JEWISH NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD WITHIN 24 HOURS

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

ONLY ENGLISH DAILY RECORD OF JEWISH NEWS

Vol. VI. Price 4 Cents.

Monday, April 15, 1929.

Entered as 2nd Class Matter at Post Office, Long Island City, New York No. 1343.

> SAYS PALESTINE HOLY SITES OUESTION SHROUDED

IN MUTUAL DISTRUST

"Telegraph" Resents Anglican Church Head's Abandonment of Jerusalem

Visit Due to Papal Opposition

(Tewish Telegraphic Agency) London, Apr. 13—The question of the Christian Holy Places in Pales-

tine cannot be speedily and satisfac-

torily solved because of the mutual

distrust and hostility which prevails

among the denominations, is the com-

ment of the London "Daily Telegraph"

on the announcement that the Rev. Dr. Cosmo Gordon Lang, the Arch-bishop of Canterbury, the head of the

Anglican Church, was compelled to cancel his visit to Palestine because of the influence exercised by Vatican

The newspaper intimates that the

Foreign Office regarded the visit of the Archbishop to Palestine as inopportune and expresses the belief that the

matter formed the subject of a discus-

sion between Mussolini and Sir Austen

Chamberlain during their interview in Florence. It is such conditions as are

manifested in this incident which since

1921 have prevented the establishment

of the international commission for the preservation of the Holy Places in Palestine as is provided in the Man-

date, the paper says.

JEWS CANNOT BE BARRED FROM JURY LISTS. RULING OF GEORGIA SUPREME COURT

Reverses Decision of County Court, Which Refused to Intervene; Brands Commissioners' Action as Malicious and Prejudicial

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Atlanta, Ga., Apr. 13-The Supreme Court of the State of Georgia took a vigorous stand in checking an attempt to infringe upon the citizenship rights of citizens of the Jewish faith in that state, in handing down a decision reversing the position taken by the Superior Court of Bryan County. In handing down its ruling, the Supreme Court took occasion to denounce the Bryan County Jury Commissioners for excluding Jews from the jury panels.

a mandamus against a resolution adopted by the Bryan County Jury Commissioners, excluding Jews from both petit and grand jury service. The complain-ants charged that the Commissioners acted with "hatred, malice, and religious

ed only four Jews constituting the Jewish community in the county. The four Jews, headed by Mr. Bashlor, instituted a suit to gain the rights of usual citizenship, when the resolution became known. They lost the suit in the county superior court, which refused to force the Commissioners to revise their jury

The Supreme Court reversed the lower court's stand and criticized the Jury Commissioners. In the Supreme

ORTHODOX JEWS OPPOSE SYNAGOGUE CONFISCATION IN WHITE RUSSIAN TOWN

Arrests Made

Berlin, Apr. 13-Determined resistance on the part of Orthodox Jews in the township Sembin, government of Minsk, White Russia, to the confiscation of their synagogue by the Communists, is reported in the Yiddish Communist daily of minsk, "Oktiabr." According to the newspaper, a group of religious Jews invaded a meeting of

The "Daily Telegraph" finds it strange that the all-English Primate Communists where a discussion was must refrain from visiting the heads of the churches in which it is in close cate the synagogue. "Blood will flow, relationship, merely because of the susceptibilities of another church, especially when the proposed visit is to a British mandated territory. veloped between the Orthodox and the

The Rome correspondent of the "Manchester Guardian" denies the report that official representations have been made concerning the matter. He

ROUMANIAN GOVERNMENT TO DISSOLVE BUCHAREST KEHILLAH, IS REPORT Will Appoint Government Commis-

mission; Jewish Community Perturbed

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) Bucharest, Apr. 13—The Kehillah Board, governing the affairs of the Jewish community in the Roumanian capital will be dissolved and a govern-

ment commission will be appointed instead to take charge, according to a report published today in the Roumanian Jewish newspaper, "Adeverul." According to the newspaper, the gov-

ernment commission is to be composed of lewish members of the National Peasant (government) party, and adds that the Jewish community is perturbed over the interference of the govhillah and the appointment of a partisan body.

LITHUANIAN JEWISH CO-OP-ERATIVE BANKS CONSOLIDATE (Tewish Telegraphic Agency)

Kovno, Apr. 13-The financial selfaid system inaugurated after the war with the aid of the American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee to help the Jewish population in Lithuania has emerged from its difficulties, according to the report submitted at the annual meeting of the Jewish Central Bank

The Central Bank controls 86 cooperative People's Banks in Lithuania. After the slump of the past year, af-fairs in the banks have again been consolidated and their turnover amounted to a quarter of a milliard Lit during the year. The banks' capital has increased considerably.

The report submitted by Dr. Krever has renewed the confidence of the Jewish population in these institutions which are the main business instrument for large groups.

TO LECTURE ON PALESTINE SYNAGOGUE EXCAVATIONS (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Apr. 13-Dr. L. Sukenik, Field Archaeologist for the Hebrew University, was invited to read a paper at the International Archaeological Congress which will take place in Ber-lin at the end of April.

Dr. Sukenik will describe the latest synagogue excavations made by the Hebrew University expedition in Palestine.

HEAD OF SOFIA JEWISH COMMUNITY DIES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) Sofia, Apr. 13-Avramino Refetov,

for seventeen years head of the Jewish community of Sofia, died today. He

was 59 years old.

The Supreme Court upheld the action of C. I. Bashlor and others who sought persons in the county, one was the third largest taxpayer in the county, and the others were also "upright, honest and eligible."

The Commissioners' resolution affect-

lists.

Court decision, it was pointed out that although the ruling affected only four

Conflict with Communists Ensues;

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

going on about a resolution to confisbut the synagogue will not be sur-rendered," the religious Jews are quoted as having shouted. A fistfight de-Communists and several Communists were injured. The police arrested the leaders of the Orthodox group. They are Benzion and Baruch Minkow, Zalare Benzion and Baruch Alinkow, c.a.; oegi-made concerning the matter. He mark Kyanski, Mendel Charik, Moses' confirms, however, that Monsignor Selines, and Samuel Hofomer. Their Barlassini, Latin Patriarch in Jerusatrial will take place in a few days.

(Continued on Page 4)

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

Published every day in the week except Saturday and Jewish high holidays by the JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN CO.

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN CO.
Address All Mail to
Executive and Editorial Office:
6ii Broadway, New York, N. Y.
316 Bridge law South L. City, N. Y.
Jacob Laudau L. City, N. Y.
Jacob Laudau Jenstock Treasurer
John Sinnon Sos John Simons Secretary
William Z. Spiegelman Editor

Vol. VI. Monday, Apr. 15, 1929.
 Member of Jewish Telegraphic Agency

 W 97rk
 .611 Broadway

 London
 .244 High Holborn

 Paris
 33 Rue de Provence

 Berlin
 Eisenzahnstrasse 6

 Warsaw
 Ulica Aleje Jerzolinski Nr. 18

 Jerusalem
 Hasole Bidg.

Subscription Rates

U.S. and Canada

\$15.00

\$15.00

\$0.00

\$15.00

\$15.00 One Year \$10.00
Six Months 6.00
One Month 1.00

Entered as second-class matter July 19, 1927, at the Post Office at L. I. City, N. Y., under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Copyrighted

FILE COMPLAINT IN N. Y. SUPREME COURT AGAINST JUDEA INDUSTRIAL CORP. Stockholders Ask Accounting, State

Charges

Directors of the Judea Industrial Corporation, a \$1,000,000 concern organized on the initiative of the Order Sons of Zion for financing industrial enterprises in Palestine, are charged with fraud and conspiracy in a complaint filed in Supreme Court Friday by Alex Freilich, named as a stockholder, through his attorney, Samuel L. Silver-The complaint charges the directors with using the corporation for their own gain, and demands an accounting.

Jacob S. Strahl, president of the corporation, and named as a defendant, said in an answer to the complaint, also on file in the County Clerk's office, that the name of Alex Freilich is to his knowledge fictitious. The answer makes the charge that the entire proceeding is instigated by disgruntled employes, who own twenty-four shares of stock out of a total of 40,000 issued by the com-

The complaint alleges the directors "saddled" the accounts of the corporation on a subsidiary corporation in Palestine, so that misappropriations could not be detected. It charges Samuel Mason, managing director of the corporation, with having inflated the value of the corporation's stock so as to make larger commissions from its sale. Free gifts of stock, it is charged, were made to Jacob Ish-Kishor, secretary, and to Judge Strahl. Besides Judge Strahl, Mr. Ish-Kishor and Mr. Mason, the defendants are Max Fenwick, vice-president, and Leopold Kehlman, treasurer.

April 7th will mark the sightlich anniver-or of the immidst property of the con-lar of the immidst property of the con-lar of the con-lar of the con-lar of the con-banderset is the rabbit. A public seder all best elder on Hunsday night, April 250, as part berger has accepted a call to Temple Beth Emeth of Albany, N. Y., and will leave at the close of the year.

JUDGE IRVING LEHMAN AGAIN HEADS JEWISH WELFARE BOARD Progress in Jewish Centers Throughout the Country

Judge Irving Lehman was unani-mously re-elected president of the Jewish Welfare Board at a meeting of the Executive Committee, held in New York City. He has been president of the Jewish Welfare Board since 1921. Felix M. Warburg of New York City, Jacob M. Loeb of Chicago, Jacob K. Newman of New York City, and Judge M. C. Sloss of San Francisco, were unanimously re-elected as vicepresidents. Joseph Rosenzweig was re-elected secretary and Benjamin J. Buttenwieser, treasurer.

Fifteen new Jewish Community Center buildings were now under construction in various cities, Judge Lehman reported. These buildings represent a total cost of \$5,250,000, of which over \$4,350,000 is actual cash expenditure. \$4,50,000 is actual cash expenditure, and \$900,000 or 18 per cent, consists of mortgage indebtedness. "This," he said, "represents a substantial improvement in the financing of Jewish Centers, and promises a greater measure of stability for these enterprises. This favorable developments may accurately, in large measure, be attributed to the policies of sound planning and financing consistently advocated by the Board. This work required patience, sustained guidance and encouragement, the development of sound financial procedure, and training of local executives and volunteer personnel in dealing with the many problems that arise in connection with the planning and opening of new buildings. All of our resources were brought to the aid of these projects—our field service, department of studies, campaign staff, building and equipment bureau, personnel department, program service, and specialized aid in creating machinery of management. "This is not a work of promotion; it

may be more accurately described as a task of creation. In these new projects, the communities do not merely build Jewish Center structures. They build new organizations,-centers of Jewish activity intended to serve a vital purpose in our Jewish life in America. They are living organisms, and must be nurtured with solicitous care and attention. To be able to accomplish their purposes, they must be launched under the most favorable conditions. Our experience abundantly teaches us that they must be free of burdens that will impede their proper development and thus result in frustration of the purposes which motivated the leaders of the community.

"But in my opinion we must go even further-we must try to eliminate altogether the burdensome, capital interest charges, so that the energies of the leaders of local organizations will be entirely released for furthering the larger interests of the movement," Judge Lehman declared.

17 BOSTON PHILANTHROPISTS CONTRIBUTE \$300,000 TO CHARITY DEFICIT FUND Move to Lift \$500,000 Indebtedness of Communal Institutions (Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Boston, Mass., Apr. 13—To wipe on the indebtedness of the Beth Israel Hospital and the Federated Jewish Charities, seventeen Boston Jewish leaders subscribed \$300,000 on the condition that Boston Jewry will contribute the remaining \$200,000 by July 1st, it was announced by A. C. Ratchesky and Louis E. Kirstein, who each contributed \$50,000.

The step was taken to relieve the charitable institutions of Boston from financial burdens. The action of the group marked a new era in this form of public spirited work and it is believed it will serve as an encouragement to the Boston Tewish community to raise the \$200,000 required. All connected ith Jewish philanthropic ea-deavors in Boston were confident that the money required would be raised within the prescribed time limit.

An invitation was issued a few days ago by A. C. Ratshesky and Louis E. Kirstein, for seventeen men who met al dinner at the Copley Plaza Hotel and pledged the sum of \$300,000 to lift the half million indebtedness which has been hanging over the Beth Israel Hospital and the Federated Jewish Charities for the past three years

Mr. Ratshesky contributed \$50,000 in addition to the \$10,000 he has already given the Beth Israel Hospital: He also announced that Mr. Kirstein has also pledged a like amount in addition to the \$37,500 given by him for the Feder

ated Jewish Charities and the Hospital.
Peter M. Leavitt, representing what is known here as the Green group, pledged \$125,000. Max Shoolman, chairman of the Building Committee of the Beth Israel Hospital, contributed \$25,000 in addition to the \$50,000 and ready given to the Beth Israel Hospital S. W. Prussian pledged \$15,000 in addi-tion to the \$10,000 he has already given for the Hospital.

A committee as formed to raise the A committee as formed to raise the \$500,000. The committee consists of Max Shoolman, chairman, A. C. Raischesky, Treasurer Special Fund, Dr. Maurice B. Hexter, secretary, Judge A. K. Cohen, A. A. Ginzberg, James D. Glunts, Sidney Dreyfus, Casper M. Grosberg, Mortimer C. Gryzmish, Albert W. Kaffenburgh, Peter M. Leavitt, Colemns, I. arti. Sidney Rebispoir, West Particular Colemns, I. articles and Particular Colemns, I. Coleman Levin, Sidney Rabinovitz, Max Rubin, Edward Rose, Joseph Rudnick and Leon Strauss.

Council and a leader in the Jewish Center movement.

A report was presented by Hugo H. Piesen, a member of the Executive Council, on the results of his visit to the Panama Canal Zone in connection with the activities conducted by the Jewish Welfare Board in that area for men in the miltary and naval service.

Rabbi Jacob Leibowitz was unanimously. Judge Lehman declared.

Judge Lehman eulogized the late left fellow Fuld, a member of the Executive Committee the Union.

MICHIGAN BIBLE READING BILL UPHELD BY ATTORNEY GENERAL Jewish Leaders Oppose Measure; Bill Still Under Consideration

(Tewish Daily Bulletin)

Lansing, Mich., Apr. 13—Attorney General Wilber M. Brucker held the revised draft of Harnly Bible bill constitutional in an opinion submitted to George C. Watson, chairman of the House Judiciary Committee, which has the measure under consideration. In its original form the bill author-

ized not only Bible reading, but also Bible classes in the public schools. It now provides only for the reading of the Bible and for the excusing of pupils to receive religious instruction elsewhere. Mr. Brucker cites a Michigan supreme court decision to the effect that Bible reading without comment is permissable in the public schools. He holds that in the absence of any constitutional prohibition, a statute requiring the excusing of pupils for religious instruction may be

At public hearings on the bill, Rabbis A. M. Hershman and Leon Fram were among those who appeared in opposition to it.

Attorney General Brucker's opinion

read in part: "It appears that in place of the language proposed by the original bill, the following provision is to be substituted upon which you desire our opinion as to its constitutionality. "Provided, however, that the provi-sions of this section, (of the school law) shall not be construed as prohibiting or interfering with the reading of the Bible in the public schools of this state. However, no child shall be required to attend or participate in such reading of the Bible contrary to the wishes of his parent or guardian. Upon the written request of parents or guardians, pupils in any of the grades may be excused from school for religious instruction in the principles of right living, provided, however, that such pupils shall not be excused more than twice each week for periods of one hour each. "The constitutionality of this proviso

(Continued on Page 4)

CALL RUSSIAN, JEW; BLAME BANK FAILURE ON JEWS (Jewish Telegraphic Agency) Berlin, Apr. 13-The nationalistic

press is attempting to create another Barmath scandal with the interpretations it seeks to impose upon a bank failure which is now agitating Berlin. One of the figures in the failure is a man named Uralzeff. Fifty million Marks are said to have been lost in the failure, causing damage to thousands of investors. The newspapers now claim that Uralzeff is an "Eastern Jew." The fact is that Uralzeff is a native Russian and a former officer of the Judenitsch White Army.

A total of \$10,000 was raised by the Jewish Executional Alliance, of Savannah, Ga. to wipe our the organization's indebtedness. The campage began with a hanquet at which more has a third of the sum was raised. The campaign committee was headed by Morris H. Bernstein.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

Immigration Laws in South Africa By Our Cape Town Correspondent

Cape Town, Mar. 13-Few men have the Jewish cause in South Africa more at heart than Morris Alexander, who has been the champion of the Jews in the House of Assembly ever since he became a member twenty-one years ago. Among the most important of the Jewish interests in South Africa is the question of immigration regulation. In an interview with the Jewish Tele-graphic Agency correspondent, Mr. Al-exander said: "We have here a very strict Immigration Law, under which undesirable are kept out. Under the Law of 1913 it was possible for the Government to keep out any person or class of persons whom the Minister of the Interior regarded as unsuitable. sub-section was put in definitely to keep out Asiatics, the rest of the sec-tion being put in for the purpose of keeping out undesirable European immigrants. "When the South African Party Gov-

eriment came into power, this Section Four 1 (a) was used to keep out not only Asiaties but European immigrants as well, including Jews. The question each immigrant had to face then was "Does the Minister regard you as suitable?" This was very different from the other sections which made disabilities of crime, illiteracy, etc. We very strongly objected to the bringing in of this clause against European immigrants in a manner not contemplated by Parliament, and when the new Nationalist Government assumed office in 1924. I appealed to them to make a declaration that they were not going to use Section Four 1 (a) for this purpose. The South African Jewish Board of Deputies did yeoman service in rousing public opinion all over the Union on this subject.

"A meeting of the Cabinet resulted in the authorization of such a declaration. Consequently the Jewish and other immigrants have had much fairer treatment under this than under the old Government. What we have been able to secure is that every immigrant shall

be treated on his own merits.
"On the whole," continued Mr. Alexander, "I think our Immigration Law compares very favorably with that of

any other Dominion.

"Throughout the Union," Mr. Alexander went on, "attacks were constantly being made on immigrants from Southern and Eastern Europe. In reality these attacks were directed against the Jews. There was a cry being raised, 'Bring Nordics into South Africa.'

"An immigrant is prohibited from landing in South Africa," Mr. Alexander explained, "if he is unable to read or write a European language,"
The recognition of Yiddish as a Eu-

ropean language came into force in the Cape Act of 1906 as a result of the efforts of representatives of various Jewish congregations and institutions of the Cape Province, headed by Mr.

(Continued on Page 4)

FRANKLIN INSTITUTE HONORS EMILE BERLINER JEWISH INVENTOR Highest Award Given Inventor of

Microphone Today (Jewish Daily Bulletin) Washington, Apr. 13-Emile Berliner,

noted Jewish inventor of this city, who invented the microphone, which made possible the commercial use of the telephone and radio broadcasting, and who also invented the phonograph disc record now in current use, has been awarded the Franklin Medal by the Franklin Institute of Philadelphia, the highest honor presented by that body. The presentation will be made in Philadelphia on Monday. Berliner's ushering in of the telephone and radio age through his discovery of the tonal characteristics of the loose contacts and his application of them to telephony is one of his three achievements for which the Franklin Institute is to honor him, 59 years after his arrival from Germany as a poor immigrant lad. In addition to the telephone transmit-

ter and the disc record, Berliner has also made important contributions to improving acoustics in halls and buildings through his invention of acoustic tiles

The medal of the Franklin Institute is considered a great distinction in the scientific world. Dr. Charles Thomson Rees Wilson, professor of natural philosophy at Cambridge University, England, Nobel Prize winner, will also receive the Franklin Institute's medal on the same occasion.

DINNER TO OPEN SALOMON MONUMENT DRIVE

The campaign for the Haym Salo-mon Monument Fund will be opened with a dinner at the Biltmore Hotel. Thursday evening, April 18, at which George Gordon Battle, Senator Nathan Straus, Jr., Congressman Charles A. Mooney, Jonah Goldstein, S. Stanwood Menken, a great gradnson of Haym Salomon, and Benjamin Winter, presi-dent of the Federation of Polish Jews in America, which is sponsoring the Haym Salomon monument, will speak. Plans for the campaign will be outlined by Z. Tygel, Director of the Haym Salomon Campaign.

A number of descendants of Salomon, including, besides Mr. Menken,
Mrs. Charles Hendricks, G. Osgood
Andrews, and Mrs. Florence Dreyfus, Andrews, and Mrs. Florence Dreyfus, will be present. Ralph Pulitzer, and George Gordon Battle, noted lawyer, have endorsed the campaign, Mr. Winter stated, adding that the movement for the erection of the monument had already resulted in recognition being given to the patriotic services of Salogiven to the parrious services of Salo-mon in some of the history textbooks used in the public schools. "We feel," said Mr. Winter, "that the Haym Salo-mon Monument Committee has already accomplished something worth while. The facts dealing with this great patriot hitherto buried in the archives of the government are now being made

If you are pleased with the "Jewish Daily Bulletin" tell your friends to subscribe.

MICHIGAN BIBLE READING BILL UPHELD BY ATTORNEY GENERAL

(Continued from Page 3) involves the consideration of two ques-

tions. "First: May the Bible be read in schools if pupils are not compelled to attend or participate?

"Second: May the student be excused from school, twice each week for one hour each period, to attend outside voluntary religious instruction?

"As to the first question, the Supreme Court of our state has passed squarely upon it in the case of Pfeiffer squarely upon it in the case of Figure 18 ws. Board of Education, 118 Michigan 560, decided in 1898. It was there held that: 'The use in the public schools, for fifteen minutes at the close of each day's session, as a supplemental textbook on reading, of a book entitled, 'Readings from the Bible,' which is largely made up of extracts from the Bible emphasizing the moral precepts of the ten commandments, where the teacher is forbidden to make any comment on the matter therein contained, and is required to excuse from that part of the session any pupil upon application of his parent or guardian, is not a violation of the State constitu-

"Sections 39, 40 and 41, Article five of the constitution of 1850 then in force, are contained in Section 3, Article II, of the present Michigan constitution. It is therefore apparent that the same statutory and constitutional provisions are now in force as were in force when the Pfeiffer case was decided.

"This decision is supported by those of a number of other states.

"The second question involves the tent of power which may be exer-ted by the Legislature and Board of ducation in excusing students for any purpose. In the absence of a constitutional inhibition, the Legislature has power to deal with the subject. The school authorities have been given full powers over the management of the schools by various legislative en-actments. The test as to action by the board of education in regulating certain hours for students to be excused for purposes of outside religious study for a period of not to exceed one hour twice each week, is 'abuse of discre-

"In my opinion, the provision re-quiring the excusing of students for a period of two hours each week for such purposes is within the legislative power to enact, and I believe that this provision is constitutional."

About 1,500 women are expected to attend the reception at the Waldorf Astoria, New fork, this afternoon, given by the Ivriah, About 1,500 women are expected to attend the reception at the Waloff Astoria, New the reception at the Waloff Astoria, New women's division of the Jewish Education Association. Mrs. L. J. Marquiles is Chairman of the committees on arrangements. The toast-chairman of Javiah, and greenings will be extended by Israel Unterberg, on behalf of the chairman of Ivriah, and greenings will be extended by Israel Unterberg, on behalf of the delivered by Israel Unterberg, on behalf of the delivered by Israel Waterman Wiss. Mrs. Joseph Leblang, Chairman of Ivriah, and Mrs. Roebcha Kohn.

If you are pleased with the "Jewish Daily Bulletin" tell your friends to subscribe.

U. S. COMMITTEE REPORTS HEBREW UNIVERSITY WORK

The newly organized Faculty of Humanities of the Hebrew University has undertaken to translate philosophical texts and to make them available for use by students attending courses in philosophy, to supplement the textbooks available in Hebrew, states an announcement of the American Advisory Committee of the Hebrew University. Professor Leon Roth of the Department of Philosophy discussed this subject before the Society for Scientific Studies of Haifa. The title of his lecture was "Philosophical Instruction in the Hebrew Language in Our Day."

Further lectures in the series spon-sored by the Hebrew University before the Society for Scientific Studies are to be held in the Lecture Hall of the Haifa Technical Institute. The series, open to the public, includes a lecture in biochemistry by Professor Andor Fo-dor, head of the Department of Chemdor, head of the Department of Chemistry at the University, and four lectures delivered by members of the Institute of lewish Studies, as follows: "Genizah," by Rabbi S. Assaf; "Plato," by Dr. Z. Diesendruck; "Zohar and Jewish Mysticism," by Dr. Gershon Sholem, and "The Mondaeans of Forgotten Jewish Sectis," by Dr. S. D. roitein

The University announces that the Frankfurt Jewish Community Scholarship, amounting to £75, has been awarded to Dr. Joseph Rewlin, who is doing research work in the School of Oriental Studies on the works of the Arabic historian, Baladhuri.

A report received by the American office of the Hebrew University in Palestine states that 4,036 persons visited the library of the University during the past month. Of the 4,405 books lent to readers during the month, 43 per cent readers during the month, 43 per cent, while only 10 per cent, or 452 of the books read, were in English.

Over a thousand new volumes are catalogued each month, and the collection now numbers approximately 200,000 volumes. It is scattered at present in four buildings in Jerusalem, and will be moved to Mt. Scopus on the completion of the Wolffsohn Memorial Library. The opening of the new building on April 29th will be marked with a reception in the large reading room.

A notable assembly of distinguished guests, including Felix M. Warburg, chairman of the American Advisory Committee, Dr. Cyrus Adler, president of the Jewish Theological Seminary of New York and member of the Board of Governors of the University, and Dr. Chaim Weizmann, president of the Hebrew University, will be present.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER (Continued from Page 3) Alexander, and was finally embodied in

the Union Law in 1913. An immigrant is prohibited from landing if he is likely to become a public charge. He must show that he

is coming to a definite occupation, and must have a guarantor who will undertake to be responsible for him for a period of two years.

SAYS PALESTINE HOLY SITES QUESTION SHROUDED IN MUTUAL DISTRUST (Continued from Page 1)

lem, addressed a memorandum to the Pope objecting to the visit which is likely to synchronize with the Greek-Armenian Easter celebrations which assume unusual solemnity and signifi-cance, the more so if the Primate will be present. The High Commissioner. Sir John Chancellor, had intended to extend an impressive welcome to the

Archbishop which would largely cause a gain in prestige and political influ-

ence to the Orthodox churches. The relations between the Eastern and the Catholic churches in Palestine have lately become acute. A conflict occurred last Easter between the Greek Orthodox and Catholic priests during the services at the Church of the Holy Sepulchre, over a spot claimed by the Catholics. The imme-diate personal intervention of Go-ernor of Jerusalem Keith-Roach was then necessary, the correspondent re-

The Rodoph Sholam Synagogue of Tampa, Fla., celebrated its twenty-fifth anniversary Sunday, April 14th. This congregation was founded in 1903 and organized in 1904. It was dedicated in 1909 by Rabbi Julius Shapo. In 1925 they erected a new temple at an estimate of \$100,000, and it was dedicated on Sept. 25th. 1925 they erected a new temple at an estimate of \$100,000, and it was dedicated on \$ept. 25th, 1926 by Rabbi A. Berger. The present officers are David Stein, president; Morris G. Rosenberg, vice-president; Isador Wohl, secretary, and Adolf K. Goldstein, treasurer.
Rabbi M. C. Friedman, of Montgomery, Ala, was the principal speaker at the anniversary was the principal speaker at the anniversary

celebration.

The new Unity Synagogue, 140 West Serenty-ninth Street, New York, was dedicated at exercises Friday, Saturday and Theorem and the State of the Synagogue, directed the dedication service, assisted by Rabbis Jonah B. Wise, Israel Goldman, Nathan Krass, and Goddication service, Tracs delivered, 12 dedication service, Tracs delivered, 12 dedication services, 12 decication services, 12 decica Rabbis Nathan Stern, Harry H. Mayer. Louis Wolsey, Gobriel Schulman and Mitchell Salem Fisher were speakers during the exer-

Ychudi Menuhin, San Francisco Jewish boy violinist, was hailed by music critics in Berin American States and the States of the States Ambasador Scheman Mac Gentler Conducted and in the American Scheman Mac Scheman Mac Scheman Mac States Ambasador Scheman Mac States Scheman Mac States Ambasador Scheman Mac States Ambasador States S

Urgent need of a new building to house all Jewish community activities in Atlanta, Ga-was stressed at the annual meeting of the Atlanta Federation of Jewish Charittes. Ed-

Atlanta Federation of Jewish Charities. Lévard M. Kahn, executive director, emphasize the need in his annual report.
Mrs. Louis H. Moss was elected president; Mrs. Louis J. Elsas, first vice-president; Mrs. Louis J. Elsas, first vice-president; Nathan Saltzman, third vice-president; Poster M. Malle, treasurer, and Mrs. S. Schoot, see

