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MODIFICATION OF SUNDAY REST LAW IN LITHUANIA AWAITED

Relief for Jewish Population Seen in Statement by Premier Waldemaras
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Kovno, Mar. 28—Modification of the compulsory Sunday Rest Law, bringing with it relief for the Jewish workers in Lithuania was seen in a statement to the press by Premier Waldemaras.

The Episcopate has agreed that a number of religious holidays falling in the middle of the week shall be transferred to Sunday, Waldemaras announced.

It is also expected that Jewish workshops where the work is not of a noisy nature will be permitted to keep open on Sundays.

Any transfer of the date of Easter is opposed by the Episcopate, the Premier stated.

RELIEF SUPPLIES TO BESSARABIA TO BE ADMITTED DUTY FREE

Ministry of Finance Lifts Duty on All Supplies for Famine Victims

All relief supplies intended for the suffering Jewish population in Bessarabia will be admitted duty free, according to permission issued by the Ministry of Finance upon the application of the United Roumanian Jews of Roumania of which Dr. William Filderman is president. Information to this effect was received by the United Roumanian Jews of America from Dr. Filderman.

Duty is lifted on food, clothing and all other materials required by the famine-stricken Jewish population.

GRANTS TO JEWISH SCHOLARS IN HONOR OF PROF. EINSTEIN

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Mar. 28—A large number of Jewish scholars over the age of sixty will receive grants from the Society for Aged Jews in honor of the fiftieth birthday of Professor Einstein, who has been a warm supporter of the Society.

The Berlin Jewish Community, the High School of Jewish Learning, the Adath Israel Congregation, the Grand Lodge for Germany of the Independent Order B'nai B'rith and the Federation of Russian Jews in Germany, have been asked to supply the Society with a list of scholars entitled to the grant. Professor Einstein, who has been notified of the plan, expressed his satisfaction with it.

WARNS MINORITIES NOT TO SEEK FOREIGN AID TO SECURE RIGHTS

Polish Minister Says League Council Meeting Showed Loyalty to Governments Best Path for Minorities
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Mar. 28—Those desiring to help the minorities had better advise them to reach an understanding with the majority population of the country in which they reside and become loyal to that government was the statement made by Prime Minister Zaleski of Poland.

Speaking at a banquet of the Society for Investigating International Problems, Minister Zaleski declared that he regrets that Canada submitted the Minorities Memorandum without previously consulting directly the interested governments.

The last debate in the League of Nations Council, he said, beneficially influenced the minorities' understanding of the situation. They now realize that instead of awaiting foreign help it is better to accept the standpoint of sincere loyalty to the country in which they reside.

EGYPT-PALESTINE TRADE PACT PUBLISHED

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Mar. 28—The text of an exchange of notes between the governments of Egypt and Palestine with reference to a commercial agreement between the two countries has been published in London as a white paper. The agreement embodied in this correspondence marks a new stage in the development of the commercial policy of the Palestine Government.

Egypt is not a member of the League of Nations, nor has it had, up to the present, any special agreement with Palestine. Consequently, it has not been entitled, as of right, to most-favored nation treatment under the Palestine tariff. This has now been accorded on conditions of complete reciprocity.

As the Egyptian customs tariff is about to be reviewed, the present agreement is only of a provisional character, and can be denounced by either party on three months' notice. It is expected, however, that it foreshadows a more permanent arrangement on similar lines.

TEN CARLOADS OF MATZOTH SENT TO RUSSIA FROM RIGA

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, March 28—Ten carloads of matzoth for Jewish families in Soviet Russia have been despatched from Riga.

The funds to purchase the ten carloads of matzoth were collected abroad.

SEEK TO EXCLUDE PROSELYTES FROM BUDA- PEST JEWISH CEMETERY

Discussion Raised by Address of Converted Jew at Koszop Services
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, Mar. 28—A demand that proselytes be barred from entering the Jewish Cemetery of Budapest was made by certain Orthodox Jewish circles here following an incident which occurred during the funeral of Herr Kaszop, late president of the Kehillah.

Following the eulogy of the Rabbi over the grave, an address was delivered by a converted Jew.

Feeling against this incident ran high and the demand was expressed that proselytes be barred from the cemetery. The Budapest Rabinat, considering this demand, doubted whether it was possible to forbid persons to visit their fathers' graves. The question is being considered by the Rabinat and the Kehillah council. It was stated that no prohibition act would be issued to this effect but that internal restrictions would be made.

AUSTRALIAN STATE STARTS HOSPITAL EXPANSION AT JEWISH LEADER'S INITIATIVE

Extension Inaugurated with \$25,600 Gift by F. D. Michaelis
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Melbourne, Mar. 28—Extension of public hospitals in the State of Victoria, Australia, has been made possible through the initiative of F. D. Michaelis, chairman of the council of the Alfred Hospital.

Sir William MacPherson, Premier, in making public plans for hospital extension and the provision of community wards, declared that the government's action came about through Mr. Michaelis's offer to donate \$25,000 if the government would proceed with the plans.

Mr. Michaelis, one of the leaders of the Jewish community here, has been generous support to the various hospitals in the city. He is a former president of St. Kilda Hebrew Congregation, a post occupied before him by his father and now filled by Archie Michaelis, his son.

SANITARIUM FOR JEWISH CONSUMPTIVE STUDENTS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Mar. 28—A sanitarium for Jewish consumptive students who are not admitted to the Polish students' sanitarium will be erected here. The announcement was made at a conference of the Jewish Academic Home, where it was disclosed that a large proportion of the consumptive students are Jews.

The building, it was estimated, will cost \$220,000, the major portion of which has already been raised.

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LEADING WOMEN DONORS URGE WOMEN SHOULD GIVE INDEPENDENTLY

**Mrs. Felix Warburg and Mrs. Sol
Rosenbloom Urge Independence
in Philanthropy**

Women's independence in the field of philanthropy was urged by Mrs. Felix M. Warburg and Mrs. Sol Rosenbloom of Pittsburgh, whose philanthropic contributions have been outstanding in this country and abroad.

Women will gain satisfaction and at the same time assume their proper responsibilities if they will insist on discharging their own philanthropic tasks, was the opinion expressed by the two internationally known philanthropists writing on the question "Shall Women Give Only Through Their Husbands?" in the current issue of "The Jewish Woman," publication of the National Council of Jewish Women.

"It is only within this generation that women other than widows or spinsters of independent means have thought of giving except through their husbands," writes Mrs. Warburg, "but since the granting of universal suffrage here in the United States, women are more and more beginning to feel their personal responsibility towards the many questions of the day and the thought and aid that it is necessary to give to remedy the inequalities of opportunity, that exist even in our democracy.

"As many of the wives of this generation are college bred and have been systematically trained to think on public questions in all their aspects, it is natural that they should wish to help towards alleviating social and civic maladjustments. I certainly think that whenever a woman can command any means of her own, even if it were necessary to earn the money herself, it is her right and her duty to give independently."

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ENGLISH WOMEN TO TAKE PART IN AGENCY CONFERENCE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Mar. 28.—The Union of Jewish Women decided at a Council meeting held here to send delegates to the international Conference of Jewish women which will be held in Germany in June. The place of the meeting is tentatively fixed at Berlin.

Mrs. Model, who presided in the absence of Lady Herbert Samuel, the President, who is abroad, said that Mrs. Rebekah Kohut who was the President of the World Congress of Jewish Women which met in Vienna in 1923 was anxious that the questions raised at that Congress should again be discussed at an international Conference in which representatives of Jewish women's organizations could participate. She had therefore asked the Union of Jewish Women in Germany to convene a Conference. Mrs. Kohut's hope was that as a direct result of the Conference a World Organization of Jewish Women could be established.

It was also decided to send six delegates to the Conference convened by the Board of Deputies for April 21 to demonstrate the desire of the Anglo-Jewish community to play its part in giving effect to the British Mandate for Palestine, and to make arrangements for the appointment of the Anglo-Jewish community on the governing body of the Agency.

WORLD UNION REPORTS ON RELIGIOUS CONDITIONS

(J. T. A. Mail Service)

London, Mar. 15.—Reports on religious conditions in Poland, Palestine, Holland, Belgium, South Africa and Australia were presented to the sessions of the Governing body of the World Union for Progressive Judaism, which met at the Liberal Jewish Synagogue here, to put into effect decisions arrived at by the World Union Conference held in Berlin last August.

In accordance with the decision of the Berlin Conference it was resolved to assist and encourage, by appropriate measures, the work of pioneers in those countries from which requests for help had been received. Dr. Israel Mattack presided. Speakers included Dr. Claude Montefiore, the Hon. Lily Montagu, Ernest Joseph, E. Turk, Heinrich Stern, the Rev. M. L. Perlzweig and B. L. Q. Henriques. R. S. Reuben of Bombay, reported on the progress of Liberal Judaism among the Bene Israel of India.

A committee consisting of Dr. Hoffman of Frankfurt, the Rev. M. L. Perlzweig of London, Roger Strauss of New York, and a French representative to be nominated by the Paris Union Libérale, was appointed to formulate plans for the co-ordination of the work of the Liberal Youth Organizations in all the countries represented in the World Union. It was decided to make a systematic survey of the liturgies in use among Reform and Liberal Jews, and a questionnaire drawn up by a committee in London under the chairmanship of Rabbi S. E.

SWEDISH PRINCE AIDS JEWISH RELIEF BODY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Stockholm, Mar. 28.—Prince Carl of Sweden, President of the Swedish Red Cross Society, has sent a check to Dr. Ehrenpreis, Chief Rabbi of Sweden, in support of the campaign launched in the Scandinavian countries by the London Federation of Jewish Relief Organizations on behalf of the Jewish population of the Ukraine.

The campaign in the Scandinavian countries is being conducted by Vladimir Grossman.

"As President of the Swedish Red Cross Society," the Prince declared in a message accompanying his gift, "I am well aware of the grievous circumstances now prevailing in South Russia and the condition of dire necessity which exists among the Jewish population in the Ukraine. I therefore warmly commend the campaign for funds which the British Federation of Jewish Relief Organizations has launched among the Jewish communities of Sweden to assist their necessitous coreligionists in the distressed area."

At Copenhagen, a special committee was formed, headed by Chief Rabbi Dr. Friediger, and former Chief Rabbi Professor Simonsen. The campaign is being led at Malmö by the Chief Rabbi Dr. Joseph Wohlstein, and at Stockholm Chief Rabbi Dr. Ehrenpreis is being assisted by Dr. Furstenberg, President of the Stockholm Jewish community. The Norwegian Red Cross Society at Oslo is also giving its support to the campaign.

PHILADELPHIA FUND REACHES \$2,500,000

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Philadelphia, Mar. 28.—Approximately \$2,500,000 has been collected for the building fund of the Federation of Jewish Charities, according to a statement made by Justin P. Allman, president of the Federation.

Although it was the original plan to contract for and erect the various buildings singly, circumstances confronting the various institution were such that contracts had to be given out immediately for all the buildings. With the exception of two, these have all been completed and are now being put to use by their respective organizations. The new wing to Mount Sinai Hospital and the new Convalescent Home outside of Willow Grove are virtually completed and will be dedicated shortly, Mr. Allman announced.

Rabbi Julius Gordon of the Temple Emanuel, Worcester, Mass., announced that a campaign would be started among the members of the congregation May 1 for \$150,000 for the erection of a new synagogue and school. Several sites have been selected and a decision will be made shortly.

David Isenberg is president of the Temple congregation and Adolph Hirsch is chairman of the committee.

Starrels, was approved for circulation among constituents of the Union.

Preliminary arrangements were made for the holding of the next World Union Conference in the Summer of 1930.

PALESTINE PIONEERS PRESENT DEMANDS TO GOVERNMENT

Want Territory Adjacent to Colony
Nathania and Tax Exemption
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, March 28.—A request for a grant of government land adjacent to the colony Nathania, named for Nathan Straus, American Jewish philanthropist, was submitted to Sir John Chancellor, Palestine High Commissioner and H. C. Luke, Civil Secretary.

A delegation of sons of Palestine pioneers, called on the High Commissioner and the Civil Secretary today. In the memorandum the delegation submitted exemption of taxes for the next five years was asked for the colony.

Sir John Chancellor, replying to the delegation, stated that he would sympathetically consider part of their demands. Sir John said that he is convinced the young farmers' system of colonization, which is based on private property and initiative, is the only practical method for upbuilding the national home.

SEEK \$50,000 FOR U. P. A. AT HADASSAH LUNCHEON

The sum of \$50,000 is expected to be raised for the United Palestine Appeal at a luncheon scheduled for April 1 at the Hotel Astor under the auspices of the Brooklyn chapter of Hadassah. A plan successfully carried out by the New York chapter has been adopted. Each woman attending the luncheon will either "give-or-get" \$25, which will entitle her to admission. This type of fund-raising for Palestine was inaugurated by Hadassah and has resulted in the raising of substantial sums in various communities.

The principal speaker will be Dr. Nahum Sokolow. Mrs. Adolph Slomka, President of Brooklyn Hadassah, is chairman. The Brooklyn Council of Jewish Women will participate.

JEWISH EDUCATION ASS'N. RECEIVES NEW GIFTS

A number of additional annual donors to the scholarship fund of the Jewish Education Association, was announced by Bernard Semel, honorary secretary of the Association. The scholarship fund enables the Association to pay the tuition in Talmud Torahs for Jewish children whose parents are unable to provide tuition funds.

Through the efforts of Jacob Wener, chairman of the Committee of One Hundred, a system of annual donations has been substituted for individual yearly contributions, Mr. Semel stated.

YOUTH ORGANIZATION AFFILIATED WITH A. Z. A. (Jewish Daily Bulletin)

New Haven, Conn., Mar. 27.—The Ben Jehuda Club of New Haven will affiliate itself with the National Order Aleph Zadek Aleph, the junior organization of the Independent Order Bnai Brith, according to a decision reached by the Young Men's Club.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

Three Years of Jewish Autonomy in Esthonia

By Our Riga Correspondent

Riga, Mar. 1.—The Jews of Esthonia will shortly celebrate the third anniversary of the acquisition of complete cultural and national rights.

The accomplishments in these three years were summarized by Herr Eisenstein, the president of the Esthonian Jewish Cultural League, the highest tribunal of the Jewish minority, in an interview with the correspondent of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency.

The Jews of Esthonia comprise scarcely one-half of one per cent of the total population. In asking for complete autonomy, Herr Eisenstein declared, the Jewish community realized very clearly the responsibility it was assuming, and that what it accomplished or failed to accomplish would have a decided influence upon other Jewish minorities in other countries, in their fight for autonomy. The circumstances under which the Jews proceeded to assume autonomy were more difficult than those affecting other minorities. The Germans, for example, have a citizenship of 18,000, or six times as much as the minimum required for a group in order to be entitled to autonomy rights. Their advantage is that they are in no danger of having their endeavors blighted by the miscalculations or irresponsibility of a few. The Jewish group on the other hand, consists of 3,000 citizens, exactly the minimum under which it is possible to enjoy minority autonomy. The result is that the act of a single irresponsible group, however large or small, may endanger Jewish autonomy. Mr. Eisenstein declared. He recorded, however, the fact that complete harmony has prevailed in Jewish circles and that in the course of the three years, only five or six have stepped out of the Jewish national administration.

The past three years have demonstrated the important role even small communities can play in the upbuilding of national and cultural autonomy. Mr. Eisenstein continued. The eight thousand Jews who live in Esthonia (only three thousand of whom are Esthonian citizens), thanks to the existence of the Jewish Cultural League, play an important role in the political life of Esthonia. The highest government departments, upon every possible occasion, stress their respect for the organized Jewish community which they regard as an equal factor in the Esthonian government.

The Cultural League has concentrated its attention principally upon the school question. While the schools are subsidized by the government, the allotment is too small to maintain and operate the institutions. The result has been that the Cultural League has been forced to cover the deficit. In organizing the network of Jewish schools, the League encountered great

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J. D. C. FORWARDS \$110,000 OF EMERGENCY RELIEF FUND TO EUROPE Brown Reports on Measures Taken to Relieve Acute Distress

The sum of \$110,000 to relieve the acute distress of the Jewish population, in Bessarabia, Lithuania and part of Poland has already been sent abroad by the Joint Distribution Committee from the \$310,000 it set aside as an emergency relief allotment. Sixty thousand dollars went for emergency aid in Bessarabia, Lithuania, Moldavia and Poland, and \$50,000 for distressed city dwellers in Russia, according to a statement issued by David A. Brown, national chairman of the United Jewish Campaign in which he outlined the steps taken by the J. D. C. to meet the emergency situation created by the severe winter in Europe.

These steps were taken by the Executive Committee of the Joint Distribution Committee on Mr. Brown's assurance that American Jews would make good the additional grants of money by sending in their collections in advance of the dates when they would fall due. Mr. Brown also expressed the conviction that in addition to payments in advance, many new contributions would be made.

Besides the steps already taken, Mr. Brown said the Joint Distribution Committee will make additional substantial appropriations in accordance with the response by the communities in the United States and Canada.

Quoting cabled reports from Dr. Bernhard Kahn, European Director of the Joint Distribution Committee, Mr. Brown said that 45,000 Jews are in dire need in South Bessarabia. Of the 50,000 Jews dwelling in Middle Bessarabia, excluding Kishineff, about one third are in serious straits. In Kishineff itself, the general poverty of about 50,000 Jews had been greatly aggravated by the severe winter conditions.

"There is a great responsibility resting upon the Jews of the United States, Canada and other prosperous lands to help in this situation. "A number of special contributions have already been received by the Joint Distribution Committee from groups here, for Bessarabia, the sum of \$2500 from the San Francisco Jewish Welfare Fund, and \$350 from the California Rumanian Landsmanschaft, as an additional allotment on the part of San Francisco Jewry over and above their regular payments to the United Jewish Campaign.

"News of the present emergency caused Chicago Jewry to anticipate the payment of their final instalment of \$150,000, which is not due until December, 1929, and send it to national headquarters, thereby not only completing their quota of \$1,000,000 to the United Jewish Campaign, but making it possible for the Joint Distribution Committee to act quickly to relieve the acute distress."

Mr. Brown said that the government and the Rumanian Red Cross had undertaken certain relief measures, and

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J. D. C. FORWARDS \$110,000 OF EMERGENCY RELIEF FUND TO EUROPE (Continued from Page 3)

that in January the Joint Distribution Committee had granted \$20,000 for food, clothing and sanitary aid for the distressed population. The American Joint Reconstruction Foundation, he added, which derives its funds from the Joint Distribution Committee and the Jewish Colonization Association had made \$27,000 available in the form of special credits to the Jewish cooperatives in Bessarabia. Furthermore steps had been taken to secure the co-operation of the Hilfsverein der Deutsche Juden, the Alliance Israélite Universale, English organizations and numerous landmanschaften for the relief of the Jews of Bessarabia.

The emergency in Bessarabia is paralleled by a considerable measure of suffering in Moldavia, due also to the cold weather and the failure of crops, and similar suffering is prevalent in many communities of Lithuania and Poland.

Supplementing the effort of the Joint Distribution Committee, the American Joint Reconstruction Foundation has taken steps to allot substantial credits between now and the remainder of this year to the Jewish cooperatives in Bessarabia, Lithuania and Poland. The Foundation has advanced additional credits in the amount of \$8,000 in Bessarabia, and it is anticipated that a substantial additional allotment will be granted by the Foundation.

In Lithuania, Mr. Brown continued, the Foundation granted toward the Jewish Volksbanks the sum of \$35,000 and will grant large additional sums.

In Poland there has already been allotted toward the credit cooperatives for the year 1929 the sum of \$350,000 and further sums are to be allotted to the workers' cooperatives, to the strengthening of the position of the Central Cooperative Bank and other institutions. The Foundation will undoubtedly grant additional substantial sums shortly, Mr. Brown said.

In Middle and South Bessarabia a hunger committee has been organized by the Joint Distribution Committee which operates in eighteen localities, provides for the feeding and clothing of children. The union of Jewish Credit Cooperatives has received special credits which will be extended by it to its members in thirteen localities for the purchase of food. In addition members of the cooperatives are being assisted in cooperative grain purchases for the spring sowing.

In most of the communities about 30 per cent of the Jewish population have applied for help and in some of the small communities as many as 75 per cent. The condition of the children is worst of all, Mr. Brown emphasized, particularly the school children, and relatively little aid can be expected from the local populations. Hunger committees have been formed in Kishineff where a thousand dinners are being distributed daily and as many people have to be turned away.

DISCUSS HEIMWEHR'S STATE- MENT ON ANTISEMITISM (J. T. A. Mail Service)

Vienna, Mar. 14.—The declaration made by Dr. Steidle, leader of the Austrian Fascist Heimwehr Organization, that the Heimwehr is not an anti-Semitic body was the subject of lively comment both in Jewish circles here and in the general Austrian press.

The "Wiener Journal" printed the views expressed on the question by several leading Jews. All of them voiced their gratification that the Heimwehr has in this way officially renounced anti-Semitism, but they object to Dr. Steidle's division of the Jewish population into two sections, the old-established and what he calls the "destructive immigrant Jews." Wolf Pappenheim, one of the leaders of the Agudath Israel Organization, wrote that Conservative Jews are always loyal to the State, irrespective of whether they have been long settled in the country, or are recent immigrants.

Dr. Desider Friedman, one of the Austrian Zionist leaders, wrote: "Every citizen has a right to choose his own political party, and neither national virtues, nor national defects are due to whether one lives in a country for a long time or only for a short time. Anti-Semitism derives from the tendency to make all Jews responsible for the misdeeds of certain Jews, and this is what Dr. Steidle, too, is doing. The Jews condemn incitement of one section of the population against the other, whether it comes from Right or Left."

Dr. Fritz Loehner, President of the Hakoah, said that he hopes that when all the non-Socialist parties have officially renounced anti-Semitism, the Jews will leave the ranks of the Marxist Party, because Marxism is ruining the Jews in three directions, economically, nationally and religiously. It is only because of the anti-Semitism which has prevailed in the other Austrian parties, he said, that large numbers of Vienna Jews have been driven into the arms of Austrian Marxism.

The "Abend," Socialist paper here, insisted, however, "that Dr. Steidle's renunciation of anti-Semitism was only a tactical move to attract wealthy Jews, because he needs their money for the development of the Heimwehr. Whatever he may say," the paper wrote, "the deeds of the Heimwehr tell another story, and everyone who goes to Heimwehr meetings and marches will always hear them abusing Jews."

BARONESS KOENIGSWARTER DIES IN VIENNA (J. T. A. Mail Service)

Vienna, Mar. 15.—Baroness Charlotte Koenigswarter died here at the age of 88. She was known as one of the most famous philanthropists in Austria. She endowed the Jewish Orphanage here. She was one of the founders of the Red Cross in Austria and the Vienna Rescue Society.

The baroness was the widow of Baron Moritz von Koenigswarter, banker and philanthropist, who died in 1893. She was the daughter of Baron Wertheimstein and was a strictly observant Jewess.

LEADING WOMEN DONORS URGE WOMEN SHOULD GIVE INDEPENDENTLY (Continued from Page 2)

penderly of her husband to the causes that interest her."

On women's private giving to philanthropies, Mrs. Rosenbloom writes: "Does not a woman's place in the scheme of Nature entitle her to expression of her own individuality; her own aspirations, her own satisfaction from her own completion which comes from work shared with one's fellowmen? This inner satisfaction cannot be achieved by the knowledge that somebody else, your husband, is contributing to causes."

"No woman can reach her whole souled fulfillment unless she herself fulfills what her soul craves. By herself giving of her own power to the causes, she will put her own interest into them; it will immediately call forth her active, live partaking in what the community is doing for our fellowmen. By putting her personal interest into the causes which require her contributions, she will get active application for her energies; and through constant practice of such active interest in community problems she herself will be the gainer, as inner growth comes from more and more giving of one's self and of one's means to one's fellowmen."

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difficulties. Under the autonomy regulations, schools of autonomous minorities must be conducted in the national language of the minorities. This was the signal for a controversy between the Yiddishists and the Hebraists. A compromise solution was finally arrived at. As a result Hebrew is the language of instruction in some schools in some cities, and Yiddish in others.

The need for Jewish teachers, of which there is a great dearth, brought about the establishment of a Jewish Teachers' Institute, where teachers are trained. Mr. Eisenstein pointed out. The League is able to report a considerable advance in its cultural work and announces the organization of a Central Jewish Circulating Library.

Fixing the budget and raising the money occupies considerable attention and requires very serious thought. According to the regulations, the Cultural League, for the maintenance of its activities is permitted to tax its members to the extent of 30% of the general tax. In order to collect its taxes, the resources of the Government Tax Department are available to it.

This system has, however, aroused the dissatisfaction of certain elements in the Jewish community and lest its existence be jeopardized, the Cultural League has been forced to adopt another method more satisfactory to its constituency which has not only strengthened its position but that of the entire community in Estonia.

A new Jewish administration will come into leadership next June when the elections for the new Cultural League are scheduled to take place. Twenty-seven deputies will be elected.