

Vol. VI. Price 4 Cents.

Friday, May 3, 1923.

Entered as 2nd Class Matter at Post Office, Long Island City, New York No. 1355.

LEADERS AT JERUSALEM MEETING OUTLINE FIRST BUDGET FOR JEWISH AGENCY \$5,000,000 Required; Sixty Per Cent to Be Raised in U. S. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, May 2—The Palestine work in the first year of the extended Jewish Agency, which is soon to be consummated, will require the expenditure of one million pounds, approximately five million dollars, according to an outline agreed upon at a meeting of the Zionist Executive here with the participation of Felix M. Warburg, Dr. Chaim Weizmann and Julius Simon.

This sum was agreed upon in accordance with the recommendations of the Joint Palestine Survey Commission. The meeting elicited the understanding that the American leaders of the Agency will be prepared to undertake to raise the American quota of the general sum, which will amount to about sixty per cent.

1 KILLED, MANY WOUNDED IN ANTI-JEWISH ATTACK IN LITHUANIAN TOWN Berlin Hears of Pogrom Perpetrated by Lithuanian Fascisti (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, May 2—One Jew was murdered and many received serious wounds in an attack made on the Jewish population of Newi, a township near Kovno, a report received here today states.

The Jewish population of the township consists of seventeen families, who were the victims of an armed band of Lithuanian Fascists. The pogrom lasted five hours and was attended by gruesome scenes, the report states. David Schliachtli, 40, was killed and a half of the Jewish population of the township wounded. Schliachtli was killed when he attempted to protect his wife. Even the children were not spared. Jewish houses were plundered. The police arrived on the scene after the band had left the town, the report states.

MOSLEMS ORDERED TO STOP WORK AT WALLING WALL (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, May 2—The District Commissioner of Jerusalem directed an order to the Moslem authorities in charge of the property adjacent to the Walling Wall to cease all building activities in the neighborhood.

Ever since the incidents on the last Day of Atonement, the Moslems have been carrying on some kind of building activities on or near the Wall. The Jewish community of Jerusalem has continually protested against these building activities, declaring them to be an infringement of the status quo. Several days before Passover, Rabbi A. J. Kook, Chief Rabbi of Palestine, protested officially.

PALESTINE GOVERNMENT ACCUSED AND DEFENDED IN HOUSE OF COMMONS ON ITS ATTITUDE TOWARD JEWISH NATIONAL HOME IDEA

Kenworthy and Wedgwood Lash Palestine Administration for Reluctance to Assist Jewish Settlement; More Anti-Semitism Among Palestine Officials than in England or United States Is Charged; British Public Opinion Unanimous on Zionist Policy; Ormsby-Gore Gives Colonial Office Interpretation of Zionism
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, May 2—Zionism and its realization, as it is manifested in the work in Palestine, and the policy of the Palestine government toward the Jewish National Home there had their day in the House of Commons on Tuesday, when a debate developed on the subject during the vote on the Colonial Office estimates.

Lieut.-Colonel Kenworthy and Col. Josiah Wedgwood, Labor M. P.s and staunch friends of the Zionist movement, made direct charges against the Palestine administration for its attitude toward the Palestine Jewish work. Under Secretary for the Colonies Ormsby-Gore defended the British administration in Palestine against these charges. British opinion is unanimous, without regard as to party, on the Zionist policy which is "enshrined in the Mandate," was the view of all the

speakers. The Under Secretary, in refuting the charges of the Labor members, sought refuge in the conception formulated by the late Hebrew writer and philosopher, Achad Ha'am, that Palestine is to be a spiritual center for the Jewish people and that the quality and not the quantity of settlers matters. He offered his own view of the aims of the Zionist movement.

Lieut.-Commander Kenworthy, in attacking the Palestine administration, declared that while the leaders of the Conservative Party maintain a clear and correct attitude about Palestine, the "back benchers," the rank and file, lost no opportunity of pinpricking. It is necessary, he stated, that they drop the outcry "clear out of Palestine," because the Balfour Declaration is accepted by the Conservative as well as by the Opposition parties. It is therefore necessary that the government show a friendlier attitude toward the Jewish settlers in Palestine, who invested almost twenty million pounds in the country, a sum collected from the Jews in the British dominions, the United States of America and even

(Continued on Page 7)

FIFTY JEWISH WORKERS INJURED IN WARSAW MAY DAY DEMONSTRATION Belong to Communist Group; Other Organization Marches Quiet (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, May 2—With the exception of the Communist May Day demonstration, all other May Day celebrations passed without clashes.

The Communist demonstration was interfered with by the police. This led to a clash with the demonstrators, many of whom were injured, including 50 Jewish workers.

Unlike the May Day celebration of last year, the demonstrations of the Jewish labor parties were un molested. They demonstrated exclusively in the Jewish quarter of the city. The Polish Socialist parties marched separately. Separate demonstrations were also held by the Jewish socialist parties, Bund, Left Poale Zion and Right Poale Zion. The size of these demonstrations was about one-fourth of the number of participants last year. Two reasons were given for the smaller number, first, that May Day occurred during the Passover week when many of the workers from the provinces return home and second, because the memory of last year's bloody clashes is still fresh.

The synagogues in the city arranged for early holiday services so that the worshippers might return home before the street demonstrations were scheduled to begin.

SATISFACTORY PROGRESS IN LIPSKY'S CONDITION REPORTED THURSDAY

Vienna Specialist Performs Tracheotomy Following Sudden Attack;
Mrs. Lipsky Hastening to Bedside
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, May 2—Satisfactory progress in the condition of Louis Lipsky, president of the Zionist Organization of America, who was operated upon on Sunday evening in the Hadassah Hospital for throat trouble, was reported today.

An informal consultation was held today by Drs. Salzberger, Zalkind, Wunderlich and Gary. Mr. Lipsky passed a fair night with a normal temperature.

Jerusalem, Apr. 29—Louis Lipsky, president of the Zionist Organization of America, was reported to be doing well at the Hadassah Hospital here, following an operation on his throat performed by Dr. Salzberger, Vienna throat specialist, who is on a visit here.

Tracheotomy, incision into the windpipe, was performed Sunday evening

(Continued on Page 8)

PASSION PLAY IN GEST PRODUCTION REVIVES ANCIENT RELIGIOUS PREJUDICE

Authorities' Intervention on Basis of New York Law Does Not Materialize; Christian Clergy Silent as Jewish Press Continues Protest

The expected intervention of the New York District Attorney, on the basis of Section 2074 of the New York Penal Law, prohibiting the personification of the Deity of any religion, to prevent the presentation of the Freiburg Passion Play at the Hippodrome, did not materialize and the production, sponsored by Morris Gest and David Belasco, is proceeding since the opening on Monday night.

The first night audience and the critics of the metropolitan dailies, to whom Morris Gest left the judgment as to whether or not it is offensive to Jews and likely to arouse religious and racial prejudice, ignoring Louis Marshall's protest, received the presentation with anything but enthusiasm. The opinions expressed by the theatrical critics on the artistic aspect of the presentation ranges from "disappointing" to "showing need of good acting." Emphasis is laid on the lavishness of the production, but not infrequently too much stagecraft, employed by Belasco in the presentation, is described as minimizing the religious character of the play. All are unanimous that the play did not inspire religious fervor in devout Christians witnessing it, in contrast to the influence of the Passion Play when enacted in its natural settings in Freiburg or at Oberammergau.

None of the reviewers, however, dwell on the social side of the question aroused by the Passion Play production at the Hippodrome. No reference was made to the fear expressed that it may revive the ancient religious prejudices which have proven to be so fatal in the history of the Jewish people and in the Christian-Jewish relations for the past nineteen hundred years.

The Passion Play as presented by the Freiburg players at the Hippodrome is distinctly a heightened version of the ancient charges which gave rise to the cry of "Christ killers." It is distinctly anti-Jewish, without any redeeming feature. It follows closely the Gospel according to St. John, the least historically correct and the one Gospel which is self-evidently directed toward accusing the Jews of that time and toward white-washing the Romans. Two of the features of the Hippodrome Passion Play are most striking. The trial, which is the crux of the entire story, is forced upon the public four times in four different scenes, in a manner contrary to all historic knowledge. The founder of the Christian religion is made to appear once before the Synhedrin, twice before Pontius Pilate and once before Herod, a point added on the basis of an uncorroborated source to show the unwillingness of the Roman authorities to sanction the crucifixion and the insistence of the Jewish leaders of that time to accomplish their ends. The High Priest is made to appear at the

crucifixion scene, jeering and mocking the priests connive to bring about the Nazarene's death as the "enemy of the synagogue." The founder of Christianity and the apostles are portrayed as blond in contrast to the priests and the people who are thoroughly brunette. Judas, of course, is the blackest of the black. Some of the characters, particularly Dathan, the conniving priest, is made up in a manner resembling the caricatures employed in anti-Semitic journals in reference to Oriental and East European Jews. The priests, not the Roman soldiers, compel Jesus to carry the cross, driving him on. Pilate, in washing his hands, lays responsibility on "you and your children," addressing himself to the Jews.

The crucifixion scene is prolonged to an unbearable extent. Every detail has been elaborated upon with a stark reality that cannot claim the excuse of art. The hammering of the nails resounds through the huge hall on the ears of a 6,000 strong audience.

While the Jewish press of New York city unanimously condemns the presentation and sharply criticizes Messrs. Gest and Belasco, the metropolitan press pay no attention to these protests. The Yiddish press, including the Socialist Labor daily, "Forward," is outspoken in its criticism. After the first night, although before some voices were heard in the "Forward" and the "Day," doubting the advisability of interfering with the freedom of the stage.

The "Day" quoted a statement by Mr. Marshall given in an interview with a representative of that paper that "it would be sad if Jews alone would protest against this production. I expect to hear what our Christian friends have to say. I am sure they will not remain silent. The protest must be a general American one because it is an affront not only against Jews but against America. Naturally we Jews feel it most, since the Gestes are, to our pain and shame, ours."

MAY DAY CLASHES IN KOVNO AND VILNA

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Kovno, May 2.—Notwithstanding the order of the authorities against May Day demonstrations, a workmen's demonstration was held in the city, leading to a clash with the police. The authorities charged that the demonstrators were Communists and fired at the crowd. Several were killed and many wounded, including a number of Jews.

Vilna, May 2.—Two were killed and many injured, including three policemen, as the result of a clash between the police and the May first demonstrators. The clash occurred at Town Hall Square. Among those injured are many Jews.

LITTLE ENTENTE, POLAND AND GREECE, PROTEST MINORITIES PETITION PROCEDURE CHANGE

League Committee of Three Meets in London; Proceedings Secret (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, May 2.—The Committee of Three, appointed by the Council of the League of Nations to consider the recently presented proposal for a change in the procedure of the submission of complaints by the national minorities, met here today in order to discuss the problem. The Committee consists of Sir Austin Chamberlain, Senor Quinones, and De Leon Adachi.

Neither the proceedings of the meeting and the memoranda submitted to the Committee by the powers of the Little Entente and governments of Poland and Greece were made public. The Jewish Telegraphic Agency learns on good authority, however, that the memoranda identically constructed, challenge in strong terms the proposal put forward by Senator Dandurand of Ottawa and amended by German Foreign Minister Stresemann for making easier the access of the national minorities to the League of Nations in submitting their complaints.

The memoranda declare that the governments of the countries which have accepted the stipulations for the protection of the national minorities were prepared to grant these minorities complete equality of treatment similar to that of their other nationals. However, they are reluctant, quite legitimately they declare, to agree to the new proposals since they hold it to be inconsistent with the principle of equality when they are asked to assume obligations which are not accepted by all other powers. They also feel, they contend, that such a step would be prejudicial to the establishment of internal tranquility which is the primary condition for consolidation of the situation created by the peace treaties.

The memoranda of the Little Entente powers further contend that the promise of their territorial integrity, once guaranteed, has never been given. Under the circumstances, the least they can demand is that the obligations in regard to the minorities be construed in a most restricted sense without being extended, even indirectly, in their application. The memoranda go further than that. They challenge the authority of the Committee of Three to decide on the matter, arguing that the Council of the League of Nations has merely adopted the rules of procedure based on the legitimate aim of the clauses for the protection of the minorities, but which, nonetheless, exceed obligations laid down in the treaties.

These rules cannot therefore be introduced without the consent of the countries concerned. The governments of Poland and Greece declare, therefore, that under the circumstances they cannot accept the proposals of the representatives of Canada and Germany.

Mrs. Carrie Pollak of Cincinnati, widow of Ed Pollak, has added \$20,000 to the Ed Pollak Educational Fund of the University of Cincinnati, it was announced.

COLONIAL OFFICE INFORMS PARLIAMENT OF DEAD SEA GRANT TO NOVOMEJSKY AND TULLOCH

Submits White Paper on Subject, Giving Details of Project; Fabulous Amount of Gold Contained in Deposits, French Scientist Says

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, May 2—The House of Commons was officially informed of the details and the arrangements made by the Colonial Office for the granting of the concession to exploit the minerals of the Dead Sea in Palestine to Engineer Moses Novomejsky and Major Tulloch, who were found the most suitable tenderers for the project.

In a White Paper submitted by the Colonial Office the plan is described and the names of those who will financially back the project are given. Novomejsky and Tulloch will operate the concession through a special Dead Sea company which has the support of four private London companies, the Palestine Economic Corporation of New York and the Jewish Colonial Trust of London. The Russo-Asiatic Consolidated Company, Ltd., is one of the four London companies cooperating. The Earl of Lytton will be the chairman of the company which will operate the concession.

It is further understood that it is the intention of Engineer Novomejsky and Major Tulloch, in agreement with their financial supporters, that the new company's articles of association contain a provision to the effect that the chairman of the board of directors must always be a British subject and that British subjects or British subjects and Palestinian subjects should always form the majority in the board of directors of the company.

Speaking today in the House of Commons during the discussion on the Palestine-Transjordan estimates, Colonial Secretary Amery, referring to the White Paper on the Dead Sea, stated that the Dead Sea region contains vast quantities of minerals. Whether these minerals could be extracted to yield commercial profit is uncertain, but the governments of Palestine and Transjordan have carried on negotiations which resulted in a practical conclusion satisfactory to both sides.

Paris, May 2—That the Dead Sea is a fabulously rich gold mine was the assertion made today by the French scientist, Georges Claude, writing in the "Revue Animatrice des Temps Nouveaux." Prof. Claude states that in October 1922 he called on Raymond Poincaré, explaining to him that sea water contains small quantities of gold, in a measure, however, insufficient to make its extraction profitable. The content of gold and chemicals in the waters of the Dead Sea is forty times greater the usual sea water and their extraction is, therefore, highly profitable, he declared. Prof. Claude estimated that the actual gold content of the Dead Sea is ten milliard pounds and that at least one-third of it could be extracted within the next fifteen years.

Since the English seem to take no interest in the Dead Sea, Prof. Claude told Poincaré, perhaps it would be possible for French diplomats to persuade England to return Palestine to Turkey from whose government France might be able to obtain a monopoly on the exploitation of the gold in the Dead Sea. Now, however, the article concludes, England has learned the value of the Dead Sea and the Turks are no longer the friends of France.

RULES TELEGRAPH OFFICIALS NOT OBLIGED TO ACCEPT HEBREW SCRIPT

High Court Dismisses Case of Tel Aviv Resident Against Postmaster

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, May 2—Though Hebrew is recognized as one of the three official languages of the mandated territory of Palestine, the acceptance of telegrams in Hebrew script is not obligatory upon the Palestine postal authorities, according to the ruling of the Palestine High Court.

The High Court dismissed the case of a Tel Aviv resident against the postmaster for refusing to accept a Hebrew message written in Hebrew characters. He demanded that the message be rewritten in Latin characters. The court declared that Hebrew in Latin characters is also Hebrew, as English in the Morse code remains English. The counsel for the Tel Aviv resident argued that if Arab telegrams are accepted in Arabic characters, while Hebrew telegrams are not accepted in Hebrew characters, discrimination exists.

EXECUTE FLOGGING SENTENCE ON JACK NAFTE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Pretoria, South Africa, May 2—The sentence imposed by Judge Saul Solomon on Jack Nafte, South African Jewish farmer, of ten lashes, was executed today. Nafte was sentenced to seven years imprisonment and ten lashes for flogging to death a native, found guilty of insulting a white woman.

The flogging sentence, the first to be executed against a white man, aroused wide opposition throughout South Africa and was the subject of an appeal to the superior court. The court declined to set aside the flogging sentence.

GENERAL COUNCIL TO MEET IN JERUSALEM MAY 19

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, May 2—A meeting of the General Council of the World Zionist Organization will be held here May 19th, it was announced today.

SERVANT GIRL TAKES GAS; MEMEL JEWS ACCUSED OF RITUAL MURDER

Population in Panic, Vienna Correspondent Reports

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Memel, Lithuania, May 2—The Free City of Memel, under Lithuanian administration, was greatly agitated because of a ritual murder accusation sponsored by the local district attorney, Tostaendte.

On April 6 a Christian servant girl employed by the Jewish merchant Schochar was found dead in a gas filled room. Although a physician established that the girl died as a result of inhaling gas, the local anti-Semites started a ritual murder agitation, accusing Schochar of having killed the girl for Passover. Schochar was arrested and his entire family was subjected to a severe cross-examination. Even his seven-year old daughter was questioned as to whether the servant was killed for Passover. Schochar is still under arrest.

Vienna, May 2—A special correspondent, sent to Memel by the leading Vienna newspaper, "Neue Freie Presse," describes the state of mind of the Memel population as resembling that of inmates in an insane asylum, as a result of the ritual murder agitation. During the entire Passover week the Jewish population lived in fear and panic. The Jewish residents were afraid to leave their homes. Many Jewish families who employ Christian servant girls sent them away on free vacations, paying their hotel expenses, to prevent any further possibility of unfounded charges being made against them in case something happened to the girls.

The agitation over the ritual murder charge has even extended to the so-called enlightened Christian families in Memel. In these circles, German speaking, the opinion was current that

(Continued on Page 8)

SWEDISH GROUP TO TRACE PRE-ISRAELITE CIVILIZATION

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Stockholm, May 2—Traces of pre-Israelite civilization in Palestine will be sought by a Swedish scientific expedition which has received the permission of the Palestine government to start excavations.

Prof. Birger Norman, archaeologist, will direct the work. Excavations are to begin soon.

JEWISH LABOR GROUPS MARK MAY DAY IN PALESTINE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, May 2—May Day, coinciding with the seventh day of Passover, was observed by Jewish labor organizations throughout the country.

Meetings were arranged by labor organizations in all centers. Street demonstrations, arranged by the Left Wing, were prevented by the intervention of the police, who made some arrests. In Jerusalem one arrest was made, in Tel Aviv three and in Haifa two. No clashes occurred.

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

Published every day in the week except
Saturday and Jewish high holidays

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN CO.

Address All Mail to
Executive and Editorial Office
611 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
Publication Office:
316 Bridge Plaza South, L. I. City, N. Y.
Jacob Landau President
Samuel Binstock Treasurer
John Simons Secretary
William Z. Spiegelman Editor

Vol. VI. Friday, May 3, 1929. No. 1355.

Member of Jewish Telegraphic Agency
New York 611 Broadway
London 24 High Holborn
Paris 31 Rue de Provence
Berlin Eisenzahnstrasse 6
Warsaw Ulica Aleje Jerozolimski Nr. 18
Jerusalem Hasselberg Bldg.

Subscription Rates

U.S. and Canada Foreign
One Year \$10.00 \$15.00
Six Months 6.00 8.00
One Month 1.00 1.50

Entered as second-class matter July 19, 1927,
at the Post Office at L. I. City, N. Y., under
the Act of March 3, 1879.

Copyrighted

**PALESTINE TO OPERATE STONE
QUARRIES FOR HAIFA HARBOR**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, May 2.—The government
of Palestine has completed an arrange-
ment with the Pica the Palestine
branch of the Jewish Colonization As-
sociation, for the lease of the com-
pany's land near Athlit where a stone
quarry will be operated for the needs
of the Haifa harbor construction.

The government has also completed
arrangements for renting the lands of
the Athlit Company, where houses for
the quarries will be erected. The Rut-
tenberg company will supply electric
power for the quarry work.

**LICHTENSTEIN DIET DEFEATS
ANTI-SCHECHITA BILL**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, May 2.—A bill for the prohibi-
tion of the schechita in Lichtenstein
was taken to a vote today in the Diet
and defeated by a majority of 11 to 4.

The sponsors of the bill, mainly anti-
Semitic organizations, declared that
they have not given up the fight and
that they intend to ask for a referen-
dum on the issue.

**RIGA HEARS OF ANTI-JEWISH
EXCESSES IN SIMFEROPOL**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, May 2.—Serious anti-Jewish ex-
cesses occurred last Sunday in Simfer-
opol, Crimea, according to a radio mes-
sage from Moscow received by the Lat-
vian press here.

Jewish passersby were beaten on the
streets. The Soviet police were com-
pelled to employ firearms against the
pogromists. Thirty-four hooligans were
arrested.

With the Eddie Cantor Trophy as their ob-
jective, twelve Y.M.H.A.'s, Y.W.H.A.'s and
Jewish Community centers will participate in
the three preliminaries next Sunday evening
of the Fourth Annual Dramatic Tournament
of the Metropolitan League of Jewish Community
Associations, New York. The finals will be
held on May 12th when Mr. Cantor is ex-
pected to present the trophy to the winner.

**CELEBRATE COMPLETION
OF THE WOLFFSOHN
LIBRARY IN JERUSALEM**

Reception to Celebrate Occasion; For-
mal Dedication in June

A reception marking the completion
of the Wolffsohn Memorial Library of
the Hebrew University was held in
Jerusalem on Monday afternoon, the
American Advisory Committee of the
Hebrew University announced. Among
the distinguished American visitors
present at the reception in the large
reading room of the Library were
Felix M. Warburg, member of the
Board of Governors of the Hebrew
University and chairman of the Ameri-
can Advisory Committee, and Dr.
Cyrus Adler of Philadelphia. Other
notables present were Sir John Chan-
cellor, High Commissioner of Palestine,
Norman Bentwich, Attorney-General
of Palestine and Dr. Chaim Weizmann,
President of the Zionist Organization.

After the reception, the building
was thrown open for inspection. A
concert by the Jerusalem Music Soci-
ety was held in the Open Air Theatre of
the University, which has been built as
a memorial to his wife by Samuel Ull-
tner of New York.

Due to the delay in the arrival of
book-stacks, ordered from Germany,
the building will not be formally dedi-
cated until June, 1929. At that time
the collection of books, comprising
over 200,000 volumes, will be gathered
on Mount Scopus in the new building.
The collection has hitherto been housed
in four buildings in Jerusalem, one of
which will be retained under Univer-
sity auspices as the City Library.

The American Advisory Committee
celebrated the opening of the Library
in a series of meetings and addresses.
Dr. John Haynes Holmes, Pastor of
the Community Church of New York,
and James Waterman Wise, Executive
Secretary of the Avukah Organization,
delivered radio addresses on the He-
brew University and the new library
over WMCA.

**MINNESOTA PASSES
KOSHER FOOD BILL**

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Minneapolis, Minn., May 2.—A Kosher
food products bill, modeled after the
New York state law, was passed by the
Minnesota State legislature.

The bill prohibits the advertising of
foods as Kosher when they are not
Kosher. The bill was sponsored by
Rabbi David Aronson and Jesse
Schwartz of Minneapolis and Rabbi
Herman Cohen of St. Paul.

**COMMUNITY TRUST VOTES
\$15,600 TO HEBREW UNIVERSITY**

The Distribution Committee of the
Community Trust, in approving dis-
bursements of \$60,177, established a
new high record for the Trust's ap-
propriations. The aggregate of its out-
lays is now in excess of a quarter mil-
lion dollars.

Among the payments approved was
a sum of \$15,600 to the Hebrew Uni-
versity of Jerusalem.

**12 CONSTANTINOPLE JEWS
WILL AGAIN BE TRIED FOR
NIEGO DEMONSTRATION**

Date of Trial Set for May 28; Charged
with Offense Against Turkish

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Constantinople, May 2.—Twelve Turk-
ish Jews who were arrested and re-
leased and later tried and acquitted for
participation in a demonstration at the
funeral of the Jewish girl Elsa Niego,
murdered two years ago by a prominent
Turkish officer, Osman Bey, will again
face trial on May 28.

The charge brought against the
prominent Constantinople citizens is
anti-Turkish feeling.

The twelve were among a group who
were stricken by grief at the untimely
death of the young Jewish girl who
was murdered by Osman Bey because
she repulsed his attentions. Osman Bey
was released as irresponsible.

When first arrested they were tried
before a local tribunal. The general
prosecutor renewed the case before the
Court of Appeals, which has now con-
firmed the decision of the tribunal to
acquit them of the charge. The pro-
secutor, however, has now brought the
case before the first Court of Appeals of
Constantinople demanding "a satisfac-
tory sentence for offense against Turk-
ism."

**BILL TO STOP IMMIGRATION
5 YEARS IS BEFORE SENATE**

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, D. C., May 2.—A bill to
suspend all immigration to the United
States for a period of five years was
introduced into the Senate by Senator
Black of Alabama who declared his in-
tention of proposing this measure as
a substitute amendment to any bill to
repeal the national origins clause of
the immigration act which would come
before the Senate.

Senator Black declared himself
strongly in favor of the national ori-
gins clause and indicated he would vig-
orously support it, as the next best
thing if his own bill was lost.

Congressman Cable of Ohio intro-
duced a bill into the House to inveti-
gate propaganda to influence immi-
gration legislation. The bill was referred
to the Rules Committee in view of the
fact that the House Immigration Com-
mittee is not yet functioning during the
present extra session of Congress.

**HONOR CHICAGO
SANITARIUM HEAD**

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Chicago, May 2.—Probate Judge
Henry Horner yesterday afternoon
presented a gold medal to Dr. Benjamin
Goldberg, medical director of the
Municipal Tuberculosis Sanitarium, on
behalf of the Rosenthal Foundation.
The medal is an award for Dr. Gold-
berg's efforts in behalf of medical edu-
cation concerning tuberculosis.

Dr. Goldberg established a school of
tuberculosis at the sanitarium which
teaches the principles of tuberculosis
diagnosis and treatment to students in
Chicago medical colleges.

LARGE ATTENDANCE EXPECTED AT UNITED JEWISH CAMPAIGN CONFERENCE IN NEW YORK

Early Responses Indicate Nationwide Interest; Move to Honor National Chairman by Large Cash Payments on Outstanding Pledges

The fourth national conference of the United Jewish Campaign and the Joint Distribution Committee will be the largest in the history of the organized efforts by the Jews of America in behalf of European relief work, stated an announcement issued by David A. Brown. A great number of responses have already been received from state and local United Jewish Campaign officers, to the call issued for the conference, the purpose of which is to receive a review of the activities of both organizations, "trustees, in a measure, of the large funds, totalling nearly eighty million dollars, which the Jews of America have contributed."

Originally scheduled for Chicago, the place of the conference has been changed to New York.

Arrangements have been completed whereby delegates will be enabled to make the round trip to New York City from any part of the country for the price of a one-way fare and a half.

Certificates will be issued by the railroad companies, beginning on or before May 6th to 8th, depending on the distance from New York, to all delegates who will apply for them. Delegates will pay the full one-way fare at the time of application. The certificates will be "validated in New York City," provided 150 certificates are presented. The return trip certificates will be good until and including May 15th.

Delegates are urged to avail themselves of this one-and-a-half fare arrangement and when asking for certificates to specify the name of the "Joint Distribution Committee." This arrangement to use the name of only one of the organizations was necessitated to save time in making the change in meeting place from Chicago to New York.

All the sessions will be held at the Hotel Biltmore, 43rd St. and Madison Ave. The first session will begin at 8 o'clock on Saturday evening, May 11th. The Sunday session will begin at 10 o'clock. Luncheon will be served at 1 o'clock, after which the conference will resume.

A plan for tribute to David A. Brown at the conference is under way "in recognition of his unusual service, especially during the past four years, in heading the nation-wide campaigns for European relief." It is being organized by a group of active workers in the United Jewish Campaign. It calls for "exceptional effort by the leaders in the United Jewish Campaign throughout the country to collect as much as possible of the \$4,000,000 in pledges still outstanding before the national conference begins its session, and the presentation to him, at the Biltmore Hotel, of huge amount of cash to meet the urgent needs of the Joint Distribution Committee which is endeavoring, among other things, to meet the new

distress overseas caused by the unusual rigors of last winter.

Those who are organizing this tribute are: Samuel Ach of Cincinnati, Edward M. Baker of Cleveland, Louis J. Borinstein of Indianapolis, David M. Bressler of New York City, Bernard B. Given of Syracuse, Edward J. Goodman of Columbus, Eugene S. Halle of Cleveland, Harold Hirsch of Atlanta, J. K. Hexter of Dallas, Albert C. Lehman of Pittsburgh, Fred Levy of Louisville, William Levy of Baltimore, Albert H. Lieberman of Philadelphia, Jacob M. Loeb of Chicago, Edwin B. Meissner of St. Louis, A. L. Saltzstein of Milwaukee, Ben Selling of Portland, Ore. and Alfred Shemanski of Seattle. In a telegram sent by them on the eve of Passover to practically every local chairman and treasurer in the United States and Canada, urging them to notify David M. Bressler at 75 Maiden Lane, New York City, that they wish to join in this tribute, they say:

"We owe this not only to our great chairman and the host of other distinguished leaders throughout the country who have so splendidly and unselfishly given of their ability, time and means, but of by far greater importance, to the cause itself, to begin this intensive effort at once."

FEDERATIONS HOLD ANNUAL ELECTIONS

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Toledo, O., May 2.—Mrs. Joseph Feerer, Sam Gerson, M. H. Truchstaff, Morris H. Lempert and Oscar Smith were elected to the board of trustees of the Jewish Federation of Toledo at the annual meeting in the Progress club. They will serve three years.

Reports of the year's work given by the president, secretary, treasurer, board of governors, executive committee and director of the Federation revealed that the group has nearly doubled its activities.

An appeal for development of plans for a new Jewish community center was made. The present Jewish Educational building has become too small and is not in the proper location to care for growing needs, it was pointed out.

Scranton, Pa., May 2.—All officers were re-elected at the annual reorganization meeting of the Jewish Federation directorate here. Louis Oettinger is the president, R. M. Goldsmith is vice president, George Phillips is secretary, and H. L. Goodman, treasurer.

The first issue of a new Jewish monthly, the "Jewish Ledger," was published in both a Springfield, Mass., and Hartford, Conn., editions. Samuel Neusser is the publisher. Rabbi Abraham J. Feldman of Hartford is editor-in-chief. The monthly is printed in English.

HIGH COMMISSIONER DEDICATES STRAUS HEALTH CENTER IN JERUSALEM

Structure Erected at Cost of \$250,000; Institution to be Non-sectarian (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, May 2.—The Straus Health Center, a non-sectarian institution for medical aid and advice for the population of Jerusalem, was dedicated here today by Sir John Chancellor, High Commissioner of Palestine. Miss Henrietta Szold, formerly of New York and honorary president of Hadassah, American women's Zionist Organization, which is carrying on health work in Palestine and to which the center was given by Mr. Nathan Straus, presided at the exercises.

The Mayor of Jerusalem followed the High Commissioner in praising the generosity of the American philanthropist and his aid to the health work. Miss Szold reviewed the work of the American Jewish women's organization in Palestine during the past ten years and declared that the Hadassah is greatly indebted to Nathan and Lina Straus. "This health center crowns their humanitarian efforts," she declared. The cornerstone for the structure, involving an expenditure of \$250,000 was laid on March 2, 1927, when Nathan Straus, then in his eightieth year, visited Palestine.

The Rev. John Haynes Holmes of the New York Community Church, who visited Palestine recently, was among the many prominent personalities from whom messages were received. Greetings were cabled to Mr. and Mrs. Straus at the close of the exercises.

The health exhibit showing the work of the Hadassah in Palestine was opened in the new building which was thrown open for the public's inspection.

CALL CONFERENCE ON HEBREW IN SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

A conference to consider the introduction of Hebrew into the curricula of American high schools and colleges has been called by Avukah, the American Student Zionist Federation, to be held at the Hotel Pennsylvania Sunday evening, May 5th. Representatives of leading educational institutions have been invited to attend. It is expected that a Hebrew campaign committee will be formed as a result of the conference to take practical steps to make Hebrew a part of the high school and college program. The conference is to be held under the chairmanship of Dr. S. Benderly, of the Bureau of Jewish Education.

Among the institutions to be represented at the conference are: Agudath Hamorin, Avukah, Bureau of Jewish Education, Histadruth, Intercollegiate Menorah Association, Jewish Institute of Religion, Jewish Teachers Association, Jewish Teachers Institute, Yeshiva School for Teachers, Young Judaea.

Robert D. Grossman, Newark, N. J., lawyer, has been appointed a deputy attorney general of the State of New Jersey. He was designated by Attorney General Stevens who designated Mr. Grossman in charge of the division of securities.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

The Jewish Fraternity Issue at Brown University; Corporation to Decide; Pi Lambda Phi Chapter Disbands

By Our Providence Correspondent

Providence, R. I., May 1.—The Brown University corporation must decide whether Jewish students may organize a local chapter of Pi Lambda Phi, the national fraternity, which is predominantly Jewish. Harold B. Tanner, counsel for Brown University, has declared.

Mr. Tanner said that the question can not be decided by an administrative officer following the declaration of Dean Otis E. Randall that Jewish members of Pi Lambda Phi had resigned from the fraternity, and the denial by fraternity members that they had resigned. The members say that they have only given up the charter for a Brown chapter but are still members of the national fraternity and wear the pins of the organization.

The disbanding of the chapter was brought about as the result of the university's stand that a man could not be a member of the chapter and a student at Brown at the same time. Dean Randall contended that this ruling did not constitute a threat of expulsion and said that the men resigned voluntarily.

Because the chapter was formed and the charter was granted without the knowledge of the university, officials said that they demanded that the organization disband.

However, this action does not settle the question whether the fraternity may have a chapter at Brown, or whether any purely sectarian fraternity may be formed on the hill, according to Mr. Tanner.

A statement regarding the situation is to be issued at the Pi Lambda Phi headquarters, New York City.

The organization is prominently Jewish in its membership, although not limited to Jews. It was founded at Yale and among its first members are Albert Ottinger, Republican candidate for Governor of New York at the last election; Arthur Garfield Hays, New York lawyer; Jerome Alexander, New York chemist, and Supreme Rex of the fraternity; Rev. Henry Mark Fisher of Atlantic City, who is a Christian; Louis Anspercher, dramatist; Alfred B. Nathan, New York attorney.

In ruling that the status of the fraternity must be decided by the university corporation, Mr. Tanner said:

"A group of undergraduates in Brown University organized, without the consent or knowledge of the university authorities, a chapter of Pi Lambda Phi. Subsequently representatives of the national organization brought the fact to the attention of the university authorities. The position taken by these authorities was that no group of any nature could be organized in the university without first seeking the permission of proper

authorities and the group was for this reason requested to disband."

Stating that the group did disband as a Brown chapter but still holds membership in the national organization, Mr. Tanner continued:

"The only question that has been settled is that a group organized within the university without the consent of its proper authorities must upon requirement be disbanded as an organization."

"The question of whether there may be in Brown University a chapter of Pi Lambda Phi—or even a chapter of a sectarian fraternity under proper circumstances of application—has not been settled by any of the above events mentioned. This matter remains to be settled by the corporation of the university and is not in the hands of any administrative officer."

There are at present at Brown two distinct cultural groups of Jews, the Menorah Society and the Tower Club. Dean Randall referred specifically to these two organizations as the nucleus for the possible development of a Jewish group which might at some time later become a local chapter of a non-sectarian fraternity.

Archie Smith, president of the Menorah, took exception to this specific reference and to Dean Randall's failure to mention the Psi Club of which Mr. Smith is chancellor.

"The Menorah Society never was a fraternity, never will be, never intends to be and won't become one if they force it on us," Mr. Smith said.

"The present discrimination against Jews is apparent from the fact that Jews constitute about 20 per cent. of the student body at Brown, and yet it is almost the only college of its size without a fraternity to membership in which Jews are eligible," Mr. Smith said.

The question of Jewish fraternities at Brown University was the subject of correspondence last fall between Louis Marshall, president of the American Jewish Committee, and President W. H. P. Faunce of Brown University.

In a letter to Dr. Faunce, Mr. Marshall said he understood there were at Brown University a number of secret fraternities in which it was impossible for a Jewish student to enter, however meritorious his character and abilities. Excluded because of racial and religious motives, said Mr. Marshall, the Jewish students had no alternative but to establish Jewish fraternities.

While he thought it would be better if there were no secret fraternities of any kind, Mr. Marshall declared that the fraternity spirit has of late become very strong in university life and it has become the ambition of most students to join a fraternity.

(Continued on Page 5)

BOSTON CONGREGATIONS ASK JEWISH ATTENDANCE OFFICER ON SCHOOL COMMISSION

Ten of Largest Congregations Unite for Vigorous Action
(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Boston, Mass., May 2.—A drive to enlist the support of Boston Jewry petitioning the Boston School Committee to appoint a Jewish attendance officer was launched with the passing of resolutions by the Boston Association of Jewish Congregations, representing ten of the largest congregations, with over 8,000 members. The Boston School Committee was recently accused in open session at a legislative hearing that the present board has ignored the demand of the Jewish community for the appointment of such an officer.

The fight has now been waged for over two years without success. Moses Mishel, president of the Boston Association of Jewish Congregations, and Rabbi Samuel Wolk, secretary, forwarded the resolutions to the school committee, twenty per cent of the Boston public school children come from Jewish homes, recites the resolution. The Italian section has such an officer, but the board has failed to this date to meet the demands of leading Jewish representatives. With the adoption of these resolutions the fight is again to be opened. The leading rabbis of the city, the local B'nai B'rith and other organizations have endorsed the proposal.

NEW SYNAGOGUES PLANNED IN MANY COMMUNITIES (Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Waterbury, Conn., May 2.—Ground will be broken on Monday, May 6 for the new Beth El Synagogue. The new structure will be of limestone and brick, two stories in height, and will cost approximately \$150,000 when completed.

Harry Fisher is president of the congregation.

Highlands, N. J., May 2.—Jewish residents here have organized under the name of Congregation Beth El and plan to buy a lot for the building of a synagogue as soon as the charter is granted. William Siegle was elected head of the new congregation.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 2.—The Alfred W. Fleisher Synagogue, in the Eastern State Penitentiary, was dedicated and a memorial tablet was unveiled in the presence of a number of city and state officials and twenty convicts.

The synagogue was redecorated and the tablet erected by the Jewish inmates of the penal institution in memory of the man who served as president of the board of trustees of the penitentiary for more than five years until his death on December 25, 1928.

Following brief services, conducted by Rev. Leon H. Elmalich, rabbi emeritus of Congregation Mikveh Israel, the synagogue was presented to the trustees by Convict G-3665. The tablet was unveiled by Mrs. Fleisher, who attended the ceremonies with other members of her family.

PALESTINE GOVERNMENT ACCUSED AND DEFENDED IN HOUSE OF COMMONS ON ITS ATTITUDE TOWARD JEWISH NATIONAL HOME IDEA

(Continued from Page 1)

from among the poverty stricken Jews of Eastern Europe.

The speaker reminded the Colonial Minister that Palestine is not only paying the cost of the British garrison and of the air force, but even a share of the Ottoman debt. The country is enjoying complete tranquility and a growing trade. This is the result of the Jewish efforts, the people who wish to restore their ancient national home. They are, however, compelled to buy land at the market value and to pay taxes when Crown lands were available. Since the Beisan land has definitely gone to the Bedouins, let at least the Galilee swampy region be reserved on reasonable terms for the Zionist settlements, Kenworthy demanded.

It is also necessary, he added, that the Jews of Palestine receive fair play in the Wailing Wall issue, stating that he suspects a smouldering anti-Semitism in Palestinian officialdom. He had hesitated to raise the matter, but he thought it necessary to inform the Palestine officials who apparently still don't understand that all parties in the House of Commons are committed to a fulfillment of the spirit and the letter of the Palestine Mandate and the Balfour pledge, and that Great Britain is responsible for the Mandate and is honor-bound to carry out the pledge of Lord Balfour.

Col. Wedgwood, joining Kenworthy, declared that the friendship between England and the United States cannot be better cemented than by cementing it with the Jewish people throughout the world. Throughout England and Palestine one notices an atmosphere of hostility toward the Jews, he said, based upon an old religious prejudice. It is necessary to change the attitude of the Palestine administration where there is more anti-Semitism found than in England or America.

The speaker referred to the taxation system now in force in Palestine and particularly to the Werko tax and declared that this system was "monstrously unjust." He asked whether the Colonial Office will permit the Jewish population of Palestine to gradually grow into a feeling of antagonism and dissatisfaction with the British administration, similar to the one held by the Arab intelligentsia. Is the government endeavoring to unite the Jews and the Arabs and to create a situation similar to the one prevalent in India and Egypt, putting the entire population of the country against them, instead of maintaining the friendship of the great and growing Jewish people? he asked.

The Labor leader, who is the sponsor of the Seventh Dominion League, referred to the question of a loan to facilitate the settlement of Jews in Palestine and declared that it is the duty of the British Government to facilitate the floating of such a loan. If Great Britain has lent money to the

Greek Orthodox Church in Jerusalem on the security of its land possessions in Palestine, why not lend on the same basis to the Jews? he asked. Jewish immigration to Palestine was not contrary to the interests of the Arabs. Indeed, it was the Arabs' salvation, he declared. The speaker further criticized the administration of justice in Palestine and the lack of English educational facilities in the country, declaring that Palestine will be incapable of self-government unless the inhabitants understand English.

Major Ormsby Gore, Under Secretary of the Colonial Office, who replied in behalf of the government, declared that the Zionist policy is enshrined in the Palestine Mandate and is the settled policy of all three parties. The same applies to the Balfour Declaration. He feels certain that any government that might be in power in England will do everything to facilitate the realization of the Zionist spirit, policy and ideal. He was himself a strong and keen Zionist, but for reasons different than those held by Col. Wedgwood, who sees Zionism more in the terms of Dr. Weizmann, who wanted a Palestine "as Jewish as England is English." This term, Ormsby-Gore stated, was perhaps unfortunate and certainly misconstrued in a political sense. However, the Jews strive for a Jewish Palestine, not an English, not a French, nor an American Palestine.

The Under Secretary for the Colonies then gave what might be considered his conception of Zionism. He believes he stated, in Zionism which aims to recreate in Palestine such physical and economic conditions which will enable the Jews, generation after generation, to create in their fatherland a type of poet, thinker who made the Jews once a world contributor to literature, thought and religion. Therefore, he stated, Zionism is not dependent on vast numbers but on the quality of the Jews who go there. Therefore, he added, Col. Wedgwood's argument for English education in Palestine was unfounded. The best method to carry out the Zionist idea, he said, is to let the Jews deal with Jewish education and with the Jewish schools. On the other hand, to allow the Arabs to remain absolutely uneducated would be fatal to Jewish interests.

Major Ormsby-Gore took exception to Lieut. Commander Kenworthy's charges against the Palestine administration. Kenworthy's description of the Palestine administration, he said was unjustified.

The land question is not so simple, because the Syrian Effendis possess Turkish concessions on the Crown lands which Britain is bound to recognize. However, it looks as though a greater opportunity will offer itself this year to increase the Jewish land settlement.

"While the paramount duty of the Palestine administration is to maintain law and order and to prevent out-

(Continued on Page 5)

CAMPAIGN FOR PALESTINE FUNDS WAGED IN JEWISH COMMUNITIES IN U. S. Representative Results Reported in Centers of Midwest (Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Minneapolis, Minn., May 2.—Minneapolis Jews contributed \$12,000 in the first few days toward their goal of \$25,000 for the United Palestine Appeal.

St. Paul was running Minneapolis a close race in the campaign, contributions totaling \$11,000 being reported. St. Paul's goal is \$25,000 also. St. Paul opened its campaign a day after the Minneapolis campaign.

Chicago, Ill., May 2.—The activity of the various cities in the Midwest Region have brought representative results, according to Dr. Leo J. Frachtenberg, executive director of the Midwest Region for the United Palestine Appeal. "We hope that this year the cities of our Region will show much better results than in former years. Reports received by us from many leaders in the Region are indeed very encouraging," said Dr. Frachtenberg.

The campaign in Hammond, Ind., was launched on April 28, with a mass meeting at the synagogue of the Knesseth Israel Congregation. The following is the committee of the campaign: Arthur Weiss, chairman; Leo Woolf, co-chairman; M. Weiner, treasurer.

Today a campaign for the United Palestine Appeal will be opened in Chicago Heights. The quota will be \$2,000. The chairman of the Drive there is Nathan Seifer.

On May 6 the United Palestine Appeal campaign will open in Fort Wayne, Ind. with a banquet at which Rabbi Solomon B. Freehof will be the principal speaker. The quota for this city is \$7,500. Simultaneously with this banquet there will be a \$10 a plate banquet for the women. The chairman of the campaign is Abe Ackerman; secretary, Rabbi S. H. Markowitz; and treasurer, Miss Minnette Baum.

On May 14, the United Palestine Appeal campaign in Peoria will start with a banquet at which Rabbi Solomon B. Freehof of Chicago will be the principal speaker. The quota for Peoria is \$6,000. The following are the officers of the campaign: Chairman, Clarence A. Uhlman; co-chairmen, Harry Goldstein, Harry A. Frankel,

(Continued on Page 5)

Samuel H. Gerson, now doing graduate work in geology at McGill University, Montreal, has been awarded the Prof. J. F. Kemp memorial fellowship in geology by Columbia University. This will enable him to continue his graduate studies at the American university and to complete his second year of work for his Ph.D. degree.

Assists Nature—Does Not Force It

EX-LAX

The Ideal Laxative

"Cholocate" and "Fig Flavor"

SERVANT GIRL TAKES GAS; MEMEL JEWS ACCUSED OF RITUAL MURDER

(Continued from Page 3)

the "ritual murder" was "committed" by the Lithuanian Jews who recently settled in Memel and not by native German Jews "who are incapable of ritual murder," the correspondent reports.

Berlin, May 2.—The ritual murder agitation in Memel is featured prominently in the Berlin press. Some of the Berlin papers pointed out that although the administration of Memel is Lithuanian, the administration of justice of the city is German. Such procedure, they declared, greatly damages the prestige of German culture.

Berlin, May 2.—The ritual murder agitation in the vicinity of Manau, Bavaria, was the subject of a debate in the Bavarian Diet two days ago. It was started by the anti-Semitic deputies who are members of the National Socialist Party, who ignored the recent statement of the court that there was no foundation for such suspicion in the Manau murder case.

The spokesman of the Bavarian Volkspartei objected to the insinuations of the anti-Semitic deputies declaring that the ritual murder accusation has been current in Europe for the past seven hundred years, but it was never proved.

Minister of Religions Goldenberger, who participated in the debate, related that a delegation of the Jewish community and of the Rabbinical Conference of Bavaria appeared before the Ministry complaining bitterly against the ritual murder propaganda in the Manau region. The revival of this libel places the life of the Jewish population in jeopardy, they declared, whereupon, the Minister stated, "I instructed the school authorities to have the teachers explain to the school children the baselessness of the ritual murder legend and to point out that the Israelitish citizens are a part of our German people, as we are."

CAMPAIN FOR PALESTINE FUNDS WAGED IN JEWISH COMMUNITIES IN U. S.

(Continued from Page 2)

David M. Citron and Dr. Rufus A. Heller.

Jersey City, N. J., May 2.—A drive for \$25,000 for the United Palestine Appeal will be inaugurated in Hudson County, N. J., with a reception to Nathan Sokolow, chairman of the World Zionist Executive, Monday night, May 13, at the Jewish Community Center in Jersey City. All the communities in the country, with the exception of Bayonne, which will have a separate campaign for the Appeal, are co-operating.

A special Sokolow Reception Committee is headed by J. I. Kislak, of Hoboken. A. J. Goldstein, of Jersey City, is campaign chairman. Rabbi Leon Spitz, of Hoboken, heads the executive committee, and Harry Goldowsky, of Jersey City, heads a special advisory committee.

PALESTINE GOVERNMENT ACCUSED AND DEFENDED IN HOUSE OF COMMONS

(Continued from Page 7)

breaks between the various conflicting elements of the population, it is also our duty, pleasure and desire to facilitate the realization of the highest ideals, to facilitate the Jewish settlement of Palestine," Major Ormsby-Gore declared. He made an absolute denial of the charge that the spirit of the Palestine administration was hostile to the policy of the British government or to the Mandate. The government is sending to Palestine experts who offer their best assistance, he said.

Commenting on this debate the London "Daily Telegraph" states that Zionism never had a better friend than Major Ormsby-Gore who "is one of the few ministers who is not only sympathizing with the ideals of the Jewish national home in Palestine, but who openly avows his sympathies, giving his reasons."

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

(Continued from Page 6)

"To deprive Jewish students because of their creed and race of membership in existing fraternities and to forbid them to organize fraternities of their own, while everybody else is either urged or permitted to join a fraternity by secret oaths, savors of unfairness and injustice," Mr. Marshall said.

In his reply Dr. Faunce said he regarded the establishment of any fraternity along racial or religious lines "as a confession of failure on the part of the American democracy."

"I should strongly object to a Baptist fraternity at Brown, although I am a Baptist," he declared. "If I had my way I would open every college fraternity in America to every worthy man of good character and scholarship, regardless of his origin or faith. That is my ideal, and for it I am steadily working both in Brown University and in every other college where I may have the slightest influence."

Providence, R. I., May 2.—Brown University authorities failed to comment on the statement from national headquarters of Pi Lambda Phi fraternity which said that the incident at the university whether Jews may organize a local chapter of the fraternity was considered closed.

The national headquarters' statement issued in New York was made following the announcement of Dean Otis E. Randall of the university that Jewish members of the fraternity had resigned after the authorities had discovered the formation of a Pi Lambda Phi fraternity at Brown. The members at Brown, however, will retain privileges of the organization.

Orono, Maine, May 2.—While Brown University in Providence, R. I., suppressed the organization of the Pi Lambda Phi Fraternity the petition for a chapter of Tau Epsilon Phi, the national fraternity, was granted to Jewish students at the University of Maine. The Maine chapter is to be known as Tau Zeta chapter of Tau Epsilon Phi.

SATISFACTORY PROGRESS IN LIPSKY'S CONDITION REPORTED THURSDAY

(Continued from Page 1)

when the American Zionist leader began to suffer from loss of breath. Saturday morning he first complained of tonsillitis and Sunday afternoon quinsy set in, which was followed by Edema Glottidis, swelling of the mouth of the windpipe, which made the incision necessary. For the operation he was taken to the Hadassah Hospital.

It was explained that the swelling of the mouth of the windpipe came about from an abscessed tonsil. Dr. Salzberger opened the tonsil abscess and the abscess of the epiglottis nearly opened of itself, causing the swelling to be reduced one-half. The Vienna specialist is in constant attendance. Mr. Lipsky had a normal temperature all day and is doing as well as is possible under the circumstances, it was stated.

On the advice of Mr. Lipsky's friends in Jerusalem, Mrs. Lipsky was urged to come to Jerusalem. She sailed Wednesday on the Mauretania, rushing to his bedside by rail and air.

PRESIDENT HOOVER LAUDS EUGENE MEYER

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, May 2.—Warm appreciation for the work of Eugene Meyer, Farm Loan Commissioner, during the past two years, on the occasion of his resignation from that post, was voiced by President Hoover.

In a letter addressed to Mr. Meyer on April 29, the President wrote: "My Dear Meyer:

"I have received your letter of April 3, in which you tender your resignation as Federal Farm Loan Commissioner and as a member of the Federal Farm Loan Board.

"In intensely regret that your decision is irrevocable and that, in the circumstances, the duty devolves upon me to accept your resignation.

"I particularly wish to take this opportunity to express the appreciation which all of us hold for the work you have accomplished as Farm Loan Commissioner during the past two years. I know that you undertook the difficult task of reconstruction at a time when the Farm Loan System was confronted with a critical situation and public confidence had been impaired.

"Under your leadership, the administration and supervision of the System has been greatly strengthened, this great institution of service to the farmers has been placed on a sounder basis and public confidence has been materially improved, and will be of lasting benefit to the agriculture interests of the country.

"I am aware that after ten years of public service you unwillingly undertook this additional two years of service, and I can realize your desire to be relieved.

"I earnestly wish, however, that you could remain in public service where your high qualifications and sense of public service so respond to public interest. Yours faithfully,

"HERBERT HOOVER"