

Vol. VI. Price 4 Cents.

Monday, May 6, 1922.

Entered as 2nd Class Matter at Post Office, Long Island City, New York No. 1357.

## ANTI-SEMITIC STUDENT RIOTS OCCUR AT THE UNIVERSITY OF GRAZ AS DEAN LOOKS ON Jews Ejected from Students' Conven- tion Hall

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, May 4—The general meeting of the student body at the University of Graz, held in the university hall, was thrown into turmoil and transformed into an anti-Semitic series of excesses. In the middle of the proceedings, the cry was raised, "Out with the Jews." "Only Aryans may participate."

When the Jewish students refused to leave the hall, feeling that they are as good a part of the student body as any others, they were surrounded by the "Aryan knights" and forcibly ejected. Dean Martinack, who was present, looked on calmly, without uttering a word of protest. Even the Jewish girl students were not spared.

The Socialist student group attempted to protect the Jewish students, but when their efforts failed, they left the hall as a sign of protest against the outrage.

## 149,554 ESTIMATED JEWISH POPULATION IN PALESTINE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, May 4—Official figures as to the number of the Jewish population in Palestine are not available, but according to an estimate it reached 149,554 at the end of 1921.

This reply was given by Major Ormsby-Gore, Undersecretary for the Colonies, in the House of Commons, when the question was raised by George Barker, Labor member.

Following the Armistice, the Jewish population in Palestine was estimated at 55,000, Major Ormsby-Gore stated.

## SYNAGOGUE IN SOCIALIST SETTLEMENT NEAR TEL AVIV

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Tel Aviv, May 4—A synagogue is to be erected in the Socialist settlement Shechunath Borochoh, near Tel Aviv.

Ten thousand bricks for the erection of the synagogue, will be supplied by Isaac Goldberg. A oiy Scroll was donated the Polish Commercial Attache Hausner.

## LITHUANIAN POGROM NEWS SUPPRESSED; 3 ARRESTS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Kovno, May 4—That the Berlin report of the anti-Jewish pogrom perpetrated by armed Fascisti on the Jewish population of the township Givai, near Kovno, was correct, is confirmed in the official announcement that three officials, including the local police chief, were arrested. The Lithuanian press was prohibited from disclosing the details of the pogrom.

## SUPREME COURT RULES ON CITIZEN STATUS OF RETURN- ING PALESTINE MIGRANTS May Reclaim Polish Citizenship If They Have Not Received Final Palestine Citizen Papers

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, May 4—Polish citizens who return from Palestine to Poland before they have obtained their final Palestine citizenship papers, may reclaim their Polish citizenship, according to a decision of the Polish Supreme Court handed down today in the case of Mr. and Mrs. Wasserholz.

The Supreme Court reversed the rule of the District Court and the Court of Appeals, which held that the litigants forfeited their right to Polish citizenship because of an application filed for Palestinian citizenship. The Supreme Court held that because the litigants returned to their native country before Palestine citizenship was granted to them, they have not lost their rights.

## RITUAL MURDER ACCUSATION IN POLISH AND LITHUANIAN TOWNS CAUSES AGITATION Falsity Immediately Proved; Riots Oc- cur in One Town

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Cracow, May 4—The Jewish community of Nowy Targ, near Cracow, lived through several hours of anxiety on Thursday, the last day of Passover, when a ritual murder agitation was started.

The Christian servant girl of the Jewish merchant, Singer, disappeared for several hours. Immediately this was exploited to spread a rumor that the girl was "the victim of the Jews." The police succeeded in finding the girl, unharmed.

A similar incident occurred in the village Muszana Nizhna, where a Christian boy disappeared. After a rumor of ritual murder had been started in the village the boy was luckily found several hours later.

Kovno, May 4—The body of the Christian servant girl employed by the Jewish merchant, Schochar, of Menel, was exhumed and an autopsy performed because of the ritual murder charges brought against her Jewish employer.

The medical examination established that death was not due to any act of violence. The district attorney who was in charge of the prosecution against the Jewish family issued a statement to the press declaring that the charge had no foundation. The agitation has subsided.

At the same time the district attorney made public the opinion of Prof. Loch, an evangelical theologian of Koenigsberg, who declared that "Jewish ritual murder never existed."

(Continued on Page 4)

## 12,000 CLAMOR FOR HUNGARIAN CITIZENSHIP; GOVERNMENT MAKES WAIT INDEFINITE Adoption of Hungarian Surnames De- nied Citizens

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, May 4—Applications of 12,000 Hungarian Jews, seeking to obtain citizenship, have been on file in the Ministry of the Interior for a long time, but the government has taken no action to dispose of them one way or another. This was the complaint of Deputy Temeswari, a member of the government party, in the parliamentary administrative committee.

It is time, he demanded, for the government to take some action on the matter and end the situation of uncertainty which causes much anxiety to the applicants.

At the same meeting, the Jewish deputy Paul Sandor asked why the government refuses the application of Jews desiring to Magyarize their names. Minister of the Interior Schitovsky replied that his department has no anti-Jewish bias, but he thought that Hungarian names were not a right but a privilege.

## LEAGUE COMMITTEE FOR NO CHANGES IN PROCEDURE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, May 4—The sub-committee of three, headed by Sir Austen Chamberlain, to consider the proposals for changing the procedure in the consideration of national minorities' complaints has practically completed its report which will be submitted to the full committee and then to the Council of the League of Nations at its June session.

Although the report will not be published before the Council session, the belief was expressed here on the basis of good authority that the report does not recommend any drastic changes in the procedure.

## FRANCE UNVEILS MONUMENT TO EIFFEL TOWER BUILDER

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, May 4—A bust of Gustave Eiffel, constructor of the Eiffel Tower, was unveiled here today by Germain Martin, Minister of Posts.

The unveiling ceremonies were held on the occasion of the fortieth anniversary of the completion of the Eiffel Tower.

## DWINA OVERFLOWS; DAMAGE IN DWINSK SUBURBS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, May 4—Several of the suburbs of Dwinsk were submerged as a result of the overflow of the Dwina River.

The areas particularly affected are those of Griwa and Gajok, where many of the inhabitants had to evacuate their houses. The majority of the population in these two suburbs is Jewish.

**JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN**

Published every day in the week except  
Saturday and Jewish high holidays  
by the  
**JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN CO.**  
Address All Mail to  
Executive and Editorial Office:  
611 Broadway, New York, N. Y.  
Publication Office:  
36 Bridge Plaza South, L. I. City, N. Y.  
Jacob Lindau ..... President  
Samuel Branstetter ..... Treasurer  
Yeha Simons ..... Secretary  
William Z. Spiegelman ..... Editor

Vol. VI. Monday, May 6, 1929. No. 137.

Member of Jewish Telegraphic Agency  
New York ..... 611 Broadway  
London ..... 244 High Holborn  
Paris ..... 34 Rue de Provence  
Berlin ..... Eisenbahnstrasse 6  
Warsaw ..... Ulica Aleje Jerozlimski Nr. 18  
Jerusalem ..... Hasolei Bldg.

Subscription Rates  
U.S. and Canada Foreign  
One Year ..... \$10.00 \$15.00  
Six Months ..... 6.00 8.00  
One Month ..... 1.00 1.50

Entered as second-class matter July 19, 1927,  
at the Post Office at L. I. City, N. Y., under  
the Act of March 3, 1879.

Copyrighted

### **MOLNAR DENIES HE HAS ABANDONED JUDAISM** (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, May 4.—I have not abandoned Judaism, Franz Molnar, the famous playwright, has declared here, contradicting the reports appearing in a number of papers recently. "I am a Jew, he said, and I shall remain a Jew. The worse things become for the Jews, the more I shall stick to my Judaism. I have two burdens to bear—my Jewish birth and the burden of being a Hungarian, although according to the Hungarian race purists, I am not a Magyar, notwithstanding the fact that my grandfather fought in 1848 for Hungarian liberation. I claim to be a Jew. I stand firm by my Judaism, even if this is no recommendation in present-day Hungary, and perhaps not in other countries either. But it is a question which does not affect my writing. Literature is apart from it.

So far as the Jews in America are concerned, Molnar, who was recently in America, said, it is very natural that they act as self-conscious Jews. Jewish feeling cannot be so outraged in America as it is frequently in Europe. America would not tolerate it for a moment if Jews were presented on the stage as clowns and made the butt of foolish jokes. Any play of such a character would be hooted off the stage, not by the Jews but by the Christians. Here in Budapest, the Jews act in a way as if they were highly amused by the anti-Jewish jests and insults which are heaped into the revues and operettas. If you tell me that Jewish writers, as, for instance, Shalom Ash, also condemn certain Jewish traits, I reply that that is perfectly in order. He regards himself as belonging to national Jewry, and he has a right to do it, as every great writer has the right to rebuke his

### **PROFESSOR EINSTEIN'S PAPER NOT LAST WORD ON HIS FIELD THEORY**

Scientist Continually Improves and Extends It, Writer States  
(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Cambridge, Mass., May 4.—Prof. Albert Einstein has now gone "far beyond" the conclusions which he reached in his theory of a mathematical relationship between gravity and electro-magnetism, which provoked such widespread discussion last January, according to a copyrighted article by Dr. Norbert Wiener, assistant professor of mathematics at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, published in the May issue of the "Technology Review."

Dr. Wiener and his colleague, Dr. Manuel S. Vallarta of Technology Institute claim to have discovered certain deficiencies in the theory which have been recognized by Einstein himself in private correspondence with them. The publicity given to the January paper, Dr. Wiener's article says, "led one to believe this is the manuscript of Einstein instead of a manuscript of Einstein."

"I can say," the article continued, "that no word of Prof. Einstein has ever lent color to that notion. His paper is but one of a series of which it is neither the first nor the last, nor in any notable way distinguished from the others."

"Einstein has recognized its conclusion as tentative and has now replaced it by a piece of work which, in his estimation, goes far beyond. We have this on the basis of direct advice from Prof. Einstein himself. His correspondence bears the tone of scholarly dignity and magnanimity."

"The pretended incomprehensibility of the Einstein theory has been used as capital by professional anti-Einsteins," says Dr. Wiener. "These have had a recent recruit in a churchman of prominence, who has made his inability to understand it sufficient cause to utter a warning to the laymen not to be misled by such tempting obscurities. Without prejudice to the cause of religion I may remark that theological discussions have not at all times been distinguished by their character of lucidity."

Dr. Wiener obviously was referring to a recent statement by Cardinal

(Continued on Page 4)

own nation and thus to lead it into better ways.

When Franz Molnar celebrated his fiftieth birthday last October, he also declared, "I was born a Jew and I shall remain a Jew." He received messages of congratulation from all over the world, and the French Government conferred on him the Order of the Legion of Honor. The Hungarian press praised him as one of the greatest playwrights of modern times, ranking with Bernard Shaw, Gerhardt Hauptmann, Pirandello and John Galsworthy. At the triumphal arch which was erected outside his home by his admirers throughout the world, there was also a Jewish guard of honor representing Hungarian Jewry.

### **CONGRESSMAN JOHNSON FOR TOTAL CESSATION OF IMMIGRATION TO UNITED STATES**

Makes Known Views in Address Before U. S. Chamber of Commerce  
(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, May 4.—Suspension of all immigration into the United States with the exception of certain close family relatives, wives, children, fathers and mothers, was advocated by Congressman Albert Johnson of Washington, chairman of the House Immigration Committee, in an address at the annual meeting of the United States Chamber of Commerce here. Such a step, he declared, is inevitable.

"The public wants no more immigration," he stated. "It is an exact fact that 80 per cent of all the men elected to the present sitting House of Representatives, were elected with the idea of more restriction of immigration as well as nearly all of the Senators elected at the last election."

"The population of the United States is increasing now at the rate of one every 20 seconds, three a minute, 180 an hour, 1,500,000 a year. What are you going to do about it? You cannot solve this question simply because some people think they can bring in a little cheaper labor."

"The resolution is as silent as can be on the Mexican invasion, the retaking of Mexico by peaceful invasion. What are you going to do about it? You are going to suspend it. This is inevitable. Then why don't you do it on a plane that conforms to the method of restriction of Canada and the Latin-American countries, otherwise, you will have treaty troubles."

"In my opinion, gentlemen, this matter is marching along so fast that this

(Continued on Page 4)

### **DINNER TO WELCOME AARON SAPIRO TO JERSEY CITY** (Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Jersey City, N. J., May 4.—A testimonial dinner will be tendered to Aaron Sapiro, on Tuesday evening, May 21st, at the Jewish Community Center Building here, according to an announcement by Isaac Klinghoffer, chairman of the committee of arrangements.

The dinner is being tendered to Mr. Sapiro on the occasion of his coming to Jersey City, where he is president of the Journal Square National Bank.

The committee of arrangements is composed of sixty prominent men and women, active in the various fields of Jewish social services in the community.

### **HONOR MAJOR-GEN. FOREMAN FOR MILITARY TENURE** (Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Chicago, May 4.—Maj. Gen. Milton J. Foreman, retired, was presented today with a medal commemorating his 35 years of military service by the 122nd field artillery. The presentation was made at Gen. Foreman's home, 1367 North State Street, in the presence of fourteen officers of the Illinois National Guard, whose length of service averages 20 years.

## B. KAHN LEAVES PALESTINE. SAYS ACHIEVEMENTS MERIT THE PRIDE OF EVERY JEW

Found Enthusiasm, Ideals, Energy, Accomplishments Beyond Expectation  
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, May 4.—Dr. Bernard Kahn, European director of the American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, left here today on his return to Berlin.

When interviewed by the correspondent of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, Dr. Kahn stated that after a visit to the Jewish colonies in Palestine he felt highly satisfied. The achievements in Palestine far exceed his expectations and justify the pride of every Jew. He found in the country enthusiasm, idealism and energy, he stated. The consolidation of the work on a more stable economic basis, which will lead to self-support and pave the way for more rapid progress must be left to the future. This consolidation work will have to be accomplished by the incoming Jewish Agency, which will prepare Palestine for a much larger immigration, he stated.

## HUNGARIAN ANTI-SEMITES DEMONSTRATE AGAINST JEWS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, May 4.—The visit to the Hungarian capital of the Italian Secretary of State, Grandi, was made the occasion for an anti-Semitic demonstration here.

During the parade in honor of the guest, the Hungarian Fascists arranged a street demonstration, the marchers singing anti-Semitic songs and insulting Jewish passersby.

## ACTRESS CHANGES FAITH TO MARRY JEWISH MUSICIAN

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, May 4.—Miss Ruby Miller, the actress, who was married recently in Paris to Max Darewski, the musician, has decided to change her religion in order that a ceremony in the Jewish faith may take place.

"I thought it was possible for my husband to marry in the Protestant Church," she said last night. "But I now find that that would be impossible unless he changed his religion. I thought it better that I should change my religion, and I am accordingly doing so. I have to go through a course of preparation by the Jewish pastor, and I will then be married in the Upper Berkeley Street Jewish Synagogue."

Miss Miller personally announced that the ceremony in the Protestant church would be followed by a ceremony in a synagogue.

## ZIONIST LEADER ELECTED TO GREEK SENATE

(G. T. A. Mail Service)

Salonica, Apr. 21.—Asher Mallah, President of the Zionist Federation, was elected to the Greek Senate from the Jewish Electoral College, which has just polled.

Mr. Mallah received 5,201 votes, against 2,980 polled by the Communist candidate, Mr. Cohen.

## J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

### The Nafté Case in South Africa

By Our Johannesburg Correspondent

Johannesburg, Apr. 9.—A furious controversy, which with the general election close at hand, was in danger of developing into a political issue involving the acute South African color problem and, probably, the Jewish question, raged here over the action of Justice Saul Solomon in sentencing Jack Nafté, a Jewish farmer in the Bethal District, to seven years' imprisonment with hard labor and ten lashes, for beating to death a native in his employment.

Bethal is one of the district, Devon, Trichardts and Bethal, which contain a settlement of Jewish farmers, and in which the South African Jewish Board of Deputies is trying to promote a Jewish agricultural colonization movement, with the help of the Jewish farmers already settled there.

Tremendous feeling was aroused here over a white being sentenced to lashes, which is regarded as degrading to the white race, and endangering the prestige of the whites in the eyes of the natives. It is the first time a white is to be lashed.

The Prime Minister, General Hertzog, intervened, suspending the infliction of the lashes, pending further investigation and a review of the case by the Acting Minister of Justice.

The farmers of the Bethal District held a largely attended meeting, at which a deputation of ten members was appointed to raise a petition for the remission of the lashes. It was at first proposed that the deputation should consist of five Jewish farmers and five Dutch farmers, but in order to avoid making it appear a partisan movement, it was decided that the deputation should be called only a deputation of ten farmers from the Bethal District.

The South African Board of Jewish Deputies was approached to take an interest in the matter, but decided not to interfere with the administration of justice. There was an attempt to make party capital by introducing the Jewish element into the case, but it is hoped that this will be avoided.

Jack Nafté was tried jointly with his foreman, Van Niekerk, with murdering a native laborer on his farm by flogging him to death. The two trials were held separately. Van Niekerk pleaded guilty of common assault under provocation, saying that the native had threatened him and his wife. The jury found him guilty of common assault, recommending him to mercy, and he was fined thirty pounds.

Nafté was then charged with murder, but the jury found a verdict of culpable homicide, recommending him to mercy on the ground that he had not intended killing the native.

Judge Solomon pronounced sentence of seven years' imprisonment with hard labor and ten lashes. The assault of which Nafté was guilty, he said, was horrifying in its cruelty. He had inflicted terrible suffering on a native by

(Continued on Page 4)

## MAY DAY CELEBRATION INCREASES ANTI-JEWISH FEELING IN LITHUANIA

Government Organ Leads in Agitation;  
Arrests Made Among Worshipers  
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Kovno, May 4.—The May Day celebrations resulted here in an increase of anti-Jewish feeling. The government organ, "Lietuwo Saidas," took the lead in the agitation when it published an editorial accusing the Lithuanian Jews of "spreading Communism." Its argument was that although the Jewish population constitutes only 7 1/2% of the total population, the number of Jews among those arrested on May Day was disproportionately great.

The government organ, however, failed to say that the arrests were made by the police, not on the basis of evidence, but on mere suspicion. The May Day celebration coinciding with the last day of Passover, the Kovno guardians of order seized a great number of Orthodox Jews who happened to have been returning from synagogue services. Among those arrested were also sixty young Jewish girls who were subjected to a torturous cross-examination and will, it was declared, be tried before a court martial. A police report also asserted that eighty per cent of the demonstrators in the May Day procession were Jewish school children.

## SITUATION IN COLONIES GOOD, AGROJOINT HEARS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, May 4.—The situation of the Jewish colonies in the Cherson region is improving, according to a telegraphic report received today by the Agrojoint, the agency of the American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee.

Warm rains during the last days have considerably improved the remaining winter crop. The fields are becoming green. Among the colonists there is an optimistic feeling.

## COMMUNISTS MOVE AGAINST THINGS JEWISH

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vitebsk, May 4.—The discontinuance of the sale of kosher meat and the slaughtering of animals for food according to the Jewish method, was decided upon by the Jewish members of the Central Cooperative of Vitebsk.

Kiev, May 4.—At the sixth All-Ukrainian conference of Jewish workers now in session here, a resolution was adopted urging the dismissal of Prof. Gallant from his post as head of the Hebrew Department of the Ukrainian Academy. The resolution brands him as "the servant of the Jewish bourgeoisie."

A protest against the action of Jews abroad who sent matzoth to Russian Jews during the past Passover was also adopted.

Under the auspices of the Hillel Foundation recently established here, with Rabbi Isidor B. Hoffman in charge, a restaurant was prepared for use of Jewish students during Passover. The way was completely renovated, fitted with new equipment, and Kosher meals were furnished to more than 100 of the Jewish students at the university.

## PROFESSOR EINSTEIN'S PAPER NOT LAST WORD ON HIS FIELD THEORY

(Continued from Page 2)

O'Connell, Archbishop of Boston, who saw behind the Einstein theory the specter of atheism.

"Einstein's January paper," says the article, "is one of the many attempts that have been made to bind up gravitational relativity and electrical theory into a single whole.

"The earlier form of the quantum theory could be rendered compatible with general relativity without excessive difficulty." It is only necessary to refer to the papers of Dedonder, of Pock, of Klein. But the trouble with all these pieces of work was that the formal quantum theory to which they attached them has become obsolete.

"The spinning electron of Goudsmit and Ulenbeck was first combined with quantum mechanical considerations in a reasonably satisfactory manner by Dirac, who changed the original difficult differential equation of Schrodinger from a second order equation to a system of first order ones. The Dirac equation has been harmonized with the old forms of gravitational relativity by J. M. Whittaker, son of Prof. E. T. Whittaker of Edinburgh, but at the cost of raising the order from the first to the second.

"At this stage Einstein comes forward with a new synthesis of electricity and gravitation which makes no mention of the quantum theory. He introduces, unlike his course in the older theory, a universal parallelism of directions at all points of space and time. In this he goes half-way back to our older pre-relativistic conceptions of mechanics.

"It is to be observed that this modification of the theory makes possible a comparison of spin through all space and time, and this in full accordance with the demands of the theory of the spinning electron and of the quantum theory, which does not localize the electron but spreads it through the universe.

"Although Einstein makes no mention of quantum-theoretical considerations, it was immediately seen by Wigner in Germany and by mathematical physicists of the Institute that the chief value of the Einstein theory was the fact that it rendered possible a good relativistic treatment of the Dirac equation."

The Texas Zionist Association will celebrate its 25th anniversary at its forthcoming convention which is to be held in Dallas on May 20th, 21st, 22nd and 23rd.

One of the chief subjects of discussion at the convention will be the proposal to purchase a tract of land through the Jewish National Fund for the formation of a Texas Colony in Palestine.

Present officers of the Texas Zionist Association are: L. A. Freed, Houston, President; Harry Siegel, Dallas, Cashier; Bender, Breckenridge; and J. Swift, Galveston, Vice-Presidents; R. Dow, Houston, Treasurer; and I. E. Bloch, Dallas, Secretary. Dr. Benjamin Fort Worth is chairman of the State Executive Committee.

Rabbi Joseph Hager was appointed Executive Director of the War Service Synagogue at a meeting of the Board of trustees of the congregation, which has its offices at 305 Broadway, New York.

## RITUAL MURDER ACCUSATION IN POLISH AND LITHUANIAN TOWNS CAUSES AGITATION

(Continued from Page 1)

Berlin, May 4.—The agitation which arose in Mielno over the ritual murder charges led to anti-Jewish riots in the Lithuanian township of Krotingen, according to a report received here.

## HEBREW UNION ANNOUNCES ITS SUMMER COURSE

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Cincinnati, O., May 4.—The Graduate School for Rabbis and the Teachers' Institute will be conducted at the Hebrew Union College in Cincinnati, O., from Monday, July 8, until Friday, August 16, according to an announcement by Dr. Julian Morgenstern, president of the College.

Guest professors will be Dr. James A. Montgomery, to teach Bible, Biblical History and Archaeology, and Dr. Isaac Husik, to teach Jewish Philosophy. Both are on the University of Pennsylvania faculty.

The summer faculty at the College will also include Dr. Jacob Mann in History; Dr. Henry Englander in Mediaeval Biblical Exegesis; Dr. Israel Bettan in Midrash and Homiletics; and Professor Abraham N. Franzblau, principal of the H. U. C. School for Teachers in New York, N. Y., to teach Jewish education. Doctors Mann, Englander and Bettan are full-time members of the College faculty.

## J. D. B. News Letter

(Continued from Page 3)

crucifixes which were as cowardly as they were heartless. His punishment would not be adequate unless it also included the infliction of physical pain.

An agitation was started immediately, both against a white man being sentenced to lashes, and also against the extreme contrast between the two sentences imposed on Naife and his foreman. Justice Solomon is being attacked in the nationalist press as a negrophile.

Justice Solomon is not a Jew, but is of Jewish descent. He is descended from the Rev. E. Solomon of Cape Colony, who was a Christian missionary. To the same family belong also Sir William Henry Solomon, who was Senior Puisne Judge of Transvaal, the late Sir Richard Solomon, and W. E. G. Solomon, the well-known artist, who is now in India.

The flogging sentence was executed against Jack Naife on May 2, a cable despatch stated.

One hundred and fifty representative citizens of Chattanooga, Tenn., gathered at the Ochs Memorial Temple to attend the third session of the Anti-Defamation League.

With the men's club of the temple acting as hosts, every creed and belief was represented. Attorney Sam Whittaker was the principal speaker and Adolph Geismar, president of the men's club, acted as toastmaster.

Speakers included Rabbi Stillman, of Mizpah; Rabbi Father Francis Sol, of St. Ignace; the Rev. Oliver J. Hart, and many brief talks by prominent men. Mayor Bass said that the Rev. Father Sol, James F. Flaherty, Bishop, Neil Crowley, James F. Flaherty, Dr. G. Walter and Walter Johnson also made brief remarks.

## CONGRESSMAN JOHNSON FOR TOTAL CESSATION OF IMMI- GRATION TO UNITED STATES

(Continued from Page 2)

chamber, in its desire to point the way, might just as well take a bold step and advocate a suspension of immigration from all countries, with the exception of certain close family relatives, wives, children, fathers and mothers. I think this is an inevitable step.

"Here you say that you favor the repeal of the National Origins Clause and a continuation of the 2 per cent clause, and I beg to assure you that in my opinion, after having been pretty well around the United States and after having been in a position where I receive an enormous, unbiased mail, that the movement is for a complete restriction of immigration.

"One speaker said here that he was afraid the National Origins provision would create a continual cleavage between our people. Why, of course, it will. In my opinion, it is creating now a cleavage which is not only religious, but political and social and racial. Why not have done with it? It has been said that we are all looking to the future. Of course, we are, and this increase in our population makes us look to the future.

"I happened to be chairman of the House Committee on Immigration when the act of 1924 was written and amended in the House. I did not favor national origins then and I hardly favor it now, but just as certain as we are here, the more fussing, the more disturbance and cleavage, if you want to call it that, that either this or the other plan causes, that is going to be the argument or the hammer that drives us to the restriction that we really need.

"The only demand now for immigrants by any class of people is a demand for serf labor and servants."

Contributions totalling \$112,000 have been received by the Brooklyn Federation of Jewish Charities toward its \$200,000 deficit fund. Announcement of these receipts was made by Nathan D. Shapiro, President of the Federation, at a meeting of the two hundred professional and business men, devoting all day Friday to solicitation on behalf of the Federation's twenty-five affiliated societies.

The program for the day has been designated as "Round Up Day," was inaugurated with a campaign breakfast at the Chamber of Commerce. Assemblyman Murray then served as Chairman for the day's campaign. Speakers at the breakfast and luncheon included Justice Harry E. Lewis, Nathan D. Shapiro, Dr. Gumpert, Samuel S. Rabin, Executive Director of the Federation; and Assemblyman Hearn.

Congregation Shaare Emeth, St. Louis, Mo., has purchased a building in the western part of the city for \$165,000 and will move from its present quarters in the near future. The congregation is looking for a rabbi to take the place of Rabbi Louis Witt, who resigned to be the spiritual head of a congregation in Dayton, Ohio. Gumpert, Samuel S. Rabin, Emeritus, has returned to the pulpit until a successor to Dr. Witt may be found.

An illustrated copy of the song, "America, Beloved Land," the music of which was composed by Misha Levitski and the words by Bernard Gellman, was presented to President Hoover. It was played in public for the first time by the United States Marine Band on the Capitol steps immediately before the inauguration.

If you are pleased with the "Jewish Daily Bulletin" tell your friends to subscribe.