

Vol. VI. Price 4 Cents.

Friday, April 12, 1929.

Entered as 2nd Class Matter at Post
Office, Long Island City, New York No. 1341.

TROOPS CALLED TO GUARD JEWISH POPULATION AGAINST ATTACK IN GALICIAN VILLAGE

Removal of Crosses Affixed to Jewish
Houses Causes Demonstration
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Lemberg, Apr. 11.—Troops were despatched to the township Deliatyn, Galicia, because of a continued anti-Jewish agitation in the vicinity.

The agitation arose over the removal of two crosses which were affixed by unknown persons to barracks where fourteen Jewish families are housed.

Peasants from neighboring villages, aroused by agitators, came to participate in an anti-Jewish demonstration in the town. The mayor defended the Jewish population in an address he made to the demonstrators. His resignation is now being demanded.

The Ukrainian peasants, who were urged to join the Polish peasants on the ground that the Jews had "violated the crucifix common to all Christians," declined to move against their Jewish neighbors. They were neutral in the matter, they declared.

Because of the fear that the barracks might be set afire, a guard of Zionist youths was placed around the buildings.

14th CENTURY MACHZOR AT NUERENBERG LIBRARY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Apr. 11.—A Machzor, prayer book for the High Holidays, dating from 1331 will be exhibited at the forthcoming celebration of the five hundredth anniversary of the establishment of the town library of Nuernberg, it was announced in connection with plans for the celebration.

The Machzor contains 517 large parchment pages. All the prayers are in verse form. The type is colored and gilded.

DANZIG BARS HAKENKREUZ- ZLER CONGRESS DELEGATES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Danzig, Apr. 11.—Instructions ordering the municipal force of the Free City of Danzig to bar Hakenkreuzler delegates who come from Germany from the city were issued by the Senate.

This measure was taken in view of the protests of the Hakenkreuzler organizations against the refusal of the Danzig authorities to permit the holding of a Hakenkreuzler congress here.

LEAGUE TO FIGHT AGAINST ANTI-SEMITISM

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, Apr. 11.—The International League against Pogroms, of which Prof. Albert Einstein is honorary president, has decided to change its name to the International League against Anti-Semitism. There are six hundred members in the League.

NATIONAL CONFERENCE OF UNITED JEWISH CAMPAIGN CALLED IN CHICAGO, MAY 11-12

Joint Distribution Committee Leaders Issue Call; To Consider
Present Situation of European Jewry

Another conference of the United Jewish Campaign was convoked for May 11 and 12 at the Standard Club, Chicago, according to an announcement from the headquarters of the United Jewish Campaign.

A call to attend the conference was issued by Louis Marshall, David A. Brown, national chairman of the United Jewish Campaign, Col. Herbert H. Lehman, James N. Rosenberg, vice-chairmen of the Joint Distribution Committee, and Paul Baerwald, treasurer.

Leaders of American Jewry are called upon to meet to consider the present situation of the Jews in Eastern Europe and to review the progress in the work of the United Jewish Campaign and the Joint Distribution Committee.

It is expected that as a result of this conference there will be speedily attained the collection of the remaining \$4,000,000 which is outstanding throughout the United States and Canada and which is needed by the Joint Distribution Committee to complete the obligations it has already assumed. Of the \$19,700,000 pledged, over \$14,250,000, as of April 1st, has reached the Joint Distribution Committee, the announcement states.

"This conference, the fourth meeting of nation-wide scope to be held since the beginning of the United Jewish Campaign in 1925, will, like two of its historic predecessors, be held at the Standard Club in Chicago, on the evening of May 11th and on May 12th.

"The burden of the Joint Distribution Committee has been aggravated by the new emergency situation that has arisen in Eastern Europe because of the failure of crops and the severity of the winter. This has created an acute and terrible need that has made American aid a matter of immediate urgency.

"Having sent urgent pleas for the prompt payment of quotas and pledges, Mr. Brown and his associated officers determined to call a national conference, at which the present conditions of Jewry abroad might be fully set forth and definite energetic action be undertaken.

"Every city which served under the banner of the United Jewish Campaign has been urged to send its representatives to the conference, so that they may return to their communities with a comprehensive survey of the achievements of American generosity in alleviating the suffering of European Jewry and with a graphic picture of the present status of the Jew in all

the countries in which the Joint Distribution Committee is at work. In addition to the city, state and regional leaders who have been active in the United Jewish Campaign, the conference will bring together representatives of all communal and philanthropic elements of American Jewry interested in the social and economic rehabilitation of their co-religionists abroad," the announcement states.

"The Jewish relief movement now
(Continued on Page 4)

DEMONSTRATION AGAINST ANTI-SEMITISM AT RED ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN MOSCOW

Smidovitch, Vice-President of the
Union, Is Speaker

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Apr. 11.—The personal influence of Peter Smidovitch, vice-president of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, was thrown into the effort to check anti-Semitism. He was the principal speaker at a demonstration against anti-Semitism staged today at the headquarters of the Red Army here. J. Larin, prominent Communist leader and active in the Jewish colonization work, also spoke.

The soldiers unanimously adopted a resolution to fight race hatred in the Red Army. A delegation of Red army soldiers will be sent to visit the Jewish colonies, it was announced.

In a factory in Borovitchi two brothers, Lavrentiev, were sentenced to two years' imprisonment each on the charge of spreading anti-Semitic propaganda.

An interesting incident occurred in the town Soviet of Borovitchi. The Soviet was discussing the question of anti-Semitism. One of the members, Malishev, rose to declare that in his opinion there was no need of fighting anti-Semitism, but rather to fight the Jews. The Soviet thereupon adopted a resolution denouncing Malishev for his utterances.

JEWISH ELECTRIC CORP. DOES NOT EMPLOY JEWS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Apr. 11.—The Jewish Electric Corporation, engaged in electrification of Jerusalem, is not employing Jews in the work. A protest against the Corporation was lodged by the Vaad Ha'ir, the Jewish committee of the city, because Jews are not employed.

A reply declared that the matter is in the hands of a contractor who declared that the workers have already been engaged for the period of preparatory work.

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

Published every day in the week except Saturday and Jewish high holidays

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN CO.

Address All Mail to Executive and Editorial Office: 611 Broadway, New York, N. Y. Publication Office:

- 316 Bridge Plaza South, L. I. City, N. Y.
- Necol Landau 611 Broadway
- Samuel Bienstock Treasurer
- John Simons Secretary
- William Z. Spiegelman Editor

Vol. VI. Friday, Apr. 12, 1929. No. 1341.

- Member of Jewish Telegraphic Agency
- New York 611 Broadway
 - London 241 High Holborn
 - Paris 31 Rue de Provence
 - Berlin Eisenbahnstrasse 6
 - Warsaw Ulica Aljeje Jerozelski Nr. 15
 - Jerusalem Hasolel Bldg.

Subscription Rates

	U.S. and Canada	Foreign
One Year	\$10.00	\$15.00
Six Months	6.00	8.00
One Month	1.00	1.50

Entered as second-class matter July 19, 1927, at the Post Office at L. I. City, N. Y., under the Act of March 3, 1879.

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MATZOTH IMPORTATION CONTINUES AS ISSUE IN THE SOVIET PRESS

Paper Urges Jews be Deprived of Bread Books During Passover (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Apr. 11—The question raised by the Yiddish Communist press as to why the Soviet authorities permitted the importation of matzoth from abroad for the need of observant Russian Jews is still the subject of discussion in the Soviet press.

The "Nasha Gazeta" admits that objection may be raised in principle, but argues that in view of the present temporary bread difficulty, it would be senseless to oppose the importation of matzoth "which costs us nothing while relieving somewhat the flour shortage." Moreover, the paper continues, foreign religious kehillahs pay the Soviet government a tariff.

The paper proposes, however, that during Passover week Jews using matzoth be prohibited from using bread books, thus effecting the economy of several hundred tons of bread.

The paper "Trud" criticises the "Nasha Gazeta" urging that the Communist principle is above all.

Reports received from Kiev and Nikolaiiev and published in the Communist press state that Jewish workers in those cities have urged the Soviet authorities to stop the importation of matzoth.

POLISH COURT FREES YIDDISH POET OF DISLOYALTY CHARGE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Apr. 11—The court of appeals annulled the sentence of the lower court imposed upon Beinush Silberstein, a young Yiddish poet, to two months imprisonment for the publication of a poem adjudged to be disloyal to the state. The poem was entitled "A Hymn to the Redeemed Earth."

The court of appeals acted on the basis of the amnesty decree.

JEWISH ACHIEVEMENTS IN PALESTINE A MIRACLE, SAYS HOLMES IN 2ND LECTURE

Praises Pioneer Work of Chalutzim as Destined to Go Down in History

The accomplishments of the Jewish pioneers in Palestine in the course of thirty years can only be described in the terms of a miracle, is the opinion of Rev. John Haynes Holmes. It transcends any similar movement in history. What the Pilgrim Fathers of America accomplished over the same period of years cannot begin to compare with the achievement in Palestine where already the flower and the fruit have begun to appear, declared Dr. Holmes in the course of his second lecture on Palestine, Wednesday evening at the Community Church.

A large audience, the majority of whom were Jewish, which filled the Church to overflowing, followed Dr. Holmes in his recital of economic, industrial, cultural and sanitary development of Palestine under Zionist direction. Nathan Straus, Jr., presided.

What Dr. Holmes called his "too discouraging picture" of the week before, was tempered on Wednesday with abounding enthusiasm for what has been done under the most ad- (Continued on Page 4)

ORT EXHIBITION OPENS IN NEW YORK

The Ort Exposition was opened last night in the Federation Building, New York. United States Senator Robert F. Wagner and Joseph V. McKee, President of the Board of Aldermen of New York, addressed the gathering present at the opening. Both speakers emphasized the importance of the work of the shops, schools and farm settlements maintained by the Ort in Eastern Europe.

The aims of the organization were described by James N. Rosenberg, member of the Central Board of the Ort, and Dr. David V. Lvovitch, European representative. Judge Jacob Panken, Chairman of the American Ort and Dr. Henry Moskowitz, Chairman of the Executive Committee spoke on the significance of the exhibition. Howard S. Cullman, National Chairman of the Ort Campaign for Industrial Reconstruction, announced plans for the \$1,000,000 drive. Mark Eisner, Chairman of the city campaign committee, was chairman of the evening.

In the administration room of the exhibition, charts and diagrams summarize the work of the Ort. The products range from furniture to fine needle work, the efforts of 7,500 pupils, adults as well as young boys and girls, in 103 trade schools, forty-two of which are in Russia, thirty-two in Poland, 10 in Lithuania, eleven in Latvia, and one in Danzig.

The development of the Ort Tool Supply Corporation is diagrammed, showing that its expenditures have increased from \$3,000 in 1924 to \$375,000 in 1928 for the purchase on credit of equipment for both farmers and artisans.—The percentage of repayments on loans made made forms the subject of another chart. Pictures of work shops illustrate the uses to which the

SOVIET PROMULGATES NEW RULES FOR RELIGIOUS ORGANIZATIONS IN U.S.S.R.

Wzik to Create Commission to Supervise Religious Laws' Enforcement (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Apr. 11—The rules governing the status and functions of religious organizations in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics were recast by the Wzik, Central Executive Committee.

The rules defining anew the functions of religious organizations state that religious bodies having a minimum of twenty members over eighteen years of age, retain their previous rights. These rights are, however, more clearly defined. The rules also define more specifically the manner in which houses of worship may be formed. Less than twenty adults may form a believers' group. A special commission to supervise the enforcement of religious laws will be created by the Wzik.

HEBREW UNIVERSITY REMARKABLE MIDDLE EAST FACTOR

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Apr. 11—The Hebrew University is one of the three remarkable factors which, according to Sir Denison Ross, director of the London School of Oriental Studies who returned from a tour of educational institutions in the Middle East, show the rise of culture in the Middle East.

The three factors are first, King Fuad's interest in Arab learning; secondly, the Hebrew University in Jerusalem, and third, the endeavors of the Persian Shah to forward intellectual development among the Persians.

BERNHARD BARON SENDS EINSTEIN GIFT FOR OZE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, April 11—A gift of \$1,000 (\$5,000) for special relief work in famine stricken areas in Eastern Europe was made by Bernhard Baron, English Jewish philanthropist.

Mr. Baron forwarded his gift to Prof. Albert Einstein, honorary president of the Oze, society for promotion of health among the Jewish population. The Oze has decided to apply the fund to relieve distress in the famine stricken districts.

The Central Committee of the Zionist-Revisionists in America stated that it has decided to present an independent list in the elections of the Zionist Congress which will convene in Zurich. Organization of the Revisionist representation in all election districts is under way, the Committee stated.

equipment is put and typify among the workers many men and women whose facial expression denotes a change that they have undergone, and their eagerness to do the possible.

The Women's Committee of the Ort in charge of the exhibition included Dr. Anna Boudin, Mrs. Leon Harris, Mrs. Jacob Panken, Mrs. Alexander Dolowitz, Mrs. Fannie Shluger, Mrs. Jeannette London, and Dr. Ida Herman.

Mrs. Herbert H. Lehman, wife of the Lieutenant-Governor, headed the list of sponsors. The exhibition will be on view a week.

ROSENWALD FOUNDATION ANSWERS PHYSICIANS OPPOSING PAY CLINICS

Says Physicians Must Co-operate to Reduce Medical Costs; Asserts Leaders in Field Do

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Chicago, Illinois, Apr. 11.—The importance of physicians cooperating with the public to reduce medical costs in hospitals and laboratories was stressed in a statement issued today by the Julius Rosenwald Foundation. The statement followed the controversy which is stirring Chicago medical circles, occasioned by the threat of the Chicago Medical Society to expel any member serving on pay clinics conducted at low prices.

The Rosenwald Foundation was endowed to support medical clinics which will furnish treatment of the sick at nearly cost. It is these types of institutions which are under fire.

"The family in which serious illness occurs is not much interested in the details which make up its sickness bill, but is greatly concerned with the total," the statement declares. Calling attention to the many public activities in which physicians have taken part, the Foundation holds that "in spite of the occasional controversy and intermittent attacks by certain professional groups, the real leaders among such doctors, such as are on the staffs of important hospitals can be counted upon for such support of sound and progressive measures for the public good. It is to physicians of this stamp that the Julius Rosenwald Fund must look for understanding, cooperation and progress."

The action of the Medical Society in expelling Dr. Louis Schmidt, noted surgical authority on alleged unethical practice resulted in the resignation from the Society of Dr. Herman N. Bundesen, Coroner of Cook County and noted Public Health Authority as a protest. In his letter of resignation, Dr. Bundesen notified the Society that he wished to stand "shoulder to shoulder with Dr. Schmidt in his struggle to bring down the high costs of being sick." Both physicians have served together in city, county and charitable organizations. The action of the society has served to focus the demands of the public for reduced medical costs. A number of wealthy men have offered to endow the type of institution advocated by Dr. Schmidt which would serve people of moderate incomes. Dr. Schmidt has, however, declined to announce his plans.

PROHIBITION IN EAST GALICIA TO AFFECT JEWS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Lemberg, Apr. 11.—Prohibition is making rapid strides in Eastern Galicia, according to reports in the Ukrainian press here.

Under the existing provisions, separate localities have a right to vote for prohibition of the sale of spirits. Recently a great number of inns were closed in the districts which went dry. One hundred and fifty of these establishments were operated by Jews.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

German Union's Stand on Jewish Agency Gives Members Free Hand

By Our Berlin Correspondent

Berlin, Mar. 28.—The resolution adopted by the Central Union of German Citizens of the Jewish Faith on the subject of the Jewish Agency is undoubtedly a move towards peace, Rabbi Dr. Leo Baeck, President of the Federation of German Rabbis and a leading member of the Central Union, and also of the Federation of Liberal Jews in Germany, stated to the correspondent of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency here. The Union recognizes that there are differences among its members on the Palestine question, he said, some being in favor of the Palestine upbuilding and others being against it. The Union denies neither the one nor the other a place within the organization. In other words, it leaves it open to every member to act as he feels right on the Palestine question. A large number of the Liberal Jews of Germany will also base their actions on this resolution.

The resolution adopted by the Board of the Central Union shows a surprising progress of the Palestine idea, Kurt Blumenfeld, the President of the German Zionist Federation, stated to the correspondent. Although the proposal for the official representation of the Central Union in the Jewish Agency has been rejected by 48 votes against 35, he says, the resolution, in the light of the official interpretation attached to it and also of general opinion, means that it is left entirely to the individual members of the Central Union and of the Board to decide their attitude towards the Jewish Agency. There is no likelihood therefore, he points out, of the Central Union preventing its members in the future from taking an active part in the Palestine work. It is also very interesting, he says, to consider the composition of the minority, which voted in favor of participation, among them such leaders of the Central Union as its President, Dr. Brodnitz, its Director, Dr. Holleander, and its Syndikus, Dr. Alfred Wiener, as well as the representatives of the Youth Organization of the Central Union.

The Central Union, Mr. Blumenfeld adds, received as little invitation to participate in the Jewish Agency as any other organization. What is desired is not the adhesion of organizations, but of all German Jews who take their stand on the basis of the agreement concluded between the Zionist Organization and the Marshall group. There is no doubt that a number of prominent members of the Central Union who have hitherto avoided a decision on the subject are now prepared to join the initiatory committee for the extension of the Jewish Agency. The members of the Praesidium are, of course, prevented by the resolution from themselves participating in accordance with their views, and we re-

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TROFIMOV'S SENTENCE IS CONSIDERED MILD IN SOVIET RUSSIA

Expected Death Sentence with Commutation to 10 Years Due to Youth of Defendant

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Apr. 11.—The five year prison sentence imposed by the Pskov court on the seventeen-year old Communist worker for the murder of his Jewish fellow worker, Bolsheminikov, is considered mild in circles interested in combating the wave of anti-Semitic agitation in the country.

It was expected that the court would pronounce death sentence with commutation to ten years' imprisonment in view of defendant's youth.

It appears from the record of the trial that the public accuser, indeed, demanded death sentence, while the official procurator asked for the ten year term. The counsel for defense admitted that the defendant was an anti-Semite, but claimed that in the moment of the murder he was actuated not by his anti-Semitic bias but by his personal feelings. In his last word to the court Trofimov confessed to having committed the murder, but asserted that it was not the result of his anti-Semitic feelings. At any rate, it was not premeditated, else he would have killed Bolsheminikov secretly and not in the presence of witnesses.

Sinenikovsky pleaded guilty to having spread anti-Semitic propaganda, but claimed he had no connection with the murder. Trofimov received the verdict with a smile.

\$5,000,000 SPENT IN 10 YEARS ON EDUCATION IN PALESTINE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Apr. 11.—The amount of £1,000,000 (approximately \$5,000,000) was expended by the Zionist Executive on education during the past ten years.

Figures made public today show that this amount was spent for the maintenance of the Hebrew educational system in Palestine. The sum includes a quarter of a million pounds expended on the Orthodox schools.

BARON LAYS CORNERSTONE OF SETTLEMENT HOUSE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Apr. 11.—Bernhard Baron laid the foundation stone of the new premises of the Bernhard Baron St. George's Jewish Settlement, towards the erection of which he has given £65,000, at ceremonies on Tuesday.

After the visit of the Prince of Wales to the settlement in February 1927, when he expressed the hope that the settlement would soon be properly housed, Mr. Baron promised £50,000, and in July he added a further £15,000. The building when completed will have an infant welfare center and a play center.

The will of Harry Grossman, Chicago broker, who died March 21, disposes of an estate of \$250,000, the bulk of which is left to the widow, Mrs. Charlotte Grossman, with the provision that it be divided among his three children at her death. He also left \$5,000 to Jewish charities and \$50,000 to distant relatives.

JEWISH ACHIEVEMENTS IN PALESTINE A MIRACLE, SAYS HOLMES IN 2nd LECTURE

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verse circumstances. In order to show the promise, he said, there was every reason to emphasize the other side of the picture.

The pioneers who are the heroes of present-day Palestine, are destined to be remembered among the great achievers of human history, he stated.

"When I saw the soil, the circumstances, the tools used for work on the land and the contentment that prevailed, I found myself thinking of American farmers clamoring for relief, telling politicians that it is impossible to have a comfortable existence on the land. I thought of our American farmers with their automobiles and their radios and I had the feeling that they don't know what poverty is and what it means to dig down into the soil with their bare hands to produce, not luxury, but daily sustenance," he declared.

The influence of the Jewish farmer in Palestine is beginning to flow back into other lands. What is being achieved in Palestine is making over the whole character of the Jewish people throughout the world. Palestine is building a new society from the very bottom up.

The agricultural settlements, he said, were to him the most interesting developments in Palestine and of the three types existing, from the standpoint of sheer adventure, the contact with the communes, the most glorious experience. The communes, he said, have abolished the two mainstays of modern civilization—private ownership and wage labor. There can never be any democracy, he declared, until we get away from private ownership and the principle, so prevalent in the United States, that each man lives on the labor of others.

Dr. Holmes emphasized that the communists in Palestine dislike to be identified with Russian Bolshevism. They are against Russian Bolshevism as a type of communism enforced from above for purely materialistic ends, whereas real communism, such as theirs, must grow from below, with a spiritual aim.

The communes are very puritanical, maintain strict monogamy and know nothing about free love. They set an example to the rest of the world. There is no philandering, divorces are unheard of. Philandering, the colonists explain, is a product of leisure. They have no leisure. Divorce is bourgeois, the result of economic competition between husbands and husbands and families and families. In the communes there is no competition for no one owns anything.

"It is a magnificent spectacle, and from the standpoint of adventure and concentration, I have never seen anything like it. Even if they should disappear they have been a beneficent influence. Not only are they much cheaper to conduct, but they offer a superb training school for untrained labor and are making a splendid spiritual contribution," he declared.

ROSENWALD GIVES \$250,000 FOR UNIVERSITY AT BEIRUT

A gift of \$250,000 toward the Endowment Fund of the American University of Beirut, Syria, on condition that the total endowment of \$4,500,000 be raised by July 1, 1929, was announced received from Julius Rosenwald.

A condition of Mr. Rosenwald's gift is that the endowment shall be temporary rather than perpetual.

Edwin R. Embree, president of the Julius Rosenwald Fund, in a letter to Albert W. Staub, director of the Near East College Association, said that the pledge was made on the basis of the statement that the trustees of Beirut will create a temporary fund, into which at least \$3,000,000 of university funds will be placed.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

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great therefore that Messrs. Brodnitz and Hollaender and Wiener cannot be invited to join the Committee. Nevertheless, the numbers of German Jews who are in favor of the realization of the Balfour Declaration have been considerably extended. In the past, there was in the Central Union only a small group which, in spite of all party decisions, stood courageously for Palestine. The figures in the present voting show what growth we may hope for in the extension of the Jewish Agency in Germany.

As for the negative attitude adopted by the Federation of Liberal Jews, Dr. Blumenfeld said, in view of the decision of the Central Union, it is really irrelevant. Many Liberal Jews, including leaders of world eminence, do not regard themselves as represented by the Federation. Its decision has no significance, especially in view of the resolution of the Central Union, which is a much more important body so far as that section of German Jewry standing outside the Zionist Organization is concerned.

Pledges aggregating \$50,000 toward the sum of \$100,000 for a new edifice to be constructed by the congregation of Temple Israel were made at a meeting in Hollywood, Cal., of the board of directors and members, with Chairman E. Chasick as director. A building site has been purchased and building operations will begin in April.

Several Jewish charitable institutions were beneficiaries under the will of Molly Segel, pioneer resident of Chicago, who died about a year ago at the age of 72.

Mrs. Segel was for many years a familiar figure in charitable work, being particularly interested in the Marks Nathan Jewish Orphan Home, of which she was a director.

The residue of the estate was left to five trustees for distribution to Jewish charitable institutions. The amount distributed by the trustees in memory of Molly Segel and her late husband, Meyer Segel, represents a substantial portion of the estate.

The first volume of a Cantorial Anthology, edited and arranged by Cantor Gerson Ephros, will be published shortly by the Bloch Publishing Company. It was announced. The anthology will contain modern synagogue music arranged for the Conservative synagogue. The New Year's service is given in the first volume which numbers 140 pages. Subsequent volumes will contain the Day of Atonement service, the Festivals, the Sabbath service and melodies for festive occasions. Among the musicians represented in the anthology are Baer, Bachman, Binder, Grauman, Goldstein, (Gewirtz), Kramer, Low, Lewandowski, Mamch, Nannburg, Rabinowitz, Sulzer, Schorr, Weintraub, Ziberts and Weiss.

NATIONAL CONFERENCE OF UNITED JEWISH CAMPAIGN IN CHICAGO, MAY 11th-12th

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stands at a cross-roads," Mr. Brown declared in issuing the conference call, and he stated that this meeting would be epochal and of even greater significance than its predecessors. "A milestone in Jewish philanthropy has been passed," he said. "In achieving this milestone the generous heart of American Jewry has been tested as it never was before. The stupendous sum of over \$14,250,000 has been collected and placed in the hands of the Joint Distribution Committee for distribution abroad. Having reached this milestone, it might seem that Jewry would be content to rest upon its well-earned laurels. But the overwhelming response to the recent letter sent by me to over 100,000 leaders in the United States and Canada indicated in unmistakable terms the intention of the Jews of this continent to continue to render aid and constructive relief to our people abroad."

Mr. Brown announced that the conference, which will open on Saturday evening, May 11th, and continue through Sunday, May 12th, will, at its opening sessions, receive reports of the results of various campaign efforts that have been conducted throughout the country. Chairmen of local drives will report on the progress of the collection of money pledged in their respective districts. Men and women, who since the last conference have visited Eastern Europe and other lands in which the Joint Distribution Committee has carried on its work, will give eye-witness accounts of the progress which has been made in the huge task of economic rehabilitation that American Jewry has sponsored. Others will present more recent aspects of conditions abroad, detailing the economic situation that has arisen during the winter that has just ended.

JAMAICA BEGINS \$10,000

U. P. A. CAMPAIGN

Under the leadership of Magistrate Benjamin Marvin, the Jamaica committee of the United Palestine Appeal has been organized with \$10,000 as a goal. Harry Sirkin has been named the treasurer of the campaign and other leaders include David J. Levenson and Abraham Serel.

Confident that the Jamaica quota can be reached without the usual campaign dinner, the committee has decided on a personal solicitation drive during the next two weeks. Campaign teams are being organized. The local drive is in conjunction with the \$1,500,000 Greater New York campaign.

