisconsin State Teacher's College, won first prize in the Wisconsin intercollegiate oratorical contest conducted at Marquette University, Milwaukee. The prize was awarded him for his oration, "Humanity at Handicaps With the Last Scourge." His oration has been sent to Washington, D. C., where it will compete for the national intercollegiate prize.

Temple B'nai Israel was dedicated in Nutley, N. J. The principal speakers at the dedication were Rabbi Charles I. Hoffman and Judge Joseph Siegler, both of Newark. Isidor Chelton is president of the congregation and Ralph Simon recently was appointed rabbi.

V'taseeya Company, which was the technical organizer, and the Judea Industrial Company, which owns the exhibition grounds and the buildings. Mark Schwartz, formerly of New York and now director of the Judea Industrial Company in Jerusalem, was the one who put forward the initiative for the exhibition.

## I.O.B.E. DISTRICT NO. 1 CONVENTION OPENS IN BUFFALO

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Buffalo, May 10—One hundred and fifty delegates representing the membership of District No. 1, Independent Order B'nai B'rith, are attending the seventy-seventh annual convention of the District at the Hotel Statler here. Acting Governor Herbert H. Lehman will be the principal speaker at a banquet on Sunday evening to be tendered to the delegates by the Buffalo convention committee.

District No. 1, I.O.B.E.B., comprises the 63 lodges in the states of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Massachusetts, New York and Eastern Canada, with a membership of 7,500.

Assemblyman Maurice Bloch, president of the District, will present his annual report. In addition to the reports by the General Committee and the various standing committees, reports will be rendered on the progress of the membership drive and the campaign of the Wider Scope Committee launched in this District last month. Announcement will also be made of the purchase of land in Yonkers, N. Y., for the erection of a new building for the home for Aged and Infirm, an institution maintained by District No. 1, for which an appropriation of \$100,000 has been granted.

## ROSALSKY, OTTINGER, U.P.A. SPEAKERS IN BENSONHURST

The last of the sectional dinners in the interest of the United Palestine Appeal will take place tonight, Sunday, at the Jewish Community House, under the auspices of the Bensonhurst division. Judge Otto A. Rosalsky, chairman of the Greater New York Campaign, and Albert Ottinger, former attorney-general, will deliver the principal addresses.

Under the chairmanship of Samuel Kramer, the Bensonhurst campaign committee expects to complete its quota in the U. P. A. campaign at the dinner. Abraham Gash is chairman of the dinner committee. Max Greenfogel, associate chairman, Joseph Maslow, treasurer; Nathan Spier, secretary, and M. B. Pecker, executive director.

## AARON BENJAMIN GOES TO EUROPE AS HIAS DIRECTOR

Aaron Benjamin, Vice-President of the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society of America, sailed for Europe on the steamer Leviathan to assume the position of Hias Commissioner there. Mr. Benjamin will relieve Dr. James Bernstein who has been the commissioner for several years and who is returning to this country to resume his medical practice.

Mr. Benjamin, who is a New York lawyer, has been identified with Hias for nearly ten years. He was a member of the Hias-Ica-Emigdirect delegation to South America.

Mr. Benjamin will have his office in Paris where the European headquarters of Hias are located.

# 400 DELEGATES ATTEND CONFERENCE OF UNITED JEWISH CAMPAIGN Luncheon in Honor of "Distinguished Service Testimonial" Winners Sunday

Between 400 and 500 delegates, representing state and local committees of the United Jewish Campaign, will attend the conference, which is the third that has been held since the initial conference in Philadelphia in September, 1925, at which the United Jewish Campaign was organized. The call for the present conference was issued by Mr. Brown and by Acting-Governor Herbert H. Lehman and James N. Rosenberg, vice-chairmen, Paul Baerwald, treasurer of the Joint Distribution Committee, Louis Marshall and David M. Bressler.

The delegates were welcomed by Acting Governor Lehman when the conference began its sessions at eight o'clock Saturday night. He was followed by James N. Rosenberg, Joseph C. Hyman, secretary of the Joint Distribution Committee and executive secretary of the United Jewish Campaign, and Paul Baerwald, the treasurer of the Joint Distribution Committee.

Sunday morning's session will be opened by Albert H. Lieberman of Philadelphia, chairman of the Eastern Pennsylvania Zone of the United Jewish Campaign. A report will be rendered at that time by Marcy I. Berger, national secretary of the United Jewish Campaign, on the status of the collection of pledged contributions. More details of the collection efforts will be given by state and city chairmen, treasurers and secretaries, following Mr. Berger's general statement.

Winners of "Distinguished Service Testimonials" awarded to members of the United Jewish Campaign committees in various parts of the United States and Canada who have made exceptional records in the collection of pledged subscriptions will be guests of honor at a luncheon at the Biltmore on Sunday in connection with the conference.

In a statement to Mr. Brown yesterday he said that the conference had been called in response to the overwhelming demand of the rank and file of the United Jewish Campaign for a continuance of the effort to ameliorate the situation of overseas Jewry, "so long as the need exists." He said that this was the purport of 98 2/3% of the replies received at the national headquarters of the United Jewish Campaign in the recent referendum in which the question of continuing or discontinuing this work was presented to 100,000 contributors throughout the United States.

## RELIGIOUS LIBERTY BILL IN ITALIAN PARLIAMENT (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Rome, May 10—The bill granting legal recognition to non-Catholic approved denominations was introduced into the Chamber by Senator Rocco, Minister of Justice.

The bill provides for the recognition of the judicial rights of authorized religions in Italy.

## J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

### Foreign Notes

By J. T. A. Correspondents

Vienna, Apr. 28—Baron de Hirsch, founder of the Jewish Colonization Association, was in agreement with Dr. Herzl's basic idea that the Jews should establish a country of their own, but he did not join him in his plans only because Dr. Herzl had bound himself to Palestine as the place of Jewish settlement. Baron de Hirsch's special sleeping-car attendant, Hussler, declares in the "Wiener Journal," reporting a conversation on the Jewish question which he had had with Baron de Hirsch in 1895, following Baron de Hirsch's conversations on the subject with Dr. Herzl, and with the Grand Duke Sergius during his journey to Rome.

Baron de Hirsch, although in agreement with Dr. Herzl, he states, considered the selection of Palestine inadvised, because of the big sea of Arab population in Palestine and the adjoining countries which he believed would bring about the failure of any Jewish settlement scheme in Palestine. The Jews, he felt, would always remain a minority people in Palestine, without being able to become self-governing. He therefore took the view that it was not desirable that the Jews should leave the countries in which they were resident. But if Dr. Herzl would succeed in finding an unpopulated country where Jewish self-government would be possible, he said, I am ready to give my whole fortune in order to bring about the realization of his idea.

Dr. Herzl had his interview with Baron de Hirsch in May 1895. Less than a year after—on April 21, 1896—Baron de Hirsch died. Soon after the interview, Dr. Herzl wrote a long letter to Baron de Hirsch, explaining his ideas. In this letter he wrote: "I want to create a national loan for the Jews. Will you pledge yourself to contribute 50 million marks when I have raised the first hundred million? What are ten million marks for the Jews? You are richer than the French in 1871, and how many Jews were among them! Jewish money is found in vast quantities for a Chinese loan, for negro railways in Africa, for the most adventurous enterprises—and for the most profound, immediate, torturing need of the Jews themselves is none to be found?"

A few days later, Dr. Herzl wrote in his diary: "Hirsch—eight days ago the centre of my plan—is today reduced to a quantity absolutely negligible."

On July 5, 1895, Baron de Hirsch wrote to Dr. Herzl from London, acknowledging his letter and saying that he would be delighted to see him when he returned to Paris. To this Dr. Herzl replied: "For the Jews I will still attempt to do something—with the Jews nothing. If I could believe that anyone would understand my ideas, it was you. From the other Jews I can expect still less."

On hearing of Baron de Hirsch's  
(Continued on Page 4)

## "AMERICA," CATHOLIC WEEKLY, FINDS PASSION PLAY INOFFENSIVE Prejudice Is Reprehensible But Dog- mas Cannot Be Changed, Re- viewer Says

The Freiburg Passion Play as produced at the New York Hippodrome is inoffensive to Catholics who should see the production, says Adrian Peyton in "America," Catholic weekly, published in New York. If any fault is to be found it is with the audience, says the writer who describes his impressions of the first night and comments on the Jewish opposition to its sponsorship by Morris Gest and David Belasco.

Declaring that Morris Gest and David Belasco, "it must be said plainly seem to have made a sincere effort to retain the sacred character of the play," the "America" says:

"Unfortunately, despite their high spiritual endeavors, they could not evoke the effect for which the play was intended. They could not move the hearts of a Broadway audience as their ancestors did for a Bavarian audience long ago, or as they themselves might in their own Freiburg town. The witnesses to the great spectacle of the ages left the Hippodrome as cold and as worldly as they were when they jammed the entrances four hours earlier. They were, the majority of them, no nearer to the Christ. What they had seen and heard was something scenic, something distant or purely objective or exotic. They were not chastened in spirit, nor inspired by Divine love, nor even meditative. A Passion Play that does not produce a spiritual effect is a failure.

"The audience was at fault. The setting of the play in a commercial theater helped the audience to be at fault. And the aims of the producers to utilize a  
(Continued on Page 4)

## AVUKAH MARKS CHALUTZ MOVEMENT'S 10th ANNIVERSARY

A dinner in honor of the tenth anniversary of the Chalutz, pioneer movement in Palestine, was given Thursday night by Avukah, the American Student Zionist Federation, at the Park Plaza Hotel. Samuel Blumenfeld, President of the New York Chapter of Avukah, who presided; David Bloch, former Mayor of Tel Aviv; Max Rhoads, National President of Avukah; and Rev. John Haynes Holmes, were the speakers.

Mr. Bloch, in the course of his address, pointed out that in the Chalutz movement in Palestine there was a richer creative opportunity for young Jews than existed anywhere else in the world.

Dr. Holmes, whose recent visit to Palestine in connection with the Straus Health Center, has aroused great interest among Jews and non-Jews, in the cause of his remarks, called the pioneers in Palestine a generation of martyrs. Martyrs, he went on to explain, do not always die for their cause. Sometimes they live through unbelievable hardships and self-denial and privation, to achieve it. This the Chalutzim in Palestine are doing today.

**"AMERICA" CATHOLIC  
WEEKLY, FINDS PASSION  
PLAY INOFFENSIVE**  
(Continued from Page 3)

sacred drama for commerce also put the audience at fault. Bourdaloue and Bossuet might preach to such an assemblage as that which gathered in the Hippodrome, but they could not reach the hearts; they would be admired only for their rhetoric and diction. Chrysostom might thunder at them, but they would be merely thrilled by his voice and his gestures. Paul might appeal to them with burning zeal; they would comment on his clever sophistry. Christ himself might walk on the Hippodrome stage as He did in the market place of Jerusalem; such an audience would sing hosannas in welcome to Him on Sunday, but they would cry His death-warrant on Friday.

"Worldliness and commercialism are the worst enemies of religion. They creep, subtly and insidiously, past the barriers into the Church itself. They could not be banned from a Passion Play in the Hippodrome. Especially is this true when the audience was composed of Jew and Gentile, of Christian and Catholic, of the unbeliever and the devout. Before a purely Catholic audience, the Freiburg players might deliver their message effectively, even in the Hippodrome. But they cannot do so under the present auspices, despite the valiant efforts of Morris Gest to preserve the sacred character of the play the while he made it a commercial success.

"Enough of the sacredness of the drama, nevertheless, has been preserved to justify Catholics in attending the Hippodrome performances. It is my considered opinion that every Catholic in the city should see this Freiburg Passion Play. When all is said that may be said against the production, there remains this thought: it is something to have the Divine story graphically and reverently enacted before the eyes of the mixed populace of New York.

"In bringing this play to New York, Morris Gest has had to face strong opposition. There is, first of all, the possibility of lawsuits, because of alleged prior claims on the actors, and again because of the laws forbidding the living representation of the Delity on the stage. But beyond that, his own people have practically disowned the producer as a traitor to his race. He has been most severely criticized in the 'Jewish Daily Bulletin' and has been caricatured and berated in other papers. Writing in the New York 'Evening Post,' Rabbi Silverman declared: 'If I were a Christian I would hiss this debasement of the Christian religion from the stage. As a Jew, I denounce it as an infamous libel against the Jews of the time of Jesus.' Later, he states that the play is an attempt to revive old prejudices that the modern world is trying to live down."

"Prejudices and bigotry, certainly, are reprehensible. But the events that transpired on the last two days of the human existence of Jesus are historic facts and religious dogmas. They cannot be changed, they cannot be compromised even in our modern world."

**J. D. B. News Letter**

(Continued from Page 3)

death, Herzl wrote on April 22, 1896, the day after Baron de Hirsch died: "At this moment I must think of the dead Baron Hirsch. The live man is right. I am right—as long as I live. The Jews have lost Hirsch, but they have me. And after me they will have someone else. It must go forward. A Vienna daily says in its obituary notice, 'Hirsch could not help the poor, because he was rich.' That, more or less, is the idea—and it is correct. The decisive is the same matter differently, and I believe better, more strongly, because I do it not with money, but with the idea."

Warsaw, Apr. 26—The Jewish population of the village of Bialaczow, in Radom, where disturbances took place at Purim time, following the action of unknown provocateurs, who incensed the peasants by putting a Haman puppet on to a crucifix, is starving, the peasants of all the neighboring villages having instituted a rigid boycott against the Jews. They refuse to buy anything from Jewish merchants, shopkeepers or artisans. They also refuse to sell anything to Jews. Co-operative for buying and selling have already been created to oust the Jews.

The rabbi of the village, and M. Falk, a leading citizen, have come to Warsaw to plead for help. The disturbances, they say, were preferable to the slow death of starvation to which the village is now condemned. There are 150 Jewish souls in the village who have no way now of earning a piece of bread. The delegates have visited Deputy Farbstein, president of the Warsaw Jewish Community, Chief Rabbi Professor Schorr, and the office of the Joint Distribution Committee. Everywhere, they have been told, however, that there are no funds on hand.

Johannesburg, Apr. 10—By a unanimous vote, Councillor Sol Harris of Bloemfontein has been elected Mayor of Bloemfontein in the Orange Free State. Mr. Harris is a well-known communal worker, and an Orthodox Jew. He is one of the leading citizens of Bloemfontein, having devoted many years to municipal endeavor. His sister will act as Mayoress during his duration.

Councillor Harris's election has given much gratification to the Jewish community in the Orange Free State.

**CORRECTION**

Our attention has been drawn to the fact that the "Communication" Editor, published in the 'Jewish Daily Bulletin' in its issue of May 7, containing an appeal for the Rabbinic Pension Fund of the Central Conference of American Rabbis was not intended for publication.

The signatories to this letter, Dr. H. G. Endlow, Dr. Nathan Scharman and Dr. Nathan Krass, addressed it as a private communication to the members of Temple Emanuel-E. The Pension Fund has not and does not intend to make a public appeal. The 'Jewish Daily Bulletin' exceedingly regrets the inadvertence.

**Assists Nature—Does Not Force It**

**EX-LAX**

The Ideal Laxative  
"Chocolated" and "Fig Flavor"

**Session of the  
American Jewish  
Congress**

**Sunday and Monday  
May 19 and 20, 1929**

**THE BREAKERS**

**Atlantic City, N. J.**

*Registration of Delegates*  
**Saturday evening and Sunday  
morning. Opening Session  
Sunday, 2:00 P. M.**

*Tentative Agenda*

1. Review of conditions abroad.  
a. Poland, Dr. Joshua Gottlieb, Warsaw (Deputy of Sejm); b. Lithuania, Professor Jacob S. Joffe; c. Russia, Dr. Solomon Goldman; d. Problem of Jewish Students in Roumania and Hungary, Dr. Irving Fineman; e. Immigration Today, Hon. Nathan D. Perlman; f. Jewish Future in Palestine, Professor Leo Wolman.
2. The protection of the rights of Jewish minorities abroad.
3. The persecution of Judaism and the Hebrew language in Russia.
4. Present conditions of famine in Bessarabia, Russia, Lithuania and Poland.
5. Progress of Jewish settlement in Palestine.
6. Present situation with regard to immigration legislation.
7. Discrimination in American universities and colleges.
8. Manifestations of anti-Semitism in commerce and employment.
9. Proposed changes in the calendar.
10. Question of Kehillah in organization of the Jewish community.
11. Adult education among Jews.

*Presidential Address*

**DR. STEPHEN S. WISE**

*For the Executive Committee*  
**MAJOR JULIUS I. PEYSER**

*For the Administrative Committee*  
**HON. CARL SHERMAN**

*Report of the Administrative Committee*

**BERNARD G. RICHARDS**

*Report of Geneva Bureau from*  
**ZEVI ABERSON**

*Other Addresses and Greetings*

MAX SILVERSTEIN  
DR. LOUIS I. HARRIS  
MAX D. STEUER, Esq.  
DAVID L. POBELL, Esq.  
HON. LOUIS B. BROSSEY  
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